Contract Documents and Specifications For:

JACKSON COUNTY HISTORIC TRUMAN COURTHOUSE INTERIOR RENOVATIONS

County Project No. 3147



Bid No. PW 05-2012

Jackson County, Missouri Department of Public Works Engineering Division 303 W. Walnut Independence, MO. 64050 October, 2012

ACTING DIRECTOR – FRED SIEMS CHIEF ENGINEER – EARL NEWILL, P.E.. PROJECT MANAGER – JOHN MCCLERNON OFFICE TELEPHONE – (816) 881-4532 CELL TELEPHONE – (816) 401-4948

PREPARED BY
PIPER-WIND ARCHITECTS, INC., 2121 CENTRAL STREET, SUITE 143
KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI 64108

SPECIFICATION SET NUMBER

102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

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1.1 DESIGN PROFESSIONALS OF RECORD

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STRUCTURAL ENGINEER

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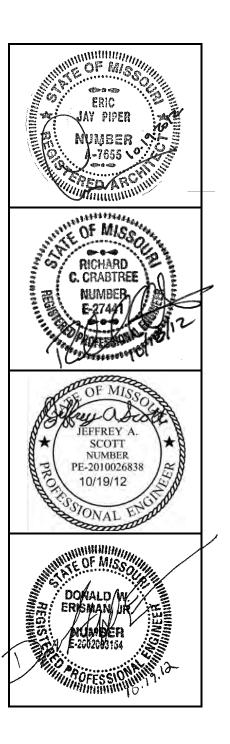
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DOCUMENT 00015 - LIST OF DRAWING SHEETS

1.1 LIST OF DRAWINGS

A. Drawings: Drawings consist of the Contract Drawings and other drawings listed on the Table of Contents page of the separately bound drawing set titled Interior Renovations – Issued For Construction, dated October 19, 2012, as modified by subsequent Addenda and Contract modifications.

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102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050

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FP-04	Fire Suppression Details

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అఅఅఅఅ ADVERTISEMENT FOR BIDS అలలలల

JACKSON COUNTY HISTORIC TRUMAN COURTHOUSE INTERIOR RENOVATIONS JACKSON COUNTY, MISSOURI COUNTY PROJECT NO. 3147, BID NO. PW-05-2012

Jackson County will be accepting sealed proposals for JACKSON COUNTY HISTORIC TRUMAN COURTHOUSE INTERIOR RENOVATIONS IN INDEPENDENCE, MISSOURI, until 2:00p.m. C.D.S.T. on November 13, 2012 at the office of the Director of Public Works, 303 W. Walnut, Independence, MO. The sealed proposals will be opened at 2:05 p.m. C.D.S.T., at the above noted date and location. A PRE-BID MEETING WILL BE HELD ON OCTOBER 25, 2012 AT 10:00 A.M. C.D.S.T AT THE JACKSON COUNTY HISTORIC TRUMAN COURTHOUSE AT 102 NORTH MAIN STREET, INDEPENDENCE, MISSOURI. ATTENDANCE AT THE PREBID MEETING WILL BE TAKEN INTO TO CONSIDERATION DURING FINAL SELECTION OF THE CONTRACTOR.

PROJECT SCOPE

Complete interior renovation, including, but not limited to the following: new mechanical, electrical, plumbing and fire protection, new elevator, new restrooms and renovations of existing restrooms, tenant finish build-out of all interior spaces; structural, patching, painting, flooring, millwork, security systems and hardware modifications to accommodate the above. Also included is the complete exterior restoration of existing clock / bell tower.

Proposals must be made on forms provided in the contract documents. Each Proposal must include: 1) completed bidding documents; 2) a cashier's check drawn on an acceptable bank, or an acceptable bidder's bond, in an amount not less than five (5) percent of the total amount of the bid; and, 3) a completed Compliance Report Form (page AA-1) that is current (issued within the last 12 months), and a Jackson County Certificate of Compliance attached. Failure to complete this report or attach a current certificate as outlined above may result in the rejection of bid. For information contact the Compliance Review Officer at (816) 881-3302. Additionally, please provide a list of your previously completed projects related to work in historic buildings.

Bidding documents will be available October 22, 2012 from the Engineering Division, 303 W. Walnut, Independence, Missouri 64050, during regular business hours 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. for \$50.00 each set. Bidding documents can be mailed for an additional fee of \$20.00 each set. Checks, used for payment, shall be made in favor of "Manager of Finance, Jackson County, Missouri".

Bidders can view and print contract documents from the project website, www.jacksongov.org/publicworksbids at no charge. Any bidder using on-line documents must check the website periodically for Notice of Addendums.

Any Bidder who has special needs addressed by the Americans with Disabilities Act should notify the Project Manager or the Missouri Relay System for assistance.

Jackson County hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively ensure that for any contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement, disadvantaged business enterprises will be afforded full opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation, and will not be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, in consideration for an award. For project information call the Project Manager, John McClernon, at (816) 881-4532.

The successful bidder, as a condition of the award of this contract must:

A) Have a surety company which: (1) meets the minimum standard for an insurance carrier which currently is in effect for all coverage's purchased by Jackson County; and (2) is on the most current

United States Treasury list as a surety whose bonds are acceptable to the United States Government; and

B) Be expected to become a signatory to the Kansas City Construction Partners (KCCP) program, and abide by its terms in the areas of code of conduct, safety program, substance-abuse program, "no work-disruption" warranty, and jurisdictional conflict resolution. Both union and non-union contractors are eligible to participate in this program. Information regarding the KCCP program requirements can be found within this bid document. Additional information can be obtained by contacting: Terry Akins, Kansas City Construction Partners, (816) 942-7500.

SALES TAX

Jackson County is a tax-exempt entity under 144.062, Revised Statutes of Missouri and will issue the Contractor and Subcontractors an exemption certificate after award of contract. For more information contact Compliance Review Officer at (816) 881-3467.

WAGE LAW

The Contractor shall comply with all requirements of the prevailing wage law of the State of Missouri, Revised Statues of Missouri, Sections 290.210 to 290340, including the latest amendments thereto.

This contract has a new requirement related to paying wage rates for certain delivery truck drivers. Bidders are advised to read <u>Jackson County Ordinance #4297</u> in the Wage Rate Section 00 50 00, pages WR-3, WR-4 & WR-5 of the Contract Documents, <u>as well as Jackson County Code Section 1072</u>, enacted by the <u>Jackson County Legislature February 28, 2011</u>, Page WR-6.

A 10% DBE (Disadvantaged Business Enterprise) goal will be part of this Contract. See Contract Specifications for required forms.

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

BIDS: Each Bid shall be legibly written or printed in ink on the form provided with the B-1 contract documents. No alterations in Bid, or in the printed forms therefore, by erasures, interpolations, or otherwise will be acceptable unless each such alteration is signed or initialed by the bidder; if initialed, the owner may require the bidder to verify any alteration. No alteration in the Bid, or in the form, on which it is submitted, shall be made after the Bid has been submitted. All addenda to the Contract documents, properly signed by the bidder, shall accompany the Bid at the time of submittal.

Each Bid shall be sealed in the envelope supplied with the plans and specifications. The envelope has been marked with the address of the Director of Public Works, Jackson County, Missouri, and identified on the outside with the words "FOR BIDDING PURPOSES - JACKSON COUNTY HISTORIC TRUMAN COURTHOUSE, INTERIOR RENOVATIONS, County Project Number: 3147.

No bidder may submit more than one Bid. Multiple Bids from one firm or enterprise, but presented under different names, will not be accepted.

- PRE-BID SITE MEETING: A Pre-Bid meeting will be held on October 25, 2012 at 10:00 a.m. at the Jackson County Historic Truman Courthouse at 102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri. Attendance at the prebid meeting is strongly recommended and will be taken into to consideration during final selection of the Contractor. The building will be accessible for an additional pre-bid walk-thru on October 30, 2012 from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or by appointment with Jackson County by calling the Project Manager, John McClernon, at (816) 881-4532.
- BIDDER QUESTIONS/ADDENDA: All questions shall be submitted in writing, with the final submittal accepted at 5:00 p.m. on November 1, 2012. Answers to questions will be provided via addenda issued by 5:00 p.m. on November 6, 2012.
- STATE SALES TAX EXEMPTION: Jackson County is an exempt entity under 144.062, Revised Statutes of Missouri, and will issue the contractor and subcontractors an exemption certificate. Bidders are instructed not to include sales tax in their prices. (See ST-1-ST-3)
- B-5 BID GUARANTEE: Each Bid shall be accompanied by a Bid Bond or cashier's check drawn on an acceptable bank or an acceptable bidder's bond, in an amount not less than five percent (5%) of the total amount of the base bid. Bids received without a Bid guarantee will not be considered.

The Bid Guarantee shall be made payable without condition to Jackson County, Missouri, hereinafter referred to as Owner. The Bid Guarantee may be retained by and shall be forfeited to the Owner as liquidated damages if the Bid is accepted and a Contract based thereon is awarded and the bidder should fail to enter into a Contract in the form prescribed, with legally responsible sureties, within ten (10) days after such award is made by the Owner.

RETURN OF BID GUARANTEE: The Bid Guarantee deposit of each unsuccessful B-6 bidder will be returned upon request, when his Bid is rejected. Similarly, the Bid Guarantee deposit of the bidder, to whom a Contract is awarded, will be returned when he executes a Contract and files a satisfactory performance bond. The Bid deposit of the second lowest Jackson County Historic Truman Courthouse **Interior Renovations** 102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

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responsible bidder may be retained for a period not to exceed sixty (90) days, pending the execution of the contract and bond by the successful bidder.

- WITHDRAWAL OF BID: No bidder may withdraw his Bid for ninety (90) days after the date and hour set for the opening. A bidder may withdraw his Bid any time prior to expiration of the period during which Bids may be submitted by a written request signed in the same manner and by the same person who signed the Bid.
- ACCEPTANCE AND REJECTION OF BIDS: The Owner reserves the right to accept the bid which, in its judgment, is the lowest and best bid; to reject any or all bids; and to waive irregularities or informalities in any bid. Bids received after the specified time of closing will be returned unopened.
- B-9 SIGNATURE OF BIDDERS: Each bidder shall sign his Bid using his usual signature and giving his full business address. Bids by partnerships shall be signed with the partnership name followed by the signature and designation of one of the partners or other authorized representative. Bids by corporations shall be signed with the name of the corporation followed by the signature and designation of the president, secretary, or other person authorized to bind the corporation. The names of all persons signing should also be typed or printed below the signature. A bid by a person who affixed to his signature the word "president", "secretary", "agent", or other designation without disclosing his principal, may be held to be the bid of the individual signing. When requested by the Owner, satisfactory evidence of the authority of the person signing shall be furnished.
- B-10 INTERPRETATION OF CONTRACT DOCUMENTS: If any person who contemplated submitting a bid is in doubt as to the true meaning of any part of the Plans, Specifications, or other proposed Contract documents, he may submit to the Architect a written request for an interpretation thereof. The person submitting the request shall be responsible for its prompt delivery. Interpretation of the proposed Contract documents will be made only by addendum. A copy of each addendum will be mailed or delivered to each person obtaining a set of Contract documents from the Director of Public Works. The Owner will not be responsible for any other explanations or interpretations of the proposed Contract documents. Bidder shall acknowledge receipt of Addenda on the Bid Form.
- B-11 LOCAL CONDITIONS AFFECTING WORK: Each bidder is strongly advised to be present for the on-site pre-bid meeting, shall visit the site of the work, and shall completely inform himself relative to construction hazards and procedure, labor, and all other conditions and factors, local and otherwise, which would affect prosecution and completion of the work and its cost. Such considerations shall include the arrangement and condition of existing structures and storage facilities, and for transportation, handling, and storage of materials and equipment. All such factors shall be properly investigated and considered in the preparation of the bidder's Bid. There will be no subsequent financial adjustment for lack of such prior information.
- B-12 **INSURANCE**: Throughout the life of the contract, the contractor will be required to carry the types and amounts of insurance named in the Supplementary General Conditions and Special Conditions of the Contract.
- B-13 **PAYMENTS:** Payment for all work performed under the proposed Contract will be made by the owner in the manner set forth in the Special Conditions of the Contract.

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- B-14 **TIME OF COMPLETION:** The time of completion is an essential part of the contract and it will be necessary for each bidder to satisfy the owner of his ability to complete the work within the allowable time set forth in the Bid. In this connection, attention is directed to the provisions of the General Conditions and Special Provisions relative to delays, extensions of time, and liquidated damages.
- B-15 **QUALIFICATIONS OF BIDDERS:** The Director of Public Works reserves the right to inspect and approve the bidder's equipment before the award of contract. Both the prime contractor and all potential subcontractors must comply with all Affirmative Action provisions of this contract. The Contractor's attention is directed to Article 1.17 of the Summary of General Requirement regarding subcontractors and to the Affirmative Action sheets given in the bid documents. The contractor shall identify all potential subcontractors on or before the bid opening, whether or not he eventually requests that they be approved, on this Affirmative Action sheet.
- B-16 **TAXES AND PERMITS**: Attention is directed to the requirements of TC-1 and TC-2 regarding payment of taxes.
- B-17 **PERFORMANCE BOND:** Each bidder to whom a contract is awarded will be required to furnish a performance bond to the owner in an amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the Contract price. The bond shall be executed on the form included in the Contract documents by a surety company authorized to do business in the state of Missouri and acceptable as surety to the Owner. Accompanying the bond shall be a "Power of Attorney" authorizing the attorney-in-face to bind the surety company and certified to include the date of the bond.
- B-18 <u>BID SUBMITTAL</u>: The bidder's attention is called to the packet, marked "FOR BIDDING PURPOSES", which is included with the bound copy. All necessary forms for bid submittal are found therein. <u>USE THE PACKET FORMS FOR SUBMITTING BIDS</u> instead of the Bid forms bound with the Specifications.
- B-19 **BUSINESS EXPECTANCY:** The lowest bidder shall not be considered as having received a business expectancy merely because of submitting the lowest bid. A business expectancy does not exist until the contract is awarded by the Jackson County Legislature.
- B-20 <u>WAGE LAW:</u> The Contractor shall comply with all requirements of the prevailing wage law of the State of Missouri, Revised Statues of Missouri, Sections 290.210 to 290340, including the latest amendments thereto.
- B-21 <u>NEW COUNTY ORDINANCE:</u> Bidder's attention is directed to the new Jackson County Ordinance #4297 related to paying wage rates for certain delivery truck drivers. Bidders are advised to read the ordinance in the appendix of the Contract Documents.
- B-22 <u>KCCP PROGRAM:</u> The successful bidder, as a condition of the award of the contract, will be expected to become a signatory to the Kansas City Construction Partners (KCCP) program for the term of this project, and abide by its terms in the areas of code of conduct, safety program, substance-abuse program, "no work-disruption" warranty, and jurisdictional conflict resolution. Both union and non-union contractors are eligible to participate in this program. Information regarding the KCCP program requirements can be found within this bid document. Additional information can be obtained by contacting: Terry Akins, Kansas City Construction Partners, (816) 942-7500.

Issued For Construction October 19, 2012

County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

B-23 **SUBSTITUTIONS**:

- A. Prior to receipt of bids, should bidder wish to incorporate in Base Bid, brands or products other than those named in Drawings and Specifications, he shall submit, on the form included herein, a written request for substitution to Architect no later than 5:00 p.m. on November 1, 2012. Architect will consider requests, and items approved will be listed in an Addendum issued to principal bidders.
- B. By making requests for substitutions the bidder:
 - Represents that the bidder has personally investigated the proposed substitute product and determined that it is equal or superior in all respects to the product specified.
 - 2. Represents that the bidder will provide the same warranty for the substitution that would be provided for that specified.
 - 3. Will coordinate the installation of the accepted substitute, making such changes as may be required for the Work to be complete in all respects.

B-24 **DISCUSSIONS AND NEGOTIATIONS**

The County, in its sole discretion, may do any or all of the following:

- A. Evaluate bids and award a contract with or without discussions or negotiations with any or all of the bidders;
- B. Discuss and negotiate anything and everything with the apparent low bidder at any time
- C. Request additional information from any or all bidders;
- D. Request that the apparent low bidder submit his schedule of values or costs for any item in the bid and discuss or negotiated a lesser price for this item.
- E. Request that the apparent low bidder enter into a period of discussion with the intent to value engineer, or find items of work which can be reduced in cost to the county and lower the bid price.

SUBSTITUTION REQUEST

TO: PIP	ER-WIND	ARCHITECTS, IN	IC.	PROJECT: JACKSON COUNTY HISTORIC TRUMAN COURTHOUSE INTERIOR RENOVATIONS INDEPENDENCE, MISSOURI COUNTY PROJECT NO. 3147
Section	Page	Paragraph	Des	scription

PROPOSED SUBSTITUTION:

Attached data includes product description, specifications, drawings, photographs, performance and test data adequate for evaluation of request including identifying applicable data portions. Included is highlighted information of comparative product elements from both specified and proposed substitution.

Attached data also includes description of changes to Contract Documents and proposed substitution required for its proper installation.

Jackson County Historic Truman Courthouse Interior Renovations 102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050

Issued For Construction October 19, 2012 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

Undersigned certifies following items, unless modified by attachments, are correct:

- 1. Proposed substitution does not affect dimensions shown on Drawings.
- 2. Undersigned pays for changes to building design, including engineering design, detailing, and construction costs caused by proposed substitution.
- 3. Proposed substitution has no adverse effect on other trades, construction schedule, or specified warranty requirements.
- 4. Maintenance and service parts available locally or readily obtainable for proposed substitution.

Undersigned further certifies function, appearance, and quality of proposed substitution are equivalent or superior to specified item.

Undersigned agrees, if this page is reproduced, terms and conditions for substitutions found in Bidding Documents apply to this proposed substitution.

Submitted by:		
Name (Print)		
Signature	For use by A/E Approved Not Approved	Approved as Noted Received too late
Firm Name	Ву	
Address	Date	
City, State, Zip	Remarks	
Date		
Telephone		

Jackson County Historic Truman Courthouse Interior Renovations 102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050 Issued For Construction October 19, 2012 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

RESPONDENTS ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF THE KANSAS CITY CONSTRUCTION PARTNERS PROGRAM REQUIREMENT

The successful bidder, as a condition of the award of the contract, will be expected to become a signatory to the Kansas City Construction Partners (KCCP) program for the term of this project, and abide by its terms in the areas of code of conduct, safety program, substance-abuse program, "no work-disruption" warranty, and jurisdictional conflict resolution. Both union and non-union contractors are eligible to participate in this program.

Information regarding the KCCP program requirements can be found within this bid document. Additional information can be obtained by contacting:

Terry Akins Kansas City Construction Partners (816) 942-7500

By signature below, the successful bidder acknowledges their understanding that the KCCP program will apply to this project.

SIGNATURE OF BIDDER	
DATE	

BUILDING THE FUTURE

TOGETHER

WHO WE ARE

Kansas City area's construction industry, nership representing all aspects of the currently includes representatives from organization, Growing rapidly, KCCP A non-governmental, voluntary part-KCCP is a 501(c)(6) not-for-profit

- Associated Roofer Contractors of Kansas City
- · Bricklayers & Allied Craftworkers Local 15
- National Electrical Contractors Association (NECA)
- International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers (IBEW)
 - Labor Management Cooperation
- · Mechanical Contractors Association Committee (LMCC)
 - (MCA)
- Pipe Fitters Local 533
- Plumbers Local 8
- Roofers Local 20
- Sheet Metal Workers Local 2 Sprinkler Fitters Local 314















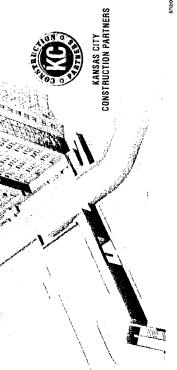
City area, please contact us about joining KCCP. To help ensure that everyone's voice is heard, we also welcome your input and comments. Please write, call or e-mail us! If you have an interest in improving your construction experience in the Kansas



KANSAS CITY CONSTRUCTION PARTNERS

Office 816.523,3341 • Fax 816.333,4603 • www.kcconstructionpartners.org Bob Looman * Kansas City Construction Partners, c/o MCA 9229 Ward Parkway, Suite 270 . Kansas City, MO 64114

BR01-0808



A MODEL OF COOPERATION

Imagine your next construction project runs smoothly from start to finish. Workers exhibit professional conduct on the jobsite, safety is their priority, and festing is in place to ensure a drug free workforce. There are no work stoppages, management and labor cooperate to resolve jurisdictional issues, and people communicate throughout the process.

This is the way a Kansas City Construction Partners project runs. An innovative new organization that brings together the progressive elements of the construction industry in a cooperative environment — craft unions, builders, developers, building owners and even governmental agencies — Kansas City Construction Partners (KCCP) was formed to benefit the entire market and open up new business opportunities.

More than just a new idea in construction and building development, KCCP brings the industry together with a common purpose: To work cooperatively in building a brighter future for everyone.

BLUEPRINT FOR SUCCESS

This innovative approach starts with a simple premise: By agreeing to certain guidelines in advance, projects can be completed more safely, with less conflict and lewer delays, to create a 'win-win' situation for everyone.

KCCP then implements what we call the "Five Pillars", a set of principles that, when adopted pillars", a set of principles that, when adopted pointly by labor and management, streamlines the construction process and creates a better working environment. Addressing jurisdictional matters, work disruptions, jobsite conduct, salely and substance abuse, these principles

KCCP'S FIVE PILLARS

- Code of Conduct
 Our workforce code of conduct ensures that
 labor and management will do their parts to
 ensure an exceptional construction experience
- Prioritizing Safety
 The KCCP salety program provides for a
 higher level of training and salety awareness
 for all workers, including supervisors
 and journeymen.
- 3. Substance-Abuse Prevention
 Our standardized substance-abuse program
 meets or exceeds all national standards
 to ripping avoid and eliminate drug and
 "appoind buse."
- 4. Eliminate Work Disruption
 KCP olfers a "No Work-Disruption Warrany
 etfectively ensuring there will be no work
 stoppages or disruptive activity that may
 impact construction schedules.

lead to new levels of success.

5. Jurisdictional Conflict Resolution Our jurisdictional resolution plan helps eliminale delays and ensures a smoothrunning work site.

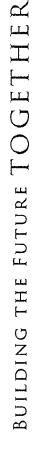
A POSITIVE RETURN ON INVESTMENT

Founded with the objective of improving the building process for everyone, KCCP's unique ability to combine on-the-job expertise with a market-driven outlook makes the customer the focus of every project.

And by focusing on the customer's needs —
through involving all interested parties,
and providing the necessary resources and
communications — we create an environment
of shared accountability. We ensure that
each project is handled without contlict. And
we offer developers an unprecedented return
on their investment, saving them time and
money, and making each construction project
a posilive experience for all participants.



KANSAS CITY CONSTRUCTION PARTNERS





Kansas City Construction Partners



Code of Conduct

Introduction

The purpose of the Kansas City Construction Partners (KCCP) Code of Conduct is to ensure the building owner/developer receives an exceptional construction experience.

This is a true labor/management commitment. To be successful the Code of Conduct must have the full support of the workforce and the contractor. The KCCP Code of Conduct outlines the responsibility of both its workforce and contractors.

Preference will be given to local contractors and local labor.

Workforce Responsibilities	Contractor Responsibilities
 Provide a safe and drug free workforce Respect the owner's jobsite and property Honor start/stop and designated break times Fit for duty in appropriate work attire Respect for all crafts on the job 	 Provide a safe work environment Effective supervision Accurate and adequate job layout Provide a dynamic work plan, effective materials management and appropriate tools Safe, effective tools to perform the job Provide adequate benefits and training

Fostering open, honest and timely communication is the foundation of construction excellence. When communication is coupled with a safe, trained and motivated workforce supported by contractors that supervise and manage the projects and workforce effectively, you have the primary tenant of the KCCP.

Responsibilities under the Code

Both the union and contractor have responsibilities under the Code. For the Code to be mutually beneficial, both parties must take their respective duties seriously, and communicate with the other party constructively and on a consistent basis.

Local Union Responsibilities

Business Managers, with the full support of their officers, must carefully interview, screen, appoint, extensively train, and assign a Union Steward to as many projects as reasonably practical.

Business Managers and Stewards are responsible for communicating the KCCP Code of Conduct to all craft workers, and encouraging they are fully compliant.

To achieve the goals of the Code, the Business Managers and Stewards shall encourage that:

- Craft workers shall apply their knowledge, skills, and experience diligently on the job.
- Craft workers shall make every effort to upgrade their skills on a regular basis.
- Craft workers, especially those with extensive experience in the trade, shall convey their knowledge and skills to their colleagues to strengthen the overall value of workmanship as well as encourage teamwork.
- Craft workers meet their responsibility to their fellow workmates and contractors by arriving on time fit for work.
- Craft workers shall not abuse the recognized start times, end of work times, break times and lunch periods.
- Craft workers bring the necessary tools and personal protective equipment supplied by the contractor and ensure they are in proper working order prior to commencing work.
- Craft workers abide by the zero tolerance policy for substance abuse.
- Craft workers perform consistently productive work, keep idle time to a minimum, and make every effort to eliminate unnecessary disruptions on the job.
- Craft workers respect the property of the customer, and are fully aware that graffiti and other forms of destruction are not tolerated.
- Craft workers respect their union, their contractors, and their clients by not wearing clothing or buttons with offensive words or symbols.

The Stewards, in cooperation with jobsite supervision, will approach craft workers who demonstrate bad work habits, advise them of their responsibilities as union craft workers, and provide guidance and direction.

In addition, the Business Managers and Stewards shall encourage that:

- Slowdowns and other methods utilized to extend jobs or give rise to overtime are not tolerated.
- Outside activities that cast the KCCP in a negative light are not tolerated.
- Inappropriate behavior, harassment, or discrimination exercised towards another person, or group of craft workers or persons, are not tolerated.

- Craft workers are meeting or exceeding their contractual obligations to utilize the proper safety equipment and methods.
- Craft workers are not leaving the jobsite during their work periods without the prior notification and approval of their superiors.
- No member is soliciting funds or selling merchandise on any project or job without prior approval.
- Cell phones for personal use are not used on the project site, except during official lunch and break periods.

Contractor's Responsibilities

Signatory Contractors have a responsibility to manage their jobs as well as our craft workers who work on their jobs. This task will be made easier by adhering to their responsibilities under the Code, including:

- Providing effective supervision (superintendents, general foremen and foremen).
- Ensuring foremen, general foremen and superintendents provide adequate job layout to minimize downtime.
- Providing proper storage for tools.
- Ensuring the appropriate number of employees are on the jobsite to perform the work efficiently, economically and safely.
- Providing the necessary leadership and training skills for jobsite supervision.
- Ensuring that the proper types and quantities of tools and materials are available on the site to facilitate efficiency.
- Ensuring that jobsite supervision take responsibility for mistakes created by management and rectify them expeditiously.
- Provide a safe work environment and ensure that the proper safety training, equipment, and methods are used.
- To be determined qualified the contractor must provide or participate in each of the following for the benefit of its employees and in addition, the contractor will certify that all subcontractors under their control will comply with the following:
 - 1. An ERISA-qualified medical welfare benefit plan or health insurance in some form.

- 2. A training program approved by and registered with the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training or equivalent.
- 3. An ERISA-qualified pension plan or a retirement benefit program.

Under no circumstances shall a contractor be qualified who fails to provide or participate in any of the aforementioned programs.

Dispute Resolution Mechanism

- Contractors of all levels will make proper jurisdictional assignments based upon historical and traditional guide lines, area practice and decisions of record.
- General Contractor will conduct pre job conferences for all sub-contractors and craft unions for the purpose of outlining work schedules, job rules, scope of work, safety issues, and other pertinent information of the project.

Kansas City Construction Partners



Substance Abuse Program

The Kansas City Construction Partners will participate and maintain a Drug and Alcohol Program that meets or exceeds a nine-panel test or better.

Goals

- Establish a standardized policy
- Establish minimum standard for our industry
- Complement existing local programs
- Meets the needs of participating users, contractors, workers and unions
- Secure, confidential, accurate, reliable and cost effective

Kansas City Construction Partners



Jurisdictional Resolution Plan

- a. The General Contractor, Construction Manager, Prime or Trade Contractor will have the right of assignment.
- b. The General Contractor, Construction Manager, Prime or Trade Contractor shall conduct a pre-job meeting.
- c. Within three business days of knowledge of assignment, or within three business days of the pre-job meeting, a union seeking to contest as improper any work assignment, shall give written notice of the dispute to the involved contractor or subcontractor, the Construction Manager, the construction trade unions and other involved union that a dispute exists. The notice shall outline the work in dispute, the craft(s) involved and the basis for the claim.

Failure of the complaining union to give notice within three business days shall preclude consideration of the claim. Official notice of the complaining union of its appeal of the contested work assignment must be postmarked within the time established under this paragraph to all affected parties along with a deposit check in the amount of \$3,000.00 to the Labor-Management Council of Greater Kansas City. The contractor whose assignment is the subject of the appeal must also submit a deposit check in the amount of \$3,000.00 to the Labor-Management Council of Greater Kansas City within 48 hours of receipt of such notice. The deposit of the prevailing party will be returned upon completion of the proceeding. The deposit of the losing party will be applied to the satisfaction of costs assessed against it pursuant to section (j).

- d. Within 48 hours of the notice, an independent arbitrator shall be selected to hear the dispute from the panel of arbitrators referred to in paragraph (e) below.
- e. The independent arbitrator shall be selected from a minimum pool of 4 to 7 arbitrators who will have agreed to serve as impartial arbitrator under the Agreement. The pool will be unanimously agreed to by the construction trades, and their respective management organizations. The arbitrators shall have experience in disputes within the building and

- construction trades. Once selected to serve as arbitrator, the Arbitrators shall be selected on a rotating basis.
- f. The Arbitrator shall set a hearing to be held within 48 hours of notice he/she has been selected. During the hearing, the parties shall be entitled to introduce any evidence they deem appropriate.
- g. Within 48 hours of the notice of dispute, the Business Manager or his designated representative of each labor organization shall meet and discuss the dispute and attempt to resolve it. If a representative or agent for the contractor or labor organization is not present, their dispute towards the work assignment is forfeited.
- h. The Arbitrator's responsibility is to determine if the assignment was made properly based on the criteria defined in article (i).
- i. The arbitrator shall render a decision within 24 hours upon completion of the hearing. The following criteria are provided for the arbitrator's guidance. The arbitrator shall weigh those criteria in no particular order for resolution before rendering a decision.
 - area practice in the industry within the geographical area of the Greater Kansas City Building and Construction Trades Council;
 - relative skill and training;
 - employer past practice and collective bargaining agreements in effect between the parties as modified to include the jurisdictional dispute resolution agreement;
 - relevant decisions of record; and
 - inter-craft jurisdictional agreements (agreements between the local unions involved or their respective international unions).
- j. The decision of the arbitrator shall be final and binding on all parties for the job in question only. All parties signatory to this Agreement agreed to be bound by this Agreement and shall continue to work, shall not engage in picketing, slowdowns, or withhold services of employees or members. The cost of arbitration shall be borne by the unsuccessful party (i.e., if the assignment is ruled to have been incorrect, the contractor pays the costs; while if the assignment is upheld, the union shall pay the costs).
- k. The parties agree that the computation of damages should anyone (general contractor, sub-contractor, or union) violate this agreement, is difficult to determine, therefore the parties agree that any party who engages in picketing or who withholds the services of employees and members or who fails to comply with the decision of the arbitrator shall have liquidated damages as outlined in the No Work Disruption Warranty.

This agreement shall take precedence over the terms and conditions pertaining to jurisdictional disputes of any collective bargaining agreement to which any of the Parties is signatory covering work at the Project.

Kansas City Construction Partners



NO WORK DISRUPTION WARRANTY

The Member Unions of the Kansas City Construction Partners (KCCP) provide the following warranty to any owner/contractor that designates a project as a KCCP project.

- 1. For the duration of the KCCP project, the KCCP Unions warrant that there shall be no strikes, sympathy strikes, picketing, work stoppages, slow downs, interference with the work or other disruptive activity for any reason by the KCCP Unions or by any employee.
- 2. The KCCP Unions shall not authorize, ratify or condone any work stoppage, strike, picketing or other disruptive activity at the Owner's project site and shall undertake all reasonable means to prevent or to terminate any such activity. No employee shall engage in activities which violate this warranty. Any employee who participates in or encourages any activity which interfere with the normal operation of a KCCP project shall be subject to disciplinary action, including discharge, and if justifiably discharged for the above reasons, shall not be eligible for rehire on the same KCCP project for a period of not less than ninety (90) days.
- 3. The KCCP Unions shall not be liable for acts of employees for which they have no responsibility. The principal officer or officers of a KCCP Union will immediately instruct, order and use the best efforts of his office to cause the employees the Local Union represents to cease any activity which interferes with normal operation of the project. A KCCP Union complying with this obligation shall not be liable for unauthorized acts of employees it represents. The failure of an owner/contractor to exercise its rights in any instance shall not be deemed a waiver of its rights in any other instance.
- 4. (a) The KCCP Unions warrant that if any union or any other persons, whether a part of KCCP or otherwise, engage in any picketing or work stoppage, the KCCP Unions shall consider such work stoppage or picketing to be illegal, and refuse to honor such picket line or work stoppage.
- (b) In the event of any work stoppage, strike, sympathy strike picketing, interference with the work or other disruptive activity by a KCCP Union or KCCP Union in violation of this warranty, the owner/contractor may suspend all or any portion of the project work affected by such activity at the owner/contractor's discretion and without penalty.
- 5. There shall be no strikes, sympathy strikes, picketing, work stoppages, slowdowns, interference with the work or other disruptive activity affecting the project site for the duration of the

KCCP project. Any KCCP Union which initiates or participates in a work stoppage in violation of this warranty, or which recognizes or supports the work stoppage of another union which is in violation of this warranty, agrees as a remedy for said violation, to pay liquidated damages in accordance with the following:

- (a) In lieu of, or in addition to, any other action at law or equity, any contractor/owner may institute the following procedure when a breach of this warranty is alleged, after the KCCP Union(s) have been notified of the fact.
- (b) The owner/contractor invoking this procedure shall notify ______, the permanent Arbitrator under this procedure. In the event that the permanent Arbitrator is unavailable at any time, he shall appoint an alternate. Notice to the Arbitrator shall be by the most expeditious means available, with notice by electronic means or any other effective written means, to the involved KCCP International Union President(s) and KCCP Local Union(s).
- (c) Upon receipt of said notice the Arbitrator shall set and hold a hearing within twenty-four (24) hours if it is contended that the violation still exists.
- (d) The Arbitrator shall notify the parties by electronic means or any other effective written means, of the place and time he has chosen for this hearing. Said hearing shall be completed in one session. A failure of any party or parties to attend said hearing shall not delay the hearing of evidence or issuance of an award by the Arbitrator.
- (e) The sole issue at the hearing shall be whether or not a violation of this warranty has in fact occurred. The award shall be issued in writing within three (3) hours after the close of the hearing, and may be issued without an Opinion. If any party desires an Opinion, one shall be issued within fifteen (15) days, but its issuance shall not delay compliance with, or enforcement of, the Award. The Arbitrator may order cessation of the violation of this warranty, and such award shall be served on all parties by hand or electronic means upon issuance.
- (f) Such award may be enforced by any court of competent jurisdiction upon the filing of this warranty and all other relevant documents in the following manner. Electronic notice of the filing of such enforcement proceedings shall be given to the other party. In the proceeding to obtain a temporary order enforcing the Arbitrator's award, all parties waive the right to a hearing and agree that such proceedings may be *ex parte*. Such agreement does not waive any party's right to participate in a hearing for a final order of enforcement. The Court's order or orders enforcing the Arbitrator's award shall be served on all parties by hand, electronically or by delivery to their last known address by registered or overnight mail.
- (g) Any rights created by statute or law governing arbitration proceedings inconsistent with the above procedure or which interfere with compliance therewith are hereby waived by the parties to whom they accrue.
- (h) The fees and expenses of the Arbitrator shall be borne by the party or parties found in violation, or in the event no violation is found, such fees and expenses shall be borne by the moving party. To ensure prompt payment, the Contractor/Owner will pay the Arbitrator directly but the responsibility to pay the fees and expenses will remain the responsibility of the applicable KCCP Local Union(s) and/or contractor, which will reimburse the prevailing party within ten days of receipt of the request for reimbursement.

- (i) If the Arbitrator determines that a violation has occurred, the party or parties found to be in violation shall pay as liquidated damages \$10,000 for each shift on which the craft has not returned to work. The Arbitrator shall determine whether the specified damages shall be paid to the owner or affected contractor. The Arbitrator shall retain jurisdiction to determine compliance.
- (j) Once an employer is notified by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by telegram, FAX, or other electronic means, that he is delinquent in his contributions to the fringe benefit funds, apprenticeship fund, dues check-off or any other contractually required contributions, and does not respond positively by forwarding said contributions to the appropriate place of receipt within three (3) business days, the provisions of The No Work Disruption Warranty shall not apply and the Union may legally withhold services. However, it is understood that such action, consistent with The No Work Disruption Warranty, does not allow said craft to establish any picket line.
- 6. In the event a KCCP Union collective bargaining agreement has expired, any retroactive wage increases will be paid to its members working on the KCCP project.

Kansas City Construction Partners



Safety Program*

- 10 hour OSHA training
- 30 hour OSHA training for top craft supervisors
- Journeyperson upgrade training
- Site & Project specific training
- Joint labor/management oversight of the administration and application of the program.

Site & Project Specific Training Topics

- Confined Space
- Electrical
- Ergonomics
- Excavations
- Fall Protection
- Fire Safety

- Hazard Communication
- Materials Handling
- Personal Protective Equipment
- Scaffolding
- Stairways and Ladders
- Tool Safety

^{*}Training materials available in English and Spanish

DOCUMENT 00250 - PREBID MEETINGS

1.1 PREBID MEETING

- A. Owner and Architect will conduct a Pre-bid meeting as indicated below:
 - 1. Meeting Date: October 25, 2012.
 - 2. Meeting Time: 10:00 a.m., local time.
 - 3. Location: Jackson County Historic Truman Courthouse, Brady Courtroom (Second Floor), 102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri, 64050.

B. Attendance:

- 1. Prime Bidders: Attendance at Pre-bid meeting is strongly recommended and will be taken into to consideration during final selection of the Contractor.
- 2. Subcontractors: Attendance at Pre-bid meeting is recommended.
- C. Bidder Questions: Submit written questions to be addressed at the Pre-bid meeting a minimum of two business days prior to meeting.
- D. Agenda: Pre-bid meeting agenda will include review of topics that may affect proper preparation and submittal of bids, including the following:
 - 1. Procurement and Contracting Requirements:
 - a. Advertisement for Bids.
 - b. Instructions to Bidders.
 - c. Bidder Qualifications.
 - d. Bonding.
 - e. Insurance.
 - f. Bid Security.
 - g. Bid Form and Attachments.
 - h. Bid Submittal Requirements.
 - i. Bid Submittal Checklist.
 - i. Notice of Award.
 - 2. Communication during Bidding Period:
 - a. Obtaining documents.
 - b. Access to Project Web site.
 - c. Bidder's Requests for Information.
 - d. Bidder's Substitution Request/Prior Approval Request.
 - e. Addenda.
 - 3. Contracting Requirements:
 - a. Agreement.
 - b. The General Conditions.

PREBID MEETINGS 00250-1

102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

- c. The Supplementary Conditions.
- d. Other Owner requirements.
- 4. Construction Documents:
 - a. Scopes of Work.
 - b. Temporary Facilities.
 - c. Use of Site.
 - d. Work Restrictions.
 - e. Alternates, Allowances, and Unit Prices.
 - f. Substitutions following award.
- 5. Separate Contracts:
 - a. Work by Owner.
 - b. Work of Other Contracts.
- 6. Schedule:
 - a. Project Schedule.
 - b. Contract Time.
 - c. Liquidated Damages.
 - d. Other Bidder Questions.
- 7. Site/facility visit or walkthrough.
- 8. Post-Meeting Addendum.
- E. Minutes: Entity responsible for conducting meeting will record and distribute meeting minutes to attendees and others known by the issuing office to have received a complete set of Procurement and Contracting Documents. Minutes of meeting are issued as Available Information and do not constitute a modification to the Procurement and Contracting Documents. Modifications to the Procurement and Contracting Documents are issued by written Addendum only.
 - 1. Sign-in Sheet: Minutes will include list of meeting attendees.
 - 2. List of Plan-holders: Minutes will include list of plan-holders.

END OF DOCUMENT 00250

PREBID MEETINGS 00250-2

DOCUMENT 00260 - PROCUREMENT SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

1.1 **DEFINITIONS**

- Procurement Substitution Requests: Requests for changes in products, materials, equipment, A. and methods of construction from those indicated in the Procurement and Contracting Documents, submitted prior to receipt of bids.
- B. Substitution Requests: Requests for changes in products, materials, equipment, and methods of construction from those indicated in the Contract Documents, submitted following Contract award. See Section 01635 "Substitution Procedures" for conditions under which Substitution requests will be considered following Contract award.

1.2 **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

Compatibility of Substitutions: Investigate and document compatibility of proposed A. substitution with related products and materials. Engage a qualified testing agency to perform compatibility tests recommended by manufacturers.

1.3 PROCUREMENT SUBSTITUTIONS

- Procurement Substitutions, General: By submitting a bid, the Bidder represents that its bid is A. based on materials and equipment described in the Procurement and Contracting Documents, including Addenda. Bidders are encouraged to request approval of qualifying substitute materials and equipment when the Specifications Sections list materials and equipment by product or manufacturer name.
- B. Procurement Substitution Requests will be received and considered by Owner when the following conditions are satisfied, as determined by Architect; otherwise requests will be returned without action:
 - 1. Extensive revisions to the Contract Documents are not required.
 - Proposed changes are in keeping with the general intent of the Contract Documents, 2. including the level of quality of the Work represented by the requirements therein.
 - The request is fully documented and properly submitted. 3.

1.4 **SUBMITTALS**

- Procurement Substitution Request: Submit to Architect. Procurement Substitution Request A. must be made in writing by prime contract Bidder only in compliance with the following requirements:
 - 1. Requests for substitution of materials and equipment will be considered if received no later than 5:00 p.m. on November 1, 2012.

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- 2. Submittal Format: Submit three copies of each written Procurement Substitution Request, format provided by Owner.
 - a. Identify the product or the fabrication or installation method to be replaced in each request. Include related Specifications Sections and drawing numbers.
 - b. Provide complete documentation on both the product specified and the proposed substitute, including the following information as appropriate:
 - 1) Point-by-point comparison of specified and proposed substitute product data, fabrication drawings, and installation procedures.
 - 2) Copies of current, independent third-party test data of salient product or system characteristics.
 - 3) Samples where applicable or when requested by Architect.
 - 4) Detailed comparison of significant qualities of the proposed substitute with those of the Work specified. Significant qualities may include attributes such as performance, weight, size, durability, visual effect, sustainable design characteristics, warranties, and specific features and requirements indicated. Indicate deviations, if any, from the Work specified.
 - 5) Material test reports from a qualified testing agency indicating and interpreting test results for compliance with requirements indicated.
 - 6) Research reports, where applicable, evidencing compliance with building code in effect for Project.
 - 7) Coordination information, including a list of changes or modifications needed to other parts of the Work and to construction performed by Owner and separate contractors, which will become necessary to accommodate the proposed substitute.
 - c. Provide certification by manufacturer that the substitute proposed is equal to or superior to that required by the Procurement and Contracting Documents, and that its in-place performance will be equal to or superior to the product or equipment specified in the application indicated.
 - d. Bidder, in submitting the Procurement Substitution Request, waives the right to additional payment or an extension of Contract Time because of the failure of the substitute to perform as represented in the Procurement Substitution Request.

B. Architect's Action:

- 1. Architect may request additional information or documentation necessary for evaluation of the Procurement Substitution Request. Architect will notify all bidders of acceptance of the proposed substitute by means of an Addendum to the Procurement and Contracting Documents.
- C. Architect's approval of a substitute during bidding does not relieve Contractor of the responsibility to submit required shop drawings and to comply with all other requirements of the Contract Documents.

END OF DOCUMENT 00260

DOCUMENT 00310 - PRELIMINARY SCHEDULE

1.1 PROJECT SCHEDULE

- A. This Document with its referenced attachments is part of the Procurement and Contracting Requirements for Project. They provide Owner's information for Bidders' convenience and are intended to supplement rather than serve in lieu of Bidders' own investigations. They are made available for Bidders' convenience and information, but do not affect Contract Time requirements. This Document and its attachments are not part of the Contract Documents.
- B. Available Project information includes the following:
 - 1. Project Schedule.
- C. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 00400 "Bid Form" for time of completion.
 - 2. Section 00700 "General Conditions" for additional information regarding Extra Work.
 - 3. Section 01100 "Summary" for construction requirements.
 - 4. Section 01320 "Construction Progress Documentation" for Contractor's construction schedule requirements.

END OF DOCUMENT 00310

DOCUMENT 00330 - EXISTING CONDITION INFORMATION

1.1 **EXISTING CONDITION INFORMATION**

- This Document with its referenced attachments is part of the Procurement and Contracting A. Requirements for Project. They provide Owner's information for Bidders' convenience and are intended to supplement rather than serve in lieu of the Bidders' own investigations. They are made available for Bidders' convenience and information, but are not a warranty of existing conditions. This Document and its attachments are not part of the Contract Documents.
- B. Existing drawings that include information on existing conditions including previous construction at Project site are available for viewing on Jackson County Public Works Department Web site and at the office of Owner.
- C. Existing specifications and submittals that include information on existing conditions including previous construction at Project site are available for viewing on Jackson County Public Works Department Web site and at the office of Owner.
- D. Photographic report of existing conditions that includes photographic documentation on existing conditions, prepared by B & R Insulation (dated July 6, 2012, July 13, 2012, July 20, 2012, July 27, 2012, August 3, 2012, August 10, 2012, August 22, 2012, and September 7, 2012) is available on Jackson County Public Works Department Web site and at the office of the Owner.
- E. Photographic and descriptive survey of existing door, frame and hardware conditions are available for viewing on Jackson County Public Works Department Web site and at the office of Owner.
- F. Geotechnical Data for reports and soil-boring data from geotechnical investigations are available for viewing on Jackson County Public Works Department Web site and at the office of Owner.

G. Related Requirements:

- Document 00200 "Instructions to Bidders" for the Bidder's responsibilities for 1. examination of Project site and existing conditions.
- Document 00335 "Existing Hazardous Material Information" for hazardous materials 2. reports that are made available to bidders.

END OF DOCUMENT 00330

DOCUMENT 00335 - EXISTING HAZARDOUS MATERIAL INFORMATION

1.1 EXISTING HAZARDOUS MATERIAL INFORMATION

- This Document with its referenced attachments is part of the Procurement and Contracting A. Requirements for Project. They provide Owner's information for Bidders' convenience and are intended to supplement rather than serve in lieu of Bidders' own investigations. They are made available for Bidders' convenience and information, but are not a warranty of existing conditions. This Document and its attachments are not part of the Contract Documents.
- B. An existing asbestos report for Project, prepared by B & R Insulation, is available for viewing on Jackson County Public Works Department Web site and at the office of Owner.
- C. An existing lead report for Project, prepared by prepared by B & R Insulation, is available for viewing on Jackson County Public Works Department Web site and at the office of Owner.
- An existing mold report for Project, prepared by prepared by B & R Insulation, is available for D. viewing on Jackson County Public Works Department Web site and at the office of Owner.
- E. Geotechnical Data for reports and soil-boring data from geotechnical investigations are available for viewing on Jackson County Public Works Department Web site and at the office of Owner.

Related Requirements: F.

- 1. Document 00200 "Instructions to Bidders" for the Bidder's responsibilities for examination of Project site and existing conditions.
- Document 00330 "Existing Condition Information" for information about existing 2. conditions that is made available to bidders.
- Section 01732 "Selective Demolition" for notification requirements if materials suspected 3. of containing hazardous materials are encountered.

END OF DOCUMENT 00335

Issued For Construction October 19, 2012 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

BID FORM

<u>DD TORM</u>
PROJECT JACKSON COUNTY HISTORIC TRUMAN COURTHOUSE INTERIOR RENOVATIONS FOR JACKSON COUNTY PUBLIC WORKS INDEPENDENCE, MISSOURI PROJECT NO. 3147
The Undersigned proposes to complete the interior renovations work per the attached specifications and work plans, and to furnish all materials, machinery, tools, equipment, labor, transportation, and other means required to complete the project in accordance with the Drawings and Specifications, by this reference made a part thereof, prepared by Piper-Wind Architects, Inc. dated October 19, 2012.
Bidder acknowledges receipt of the following Addenda:
The Bidder has made a careful examination of the site on which the Project is to be constructed, has become informed as to the kind of facilities required before and during the construction of the Project, and has become acquainted with the labor conditions which would affect the work.
The Bidder agrees that if his bid is accepted, the terms and conditions set out in these Contract Documents shall govern. <u>BID SCHEDULE</u>
<u>LUMP SUM</u>
Bidder shall include \$100,000 in Force Account in their Bid. Refer to Section 00700 "General Conditions" for additional information regarding Extra Work.
The Undersigned agrees to perform all work indicated on the Drawings and described in the Specifications and Addenda thereto, for the General Contract for this work for the sum of:
For Owner's convenience, list the <u>total amount for all construction work</u> (including all subtrades) that is included in the base bid price above related to the build-out and infrastructure for the build-out for the following first floor room #'s: 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 135, 136, 137, and 138.
Dollars (\$

Issued For Construction October 19, 2012 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

TIME OF COMPLETION

The Undersigned agrees, if awarded the contract, to complete work by June 30, 2013. The Undersigned further agrees to commence work no later than seven (10) calendar days from date of receiving Notice to Proceed.

The Undersigned further agrees that, from the compensation otherwise to be paid, the Owner may retain the sum of \$2,025.00 for each day thereafter, Sundays and legal holidays excluded, that the Contract remains incomplete, which sum is agreed upon as the proper measure of liquidated damages which the Owner will sustain per diem by the failure of the undersigned to complete the work at the time stipulated, and this amount is not to be construed as in any sense a penalty.

CONTRACT SECURITY

The Undersigned agrees, if awarded the Contract, to execute and deliver to the Architect at time of Contract signing, Performance Bond and Payment Bond in amounts equal to 100% of the Contract Sum, as set forth in the Supplementary General Conditions of the Contract.

The Undersigned agrees that the Bid Security, in the amount of not less than 5% of the amount of the Base Bid, payable to the Owner, accompanying this bid is left in escrow with the Architect, that its amount is the measure of liquidated damages which the Owner will sustain by failure of the Undersigned to execute the above named contract and bonds, and that if the Undersigned defaults in executing the contract or furnishing the stated bonds within the time limit set forth above, their Bid Security shall become the property of the Owner.

DECLARATION

The Undersigned hereby declares that he has carefully examined the Invitation to Bid, the Instructions to Bidders, the Drawings, Specifications, and Work Plans, has visited the actual location of the work, has consulted his sources of supply, has satisfied himself as to all quantities and conditions and understands that in signing this Bid, he waives all right to plead any misunderstanding regarding the same.

The Undersigned understands that the Base Bid will determine the successful bidder without consideration for alternate bids, unit prices, and stated time of completion, (a value response for each Alternate and unit price is mandatory). The Bidder's competence, responsibility and any other factors of interest to the Owner will be a consideration in making the contract award.

In submitting this bid, it is understood that the right is reserved by the Owner to reject any and all bids, or to accept or reject any portion of any bid, and it is understood that this bid may not be withdrawn during a period of ninety (90) days after the scheduled time for the receipt of bids.

The undersigned bidder hereby certifies: (a) that this bid is genuine and is not made in the interest of, or in the behalf of, any undisclosed person, firm or corporation, and is not submitted in conformity with any agreement of rules or any group, association, organization or corporation; (b) that he has not directly or indirectly induced or solicited any other bidder to put in a false or sham bid; (c) that he has not solicited or induced any person,

Issued For Construction October 19, 2012 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

firm or corporation to refrain from bidding; and (d) that he has not sought by collusion to obtain for himself any advantage over any other bidder or over the owner.

SUPERVISION

The Undersigned agrees that he will provide experienced, competent supervision to the work, using his best skill and attention. He will carefully study and compare all drawings, specifications, and other instructions and report at once to the Architect any error, inconsistency or omission which he may discover.

	Legal Name of Bidder
	Address of Bidder
(seal if bid is by a corporation)	Authorized Officer
, ,	Title

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BID FORM (continued)

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

STATE OF	•	
COUNTY OF) ss.)	
Printed Name of Authorize	ed Person with Bidding	Entity
being duly sworn, deposes and says that he/sh	e is	
Title of Pe	rson Signing	, with
Name of Bidd	ing Organization	,
and that the answers to the foregoing question and correct.	ns and all statements	s therein contained are true
Signature of Authorized Person with Bide	ding Entity	Date
Sworn to before me this day of _	Month	, Year
Notary Public		,
My commission expires		

BID FORM (continued)

ANTI-COLLUSION STATEMENT

STATE OF)	
COUNTY OF)	SS.
Printed Name of Authorized Person	with Bidding Entity
being duly sworn, deposes and says that he/she is	
	, with
Title of Person Signi	ng
Name of Bidding Organi	ization ,
and that all statements made and facts set out in the proposa and that the bidder (the person, firm, association, or corporat or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any connection with such bid or any contract which may result from	ion making said bid) has not, either directly ollusion, or otherwise competitive bidding in
Signature of Authorized Person with Bidding Entity	Date
Signing representative further certifies that bidder is no affiliated with, any other bidder for the above project. By	ot financially interested in, or financially
Ву	
Ву	
Sworn to before me this day of	, 20
Notary Public	
My commission expires	

Issued For Construction October 19, 2012 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

BID FORM (continued)

LIST OF CONTRACTS ON HAND

Location	Type of Work / Contracting Agency	Contract Price	Date	% Complete

Attach additional sheets as required.

AFFIDAVIT

Comes now	, of the
Printed Name of Affiant	
Name of Bidding Entity	······································
and upon his/her oath states that in connection with the bid for	
Jackson County Historic Truman Courthouse Interior Renova	tions,
that he/she has neither promised or paid any money in connection with the secontract, and that no proceeds from the construction of the said project have be will be paid to any individual or corporation. This affidavit is not construed to in for actual labor or materials furnished.	een promised or
Further, Affiant saith not.	
Signature of Affiant	
Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Notary Public in and for Jackson County	/, Missouri,
this, 20	
Notary Public	
My commission expires	_•

AFFIDAVIT 00401 - 1

County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

ANNUAL WORKER ELIGIBILITY VERIFICATION AFFIDAVIT (for joint ventures, a separate affidavit is required for each business entity)

STATE OF			- <u>}</u>		
COUNTY OF _) ss)		
On the	day of	, 20	_, before me appe	eared	
personally know	n to me or proved to me	on the bas	is of satisfactory e		iant name whose name is subscribed to this
affidavit, who be	eing by me duly sworn,	stated as fol	lows:		
	I, the Affiant, am of so	ound mind,	capable, of making	this affidavit, and pers	sonally certify the facts herein stated, a
required by Sec	tion 285.530, RSMo, to	enter into a	ny contract agreen	nent with the county to	perform any job, task, employment,
					or due, including but not limited to all
	eted by business entities		2 3 7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
•	I, the Affiant, am the		of		, and I am duly
	a, me amang ani me _	title		business name	
authorized, directe	d, and/or empowered to ac	t officially a	nd properly on behal	f of this business entity,	
	I, the Affiant, hereby aff	irm and warr	ant that the aforemer	ationed business entity is e	nrolled in a federal work
authorization prog	gram operated by the Unite	d States Dep	artment of Homelan	d Security, and the aforem	nentioned business entity shall participate is
said program to ve	rify the employment eligit	oility of newl	y hired employees w	orking in connection with	any services contracted by the Jackson
County Missouri.	I have attached documents	ation to this a	ffidavit to evidence	enrollment/participation b	y the aforementioned business entity in a
federal work author	orization program, as requi	red by Section	n 285.530, RSMo.		
•	I, the Affiant, also herby	affirm and w	arrant that the aforen	nentioned business entity of	does not and shall not knowingly employ,
in connection with	any services contracted by	y Jackson Co	unty, Missouri, any	alien who does not have th	ne legal right or authorization under federal
law to work in the	United States, as defined i	n 8 U.S.C. §	1324a(h)(3).		
•	I, the Affiant, am aware a	nd recognize	that, unless certain	contract and affidavit cond	ditions are satisfied pursuant to Section
285.525, RSMo, t	he aforementioned busines	s entity may	be held liable under	Sections 285,525 through	285.550, RSMo, for subcontractors that
knowingly employ	or continue to employ any	y unauthorize	ed alien to work with	in the state of Missouri.	
•	I, the Affiant, acknowled	ge that I am s	igning this affidavit	as a free act and deed of th	he aforementioned business entity and not
under duress.					
				Affi	ant Signature
Subonrib	ed and sworn to before mo				and year first above-written.
Subscrio	ed and sworn to betore me	city (or	county)	state	and your mat above-written.
My commission ex	pires:			Notary Public	30
- T. WOLLOWET STEED [3]	,		AF-2		

AFFIDAVIT 00401 - 2

TAX CLEARANCE REQUIRED

No person, firm, or corporation, resident in Jackson County, or otherwise legally within the taxing jurisdiction of the County, shall be eligible to provide any goods, contractual services or anything covered by the County Purchasing Ordinance, unless said person, firm, or corporation is duly listed and assessed on the County tax rolls and is in no way delinquent on any taxes payable to the County.

Where any individual, firm or corporation is a resident of Jackson County, or it otherwise appears that such firm is legally within the taxing jurisdiction of the County, and has made an offer, bid, or quotation for any County purchase, or has submitted an application to be given an opportunity to make quotations for County purchases, the Purchasing Manager shall cause a search to be made of the County tax rolls to determine the eligibility of that person, firm, or corporation under this section.

When the lowest responsible bidder is ineligible under this section, the Purchasing Manager may notify the bidder and allow three (3) days for the bidder to correct the deficiency or pay up any delinquency involved. If the bidder fails, after such notice, to comply within three (3) days, the Purchasing Manager shall proceed as though the lowest responsible bidder who is eligible under this section had entered the lowest bid.

Issued For Construction October 19, 2012 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

Clerk of the Legislature Jackson County Courthouse 306 West Kansas Avenue Independence, Missouri 64050

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for State, County, School and other purp \$	nal Property and/or Merchants and Manufacturers Tax coses have been paid in the amount of I further certify that assessment returns as on behalf of the undersigned, including therein a full, ible personal property, subject to assessment in
Jackson County, Missouri.	ible personal property, subject to assessment in
	Authorized Signature of Bidder
	Title
For:	
Company Name	
Street Address	
City, State & Zip	
Telephone #	
Federal I.D. #	
Subscribed and sworn to before me, a N	Notary Public in and for Jackson County, Missouri,
this day of	, 20
	Notes D. LE
	Notary Public
My commission expires	

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY

The Contractor's attention is directed to Chapter 296, Section 296.010 to Section 296.070, inclusive, Revised Statutes of Missouri, "Discriminatory Employment Practices," including the latest amendments thereto, and to the Jackson County Ordinances, adopted by Ordinance Nos. 11, 479, and 1068, which provide in part, as follows:

"All contracts for labor services, supplies, and construction wherein Jackson County is a party, whether negotiated or formally advertised, shall contain a nondiscrimination in employment clause which shall provide that the contractor in the performance of the contract will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, creed, color, sex, age or national origin. Actions of the contractor shall include but not be limited to the following: Employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship."

The Contractor agrees to comply in all respects with all statutory provisions and the County Ordinances.

102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

LIST OF INTENDED SUBCONTRACTORS

work? th your bid.		_110
tii your bia.		
Fax No:		
DBE:	Yes	No
Fax No:		
DBE:	Yes	No
	_ Fax No:	Fax No:

County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

Subcontractor No		
Name:		
Address:		
City & Zip Code:		
Telephone No:	Fax No:	
Description of work to be performed:		
Dollar Amount: \$	DBE:`	Yes No
Subcontractor No		
Name:Address:		
City & Zip Code:		
Telephone No:		
Description of work to be performed:		
Dollar Amount: \$	DBE:	Yes No

Subcontractor No.		
Name:		
Address:		
City & Zip Code:		
Telephone No:	Fax No:	
Description of work to be performed:		
Dollar Amount: \$	DBE: Yes	No
Cub contractor No.		
Subcontractor No		
Name:		
Address:City & Zip Code:		
Telephone No:		
Description of work to be performed:		
Dollar Amount: \$	DBE: Yes	No

Subcontractor No						
Name:						
Address:						
City & Zip Code:						
Telephone No:						
Description of work to be performed:						
Dollar Amount: \$	DBE:	Yes	No			
Subcontractor No						
Address:						
City & Zip Code:						
Telephone No:						
Description of work to be performed:						
Dollar Amount: \$	DBE:	Yes	No			

Subcontractor No						
Name:						
Address:						
City & Zip Code:						
Telephone No:						
Description of work to be performed:						
Dollar Amount: \$	DBE:	Yes	No			
Subcontractor No						
Address:						
City & Zip Code:						
Telephone No:						
Description of work to be performed:						
Dollar Amount: \$	DBE:	Yes	No			

Subcontractor No			
Name:			
Address:			
City & Zip Code:			
Telephone No:			
Description of work to be performed:			
Dollar Amount: \$	DBE:	Yes	No
Subcontractor No			
Name:			
Address:			
City & Zip Code:			
Telephone No:	Fax No:		
Description of work to be performed:			
Dollar Amount: \$	DBE:	Yes	No

4050 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

COMPLIANCE REPORT FORM

DIRECTIONS FOR COMPLETION: Please fill out this form completely. If a question refers to 'past reports' and this is the first one, place '1st report' in the blank. If a question addresses an area which does not apply to your company, such as (subcontractors) place 'N/A" in the blank. PLEASE BE SURE THIS REPORT IS SIGNED AND DATED BELOW.

l.	COMPA	ANY DESCRIPTION:		
	A.	Name of		
	В.	CompanyStreet Address		
		City	State	
	C.	Zip Telephone Number	Area Code	
II. III.	COMPA	ANY STATISTICS:		
111.	A. B.		men Black Hispanic American Indian Oriental	- N-
III.	If so, please	company advertised for applicants since your a attach a list of publications in which ads appeared and copies of such advertisements.	report? I, the date of	<u>s No</u> — —
IV.	and key pe	been an effort since your last report to further ersonnel to the spirit and intent of your prograe attach a narrative description of such efforts.		
V.	intake prod	been any adjustments in your job prerequisite cedures? attach a detailed report of such changes.	es of your recruiting and	
VI.	all employe	ffort been made since your last report in disse ees or in encouraging them to refer minority of a attach a narrative description of such efforts.		
VII.		taching another comment or concerns which yas a part of determining your compliance with		
List a durin	g this report NAME OF ADDRESS	ing period. MBE/WBE:	Business Enterprises) with whom you have contracted	
			:	
	A. B.	r Employment Analysis section of this report v Available employment records		
that a	iny misstate iformation o	answers and information herein contained are ement of fact may subject this company to nor on filling out this form call: the Review Officer	true to the best of my knowledge, and I understand accompliance procedures.	
	(816) 881-3		Signature	
			Name and Title (please print)	
			Date	

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE CONTRACT PROVISION (PART A)

POLICY

It is the policy of the U.S. Department of Transportation and the Missouri Department of Transportation and the Owner that businesses owned by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals (DBE's) as defined in 49 CFR Part 23 have the maximum opportunity to participate in the performance of contracts financed in whole or in part with Federal funds. Consequently, the requirements of 49 CFR Part 23, and Section 106© of the Surface Transportation and Uniform Relocation Assistance Act of 1987 apply to this contract.

OBLIGATION OF THE CONTRACTOR TO DBE'S

The contractor agrees to insure that DBE's have the maximum opportunity to participate in the performance of this contract and any subcontract financed in whole or in part with Federal funds. In this regard the contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to insure that DBE's have the maximum opportunity to compete for and perform contracts. The contractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, age, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract or in the award of any subsequent subcontract.

BANKING SERVICES

The contractor is encouraged to use the services of banks owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals.

GEOGRAPHIC AREA FOR SOLICITATION OF DBE's

The contractor shall see DBE's in the same geographic area in which the solicitation for subcontracts and materials is made. If the contractor cannot meet the goals using DBE's from geographic area, the contractor shall as part of the effect to meet the goal, expand the search to a reasonable wider geographic area.

DETERMINATION OF PARTICIPATING TOWARD MEETING THE DBE GOAL

DBE participation shall be counted toward meeting the goal as follows:

- One a firm is determined to be an eligible DBE, the total dollar value of the contract a. or subcontract awarded to the DBE is counted toward the goal.
- The contractor may count forward in the DBE goal a portion of the total dollar value b. of a subcontract with a joint venture eligible under the DBE standards equal to the percentage of the ownership and controls of the DBE partner in the joint venture.
- The contractor may count toward the DBE goal, expenditures to DBE's who perform C. a commercially useful function in the contract. A DBE is considered to perform a commercially useful function when responsible for execution of a distinct element of

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- the work of a contract and the carrying out of the responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved.
- d. The contractor may count toward the DBE goals 60 percent of its expenditures of materials and supplies required under a contract and obtained from a DBE regular dealer, and 100 percent of such expenditures to a DBE manufacturer.
 - 1. A regular dealer is a firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishments in which the materials or supplies required for the performance of the contract are bought, kept in stock and regularly sold to the public in the usual course of business. To be a regular dealer, the firm must engage in, as its principal business, and in its own name, the purchase and sale of products in question.
 - 2. A regular dealer in such bulk items as steel, cement, gravel, stone and petroleum products need not keep such products in stock, if it owns or operates distribution equipment. Brokers and packagers shall not be regarded as manufacturers or regular dealers within the meaning of this section (i.e., a truck hauler is a regular dealer when the firm owns, operates and maintains or leases, operates and maintains the distribution equipment for the delivery of the above products to the public in the usual course of business. Ad hoc performance for one contractor or select group of contractors does not qualify as a regular dealer).
 - 3. A manufacturer is a firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces on the premises that material, or supplies obtained by the contractor (i.e., a supplier who produces goods from raw materials or substantially alters them before resale).
- e. A contractor may count toward the DBE goals the following expenditures to DBE firms that are not regular dealers or manufacturers:
 - 1. The fees charged for delivery of materials and supplies required on a job site (but not the cost of the materials and supplies themselves) when the hauler, or trucker is not also the manufacturer of, or a regular dealer in, the materials and supplies, provided that the fee is determined by the Missouri Highway and Transportation Department to be reasonable as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services.

GOALS FOR THE AMOUNT OF WORK TO BE AWARDED TO DBE'S

The following goal has been established for this contract. The dollar value of work, supplies, and services will be based on the amount anticipated to be paid to DBE's. For firms owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals (DBE's) the goal for the amount of work to be awarded is 10% of the total contract price.

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^{*}See Notice to Bidders for percentage.

<u>Failure to meet the contract goal or to furnish documentation acceptable to the Owner of</u>
efforts to meet this goal may be cause for rejection of the bid.

REPLACEMENT OF DBE SUBCONTRACTORS

The contractor shall make good faith efforts to replace a DBE subcontractor who is unable to perform satisfactorily with another DBE subcontractor. Replacement firms must be approved by the Owner.

DOCUMENTATION OF GOOD FAITH EFFORTS TO MEET THE DBE CONTRACT GOAL

Good faith efforts to meet the DBE goal may include such items as, but not limited to, the following:

- (1) Attended a pre-bid meeting, if any, scheduled by the Owner to Inform DBE's of Contracting and subcontracting opportunities:
- (2) Advertised In general circulation trade association and socially and economically disadvantage business directed media concerning the subcontracting opportunities;
- (3) Provided written notice to a reasonable number of specific DBE's that their interest in the contract is solicited, in sufficient time to allow the DBE's to participate effectively;
- (4) Followed-up on initial solicitations of interest by contracting DBE's to determine with certainty whether the DBE's were interested;
- (5) Selected portions of the work to be performed by DBE's in order to increase the likelihood of meeting the DBE goal (including, where appropriate, breaking down contract into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation);
- (6) Provide interested DBE's adequate information about plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract;
- (7) Negotiated in good faith with interested DBE's not rejecting DBE's as unqualified with out sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities;
- (8) Made efforts to assist interested DBE's obtaining bonding, lines of credit or insurance required by the Owner or by the bidder; and,
- (9) Made effective use of the services of available disadvantaged business organizations, minority contractors' groups; local, state and Federal disadvantage business assistance officers; and other organizations that provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBE's.

The undersigned certifies that the following steps have been taken to obtain DBE participation: 3. _____

> DBE-3 00406 - 3

County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

6.	
-	
9.	
10	

SPECIALTY ITEM

Subcontract work awarded to DBE subcontractors not to exceed the amount specified in the proposal or the amount designated in the contract by the contractor whichever is less and not to exceed a total of 20% of the contract will be considered specialty items under the provisions of Sec. 108.1.1.

VERIFICATION OF DBE PARTICIPATION

Prior to release of retained percentage, the contractor shall file a list with the Owner showing the DBE's used and the work performed. The list shall show the actual dollar amount paid to each DBE that is applicable to the percentage participation established in the contract. Failure on the part of the contractor to achieve the DBE participation specified in the contract may result in sanctions being imposed on the Owner for noncompliance with Section 49 CFR, Part 23, and Section 106© of the Surface Transportation and Uniform Relocation Assistance Act of 1987. If the total DBE participation is less that the contract goal stated by the Owner, the Owner may sustain damages, the exact extent of which would be difficult or impossible to ascertain and therefore in order to liquidate such damages, the monetary difference between the amount of the goal stated by the Owner and the amount actually paid to the DBE's for performing a commercially useful function will be deducted from the contractor's payments as liquidated damages. If the contract is awarded with less that the contract goal stated by the Owner, that amount shall become the goal and shall be used to determine liquidated damages. No such deduction will be made when, for reason beyond control of the contractor, the stated DBE participation is not met.

BIDDING PROCEDURE

The bidder shall complete the information required under Part A and submit with the bid proposal. Failure to submit the completed Part A with the bid proposal may be cause for rejection of the bid. Part B shall be completed and submitted with the bid proposal or delivered by the low and second bidder within three working days after the letting date. No extension of time will be allowed for any reason.

Failure to deliver the completed and executed Part B showing DBE participation of not less than that specified by the bidder in Part A by 5:00 p.m. on the third working day after the letting will be cause for rejection of the low bid and the proposed guaranty will become the property of the

DBE-4 00406 - 4

Owner. The proposal guaranty of the second low bidder will be retained under the same conditions until the owner has determined that the award will not be made to the second low bidder.

If Part B is not submitted with the bid, it shall be delivered directly to the Engineer at the following address:

Jackson County Missouri Department of Public works **Engineering Division** 303 West Walnut Independence, MO 64050

•	
PARTICIPATION BY DBE'S (MUST COMPLETE AND SUBMIT WITH PROPOSA	L)
The bidder agrees to utilize DEB's as follows:	
DBE PARTICIPATION% OF TOTAL CONTRACT	
Name of Company	
Name of Company	
Authorized Signature	
<u> </u>	
Title	Date

DBE-5 00406 - 5 Jackson County Historic Truman Courthouse Interior Renovations

Issued For Construction October 19, 2012

102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE CONTRACT PROVISIONS

(PART B)

IDENTIFICATIONS OF PARTICIPATING DBE'S

The undersigned submits the following list of DEB's to be used in accomplishing the work of this contract. The work supplies or service, applicable value and percent to total contract each DBE is to perform/furnish is as follows:

No.	DBE Contractor or Supplier/Name & Address	Description of Work, Supplies or Service	Dollar Value of Work, Supplies or Service	% Dollar Value Applicable to DBE Goal	Amount Applicable to DBE Goal	% Total Contract
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
			TOTAL DBE F	PARTICIPATION		
	Name of Company	Authorized Signatu	ure	Title		Date
		DBE-6		00406 - 6		

(A) <u>DBE Contract Goal:</u> By submitting this bid, the bidder certifies that the bidder is familiar with the DBE Program Requirements in this contract. The contract DBE goal for the amount of work to be awarded is 10% of the total project price. DBE Participation: The bidder certifies that it will utilize DBE's follows: (B) % OF TOTAL CONTRACT NOTE: Bidder must full in the above blank. If a percentage equal to or exceeding the contract goal is specified, then the contract DBE goal becomes legally enforceable. If a percentage below the contract goal is specified, then the bidder must submit complete documentation of good faith efforts to meet the DBE contract goal, immediately below. (C) Certification of Good Faith Efforts to Obtain DBE Participation: By submitting its signed bid, the bidder certifies under penalty of perjury and other provisions of low, that the bidder took each of the following steps to try to obtain sufficient DBE participation to achieve the Commission's proposed DBE Contract Goal: (Attach additional sheets if necessary).

DBE-7 00406 - 7

102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012 DBE Submittal Forms

Identification of Participating DBE's: The information on this page must be completed. If this
page is submitted but not signed, it will not be cause for rejection. The apparent low and
second low bidder must file this form with the
by 4:00 p.m. on the third working day after the bid
opening. Fax or email original copy must be mailed by overnight mail to the Local Public
Agency the day of the FAZ or email transmittal. Contact External Civil Rights at (573)751-7801
for questions or assistance in completion. (Note: Submittal of this form is not required if the Contract DBE Goal 0%)

The undersigned submits the following list of DBE's to be used in accomplishing the work of this contract. The work, supplies or service applicable value and percent of total federal contract each DBE is to perform or furnish is as follows:

(A) DBE Name & Address	(B) Bid Item numbers (Or Line numbers)	(C) \$Value of DBE of Work** (Unit Price x Quantity of each item in B, or Lump Sum)	(D) % of \$ Value Applicable to DBE Goal** (100%, 60%)	(E) \$ Amount Applicable to DBE Goal for each item (CxD)	(F) % Of Total Contract Amount for each item (E/Total Contract Amount)
1.		Total		Total	
2.					Total
3.		Total		Total	Total
4.		Total		Total	 Total
		Total		Total	 Total
Total DBE Participation					TOTAL

^{**} Cannot exceed contract amount for given items of work.

DBE Submittal Forms

	1				
(A) DBE Name & Address	(B) Bid Item numbers (Or Line numbers)	(C) \$Value of DBE of Work** (Unit Price x Quantity of each item in B, or Lump Sum)	(D) % of \$ Value Applicable to DBE Goal** (100%, 60%)	(E) \$ Amount Applicable to DBE Goal for each item (CxD)	(F) % Of Total Contract Amount for each item (E/Total Contract Amount)
Trucking Services					
Only used if the DBE owns the trucks or is leasing from a DBE firm			100%		
Trucking Services					
Trucks are leased from non-DBE source				Only include <u>Fees</u> for Trucking Services	
Brokered Services					
				Only include <u>Fees</u> for Brokered Services	
Totals (Page 1)					
Totals (Page 2)					
Totals (additional pages if needed)					
Total DBE Participation					
* Cannot exceed contract amount f	or given item of work.				

Date: By: _____ Title:

DBE-9 00406 - 9

DOCUMENT 00431 - ALLOWANCE FORM

1.1	BID INFORMAT	ION
A.	Bidder:	-
B.	Project Name: Jac	ckson County Historic Truman Courthouse Interior Renovations.
C.	Project Location:	102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050.
D.	Owner: Jackson Missouri, 64050.	County Public Works Department, 303 West Walnut Street Independence,
E.	Owner Project Nu	mber: County Project No. 3147.
F.	Owner Bid Numb	er: Bid No. PW-05-2012.
G.	Architect: Piper-64108.	Wind Architects, Inc., 2121 Central Street, Suite 143, Kansas City, Missouri
1.2	BID FORM SUPE	PLEMENT
A.	This form is requi	red to be attached to the Bid Form.
B.	_	Bidder certifies that Base Bid submission to which this Bid Supplement is those allowances described in the Contract Documents and scheduled in llowances."
1.3	SUBMISSION OF	F BID SUPPLEMENT
A	Respectfully su	ubmitted this day of, 20
Subn	nitted By:	(Insert name of bidding firm or corporation)
	orized ature:	(Handwritten signature)
Signe	ed By:	(Type or print name)
Title		(Owner/Partner/President/Vice President)

END OF DOCUMENT 00431

ALLOWANCE FORM 00431 - 1

October 19, 2012 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

Issued For Construction

WAGE RATES

1. **GENERAL**:

This contract shall be based upon payment by the Contractor and his subcontractors of wage rates not less than the prevailing hourly wage rate for each craft or classification of workman engaged on the work as determined by the Industrial Commission of Missouri on behalf of the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations.

2. WAGE LAW:

The Contractor shall comply with all requirements of the prevailing wage law of the State of Missouri, Revised Statutes of Missouri, Sections 290.210 to 290.340, including the latest amendments thereto.

3. PENALTY:

The Contractor shall forfeit as a penalty to the County ten dollars (\$10.00) for each workman employed, for each calendar day, or portion thereof, that such workman is paid less that the said stipulated rate for any work done under this contract by the Contractor or by any of its subcontractors.

4. WITHHOLDING PAYMENT:

Under Section 290.250 of said law, the County has a duty to withhold and retain from payment, which is due to the Contractor under this contract all sums and amounts due and owing as a result of any violation of said laws.

5. REQUIRED RECORDS:

The Contractor and each subcontractor shall keep an accurate record within the state showing the names and occupations of all workmen employed, together with the actual wages paid to each workman. At all reasonable hours, such records shall be open to inspection by the representatives of the Industrial Commission of Missouri and the Owner. Said records shall be kept for a minimum of one (1) year after the project has been accepted and the affidavit received.

6. NO ADJUSTMENT FOR CHANGES IN RATES:

During the life of this contract, the prevailing hourly rate of wages is subject to change by the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations or by court decision, as provided by law. Any such change shall not be the basis of any claim by the Contractor against the Owner, nor will deductions be made by the Owner against sums due to the Contractor by reason of any such change.

7. EXCEEDING RATES AND HOURS:

The prevailing wage law does not prohibit payment of more than the prevailing rate of wages nor does it limit the hours of work which may be performed by any workman in a particular period of time.

8. REQUIRED AFFIDAVIT:

No final payment for work under this contract will be made by the County until it has received from each Contractor and subcontractor an affidavit stating that each has fully complied with the provisions and the requirements of said law.

WAGE RATES 00500 - 1

Jackson County Historic Truman Courthouse Interior Renovations

Issued For Construction October 19, 2012

102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

9. PREVAILING WAGES:

The following prevailing wage rate determination made by the Industrial Commission of Missouri is reproduced verbatim and is applicable to this contract.

10. POSTING:

Throughout the life of this contract, a copy of the wage determination Exhibit "A" and the rules promulgated by the industrial Commission of Missouri, shall be displayed in a conspicuous place on the project under a heading of NOTICE, with the heading in letters at least one inch high.

- 11. <u>CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT (452 U.S.C. SECT. 329):</u> The Contractor is required to comply with Section 103 of the above Act.
- 12. Only Missouri laborers and laborers from nonrestrictive states are allowed by law to be employed on Missouri's public works projects when the unemployment rate exceeds 5% for two consecutive months. (See Sections 290.550 through 290.580 RSMO.) It is the Contractors responsibility to check the website to determine if the unemployment has exceeded 5% for the past two months and is in effect.

When the statute is in effect it will remain in effect as long as this notice is posted. For questions call (573) 751-3403 Extension 0,

You may view the Frequently Asked Questions at

http://www.dolir.mo.gov/ls/faq/faq_PublicWorksEmployment.asp, or view the statute 290.550 - 290.580 RSMo, at http://www.moga.state.mo.us/statutes/C290.HTM.

Nonrestrictive states are as follows: Arkansas, Colorado, Georgia, Hawaii, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, New Mexico, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia and Wisconsin.

Additionally the Contractor may contact the Jackson County Department of Public Works to determine if the statute is in effect.

13. The contractor is required to comply with County Ordinance No. 4297 and Section 1072 of the Jackson County Code related to paying wage rates for certain delivery truck drivers. The Ordinance is in an attached appendix for contractors' information. For more information call Thomas Wyrsch, Compliance Officer, at 881-3467. Or email at TWyrsch@jacksongov.org

WAGE RATES 00500 - 2

Missouri **Division of Labor Standards**

WAGE AND HOUR SECTION



JEREMIAH W. (JAY) NIXON, Governor

Annual Wage Order No. 18

Section 048

JACKSON COUNTY

In accordance with Section 290.262 RSMo 2000, within thirty (30) days after a certified copy of this Annual Wage Order has been filed with the Secretary of State as indicated below, any person who may be affected by this Annual Wage Order may object by filing an objection in triplicate with the Labor and Industrial Relations Commission, P.O. Box 599, Jefferson City, MO 65102-0599. Such objections must set forth in writing the specific grounds of objection. Each objection shall certify that a copy has been furnished to the Division of Labor Standards, P.O. Box 449, Jefferson City, MO 65102-0449 pursuant to 8 CSR 20-5.010(1). A certified copy of the Annual Wage Order has been filed with the Secretary of State of Missouri.

Original Signed by

Carla Buschjost, Director Division of Labor Standards

This Is A True And Accurate Copy Which Was Filed With The Secretary of State: March 10, 2011

Last Date Objections May Be Filed: April 11, 2011

Prepared by Missouri Department of Labor and Industrial Relations

Building Construction Rates for JACKSON County

REPLACEMENT PAGE

Section 048

OCCUPATIONAL TITLE	** Date of		Basic Hourly	Over- Time	Helider	Table: D. C.
S S S S T A T S T A T T T E E	Increase	*	Rates	1	Holiday Schedule	Total Fringe Benefits
Asbestos Worker	11/11		\$34.04	52	53	\$23.13
Boilermaker		 	\$32.31	57	7	\$23.95
Bricklayers-Stone Mason			\$33.40	58	39	
Carpenter	6/11		\$36.05	63	68	\$16.15
Cement Mason			\$30.28	65		\$13.05
Electrician (Inside Wireman)			\$33.83	13	72	\$15.50
Communication Technician						\$15.25 + 10% REMAN) RATE
Elevator Constructor		а	\$40.860	26		
Operating Engineer		a	\$40.000	20	54	\$23.255
Group I	6/11		\$35.70	0.5	4	
Group II	6/11			85 05	4	\$13.76
Group III	6/11		\$34.89	85	4	\$13.76
Group III-A	6/11		\$29.34	85 85	4	\$13.76
Group IV	0/11		\$33.55	85	4	\$13.76
Group V	6/11		\$30.94	0.5		0.10.70
Pipe Fitter	6/11			85	4	\$13.76
Glazier	6/11		\$39.58	2	33	\$15.65
Laborer (Building):	0/11		\$30.47	88	32	\$15.43
General	6/11		#05.45			
First Semi-Skilled			\$25.45	30	4	\$13.45
Second Semi-Skilled	6/11		\$25.85	30	4	\$13.45
Lather	6/11		\$26.25	30	4	\$13.45
Linoleum Layer & Cutter	0/44		USE CARP			
Marble Mason	6/11		\$33.82	46	67	\$13.05
Millwright	9/11		\$31.70	25	4	\$14.56
Iron Worker	0/44		USE CARPE			
Painter	6/11		\$28.50	50	4	\$24.30
Plasterer	0/44		\$28.31	37	4	\$13.37
Plumber	6/11		\$24.89	68	4	\$18.16
Pile Driver	6/11		\$36.80	45	33	\$20.41
Roofer			USE CARPE			
Sheet Metal Worker	6/11		\$32.25	95	2	\$13.66
	7/11		\$38.39	17	22	\$17.04
Sprinkler Fitter			\$33.65	14	4	\$17.20
Terazzo Worker	9/11		\$31.70	25	4	\$14.56
Tile Setter	9/11		\$31.70	25	4	\$14.56
Truck Driver-Teamster						
Group I			\$30.09	100	4	\$10.90
Group II			\$30.09	100	4	\$10.90
Group III			\$30.29	100	4	\$10.90
Group IV			\$30.29	100	4	\$10.90
Traffic Control Service Driver			\$15.35	48	49	\$2.71
Welders-Acetylene & Electric		*				

Fringe Benefit Percentage is of the Basic Hourly Rate

Attention Workers: If you are not being paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits contact the Division of Labor Standards at (573) 751-3403.

^{**}Annual Incremental Increase

Building Construction Rates for JACKSON County Footnotes

Section 048

		Basic	Over-		
OCCUPATIONAL TITLE	** Date of	Hourly	Time	Holiday	Total Fringe Benefits
	Increase	Rates	Schedule	Schedule	G
				-	
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			

^{*} Welders receive rate prescribed for the occupational title performing operation to which welding is incidental.

Use Building Construction Rates on Building construction in accordance with the classifications of construction work established in 8 CSR 30-3.040(2).

Use Heavy Construction Rates on Highway and Heavy construction in accordance with the classifications of construction work established in 8 CSR 30-3.040(3).

a - Vacation: Employees over 5 years - 8%; Employees under 5 years - 6%

JACKSON COUNTY OVERTIME SCHEDULE - BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

FED: Minimum requirement per Fair Labor Standards Act means time and one-half (1 ½) shall be paid for all work in excess of forty (40) hours per work week.

NO. 2: Means the maximum of eight (8) hours shall constitute a day's work beginning at 8:00 a.m. to 12:00 noon. 12:30 p.m. to 4:30 p.m. The maximum work week shall be forty (40) hours beginning Monday at 8:00 a.m. and ending Friday at 4:30 p.m. Because of traffic, parking or other circumstances, the hours of work on any project may be any continuous 8½ hours period (8 hours of work plus 30 minutes for lunch) between 7:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. When circumstances warrant and when it is mutually beneficial and agreed to, the Employer may institute a work week consisting of four (4) consecutive ten (10) hour days, between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. Monday through Thursday, with one-half (1/2) hour allowed for a lunch period each day. Friday may be used as a make-up day. After ten (10) hours in a workday, or forty (40) hours in a workweek, overtime shall be paid at a rate of one and one-half (11/2) times the regular rate of pay. Overtime performed Monday through Saturday shall be paid at the rate of one and onehalf (1½) times the regular rate of pay. Sundays and recognized holidays shall be paid at the double (2) time rate of pay. Labor Day shall be paid at triple (3) time. Shift work may be performed at the option of the Contractor. However, whenever shift work is performed it must cover a period not less than (5) consecutive working days. The day shift shall work a regular eight (8) hours shift as outlined above. Employees working a second shift shall receive an additional \$0.25 above the regular hourly rate and perform seven and one-half (7½) hours work for eight (8) hours pay. Third shift employees shall be paid an additional \$0.50 above the regular hourly rate and work seven (7) hours for eight (8) hours pay. In the event a first shift is not required, a second and third shift employee shall receive an additional 15% of the base rate and receive pay for actual hours worked.

NO. 13: Means a regular workday shall consist of eight (8) hours between 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. Forty (40) hours, within five (5) days -- Monday through Friday inclusive -- shall constitute the regular workweek. The Employer may alter the above stated hours by two (2) hours for an early starting and quitting time only, not to exceed eight (8) hours of work in any one day. When job conditions dictate and as required by the customer, the Employer shall be allowed to establish a four (4) day, ten (10) hour per day work week. This work week is defined as Monday through Thursday. with a Friday make-up day. The normal work day under a ten (10) hour four (4) day work week shall be from 7:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., with a one hour starting variance. The make-up day of Friday shall be instituted for specific reasons such as loss of production due to weather and/or holidays. All hours worked in excess of ten (10) hours per day or forty (40) hours per week or hours worked outside the normal work week shall be paid at the applicable overtime rate. The first four (4) hours of overtime after the normal workday, each day Monday through Friday and the first ten (10) hours of overtime on Saturdays shall be paid for at one and one-half (11/2) times the regular straight time rate of pay. All other work performed outside of the regularly scheduled working hours and outside of the first ten (10) hours worked on Saturdays shall be paid for at double (2) the regular straight time rate of pay. Sundays and the recognized holidays shall be paid for at double (2) the regular straight time rate of pay, if worked. When so elected by the contractor, multiple shifts of at least five (5) days duration may be worked. When two (2) or three (3) shifts are worked. The first shift (day shift) shall be worked between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. Workmen on the "day shift" shall receive eight (8) hours pay at the regular hourly rate for eight (8) hours work. The second shift (swing shift) shall be worked between the hours of 4:30 p.m. and 12:30 a.m. Workmen on the "swing shift" shall receive eight (8) hours pay at the regular hourly rate plus 10% for seven and one-half (7 ½) hours work. The third shift (graveyard shift) shall be worked between the hours of 12:30 a.m. and 8:00 a.m. Workmen on the "graveyard shift" shall receive eight (8) hours pay at the regular hourly rate plus 15% for seven (7) hours work. A lunch period of thirty (30) minutes shall be allowed on each shift. All overtime work required after the completion of a regular shift shall be paid at one and one-half (11/2) times the "shift" hourly rate.

NO. 14: Means eight (8) hours per day shall constitute a day's work. The regular starting time shall be 8:00 a.m., and the regular quitting time shall be 4:30 p.m.; lunch time shall be twelve (12) o'clock noon to 12:30 p.m. The regular starting time may, by mutual consent of employees on the job site, and the employer, be between 7:00 a.m. and 9:00 a.m. with appropriate adjustments made to the regular quitting time and lunch time. All time worked before the regular starting time and after the regular quitting time, Monday through Friday, shall be paid at the rate of time and one-half (1½). All work commencing with the beginning of the established work day on Saturday shall be paid at the rate of time and one-half (1½). All work commencing with the beginning of the established work day on Sundays and/or Holidays shall be paid at the rate of double (2) time.

JACKSON COUNTY OVERTIME SCHEDULE - BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

- NO. 17: Means the regular working day shall consist of eight (8) hours of labor between 7:00 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. and the regular work week shall consist of five (5) consecutive eight (8) hour days of labor beginning on Monday and ending with Friday of each week. All full-time or part-time labor performed during such hours shall be recognized as regular working hours and paid for at the regular hourly rate. Except as otherwise provided, all work performed outside of regular working hours during the regular work week, shall be at double (2) times the regular rate. Working hours may be varied by two (2) hours. When circumstances warrant and when it is mutually beneficial and agreed to by interested parties, the Employer may institute a work week consisting of four (4) consecutive ten (10) hour days, between the hours of five (5) a.m. and six (6) p.m., Monday through Thursday, with one-half (1/2) hour allowed for a lunch period each day. Friday may be used as a make-up day. The make-up day will be voluntary, and a decision not to work may not be held against the employee. When working four (4) ten (10) hour day's overtime will be paid at the time and one-half (1½) rate for the eleventh (11th) and twelfth (12th) hour, all other work will be paid at the double (2) time rate of pay. The first two (2) hours of overtime, Monday through Friday, and the first eight (8) hours on Saturday shall be at time and one-half (11/2) for all work. All other overtime shall be at double (2) time. The first two (2) hours of overtime must be concurrent with the regular work day, two (2) hours prior to or following the regular work day are at time and one-half (1½). The regular workday (as previously defined) on Saturday is paid at time and one-half (1½). Work performed outside of the regular Saturday work day is at double (2) time. All work performed on recognized holidays, or days locally observed as such, and Sundays shall be paid at the double (2) time rate of pay.
- **NO. 25:** Means regular working hours of eight (8) hours shall constitute a working day between the hours of 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. in a forty (40) hour working week of Monday through Friday. Employment on Saturday, Sunday and legal holidays, and employment before or after the regular working hours shall be considered overtime. Employment on Saturday, Sunday and legal holidays shall be paid for at twice (2) the regular hourly rate. Employment from 4:30 p.m. to 12:00 midnight, Monday through Friday, shall be paid for at one and one-half (1½) times the regular hourly rate. From 12:00 midnight until 8:00 a.m. on any day shall be paid for at twice (2) the regular hourly rate.
- NO. 26: Means that the regular working day shall consist of eight (8) hours worked between 6:00 a.m., and 5:00 p.m., five (5) days per week, Monday to Friday, inclusive. Hours of work at each jobsite shall be those established by the general contractor and worked by the majority of trades. (The above working hours may be changed by mutual agreement). Work performed on Construction Work on Saturdays, Sundays and before and after the regular working day on Monday to Friday, inclusive, shall be classified as overtime, and paid for at double (2) the rate of single time. The employer may establish hours worked on a jobsite for a four (4) ten (10) hour day work week at straight time pay for construction work; the regular working day shall consist of ten (10) hours worked consecutively, between 6:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m., four (4) days per week, Monday to Thursday, inclusive. Any work performed on Friday, Saturday, Sunday and holidays, and before and after the regular working day on Monday to Thursday where a four (4) ten (10) hour day workweek has been established, will be paid at two times (2) the single time rate of pay. The rate of pay for all work performed on holidays shall be at two times (2) the single time rate of pay.
- NO. 30: Means Monday through Sunday shall constitute the work week. Regular starting time shall be 8:00 A.M., except when the work week is scheduled as a week with starting time advanced or delayed. Starting time may be advanced or delayed by the employer up to two (2) hours from the regular starting time. Eight (8) hours shall constitute the work day. All work performed prior to or after the regular eight (8) hour work day, as described above, and all work performed on Saturday shall be paid at time and one-half (1½) the regular rate. In the event that a scheduled eight (8) hour work day is missed (not to include holidays) because of events out of the control of the contractor, then that missed work day may be made up at straight time the following Saturday. It is recognized that not all employees working on a Saturday make-up day will have worked the same number of hours during the regular work week. It is further recognized that any work after the forty (40) hours in a week must be paid at time and one-half (1½). Saturday make-up day shall not be used to make up for time lost due to recognized holidays. The employer may establish a 4-10's schedule on projects (4 days with 10 hours per day). If using a 4-10's schedule, a Friday make-up day is allowed. If using a 4 (10) schedule, any work more than ten (10) hours in a day or forty (40) hours in a work week shall be paid at the time and one-half (1½) rate. Friday make-up day shall not be used to make up for time lost due to recognized holidays. All work performed on Sundays or holidays shall be paid at the double (2) time rate.

- NO. 37: The Employer may choose, at his discretion, to work five eight hour days or four ten hour days with a Friday make-up day, Monday through Friday at straight time. Overtime shall be paid after eight (8) hours when working "five eights" and after ten hours when working "four tens". All work performed on Sundays and recognized holidays shall be paid for at the rate of double (2) time. All Saturday work shall be paid for at the rate of time and one-half (1½) the regular wage rate. All night work during the regular work week other than the above-mentioned days shall be paid for at the rate of time and one-half (1½) the regular wage scale until midnight and double (2) time after midnight except make-up time will be allowed under the following condition: In the event of inclement weather on exterior projects which prevents working the full regular eight (8) hour day, forty (40) hour work week schedule, a Saturday make-up day can be granted. Then said work on Saturday shall be paid at the straight time rate of pay up to a maximum total of forty (40) hours per week.
- NO. 45: Means eight (8) hours shall constitute a day's work, beginning at 8:00 a.m. and ending at 4:30 p.m. The regular work week shall be forty (40) hours, beginning Monday, 8:00 a.m. and ending at 4:30 p.m. Friday. Because of traffic, parking and other circumstances, the hours of work on any project may begin as early as 6:00 a.m. with eight (8) hours worked between 6:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. When circumstances warrant and when it is mutually beneficial and agreed to, the employer may institute a work week consisting of four (4) consecutive ten (10) hour days, between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m., Monday through Thursday. Friday may be used as a make-up day. After ten (10) hours in a workday, or forty (40) hours in a workweek, overtime shall be paid at a rate of one and one-half (1½) times the regular rate of pay. All overtime Monday through Saturday shall be paid at the rate of time and one-half (1½) the regular rate of pay. Sunday and recognized holidays shall be paid at double (2) time. Labor Day shall be paid at triple (3) time. Shift work may be performed at the option of the Contractor. However, whenever shift work is performed it must cover a period not less than (5) consecutive working days. The day shift shall work a regular eight (8) hours shift as outlined above. The hourly rate for second shift (seven and one-half hours worked for eight hours paid) shall be twenty-five cents (\$0.25) over and above the hourly rate. The hourly rate for third shift (seven hours worked, eight hours paid) shall be fifty cents (\$0.50) above the hourly rate. If no first shift is worked, second and third shift employees shall receive an additional fifteen percent (15%) over and above the hourly rate for actual hours worked.
- **NO. 46:** Means the regular work day shall be eight (8) hours from 6:00 a.m. to 6: 30 p.m. Starting time may be between 6:00 a.m. and 10:00 a.m. The regular work week shall be forty (40) hours, beginning between 6:00 a.m. and 10:00 a.m. on Monday and ending between 2:30 p.m. and 6:30 p.m. on Friday. All hours in excess of the regular work day and work week shall be considered overtime. Overtime on days recognized as regular work days and on Saturday shall be paid for at the rate of time and one-half (1½) the regular rate. Sunday and recognized holidays shall be paid for at the rate of double time (2) for time worked. The Employer may establish a work week consisting of four (4) days, Monday through Thursday, each day consisting of ten (10) hours at straight time rate of pay. The 4-10's must run for a period of at least four (4) days.
- NO. 48: Means the regularly scheduled work week shall be five (5) consecutive days, Monday through Friday or Tuesday through Saturday. Eight (8) hours shall constitute a day's work. Starting time shall not be earlier than 7:00 a.m. nor later than 10:00 a.m. Forty (40) hours shall constitute a week's work. Overtime at the rate of time and one-half (1½) will be paid for all work in excess of forty (40) hours in any one work week. On the Monday through Friday schedule, all work performed on Saturday will be time and one-half (1½) unless time has been lost during the week, in which case Saturday will be a make up day to the extent of the lost time. On the Tuesday through Saturday schedule, all work performed on Monday will be time and one-half (1½) unless time has been lost during the week, in which case Monday will be a make-up day to the extent of the lost time. Any work performed on Sunday will be double (2) time. If employees work on any of the recognized holidays, they shall be paid time and one-half (1½) their regular rate of pay for all hours worked.
- NO. 50: Means eight (8) hours constitute a normal day's work Monday through Friday. Any time worked over eight (8) hours will normally be paid at time and one-half (1½) except for exclusions stated in some following additional sentences. The Employer, at his discretion, may start the work day between 6:00 a.m. and 9:00 a.m. Any schedule chosen shall be started at the beginning of the work week (Monday) and used for at least five days. Work may be scheduled on a four (4) days a week (Monday through Thursday) at ten (10) hours a day schedule. If such a schedule is employed, then Friday may be used as a make-up day when time is lost due to inclement weather. Time and one-half (1½) shall be paid for any work in excess of eight (8) hours in any regular work day Monday through Friday unless working 4-10's, then time and one-half (1½) after ten (10) hours. All work performed on Saturday will be time and one-half (1½). Double (2) time shall be paid for all work on Sundays and recognized holidays.

NO. 52: Means the regular workweek shall consist of five (5) eight (8) hour days, Monday through Friday. The regular workday shall consist of a eight (8) hour period, to be worked between the agreed upon starting time, and ending no later than 4:30 p.m. The agreed upon starting time shall be any time between the hours of 6:00 a.m. and 8:00 a.m. The option exists for the employer to use a four (4) day, ten (10) hour work week. Days worked shall be Monday through Thursday or Tuesday through Friday. If the job requires men on duty all five (5) days, then part of the crew may work the first four (4) days and the remainder of the crew may work the last four (4) days. Hours each day shall be from 7:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. Interested party's on the project must agree to this clause before it may be used. Once this clause has been put into effect, it shall remain as long as the majority of the Employees on the project and the Employer agree to keep it. The four (4) day clause shall not be used to circumvent a Holiday. Except as otherwise provided, all work performed outside the regular working hours and performed during the regular work week (Monday through Friday) shall be at the following rates of pay:

Holidays-New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day (or days observed as such) shall be recognized as Holidays that shall be paid at two (2) times the regular rate of pay.

<u>Labor Day</u>-No work shall be performed on Labor Day except in special cases of emergency. Rate of pay shall be at three (3) times the regular rate of pay.

Overtime-Work performed outside of the regular work day (the regular work day shall consist of an eight (8) hour period, to be worked between the agreed upon starting time, and ending not later than 4:30 p.m. The agreed upon starting time shall be any time between the hours of 6:00 a.m. and 8:00 a.m., by mutual consent of the interested party's.), shall be:

- A. Hours worked Monday through Friday, the first two (2) hours of overtime will be paid at time and one-half (1½). All other overtime will be paid at the double (2) time rate.
- B. The first ten (10) hours worked on Saturday will be paid at time and one-half (1½), with all other hours to be paid at the double (2) time rate.
- C. Sundays and Holidays (except Labor Day) shall be paid at the double (2) time rate.
- NO. 57: Means eight (8) hours per day shall constitute a day's work and forty (40) hours per week, Monday through Friday, shall constitute a week's work. The regular starting time shall be 8:00 a.m. The above may be changed by mutual consent of authorized personnel. When circumstances warrant, the Employer may change the regular workweek to four (4) ten-hour days at the regular time rate of pay. It being understood that all other pertinent information must be adjusted accordingly. All time worked before and after the established workday of eight (8) hours, Monday through Friday, all time worked on Saturday, shall be paid at the rate of time and one-half (1½) except in cases where work is part of an employee's regular Friday shift. All time worked on Sunday and recognized holidays shall be paid at the double (2) time rate of pay.
- **NO. 58:** Means eight (8) consecutive hours, between 6:00 a.m. and 5:30 p.m., shall constitute a days work. Five (5) days work, Monday through Friday, shall constitute a normal work week. Work performed in excess of eight (8) hours per day or eight hours beyond <u>normal starting time</u> for that project excluding lunch Monday through Friday, and all work performed on Saturday, shall be paid for the rate of time and one-half (1½). When Sundays and recognized holidays are worked, the worker(s) shall be paid at the rate of double (2) time. Work may be scheduled on a four (4) days a week (Monday through Thursday) at ten (10) hours a day schedule at straight time. A Friday make-up day is available if time is lost due to inclement weather and at least sixteen (16) hours, but not more than thirty (30) hours, were worked during the week.
- NO. 63: Means eight (8) hours shall constitute the regular work day between time that may be advanced or delayed by two (2) hours on either side of 8:00 AM. The Employer may establish a work week consisting of four (4) days, Monday through Thursday, each day consisting of ten (10) hours straight time. The four (4) tens (10s) must run for a period of at least four (4) days, Monday through Thursday. All work on Friday on a four (4) tens (10) project will be paid at the rate of time and one-half (1½). All work performed on Saturday shall be paid at time and one-half (1½). All work performed on Sundays and recognized holidays must be paid at double (2) time. All work performed prior to or after the regular eight (8) hour work day, or ten (10) hour work day, as described above shall be paid at time and one-half (1½) the regular rate.

JACKSON COUNTY OVERTIME SCHEDULE - BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

NO. 65: Means Monday through Sunday shall constitute the work week. Regular starting time shall be 8:00 a.m., with one half hour for lunch between three and one-half (3½) and five (5) hours after starting time. The starting time may be advanced by two (2) hours or delayed one (1) hour by the employer from the regular starting time. All work performed before the advanced starting time and during the half hour lunch shall be paid at the overtime rate of time and one-half (1½). Work performed outside these hours shall be paid at the overtime rate of time and one-half (1½), except as provided otherwise below. All work performed on Sundays or recognized holidays shall be paid at the double (2) time rate. When the start time is delayed past 9:00 a.m., the employee's pay shall start at 9:00 a.m. and all time, after the normal quitting time (5:30 p.m.), shall be paid at the overtime rate. Eight (8) hours shall constitute the work day. All work performed prior to or after the regular eight (8) hour work day, as described above, and all work performed on Saturday shall be paid at time and one-half (11/2) the regular rate. In the event that a scheduled eight (8) hour work day is missed (not including recognized holidays) because of inclement weather, then that missed work day may be made up at straight time on the following Saturday. It is recognized that not all employees working on a Saturday make-up day will have worked the same number of hours during the regular work week. It is further recognized that any work after forty (40) hours must be paid at time and one-half (1½). The employer may establish a 4-10's schedule on projects (4 days with 10 hours per day at straight time). In order to use the 4-10's schedule, the employer must schedule the 4-10's for a minimum of one (1) week. If using a 4-10's schedule, a Friday make-up day is allowed.

NO. 68: Means Monday through Sunday shall constitute the work week. Regular starting time shall be 8:00 a.m., with one half hour for lunch between three and one-half and five hours after starting time. The starting time may be advanced or delayed by the employer up to one hour from the regular starting time. All work performed before the advance starting time and during the half hour lunch shall be paid at the overtime rate of time and one-half (1½). Work performed outside these hours shall be paid at the overtime rate of time and one-half (1½), except as provided otherwise below. All work performed on Sundays or holidays shall be paid at the double (2) time rate. Eight (8) hours shall constitute the work day. All work performed prior to or after the regular eight (8) hour work day, as described above, and all work performed on Saturday shall be paid at time and one-half (1½) the regular rate, except as hereinafter described. In the event that a scheduled eight (8) hour work day is missed (not including recognized holidays) because of inclement weather, then that missed work day may be made up at straight time on the Saturday in the week of the pay period. It is recognized that not all employees working on a Saturday make-up day will have worked the same number of hours during the regular work week. It is further recognized that any work after forty (40) hours must be paid at time and one-half (1½). The employer may establish a 4-10's schedule on projects (4 days with 10 hours per day at straight time). In order to use the 4-10's schedule, the employer must schedule the 4-10's for a minimum of one (1) week. If using a 4-10's schedule, a Friday make-up day is allowed.

NO. 85: Means the work week shall be Monday through Sunday. Eight (8) hours shall constitute a day's work to begin between 6:00 a.m. and 9:00 a.m. and end between 2:30 p.m. to 5:30 p.m. Employees required to work during their lunch period shall receive the overtime rate. Employees shall receive time and one-half (1½) for all time they are required to work prior to their normal starting time or after eight (8) hours or normal quitting time Monday through Friday, or all day on Saturday. If an Employer has started the work week on a five day, eight hours a day schedule, and due to inclement weather misses any time, then he may switch to a nine or ten hours a day schedule, at straight time, for the remainder of that work week in order to make up for the lost time (10-hour make-up day). All work over ten (10) hours a day or over forty (40) hours a week must be paid at time & one-half (1½). Sundays and recognized holidays shall be paid at the double (2) time rate of pay. A contractor may alter the regular work week to four (4) ten (10) hour days at straight time rate of pay. To do this the scheduled 4-10's must be worked at least one full week and the regular workweek shall be Monday through Thursday with Friday being a make-up day at straight time for days missed in the regular workweek due to inclement weather. If 5-8's are being worked, Saturday may be used as a make-up day at straight time if inclement weather prevents work during the normal work week.

NO. 88: Means the regular work week shall consist of five (5) eight (8) hour days, 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except when the work week is scheduled as a 4-10's week or as a week with start time advanced or delayed as described below. The starting time may be advanced or delayed by one hour on either side of 8:00 a.m. The advanced or delayed starting time must run for a period of at least five (5) days. The Employer may establish a work week consisting of four (4) days, during the regular work week, each day consisting of ten (10) hours at straight time. The 4-10's must run for a period of at least four (4) days. Time and one-half (1½) shall be paid for any work in excess of eight (8) hours in any regular work day Monday through Friday (or ten hours in a 4-10's week), the first eight (8) hours of a Saturday, and it shall be at time and one-half (1½) for the Friday and Saturday following Thanksgiving. Double (2) time shall be paid for the following time worked on Sunday, New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Fourth of July, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day, as well as any work in excess of eight (8) hours on a Saturday and the Saturday of a three-day weekend (except the Saturday following Thanksgiving).

JACKSON COUNTY OVERTIME SCHEDULE - BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

NO. 95: Means a regular workday shall consist of eight and one-half (8½) hours elapsed time, including one-half hour for lunch. The crew starting times shall be flexible within the period of daylight to 8:00 a.m. Any work performed over ten (10) hours of elapsed time per day including one-half hour for lunch and/or any work performed over forty (40) hours at the straight time rate in one week shall be paid at time and one-half (1½) the straight time rate. Saturday shall be a voluntary make-up day at straight time at the discretion of the contractor and with the consent of the employees. Sunday and recognized holidays shall be paid for at double (2) time.

NO. 100: Means eight (8) hours shall constitute a day's work, and five (5) continuous eight-hour days shall constitute a week's work, Monday through Friday. Time and one-half (11/2) the regular hourly rate shall be paid for all work performed in excess of eight (8) hours in any one day or forty (40) hours in any one week. Starting time shall be between 6:00 a.m. and 9:00 a.m. All work over eight (8) hours in a regular 5-day 8-hour schedule shall be at the appropriate overtime rate. All time worked before the regular scheduled starting time shall be paid for at the rate of time and one-half (11/2) and shall not apply to regular shift. All time worked after eight (8) hours in any one day or after 5:30 p.m., whichever comes first, shall be paid at the time and one-half (1½) rate. An Employer, at his option, may elect to work four (4) ten (10) hour days, Monday through Thursday, at straight time. All such work must be done at least one week in duration. All work over ten (10) hours in one day or forty (40) hours in a week shall be at the overtime rate. Any employee who is scheduled to work on any regular work day but is prevented from working because of weather conditions, shall be permitted to work on Saturday (Friday if working 4-10's) as a make-up day at the straight time rate of pay. When an employee is required to work on any recognized holiday they shall receive the double (2) time rate for all time that they are required to perform work. All time worked from 12:00 Midnight Saturday to 12:00 Midnight Sunday shall be paid for at the rate of double (2) time on single shift.

JACKSON COUNTY HOLIDAY SCHEDULE – BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

- **NO. 2:** All work performed on New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Fourth of July, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, or the days observed as such, shall be paid at the double time rate of pay.
- **NO. 4:** All work done on New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Christmas Day shall be paid at the double time rate of pay. If any of the above holidays fall on Sunday, Monday will be observed as the recognized holiday. If any of the above holidays fall on Saturday, Friday will be observed as the recognized holiday.
- NO. 7: The following days are assigned days and are recognized as holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Veteran's Day, Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day. If a holiday falls on a Sunday, it shall be observed on the following Monday. If a holiday falls on a Saturday, it shall be observed on the preceding Friday. No work shall be performed on Labor Day except in case of jeopardy to work under construction. This is applied to protect Labor Day. When a holiday falls during the normal workweek, Monday through Friday, it shall be counted as eight (8) hours toward the forty (40) hour week. However, no reimbursement for this eight (8) hours is too paid to the workman unless worked. If workman are required to work the above enumerated holidays or days observed as such, or on Sunday, they shall receive double (2) the regular rate of pay for such work.
- **NO. 22:** All work performed on New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, or days locally observed as such, and Sunday shall be recognized as holidays. If a holiday falls on Saturday, Friday shall be observed; if it falls on Sunday, Monday shall be observed. All work performed on holidays shall be paid at the double (2) time rate of pay.
- NO. 32: All work performed for the Friday and Saturday following Thanksgiving shall be paid at the time and one-half (1½) rate of pay. All work performed on Sundays, New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Fourth of July, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day shall be paid at the double (2) time rate of pay. When one of the above holidays falls on Sunday, the following Monday shall be observed and when one of the above holidays falls on Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be observed.
- **NO. 33:** All work done on New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Fourth of July, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day shall be paid at the double time rate of pay. Labor Day shall be paid at the triple (3) time rate of pay. If the holiday falls on Sunday, the following Monday will be observed; if the holiday falls on Saturday, the preceding Friday will be observed.
- **NO. 39:** No work shall be done on the following holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas. Any of these holidays falling on Sunday, the following Monday shall be a holiday, and any of these holidays falling on Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be a holiday.
- **NO. 49:** The following days shall be observed as legal holidays: New Year's Day, Decoration Day, July 4th, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, Employee's birthday and two (2) personal days. The observance of one (1) of the personal days to be limited to the time between December 1 and March 1 of the following year. If any of these holidays fall on Sunday, the following Monday will be observed as the holiday and if any of these holidays fall on Saturday, the preceding Friday will be observed as the holiday. If employees work on any of these holidays they shall be paid time & one-half (1½) their regular rate of pay for all hours worked.
- **NO. 53:** All work done on New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day or days observed as such for these holidays shall be paid at the double (2) time rate of pay. No work shall be performed on Labor Day except in special cases of emergency, and then the rate of pay shall be at three (3) times the regular rate of pay. When a holiday falls on a Sunday, the following Monday shall be observed as the holiday. When a holiday falls on Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be observed as the holiday.
- **NO. 54:** All work performed on New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Veteran's Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday after Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day shall be paid at the double (2) time rate of pay. When a holiday falls on Saturday, it shall be observed on Friday. When a holiday falls on Sunday, it shall be observed on Monday.

JACKSON COUNTY HOLIDAY SCHEDULE - BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

NO. 67: All work performed on New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Christmas Day, Fourth of July and Thanksgiving Day, from midnight to midnight, shall be paid for at the rate of double time (2) the basic rate of pay if required to work in addition to any other pay otherwise required hereunder as holiday pay. Positively no work shall be performed on Labor Day. Martin Luther King's Birthday, Veteran's Day, and the day after Thanksgiving Day shall be considered optional holidays, and if the Employer and employees agree that work will be performed on that day, no premium pay will be required. Should any of the above holidays fall on Saturday, the holiday will be observed on Friday. Should any of the above holidays fall on Sunday, the holiday will be observed on Monday.

NO. 68: All work performed on New Year's Day, Decoration Day (Memorial Day), Independence Day (Fourth of July), Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, or days observed as such, shall be paid at the rate of double (2) time. When a holiday falls on a Saturday, Friday shall be observed. When a holiday falls on a Sunday, Monday shall be observed. No work shall be performed on the Fourth of July or Labor Day except to save life or property. Where one of the holidays specified falls or is observed during the work week, then all work performed over and above thirty-two (32) hours in that week shall be paid at the rate of time and one-half (1½).

NO. 72: All work performed on New Year's Day, Memorial Day (last Monday in May), Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day shall be paid for at double (2) the regular straight time rate of pay. Any one of the above listed holidays falling on Sunday shall be observed on the following Monday and paid for at double (2) the regular straight time rate of pay, if worked. Any one of the above listed holidays falling on Saturday shall be observed on the prior Friday and paid for at double (2) the regular straight time rate of pay, if worked. No work shall be performed on Labor Day except in case of emergency.

Heavy Construction Rates for JACKSON County

REPLACEMENT PAGE

Section 048

		Basic	Over-		
OCCUPATIONAL TITLE	* Date of	Hourly	Time	Holiday	Total Fringe Benefits
	Increase	Rates	Schedule	Schedule	_
CARPENTER					
Journeymen		\$33.70	1	17	\$14.35
Millwright		\$33.70	1	17	\$14.35
Pile Driver Worker		\$33.70	1	17	\$14.35
OPERATING ENGINEER					***************************************
Group I	6/11	\$32.33	3	2	\$13.88
Group II	6/11	\$31.29	3	2	\$13.88
Group III	6/11	\$31.29	3	2	\$13.88
Group IV	6/11	\$26.82	3	2	\$13.88
Oiler-Driver	6/11	\$30.17	3	2	\$13.88
CEMENT MASON		\$28.84	3	2	\$13.63
LABORER					
General Laborer	6/11	\$26.64	3	2	\$12.49
Skilled Laborer	6/11	\$27.85	3	2	\$12.49
TRUCK DRIVER-TEAMSTER					
Group I	6/11	\$29.19	3	2	\$11.65
Group II	6/11	\$29.19	3	2	\$11.65
Group III	6/11	\$29.19	3	2	\$11.65
Group IV	6/11	\$29.19	3	2	\$11.65

Use Heavy Construction Rates on Highway and Heavy construction in accordance with the classifications of construction work established in 8 CSR 30-3.040(3).

Use Building Construction Rates on Building construction in accordance with the classifications of construction work established in 8 CSR 30-3.040(2).

If a worker is performing work on a heavy construction project within an occupational title that is not listed on the Heavy Construction Rate Sheet, use the rate for that occupational title as shown on the Building Construction Rate sheet.

JACKSON COUNTY OVERTIME SCHEDULE – HEAVY CONSTRUCTION

FED: Minimum requirement per Fair Labor Standards Act means time and one-half (1 ½) shall be paid for all work in excess of forty (40) hours per work week.

NO. 1: Means (8) hours shall constitute the regular work day between time that may be advanced or delayed by two (2) hours on either side of 8:00 AM. The Employer may establish a work week consisting of four (4) days, Monday through Thursday, each day consisting of ten (10) hours straight time. The four (4) tens (10s) must run for a period of at least four (4) days, Monday through Thursday. All work on Friday on a four (4) tens (10) project will be paid at the rate of time and one-half (1½). All work performed on Saturday shall be paid at time and one-half (1½). All work performed on Sundays and recognized holidays must be paid at double (2) time. All work performed prior to or after the regular eight (8) hour work day, or ten (10) hour work day, as described above shall be paid at time and one-half (1½) the regular rate.

NO. 3: Means a regular work week shall consist of not more than forty (40) hours of work and all work performed over and above ten (10) hours per day or forty (40) hours per week shall be paid at the rate of time & one-half (1½). Workers shall receive time and one-half (1½) for all work performed on Sundays and recognized holidays. Double (2) time shall be paid for work performed on Sundays or recognized holidays when and only if any other craft employees of the same employer at work on that same job site are receiving double (2) time pay for that Sunday or Holiday work. A work day is to begin between 6:00 a.m. and 9:00 a.m. at the option of the Employer except when inclement weather or other conditions beyond the reasonable control of the Employer prevents work, in which event, the starting time may be delayed, but not later than 12:00 noon. Where one of the recognized holidays falls or is observed during the work week, then all work performed over and above thirty-two (32) hours in that week shall be paid at the rate of time and one-half (1½).

JACKSON COUNTY HOLIDAY SCHEDULE – HEAVY CONSTRUCTION

NO. 2: All work performed on New Year's Day, Decoration Day (Memorial Day), Independence Day (Fourth of July), Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day, or days observed as such, and Sundays shall be paid at the rate of time and one-half (1½). Double (2) time shall be paid for work on Sundays or recognized holidays when and only if other craft employees of the same employer at work on that same job site are receiving double (2) time pay for that Sunday or holiday work. No work shall be performed on Labor Day, except in case of jeopardy of life or property. This rule is applied to protect Labor Day. When one of the above holidays falls on a Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be observed; when the holiday falls on a Sunday, the following Monday shall be observed. Where one of the specified holidays falls or is observed during the work week, then all work performed over and above thirty-two (32) hours in that week shall be paid at the rate of time and one-half (1½).

NO. 17: All work performed on New Year's Day, Decoration Day (Memorial Day), Independence Day (Fourth of July), Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, or days observed as such, shall be paid at the rate of double (2) time. When a holiday falls on a Saturday, Friday shall be observed. When a holiday falls on a Sunday, Monday shall be observed. No work shall be performed on the Fourth of July or Labor Day except to save life or property. Where one of the holidays specified falls or is observed during the work week, then all work performed over and above thirty-two (32) hours in that week shall be paid at the rate of time and one-half (1½).

OUTSIDE ELECTRICIAN

These rates are to be used for the following counties:

Bates, Benton, Carroll, Cass, Clay, Henry, Jackson, Johnson, Lafayette, Pettis, Platte, Ray and Saline

COMMERCIAL WORK

Occupational Title	Basic	Total
	Hourly	Fringe
	Rate	Benefits
Journeyman Lineman	\$38.40	\$5.00 + 34.5%
Lineman Operator	\$35.82	\$5.00 + 34.5%
Groundman	\$25.44	\$5.00 + 34.5%

UTILITY WORK

Occupational Title	Basic	Total
	Hourly	Fringe
	Rate	Benefits
Journeyman Lineman	\$36.53	\$5.00 + 34.5%
Lineman Operator	\$33.76	\$5.00 + 34.5%
Groundman	\$23.54	\$5.00 + 34.5%

OVERTIME RATE: Eight (8) hours of work between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. shall constitute a work day. Forty (40) hours within the five (5) days, Monday through Friday inclusive, shall constitute the work week. Starting time may be adjusted not to exceed two (2) hours. Work performed outside of the aforementioned will be paid at the applicable overtime rate. When starting time has been adjusted, all other provisions concerning the work day shall be adjusted accordingly. The overtime rate of pay shall be one and one-half (1½) times the regular rate of wages, other than on Sundays, holidays and from Midnight until 6:00 a.m., which will be paid at double (2) the straight time rate.

HOLIDAY RATE: Work performed on New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Fourth of July, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, or days celebrated as such, shall be paid at the double time rate of pay. If the holiday falls on Saturday, it will be observed on Friday; if the holiday falls on Sunday, it will be observed on Monday, and shall be paid for at double (2) the regular straight time rate of pay.

Issued For Construction October 19, 2012

102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

CONTRACT AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT, is made and entered into by ar	nd between,	Jackso	n Co	unty	∕, Mi	ssouri, P	arty of	f the
First Part and hereinafter called the Owner, and								a
		F	arty	of	the	Second	Part	and
hereinafter called the Contractor,		_	•					

WITNESSETH

<u>THAT WHEREAS</u>, in accordance with law, the Owner has caused contract documents to be prepared and an Advertisement calling for bids to be published for and in connection with Jackson County Project: – *Jackson County Historic Truman Courthouse Interior Renovations, County Project Number: 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012.*

<u>WHEREAS</u>, the Contractor, in response to the Advertisement, has submitted to the Owner, in the manner and at the time specified, a sealed Bid in accordance with the terms of the Advertisement, and

<u>WHEREAS</u>, the Owner, in the manner prescribed by law, has opened, examined, and canvassed the Bid submitted, and has determined the aforesaid Contractor to be the lowest and best bidder for the work and has duly awarded to the said Contractor, a contract therefor, for the sum or sums named in the Contractor's Bid and accepted alternates, a copy thereof being attached to and made a part of this contract.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the compensation to be paid to the Contractor and of the mutual agreements herein contained, the parties to these presents have agreed and hereby agree, the Owner for itself and its successors, and the Contractor for itself, himself, or themselves, and its, his, or their successors and assigns, and its, his, or their executors and administrators, as follows:

ARTICLE I. That the Contractor shall: (a) furnish all tools, equipment, supplies, superintendence, transportation, and other construction accessories, services, and facilities; (b) furnish all materials, supplies, and equipment specified and required to be incorporated in and form a permanent part of the completed work; (c) provide and perform all necessary labor; and (d) in a good, substantial, and workmanlike manner and in accordance with the requirements, stipulations, provisions, and conditions of the contract documents as defined in the attached AIA Document 201 General Conditions, Special Conditions of the Contract, Summary of General Requirements, and Technical Specifications, said documents forming the contract and being as fully a part thereof as if repeated verbatim herein, perform, execute, construct and complete all work included in and covered by the Owner's official award of this contract to the said Contractor, such award being based on the acceptance of the Owner of the Contractor's Proposal.

Jackson County Historic Truman Courthouse
Issued For Construction
October 19, 2012
102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050
County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

ARTICLE II. That the Owner shall pay to the Contractor for the performance of the work embraced in this contract, and the Contractor will accept as full compensation therefore, the sum (subject to adjustment as provided by the contract) of (\$\)

for all work covered by and included in the contract award and designated in the foregoing Article I; payment thereof to be made in cash or its equivalent, in the manner provided in the General Conditions.

<u>ARTICLE III</u>. That the Contractor shall start work within seven (7) days following the date stipulated in a written order from the Owner to proceed with the work to be performed hereunder, and that the Contractor shall complete the work within the number of days, after the authorized starting date, stipulated in the attached Bid.

ARTICLE IV. That the Contractor expressly warrants that he has employed no third person to solicit or obtain this contract in his behalf, or to cause or produce the same to be obtained upon compensation in any way contingent, in whole or in part, upon such procurement; and that he has not paid, or promised or agreed to pay, to any third person, in consideration of such procurement, or in compensation for services in connection therewith any brokerage, commission, or percentage upon the amount receivable by him here-under; and that he has not, in estimating the contract price demanded by him, included any sum by reason of any such brokerage, commission, or percentage, and that all monies payable to him hereunder are free from obligation of any other person for services rendered, or supposed to have been rendered, in the procurement of this contract. He further agrees that any breach of this warranty shall constitute adequate cause for the annulment of this contract by the Owner and that the Owner may retain to its own use from any sums due or to become due hereunder an amount equal to any brokerage, commission, or percentage so paid, or agreed to be paid.

The Owner agrees to pay the Contractor in the manner and in the amount provided in the said specifications and bid.

Issued For Construction October 19, 2012 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

CONTRACT AGREEMENT (continued)

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Jackson County, Moof _,these presents to be exe	cuted in its behalf by its duly authorized agent,
and the said Party of the Second Part has her	reunto set its hand and seal.
Recommended by:	
Fred Siems Acting Director of Public Works	Date
Michael D. Sanders County Executive	Date
Approved to form this day of	, 20
County Counselor	
Attest: Clerk of the Legislature	
Ву:	Second Party
Attest:	

executed by the Contractor and Surety;

Issued For Construction October 19, 2012

PERFORMANCE BOND

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that we, Legal Name of Contracting Firm of _______, hereinafter referred to as City and State "Contractor," and Name of Surety a corporation organized under the laws of the State of and authorized to transact business in the State of Missouri, as "Surety," are held and firmly bound unto the County of Jackson, Missouri, hereinafter referred to as "Owner," in the penal sum of for the payment of which sum, well and truly to be made to the Owner, we bind ourselves and our heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns, jointly and severally, by these presents: WHEREAS, on the _____ day of _____, 20____, the Contractor entered into a written contract with the Owner for furnishing materials, supplies, and equipment not furnished by the Owner, construction tools, equipment plant and the performance of all necessary labor, for and in connection with the construction of certain improvements described in the attached contract documents; and WHEREAS, the contract requires payment of all wages in conformance with the official schedule of wage rates and determined by the Industrial Commission of Missouri for the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations, and compliance with the prevailing wage law of the State of Missouri, Revised Statutes of Missouri, Sections 290.210 to 290.340, including the latest amendments thereto. WHEREAS, it was a condition of the contract award by the Owner that these presents be

NOW THEREFORE, if the Contractor shall, in all particulars, well, duly, and faithfully observe, perform, and abide by each and every covenant, condition and part of the said contract and the conditions, specifications, drawings, and other contract documents thereto attached, or by reference made a part thereof, according to the true intent and meaning in each case, then this obligation shall be null and void; otherwise, it shall remain in full force and effect.

PERFORMANCE BOND 00601 - 1 Jackson County Historic Truman Courthouse
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Issued For Construction October 19, 2012

102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

PERFORMANCE BOND (continued)

PROVIDED FURTHER, that if the Contractor shall fail to pay all just claims and demands by or in behalf of any employee or other persons, or any firm, association, or corporation for labor performed, or materials, supplies, or equipment furnished, used, or consumed by the Contractor or his subcontractors in the performance of the work, then the Surety will pay the full value of all such claims or demands in any total amount not exceeding the amount of this obligation, together with interest as provided by law.

THE UNDERSIGNED SURETY, for value received, hereby agrees that no extension of time, change in, addition to, or other modification of the terms of the contract or work to be performed thereunder; or of the specifications or other contract documents, shall in any way affect its obligation on this bond and the Surety hereby waives notice of any such extension of time, change, addition, or modification.

		ctor has hereunto set his hand, and the its name and its corporate seal, to be	
on this, the	day of		
		Contractor	(SEAL)
		Ву:	
		Surety Company	
		By:	(SEAL)
		By: Missouri Agent	

(Accompany this bond with attorney-in-fact's authority from the Surety Company certified to include the date of the bond.)

102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050

REVENUE CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that there is a balance o	therwise unencumbered to the credit of the
appropriation to which this contract is o	chargeable, and a cash balance otherwise
unencumbered in the treasury from which pay	ment is to be made, each sufficient to meet the
obligation of \$, which is hereby authorized.
	Manager, Division of Finance
	Manager, Division of Finance
ACCOUNT NUMBER TO BE CHARGED:	
FMS CONTRACT NUMBER ASSIGNED TO T	THIS CONTRACT:

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Under the laws of the State of Missouri, any changes made in this contract must be made in writing, approved of record by the County Legislature, Certified by the Manager, Division of Finance, and all made a matter of record before the County is liable therefore.

> Manager, Division of Finance Jackson County, Missouri

Jackson County Historic Truman Courthouse Interior Renovations 102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050 Issued For Construction October 19, 2012 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

SALES TAX EXEMPTION

Jackson County, Missouri is an exempt entity under 144.062, Revised Statutes of Missouri, and the purchase of tangible personal property and materials to be incorporated into or consumed in the construction of this project, can be made on a tax exempt basis as provided in that statute.

Jackson County will issue an exemption certificate to the contractor along with the contract. Sales tax paid due to the contractor's or any subcontractor's failure to take advantage of the county's tax exempt status, will not be included in the contractor's invoice to the Owner.

Page ST-2 is the current exemption from the state of Missouri, issued to Jackson County and is included for information only.

Page ST-3 is a copy of the "Missouri Project Exception Certificate" which will be issued to the contractor and subcontractors working on the same project.

Issued For Construction October 19, 2012

State of Missouri

EXEMPTION FROM MISSOURI SALES AND USE TAX ON PURCHASES

ISSUED TO:

MISSOURI TAX I.D. NUMBER: 13643347

COUNTY OF JACKSON 415 E 12TH ST RM G-1 KANSAS CITY, MO 64106-2706

> EFFECTIVE DATE: 07/11/2002 EXPIRATION DATE: Non-Expiring

YOUR APPLICATION FOR SALES/USE TAX EXEMPT STATUS HAS BEEN APPROVED PURSUANT TO CHAPTER 144.303.1, RSMo. THIS LETTER IS ISSUED AS DOCUMENTATION OF YOUR EXEMPT STATUS.

PURCHASES BY YOUR AGENCY ARE NOT SUBJECT TO SALES OR USE TAX IF WITHIN THE CONDUCT OF YOUR AGENCY'S EXEMPT FUNCTIONS & ACTIVITIES. WHEN PURCHASING WITH THIS EXEMPTION, FURNISH ALL SELLERS OR VENDORS A COPY OF THIS LETTER. THIS EXEMPTION MAY NOT BE USED BY INDIVIDUALS MAKING PERSONAL PURCHASES.

A CONTRACTOR MAY PURCHASE AND PAY FOR CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS EXEMPT FROM SALES TAX WHEN FURFILLING A CONTRACT WITH YOUR AGENCY ONLY IF YOU AGENCY ISSUES A PROJECT EXEMPTION CERTIFICATE AND THE CONTRACTOR MAKES PURCHASES IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 144.062, RSMo.

SALES BY YOUR AGENCY ARE SUBJECT TO ALL APPLICABLE STATE AND LOCAL SALES TAXES. IF YOU ENGAGE IN THE BUSINESS OF SELLING TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY OR TAXABLE SERVICES AT RETAIL, YOU MUST OBTAIN A MISSOURI RETAIL SALES LICENSE AND COLLECT AND REMIT SALES TAX.

A CONTRACTOR MAY PURCHASE AND PAY FOR CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS EXEMPT FROM SALES TAX WHEN FULFILLING A CONTRACT WITH YOUR GOVERNMENTAL AGENCY ONLY IF YOUR GOVERNMENTAL AGENCY ISSUES A PROJECT EXEMPTION CERTIFICATE AND THE CONTRACTOR MAKES PURCHASES IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF SECTION 144.062, RSMO.

THIS IS A CONTINUING EXEMPTION SUBJECT TO LEGISLATIVE CHANGES AND REVIEW BY THE DIRECTOR OF REVENUE. IF IT IS DETERMINED THAT YOUR AGENCY CEASES TO QUALIFY AS AN EXEMPT ENTITY, THIS EXEMPTION WILL CEASE TO BE VALID. THIS EXEMPTION IS NOT ASSIGNABLE OR TRANSFERRABLE. IT IS AN EXEMPTION FROM SALES AND USE TAXES ONLY AND IS NOT AN EXEMPTION FROM REAL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX.

ANY ALTERATION TO THIS EXEMPTION LETTER RENDERS IT INVALID.

IF YOU HAVE ANY OUESTIONS REGARDING THE USE OF THIS LETTER. PLEASE CONTACT THE SALES/USE TAX SECTION, MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, P.O. BOX 3300, EFFERSON CITY, MO 65105-0840, PHONE 573-751-2836.

Issued For Construction October 19, 2012

102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

MISSOURI PROJECT EXEMPTION CERTIFICATE

Authorization For Purchasing Construction Materials for Tax Exempt Project

(The Form and Content of this Exemption Certificate have been approved by the Missouri Department of Revenue)

<u>EXEMPT ENTITY ISSUING CERTIFIC</u>	<u>AIE</u>
Name: <u>Jackson County, Missouri</u>	
Address: 415 E. 12th Street RM G-1	
City/State/Zip: Kansas City, MO 64106	
MO Tax Exempt I.D.#: <u>13643347</u>	Letter Expiration Date: 07/31/2012
Contract Date:	Certificate Expiration Date: Non-Expiring
Project # Assigned: <u>3147</u>	Revised Expiration Date:
Project Description: <u>Jackson County Historic T</u>	Truman Courthouse Interior Renovations
Project Location: <u>Jackson County, Mis</u>	souri_
Estimated Project Completion Date:	
Auth. Signature:	Date:
The Missouri exempt entity named above hereby authorizes the pu consumed in the construction of the project identified herein and no o PURCHASING CONTRACTOR OR SUB	•
Name:	
Address:	
City/State/Zip:	
	RUCTIONS

EXEMPT ENTITY - A signed copy of this certificate, along with your MO Tax Exemption Letter, must be furnished to each contractor and/or subcontractor who will be purchasing tangible personal property for use in the project. It is the exempt entity's responsibility to ensure the validity of the certificate. You must issue a certificate with a Revised Expiration Date if purchases will be required to complete the project beyond the original Project Exemption Certificate Expiration Date.

CONTRACTOR OR SUBCONTRACTOR - The contractor shall furnish a completed copy of this exemption certificate, along with a copy of the exempt entity's MO Tax Exemption Letter, to all subcontractors, and any contractor or subcontractor purchasing materials shall present copies of such documents to all material suppliers as authorization to purchase, on behalf of the exempt entity, all tangible personal property and materials to be incorporated or consumed in the construction of that project and no other on a tax-exempt basis. A copy of each certificate must be retained by the purchaser for a period of five years.

MATERIAL SUPPLIES - A completed copy of this exemption certificate, along with the MO Tax Exemption Letter of the exempt entity contracting for the project, must be obtained from the contractor or subcontractor making purchases of tangible personal property for use in the project, and retained for audit purposes. Invoices issued for such purchases must reflect the name of the exempt entity and the project number assigned by the exempt entity shown above.

Issued For Construction October 19, 2012 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

GENERAL CONDITIONS

SCOPE OF WORK

The work included under this contract consists of furnishing all items, materials, operations, or methods listed, mentioned, indicated or scheduled on the Drawings and/or in the Specifications, including all labor, materials, equipment, transportation, temporary facilities, services and incidentals necessary and required for construction and completion of project named in title page in accordance with contract documents.

FORM OF SPECIFICATIONS

- A. General Conditions of the Contract, Supplementary General Conditions, and Special Conditions of the Contract apply to every Division (1 through 33) of the Specifications.
- B. These specifications are of abbreviated form and contain incomplete sentences. Omissions of words or phrases such as "the Contractor shall," "shall be," "as noted on the drawings," "according to the drawings," "a," "an," "the," and "all" are intentional. Omitted words and phrases shall be supplied by inference in the same manner as they are when a "note" occurs on the drawings.
- C. All specification instructions are directed to the Contractor, and inclusion of any work by mention, note, or itemization, however brief, implies Contractor shall provide same, unless specifically directed otherwise. Where specific Contractor is named, he shall be responsible for and provide work so designated.
- D. In specifying an item by manufacturer's name and/or catalog number, unless specifically stated otherwise, such item shall be provided with all standard devices and accessories indicated in latest edition of manufacturer's catalog or brochure published at date of invitation to bid; such item shall be complete with component parts necessary for obviously intended use and installation, whether or not description or catalog number contains all supplemental information and/or numbers of such components.
- E. As a condition of eligibility to bid for or perform work on any Jackson County construction project funded in whole or in part by the County, producers or suppliers of dirt, sand, rock, asphalt, fly ash and/or concrete must pay their delivery employees no less than the prevailing rate of wages for work associated with the county construction project, as defined by section 290.210(5), RSMo, and the occupational titles listed in 8 CSR 30-3.060(Z). Wage rates for delivery employees shall be derived from the Missouri Annual Wage Order incorporated into the bid for the construction work. Delivery employees are covered under this section when delivering from an off-site location or a designated site location to the work site as outlined under 8 CSR-30-3.020(1) and (2). This section shall not apply to owners/operators of trucks hauling millings or delivering asphalt on a County construction project.

Jackson County Historic Truman Courthouse
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EXTRA WORK

- A. The term "extra work" as used in this contract, shall be understood to mean and to include all work that may be required by the Engineer-Architect or Owner to be performed by the Contractor to accomplish any change or alterations in, or addition to, the work shown by the contract plans, or required or reasonably implied by the specifications, which is not covered by the proposal and not otherwise provided under "Modifications and Alterations" herein. It is agreed that the Contractor shall perform all extra work under the direction of the Engineer/Architect, when and as so ordered in writing by the Engineer/Architect or Owner. When such extra work is ordered, it shall be paid for either by a lump sum or by unit prices mutually agreed upon by the Owner and Contractor in writing, or if such agreement cannot be made, on a force account basis, to be compensated in the following manner:
- 1. Labor. For all labor and foreman in direct charge of the specific operations, the Contractor shall receive the rate of wage (or scale) agreed upon in writing before beginning work for each and every hour that said labor and foreman are actually engaged in such work.
 - The Contractor shall receive the actual costs paid to, or in behalf of, workmen by reason of subsistence and travel allowances, health and welfare benefits, pension fund benefits or other benefits, when such amounts are required by collective bargaining agreement or other employment contract generally applicable to the classes of labor employed on the work.
 - An amount equal to 20 percent of the sum of the above items will also be paid the Contractor.
- 2. Bond. Insurance and Tax. For property damage, liability, and workmen's compensation insurance premiums, unemployment insurance contributions and social security taxes on the force account work, the Contractor shall receive the actual cost, to which cost six percent will be added. The Contractor shall furnish satisfactory evidence of the rates paid for such bond, insurance, and tax.
- 3. Materials. For materials accepted by the Engineer/Architect and used, the Contractor shall receive the actual cost of such materials delivered on the work, including transportation charges paid by him (exclusive of machinery rentals as hereinafter set forth), to which cost 15 percent will be added.
- 4. Equipment. For any machinery or special equipment (other than small tools) including fuel and lubricants, plus transportation costs, the use of which has been authorized by the Engineer-Architect, the Contractor shall receive the rental rates agreed upon in writing before such work is begun for the actual time that such equipment is in operation on the work, to which rental sum 15 percent will be added.
- 5. Miscellaneous. No additional allowance will be made for general superintendent, the use of small tools, or other costs for which no specific allowance is herein provided.
- 6. Compensation. The Contractor's representative and the Engineer-Architect shall compare records of the cost of work done as ordered on a force account basis.

- 7. Statements. No payment will be made for work performed on a force account basis until the Contractor has furnished the Engineer-Architect with duplicate itemized statements of the cost of such force account work detailed as follows:
 - a) Name, classification, date, daily hours, total hours rate, and extension for each laborer and foreman.
 - b) Designation, dates, daily hours, total hours, rental rate, and extension for each unit of machinery and equipment.
 - c) Quantities of materials, prices, and extensions.
 - d) Transportation of materials.
 - e) Cost of property damage, liability and workmen's compensation insurance premiums, unemployment insurance contributions, and social security tax.
 - f) Statements shall be accompanied and supported by received invoices for all materials used and transportation charges. However, if materials used on the force account work are not specifically purchased for such work but are taken from the Contractor's stock, then in lieu of the invoices the Contractor shall furnish an affidavit certifying that such materials were taken from his stock, that the quantity claimed was actually used, and that the price and transportation claimed represent the actual cost to the Contractor.
- B. The Contractor shall not begin any work for which price payments under classifications are not provided in the contract without first bringing the matter to the attention of the Engineer Architect and no bills or charges for "Extra Work" will be allowed except for that ordered in writing before its execution.

AIA GENERAL CONDITIONS

AIA Document A201 "General Conditions of the Contract for Construction", 2007 Edition, 15 Articles, hereinafter referred to as "AIA General Conditions," is hereby made a part of these specifications. Contractor shall consult this document and become intimately familiar with its contents before submitting his bid.

END OF SECTION

General Conditions of the Contract for Construction

for the following PROJECT:

(Name and location or address)

THE OWNER:

(Name and address)

THE ARCHITECT:

(Name and address)

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- 12 UNCOVERING AND CORRECTION OF WORK
- 13 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS
- 14 TERMINATION OR SUSPENSION OF THE CONTRACT
- 15 CLAIMS AND DISPUTES

ADDITIONS AND DELETIONS:

The author of this document has added information needed for its completion. The author may also have revised the text of the original AIA standard form. An Additions and Deletions Report that notes added information as well as revisions to the standard form text is available from the author and should be reviewed. A vertical line in the left margin of this document indicates where the author has added necessary information and where the author has added to or deleted from the original AIA text.

This document has important legal consequences. Consultation with an attorney is encouraged with respect to its completion or modification.

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ARTICLE 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS

§ 1.1 BASIC DEFINITIONS

§ 1.1.1 THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

The Contract Documents are enumerated in the Agreement between the Owner and Contractor (hereinafter the Agreement) and consist of the Agreement, Conditions of the Contract (General, Supplementary and other Conditions), Drawings, Specifications, Addenda issued prior to execution of the Contract, other documents listed in the Agreement and Modifications issued after execution of the Contract. A Modification is (1) a written amendment to the Contract signed by both parties, (2) a Change Order, (3) a Construction Change Directive or (4) a written order for a minor change in the Work issued by the Architect. Unless specifically enumerated in the Agreement, the Contract Documents do not include the advertisement or invitation to bid, Instructions to Bidders, sample forms, other information furnished by the Owner in anticipation of receiving bids or proposals, the Contractor's bid or proposal, or portions of Addenda relating to bidding requirements.

§ 1.1.2 THE CONTRACT

The Contract Documents form the Contract for Construction. The Contract represents the entire and integrated agreement between the parties hereto and supersedes prior negotiations, representations or agreements, either written or oral. The Contract may be amended or modified only by a Modification. The Contract Documents shall not be construed to create a contractual relationship of any kind (1) between the Contractor and the Architect or the Architect's consultants, (2) between the Owner and a Subcontractor or a Sub-subcontractor, (3) between the Owner and the Architect or the Architect's consultants or (4) between any persons or entities other than the Owner and the Contractor. The Architect shall, however, be entitled to performance and enforcement of obligations under the Contract intended to facilitate performance of the Architect's duties.

§ 1.1.3 THE WORK

The term "Work" means the construction and services required by the Contract Documents, whether completed or partially completed, and includes all other labor, materials, equipment and services provided or to be provided by the Contractor to fulfill the Contractor's obligations. The Work may constitute the whole or a part of the Project.

§ 1.1.4 THE PROJECT

The Project is the total construction of which the Work performed under the Contract Documents may be the whole or a part and which may include construction by the Owner and by separate contractors.

§ 1.1.5 THE DRAWINGS

The Drawings are the graphic and pictorial portions of the Contract Documents showing the design, location and dimensions of the Work, generally including plans, elevations, sections, details, schedules and diagrams.

§ 1.1.6 THE SPECIFICATIONS

The Specifications are that portion of the Contract Documents consisting of the written requirements for materials, equipment, systems, standards and workmanship for the Work, and performance of related services.

§ 1.1.7 INSTRUMENTS OF SERVICE

Instruments of Service are representations, in any medium of expression now known or later developed, of the tangible and intangible creative work performed by the Architect and the Architect's consultants under their respective professional services agreements. Instruments of Service may include, without limitation, studies, surveys, models, sketches, drawings, specifications, and other similar materials.

§ 1.1.8 INITIAL DECISION MAKER

The Initial Decision Maker is the person identified in the Agreement to render initial decisions on Claims in accordance with Section 15.2 and certify termination of the Agreement under Section 14.2.2.

§ 1.2 CORRELATION AND INTENT OF THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

§ 1.2.1 The intent of the Contract Documents is to include all items necessary for the proper execution and completion of the Work by the Contractor. The Contract Documents are complementary, and what is required by one shall be as binding as if required by all; performance by the Contractor shall be required only to the extent consistent with the Contract Documents and reasonably inferable from them as being necessary to produce the indicated results.

- § 1.2.2 Organization of the Specifications into divisions, sections and articles, and arrangement of Drawings shall not control the Contractor in dividing the Work among Subcontractors or in establishing the extent of Work to be performed by any trade.
- § 1.2.3 Unless otherwise stated in the Contract Documents, words that have well-known technical or construction industry meanings are used in the Contract Documents in accordance with such recognized meanings.

§ 1.3 CAPITALIZATION

Terms capitalized in these General Conditions include those that are (1) specifically defined, (2) the titles of numbered articles or (3) the titles of other documents published by the American Institute of Architects.

§ 1.4 INTERPRETATION

In the interest of brevity the Contract Documents frequently omit modifying words such as "all" and "any" and articles such as "the" and "an," but the fact that a modifier or an article is absent from one statement and appears in another is not intended to affect the interpretation of either statement.

§ 1.5 OWNERSHIP AND USE OF DRAWINGS, SPECIFICATIONS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS OF SERVICE

- § 1.5.1 The Architect and the Architect's consultants shall be deemed the authors and owners of their respective Instruments of Service, including the Drawings and Specifications, and will retain all common law, statutory and other reserved rights, including copyrights. The Contractor, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, and material or equipment suppliers shall not own or claim a copyright in the Instruments of Service. Submittal or distribution to meet official regulatory requirements or for other purposes in connection with this Project is not to be construed as publication in derogation of the Architect's or Architect's consultants' reserved rights.
- § 1.5.2 The Contractor, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors and material or equipment suppliers are authorized to use and reproduce the Instruments of Service provided to them solely and exclusively for execution of the Work. All copies made under this authorization shall bear the copyright notice, if any, shown on the Instruments of Service. The Contractor, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, and material or equipment suppliers may not use the Instruments of Service on other projects or for additions to this Project outside the scope of the Work without the specific written consent of the Owner, Architect and the Architect's consultants.

§ 1.6 TRANSMISSION OF DATA IN DIGITAL FORM

If the parties intend to transmit Instruments of Service or any other information or documentation in digital form, they shall endeavor to establish necessary protocols governing such transmissions, unless otherwise already provided in the Agreement or the Contract Documents.

ARTICLE 2 OWNER § 2.1 GENERAL

- § 2.1.1 The Owner is the person or entity identified as such in the Agreement and is referred to throughout the Contract Documents as if singular in number. The Owner shall designate in writing a representative who shall have express authority to bind the Owner with respect to all matters requiring the Owner's approval or authorization. Except as otherwise provided in Section 4.2.1, the Architect does not have such authority. The term "Owner" means the Owner or the Owner's authorized representative.
- § 2.1.2 The Owner shall furnish to the Contractor within fifteen days after receipt of a written request, information necessary and relevant for the Contractor to evaluate, give notice of or enforce mechanic's lien rights. Such information shall include a correct statement of the record legal title to the property on which the Project is located, usually referred to as the site, and the Owner's interest therein.

§ 2.2 INFORMATION AND SERVICES REQUIRED OF THE OWNER

§ 2.2.1 Prior to commencement of the Work, the Contractor may request in writing that the Owner provide reasonable evidence that the Owner has made financial arrangements to fulfill the Owner's obligations under the Contract. Thereafter, the Contractor may only request such evidence if (1) the Owner fails to make payments to the Contractor as the Contract Documents require; (2) a change in the Work materially changes the Contract Sum; or (3) the Contractor identifies in writing a reasonable concern regarding the Owner's ability to make payment when due. The Owner shall furnish such evidence as a condition precedent to commencement or continuation of the Work or

the portion of the Work affected by a material change. After the Owner furnishes the evidence, the Owner shall not materially vary such financial arrangements without prior notice to the Contractor.

- § 2.2.2 Except for permits and fees that are the responsibility of the Contractor under the Contract Documents, including those required under Section 3.7.1, the Owner shall secure and pay for necessary approvals, easements, assessments and charges required for construction, use or occupancy of permanent structures or for permanent changes in existing facilities.
- § 2.2.3 The Owner shall furnish surveys describing physical characteristics, legal limitations and utility locations for the site of the Project, and a legal description of the site. The Contractor shall be entitled to rely on the accuracy of information furnished by the Owner but shall exercise proper precautions relating to the safe performance of the Work.
- § 2.2.4 The Owner shall furnish information or services required of the Owner by the Contract Documents with reasonable promptness. The Owner shall also furnish any other information or services under the Owner's control and relevant to the Contractor's performance of the Work with reasonable promptness after receiving the Contractor's written request for such information or services.
- § 2.2.5 Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Owner shall furnish to the Contractor one copy of the Contract Documents for purposes of making reproductions pursuant to Section 1.5.2.

§ 2.3 OWNER'S RIGHT TO STOP THE WORK

If the Contractor fails to correct Work that is not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents as required by Section 12.2 or repeatedly fails to carry out Work in accordance with the Contract Documents, the Owner may issue a written order to the Contractor to stop the Work, or any portion thereof, until the cause for such order has been eliminated; however, the right of the Owner to stop the Work shall not give rise to a duty on the part of the Owner to exercise this right for the benefit of the Contractor or any other person or entity, except to the extent required by Section 6.1.3.

§ 2.4 OWNER'S RIGHT TO CARRY OUT THE WORK

If the Contractor defaults or neglects to carry out the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents and fails within a ten-day period after receipt of written notice from the Owner to commence and continue correction of such default or neglect with diligence and promptness, the Owner may, without prejudice to other remedies the Owner may have, correct such deficiencies. In such case an appropriate Change Order shall be issued deducting from payments then or thereafter due the Contractor the reasonable cost of correcting such deficiencies, including Owner's expenses and compensation for the Architect's additional services made necessary by such default, neglect or failure. Such action by the Owner and amounts charged to the Contractor are both subject to prior approval of the Architect. If payments then or thereafter due the Contractor are not sufficient to cover such amounts, the Contractor shall pay the difference to the Owner.

ARTICLE 3 CONTRACTOR

§ 3.1 GENERAL

- § 3.1.1 The Contractor is the person or entity identified as such in the Agreement and is referred to throughout the Contract Documents as if singular in number. The Contractor shall be lawfully licensed, if required in the jurisdiction where the Project is located. The Contractor shall designate in writing a representative who shall have express authority to bind the Contractor with respect to all matters under this Contract. The term "Contractor" means the Contractor or the Contractor's authorized representative.
- § 3.1.2 The Contractor shall perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- § 3.1.3 The Contractor shall not be relieved of obligations to perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents either by activities or duties of the Architect in the Architect's administration of the Contract, or by tests, inspections or approvals required or performed by persons or entities other than the Contractor.

§ 3.2 REVIEW OF CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND FIELD CONDITIONS BY CONTRACTOR

§ 3.2.1 Execution of the Contract by the Contractor is a representation that the Contractor has visited the site, become generally familiar with local conditions under which the Work is to be performed and correlated personal observations with requirements of the Contract Documents.

- § 3.2.2 Because the Contract Documents are complementary, the Contractor shall, before starting each portion of the Work, carefully study and compare the various Contract Documents relative to that portion of the Work, as well as the information furnished by the Owner pursuant to Section 2.2.3, shall take field measurements of any existing conditions related to that portion of the Work, and shall observe any conditions at the site affecting it. These obligations are for the purpose of facilitating coordination and construction by the Contractor and are not for the purpose of discovering errors, omissions, or inconsistencies in the Contract Documents; however, the Contractor shall promptly report to the Architect any errors, inconsistencies or omissions discovered by or made known to the Contractor as a request for information in such form as the Architect may require. It is recognized that the Contractor's review is made in the Contractor's capacity as a contractor and not as a licensed design professional, unless otherwise specifically provided in the Contract Documents.
- § 3.2.3 The Contractor is not required to ascertain that the Contract Documents are in accordance with applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, codes, rules and regulations, or lawful orders of public authorities, but the Contractor shall promptly report to the Architect any nonconformity discovered by or made known to the Contractor as a request for information in such form as the Architect may require.
- § 3.2.4 If the Contractor believes that additional cost or time is involved because of clarifications or instructions the Architect issues in response to the Contractor's notices or requests for information pursuant to Sections 3.2.2 or 3.2.3, the Contractor shall make Claims as provided in Article 15. If the Contractor fails to perform the obligations of Sections 3.2.2 or 3.2.3, the Contractor shall pay such costs and damages to the Owner as would have been avoided if the Contractor had performed such obligations. If the Contractor performs those obligations, the Contractor shall not be liable to the Owner or Architect for damages resulting from errors, inconsistencies or omissions in the Contract Documents, for differences between field measurements or conditions and the Contract Documents, or for nonconformities of the Contract Documents to applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, codes, rules and regulations, and lawful orders of public authorities.

§ 3.3 SUPERVISION AND CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES

- § 3.3.1 The Contractor shall supervise and direct the Work, using the Contractor's best skill and attention. The Contractor shall be solely responsible for, and have control over, construction means, methods, techniques, sequences and procedures and for coordinating all portions of the Work under the Contract, unless the Contract Documents give other specific instructions concerning these matters. If the Contract Documents give specific instructions concerning construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures, the Contractor shall evaluate the jobsite safety thereof and, except as stated below, shall be fully and solely responsible for the jobsite safety of such means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures. If the Contractor determines that such means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures may not be safe, the Contractor shall give timely written notice to the Owner and Architect and shall not proceed with that portion of the Work without further written instructions from the Architect. If the Contractor is then instructed to proceed with the required means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures without acceptance of changes proposed by the Contractor, the Owner shall be solely responsible for any loss or damage arising solely from those Owner-required means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures.
- § 3.3.2 The Contractor shall be responsible to the Owner for acts and omissions of the Contractor's employees, Subcontractors and their agents and employees, and other persons or entities performing portions of the Work for, or on behalf of, the Contractor or any of its Subcontractors.
- § 3.3.3 The Contractor shall be responsible for inspection of portions of Work already performed to determine that such portions are in proper condition to receive subsequent Work.

§ 3.4 LABOR AND MATERIALS

§ 3.4.1 Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall provide and pay for labor, materials, equipment, tools, construction equipment and machinery, water, heat, utilities, transportation, and other

facilities and services necessary for proper execution and completion of the Work, whether temporary or permanent and whether or not incorporated or to be incorporated in the Work.

- § 3.4.2 Except in the case of minor changes in the Work authorized by the Architect in accordance with Sections 3.12.8 or 7.4, the Contractor may make substitutions only with the consent of the Owner, after evaluation by the Architect and in accordance with a Change Order or Construction Change Directive.
- § 3.4.3 The Contractor shall enforce strict discipline and good order among the Contractor's employees and other persons carrying out the Work. The Contractor shall not permit employment of unfit persons or persons not properly skilled in tasks assigned to them.

§ 3.5 WARRANTY

The Contractor warrants to the Owner and Architect that materials and equipment furnished under the Contract will be of good quality and new unless the Contract Documents require or permit otherwise. The Contractor further warrants that the Work will conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents and will be free from defects, except for those inherent in the quality of the Work the Contract Documents require or permit. Work, materials, or equipment not conforming to these requirements may be considered defective. The Contractor's warranty excludes remedy for damage or defect caused by abuse, alterations to the Work not executed by the Contractor, improper or insufficient maintenance, improper operation, or normal wear and tear and normal usage. If required by the Architect, the Contractor shall furnish satisfactory evidence as to the kind and quality of materials and equipment.

§ 3.6 TAXES

The Contractor shall pay sales, consumer, use and similar taxes for the Work provided by the Contractor that are legally enacted when bids are received or negotiations concluded, whether or not yet effective or merely scheduled to go into effect.

§ 3.7 PERMITS, FEES, NOTICES, AND COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS

- § 3.7.1 Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall secure and pay for the building permit as well as for other permits, fees, licenses, and inspections by government agencies necessary for proper execution and completion of the Work that are customarily secured after execution of the Contract and legally required at the time bids are received or negotiations concluded.
- § 3.7.2 The Contractor shall comply with and give notices required by applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, codes, rules and regulations, and lawful orders of public authorities applicable to performance of the Work.
- § 3.7.3 If the Contractor performs Work knowing it to be contrary to applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, codes, rules and regulations, or lawful orders of public authorities, the Contractor shall assume appropriate responsibility for such Work and shall bear the costs attributable to correction.
- § 3.7.4 Concealed or Unknown Conditions. If the Contractor encounters conditions at the site that are (1) subsurface or otherwise concealed physical conditions that differ materially from those indicated in the Contract Documents or (2) unknown physical conditions of an unusual nature, that differ materially from those ordinarily found to exist and generally recognized as inherent in construction activities of the character provided for in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall promptly provide notice to the Owner and the Architect before conditions are disturbed and in no event later than 21 days after first observance of the conditions. The Architect will promptly investigate such conditions and, if the Architect determines that they differ materially and cause an increase or decrease in the Contractor's cost of, or time required for, performance of any part of the Work, will recommend an equitable adjustment in the Contract Sum or Contract Time, or both. If the Architect determines that the conditions at the site are not materially different from those indicated in the Contract Documents and that no change in the terms of the Contract is justified, the Architect shall promptly notify the Owner and Contractor in writing, stating the reasons. If either party disputes the Architect's determination or recommendation, that party may proceed as provided in Article 15.
- § 3.7.5 If, in the course of the Work, the Contractor encounters human remains or recognizes the existence of burial markers, archaeological sites or wetlands not indicated in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall immediately suspend any operations that would affect them and shall notify the Owner and Architect. Upon receipt of such notice, the Owner shall promptly take any action necessary to obtain governmental authorization required to resume

the operations. The Contractor shall continue to suspend such operations until otherwise instructed by the Owner but shall continue with all other operations that do not affect those remains or features. Requests for adjustments in the Contract Sum and Contract Time arising from the existence of such remains or features may be made as provided in Article 15.

§ 3.8 ALLOWANCES

§ 3.8.1 The Contractor shall include in the Contract Sum all allowances stated in the Contract Documents. Items covered by allowances shall be supplied for such amounts and by such persons or entities as the Owner may direct, but the Contractor shall not be required to employ persons or entities to whom the Contractor has reasonable objection.

- § 3.8.2 Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents,
 - .1 allowances shall cover the cost to the Contractor of materials and equipment delivered at the site and all required taxes, less applicable trade discounts;
 - .2 Contractor's costs for unloading and handling at the site, labor, installation costs, overhead, profit and other expenses contemplated for stated allowance amounts shall be included in the Contract Sum but not in the allowances; and
 - whenever costs are more than or less than allowances, the Contract Sum shall be adjusted accordingly by Change Order. The amount of the Change Order shall reflect (1) the difference between actual costs and the allowances under Section 3.8.2.1 and (2) changes in Contractor's costs under Section 3.8.2.2.
- § 3.8.3 Materials and equipment under an allowance shall be selected by the Owner with reasonable promptness.

§ 3.9 SUPERINTENDENT

- § 3.9.1 The Contractor shall employ a competent superintendent and necessary assistants who shall be in attendance at the Project site during performance of the Work. The superintendent shall represent the Contractor, and communications given to the superintendent shall be as binding as if given to the Contractor.
- § 3.9.2 The Contractor, as soon as practicable after award of the Contract, shall furnish in writing to the Owner through the Architect the name and qualifications of a proposed superintendent. The Architect may reply within 14 days to the Contractor in writing stating (1) whether the Owner or the Architect has reasonable objection to the proposed superintendent or (2) that the Architect requires additional time to review. Failure of the Architect to reply within the 14 day period shall constitute notice of no reasonable objection.
- § 3.9.3 The Contractor shall not employ a proposed superintendent to whom the Owner or Architect has made reasonable and timely objection. The Contractor shall not change the superintendent without the Owner's consent, which shall not unreasonably be withheld or delayed.

§ 3.10 CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULES

- § 3.10.1 The Contractor, promptly after being awarded the Contract, shall prepare and submit for the Owner's and Architect's information a Contractor's construction schedule for the Work. The schedule shall not exceed time limits current under the Contract Documents, shall be revised at appropriate intervals as required by the conditions of the Work and Project, shall be related to the entire Project to the extent required by the Contract Documents, and shall provide for expeditious and practicable execution of the Work.
- § 3.10.2 The Contractor shall prepare a submittal schedule, promptly after being awarded the Contract and thereafter as necessary to maintain a current submittal schedule, and shall submit the schedule(s) for the Architect's approval. The Architect's approval shall not unreasonably be delayed or withheld. The submittal schedule shall (1) be coordinated with the Contractor's construction schedule, and (2) allow the Architect reasonable time to review submittals. If the Contractor fails to submit a submittal schedule, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any increase in Contract Sum or extension of Contract Time based on the time required for review of submittals.
- § 3.10.3 The Contractor shall perform the Work in general accordance with the most recent schedules submitted to the Owner and Architect.

§ 3.11 DOCUMENTS AND SAMPLES AT THE SITE

The Contractor shall maintain at the site for the Owner one copy of the Drawings, Specifications, Addenda, Change Orders and other Modifications, in good order and marked currently to indicate field changes and selections made during construction, and one copy of approved Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples and similar required submittals. These shall be available to the Architect and shall be delivered to the Architect for submittal to the Owner upon completion of the Work as a record of the Work as constructed.

§ 3.12 SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES

- § 3.12.1 Shop Drawings are drawings, diagrams, schedules and other data specially prepared for the Work by the Contractor or a Subcontractor, Sub-subcontractor, manufacturer, supplier or distributor to illustrate some portion of the Work.
- § 3.12.2 Product Data are illustrations, standard schedules, performance charts, instructions, brochures, diagrams and other information furnished by the Contractor to illustrate materials or equipment for some portion of the Work.
- § 3.12.3 Samples are physical examples that illustrate materials, equipment or workmanship and establish standards by which the Work will be judged.
- § 3.12.4 Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples and similar submittals are not Contract Documents. Their purpose is to demonstrate the way by which the Contractor proposes to conform to the information given and the design concept expressed in the Contract Documents for those portions of the Work for which the Contract Documents require submittals. Review by the Architect is subject to the limitations of Section 4.2.7. Informational submittals upon which the Architect is not expected to take responsive action may be so identified in the Contract Documents. Submittals that are not required by the Contract Documents may be returned by the Architect without action.
- § 3.12.5 The Contractor shall review for compliance with the Contract Documents, approve and submit to the Architect Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples and similar submittals required by the Contract Documents in accordance with the submittal schedule approved by the Architect or, in the absence of an approved submittal schedule, with reasonable promptness and in such sequence as to cause no delay in the Work or in the activities of the Owner or of separate contractors.
- § 3.12.6 By submitting Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples and similar submittals, the Contractor represents to the Owner and Architect that the Contractor has (1) reviewed and approved them, (2) determined and verified materials, field measurements and field construction criteria related thereto, or will do so and (3) checked and coordinated the information contained within such submittals with the requirements of the Work and of the Contract Documents.
- § 3.12.7 The Contractor shall perform no portion of the Work for which the Contract Documents require submittal and review of Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples or similar submittals until the respective submittal has been approved by the Architect.
- § 3.12.8 The Work shall be in accordance with approved submittals except that the Contractor shall not be relieved of responsibility for deviations from requirements of the Contract Documents by the Architect's approval of Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples or similar submittals unless the Contractor has specifically informed the Architect in writing of such deviation at the time of submittal and (1) the Architect has given written approval to the specific deviation as a minor change in the Work, or (2) a Change Order or Construction Change Directive has been issued authorizing the deviation. The Contractor shall not be relieved of responsibility for errors or omissions in Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples or similar submittals by the Architect's approval thereof.
- § 3.12.9 The Contractor shall direct specific attention, in writing or on resubmitted Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples or similar submittals, to revisions other than those requested by the Architect on previous submittals. In the absence of such written notice, the Architect's approval of a resubmission shall not apply to such revisions.
- § 3.12.10 The Contractor shall not be required to provide professional services that constitute the practice of architecture or engineering unless such services are specifically required by the Contract Documents for a portion of the Work or unless the Contractor needs to provide such services in order to carry out the Contractor's responsibilities for construction means, methods, techniques, sequences and procedures. The Contractor shall not be

required to provide professional services in violation of applicable law. If professional design services or certifications by a design professional related to systems, materials or equipment are specifically required of the Contractor by the Contract Documents, the Owner and the Architect will specify all performance and design criteria that such services must satisfy. The Contractor shall cause such services or certifications to be provided by a properly licensed design professional, whose signature and seal shall appear on all drawings, calculations, specifications, certifications, Shop Drawings and other submittals prepared by such professional. Shop Drawings and other submittals related to the Work designed or certified by such professional, if prepared by others, shall bear such professional's written approval when submitted to the Architect. The Owner and the Architect shall be entitled to rely upon the adequacy, accuracy and completeness of the services, certifications and approvals performed or provided by such design professionals, provided the Owner and Architect have specified to the Contractor all performance and design criteria that such services must satisfy. Pursuant to this Section 3.12.10, the Architect will review, approve or take other appropriate action on submittals only for the limited purpose of checking for conformance with information given and the design concept expressed in the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall not be responsible for the adequacy of the performance and design criteria specified in the Contract Documents.

§ 3.13 USE OF SITE

The Contractor shall confine operations at the site to areas permitted by applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, codes, rules and regulations, and lawful orders of public authorities and the Contract Documents and shall not unreasonably encumber the site with materials or equipment.

§ 3.14 CUTTING AND PATCHING

§ 3.14.1 The Contractor shall be responsible for cutting, fitting or patching required to complete the Work or to make its parts fit together properly. All areas requiring cutting, fitting and patching shall be restored to the condition existing prior to the cutting, fitting and patching, unless otherwise required by the Contract Documents.

§ 3.14.2 The Contractor shall not damage or endanger a portion of the Work or fully or partially completed construction of the Owner or separate contractors by cutting, patching or otherwise altering such construction, or by excavation. The Contractor shall not cut or otherwise alter such construction by the Owner or a separate contractor except with written consent of the Owner and of such separate contractor; such consent shall not be unreasonably withheld. The Contractor shall not unreasonably withhold from the Owner or a separate contractor the Contractor's consent to cutting or otherwise altering the Work.

§ 3.15 CLEANING UP

§ 3.15.1 The Contractor shall keep the premises and surrounding area free from accumulation of waste materials or rubbish caused by operations under the Contract. At completion of the Work, the Contractor shall remove waste materials, rubbish, the Contractor's tools, construction equipment, machinery and surplus materials from and about the Project.

§ 3.15.2 If the Contractor fails to clean up as provided in the Contract Documents, the Owner may do so and Owner shall be entitled to reimbursement from the Contractor.

§ 3.16 ACCESS TO WORK

The Contractor shall provide the Owner and Architect access to the Work in preparation and progress wherever located.

§ 3.17 ROYALTIES, PATENTS AND COPYRIGHTS

The Contractor shall pay all royalties and license fees. The Contractor shall defend suits or claims for infringement of copyrights and patent rights and shall hold the Owner and Architect harmless from loss on account thereof, but shall not be responsible for such defense or loss when a particular design, process or product of a particular manufacturer or manufacturers is required by the Contract Documents, or where the copyright violations are contained in Drawings, Specifications or other documents prepared by the Owner or Architect. However, if the Contractor has reason to believe that the required design, process or product is an infringement of a copyright or a patent, the Contractor shall be responsible for such loss unless such information is promptly furnished to the Architect.

§ 3.18 INDEMNIFICATION

§ 3.18.1 To the fullest extent permitted by law the Contractor shall indemnify and hold harmless the Owner, Architect, Architect's consultants, and agents and employees of any of them from and against claims, damages, losses and expenses, including but not limited to attorneys' fees, arising out of or resulting from performance of the Work, provided that such claim, damage, loss or expense is attributable to bodily injury, sickness, disease or death, or to injury to or destruction of tangible property (other than the Work itself), but only to the extent caused by the negligent acts or omissions of the Contractor, a Subcontractor, anyone directly or indirectly employed by them or anyone for whose acts they may be liable, regardless of whether or not such claim, damage, loss or expense is caused in part by a party indemnified hereunder. Such obligation shall not be construed to negate, abridge, or reduce other rights or obligations of indemnity which would otherwise exist as to a party or person described in this Section 3.18.

§ 3.18.2 In claims against any person or entity indemnified under this Section 3.18 by an employee of the Contractor, a Subcontractor, anyone directly or indirectly employed by them or anyone for whose acts they may be liable, the indemnification obligation under Section 3.18.1 shall not be limited by a limitation on amount or type of damages, compensation or benefits payable by or for the Contractor or a Subcontractor under workers' compensation acts, disability benefit acts or other employee benefit acts.

ARTICLE 4 ARCHITECT

§ 4.1 GENERAL

- § 4.1.1 The Owner shall retain an architect lawfully licensed to practice architecture or an entity lawfully practicing architecture in the jurisdiction where the Project is located. That person or entity is identified as the Architect in the Agreement and is referred to throughout the Contract Documents as if singular in number.
- § 4.1.2 Duties, responsibilities and limitations of authority of the Architect as set forth in the Contract Documents shall not be restricted, modified or extended without written consent of the Owner, Contractor and Architect. Consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- § 4.1.3 If the employment of the Architect is terminated, the Owner shall employ a successor architect as to whom the Contractor has no reasonable objection and whose status under the Contract Documents shall be that of the Architect.

§ 4.2 ADMINISTRATION OF THE CONTRACT

- § 4.2.1 The Architect will provide administration of the Contract as described in the Contract Documents and will be an Owner's representative during construction until the date the Architect issues the final Certificate For Payment. The Architect will have authority to act on behalf of the Owner only to the extent provided in the Contract Documents.
- § 4.2.2 The Architect will visit the site at intervals appropriate to the stage of construction, or as otherwise agreed with the Owner, to become generally familiar with the progress and quality of the portion of the Work completed, and to determine in general if the Work observed is being performed in a manner indicating that the Work, when fully completed, will be in accordance with the Contract Documents. However, the Architect will not be required to make exhaustive or continuous on-site inspections to check the quality or quantity of the Work. The Architect will not have control over, charge of, or responsibility for, the construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures, or for the safety precautions and programs in connection with the Work, since these are solely the Contractor's rights and responsibilities under the Contract Documents, except as provided in Section 3.3.1.
- § 4.2.3 On the basis of the site visits, the Architect will keep the Owner reasonably informed about the progress and quality of the portion of the Work completed, and report to the Owner (1) known deviations from the Contract Documents and from the most recent construction schedule submitted by the Contractor, and (2) defects and deficiencies observed in the Work. The Architect will not be responsible for the Contractor's failure to perform the Work in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents. The Architect will not have control over or charge of and will not be responsible for acts or omissions of the Contractor, Subcontractors, or their agents or employees, or any other persons or entities performing portions of the Work.

§ 4.2.4 COMMUNICATIONS FACILITATING CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION

Except as otherwise provided in the Contract Documents or when direct communications have been specially authorized, the Owner and Contractor shall endeavor to communicate with each other through the Architect about matters arising out of or relating to the Contract. Communications by and with the Architect's consultants shall be through the Architect. Communications by and with Subcontractors and material suppliers shall be through the Contractor. Communications by and with separate contractors shall be through the Owner.

- § 4.2.5 Based on the Architect's evaluations of the Contractor's Applications for Payment, the Architect will review and certify the amounts due the Contractor and will issue Certificates for Payment in such amounts.
- § 4.2.6 The Architect has authority to reject Work that does not conform to the Contract Documents. Whenever the Architect considers it necessary or advisable, the Architect will have authority to require inspection or testing of the Work in accordance with Sections 13.5.2 and 13.5.3, whether or not such Work is fabricated, installed or completed. However, neither this authority of the Architect nor a decision made in good faith either to exercise or not to exercise such authority shall give rise to a duty or responsibility of the Architect to the Contractor, Subcontractors, material and equipment suppliers, their agents or employees, or other persons or entities performing portions of the Work.
- § 4.2.7 The Architect will review and approve, or take other appropriate action upon, the Contractor's submittals such as Shop Drawings, Product Data and Samples, but only for the limited purpose of checking for conformance with information given and the design concept expressed in the Contract Documents. The Architect's action will be taken in accordance with the submittal schedule approved by the Architect or, in the absence of an approved submittal schedule, with reasonable promptness while allowing sufficient time in the Architect's professional judgment to permit adequate review. Review of such submittals is not conducted for the purpose of determining the accuracy and completeness of other details such as dimensions and quantities, or for substantiating instructions for installation or performance of equipment or systems, all of which remain the responsibility of the Contractor as required by the Contract Documents. The Architect's review of the Contractor's submittals shall not relieve the Contractor of the obligations under Sections 3.3, 3.5 and 3.12. The Architect's review shall not constitute approval of safety precautions or, unless otherwise specifically stated by the Architect, of any construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures. The Architect's approval of a specific item shall not indicate approval of an assembly of which the item is a component.
- § 4.2.8 The Architect will prepare Change Orders and Construction Change Directives, and may authorize minor changes in the Work as provided in Section 7.4. The Architect will investigate and make determinations and recommendations regarding concealed and unknown conditions as provided in Section 3.7.4.
- § 4.2.9 The Architect will conduct inspections to determine the date or dates of Substantial Completion and the date of final completion; issue Certificates of Substantial Completion pursuant to Section 9.8; receive and forward to the Owner, for the Owner's review and records, written warranties and related documents required by the Contract and assembled by the Contractor pursuant to Section 9.10; and issue a final Certificate for Payment pursuant to Section 9.10.
- § 4.2.10 If the Owner and Architect agree, the Architect will provide one or more project representatives to assist in carrying out the Architect's responsibilities at the site. The duties, responsibilities and limitations of authority of such project representatives shall be as set forth in an exhibit to be incorporated in the Contract Documents.
- § 4.2.11 The Architect will interpret and decide matters concerning performance under, and requirements of, the Contract Documents on written request of either the Owner or Contractor. The Architect's response to such requests will be made in writing within any time limits agreed upon or otherwise with reasonable promptness.
- § 4.2.12 Interpretations and decisions of the Architect will be consistent with the intent of, and reasonably inferable from, the Contract Documents and will be in writing or in the form of drawings. When making such interpretations and decisions, the Architect will endeavor to secure faithful performance by both Owner and Contractor, will not show partiality to either and will not be liable for results of interpretations or decisions rendered in good faith.
- § 4.2.13 The Architect's decisions on matters relating to aesthetic effect will be final if consistent with the intent expressed in the Contract Documents.

§ 4.2.14 The Architect will review and respond to requests for information about the Contract Documents. The Architect's response to such requests will be made in writing within any time limits agreed upon or otherwise with reasonable promptness. If appropriate, the Architect will prepare and issue supplemental Drawings and Specifications in response to the requests for information.

ARTICLE 5 SUBCONTRACTORS

§ 5.1 DEFINITIONS

- § 5.1.1 A Subcontractor is a person or entity who has a direct contract with the Contractor to perform a portion of the Work at the site. The term "Subcontractor" is referred to throughout the Contract Documents as if singular in number and means a Subcontractor or an authorized representative of the Subcontractor. The term "Subcontractor" does not include a separate contractor or subcontractors of a separate contractor.
- § 5.1.2 A Sub-subcontractor is a person or entity who has a direct or indirect contract with a Subcontractor to perform a portion of the Work at the site. The term "Sub-subcontractor" is referred to throughout the Contract Documents as if singular in number and means a Sub-subcontractor or an authorized representative of the Sub-subcontractor.

§ 5.2 AWARD OF SUBCONTRACTS AND OTHER CONTRACTS FOR PORTIONS OF THE WORK

- § 5.2.1 Unless otherwise stated in the Contract Documents or the bidding requirements, the Contractor, as soon as practicable after award of the Contract, shall furnish in writing to the Owner through the Architect the names of persons or entities (including those who are to furnish materials or equipment fabricated to a special design) proposed for each principal portion of the Work. The Architect may reply within 14 days to the Contractor in writing stating (1) whether the Owner or the Architect has reasonable objection to any such proposed person or entity or (2) that the Architect requires additional time for review. Failure of the Owner or Architect to reply within the 14 day period shall constitute notice of no reasonable objection.
- § 5.2.2 The Contractor shall not contract with a proposed person or entity to whom the Owner or Architect has made reasonable and timely objection. The Contractor shall not be required to contract with anyone to whom the Contractor has made reasonable objection.
- § 5.2.3 If the Owner or Architect has reasonable objection to a person or entity proposed by the Contractor, the Contractor shall propose another to whom the Owner or Architect has no reasonable objection. If the proposed but rejected Subcontractor was reasonably capable of performing the Work, the Contract Sum and Contract Time shall be increased or decreased by the difference, if any, occasioned by such change, and an appropriate Change Order shall be issued before commencement of the substitute Subcontractor's Work. However, no increase in the Contract Sum or Contract Time shall be allowed for such change unless the Contractor has acted promptly and responsively in submitting names as required.
- § 5.2.4 The Contractor shall not substitute a Subcontractor, person or entity previously selected if the Owner or Architect makes reasonable objection to such substitution.

§ 5.3 SUBCONTRACTUAL RELATIONS

By appropriate agreement, written where legally required for validity, the Contractor shall require each Subcontractor, to the extent of the Work to be performed by the Subcontractor, to be bound to the Contractor by terms of the Contract Documents, and to assume toward the Contractor all the obligations and responsibilities, including the responsibility for safety of the Subcontractor's Work, which the Contractor, by these Documents, assumes toward the Owner and Architect. Each subcontract agreement shall preserve and protect the rights of the Owner and Architect under the Contract Documents with respect to the Work to be performed by the Subcontractor so that subcontracting thereof will not prejudice such rights, and shall allow to the Subcontractor, unless specifically provided otherwise in the subcontract agreement, the benefit of all rights, remedies and redress against the Contractor that the Contractor, by the Contract Documents, has against the Owner. Where appropriate, the Contractor shall require each Subcontractor to enter into similar agreements with Sub-subcontractors. The Contractor shall make available to each proposed Subcontractor, prior to the execution of the subcontract agreement, copies of the Contract Documents to which the Subcontractor will be bound, and, upon written request of the Subcontractor, identify to the Subcontractor terms and conditions of the proposed subcontract agreement that may

be at variance with the Contract Documents. Subcontractors will similarly make copies of applicable portions of such documents available to their respective proposed Sub-subcontractors.

§ 5.4 CONTINGENT ASSIGNMENT OF SUBCONTRACTS

§ 5.4.1 Each subcontract agreement for a portion of the Work is assigned by the Contractor to the Owner, provided that

- .1 assignment is effective only after termination of the Contract by the Owner for cause pursuant to Section 14.2 and only for those subcontract agreements that the Owner accepts by notifying the Subcontractor and Contractor in writing; and
- .2 assignment is subject to the prior rights of the surety, if any, obligated under bond relating to the Contract.

When the Owner accepts the assignment of a subcontract agreement, the Owner assumes the Contractor's rights and obligations under the subcontract.

- § 5.4.2 Upon such assignment, if the Work has been suspended for more than 30 days, the Subcontractor's compensation shall be equitably adjusted for increases in cost resulting from the suspension.
- § 5.4.3 Upon such assignment to the Owner under this Section 5.4, the Owner may further assign the subcontract to a successor contractor or other entity. If the Owner assigns the subcontract to a successor contractor or other entity, the Owner shall nevertheless remain legally responsible for all of the successor contractor's obligations under the subcontract.

ARTICLE 6 CONSTRUCTION BY OWNER OR BY SEPARATE CONTRACTORS § 6.1 OWNER'S RIGHT TO PERFORM CONSTRUCTION AND TO AWARD SEPARATE CONTRACTS

- § 6.1.1 The Owner reserves the right to perform construction or operations related to the Project with the Owner's own forces, and to award separate contracts in connection with other portions of the Project or other construction or operations on the site under Conditions of the Contract identical or substantially similar to these including those portions related to insurance and waiver of subrogation. If the Contractor claims that delay or additional cost is involved because of such action by the Owner, the Contractor shall make such Claim as provided in Article 15.
- § 6.1.2 When separate contracts are awarded for different portions of the Project or other construction or operations on the site, the term "Contractor" in the Contract Documents in each case shall mean the Contractor who executes each separate Owner-Contractor Agreement.
- § 6.1.3 The Owner shall provide for coordination of the activities of the Owner's own forces and of each separate contractor with the Work of the Contractor, who shall cooperate with them. The Contractor shall participate with other separate contractors and the Owner in reviewing their construction schedules. The Contractor shall make any revisions to the construction schedule deemed necessary after a joint review and mutual agreement. The construction schedules shall then constitute the schedules to be used by the Contractor, separate contractors and the Owner until subsequently revised.
- § 6.1.4 Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, when the Owner performs construction or operations related to the Project with the Owner's own forces, the Owner shall be deemed to be subject to the same obligations and to have the same rights that apply to the Contractor under the Conditions of the Contract, including, without excluding others, those stated in Article 3, this Article 6 and Articles 10, 11 and 12.

§ 6.2 MUTUAL RESPONSIBILITY

- § 6.2.1 The Contractor shall afford the Owner and separate contractors reasonable opportunity for introduction and storage of their materials and equipment and performance of their activities, and shall connect and coordinate the Contractor's construction and operations with theirs as required by the Contract Documents.
- § 6.2.2 If part of the Contractor's Work depends for proper execution or results upon construction or operations by the Owner or a separate contractor, the Contractor shall, prior to proceeding with that portion of the Work, promptly report to the Architect apparent discrepancies or defects in such other construction that would render it unsuitable for such proper execution and results. Failure of the Contractor so to report shall constitute an acknowledgment that

the Owner's or separate contractor's completed or partially completed construction is fit and proper to receive the Contractor's Work, except as to defects not then reasonably discoverable.

- § 6.2.3 The Contractor shall reimburse the Owner for costs the Owner incurs that are payable to a separate contractor because of the Contractor's delays, improperly timed activities or defective construction. The Owner shall be responsible to the Contractor for costs the Contractor incurs because of a separate contractor's delays, improperly timed activities, damage to the Work or defective construction.
- § 6.2.4 The Contractor shall promptly remedy damage the Contractor wrongfully causes to completed or partially completed construction or to property of the Owner, separate contractors as provided in Section 10.2.5.
- § 6.2.5 The Owner and each separate contractor shall have the same responsibilities for cutting and patching as are described for the Contractor in Section 3.14.

§ 6.3 OWNER'S RIGHT TO CLEAN UP

If a dispute arises among the Contractor, separate contractors and the Owner as to the responsibility under their respective contracts for maintaining the premises and surrounding area free from waste materials and rubbish, the Owner may clean up and the Architect will allocate the cost among those responsible.

ARTICLE 7 CHANGES IN THE WORK

§ 7.1 GENERAL

- § 7.1.1 Changes in the Work may be accomplished after execution of the Contract, and without invalidating the Contract, by Change Order, Construction Change Directive or order for a minor change in the Work, subject to the limitations stated in this Article 7 and elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
- § 7.1.2 A Change Order shall be based upon agreement among the Owner, Contractor and Architect; a Construction Change Directive requires agreement by the Owner and Architect and may or may not be agreed to by the Contractor; an order for a minor change in the Work may be issued by the Architect alone.
- § 7.1.3 Changes in the Work shall be performed under applicable provisions of the Contract Documents, and the Contractor shall proceed promptly, unless otherwise provided in the Change Order, Construction Change Directive or order for a minor change in the Work.

§ 7.2 CHANGE ORDERS

- § 7.2.1 A Change Order is a written instrument prepared by the Architect and signed by the Owner, Contractor and Architect stating their agreement upon all of the following:
 - .1 The change in the Work;
 - .2 The amount of the adjustment, if any, in the Contract Sum; and
 - .3 The extent of the adjustment, if any, in the Contract Time.

§ 7.3 CONSTRUCTION CHANGE DIRECTIVES

- § 7.3.1 A Construction Change Directive is a written order prepared by the Architect and signed by the Owner and Architect, directing a change in the Work prior to agreement on adjustment, if any, in the Contract Sum or Contract Time, or both. The Owner may by Construction Change Directive, without invalidating the Contract, order changes in the Work within the general scope of the Contract consisting of additions, deletions or other revisions, the Contract Sum and Contract Time being adjusted accordingly.
- § 7.3.2 A Construction Change Directive shall be used in the absence of total agreement on the terms of a Change Order.
- § 7.3.3 If the Construction Change Directive provides for an adjustment to the Contract Sum, the adjustment shall be based on one of the following methods:
 - .1 Mutual acceptance of a lump sum properly itemized and supported by sufficient substantiating data to permit evaluation;
 - .2 Unit prices stated in the Contract Documents or subsequently agreed upon;
 - .3 Cost to be determined in a manner agreed upon by the parties and a mutually acceptable fixed or percentage fee; or

- .4 As provided in Section 7.3.7.
- § 7.3.4 If unit prices are stated in the Contract Documents or subsequently agreed upon, and if quantities originally contemplated are materially changed in a proposed Change Order or Construction Change Directive so that application of such unit prices to quantities of Work proposed will cause substantial inequity to the Owner or Contractor, the applicable unit prices shall be equitably adjusted.
- § 7.3.5 Upon receipt of a Construction Change Directive, the Contractor shall promptly proceed with the change in the Work involved and advise the Architect of the Contractor's agreement or disagreement with the method, if any, provided in the Construction Change Directive for determining the proposed adjustment in the Contract Sum or Contract Time.
- § 7.3.6 A Construction Change Directive signed by the Contractor indicates the Contractor's agreement therewith, including adjustment in Contract Sum and Contract Time or the method for determining them. Such agreement shall be effective immediately and shall be recorded as a Change Order.
- § 7.3.7 If the Contractor does not respond promptly or disagrees with the method for adjustment in the Contract Sum, the Architect shall determine the method and the adjustment on the basis of reasonable expenditures and savings of those performing the Work attributable to the change, including, in case of an increase in the Contract Sum, an amount for overhead and profit as set forth in the Agreement, or if no such amount is set forth in the Agreement, a reasonable amount. In such case, and also under Section 7.3.3.3, the Contractor shall keep and present, in such form as the Architect may prescribe, an itemized accounting together with appropriate supporting data. Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, costs for the purposes of this Section 7.3.7 shall be limited to the following:
 - .1 Costs of labor, including social security, old age and unemployment insurance, fringe benefits required by agreement or custom, and workers' compensation insurance;
 - .2 Costs of materials, supplies and equipment, including cost of transportation, whether incorporated or consumed;
 - Rental costs of machinery and equipment, exclusive of hand tools, whether rented from the Contractor or others;
 - Costs of premiums for all bonds and insurance, permit fees, and sales, use or similar taxes related to the Work; and
 - .5 Additional costs of supervision and field office personnel directly attributable to the change.
- § 7.3.8 The amount of credit to be allowed by the Contractor to the Owner for a deletion or change that results in a net decrease in the Contract Sum shall be actual net cost as confirmed by the Architect. When both additions and credits covering related Work or substitutions are involved in a change, the allowance for overhead and profit shall be figured on the basis of net increase, if any, with respect to that change.
- § 7.3.9 Pending final determination of the total cost of a Construction Change Directive to the Owner, the Contractor may request payment for Work completed under the Construction Change Directive in Applications for Payment. The Architect will make an interim determination for purposes of monthly certification for payment for those costs and certify for payment the amount that the Architect determines, in the Architect's professional judgment, to be reasonably justified. The Architect's interim determination of cost shall adjust the Contract Sum on the same basis as a Change Order, subject to the right of either party to disagree and assert a Claim in accordance with Article 15.
- § 7.3.10 When the Owner and Contractor agree with a determination made by the Architect concerning the adjustments in the Contract Sum and Contract Time, or otherwise reach agreement upon the adjustments, such agreement shall be effective immediately and the Architect will prepare a Change Order. Change Orders may be issued for all or any part of a Construction Change Directive.

§ 7.4 MINOR CHANGES IN THE WORK

The Architect has authority to order minor changes in the Work not involving adjustment in the Contract Sum or extension of the Contract Time and not inconsistent with the intent of the Contract Documents. Such changes will be effected by written order signed by the Architect and shall be binding on the Owner and Contractor.

ARTICLE 8 TIME

§ 8.1 DEFINITIONS

- § 8.1.1 Unless otherwise provided, Contract Time is the period of time, including authorized adjustments, allotted in the Contract Documents for Substantial Completion of the Work.
- § 8.1.2 The date of commencement of the Work is the date established in the Agreement.
- § 8.1.3 The date of Substantial Completion is the date certified by the Architect in accordance with Section 9.8.
- § 8.1.4 The term "day" as used in the Contract Documents shall mean calendar day unless otherwise specifically defined.

§ 8.2 PROGRESS AND COMPLETION

- § 8.2.1 Time limits stated in the Contract Documents are of the essence of the Contract. By executing the Agreement the Contractor confirms that the Contract Time is a reasonable period for performing the Work.
- § 8.2.2 The Contractor shall not knowingly, except by agreement or instruction of the Owner in writing, prematurely commence operations on the site or elsewhere prior to the effective date of insurance required by Article 11 to be furnished by the Contractor and Owner. The date of commencement of the Work shall not be changed by the effective date of such insurance.
- § 8.2.3 The Contractor shall proceed expeditiously with adequate forces and shall achieve Substantial Completion within the Contract Time.

§ 8.3 DELAYS AND EXTENSIONS OF TIME

- § 8.3.1 If the Contractor is delayed at any time in the commencement or progress of the Work by an act or neglect of the Owner or Architect, or of an employee of either, or of a separate contractor employed by the Owner; or by changes ordered in the Work; or by labor disputes, fire, unusual delay in deliveries, unavoidable casualties or other causes beyond the Contractor's control; or by delay authorized by the Owner pending mediation and arbitration; or by other causes that the Architect determines may justify delay, then the Contract Time shall be extended by Change Order for such reasonable time as the Architect may determine.
- § 8.3.2 Claims relating to time shall be made in accordance with applicable provisions of Article 15.
- § 8.3.3 This Section 8.3 does not preclude recovery of damages for delay by either party under other provisions of the Contract Documents.

ARTICLE 9 PAYMENTS AND COMPLETION § 9.1 CONTRACT SUM

The Contract Sum is stated in the Agreement and, including authorized adjustments, is the total amount payable by the Owner to the Contractor for performance of the Work under the Contract Documents.

§ 9.2 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

Where the Contract is based on a stipulated sum or Guaranteed Maximum Price, the Contractor shall submit to the Architect, before the first Application for Payment, a schedule of values allocating the entire Contract Sum to the various portions of the Work and prepared in such form and supported by such data to substantiate its accuracy as the Architect may require. This schedule, unless objected to by the Architect, shall be used as a basis for reviewing the Contractor's Applications for Payment.

§ 9.3 APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

§ 9.3.1 At least ten days before the date established for each progress payment, the Contractor shall submit to the Architect an itemized Application for Payment prepared in accordance with the schedule of values, if required under Section 9.2., for completed portions of the Work. Such application shall be notarized, if required, and supported by such data substantiating the Contractor's right to payment as the Owner or Architect may require, such as copies of requisitions from Subcontractors and material suppliers, and shall reflect retainage if provided for in the Contract Documents.

- § 9.3.1.1 As provided in Section 7.3.9, such applications may include requests for payment on account of changes in the Work that have been properly authorized by Construction Change Directives, or by interim determinations of the Architect, but not yet included in Change Orders.
- § 9.3.1.2 Applications for Payment shall not include requests for payment for portions of the Work for which the Contractor does not intend to pay a Subcontractor or material supplier, unless such Work has been performed by others whom the Contractor intends to pay.
- § 9.3.2 Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, payments shall be made on account of materials and equipment delivered and suitably stored at the site for subsequent incorporation in the Work. If approved in advance by the Owner, payment may similarly be made for materials and equipment suitably stored off the site at a location agreed upon in writing. Payment for materials and equipment stored on or off the site shall be conditioned upon compliance by the Contractor with procedures satisfactory to the Owner to establish the Owner's title to such materials and equipment or otherwise protect the Owner's interest, and shall include the costs of applicable insurance, storage and transportation to the site for such materials and equipment stored off the site.
- § 9.3.3 The Contractor warrants that title to all Work covered by an Application for Payment will pass to the Owner no later than the time of payment. The Contractor further warrants that upon submittal of an Application for Payment all Work for which Certificates for Payment have been previously issued and payments received from the Owner shall, to the best of the Contractor's knowledge, information and belief, be free and clear of liens, claims, security interests or encumbrances in favor of the Contractor, Subcontractors, material suppliers, or other persons or entities making a claim by reason of having provided labor, materials and equipment relating to the Work.

§ 9.4 CERTIFICATES FOR PAYMENT

- § 9.4.1 The Architect will, within seven days after receipt of the Contractor's Application for Payment, either issue to the Owner a Certificate for Payment, with a copy to the Contractor, for such amount as the Architect determines is properly due, or notify the Contractor and Owner in writing of the Architect's reasons for withholding certification in whole or in part as provided in Section 9.5.1.
- § 9.4.2 The issuance of a Certificate for Payment will constitute a representation by the Architect to the Owner, based on the Architect's evaluation of the Work and the data comprising the Application for Payment, that, to the best of the Architect's knowledge, information and belief, the Work has progressed to the point indicated and that the quality of the Work is in accordance with the Contract Documents. The foregoing representations are subject to an evaluation of the Work for conformance with the Contract Documents upon Substantial Completion, to results of subsequent tests and inspections, to correction of minor deviations from the Contract Documents prior to completion and to specific qualifications expressed by the Architect. The issuance of a Certificate for Payment will further constitute a representation that the Contractor is entitled to payment in the amount certified. However, the issuance of a Certificate for Payment will not be a representation that the Architect has (1) made exhaustive or continuous onsite inspections to check the quality or quantity of the Work, (2) reviewed construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures, (3) reviewed copies of requisitions received from Subcontractors and material suppliers and other data requested by the Owner to substantiate the Contractor's right to payment, or (4) made examination to ascertain how or for what purpose the Contractor has used money previously paid on account of the Contract Sum.

§ 9.5 DECISIONS TO WITHHOLD CERTIFICATION

- § 9.5.1 The Architect may withhold a Certificate for Payment in whole or in part, to the extent reasonably necessary to protect the Owner, if in the Architect's opinion the representations to the Owner required by Section 9.4.2 cannot be made. If the Architect is unable to certify payment in the amount of the Application, the Architect will notify the Contractor and Owner as provided in Section 9.4.1. If the Contractor and Architect cannot agree on a revised amount, the Architect will promptly issue a Certificate for Payment for the amount for which the Architect is able to make such representations to the Owner. The Architect may also withhold a Certificate for Payment or, because of subsequently discovered evidence, may nullify the whole or a part of a Certificate for Payment previously issued, to such extent as may be necessary in the Architect's opinion to protect the Owner from loss for which the Contractor is responsible, including loss resulting from acts and omissions described in Section 3.3.2, because of
 - .1 defective Work not remedied;
 - .2 third party claims filed or reasonable evidence indicating probable filing of such claims unless security acceptable to the Owner is provided by the Contractor;

- failure of the Contractor to make payments properly to Subcontractors or for labor, materials or
- reasonable evidence that the Work cannot be completed for the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum;
- damage to the Owner or a separate contractor;
- reasonable evidence that the Work will not be completed within the Contract Time, and that the unpaid balance would not be adequate to cover actual or liquidated damages for the anticipated delay;
- .7 repeated failure to carry out the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- § 9.5.2 When the above reasons for withholding certification are removed, certification will be made for amounts previously withheld.
- § 9.5.3 If the Architect withholds certification for payment under Section 9.5.1.3, the Owner may, at its sole option, issue joint checks to the Contractor and to any Subcontractor or material or equipment suppliers to whom the Contractor failed to make payment for Work properly performed or material or equipment suitably delivered. If the Owner makes payments by joint check, the Owner shall notify the Architect and the Architect will reflect such payment on the next Certificate for Payment.

§ 9.6 PROGRESS PAYMENTS

- § 9.6.1 After the Architect has issued a Certificate for Payment, the Owner shall make payment in the manner and within the time provided in the Contract Documents, and shall so notify the Architect.
- § 9.6.2 The Contractor shall pay each Subcontractor no later than seven days after receipt of payment from the Owner the amount to which the Subcontractor is entitled, reflecting percentages actually retained from payments to the Contractor on account of the Subcontractor's portion of the Work. The Contractor shall, by appropriate agreement with each Subcontractor, require each Subcontractor to make payments to Sub-subcontractors in a similar manner.
- § 9.6.3 The Architect will, on request, furnish to a Subcontractor, if practicable, information regarding percentages of completion or amounts applied for by the Contractor and action taken thereon by the Architect and Owner on account of portions of the Work done by such Subcontractor.
- § 9.6.4 The Owner has the right to request written evidence from the Contractor that the Contractor has properly paid Subcontractors and material and equipment suppliers amounts paid by the Owner to the Contractor for subcontracted Work. If the Contractor fails to furnish such evidence within seven days, the Owner shall have the right to contact Subcontractors to ascertain whether they have been properly paid. Neither the Owner nor Architect shall have an obligation to pay or to see to the payment of money to a Subcontractor, except as may otherwise be required by law.
- § 9.6.5 Contractor payments to material and equipment suppliers shall be treated in a manner similar to that provided in Sections 9.6.2, 9.6.3 and 9.6.4.
- § 9.6.6 A Certificate for Payment, a progress payment, or partial or entire use or occupancy of the Project by the Owner shall not constitute acceptance of Work not in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- § 9.6.7 Unless the Contractor provides the Owner with a payment bond in the full penal sum of the Contract Sum, payments received by the Contractor for Work properly performed by Subcontractors and suppliers shall be held by the Contractor for those Subcontractors or suppliers who performed Work or furnished materials, or both, under contract with the Contractor for which payment was made by the Owner. Nothing contained herein shall require money to be placed in a separate account and not commingled with money of the Contractor, shall create any fiduciary liability or tort liability on the part of the Contractor for breach of trust or shall entitle any person or entity to an award of punitive damages against the Contractor for breach of the requirements of this provision.

§ 9.7 FAILURE OF PAYMENT

If the Architect does not issue a Certificate for Payment, through no fault of the Contractor, within seven days after receipt of the Contractor's Application for Payment, or if the Owner does not pay the Contractor within seven days after the date established in the Contract Documents the amount certified by the Architect or awarded by binding dispute resolution, then the Contractor may, upon seven additional days' written notice to the Owner and Architect, stop the Work until payment of the amount owing has been received. The Contract Time shall be extended appropriately and the Contract Sum shall be increased by the amount of the Contractor's reasonable costs of shutdown, delay and start-up, plus interest as provided for in the Contract Documents.

§ 9.8 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

- § 9.8.1 Substantial Completion is the stage in the progress of the Work when the Work or designated portion thereof is sufficiently complete in accordance with the Contract Documents so that the Owner can occupy or utilize the Work for its intended use.
- § 9.8.2 When the Contractor considers that the Work, or a portion thereof which the Owner agrees to accept separately, is substantially complete, the Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Architect a comprehensive list of items to be completed or corrected prior to final payment. Failure to include an item on such list does not alter the responsibility of the Contractor to complete all Work in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- § 9.8.3 Upon receipt of the Contractor's list, the Architect will make an inspection to determine whether the Work or designated portion thereof is substantially complete. If the Architect's inspection discloses any item, whether or not included on the Contractor's list, which is not sufficiently complete in accordance with the Contract Documents so that the Owner can occupy or utilize the Work or designated portion thereof for its intended use, the Contractor shall, before issuance of the Certificate of Substantial Completion, complete or correct such item upon notification by the Architect. In such case, the Contractor shall then submit a request for another inspection by the Architect to determine Substantial Completion.
- § 9.8.4 When the Work or designated portion thereof is substantially complete, the Architect will prepare a Certificate of Substantial Completion that shall establish the date of Substantial Completion, shall establish responsibilities of the Owner and Contractor for security, maintenance, heat, utilities, damage to the Work and insurance, and shall fix the time within which the Contractor shall finish all items on the list accompanying the Certificate. Warranties required by the Contract Documents shall commence on the date of Substantial Completion of the Work or designated portion thereof unless otherwise provided in the Certificate of Substantial Completion.
- § 9.8.5 The Certificate of Substantial Completion shall be submitted to the Owner and Contractor for their written acceptance of responsibilities assigned to them in such Certificate. Upon such acceptance and consent of surety, if any, the Owner shall make payment of retainage applying to such Work or designated portion thereof. Such payment shall be adjusted for Work that is incomplete or not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents.

§ 9.9 PARTIAL OCCUPANCY OR USE

- § 9.9.1 The Owner may occupy or use any completed or partially completed portion of the Work at any stage when such portion is designated by separate agreement with the Contractor, provided such occupancy or use is consented to by the insurer as required under Section 11.3.1.5 and authorized by public authorities having jurisdiction over the Project. Such partial occupancy or use may commence whether or not the portion is substantially complete, provided the Owner and Contractor have accepted in writing the responsibilities assigned to each of them for payments, retainage, if any, security, maintenance, heat, utilities, damage to the Work and insurance, and have agreed in writing concerning the period for correction of the Work and commencement of warranties required by the Contract Documents. When the Contractor considers a portion substantially complete, the Contractor shall prepare and submit a list to the Architect as provided under Section 9.8.2. Consent of the Contractor to partial occupancy or use shall not be unreasonably withheld. The stage of the progress of the Work shall be determined by written agreement between the Owner and Contractor or, if no agreement is reached, by decision of the Architect.
- § 9.9.2 Immediately prior to such partial occupancy or use, the Owner, Contractor and Architect shall jointly inspect the area to be occupied or portion of the Work to be used in order to determine and record the condition of the Work.
- § 9.9.3 Unless otherwise agreed upon, partial occupancy or use of a portion or portions of the Work shall not constitute acceptance of Work not complying with the requirements of the Contract Documents.

§ 9.10 FINAL COMPLETION AND FINAL PAYMENT

§ 9.10.1 Upon receipt of the Contractor's written notice that the Work is ready for final inspection and acceptance and upon receipt of a final Application for Payment, the Architect will promptly make such inspection and, when the

Architect finds the Work acceptable under the Contract Documents and the Contract fully performed, the Architect will promptly issue a final Certificate for Payment stating that to the best of the Architect's knowledge, information and belief, and on the basis of the Architect's on-site visits and inspections, the Work has been completed in accordance with terms and conditions of the Contract Documents and that the entire balance found to be due the Contractor and noted in the final Certificate is due and payable. The Architect's final Certificate for Payment will constitute a further representation that conditions listed in Section 9.10.2 as precedent to the Contractor's being entitled to final payment have been fulfilled.

§ 9.10.2 Neither final payment nor any remaining retained percentage shall become due until the Contractor submits to the Architect (1) an affidavit that payrolls, bills for materials and equipment, and other indebtedness connected with the Work for which the Owner or the Owner's property might be responsible or encumbered (less amounts withheld by Owner) have been paid or otherwise satisfied, (2) a certificate evidencing that insurance required by the Contract Documents to remain in force after final payment is currently in effect and will not be canceled or allowed to expire until at least 30 days' prior written notice has been given to the Owner, (3) a written statement that the Contractor knows of no substantial reason that the insurance will not be renewable to cover the period required by the Contract Documents, (4) consent of surety, if any, to final payment and (5), if required by the Owner, other data establishing payment or satisfaction of obligations, such as receipts, releases and waivers of liens, claims, security interests or encumbrances arising out of the Contract, to the extent and in such form as may be designated by the Owner. If a Subcontractor refuses to furnish a release or waiver required by the Owner, the Contractor may furnish a bond satisfactory to the Owner to indennify the Owner against such lien. If such lien remains unsatisfied after payments are made, the Contractor shall refund to the Owner all money that the Owner may be compelled to pay in discharging such lien, including all costs and reasonable attorneys' fees.

§ 9.10.3 If, after Substantial Completion of the Work, final completion thereof is materially delayed through no fault of the Contractor or by issuance of Change Orders affecting final completion, and the Architect so confirms, the Owner shall, upon application by the Contractor and certification by the Architect, and without terminating the Contract, make payment of the balance due for that portion of the Work fully completed and accepted. If the remaining balance for Work not fully completed or corrected is less than retainage stipulated in the Contract Documents, and if bonds have been furnished, the written consent of surety to payment of the balance due for that portion of the Work fully completed and accepted shall be submitted by the Contractor to the Architect prior to certification of such payment. Such payment shall be made under terms and conditions governing final payment, except that it shall not constitute a waiver of claims.

§ 9.10.4 The making of final payment shall constitute a waiver of Claims by the Owner except those arising from

- .1 liens, Claims, security interests or encumbrances arising out of the Contract and unsettled;
- .2 failure of the Work to comply with the requirements of the Contract Documents; or
- .3 terms of special warranties required by the Contract Documents.

§ 9.10.5 Acceptance of final payment by the Contractor, a Subcontractor or material supplier shall constitute a waiver of claims by that payee except those previously made in writing and identified by that payee as unsettled at the time of final Application for Payment.

ARTICLE 10 PROTECTION OF PERSONS AND PROPERTY § 10.1 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS AND PROGRAMS

The Contractor shall be responsible for initiating, maintaining and supervising all safety precautions and programs in connection with the performance of the Contract.

§ 10.2 SAFETY OF PERSONS AND PROPERTY

§ 10.2.1 The Contractor shall take reasonable precautions for safety of, and shall provide reasonable protection to prevent damage, injury or loss to

- .1 employees on the Work and other persons who may be affected thereby;
- .2 the Work and materials and equipment to be incorporated therein, whether in storage on or off the site, under care, custody or control of the Contractor or the Contractor's Subcontractors or Subsubcontractors; and
- .3 other property at the site or adjacent thereto, such as trees, shrubs, lawns, walks, pavements, roadways, structures and utilities not designated for removal, relocation or replacement in the course of construction.

- § 10.2.2 The Contractor shall comply with and give notices required by applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, codes, rules and regulations, and lawful orders of public authorities bearing on safety of persons or property or their protection from damage, injury or loss.
- § 10.2.3 The Contractor shall erect and maintain, as required by existing conditions and performance of the Contract, reasonable safeguards for safety and protection, including posting danger signs and other warnings against hazards, promulgating safety regulations and notifying owners and users of adjacent sites and utilities.
- § 10.2.4 When use or storage of explosives or other hazardous materials or equipment or unusual methods are necessary for execution of the Work, the Contractor shall exercise utmost care and carry on such activities under supervision of properly qualified personnel.
- § 10.2.5 The Contractor shall promptly remedy damage and loss (other than damage or loss insured under property insurance required by the Contract Documents) to property referred to in Sections 10.2.1.2 and 10.2.1.3 caused in whole or in part by the Contractor, a Subcontractor, a Sub-subcontractor, or anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them, or by anyone for whose acts they may be liable and for which the Contractor is responsible under Sections 10.2.1.2 and 10.2.1.3, except damage or loss attributable to acts or omissions of the Owner or Architect or anyone directly or indirectly employed by either of them, or by anyone for whose acts either of them may be liable, and not attributable to the fault or negligence of the Contractor. The foregoing obligations of the Contractor are in addition to the Contractor's obligations under Section 3.18.
- § 10.2.6 The Contractor shall designate a responsible member of the Contractor's organization at the site whose duty shall be the prevention of accidents. This person shall be the Contractor's superintendent unless otherwise designated by the Contractor in writing to the Owner and Architect.
- § 10.2.7 The Contractor shall not permit any part of the construction or site to be loaded so as to cause damage or create an unsafe condition.

§ 10.2.8 INJURY OR DAMAGE TO PERSON OR PROPERTY

If either party suffers injury or damage to person or property because of an act or omission of the other party, or of others for whose acts such party is legally responsible, written notice of such injury or damage, whether or not insured, shall be given to the other party within a reasonable time not exceeding 21 days after discovery. The notice shall provide sufficient detail to enable the other party to investigate the matter.

§ 10.3 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

- § 10.3.1 The Contractor is responsible for compliance with any requirements included in the Contract Documents regarding hazardous materials. If the Contractor encounters a hazardous material or substance not addressed in the Contract Documents and if reasonable precautions will be inadequate to prevent foreseeable bodily injury or death to persons resulting from a material or substance, including but not limited to asbestos or polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB), encountered on the site by the Contractor, the Contractor shall, upon recognizing the condition, immediately stop Work in the affected area and report the condition to the Owner and Architect in writing.
- § 10.3.2 Upon receipt of the Contractor's written notice, the Owner shall obtain the services of a licensed laboratory to verify the presence or absence of the material or substance reported by the Contractor and, in the event such material or substance is found to be present, to cause it to be rendered harmless. Unless otherwise required by the Contract Documents, the Owner shall furnish in writing to the Contractor and Architect the names and qualifications of persons or entities who are to perform tests verifying the presence or absence of such material or substance or who are to perform the task of removal or safe containment of such material or substance. The Contractor and the Architect will promptly reply to the Owner in writing stating whether or not either has reasonable objection to the persons or entities proposed by the Owner. If either the Contractor or Architect has an objection to a person or entity proposed by the Owner, the Owner shall propose another to whom the Contractor and the Architect have no reasonable objection. When the material or substance has been rendered harmless, Work in the affected area shall resume upon written agreement of the Owner and Contractor. By Change Order, the Contract Time shall be extended appropriately and the Contract Sum shall be increased in the amount of the Contractor's reasonable additional costs of shut-down, delay and start-up.

§ 10.3.3 To the fullest extent permitted by law, the Owner shall indemnify and hold harmless the Contractor, Subcontractors, Architect, Architect's consultants and agents and employees of any of them from and against claims, damages, losses and expenses, including but not limited to attorneys' fees, arising out of or resulting from performance of the Work in the affected area if in fact the material or substance presents the risk of bodily injury or death as described in Section 10.3.1 and has not been rendered harmless, provided that such claim, damage, loss or expense is attributable to bodily injury, sickness, disease or death, or to injury to or destruction of tangible property (other than the Work itself), except to the extent that such damage, loss or expense is due to the fault or negligence of the party seeking indemnity.

§ 10.3.4 The Owner shall not be responsible under this Section 10.3 for materials or substances the Contractor brings to the site unless such materials or substances are required by the Contract Documents. The Owner shall be responsible for materials or substances required by the Contract Documents, except to the extent of the Contractor's fault or negligence in the use and handling of such materials or substances.

§ 10.3.5 The Contractor shall indemnify the Owner for the cost and expense the Owner incurs (1) for remediation of a material or substance the Contractor brings to the site and negligently handles, or (2) where the Contractor fails to perform its obligations under Section 10.3.1, except to the extent that the cost and expense are due to the Owner's fault or negligence.

§ 10.3.6 If, without negligence on the part of the Contractor, the Contractor is held liable by a government agency for the cost of remediation of a hazardous material or substance solely by reason of performing Work as required by the Contract Documents, the Owner shall indemnify the Contractor for all cost and expense thereby incurred.

§ 10.4 EMERGENCIES

In an emergency affecting safety of persons or property, the Contractor shall act, at the Contractor's discretion, to prevent threatened damage, injury or loss. Additional compensation or extension of time claimed by the Contractor on account of an emergency shall be determined as provided in Article 15 and Article 7.

ARTICLE 11 INSURANCE AND BONDS § 11.1 CONTRACTOR'S LIABILITY INSURANCE

§ 11.1.1 The Contractor shall purchase from and maintain in a company or companies lawfully authorized to do business in the jurisdiction in which the Project is located such insurance as will protect the Contractor from claims set forth below which may arise out of or result from the Contractor's operations and completed operations under the Contract and for which the Contractor may be legally liable, whether such operations be by the Contractor or by a Subcontractor or by anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them, or by anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable:

- .1 Claims under workers' compensation, disability benefit and other similar employee benefit acts that are applicable to the Work to be performed;
- .2 Claims for damages because of bodily injury, occupational sickness or disease, or death of the Contractor's employees;
- .3 Claims for damages because of bodily injury, sickness or disease, or death of any person other than the Contractor's employees;
- .4 Claims for damages insured by usual personal injury liability coverage;
- .5 Claims for damages, other than to the Work itself, because of injury to or destruction of tangible property, including loss of use resulting therefrom;
- .6 Claims for damages because of bodily injury, death of a person or property damage arising out of ownership, maintenance or use of a motor vehicle;
- .7 Claims for bodily injury or property damage arising out of completed operations; and
- .8 Claims involving contractual liability insurance applicable to the Contractor's obligations under Section 3.18.

§ 11.1.2 The insurance required by Section 11.1.1 shall be written for not less than limits of liability specified in the Contract Documents or required by law, whichever coverage is greater. Coverages, whether written on an occurrence or claims-made basis, shall be maintained without interruption from the date of commencement of the Work until the date of final payment and termination of any coverage required to be maintained after final payment, and, with respect to the Contractor's completed operations coverage, until the expiration of the period for correction

of Work or for such other period for maintenance of completed operations coverage as specified in the Contract Documents.

§ 11.1.3 Certificates of insurance acceptable to the Owner shall be filed with the Owner prior to commencement of the Work and thereafter upon renewal or replacement of each required policy of insurance. These certificates and the insurance policies required by this Section 11.1 shall contain a provision that coverages afforded under the policies will not be canceled or allowed to expire until at least 30 days' prior written notice has been given to the Owner. An additional certificate evidencing continuation of liability coverage, including coverage for completed operations, shall be submitted with the final Application for Payment as required by Section 9.10.2 and thereafter upon renewal or replacement of such coverage until the expiration of the time required by Section 11.1.2. Information concerning reduction of coverage on account of revised limits or claims paid under the General Aggregate, or both, shall be furnished by the Contractor with reasonable promptness.

§ 11.1.4 The Contractor shall cause the commercial liability coverage required by the Contract Documents to include (1) the Owner, the Architect and the Architect's Consultants as additional insureds for claims caused in whole or in part by the Contractor's negligent acts or omissions during the Contractor's operations; and (2) the Owner as an additional insured for claims caused in whole or in part by the Contractor's negligent acts or omissions during the Contractor's completed operations.

§ 11.2 OWNER'S LIABILITY INSURANCE

The Owner shall be responsible for purchasing and maintaining the Owner's usual liability insurance.

§ 11.3 PROPERTY INSURANCE

§ 11.3.1 Unless otherwise provided, the Owner shall purchase and maintain, in a company or companies lawfully authorized to do business in the jurisdiction in which the Project is located, property insurance written on a builder's risk "all-risk" or equivalent policy form in the amount of the initial Contract Sum, plus value of subsequent Contract Modifications and cost of materials supplied or installed by others, comprising total value for the entire Project at the site on a replacement cost basis without optional deductibles. Such property insurance shall be maintained, unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents or otherwise agreed in writing by all persons and entities who are beneficiaries of such insurance, until final payment has been made as provided in Section 9.10 or until no person or entity other than the Owner has an insurable interest in the property required by this Section 11.3 to be covered, whichever is later. This insurance shall include interests of the Owner, the Contractor, Subcontractors and Subsubcontractors in the Project.

- § 11.3.1.1 Property insurance shall be on an "all-risk" or equivalent policy form and shall include, without limitation, insurance against the perils of fire (with extended coverage) and physical loss or damage including, without duplication of coverage, theft, vandalism, malicious mischief, collapse, earthquake, flood, windstorm, falsework, testing and startup, temporary buildings and debris removal including demolition occasioned by enforcement of any applicable legal requirements, and shall cover reasonable compensation for Architect's and Contractor's services and expenses required as a result of such insured loss.
- § 11,3.1.2 If the Owner does not intend to purchase such property insurance required by the Contract and with all of the coverages in the amount described above, the Owner shall so inform the Contractor in writing prior to commencement of the Work. The Contractor may then effect insurance that will protect the interests of the Contractor, Subcontractors and Sub-subcontractors in the Work, and by appropriate Change Order the cost thereof shall be charged to the Owner. If the Contractor is damaged by the failure or neglect of the Owner to purchase or maintain insurance as described above, without so notifying the Contractor in writing, then the Owner shall bear all reasonable costs properly attributable thereto.
- § 11.3.1.3 If the property insurance requires deductibles, the Owner shall pay costs not covered because of such deductibles.
- § 11.3.1.4 This property insurance shall cover portions of the Work stored off the site, and also portions of the Work in transit.
- § 11.3.1.5 Partial occupancy or use in accordance with Section 9.9 shall not commence until the insurance company or companies providing property insurance have consented to such partial occupancy or use by endorsement or

otherwise. The Owner and the Contractor shall take reasonable steps to obtain consent of the insurance company or companies and shall, without mutual written consent, take no action with respect to partial occupancy or use that would cause cancellation, lapse or reduction of insurance.

§ 11.3.2 BOILER AND MACHINERY INSURANCE

The Owner shall purchase and maintain boiler and machinery insurance required by the Contract Documents or by law, which shall specifically cover such insured objects during installation and until final acceptance by the Owner; this insurance shall include interests of the Owner, Contractor, Subcontractors and Sub-subcontractors in the Work, and the Owner and Contractor shall be named insureds.

§ 11.3.3 LOSS OF USE INSURANCE

The Owner, at the Owner's option, may purchase and maintain such insurance as will insure the Owner against loss of use of the Owner's property due to fire or other hazards, however caused. The Owner waives all rights of action against the Contractor for loss of use of the Owner's property, including consequential losses due to fire or other hazards however caused.

- § 11.3.4 If the Contractor requests in writing that insurance for risks other than those described herein or other special causes of loss be included in the property insurance policy, the Owner shall, if possible, include such insurance, and the cost thereof shall be charged to the Contractor by appropriate Change Order.
- § 11.3.5 If during the Project construction period the Owner insures properties, real or personal or both, at or adjacent to the site by property insurance under policies separate from those insuring the Project, or if after final payment property insurance is to be provided on the completed Project through a policy or policies other than those insuring the Project during the construction period, the Owner shall waive all rights in accordance with the terms of Section 11.3.7 for damages caused by fire or other causes of loss covered by this separate property insurance. All separate policies shall provide this waiver of subrogation by endorsement or otherwise.
- § 11.3.6 Before an exposure to loss may occur, the Owner shall file with the Contractor a copy of each policy that includes insurance coverages required by this Section 11.3. Each policy shall contain all generally applicable conditions, definitions, exclusions and endorsements related to this Project. Each policy shall contain a provision that the policy will not be canceled or allowed to expire, and that its limits will not be reduced, until at least 30 days' prior written notice has been given to the Contractor.

§ 11.3.7 WAIVERS OF SUBROGATION

The Owner and Contractor waive all rights against (1) each other and any of their subcontractors, subsubcontractors, agents and employees, each of the other, and (2) the Architect, Architect's consultants, separate contractors described in Article 6, if any, and any of their subcontractors, sub-subcontractors, agents and employees, for damages caused by fire or other causes of loss to the extent covered by property insurance obtained pursuant to this Section 11.3 or other property insurance applicable to the Work, except such rights as they have to proceeds of such insurance held by the Owner as fiduciary. The Owner or Contractor, as appropriate, shall require of the Architect, Architect's consultants, separate contractors described in Article 6, if any, and the subcontractors, subsubcontractors, agents and employees of any of them, by appropriate agreements, written where legally required for validity, similar waivers each in favor of other parties enumerated herein. The policies shall provide such waivers of subrogation by endorsement or otherwise. A waiver of subrogation shall be effective as to a person or entity even though that person or entity would otherwise have a duty of indennnification, contractual or otherwise, did not pay the insurance premium directly or indirectly, and whether or not the person or entity had an insurable interest in the property damaged.

- § 11.3.8 A loss insured under the Owner's property insurance shall be adjusted by the Owner as fiduciary and made payable to the Owner as fiduciary for the insureds, as their interests may appear, subject to requirements of any applicable mortgagee clause and of Section 11.3.10. The Contractor shall pay Subcontractors their just shares of insurance proceeds received by the Contractor, and by appropriate agreements, written where legally required for validity, shall require Subcontractors to make payments to their Sub-subcontractors in similar manner.
- § 11.3.9 If required in writing by a party in interest, the Owner as fiduciary shall, upon occurrence of an insured loss, give bond for proper performance of the Owner's duties. The cost of required bonds shall be charged against proceeds received as fiduciary. The Owner shall deposit in a separate account proceeds so received, which the

Owner shall distribute in accordance with such agreement as the parties in interest may reach, or as determined in accordance with the method of binding dispute resolution selected in the Agreement between the Owner and Contractor. If after such loss no other special agreement is made and unless the Owner terminates the Contract for convenience, replacement of damaged property shall be performed by the Contractor after notification of a Change in the Work in accordance with Article 7.

§ 11.3.10 The Owner as fiduciary shall have power to adjust and settle a loss with insurers unless one of the parties in interest shall object in writing within five days after occurrence of loss to the Owner's exercise of this power; if such objection is made, the dispute shall be resolved in the manner selected by the Owner and Contractor as the method of binding dispute resolution in the Agreement. If the Owner and Contractor have selected arbitration as the method of binding dispute resolution, the Owner as fiduciary shall make settlement with insurers or, in the case of a dispute over distribution of insurance proceeds, in accordance with the directions of the arbitrators.

§ 11.4 PERFORMANCE BOND AND PAYMENT BOND

§ 11.4.1 The Owner shall have the right to require the Contractor to furnish bonds covering faithful performance of the Contract and payment of obligations arising thereunder as stipulated in bidding requirements or specifically required in the Contract Documents on the date of execution of the Contract.

§ 11.4.2 Upon the request of any person or entity appearing to be a potential beneficiary of bonds covering payment of obligations arising under the Contract, the Contractor shall promptly furnish a copy of the bonds or shall authorize a copy to be furnished.

ARTICLE 12 UNCOVERING AND CORRECTION OF WORK

§ 12.1 UNCOVERING OF WORK

§ 12.1.1 If a portion of the Work is covered contrary to the Architect's request or to requirements specifically expressed in the Contract Documents, it must, if requested in writing by the Architect, be uncovered for the Architect's examination and be replaced at the Contractor's expense without change in the Contract Time.

§ 12.1.2 If a portion of the Work has been covered that the Architect has not specifically requested to examine prior to its being covered, the Architect may request to see such Work and it shall be uncovered by the Contractor. If such Work is in accordance with the Contract Documents, costs of uncovering and replacement shall, by appropriate Change Order, be at the Owner's expense. If such Work is not in accordance with the Contract Documents, such costs and the cost of correction shall be at the Contractor's expense unless the condition was caused by the Owner or a separate contractor in which event the Owner shall be responsible for payment of such costs.

§ 12.2 CORRECTION OF WORK

§ 12.2.1 BEFORE OR AFTER SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

The Contractor shall promptly correct Work rejected by the Architect or failing to conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents, whether discovered before or after Substantial Completion and whether or not fabricated, installed or completed. Costs of correcting such rejected Work, including additional testing and inspections, the cost of uncovering and replacement, and compensation for the Architect's services and expenses made necessary thereby, shall be at the Contractor's expense.

§ 12.2.2 AFTER SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

§ 12.2.2.1 In addition to the Contractor's obligations under Section 3.5, if, within one year after the date of Substantial Completion of the Work or designated portion thereof or after the date for commencement of warranties established under Section 9.9.1, or by terms of an applicable special warranty required by the Contract Documents, any of the Work is found to be not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall correct it promptly after receipt of written notice from the Owner to do so unless the Owner has previously given the Contractor a written acceptance of such condition. The Owner shall give such notice promptly after discovery of the condition. During the one-year period for correction of Work, if the Owner fails to notify the Contractor and give the Contractor an opportunity to make the correction, the Owner waives the rights to require correction by the Contractor and to make a claim for breach of warranty. If the Contractor fails to correct nonconforming Work within a reasonable time during that period after receipt of notice from the Owner or Architect, the Owner may correct it in accordance with Section 2.4.

- § 12.2.2.2 The one-year period for correction of Work shall be extended with respect to portions of Work first performed after Substantial Completion by the period of time between Substantial Completion and the actual completion of that portion of the Work.
- § 12.2.2.3 The one-year period for correction of Work shall not be extended by corrective Work performed by the Contractor pursuant to this Section 12.2.
- § 12.2.3 The Contractor shall remove from the site portions of the Work that are not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents and are neither corrected by the Contractor nor accepted by the Owner.
- § 12.2.4 The Contractor shall bear the cost of correcting destroyed or damaged construction, whether completed or partially completed, of the Owner or separate contractors caused by the Contractor's correction or removal of Work that is not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- § 12.2.5 Nothing contained in this Section 12.2 shall be construed to establish a period of limitation with respect to other obligations the Contractor has under the Contract Documents. Establishment of the one-year period for correction of Work as described in Section 12.2.2 relates only to the specific obligation of the Contractor to correct the Work, and has no relationship to the time within which the obligation to comply with the Contract Documents may be sought to be enforced, nor to the time within which proceedings may be commenced to establish the Contractor's liability with respect to the Contractor's obligations other than specifically to correct the Work.

§ 12.3 ACCEPTANCE OF NONCONFORMING WORK

If the Owner prefers to accept Work that is not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents, the Owner may do so instead of requiring its removal and correction, in which case the Contract Sum will be reduced as appropriate and equitable. Such adjustment shall be effected whether or not final payment has been made.

ARTICLE 13 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS § 13.1 GOVERNING LAW

The Contract shall be governed by the law of the place where the Project is located except that, if the parties have selected arbitration as the method of binding dispute resolution, the Federal Arbitration Act shall govern Section 15.4.

§ 13.2 SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNS

- § 13.2.1 The Owner and Contractor respectively bind themselves, their partners, successors, assigns and legal representatives to covenants, agreements and obligations contained in the Contract Documents. Except as provided in Section 13.2.2, neither party to the Contract shall assign the Contract as a whole without written consent of the other. If either party attempts to make such an assignment without such consent, that party shall nevertheless remain legally responsible for all obligations under the Contract.
- § 13.2.2 The Owner may, without consent of the Contractor, assign the Contract to a lender providing construction financing for the Project, if the lender assumes the Owner's rights and obligations under the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall execute all consents reasonably required to facilitate such assignment.

§ 13.3 WRITTEN NOTICE

Written notice shall be deemed to have been duly served if delivered in person to the individual, to a member of the firm or entity, or to an officer of the corporation for which it was intended; or if delivered at, or sent by registered or certified mail or by courier service providing proof of delivery to, the last business address known to the party giving notice.

§ 13.4 RIGHTS AND REMEDIES

- § 13.4.1 Duties and obligations imposed by the Contract Documents and rights and remedies available thereunder shall be in addition to and not a limitation of duties, obligations, rights and remedies otherwise imposed or available by law.
- § 13.4.2 No action or failure to act by the Owner, Architect or Contractor shall constitute a waiver of a right or duty afforded them under the Contract, nor shall such action or failure to act constitute approval of or acquiescence in a breach there under, except as may be specifically agreed in writing.

§ 13.5 TESTS AND INSPECTIONS

§ 13.5.1 Tests, inspections and approvals of portions of the Work shall be made as required by the Contract Documents and by applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, codes, rules and regulations or lawful orders of public authorities. Unless otherwise provided, the Contractor shall make arrangements for such tests, inspections and approvals with an independent testing laboratory or entity acceptable to the Owner, or with the appropriate public authority, and shall bear all related costs of tests, inspections and approvals. The Contractor shall give the Architect timely notice of when and where tests and inspections are to be made so that the Architect may be present for such procedures. The Owner shall bear costs of (1) tests, inspections or approvals that do not become requirements until after bids are received or negotiations concluded, and (2) tests, inspections or approvals where building codes or applicable laws or regulations prohibit the Owner from delegating their cost to the Contractor.

§ 13.5.2 If the Architect, Owner or public authorities having jurisdiction determine that portions of the Work require additional testing, inspection or approval not included under Section 13.5.1, the Architect will, upon written authorization from the Owner, instruct the Contractor to make arrangements for such additional testing, inspection or approval by an entity acceptable to the Owner, and the Contractor shall give timely notice to the Architect of when and where tests and inspections are to be made so that the Architect may be present for such procedures. Such costs, except as provided in Section 13.5.3, shall be at the Owner's expense.

§ 13.5.3 If such procedures for testing, inspection or approval under Sections 13.5.1 and 13.5.2 reveal failure of the portions of the Work to comply with requirements established by the Contract Documents, all costs made necessary by such failure including those of repeated procedures and compensation for the Architect's services and expenses shall be at the Contractor's expense.

§ 13.5.4 Required certificates of testing, inspection or approval shall, unless otherwise required by the Contract Documents, be secured by the Contractor and promptly delivered to the Architect.

§ 13.5.5 If the Architect is to observe tests, inspections or approvals required by the Contract Documents, the Architect will do so promptly and, where practicable, at the normal place of testing.

§ 13.5.6 Tests or inspections conducted pursuant to the Contract Documents shall be made promptly to avoid unreasonable delay in the Work.

§ 13.6 INTEREST

Payments due and unpaid under the Contract Documents shall bear interest from the date payment is due at such rate as the parties may agree upon in writing or, in the absence thereof, at the legal rate prevailing from time to time at the place where the Project is located.

§ 13.7 TIME LIMITS ON CLAIMS

The Owner and Contractor shall commence all claims and causes of action, whether in contract, tort, breach of warranty or otherwise, against the other arising out of or related to the Contract in accordance with the requirements of the final dispute resolution method selected in the Agreement within the time period specified by applicable law, but in any case not more than 10 years after the date of Substantial Completion of the Work. The Owner and Contractor waive all claims and causes of action not commenced in accordance with this Section 13.7.

ARTICLE 14 TERMINATION OR SUSPENSION OF THE CONTRACT § 14.1 TERMINATION BY THE CONTRACTOR

§ 14.1.1 The Contractor may terminate the Contract if the Work is stopped for a period of 30 consecutive days through no act or fault of the Contractor or a Subcontractor, Sub-subcontractor or their agents or employees or any other persons or entities performing portions of the Work under direct or indirect contract with the Contractor, for any of the following reasons:

- 1 Issuance of an order of a court or other public authority having jurisdiction that requires all Work to be stopped;
- .2 An act of government, such as a declaration of national emergency that requires all Work to be stopped;

- .3 Because the Architect has not issued a Certificate for Payment and has not notified the Contractor of the reason for withholding certification as provided in Section 9.4.1, or because the Owner has not made payment on a Certificate for Payment within the time stated in the Contract Documents; or
- The Owner has failed to furnish to the Contractor promptly, upon the Contractor's request, reasonable evidence as required by Section 2.2.1.
- § 14.1.2 The Contractor may terminate the Contract if, through no act or fault of the Contractor or a Subcontractor, Sub-subcontractor or their agents or employees or any other persons or entities performing portions of the Work under direct or indirect contract with the Contractor, repeated suspensions, delays or interruptions of the entire Work by the Owner as described in Section 14.3 constitute in the aggregate more than 100 percent of the total number of days scheduled for completion, or 120 days in any 365-day period, whichever is less.
- § 14.1.3 If one of the reasons described in Section 14.1.1 or 14.1.2 exists, the Contractor may, upon seven days' written notice to the Owner and Architect, terminate the Contract and recover from the Owner payment for Work executed, including reasonable overhead and profit, costs incurred by reason of such termination, and damages.
- § 14.1.4 If the Work is stopped for a period of 60 consecutive days through no act or fault of the Contractor or a Subcontractor or their agents or employees or any other persons performing portions of the Work under contract with the Contractor because the Owner has repeatedly failed to fulfill the Owner's obligations under the Contract Documents with respect to matters important to the progress of the Work, the Contractor may, upon seven additional days' written notice to the Owner and the Architect, terminate the Contract and recover from the Owner as provided in Section 14.1.3.

§ 14.2 TERMINATION BY THE OWNER FOR CAUSE

- § 14.2.1 The Owner may terminate the Contract if the Contractor
 - .1 repeatedly refuses or fails to supply enough properly skilled workers or proper materials;
 - fails to make payment to Subcontractors for materials or labor in accordance with the respective agreements between the Contractor and the Subcontractors;
 - repeatedly disregards applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, codes, rules and regulations, or lawful orders of a public authority; or
 - .4 otherwise is guilty of substantial breach of a provision of the Contract Documents.
- § 14.2.2 When any of the above reasons exist, the Owner, upon certification by the Initial Decision Maker that sufficient cause exists to justify such action, may without prejudice to any other rights or remedies of the Owner and after giving the Contractor and the Contractor's surety, if any, seven days' written notice, terminate employment of the Contractor and may, subject to any prior rights of the surety:
 - .1 Exclude the Contractor from the site and take possession of all materials, equipment, tools, and construction equipment and machinery thereon owned by the Contractor;
 - .2 Accept assignment of subcontracts pursuant to Section 5.4; and
 - .3 Finish the Work by whatever reasonable method the Owner may deem expedient. Upon written request of the Contractor, the Owner shall furnish to the Contractor a detailed accounting of the costs incurred by the Owner in finishing the Work.
- § 14.2.3 When the Owner terminates the Contract for one of the reasons stated in Section 14.2.1, the Contractor shall not be entitled to receive further payment until the Work is finished.
- § 14.2.4 If the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum exceeds costs of finishing the Work, including compensation for the Architect's services and expenses made necessary thereby, and other damages incurred by the Owner and not expressly waived, such excess shall be paid to the Contractor. If such costs and damages exceed the unpaid balance, the Contractor shall pay the difference to the Owner. The amount to be paid to the Contractor or Owner, as the case may be, shall be certified by the Initial Decision Maker, upon application, and this obligation for payment shall survive termination of the Contract.

§ 14.3 SUSPENSION BY THE OWNER FOR CONVENIENCE

§ 14.3.1 The Owner may, without cause, order the Contractor in writing to suspend, delay or interrupt the Work in whole or in part for such period of time as the Owner may determine.

- § 14.3.2 The Contract Sum and Contract Time shall be adjusted for increases in the cost and time caused by suspension, delay or interruption as described in Section 14.3.1. Adjustment of the Contract Sum shall include profit. No adjustment shall be made to the extent
 - that performance is, was or would have been so suspended, delayed or interrupted by another cause for which the Contractor is responsible; or
 - .2 that an equitable adjustment is made or denied under another provision of the Contract.

§ 14.4 TERMINATION BY THE OWNER FOR CONVENIENCE

- § 14.4.1 The Owner may, at any time, terminate the Contract for the Owner's convenience and without cause.
- § 14.4.2 Upon receipt of written notice from the Owner of such termination for the Owner's convenience, the Contractor shall
 - .1 cease operations as directed by the Owner in the notice;
 - .2 take actions necessary, or that the Owner may direct, for the protection and preservation of the Work;
 - .3 except for Work directed to be performed prior to the effective date of termination stated in the notice, terminate all existing subcontracts and purchase orders and enter into no further subcontracts and purchase orders.
- § 14.4.3 In case of such termination for the Owner's convenience, the Contractor shall be entitled to receive payment for Work executed, and costs incurred by reason of such termination, along with reasonable overhead and profit on the Work not executed.

ARTICLE 15 CLAIMS AND DISPUTES

§ 15.1 CLAIMS

§ 15.1.1 DEFINITION

A Claim is a demand or assertion by one of the parties seeking, as a matter of right, payment of money, or other relief with respect to the terms of the Contract. The term "Claim" also includes other disputes and matters in question between the Owner and Contractor arising out of or relating to the Contract. The responsibility to substantiate Claims shall rest with the party making the Claim.

§ 15.1.2 NOTICE OF CLAIMS

Claims by either the Owner or Contractor must be initiated by written notice to the other party and to the Initial Decision Maker with a copy sent to the Architect, if the Architect is not serving as the Initial Decision Maker. Claims by either party must be initiated within 21 days after occurrence of the event giving rise to such Claim or within 21 days after the claimant first recognizes the condition giving rise to the Claim, whichever is later.

§ 15.1.3 CONTINUING CONTRACT PERFORMANCE

Pending final resolution of a Claim, except as otherwise agreed in writing or as provided in Section 9.7 and Article 14, the Contractor shall proceed diligently with performance of the Contract and the Owner shall continue to make payments in accordance with the Contract Documents. The Architect will prepare Change Orders and issue Certificates for Payment in accordance with the decisions of the Initial Decision Maker.

§ 15.1.4 CLAIMS FOR ADDITIONAL COST

If the Contractor wishes to make a Claim for an increase in the Contract Sum, written notice as provided herein shall be given before proceeding to execute the Work. Prior notice is not required for Claims relating to an emergency endangering life or property arising under Section 10.4.

§ 15.1.5 CLAIMS FOR ADDITIONAL TIME

§ 15.1.5.1 If the Contractor wishes to make a Claim for an increase in the Contract Time, written notice as provided herein shall be given. The Contractor's Claim shall include an estimate of cost and of probable effect of delay on progress of the Work. In the case of a continuing delay, only one Claim is necessary.

§ 15.1.5.2 If adverse weather conditions are the basis for a Claim for additional time, such Claim shall be documented by data substantiating that weather conditions were abnormal for the period of time, could not have been reasonably anticipated and had an adverse effect on the scheduled construction.

§ 15.1.6 CLAIMS FOR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES

The Contractor and Owner waive Claims against each other for consequential damages arising out of or relating to this Contract. This mutual waiver includes

- damages incurred by the Owner for rental expenses, for losses of use, income, profit, financing, business and reputation, and for loss of management or employee productivity or of the services of such persons; and
- damages incurred by the Contractor for principal office expenses including the compensation of personnel stationed there, for losses of financing, business and reputation, and for loss of profit except anticipated profit arising directly from the Work.

This mutual waiver is applicable, without limitation, to all consequential damages due to either party's termination in accordance with Article 14. Nothing contained in this Section 15.1.6 shall be deemed to preclude an award of liquidated damages, when applicable, in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents.

§ 15.2 INITIAL DECISION

§ 15.2.1 Claims, excluding those arising under Sections 10.3, 10.4, 11.3.9, and 11.3.10, shall be referred to the Initial Decision Maker for initial decision. The Architect will serve as the Initial Decision Maker, unless otherwise indicated in the Agreement. Except for those Claims excluded by this Section 15.2.1, an initial decision shall be required as a condition precedent to mediation of any Claim arising prior to the date final payment is due, unless 30 days have passed after the Claim has been referred to the Initial Decision Maker with no decision having been rendered. Unless the Initial Decision Maker and all affected parties agree, the Initial Decision Maker will not decide disputes between the Contractor and persons or entities other than the Owner.

§ 15.2.2 The Initial Decision Maker will review Claims and within ten days of the receipt of a Claim take one or more of the following actions: (1) request additional supporting data from the claimant or a response with supporting data from the other party, (2) reject the Claim in whole or in part, (3) approve the Claim, (4) suggest a compromise, or (5) advise the parties that the Initial Decision Maker is unable to resolve the Claim if the Initial Decision Maker lacks sufficient information to evaluate the merits of the Claim or if the Initial Decision Maker concludes that, in the Initial Decision Maker's sole discretion, it would be inappropriate for the Initial Decision Maker to resolve the Claim.

§ 15.2.3 In evaluating Claims, the Initial Decision Maker may, but shall not be obligated to, consult with or seek information from either party or from persons with special knowledge or expertise who may assist the Initial Decision Maker in rendering a decision. The Initial Decision Maker may request the Owner to authorize retention of such persons at the Owner's expense.

§ 15.2.4 If the Initial Decision Maker requests a party to provide a response to a Claim or to furnish additional supporting data, such party shall respond, within ten days after receipt of such request, and shall either (1) provide a response on the requested supporting data, (2) advise the Initial Decision Maker when the response or supporting data will be furnished or (3) advise the Initial Decision Maker that no supporting data will be furnished. Upon receipt of the response or supporting data, if any, the Initial Decision Maker will either reject or approve the Claim in whole or in part.

§ 15.2.5 The Initial Decision Maker will render an initial decision approving or rejecting the Claim, or indicating that the Initial Decision Maker is unable to resolve the Claim. This initial decision shall (1) be in writing; (2) state the reasons therefor; and (3) notify the parties and the Architect, if the Architect is not serving as the Initial Decision Maker, of any change in the Contract Sum or Contract Time or both. The initial decision shall be final and binding on the parties but subject to mediation and, if the parties fail to resolve their dispute through mediation, to binding dispute resolution.

§ 15.2.6 Either party may file for mediation of an initial decision at any time, subject to the terms of Section 15.2.6.1.

§ 15.2.6.1 Either party may, within 30 days from the date of an initial decision, demand in writing that the other party file for mediation within 60 days of the initial decision. If such a demand is made and the party receiving the demand fails to file for mediation within the time required, then both parties waive their rights to mediate or pursue binding dispute resolution proceedings with respect to the initial decision.

- § 15.2.7 In the event of a Claim against the Contractor, the Owner may, but is not obligated to, notify the surety, if any, of the nature and amount of the Claim. If the Claim relates to a possibility of a Contractor's default, the Owner may, but is not obligated to, notify the surety and request the surety's assistance in resolving the controversy.
- § 15.2.8 If a Claim relates to or is the subject of a mechanic's lien, the party asserting such Claim may proceed in accordance with applicable law to comply with the lien notice or filing deadlines.

§ 15.3 MEDIATION

- § 15.3.1 Claims, disputes, or other matters in controversy arising out of or related to the Contract except those waived as provided for in Sections 9.10.4, 9.10.5, and 15.1.6 shall be subject to mediation as a condition precedent to binding dispute resolution.
- § 15.3.2 The parties shall endeavor to resolve their Claims by mediation which, unless the parties mutually agree otherwise, shall be administered by the American Arbitration Association in accordance with its Construction Industry Mediation Procedures in effect on the date of the Agreement. A request for mediation shall be made in writing, delivered to the other party to the Contract, and filed with the person or entity administering the mediation. The request may be made concurrently with the filing of binding dispute resolution proceedings but, in such event, mediation shall proceed in advance of binding dispute resolution proceedings, which shall be stayed pending mediation for a period of 60 days from the date of filing, unless stayed for a longer period by agreement of the parties or court order. If an arbitration is stayed pursuant to this Section 15.3.2, the parties may nonetheless proceed to the selection of the arbitrator(s) and agree upon a schedule for later proceedings.
- § 15.3.3 The parties shall share the mediator's fee and any filing fees equally. The mediation shall be held in the place where the Project is located, unless another location is mutually agreed upon. Agreements reached in mediation shall be enforceable as settlement agreements in any court having jurisdiction thereof.

§ 15.4 ARBITRATION

- § 15.4.1 If the parties have selected arbitration as the method for binding dispute resolution in the Agreement, any Claim subject to, but not resolved by, mediation shall be subject to arbitration which, unless the parties mutually agree otherwise, shall be administered by the American Arbitration Association in accordance with its Construction Industry Arbitration Rules in effect on the date of the Agreement. A demand for arbitration shall be made in writing, delivered to the other party to the Contract, and filed with the person or entity administering the arbitration. The party filing a notice of demand for arbitration must assert in the demand all Claims then known to that party on which arbitration is permitted to be demanded.
- § 15.4.1.1 A demand for arbitration shall be made no earlier than concurrently with the filing of a request for mediation, but in no event shall it be made after the date when the institution of legal or equitable proceedings based on the Claim would be barred by the applicable statute of limitations. For statute of limitations purposes, receipt of a written demand for arbitration by the person or entity administering the arbitration shall constitute the institution of legal or equitable proceedings based on the Claim.
- § 15.4.2 The award rendered by the arbitrator or arbitrators shall be final, and judgment may be entered upon it in accordance with applicable law in any court having jurisdiction thereof.
- § 15.4.3 The foregoing agreement to arbitrate and other agreements to arbitrate with an additional person or entity duly consented to by parties to the Agreement shall be specifically enforceable under applicable law in any court having jurisdiction thereof.

§ 15.4.4 CONSOLIDATION OR JOINDER

- § 15.4.4.1 Either party, at its sole discretion, may consolidate an arbitration conducted under this Agreement with any other arbitration to which it is a party provided that (1) the arbitration agreement governing the other arbitration permits consolidation, (2) the arbitrations to be consolidated substantially involve common questions of law or fact, and (3) the arbitrations employ materially similar procedural rules and methods for selecting arbitrator(s).
- § 15.4.4.2 Either party, at its sole discretion, may include by joinder persons or entities substantially involved in a common question of law or fact whose presence is required if complete relief is to be accorded in arbitration, provided that the party sought to be joined consents in writing to such joinder. Consent to arbitration involving an

additional person or entity shall not constitute consent to arbitration of any claim, dispute or other matter in question not described in the written consent.

§ 15.4.4.3 The Owner and Contractor grant to any person or entity made a party to an arbitration conducted under this Section 15.4, whether by joinder or consolidation, the same rights of joinder and consolidation as the Owner and Contractor under this Agreement.

Additions and Deletions Report for

AIA[®] Document A201[™] – 2007

This Additions and Deletions Report, as defined on page 1 of the associated document, reproduces below all text the author has added to the standard form AIA document in order to complete it, as well as any text the author may have added to or deleted from the original AIA text. Added text is shown underlined. Deleted text is indicated with a horizontal line through the original AIA text.

Note: This Additions and Deletions Report is provided for information purposes only and is not incorporated into or constitute any part of the associated AIA document. This Additions and Deletions Report and its associated document were generated simultaneously by AIA software at 11:29:06 on 06/06/2008.

There are no differences.

1

Certification of Document's Authenticity

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I, , hereby certify, to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, that I created the attached final document simultaneously with its associated Additions and Deletions Report and this certification at 11:29:06 on 06/06/2008 under Order No. 1000354250_1 from AIA Contract Documents software and that in preparing the attached final document I made no changes to the original text of AIA $^{\odot}$ Document A201TM – 2007 - General Conditions of the Contract for Construction, as published by the AIA in its software, other than those additions and deletions shown in the associated Additions and Deletions Report.

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(Signed)	Market (
(Title)	A THE STATE	
(Dated)		

Issued For Construction October 19, 2012 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

SUPPLEMENTARY GENERAL CONDITIONS

These Supplementary Conditions hereby amend and modify the General Conditions of the Contract for Construction, AIA Document A201, 2007 Edition, issued by the American Institute of Architects, Washington, D.C. In the event of any conflict, inconsistency or ambiguity between the terms and provisions of these Supplementary General Conditions and those of Standard Form A201, these Supplementary General Conditions shall govern and control.

The following paragraph numbers, sub-paragraph numbers, and clause numbers relate to the comparable paragraph numbers, sub-paragraph numbers, and clause numbers of the Standard Form A201. The terms and provisions of the Standard Form A201 are hereby amended and modified as follows:

- 1.7 Add the following clause: All references to Arbitration and Mediation shall be deleted including but not limited to the following articles: 8.31, 10.3.5, 10.3.6, 11.3.10, 13.1.1, 15.2.1, 15.2.6, 15.3, 15.3.2, 15.4, 15.41
- 3.2.4 Add the following sub-paragraph: Neither the Owner nor the Architect assume any responsibility for an understanding or representation made by any of their agents or representative prior to the execution of the Agreement unless 1) such understandings or representations are expressly stated in the Agreement, and 2) the Agreement expressly provides that responsibility therefore is assumed by the Owner.
- 3.2.5 Add the following sub-paragraph: Maps and similar reference data made available to the Contractor are given for the Contractor's information only, and neither the Owner nor the Architect assume any responsibility for conclusions the Contractor may draw therefrom.
- 3.3.3 Add the following: Neither the presence or absence of the Owner or the Architect, nor their authorized representatives, shall relieve the Contractor from any requirements herein.
- 3.4.1.1 Add the following clause: The Owner may pre-purchase materials and/or equipment which shall be assigned to the Contractor for handling, installation, warranty service and supervision. Such pre-purchased materials and/or equipment are listed in Section 01 10 00.
- 3.4.3.1 Add the following clause: Labor shall be performed in best, most workmanlike manner, by mechanics skilled in their respective trades. Standards for work required throughout shall be of such grade as will result in first-class work. Mechanics whose work is unsatisfactory to the Owner or the Architect or is considered by the Owner or Architect to be careless, incompetent, unskilled or otherwise objectionable shall be dismissed from work under the Contract upon written notice from Owner or Architect.
- 3.9.1 Insert the word "full time" in the first line immediately after the word "competent".
- 3.9.2 Add the following sub-paragraph: The Superintendent shall not be removed or replaced without prior written consent of the Owner.

3.13.1 Add the following: The Contractor shall be liable for any and all damage caused by him to Owner's premises. The Contractor shall hold and save the Owner, his agents and representatives, free and harmless from liability of any nature or any kind arising from any use, trespass or damage

occasioned by his operations on premises or third persons.

3.15.1 Add the following: Contractor's clean up shall include wiping down exposed surfaces, washing windows, and vacuuming or thoroughly sweeping floors.

- 8.2.4 Add the following sub-paragraph: The Contractor shall take, at no additional cost to the Owner, whatever means are necessary including, but not necessarily limited to, working nights and weekends and double shifts, and providing temporary weather enclosures and temporary heat/ventilation during inclement weather to assure substantial completion of all work during the Contract Time.
- 8.3.3 Delete the entire sub-paragraph and add the following:

Unless a delay is caused in whole, or in part, by acts or omissions within the control of the Owner or persons acting on behalf thereof (other than the Contractor or persons acting on behalf of the Contractor), the only remedy available to the Contractor for a delay shall be an extension of time. Unless a delay is caused in whole, or in part, by acts or omissions within the control of the Owner or persons acting on behalf thereof (other than the Contractor or persons acting on behalf of the Contractor), the Contractor agrees that whether or not any delay shall be the basis for an extension of time, the Contractor shall have no claim against the Owner or Architect/Engineer for:

- (a) An increase in the Contract Sum;
- (b) A payment or allowance of any kind for damage, loss or expense, resulting from delays; or
- (c) Any damage, loss or expenses, resulting from interruptions, accelerations, inefficiencies or suspensions of its work.

Nothing herein shall be construed as granting an extension of time for delays caused, in whole or in part, by the Contractor or persons acting on behalf thereof.

- 9.3.1.1 Delete the entire clause.
- 9.3.1.3 Add the following clause: Applications for Payment shall be made on notarized photo copies of AIA Document No. G702, Application and Certification for Payment of the then current edition. Submit four (4) copies of the Application and Certificate for Payment to the Architect for his approval; the Architect will in turn forward one to the Owner for payment, and then return a "Contractor's" copy to the Contractor.
- 9.3.1.4 Add the following clause: Until the final payment, the Owner will pay ninety percent (95%) of the amount due the Contractor on account of progress payments.
- 10.1.2 Add the following sub-paragraph: It is the Contractor's sole responsibility to comply with Local, State and Federal regulations regarding the Work under construction on the site. The Contractor shall comply with the then current provisions of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29CFR1910; Public Law 91-956), and the Consumer Product Safety Act as it relates to building materials and construction.

10.1.3 Add the following sub-paragraph:

The Contractor and his Sub-Contractors and fabricators shall be in compliance with all regulations, including but not limited to, the following Local, State and Federal Regulations:

- 1. Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, (29CFR1910) Public Law #91-956, current provisions and regulations as pertains to Work being performed on this project. (OSHA)
- 2. Occupational Safety and Health Standards, Part 1910, Chapter 17 of Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations, current provisions and regulations as pertains to Work being performed on this project.
- 3. The Consumer Product Safety Act as it relates to building materials and construction.
- 4. Safety and Health Regulations for Construction, Part 1518, Chapter 13 of Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations, current provisions and regulations as pertains to Work being performed on this project.
- 11.3.1 Revise as follows:

In the first sentence, the Contractor shall purchase and maintain.

- 11.3.1.2 Delete the entire paragraph.
- 1.3.1.3 Revise as follows:

Replace the word Owner with the word Contractor.

14.4.3 Delete the entire sub-paragraph and add the following: "Notwithstanding anything to the contrary stated in the Agreement or this Article, if the Owner permanently abandons the Work of the Project, this Agreement may be terminated by the Owner upon not less than seven (7) days written notice to the Contractor. In such event, the Contractor shall be paid to the date of termination for such portions of the Work as the Contractor has completed and the Contractor shall have no other remedy. Contractor shall have no right to anticipated overhead and profit on the portions of Work not completed."

END OF SUPPLEMENTARY GENERAL CONDITIONS

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SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF THE CONTRACT

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS OF WORK

A. Materials, Equipment and Substitutions

- 1. The intent of the Specifications is to allow ample opportunity for Contractor to prosecute the work to his and Owner's mutual advantage, and to permit reasonable competition in bidding on standards of materials and equipment required.
- 2. In general, the Specifications identify required materials and equipment by naming one or more manufacturer's brand, model, catalog number and/or other identification; first-named manufacturer's product used as the basis for design; other named brands considered equivalent. Equivalent brand manufacturers named must furnish products consistent with Specifications for first-named product, as determined by Architect. Base Bid shall include only those brands named, except as hereinafter provided.
- 3. Where materials or equipment are described but not named, Contractor shall provide required first quality items, adequate in every respect for intended use, such items subject to Architect's approval prior to procurement.
- 4. Prior to receipt of bids, should Contractor wish to incorporate in base bid, brands or products other than those named in Specifications, he shall submit on the form included with Instructions to Bidders a written request for substitution to Architect not later than seven (7) days prior to date bids are due. Architect will consider requests, and items approved will be listed in an Addendum issued to principal bidders.
- 5. As soon as practicable and within 30 days after award of contract, Contractor shall submit shop drawings for equipment and materials to be incorporated in work, for Architect's approval; except where 30 day limit is insufficient for preparation of detailed shop drawings on major equipment or assemblies, Contractor submit manufacturer's descriptive catalog data and date such detailed shop drawings will be submitted and manufacturer's certification that order was placed within 30 day limit.
- 6. After execution of contract, substitution of product brands for those named in Specifications will be considered only if (1) request is received within thirty days after contract date and request includes statement showing credit due Owner, if any, if substitution product is used, or (2) Owner requests consideration be given to substitute brands.
- 7. Materials and equipment proposed for substitution shall be equal or superior to that specified in construction efficiency, utility, aesthetic design, and color, as determined by Architect whose decision shall be final without further recourse. Physical size of substitute brand shall not be larger than the space provided for it. Physical size and arrangement of components shall be such that there will be provided the clearances, reach range dimensions, approach space, and maneuvering space required by the Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines. Requests must be accompanied by full description and technical data, in three copies, including manufacturer's name, model, catalog number, photographs or cuts, physical dimensions, capacity, load rating, operating characteristics, and other information necessary for comparison.
- 8. In proposing a substitution prior to or subsequent to receipt of bids, Contractor shall include in such proposal the cost of altering other elements of the project, including adjustments in

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- mechanical-electrical service requirements, as necessary to accommodate such substitution; whether such affected elements be under his contract or under separate contracts.
- 9. In preparing bid, Contractor shall check his sources of supply verifying catalog numbers and availability of materials and equipment specified. If later, any materials or equipment are discovered to be discontinued, unavailable or their catalog numbers have been changed, are incorrect or ambiguous, Contractor shall consult Architect and, without an increase in contract sum, provide equivalent materials or equipment as selected by Architect.

B. <u>Drawings</u>

- 1. Accurately lay out such work from dimensions indicated on architectural drawings unless such be found in error. Consult Architect for interpretations concerning locations.
- 2. Consult Drawings for miscellaneous items of each trade and provide same as indicated.
- 3. Where Drawings indicate a portion of work and remainder is shown in outline, parts drawn out apply to other like portions of work. Where detail is indicated by starting, only, such detail continues to apply throughout courses or parts in which it occurs and applies to similar parts of work unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Unless otherwise indicated, a detail indicates general application of work at all locations where it logically applies, and other related work incident thereto shall be provided as required to fully complete work in manner consistent with detail and other related details and as approved by Architect.

C. <u>Architect's Selection and Approval of Materials</u>

- 1. Where approval of Architect for material or equipment is required, secure such approval before procurement.
- 2. Where colors and/or patterns are to be selected by Architect, request such selection in ample time for procurement.
- 3. Where Specifications include cash allowances, request Architect to select the appropriate material in ample time for procurement.
- 4. The aesthetic values of every material and installation, such as shape, proportion, texture, finish and color, will be an important consideration to Architect and his decisions concerning same shall be final.

D. References

1. References to known standard specifications mean and intend latest edition of such specifications adopted and published at date of invitation to submit proposals.

E. Protection of Work and Property

1. Construct and maintain temporary drainage, and pump as necessary to keep site and excavations free from water. Remove ice and snow as necessary for safety and proper execution of work.

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Provide cover and protection of work from inclement weather and brace construction to prevent damage from wind.

- 2. Keep covered materials, cavities and holes subject to damage by falling materials or deposits of water, snow or ice.
- 3. In cold weather, protect work from damage from frost and freezing. In hot weather, protect work from rapid drying out.
- 4. Transport, handle, store and erect materials in a manner to keep from injury.
- 5. Support no runways, ramps, nor construction equipment on nor transport over items or assemblies subject to displacement, disfigurement or other damage.
- 6. Protect work in place, requiring job-finishing, until such finishing has been completed.
- 7. Protect previously placed work by suitable coverings or other protection during installation of subsequent work. Clean off foreign materials accidentally deposited on finish surfaces and, where such would stain, corrode or otherwise disfigure, clean same immediately with material that will not damage finished work.
- 8. Where finished floors are subject to damage, suitably cover traffic areas until building acceptance.

E. <u>Temporary Equipment</u>

1. Provide temporary walks, ramps, ladders, runways, scaffolding, shoring, bracing, tarps and other equipment required for progress of work and remove such at work completion.

A. Appropriate Materials and Installations

1. Before submitting bid, and before procurement of materials selected by Architect subsequent to bid, Contractor, his subcontractors and material suppliers shall observe Drawings, Specifications and material selected, and should any material and/or installation be indicated, specified or directed in a manner not approved by material manufacturer or not in accordance with good construction practice for obviously intended results, notify Architect and receive his instructions. Failing to do so, Contractor shall provide other equivalent materials suitable for the installation, as selected by Architect or if not discovered until after installation, Contractor shall replace materials with such other equivalent suitable and selected materials and in either event at no increase in contract sum.

B. Receiving and Storing Materials

- 1. On receipt of materials, check for in-transit damage in ample time to replace any damaged materials prior to installation time.
- 2. Where possible, deliver materials and equipment to project site in manufacturer's original packages, keeping labels intact until final cleaning. Where items are to be job assembled label, tag, mark or otherwise properly identify each component part until incorporated in building.
- 3. Store materials in manner to prevent deterioration, staining, soiling and intrusion of foreign materials. Provide waterproof well-ventilated enclosures for material subject to deterioration by dampness. Protect materials subject to damage by freezing and frost.
- 4. Remove from premises materials showing deterioration or damage and replace with new.

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C. <u>Preparation</u>

1. Properly prepare work to receive subsequent work or finish. Notify Architect if any work is unsatisfactory to receive subsequent work or finish and receive his instructions before proceeding.

D. Installations

- 1. Furnish, apply, install, connect, erect, clean and condition manufactured articles, materials and equipment per manufacturer's printed directions, unless otherwise indicated or specified.
- 2. Manufacturer's printed directions must be on job prior to and during installation of materials and equipment.
- 3. Provide attachment devices and materials necessary to secure materials together or to other materials and to secure work of other trades.
- 4. Make allowance for ample expansion and contraction for building components subject to same.
- 5. Each trade provide sleeves, recesses and openings in their work as required to receive work of other trades.
- 6. Make field check of actual building dimensions before fabricating products.
- 7. Where proper fit of work depends upon close tolerances of manufactured products, furnish manufacturer with necessary templates to insure proper fit of components.
- 8. Install materials only when conditions of temperature, moisture, humidity and condition of adjacent building components are conducive to achieving best installation results.
- 9. In job-assembling, each trade properly cut and fit to make its assemblies fit accurately and as necessary for other trades having work occurring herein. Correct errors in cutting, shop fabrication and installation. Where necessary to cut into other building components, do so in manner not to damage building structurally or aesthetically, then repair adjoining parts thoroughly and neatly.
- 10. Erect, install and secure building components in a structurally sound and appropriate manner. Where necessary, temporarily brace, shore, or otherwise support members until final connection or installation. Brace walls and other structural elements to prevent damage by wind and construction operations. Leave temporary bracing, shoring or other structural supports in place as long as necessary for safety and until structure is strong enough to withstand all temporary or permanent loads to which it may be subjected.
- 11. Where construction consists of a series of units, assemble units in best acceptable manner to provide structurally sound installation, waterproof where exposed to exterior. Accurately plumb and level all units.
- 12. Handle materials in manner to prevent scratching, abrading, distortion, chipping, breaking or other disfigurement.
- 13. Unless indicated, fabricate and install materials true to line, plumb and level. Leave finished surfaces smooth and flat or if sloping, contour where indicated, free from wrinkles, warps, scratches, dents and other imperfections.
- 14. Provide quality of workmanship not less than the commercially accepted standards of that trade, and acceptable to Architect.

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- 15. Where obviously of best practice, furnish materials in longest practical lengths and largest practical sizes to avoid unnecessary joining. Make all joints secure.
- 16. Where sheet materials join in same plane, make seams tight, secure, flush and inconspicuous.
- 17. Scribe and/or otherwise neatly fit materials to adjoining materials.
- 18. Consult Architect for mounting height or position of any unit not specifically located.
- 19. Construct roofs, walls, flashings, windows, doors and other elements subject to weather exposure so that they will be thoroughly waterproof, windproof and durable. Construct floors, walls and other interior surfaces subject to water in waterproof manner.
- 20. Once placed, do not disturb materials during curing period.

E. Equipment Verification

- Contractor shall check physical sizes of all equipment furnished under this contract or furnished by Owner and require other contractors to verify sizes of their equipment, in time to allow ample room for transporting equipment to and installing in its final location before enclosing spaces for it. Notify Architect in writing of any required openings or ceiling heights; such notice in ample time for Architect to direct necessary adjustments before such openings, ceilings or enclosures are placed.
- 2. Before construction proceeds to point that would prevent necessary modifications, Contractor shall check Drawings, Specifications, shop drawings and change orders and notify Architect in writing of any mechanical/electrical services and/or connections required but not indicated, or incorrectly indicated, for equipment furnished. Failing to do so, Contractor furnishing equipment provide required services and/or connections at his own expense.

F. Finishing

- 1. Adjust doors, drawers, hardware, appliances, motors, valves, controls, and other equipment for proper operation.
- 2. Seal exterior joints between materials to form a waterproof enclosure.
- 3. Touch-up imperfections in surfaces, paint and other finishes after all sub-contractors and tradesmen have completed their work.
- 4. Clean surfaces using appropriate materials and methods that will thoroughly clean but not damage materials and their finishes, nor damage or adversely affect other materials in the project.

G. Closing-In Work

- 1. Contractor shall notify his subcontractors, Owner and all Contractors and subcontractors under the Owner, when he is ready for them to install their portions of their work and see that they comply within a reasonable period of time. Neither enclose nor cover any piping, wiring, ducts, equipment or other items until proper tests, observations and/or inspections have been made by Architect and/or proper authorities.
- 2. Contractor or subcontractor may not put in place any work which will prevent observation and approval of previous work without first notifying the Architect.

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H. Repairs

1. Unless Architect grants permission to repair any defective work, remove defective work from project and replace with new work in accordance with contract documents. Permission to repair such work shall not constitute a waiver of Architect's right to require complete replacement of defective work if repair operation does not restore quality and appearance of member or surface to Architect's satisfaction. If permission is granted, repair according to Architect's directions.

I. Completed Work

- 1. Completed work shall find materials structurally sound, free from scratches, abrasions, distortions, chips, breaks, blisters, holes, splits or other disfigurement considered as imperfections for the specific material. Equipment shall operate properly to design performance capacities and requirements.
- 2. Finished installations shall illustrate first class workmanship.
- 3. Completed surfaces shall be thoroughly clean and free from foreign materials and stains.

J. Permanent Systems

1. Install, connect, service and operate permanent systems at earliest practical dates, except as may be modified by specific Sections of the Specifications.

S. Sales Tax

1. Section 144.062 RSMo has been amended to permit non-profit bodies to permit Contractors who are constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities on their behalf to utilize their tax exemption number when purchasing materials to be incorporated in the work. The Owner will provide the Contractor with a tax exempt certificate which may be used in purchasing materials to be used on this project. The Contractor may make additional copies as necessary for Subcontractors on the project. The exemption applies to all tangible personal property materials which will be incorporated into or consumed during the course of the work. It does not apply to the purchase of construction machinery, equipment or tools. The law requires every Contractor purchasing materials in accordance with a tax exemption certificate to retain the certificate and all invoices for materials purchased in accordance therewith for a period of five (5) years.

T. Wage Law

The Contractor shall comply with all requirements of the prevailing wage law of the State of Missouri, Revised Statutes of Missouri, Sections 290.210 to 290.340, including the latest amendments thereto.

END OF SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF THE CONTRACT

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

1.01 PROTECTION OF WORK AND PROPERTY

- A. Contractor take charge of and assume general responsibility for proper protection of building during construction and further provide substantial enclosures at all openings as necessary for protections, including doors with locks.
- B. Contractor shall assume responsibility for his materials and equipment on the premises.
- C. Contractor shall take care to maintain the integrity and finishes present in this historical building.

1.02 BUILDING AND OTHER PERMITS

A. Contractor shall secure and pay for all city, county and state permits as required.

1.03 COOPERATION OF DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS

A. In the case any point in regard to the construction is not fully understood by the Contractor, he shall make application to the Architect for such further instructions as may be necessary. The Drawings and Specifications are intended to cooperate fully, but should a case arise in which they apparently do not, the Architect shall decide such questions and his decision shall be final and binding on all parties. Should any item specified be omitted on the Drawings or vice versa, it shall be carried out by the Contractor as if so expressed, without extra charge; any work necessary to the complete and proper finishing of the building so specified or shown must be done by the Contractor without extra charge. Figured dimensions given on the Drawings shall in all cases be followed in preference to scale drawings, but the Contractor shall obtain in every case figures from the Architect where they are not already given on the Drawings.

1.04 UTILITIES

A. Contractor shall arrange for and pay for telephone service to the Contractor's site office or mobile phone system and for temporary toilet facilities at the site. The Contractor shall furnish the Architect with a mobile phone or pager number with which the superintendent may be contacted during normal working hours.

1.05 CONTRACTOR'S SITE OFFICE AND STORAGE

A. Contractor shall utilize temporary office and storage facilities within the building for the duration of the project. Location of these facilities shall be coordinated with the Owner. No facilities are allowed outside the building except for dumpsters, staging and temporary restrooms, as described herein.

1.06 CODE COMPLIANCE

A. All work completed in connection with this project shall be governed by and in compliance with the Building and Specialty Codes Adopted by Jackson County, Missouri, including the following:

2009 International Building Code

2009 International Residential Code

2008 National Electrical Code (NFPA 70)

2009 Uniform Plumbing Code

2009 International Mechanical Code

2009 International Energy Conservation Code

2009 International Fire Code

2009 International Existing Building Code

2008 National Green Building Standard ICC-700-2008 (Guideline only)

1.07 TEMPORARY BARRIERS

A. Provide temporary barricades, as required to protect the public from harm due to construction activities.

1.08 DEFENSE OF SUITS

In case any action at law or suit in equity is brought against the Owner or any of its officers or agents for or on account of the failure, omission, or neglect of the contractor to do and perform any of the covenants, acts, matters, or things by this contract undertaken to be done or performed, or for any injury or damage caused by the negligence or alleged negligence, of the Contractor or his subcontractors, or his or their employees or agents, the Contractor shall indemnify and save harmless the Owner, and officers and agents of the Owner, of and from all losses, costs, damages, expenses, judgments, or decrees whatever arising out of such actions or suits as may be brought as aforesaid.

1.09 INSURANCE

The Contractor shall procure and maintain in affect throughout this duration of the contract insurance coverage not less than the types and amounts specified in this section. If the nature of the goods and/or services provided by the contractor are such that they may be excluded from the coverage listed below, an addendum shall be made to the contract requesting the coverage and limits required.

All subcontractors are required to carry the same coverage and limits as the prime contractor. All required Liability policies are to be written on an "occurrence" basis unless an agreement, in writing, has been made with Jackson County.

COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY

Commercial General Liability Insurance with limits of not less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$2,000,000 Annual Aggregate (both General and Products-Completed Operations). Aggregate shall be

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on a per project basis where more than one project is to be performed by the contractor under this contract. Policy shall include Severability of Interests coverage applying to Additional Insureds and also include Contractual Liability with no limitation endorsements. Policy shall include \$100,000 limit each occurrence for Damage to Rented Premise, \$1,000,000 limit each occurrence for Pollution Liability, \$1,000,000 limit each occurrence for Personal & Advertising injury liability, \$5,000 Medical Expense (any one person), and Employee Benefits Liability coverage with a \$1,000,000 limit.

COMMERCIAL AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY

Commercial Automobile Liability Insurance with a limit not less than \$1,000,000 Combined Single Limit for Bodily Injury and Property Damage Limit (each accident), covering owned, hired, borrowed, and non-owned vehicles. Coverage shall be provided on a "any auto" basis and be on a Commercial Business Auto form, or acceptable equivalent, and will protect against claims arising out of the operation of motor vehicles in connection with this contract.

WORKERS COMPENSATION AND EMPLOYERS LIABILITY COVERAGE

Contractor shall provide coverage for Workers Compensation and Employers Liability for all claims by employees of the contractor or by anyone for whose acts it may be liable under the statutes of the State of Missouri with limits of:

Workers Compensation Statutory

Employers Liability \$500,000 each accident

\$500,000 Disease – each employee \$500,000 Disease – Policy Limit

EXCESS/UMBRELLA LIABILITY COVERAGE

Contractor shall provide Excess/Umbrella liability on an occurrence basis, with \$10,000 Retention, to provide coverage limits over all liability coverage listed above, at a limit not less than \$1,000,000 each occurrence and \$1,000,000 Aggregate.

PROPERTY INSURANCE

Contractor shall provide coverage for Builders Risk Insurance as per AIA 201 General Conditions Article 11.3 and Supplemental General Conditions References to 11.3.

ADDITIONAL INSURED & CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE

The Commercial General and Automobile Liability Insurance specified above shall provide Jackson County Missouri, The City of Independence Missouri, Piper-Wind Architects, Inc. Professional Service Industries, Inc., and their agencies, officials, officers and employees, while acting within the scope of their authority, will be named as additional insureds for the services performed under this contract. A Certificate of Insurance shall be filed with the County's Director of Purchasing for review and approval before commencement of work. The Certificate shall contain a provision that the policies may not be cancelled by the insurance carrier without 30 days written notice of cancellation, 10 days for non-payment of premium, to Jackson County. In the case of multi-year, renewable, or extended term on the contract, Contractor must supply the Director with current Certificate(s) on any coverage mentioned above within thirty (30) days prior to the expiration date of coverage. The Director of Purchasing may request copies of the Contractor's insurance policies for verification of coverage.

QUALIFICATIONS INSURANCE CARRIERS

All insurance coverage must be written by companies that have an A.M. Best's rating of "B+ V" or better or Lloyds of London, and are licensed and approved by the State to do business in Missouri.

FAILURE TO MAINTAIN INSURANCE COVERAGE

Regardless of any approval by Jackson County, it is the responsibility of the contractor to maintain the required insurance coverage in force at all times; its failure to do so will not relieve the contractor of any contractual obligation of responsibility. In the event of the Contractor's failure to maintain the required insurance, Jackson County may order work to stop immediately and, upon 10 days written notice and an opportunity to cure, may pursue its remedies for breach of this contract as provided for herein and by law.

1.10 ASSIGNMENT AND SUBLETTING OF CONTRACT

Except for the furnishing and transportation of materials, the Contractor shall not sublet, sell, transfer, assign, or otherwise dispose of any portion of his contract to any individual firm or corporation without written consent of the Owner. This consent of the Owner, will not be given unless, and until, the Contractor has submitted satisfactory evidence that the proposed subcontractor is qualified to execute the work and has an Affirmative Action Plan acceptable to the County, together with a complete copy of the subcontract if so requested by the Engineer. The subcontract shall bind the subcontractor to comply with all requirements of this contract, for example, wage rates, equal employment opportunity regulations, submittal of payrolls, etc. Assignment of the entire contract may be made only upon written consent of the Owner. The Contractor's own forces and equipment shall perform not less than 10 percent of the contract work.

No assigning, transferring or subletting, even though consented to, shall relieve the Contractor of his liabilities under his contract.

The Contractor shall give his personal attention of any portion of his contract, which has been sublet, and he shall be responsible for its proper construction.

The prime Contractor, as a condition of this contract, is responsible for assuring submission of proof or documentation regarding Affirmative Action compliance by his subcontractors and for the subsequent Affirmative Action performance by such subcontractors.

1.11 LOSSES FROM NATURAL CAUSES

All loss or damage arising out of the nature of the work to be done, or from the action of the elements, or from floods or overflows, or from ground water, or from unusual obstructions or difficulties, or any other natural or existing circumstance either known or unforeseen, which may be encountered in the prosecution of the said work shall be sustained and borne by the Contractor at his own cost and expense.

1.12 DEFECTIVE WORKMANSHIP AND MATERIALS

During a period of one (1) year from and after the date the final acceptance by the Owner of the

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work embraced by this contract, the Contractor shall make all needed repairs arising out of defective workmanship or materials, or both, which, in the judgment of the Owner, shall become necessary during such period. If within ten (10) days after the mailing of a notice in writing to the Contractor, or his agent, the said Contractor shall neglect to make, or undertake with due diligence to make, the aforesaid repairs, the Owner is hereby authorized to make such repairs at the Contractor's expense providing, however, that in case of an emergency where, in the judgment of the Owner, delay would cause serious loss or damage, repairs may be made without notice being sent to the Contractor, and the Contractor shall pay the cost thereof.

1.13 PERFORMANCE, PAYMENT, AND MAINTENANCE BOND

The performance, payment, and maintenance bond shall be executed by the Contractor with a surety company which: (1) meets the minimum standard for an insurance carrier which currently is in effect for all coverages purchased by Jackson County; and (2) is on the most current United States Treasury list as a surety whose bonds are acceptable to the United States Government.

- For the faithful performance and completion of the work in strict accordance with the terms of the contract, and each and every covenant, condition, and part thereof, according to the true intent and meaning of contract documents and herein defined;
- b. For payment of all just claims for labor performed and material furnished; and
- c. For the repair, or replacement where required, or the cost thereof, of all work performed under the terms of the contract, where such repair or replacement is required because of defective workmanship or materials, or both, and for the replacement of defective equipment or parts thereof, within a period of one (1) year after the date of acceptance as herein provided. The Owner agrees to mail a notice to the Contractor, calling his attention to any failure to comply with the requirements of the bond, not less than ten (10) days before notifying his surety of such failure.

1.14 HOMELAND SECURITY AFFIDAVIT

As a condition for the award of any contract or grant in excess of five thousand dollars by the County to a business entity, the business entity shall, by sworn affidavit and provision of documentation, affirm its enrollment and participation in a federal work authorization program with respect to the employees working in connection with the contracted services. Every such business entity shall also sign an affidavit affirming that it does not knowingly employ any person who is an unauthorized alien in connection with the contracted services. Any entity contracting with the County shall only be required to provide the affidavits required in this subsection to the County on an annual basis.

1.15 SAFETY TRAINING REQUIREMENT FOR ALL ON-SITE EMPLOYEES

The contractor to whom the contract is awarded and any subcontractor under such contractor shall require all on-site employees to complete a ten-hour Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) construction safety program for their on-site employees which includes a course in construction safety and health approved by OSHA or a similar program approved by the department which is at least as stringent as an approved OSHA program. All employees are

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required to complete the program within sixty days of beginning work on such construction project. The contractor shall provide certification of compliance with this condition following the award of the contract and before work commences on the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01100 - SUMMARY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Project information.
- 2. Work covered by Contract Documents.
- 3. Access to site.
- 4. Work restrictions.
- 5. Specification and drawing conventions.
- 6. Miscellaneous provisions.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 01500 "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for limitations and procedures governing temporary use of Owner's facilities.

1.2 PROJECT INFORMATION

- A. Project Identification: Jackson County Historic Truman Courthouse Interior Renovations. County Project No. 3147.
 - 1. Project Location: 102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050
- B. Owner: Jackson County Public Works Department, 303 West Walnut Street Independence, Missouri, 64050.
 - 1. Owner's Representative: Mr. John M. McClernon, Project, Manager. Jackson County Public Works Engineering Division, 303 W. Walnut, Independence, Missouri 64050. Office: (816) 881-4530; Direct: (816) 881-4532.
- C. Architect: Piper-Wind Architects, Inc., 2121 Central Street, Suite 143, Kansas City, Missouri 64108. (816) 474-3050. Principal: Eric J. Piper, AIA; Project Manager: Christopher A. Martin, AIA; Job Captain: Michael Blackledge.

1.3 WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- A. The Work of Project is defined by the Contract Documents and consists of the following:
 - 1. Interior Restoration, Rehabilitation and Renovation of building: Complete interior restoration of existing building, and including (but not limited to) the following: new mechanical, electrical, plumbing and fire protection, new elevator, new restrooms and renovations of existing restrooms, tenant finish build-out of all interior spaces; structural,

SUMMARY 01100 - 1

patching, painting, flooring, millwork, security systems and hardware modifications to accommodate the above. Also included is the complete exterior restoration of existing clock / bell tower

- B. Type of Contract.
 - 1. Project will be constructed under a single prime contract.

1.4 WORK UNDER SEPARATE CONTRACTS

- General: Cooperate fully with separate contractors so work on those contracts may be carried A. out smoothly, without interfering with or delaying work under this Contract or other contracts. Coordinate the Work of this Contract with work performed under separate contracts.
 - 1. Restoration of existing historic tower clock.
 - 2. Installation of new and existing systems furniture.
- Subsequent Work: Owner will award separate contract(s) for the following additional work to B. be performed at site following Substantial Completion. Completion of that work will depend on successful completion of preparatory work under this Contract.
 - 1. Furniture Installation.
 - 2. Art Installation.
 - 3. Security Cameras.

1.5 ACCESS TO SITE

- General: Contractor shall have limited use of Project site for construction operations as A. indicated on Drawings by the Contract limits and as indicated by requirements of this Section.
- Use of Site: Limit use of Project site to interior of building as indicated. Do not disturb B. portions of Project site beyond areas in which the Work is indicated.
 - Limits: Confine construction operations to interior of building. 1.
 - Limit site disturbance to interior of building and within asphalt parking areas adjacent to 2. building for temporary dumpster locations.
 - Driveways, Walkways and Entrances: Keep driveways and entrances serving premises 3. clear. Do not use these areas for parking or storage of materials.
 - Schedule deliveries to minimize use of entrances by construction operations. a.
 - Schedule deliveries to minimize space and time requirements for storage of b. materials and equipment on-site.
 - Refer to attached site plan designating two areas approved by the City for the c. Contractor's use in staging materials and equipment.

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C. Condition of Existing Building: Maintain portions of existing building and grounds affected by construction operations and in a weather-tight condition throughout construction period. Repair

Contractor's expense.

WORK RESTRICTIONS 1.6

- Work Restrictions, General: Comply with restrictions on construction operations. A.
 - 1. Comply with limitations on use of public streets and with other requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

damage caused by construction operations as directed by Owner to original condition at

- 2. Coordinate with City use of public parking areas for dumpster locations. Dumpsters will need to be removed off -site as indicated elsewhere in these specifications on specific days and/or weekends for scheduled City events.
- 3. Coordinate with City to confirm when streets surrounding the building must remain clear for event traffic and parking.
- B. Existing Utility Interruptions: Do not interrupt utilities serving the Truman Courtroom or others required by the Owner unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after providing temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Notify Owner not less than two days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.
 - 2. Obtain Owner's written permission before proceeding with utility interruptions.
- C. Noise, Vibration, and Odors: Coordinate operations that may result in high levels of noise and vibration, odors, or other disruption with Owner. Abide by City noise ordinance at all times.
 - 1. Notify Owner not less than two days in advance of proposed disruptive operations.
 - Obtain Owner's written permission before proceeding with disruptive operations. 2.
- D. Nonsmoking Building: Smoking is not permitted within the building or within 25 feet (8 m) of entrances, operable windows, or outdoor-air intakes.
- E. Controlled Substances: Use of tobacco products and other controlled substances on Project site is not permitted.

1.7 SPECIFICATION AND DRAWING CONVENTIONS

- Specification Content: The Specifications use certain conventions for the style of language and A. the intended meaning of certain terms, words, and phrases when used in particular situations. These conventions are as follows:
 - Imperative mood and streamlined language are generally used in the Specifications. The 1. words "shall," "shall be," or "shall comply with," depending on the context, are implied where a colon (:) is used within a sentence or phrase.

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2. Specification requirements are to be performed by Contractor unless specifically stated otherwise.

- Division 01 General Requirements: Requirements of Sections in Division 01 apply to the Work B. of all Sections in the Specifications.
- Drawing Coordination: Requirements for materials and products identified on Drawings are C. described in detail in the Specifications. One or more of the following are used on Drawings to identify materials and products:
 - 1. Terminology: Materials and products are identified by the typical generic terms used in the individual Specifications Sections.
 - 2. Abbreviations: Materials and products are identified by abbreviations published as part of the U.S. National CAD Standard and scheduled on Drawings.

1.8 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- Protection of existing historic building and all its finishes to remain are of utmost importance A. during the Interior Restoration, Rehabilitation and Renovation of building.
- B. Contractor to coordinate with the use of the Courthouse Square for County and City activities during the duration of the project.
- C. The successful bidder, as a condition of the award of the contract, will be expected to become a signatory to the Kansas City Construction Partners (KCCP) program for the term of this project, and abide by its terms in the areas of code of conduct, safety program, substance-abuse program, "no work-disruption" warranty, and jurisdictional conflict resolution. Both union and non-union contractors are eligible to participate in this program. Information regarding the KCCP program requirements can be found within this bid document. Additional information can be obtained by contacting: Terry Akins, Kansas City Construction Partners, (816) 942-7500.

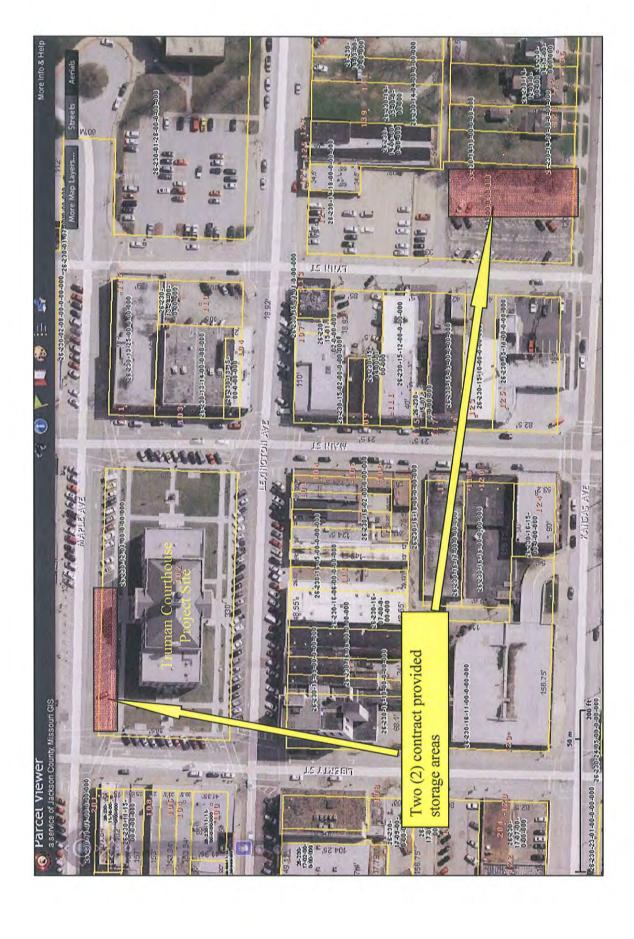
PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 01100

SUMMARY 01100 - 4

VIEW OF CONTRACT PROVIDED STOARGE AREAS Renovation of Truman Historic Courthouse County Project No. 3147



SECTION 01210 - ALLOWANCES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements governing allowances.
- B. Types of allowances include the following:
 - 1. Contingency allowances.

1.2 SELECTION AND PURCHASE

- A. At the earliest practical date after award of the Contract, advise Architect of the date when final selection and purchase of each product or system described by an allowance must be completed to avoid delaying the Work.
- B. At Architect's request, obtain proposals for each allowance for use in making final selections. Include recommendations that are relevant to performing the Work.
- C. Purchase products and systems selected by Architect from the designated supplier.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Submit proposals for purchase of products or systems included in allowances, in the form specified for Change Orders.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit invoices or delivery slips to show actual quantities of materials delivered to the site for use in fulfillment of each allowance.
- B. Submit time sheets and other documentation to show labor time and cost for installation of allowance items that include installation as part of the allowance.
- C. Coordinate and process submittals for allowance items in same manner as for other portions of the Work.

1.5 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate allowance items with other portions of the Work. Furnish templates as required to coordinate installation.

ALLOWANCES 01210 - 1

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1.6 CONTINGENCY ALLOWANCES

- A. Use the contingency allowance only as directed by Architect for Owner's purposes and only by Change Orders that indicate amounts to be charged to the allowance.
- B. Contractor's overhead, profit, and related costs for products and equipment ordered by Owner under the contingency allowance are included in the allowance and are not part of the Contract Sum. These costs include delivery, installation, insurance, equipment rental, and similar costs.
- C. Change Orders authorizing use of funds from the contingency allowance will include Contractor's related costs and reasonable overhead and profit margins.
- D. At Project closeout, credit unused amounts remaining in the contingency allowance to Owner by Change Order.

1.7 ADJUSTMENT OF ALLOWANCES

- A. Allowance Adjustment: To adjust allowance amounts, prepare a Change Order proposal based on the difference between purchase amount and the allowance, multiplied by final measurement of work-in-place where applicable. If applicable, include reasonable allowances for cutting losses, tolerances, mixing wastes, normal product imperfections, and similar margins.
 - 1. Include installation costs in purchase amount only where indicated as part of the allowance.
 - 2. If requested, prepare explanation and documentation to substantiate distribution of overhead costs and other margins claimed.
 - 3. Owner reserves the right to establish the quantity of work-in-place by independent quantity survey, measure, or count.
- B. Submit claims for increased costs because of a change in scope or nature of the allowance described in the Contract Documents, whether for the purchase order amount or Contractor's handling, labor, installation, overhead, and profit.
 - 1. Do not include Contractor's or subcontractor's indirect expense in the Change Order cost amount unless it is clearly shown that the nature or extent of work has changed from what could have been foreseen from information in the Contract Documents.
 - 2. No change to Contractor's indirect expense is permitted for selection of higher- or lower-priced materials or systems of the same scope and nature as originally indicated.

PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

1.8 EXAMINATION

A. Examine products covered by an allowance promptly on delivery for damage or defects. Return damaged or defective products to manufacturer for replacement.

ALLOWANCES 01210 - 2

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1.9 PREPARATION

A. Coordinate materials and their installation for each allowance with related materials and installations to ensure that each allowance item is completely integrated and interfaced with related work.

1.10 SCHEDULE OF ALLOWANCES

- A. Contingency Allowance: Include the sum of \$40,000 for Directories, Plaques, Dimensional Letter Signage, Panel Signage, and Post and Panel-Pylon Signage.
 - 1. This allowance includes material cost, receiving, handling, and installation, and Contractor overhead and profit.

END OF SECTION 01210

ALLOWANCES 01210 - 3

County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

SECTION 01250 - CONTRACT MODIFICATION PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for handling and processing Contract modifications.

1.2 MINOR CHANGES IN THE WORK

A. Architect will issue supplemental instructions authorizing minor changes in the Work, not involving adjustment to the Contract Sum or the Contract Time, on AIA Document G710, "Architect's Supplemental Instructions."

1.3 PROPOSAL REQUESTS

- A. Owner-Initiated Proposal Requests: Architect will issue a detailed description of proposed changes in the Work that may require adjustment to the Contract Sum or the Contract Time. If necessary, the description will include supplemental or revised Drawings and Specifications.
 - 1. Work Change Proposal Requests issued by Architect are not instructions either to stop work in progress or to execute the proposed change.
 - 2. Within the time specified in Proposal Request, after receipt of Proposal Request, submit a quotation estimating cost adjustments to the Contract Sum and the Contract Time necessary to execute the change.
 - a. Include a list of quantities of products required or eliminated and unit costs, with total amount of purchases and credits to be made. If requested, furnish survey data to substantiate quantities.
 - b. Indicate applicable taxes, delivery charges, equipment rental, and amounts of trade discounts.
 - c. Include costs of labor and supervision directly attributable to the change.
 - d. Include an updated Contractor's construction schedule that indicates the effect of the change, including, but not limited to, changes in activity duration, start and finish times, and activity relationship. Use available total float before requesting an extension of the Contract Time.
 - e. Quotation Form: Use forms acceptable to Architect.
- B. Contractor-Initiated Work Change Proposals: If latent or changed conditions require modifications to the Contract, Contractor may initiate a claim by submitting a request for a change to Architect.
 - 1. Include a statement outlining reasons for the change and the effect of the change on the Work. Provide a complete description of the proposed change. Indicate the effect of the proposed change on the Contract Sum and the Contract Time.

- 2. Include a list of quantities of products required or eliminated and unit costs, with total amount of purchases and credits to be made. If requested, furnish survey data to substantiate quantities.
- Indicate applicable taxes, delivery charges, equipment rental, and amounts of trade 3. discounts.
- 4. Include costs of labor and supervision directly attributable to the change.
- Include an updated Contractor's construction schedule that indicates the effect of the 5. change, including, but not limited to, changes in activity duration, start and finish times, and activity relationship. Use available total float before requesting an extension of the Contract Time.
- 6. Comply with requirements in Section 01635 "Substitution Procedures" if the proposed change requires substitution of one product or system for product or system specified.
- 7. Work Change Proposal Request Form: Use form acceptable to Architect.

ADMINISTRATIVE CHANGE ORDERS 1.4

Allowance Adjustment: See Section 01210 "Allowances" for administrative procedures for A. preparation of Change Order Proposal for adjusting the Contract Sum to reflect actual costs of allowances.

1.5 CHANGE ORDER PROCEDURES

On Owner's approval of a Work Changes Proposal Request, Architect will issue a Change Order A. for signatures of Owner and Contractor on AIA Document G701.

1.6 CONSTRUCTION CHANGE DIRECTIVE

- Work Change Directive: Architect may issue a Work Change Directive on A. AIA Document G714. Work Change Directive instructs Contractor to proceed with a change in the Work, for subsequent inclusion in a Change Order.
 - 1. Work Change Directive contains a complete description of change in the Work. It also designates method to be followed to determine change in the Contract Sum or the Contract Time.
- B. Documentation: Maintain detailed records on a time and material basis of work required by the Work Change Directive.
 - After completion of change, submit an itemized account and supporting data necessary to substantiate cost and time adjustments to the Contract.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 01250

SECTION 01290 - PAYMENT PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements necessary to prepare and process Applications for Payment.

B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 01210 "Allowances" for procedural requirements governing the handling and processing of allowances.
- 2. Section 01250 "Contract Modification Procedures" for administrative procedures for handling changes to the Contract.
- 3. Section 01320 "Construction Progress Documentation" for administrative requirements governing the preparation and submittal of Contractor's construction schedule.

1.2 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- A. Coordination: Coordinate preparation of the schedule of values with preparation of Contractor's construction schedule.
 - 1. Coordinate line items in the schedule of values with other required administrative forms and schedules, including the following:
 - a. Application for Payment forms with continuation sheets.
 - b. Submittal schedule.
 - c. Items required to be indicated as separate activities in Contractor's construction schedule.
 - 2. Submit the schedule of values to Architect at earliest possible date but no later than seven days before the date scheduled for submittal of initial Applications for Payment.
 - 3. Sub-schedules for Phased Work: Where the Work is separated into phases requiring separately phased payments, provide sub-schedules showing values coordinated with each phase of payment.
- B. Format and Content: Use Project Manual Table of Contents as a guide to establish line items for the schedule of values. Provide at least one line item for each Specification Section.
 - 1. Identification: Include the following Project identification on the schedule of values:
 - a. Project name and location.
 - b. Name of Architect.
 - c. Architect's project number.
 - d. Contractor's name and address.

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- e. Date of submittal.
- 2. Arrange schedule of values consistent with format of AIA Document G703.
- 3. Provide a breakdown of the Contract Sum in enough detail to facilitate continued evaluation of Applications for Payment and progress reports. Coordinate with Project Manual table of contents. Provide multiple line items for principal subcontract amounts in excess of five percent of the Contract Sum.
 - a. Include separate line items under Contractor and principal subcontracts for Project closeout requirements in an amount totaling five percent of the Contract Sum and subcontract amount.
- 4. Round amounts to nearest whole dollar; total shall equal the Contract Sum.
- 5. Provide a separate line item in the schedule of values for each part of the Work where Applications for Payment may include materials or equipment purchased or fabricated and stored, but not yet installed.
- 6. Provide separate line items in the schedule of values for initial cost of materials, for each subsequent stage of completion, and for total installed value of that part of the Work.
- 7. Allowances: Provide a separate line item in the schedule of values for each allowance. Show line-item value of unit-cost allowances, as a product of the unit cost, multiplied by measured quantity. Use information indicated in the Contract Documents to determine quantities.
- 8. Each item in the schedule of values and Applications for Payment shall be complete. Include total cost and proportionate share of general overhead and profit for each item.
 - a. Temporary facilities and other major cost items that are not direct cost of actual work-in-place may be shown either as separate line items in the schedule of values or distributed as general overhead expense, at Contractor's option.
- 9. Schedule Updating: Update and resubmit the schedule of values before the next Applications for Payment when Change Orders or Construction Change Directives result in a change in the Contract Sum.

1.3 APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

- A. Each Application for Payment shall be consistent with previous applications and payments as certified by Architect and paid for by Owner.
 - 1. Initial Application for Payment, Application for Payment at time of Substantial Completion, and final Application for Payment involve additional requirements.
- B. Payment Application Times: The date for each progress payment is indicated in the Agreement between Owner and Contractor. The period of construction work covered by each Application for Payment is the period indicated in the Agreement.
- C. Application for Payment Forms: Use AIA Document G702 and AIA Document G703 as forms or other forms acceptable to Owner and Architect for Applications for Payment.

- D. Application Preparation: Complete every entry on form. Notarize and execute by a person authorized to sign legal documents on behalf of Contractor. Architect will return incomplete applications without action.
 - 1. Entries shall match data on the schedule of values and Contractor's construction schedule. Use updated schedules if revisions were made.
 - 2. Include amounts of Change Orders and Construction Change Directives issued before last day of construction period covered by application.
- E. Transmittal: Submit three signed and notarized original copies of each Application for Payment to Architect by a method ensuring receipt within 24 hours. One copy shall include waivers of lien and similar attachments if required.
 - 1. Transmit each copy with a transmittal form listing attachments and recording appropriate information about application.
- F. Waivers of Mechanic's Lien: With each Application for Payment, submit waivers of mechanic's lien from entities lawfully entitled to file a mechanic's lien arising out of the Contract and related to the Work covered by the payment.
 - 1. Submit partial waivers on each item for amount requested in previous application, after deduction for retainage, on each item.
 - 2. When an application shows completion of an item, submit conditional final or full waivers.
 - 3. Owner reserves the right to designate which entities involved in the Work must submit waivers.
 - 4. Waiver Forms: Submit executed waivers of lien on forms acceptable to Owner.
- G. Initial Application for Payment: Administrative actions and submittals that must precede or coincide with submittal of first Application for Payment include the following:
 - 1. List of subcontractors.
 - 2. Schedule of values.
 - 3. Contractor's construction schedule (preliminary if not final).
 - 4. Schedule of unit prices, (if any).
 - 5. Submittal schedule (preliminary if not final).
 - 6. List of Contractor's staff assignments.
 - 7. List of Contractor's principal consultants.
 - 8. Copies of building permits.
 - 9. Copies of authorizations and licenses from authorities having jurisdiction for performance of the Work.
 - 10. Initial progress report.
 - 11. Report of pre-construction conference.
 - 12. Certificates of insurance and insurance policies.
- H. Application for Payment at Substantial Completion: After Architect issues the Certificate of Substantial Completion, submit an Application for Payment showing 100 percent completion for portion of the Work claimed as substantially complete.

- 1. Include documentation supporting claim that the Work is substantially complete and a statement showing an accounting of changes to the Contract Sum.
- 2. This application shall reflect Certificates of Partial Substantial Completion issued previously for Owner occupancy of designated portions of the Work.
- I. Final Payment Application: After completing Project closeout requirements, submit final Application for Payment with releases and supporting documentation not previously submitted and accepted, including, but not limited, to the following:
 - 1. Evidence of completion of Project closeout requirements.
 - 2. Insurance certificates for products and completed operations where required and proof that taxes, fees, and similar obligations were paid.
 - 3. Updated final statement, accounting for final changes to the Contract Sum.
 - 4. AIA Document G706-1994, "Contractor's Affidavit of Payment of Debts and Claims."
 - 5. AIA Document G706A-1994, "Contractor's Affidavit of Release of Liens."
 - 6. AIA Document G707-1994, "Consent of Surety to Final Payment."
 - 7. Evidence that claims have been settled.
 - 8. Final meter readings for utilities, a measured record of stored fuel, and similar data as of date of Substantial Completion or when Owner took possession of and assumed responsibility for corresponding elements of the Work.
 - 9. Final liquidated damages settlement statement.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 01290

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SECTION 01310 - PROJECT MANAGEMENT AND COORDINATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative provisions for coordinating construction operations on Project including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Coordination drawings.
 - 2. Requests for Information (RFIs).
 - 3. Project meetings.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 01700 "Execution Requirements" for procedures for coordinating general installation and field-engineering services.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. RFI: Request from Owner, Architect, or Contractor seeking information required by or clarifications of the Contract Documents.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Subcontract List: Prepare a written summary identifying individuals or firms proposed for each portion of the Work. Include the following information in tabular form:
 - 1. Name, address, and telephone number of entity performing subcontract or supplying products.
 - 2. Number and title of related Specification Section(s) covered by subcontract.
 - 3. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate, covered by subcontract.

1.4 GENERAL COORDINATION PROCEDURES

- A. Coordination: Coordinate operations included in different Sections of the Specifications to ensure efficient and orderly installation of each part of the Work. Coordinate construction operations, included in different Sections, which depend on each other for proper installation, connection, and operation.
 - 1. Schedule construction operations in sequence required to obtain the best results where installation of one part of the Work depends on installation of other components, before or after its own installation.
 - 2. Coordinate installation of different components to ensure maximum performance and accessibility for required maintenance, service, and repair.

- 3. Make adequate provisions to accommodate items scheduled for later installation.
- B. Prepare memoranda for distribution to each party involved, outlining special procedures required for coordination. Include such items as required notices, reports, and list of attendees at meetings.
 - Prepare similar memoranda for Owner and separate contractors if coordination of their 1. Work is required.
- C. Administrative Procedures: Coordinate scheduling and timing of required administrative procedures with other construction activities to avoid conflicts and to ensure orderly progress of the Work. Such administrative activities include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - Preparation of Contractor's construction schedule. 1.
 - Preparation of the schedule of values. 2.
 - Installation and removal of temporary facilities and controls. 3.
 - Delivery and processing of submittals. 4.
 - Progress meetings. 5.
 - Pre-installation conferences. 6.
 - 7. Project closeout activities.

1.5 COORDINATION DRAWINGS

- Coordination Drawings, General: Prepare coordination drawings according to requirements in A. individual Sections, where limited space availability necessitates coordination, or if coordination is required to facilitate integration of products and materials fabricated or installed by more than one entity.
 - Review: Architect will review coordination drawings to confirm that the Work is being 1. coordinated, but not for the details of the coordination, which are Contractor's responsibility.

1.6 REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION (RFIs)

- General: Immediately on discovery of the need for additional information or interpretation of A. the Contract Documents, Contractor shall prepare and submit an RFI in the form specified.
 - 1. Architect will return RFIs submitted to Architect by other entities controlled by Contractor with no response.
 - Coordinate and submit RFIs in a prompt manner so as to avoid delays in Contractor's 2. work or work of subcontractors.
- Content of the RFI: Include a detailed, legible description of item needing information or B. interpretation and the following:
 - 1. Project name.
 - 2. Project number.
 - Date. 3.

- 4. Name of Contractor.
- 5. Name of Architect.
- 6. RFI number, numbered sequentially.
- 7. RFI subject.
- 8. Specification Section number and title and related paragraphs, as appropriate.
- 9. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
- 10. Field dimensions and conditions, as appropriate.
- 11. Contractor's suggested resolution. If Contractor's solution(s) impacts the Contract Time or the Contract Sum, Contractor shall state impact in the RFI.
- 12. Contractor's signature.
- 13. Attachments: Include sketches, descriptions, measurements, photos, Product Data, Shop Drawings, coordination drawings, and other information necessary to fully describe items needing interpretation.
- C. RFI Forms: AIA Document G716, or Software-generated form with substantially the same content as indicated above, acceptable to Architect.
- D. Architect's Action: Architect will review each RFI, determine action required, and respond. Allow three working days for Architect's response for each RFI. RFIs received by Architect after 1:00 p.m. will be considered as received the following working day.
 - 1. The following RFIs will be returned without action:
 - a. Requests for approval of submittals.
 - b. Requests for approval of substitutions.
 - c. Requests for coordination information already indicated in the Contract Documents.
 - d. Requests for adjustments in the Contract Time or the Contract Sum.
 - e. Requests for interpretation of Architect's actions on submittals.
 - f. Incomplete RFIs or inaccurately prepared RFIs.
 - 2. Architect's action may include a request for additional information, in which case Architect's time for response will date from time of receipt of additional information.
 - 3. Architect's action on RFIs that may result in a change to the Contract Time or the Contract Sum may be eligible for Contractor to submit Change Proposal according to Section 01250 "Contract Modification Procedures."
 - a. If Contractor believes the RFI response warrants change in the Contract Time or the Contract Sum, notify Architect in writing within 2 days of receipt of the RFI response.
- E. RFI Log: Prepare, maintain, and submit a tabular log of RFIs organized by the RFI number. Submit log weekly. Use Software log with not less than the following:
 - 1. Project name.
 - 2. Name and address of Contractor.
 - 3. Name and address of Architect.
 - 4. RFI number including RFIs that were dropped and not submitted.
 - 5. RFI description.
 - 6. Date the RFI was submitted.

- 7. Date Architect's response was received.
- F. On receipt of Architect's action, update the RFI log and immediately distribute the RFI response to affected parties. Review response and notify Architect within three days if Contractor disagrees with response.
 - 1. Identification of related Minor Change in the Work, Construction Change Directive, and Proposal Request, as appropriate.
 - 2. Identification of related Field Order, Work Change Directive, and Proposal Request, as appropriate.

1.7 PROJECT MEETINGS

- A. General: Schedule and conduct meetings and conferences at Project site unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Attendees: Inform participants and others involved, and individuals whose presence is required, of date and time of each meeting. Notify Owner and Architect of scheduled meeting dates and times.
 - 2. Agenda: Prepare the meeting agenda. Distribute the agenda to all invited attendees.
 - 3. Minutes: Entity responsible for conducting meeting will record significant discussions and agreements achieved. Distribute the meeting minutes to everyone concerned, including Owner and Architect, within three days of the meeting.
- B. Pre-Construction Conference: Owner will schedule and conduct a pre- construction conference before starting construction, at a time convenient to Owner and Architect, but no later than 7 days after execution of the Agreement.
 - 1. Attendees: Authorized representatives of Owner, Architect, and their consultants; Contractor and its superintendent; major subcontractors; suppliers; and other concerned parties shall attend the conference. Participants at the conference shall be familiar with Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.
 - 2. Agenda: Discuss items of significance that could affect progress, including the following:
 - a. Tentative construction schedule.
 - b. Critical work sequencing.
 - c. Designation of key personnel and their duties.
 - d. Procedures for processing field decisions and Change Orders.
 - e. Procedures for RFIs.
 - f. Procedures for testing and inspecting.
 - g. Procedures for processing Applications for Payment.
 - h. Distribution of the Contract Documents.
 - i. Submittal procedures.
 - j. Preparation of record documents.
 - k. Use of the premises and existing building.
 - 1. Work restrictions.
 - m. Working hours.
 - n. Responsibility for temporary facilities and controls.

- o. Procedures for moisture and mold control.
- p. Procedures for disruptions and shutdowns.
- q. Construction waste management and recycling.
- r. Parking availability.
- s. Office, work, and storage areas.
- t. Equipment deliveries and priorities.
- u. First aid.
- v. Security.
- w. Progress cleaning.
- 3. Minutes: Entity responsible for conducting meeting will record and distribute meeting minutes.
- C. Progress Meetings: Conduct progress meetings at biweekly intervals.
 - 1. Attendees: In addition to representatives of Owner and Architect, each contractor, subcontractor, supplier, and other entity concerned with current progress or involved in planning, coordination, or performance of future activities shall be represented at these meetings. All participants at the meeting shall be familiar with Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.
 - 2. Agenda: Review and correct or approve minutes of previous progress meeting. Review other items of significance that could affect progress. Include topics for discussion as appropriate to status of Project.
 - a. Contractor's Construction Schedule: Review progress since the last meeting. Determine whether each activity is on time, ahead of schedule, or behind schedule, in relation to Contractor's construction schedule. Determine how construction behind schedule will be expedited; secure commitments from parties involved to do so. Discuss whether schedule revisions are required to ensure that current and subsequent activities will be completed within the Contract Time.
 - 1) Review schedule for next period.
 - b. Review present and future needs of each entity present, including the following:
 - 1) Interface requirements.
 - 2) Sequence of operations.
 - 3) Status of submittals.
 - 4) Deliveries.
 - 5) Access.
 - 6) Site utilization.
 - 7) Temporary facilities and controls.
 - 8) Progress cleaning.
 - 9) Quality and work standards.
 - 10) Status of correction of deficient items.
 - 11) Field observations.
 - 12) Status of RFIs.
 - 13) Status of proposal requests.
 - 14) Pending changes.
 - 15) Status of Change Orders.

- 16) Pending claims and disputes.
- 17) Documentation of information for payment requests.
- 3. Minutes: Entity responsible for conducting the meeting will record and distribute the meeting minutes to each party present and to parties requiring information.
 - a. Schedule Updating: Revise Contractor's construction schedule after each progress meeting where revisions to the schedule have been made or recognized. Issue revised schedule concurrently with the report of each meeting.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 01310

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SECTION 01320 - CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS DOCUMENTATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for documenting the progress of construction during performance of the Work, including the following:
 - 1. Contractor's construction schedule.
 - 2. Construction schedule updating reports.
 - 3. Daily construction reports.
 - 4. Site condition reports.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Activity: A discrete part of a project that can be identified for planning, scheduling, monitoring, and controlling the construction project. Activities included in a construction schedule consume time and resources.
 - 1. Critical Activity: An activity on the critical path that must start and finish on the planned early start and finish times.
 - 2. Predecessor Activity: An activity that precedes another activity in the network.
 - 3. Successor Activity: An activity that follows another activity in the network.
- B. CPM: Critical path method, which is a method of planning and scheduling a construction project where activities are arranged based on activity relationships. Network calculations determine when activities can be performed and the critical path of Project.
- C. Critical Path: The longest connected chain of interdependent activities through the network schedule that establishes the minimum overall Project duration and contains no float.
- D. Float: The measure of leeway in starting and completing an activity.
 - 1. Float time is not for the exclusive use or benefit of either Owner or Contractor, but is a jointly owned, expiring Project resource available to both parties as needed to meet schedule milestones and Contract completion date.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Format for Submittals: Submit required submittals in the following format:
 - 1. Working electronic copy of schedule file, where indicated.
 - 2. PDF electronic file.
 - 3. Three paper copies.

- В. Startup Network Diagram: Of size required to display entire network for entire construction period. Show logic ties for activities.
- C. Contractor's Construction Schedule: Initial schedule, of size required to display entire schedule for entire construction period.
 - 1. Submit a working electronic copy of schedule, using software indicated, and labeled to comply with requirements for submittals. Include type of schedule (initial or updated) and date on label.
- D. Construction Schedule Updating Reports: Submit with Applications for Payment.
- E. Daily Construction Reports: Submit at bi-weekly intervals.
- F. Site Condition Reports: Submit at time of discovery of differing conditions.

1.4 **COORDINATION**

- Coordinate Contractor's construction schedule with the schedule of values, list of subcontracts, A. submittal schedule, progress reports, payment requests, and other required schedules and reports.
 - 1. Secure time commitments for performing critical elements of the Work from entities involved.
 - 2. Coordinate each construction activity in the network with other activities and schedule them in proper sequence.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE, GENERAL

- Time Frame: Extend schedule from date established for the Notice to Proceed to date of final A. completion.
 - 1. Contract completion date shall not be changed by submission of a schedule that shows an early completion date, unless specifically authorized by Change Order.
- Activities: Treat each separate area as a separate numbered activity for each main element of В. the Work. Comply with the following:
 - 1. Activity Duration: Define activities so no activity is longer than 20 days, unless specifically allowed by Architect.
 - 2. Submittal Review Time: Include review and re-submittal times indicated in Section 01330 "Submittal Procedures" in schedule. Coordinate submittal review times in Contractor's construction schedule with submittal schedule.

- 3. Substantial Completion: Indicate completion in advance of date established for Substantial Completion, and allow time for Architect's administrative procedures necessary for certification of Substantial Completion.
- 4. Punch List and Final Completion: Include not more than 14 days for completion of punch list items and final completion.
- C. Constraints: Include constraints and work restrictions indicated in the Contract Documents and as follows in schedule, and show how the sequence of the Work is affected.
 - 1. Phasing: Arrange list of activities on schedule by phase.
 - 2. Work Restrictions: Show the effect, if any, of the following items on the schedule:
 - a. Uninterruptible services.
 - b. Use of premises restrictions.
 - c. Provisions for future construction.
 - d. Seasonal variations.
 - e. Environmental control.
 - 3. Work Stages: Indicate important stages of construction for each major portion of the Work.
- D. Milestones: Include milestones indicated in the Contract Documents in schedule, including, but not limited to, the Notice to Proceed, Substantial Completion, and final completion.
- E. Upcoming Work Summary: Prepare summary report indicating activities scheduled to occur or commence prior to submittal of next schedule update. Summarize the following issues:
 - 1. Unresolved issues.
 - 2. Unanswered Requests for Information.
 - 3. Rejected or unreturned submittals.
 - 4. Notations on returned submittals.
 - 5. Pending modifications affecting the Work and Contract Time.
- F. Recovery Schedule: When periodic update indicates the Work is 7 or more calendar days behind the current approved schedule, submit a separate recovery schedule indicating means by which Contractor intends to regain compliance with the schedule.
- G. Computer Scheduling Software: Prepare schedules using a program that has been developed specifically to manage construction schedules.

2.2 CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE (GANTT CHART)

- A. Gantt-Chart Schedule: Submit a comprehensive, fully developed, horizontal, Gantt-chart-type, Contractor's construction schedule within seven days of date established for the Notice to Proceed.
- B. Preparation: Indicate each significant construction activity separately. Identify first workday of each week with a continuous vertical line.

2.3 REPORTS

- A. Daily Construction Reports: Prepare a daily construction report recording the following information concerning events at Project site:
 - 1. List of subcontractors at Project site.
 - 2. List of separate contractors at Project site.
 - 3. Approximate count of personnel at Project site.
 - 4. Equipment at Project site.
 - 5. Material deliveries.
 - 6. High and low temperatures and general weather conditions, including presence of rain or snow.
 - 7. Accidents.
 - 8. Meetings and significant decisions.
 - 9. Unusual events.
 - 10. Stoppages, delays, shortages, and losses.
 - 11. Emergency procedures.
 - 12. Orders and requests of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 13. Change Orders received and implemented.
 - 14. Work Change Directives received and implemented.
 - 15. Services connected and disconnected.
 - 16. Partial completions and occupancies.
 - 17. Substantial Completions authorized.
- B. Site Condition Reports: Immediately on discovery of a difference between site conditions and the Contract Documents, prepare and submit a detailed report. Submit with a Request for Information. Include a detailed description of the differing conditions, together with recommendations for changing the Contract Documents.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

- A. Contractor's Construction Schedule Updating: At biweekly intervals, update schedule to reflect actual construction progress and activities. Issue schedule two days before each regularly scheduled progress meeting.
 - 1. Revise schedule immediately after each meeting or other activity where revisions have been recognized or made. Issue updated schedule concurrently with the report of each such meeting.
 - 2. Include a report with updated schedule that indicates every change, including, but not limited to, changes in logic, durations, actual starts and finishes, and activity durations.
 - 3. As the Work progresses, indicate final completion percentage for each activity.
- B. Distribution: Distribute copies of approved schedule to Architect, Owner, separate contractors, testing and inspecting agencies, and other parties identified by Contractor with a need-to-know schedule responsibility.

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1. Post copies in Project meeting rooms and temporary field offices.

2. When revisions are made, distribute updated schedules to the same parties and post in the same locations. Delete parties from distribution when they have completed their assigned portion of the Work and are no longer involved in performance of construction activities.

END OF SECTION 01320

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for the following:
 - 1. Pre-construction photographs.
 - 2. Periodic construction photographs.

SECTION 01322 - PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION

- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 01770 "Closeout Procedures" for submitting photographic documentation as Project Record Documents at Project closeout.

1.2 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Key Plan: Submit key plan of Project site and building with notation of vantage points marked for location and direction of each photograph. Indicate elevation or story of construction. Include same information as corresponding photographic documentation.
- B. Digital Photographs: Submit unaltered, original, full-size image files within three days of taking the photographs.
 - 1. Digital Camera: Minimum sensor resolution of 8 megapixels.
 - 2. Identification: Provide the following information with each image description in file metadata tag:
 - a. Name of Project.
 - b. Date photograph was taken.
 - c. Description of vantage point, indicating location, direction (by compass point), and elevation or story of construction.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PHOTOGRAPHIC MEDIA

A. Digital Images: Provide images in JPG format, with minimum size of 8 megapixels.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONSTRUCTION PHOTOGRAPHS

- A. General: Take photographs using the maximum range of depth of field, and that are in focus, to clearly show the Work. Photographs with blurry or out-of-focus areas will not be accepted.
 - 1. Maintain key plan with each set of construction photographs that identifies each photographic location.
- B. Digital Images: Submit digital images exactly as originally recorded in the digital camera, without alteration, manipulation, editing, or modifications using image-editing software.
 - 1. Date and Time: Include date and time in file name for each image.
 - 2. Field Office Images: Maintain one set of images accessible in the field office at Project site, available at all times for reference. Identify images in the same manner as those submitted to Architect.
- C. Preconstruction Photographs: Before commencement, take photographs of Project site, including existing items to remain during construction, from different vantage points, as directed by Architect. Submit photos at the first progress meeting.
 - 1. Take at least 40 color photographs that show the existing site conditions before starting Work.
 - 2. Take at least 200 color photographs of the existing building to accurately record physical conditions at start of construction.
- D. Periodic Interior Restoration, Rehabilitation and Renovation Photographs: Take 80 color photographs weekly, with timing each month adjusted to coincide with the cutoff date associated with each Application for Payment. Select vantage points to show status of construction and progress since last photographs were taken. Submit photos previously taken at each progress meeting.
- E. Final Completion Interior Restoration, Rehabilitation and Renovation Photographs: Take 200 interior color photographs after date of Substantial Completion for submission as Project Record Documents and 40 exterior photographs. Architect will inform contractor of desired vantage points.
- F. Additional Photographs: Architect may request photographs in addition to periodic photographs specified.
 - 1. Three days' notice will be given, where feasible.
 - 2. In emergency situations, take additional photographs within 24 hours of request.
 - 3. Circumstances that could require additional photographs include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Immediate follow-up when on-site events result in construction damage or losses.
 - b. Substantial Completion of a major phase or component of the Work.

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SECTION 01330 - SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes requirements for the submittal schedule and administrative and procedural requirements for submitting Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples, and other submittals.

B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 01320 "Construction Progress Documentation" for submitting schedules and reports, including Contractor's construction schedule.
- 2. Section 01781 "Project Record Documents" for submitting record Drawings, record Specifications, and record Product Data.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Action Submittals: Written and graphic information and physical samples that require Architect's responsive action.
- B. Informational Submittals: Written and graphic information and physical samples that do not require Architect's responsive action. Submittals may be rejected for not complying with requirements.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Submittal Schedule: Submit a schedule of submittals, arranged in chronological order by dates required by construction schedule. Include time required for review, ordering, manufacturing, fabrication, and delivery when establishing dates. Include additional time required for making corrections or revisions to submittals noted by Architect and additional time for handling and reviewing submittals required by those corrections.

1.4 SUBMITTAL ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Architect's Digital Data Files: Electronic copies of digital data files of the Contract Drawings may be provided by Architect for Contractor's use in preparing submittals.
 - 1. Architect makes no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of digital data drawing files as they relate to the Contract Drawings.
 - 2. Contractor shall execute a data licensing agreement in the form of AIA Document C106, Digital Data Licensing Agreement.

- B. Coordination: Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of construction activities.
 - 1. Coordinate each submittal with other submittals, and related activities that require sequential activity.
 - 2. Coordinate transmittal of different types of submittals for related parts of the Work so processing will not be delayed because of need to review submittals concurrently for coordination.
 - 1. Architect reserves the right to withhold action on a submittal requiring coordination with other submittals until related submittals are received.
- C. Processing Time: Allow time for submittal review, including time for re-submittals, as follows. Time for review shall commence on Architect's receipt of submittal. No extension of the Contract Time will be authorized because of failure to transmit submittals enough in advance of the Work to permit processing, including re-submittals.
 - 1. Initial Review: Allow seven days for initial review of each submittal. Allow additional time if coordination with subsequent submittals is required. Architect will advise Contractor when a submittal being processed must be delayed for coordination.
 - 2. Intermediate Review: If intermediate submittal is necessary, process it in same manner as initial submittal.
 - 3. Re-submittal Review: Allow seven days for review of each re-submittal.
- D. Paper Submittals: Place a permanent label or title block on each submittal item for identification.
 - 1. Indicate name of firm or entity that prepared each submittal on label or title block.
 - 2. Provide a space approximately 6 by 8 inches (150 by 200 mm) on label or beside title block to record Contractor's review and approval markings and action taken by Architect.
 - 3. Include the following information for processing and recording action taken:
 - 1. Project name.
 - 2. Date.
 - 3. Name of Architect.
 - 4. Name of Construction Manager.
 - 5. Name of Contractor.
 - 6. Name of subcontractor.
 - 7. Name of supplier.
 - 8. Name of manufacturer.
 - 9. Submittal number or other unique identifier, including revision identifier.
 - 1) Submittal number shall use Specification Section number followed by a decimal point and then a sequential number (e.g., 06100.01). Re-submittals shall include an alphabetic suffix after another decimal point (e.g., 06100.01.A).
 - 10. Number and title of appropriate Specification Section.
 - 11. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
 - 12. Location(s) where product is to be installed, as appropriate.

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- 13. Other necessary identification.
- 4. Additional Paper Copies: Unless additional copies are required for final submittal, and unless Architect observes noncompliance with provisions in the Contract Documents, initial submittal may serve as final submittal.
 - 1. Submit one copy of submittal to concurrent reviewer in addition to specified number of copies to Architect.
- 5. Transmittal for Paper Submittals: Assemble each submittal individually and appropriately for transmittal and handling. Transmit each submittal using a transmittal form. Architect will return without review submittals received from sources other than Contractor.
 - 1. Transmittal Form for Paper Submittals: Use AIA Document G810, or provide locations on form for the following information:
 - 1) Project name.
 - 2) Date.
 - 3) Destination (To:).
 - 4) Source (From:).
 - 5) Name and address of Architect.
 - 6) Name of Construction Manager.
 - 7) Name of Contractor.
 - 8) Name of firm or entity that prepared submittal.
 - 9) Names of subcontractor, manufacturer, and supplier.
 - 10) Category and type of submittal.
 - 11) Submittal purpose and description.
 - 12) Specification Section number and title.
 - 13) Specification paragraph number or drawing designation and generic name for each of multiple items.
 - 14) Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
 - 15) Indication of full or partial submittal.
 - 16) Transmittal number, numbered consecutively.
 - 17) Submittal and transmittal distribution record.
 - 18) Remarks.
 - 19) Signature of transmitter.
- E. Electronic Submittals: Identify and incorporate information in each electronic submittal file as follows:
 - 1. Assemble complete submittal package into a single indexed file incorporating submittal requirements of a single Specification Section and transmittal form with links enabling navigation to each item.
 - 2. Name file with submittal number or other unique identifier, including revision identifier.
 - 1. File name shall use project identifier and Specification Section number followed by a decimal point and then a sequential number (e.g., LNHS-06100.01). Resubmittals shall include an alphabetic suffix after another decimal point (e.g., LNHS-06100.01.A).

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- 3. Provide means for insertion to permanently record Contractor's review and approval markings and action taken by Architect.
- 4. Transmittal Form for Electronic Submittals: Use electronic form acceptable to Owner, containing the following information:
 - 1. Project name.
 - 2. Date.
 - 3. Name and address of Architect.
 - 4. Name of Construction Manager.
 - 5. Name of Contractor.
 - 6. Name of firm or entity that prepared submittal.
 - 7. Names of subcontractor, manufacturer, and supplier.
 - 8. Category and type of submittal.
 - 9. Submittal purpose and description.
 - 10. Specification Section number and title.
 - 11. Specification paragraph number or drawing designation and generic name for each of multiple items.
 - 12. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
 - 13. Location(s) where product is to be installed, as appropriate.
 - 14. Related physical samples submitted directly.
 - 15. Indication of full or partial submittal.
 - 16. Transmittal number, numbered consecutively.
 - 17. Submittal and transmittal distribution record.
 - 18. Other necessary identification.
 - 19. Remarks.
- 5. Metadata: Include the following information as keywords in the electronic submittal file metadata:
 - 1. Project name.
 - 2. Number and title of appropriate Specification Section.
 - 3. Manufacturer name.
 - 4. Product name.
- F. Options: Identify options requiring selection by Architect.
- G. Deviations: Identify deviations from the Contract Documents on submittals.
- H. Re-submittals: Make re-submittals in same form and number of copies as initial submittal.
 - 1. Note date and content of previous submittal.
 - 2. Note date and content of revision in label or title block and clearly indicate extent of revision.
 - 3. Resubmit submittals until they are marked with approval notation from Architect's action stamp.
- I. Distribution: Furnish copies of final submittals to manufacturers, subcontractors, suppliers, fabricators, installers, authorities having jurisdiction, and others as necessary for performance of construction activities. Show distribution on transmittal forms.

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J. Use for Construction: Retain complete copies of submittals on Project site. Use only final action submittals that are marked with approval notation from Architect's action stamp.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

- A. General Submittal Procedure Requirements:
 - 1. Submit electronic submittals via email as PDF electronic files.
 - 1. Architect will return annotated file. Annotate and retain one copy of file as an electronic Project record document file.
 - 2. Action Submittals: Submit five paper copies of each submittal unless otherwise indicated. Architect will return two copies.
 - 3. Informational Submittals: Submit five paper copies of each submittal unless otherwise indicated. Architect will not return copies.
 - 4. Certificates and Certifications Submittals: Provide a statement that includes signature of entity responsible for preparing certification. Certificates and certifications shall be signed by an officer or other individual authorized to sign documents on behalf of that entity.
 - 1. Provide a digital signature with digital certificate on electronically-submitted certificates and certifications where indicated.
 - 2. Provide a notarized statement on original paper copy certificates and certifications where indicated.
- B. Product Data: Collect information into a single submittal for each element of construction and type of product or equipment.
 - 1. If information must be specially prepared for submittal because standard published data are not suitable for use, submit as Shop Drawings, not as Product Data.
 - 2. Mark each copy of each submittal to show which products and options are applicable.
 - 3. Include the following information, as applicable:
 - 1. Manufacturer's catalog cuts.
 - 2. Manufacturer's product specifications.
 - 3. Statement of compliance with specified referenced standards.
 - 4. Testing by recognized testing agency.
 - 5. Application of testing agency labels and seals.
 - 6. Notation of coordination requirements.
 - 7. Availability and delivery time information.
 - 4. Submit Product Data in the following format:
 - 1. PDF electronic file.

- 2. Five paper copies of Product Data unless otherwise indicated. Architect will return two copies.
- C. Shop Drawings: Prepare Project-specific information, drawn accurately to scale. Do not base Shop Drawings on reproductions of the Contract Documents or standard printed data, unless submittal based on Architect's digital data drawing files is otherwise permitted.
 - 1. Preparation: Fully illustrate requirements in the Contract Documents. Include the following information, as applicable:
 - 1. Identification of products.
 - 2. Schedules.
 - 3. Compliance with specified standards.
 - 4. Notation of coordination requirements.
 - Notation of dimensions established by field measurement. 5.
 - Relationship and attachment to adjoining construction clearly indicated. 6.
 - 7. Seal and signature of professional engineer if specified.
 - Sheet Size: Except for templates, patterns, and similar full-size drawings, submit Shop 2. Drawings on sheets at least 8-1/2 by 11 inches, but no larger than 22 by 34 inches.
 - 3. Submit Shop Drawings in the following format:
 - 1. PDF electronic file.
 - Five opaque (bond) copies of each submittal. Architect, will return one copy. 2.
 - Five opaque copies of each submittal. Architect will retain three copies; remainder 3. will be returned.
- Product Schedule: As required in individual Specification Sections, prepare a written summary D. indicating types of products required for the Work and their intended location. Include the following information in tabular form:
 - 1. Submit product schedule in the following format:
 - 1. PDF electronic file.
 - 2. Five paper copies of product schedule or list unless otherwise indicated. Architect will return two copies.
- Coordination Drawings Submittals: Comply with requirements specified in Section 01310 E. "Project Management and Coordination."
- F. Contractor's Construction Schedule: Comply with requirements specified in Section 01320 "Construction Progress Documentation."
- Application for Payment and Schedule of Values: Comply with requirements specified in G. Section 01290 "Payment Procedures."
- Test and Inspection Reports and Schedule of Tests and Inspections Submittals: Comply with H. requirements specified in Section 01400 "Quality Requirements."

- I. Closeout Submittals and Maintenance Material Submittals: Comply with requirements specified in Section 01770 "Closeout Procedures."
- J. Maintenance Data: Comply with requirements specified in Section 01782 "Operation and Maintenance Data."
- K. Qualification Data: Prepare written information that demonstrates capabilities and experience of firm or person. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, contact information of architects and owners, and other information specified.
- L. Welding Certificates: Prepare written certification that welding procedures and personnel comply with requirements in the Contract Documents. Submit record of Welding Procedure Specification and Procedure Qualification Record on AWS forms. Include names of firms and personnel certified.
- M. Installer Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that Installer complies with requirements in the Contract Documents and, where required, is authorized by manufacturer for this specific Project.
- N. Manufacturer Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that manufacturer complies with requirements in the Contract Documents. Include evidence of manufacturing experience where required.
- O. Product Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that product complies with requirements in the Contract Documents.
- P. Material Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that material complies with requirements in the Contract Documents.
- Q. Material Test Reports: Submit reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting test results of material for compliance with requirements in the Contract Documents.
- R. Product Test Reports: Submit written reports indicating that current product produced by manufacturer complies with requirements in the Contract Documents. Base reports on evaluation of tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency, or on comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency.
- S. Research Reports: Submit written evidence, from a model code organization acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, that product complies with building code in effect for Project.
- T. Schedule of Tests and Inspections: Comply with requirements specified in Section 01400 "Quality Requirements."
- U. Preconstruction Test Reports: Submit reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting results of tests performed before installation of product, for compliance with performance requirements in the Contract Documents.
- V. Compatibility Test Reports: Submit reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting results of compatibility tests performed

before installation of product. Include written recommendations for primers and substrate preparation needed for adhesion.

- W. Field Test Reports: Submit written reports indicating and interpreting results of field tests performed either during installation of product or after product is installed in its final location, for compliance with requirements in the Contract Documents.
- X. Design Data: Prepare and submit written and graphic information, including, but not limited to, performance and design criteria, list of applicable codes and regulations, and calculations. Include list of assumptions and other performance and design criteria and a summary of loads. Include load diagrams if applicable. Provide name and version of software, if any, used for calculations. Include page numbers.

2.2 DELEGATED-DESIGN SERVICES

- A. Performance and Design Criteria: Where professional design services or certifications by a design professional are specifically required of Contractor by the Contract Documents, provide products and systems complying with specific performance and design criteria indicated.
 - 1. If criteria indicated are not sufficient to perform services or certification required, submit a written request for additional information to Architect.
- B. Delegated-Design Services Certification: In addition to Shop Drawings, Product Data, and other required submittals, submit digitally signed PDF electronic file and five paper copies of certificate, signed and sealed by the responsible design professional, for each product and system specifically assigned to Contractor to be designed or certified by a design professional.
 - 1. Indicate that products and systems comply with performance and design criteria in the Contract Documents. Include list of codes, loads, and other factors used in performing these services.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONTRACTOR'S REVIEW

- A. Action and Informational Submittals: Review each submittal and check for coordination with other Work of the Contract and for compliance with the Contract Documents. Note corrections and field dimensions. Mark with approval stamp before submitting to Architect.
- B. Project Closeout and Maintenance Material Submittals: See requirements in Section 01770 "Closeout Procedures."
- C. Approval Stamp: Stamp each submittal with a uniform, approval stamp. Include Project name and location, submittal number, Specification Section title and number, name of reviewer, date of Contractor's approval, and statement certifying that submittal has been reviewed, checked, and approved for compliance with the Contract Documents.

Jackson County Historic Truman Courthouse Interior Renovations 102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050 Issued For Construction October 19, 2012 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

3.2 ARCHITECT'S ACTION

- A. General: Architect will not review submittals that do not bear Contractor's approval stamp and will return them without action.
- B. Action Submittals: Architect will review each submittal, make marks to indicate corrections or revisions required, and return it. Architect will stamp each submittal with an action stamp and will mark stamp appropriately to indicate action.
- C. Informational Submittals: Architect will review each submittal and will not return it, or will return it if it does not comply with requirements. Architect will forward each submittal to appropriate party.
- D. Incomplete submittals are unacceptable, will be considered nonresponsive, and will be returned for re-submittal without review.
- E. Submittals not required by the Contract Documents may not be reviewed and may be discarded.

END OF SECTION 01330

SECTION 01351 - SPECIAL PROCEDURES FOR HISTORIC TREATMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes general protection and treatment procedures for the entire Project and the following specific work:
 - 1. Historic removal and dismantling.
 - 2. Bird-excrement removal.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Consolidate: To strengthen loose or deteriorated materials in place.
- B. Dismantle: To disassemble and detach items by hand from existing construction to the limits indicated, using small hand tools and small one-hand power tools, so as to protect nearby historic surfaces; and legally dispose of dismantled items off-site, unless indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.
- C. Existing to Remain: Existing items that are not to be removed or dismantled.
- D. Historic: Spaces, areas, rooms, surfaces, materials, finishes, and overall appearance which are important to the successful restoration, rehabilitation, and renovation as determined by Architect. Designated historic spaces, areas, rooms, and surfaces are as indicated on Drawings and as scheduled in this Section.
 - 1. Restoration Zones: Areas of greatest architectural importance, integrity, and visibility; to be preserved and restored to the original, circa 1933, design and finish as shown on Drawings:
 - 2. Rehabilitation Zones: Areas of significant architectural importance, integrity, and visibility; to be preserved and restored consistent with the remaining historic fabric and to the extent shown on Drawings:
 - 3. Renovation Zones: Areas of slight architectural importance, integrity, and visibility; to leave any remaining original fabric untouched insofar as is consistent with accommodating modern uses for the building as shown on Drawings:
- E. Match: To blend with adjacent construction and manifest no apparent difference in material type, species, cut, form, detail, color, grain, texture, or finish; as approved by Architect.
- F. Reconstruct: To remove existing item, replicate damaged or missing components, and reinstall in original position.
- G. Refinish: To remove existing finishes to base material and apply new finish to match original, or as otherwise indicated.

- H. Reinstall: To protect removed or dismantled item, repair and clean it as indicated for reuse, and reinstall it in original position, or where indicated.
- I. Remove: Specifically for historic spaces, areas, rooms, and surfaces, the term means to detach an item from existing construction to the limits indicated, using hand tools and hand-operated power equipment, and legally dispose of it off-site, unless indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.
- J. Repair: To correct damage and defects, retaining existing materials, features, and finishes while employing as little new material as possible. Includes patching, piecing-in, splicing, consolidating, or otherwise reinforcing or upgrading materials.
- K. Replace: To remove, duplicate, and reinstall entire item with new material. The original item is the pattern for creating duplicates unless otherwise indicated.
- L. Replicate: To reproduce in exact detail, materials, and finish unless otherwise indicated.
- M. Reproduce: To fabricate a new item, accurate in detail to the original, and in either the same or a similar material as the original, unless otherwise indicated.
- N. Restore: To consolidate, replicate, reproduce, repair, and refinish as required to achieve the indicated results.
- O. Retain: To keep existing items that are not to be removed or dismantled.
- P. Reversible: New construction work, treatments, or processes that can be removed or undone in the future without damaging historic materials unless otherwise indicated.
- Q. Salvage: To protect removed or dismantled items and deliver them to Owner ready for reuse.
- R. Stabilize: To provide structural reinforcement of unsafe or deteriorated items while maintaining the essential form as it exists at present; also, to reestablish a weather-resistant enclosure.
- S. Strip: To remove existing finish down to base material unless otherwise indicated.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Construction Schedule for Historic Treatments: Indicate for entire Project the following for each activity to be performed in historic spaces, areas, and rooms, and on historic surfaces:
 - 1. Detailed sequence of historic treatment work, with starting and ending dates, coordinated with Owner's continuing operations and other known work in progress.
 - 2. Utility Services: Indicate how long utility services will be interrupted.
 - 3. Use of elevator and stairs.
- B. Qualification Data: For historic treatment specialist, historic removal and dismantling specialist, historic removal and dismantling specialist's field supervisors, historic removal and dismantling specialist's workers, and bird-excrement-removal specialist as required to perform the work.

- C. Preconstruction Documentation: Show preexisting conditions of adjoining construction and site improvements, including finish surfaces, that might be misconstrued as damage caused by Contractor's historic treatment operations.
- D. Historic Treatment Program: Submit before work begins.
- E. Fire-Prevention Plan: Submit before work begins.

1.4 OUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Historic Treatment Specialist Qualifications: An experienced firm regularly engaged in historic treatments similar in nature, materials, design, and extent to this work as specified in each section, and that has completed a minimum of five recent projects with a record of successful in-service performance that demonstrate the firm's qualifications to perform this work.
 - 1. Field Supervisor Qualifications: Full-time supervisors experienced in historic treatment work similar in nature, material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project. Supervisors shall be on Project site during times that historic treatment work is in progress.
 - 2. Supervisors shall not be changed during Project except for causes beyond the control of the specialist firm.
 - 3. Worker Qualification: Persons who are experienced in historic treatment work of types they will be performing.
- B. Bird-Excrement-Removal Specialist Qualifications: A firm that employs personnel experienced and skilled in the processes and operations indicated.
- C. Historic Treatment Program: Prepare a written plan for historic treatment for whole Project, including each phase or process and protection of surrounding materials during operations. Describe in detail materials, methods, and equipment to be used for each phase of work. Show compliance with indicated methods and procedures specified in this and other Sections.
 - 1. Debris Hauling: Include plans clearly marked to show debris hauling routes, turning radii, and locations and details of temporary protective barriers.
- D. Fire-Prevention Plan: Prepare a written plan for preventing fires during the Work, including placement of fire extinguishers, fire blankets, rag buckets, and other fire-prevention devices during each phase or process. Coordinate plan with Owner's fire-protection equipment and requirements. Include each fire watch's training, duties, and authority to enforce fire safety.
- E. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with notification regulations of authorities having jurisdiction before beginning removal and dismantling work. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- F. Standards: Comply with ANSI/ASSE A10.6.
- G. Historic Treatment Preconstruction Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.5 STORAGE AND PROTECTION OF HISTORIC MATERIALS

A. Salvaged Historic Materials:

- Clean only loose debris from salvaged historic items unless more extensive cleaning is indicated.
- 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning; cushion against damage during handling. Label contents of containers.
- 3. Store items in a secure area until delivery to Owner.
- 4. Transport items to Owner's storage area on-site designated by Owner.
- 5. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.

B. Historic Materials for Reinstallation:

- 1. Repair and clean historic items as indicated and to functional condition for reuse.
- 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning and repairing; cushion against damage during handling. Label contents of containers.
- 3. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.
- 4. Reinstall items in locations indicated. Comply with installation requirements for new materials and equipment unless otherwise indicated. Provide connections, supports, and miscellaneous materials to make item functional for use indicated.
- C. Existing Historic Materials to Remain: Protect construction indicated to remain against damage and soiling from construction work. Where permitted by Architect, items may be dismantled and taken to a suitable, protected storage location during construction work and reinstalled in their original locations after historic treatment and construction work in the vicinity is complete.
- D. Storage and Protection: When taken from their existing locations, catalog and store historic items within a weather-tight enclosure where they are protected from wetting by rain, snow, condensation, or ground water, and from freezing temperatures.
 - 1. Identify each item with a nonpermanent mark to document its original location. Indicate original locations on plans elevations, sections, or photographs by annotating the identifying marks.
 - 2. Secure stored materials to protect from theft.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Hazardous Materials: It is not expected that hazardous materials comprising of asbestos containing materials, deteriorated lead based paint, avian feces in the interior of the bell tower or mold will be encountered in the Work.
 - 1. Hazardous materials comprising or mold, asbestos containing materials, deteriorated lead based paint, and avian feces in the bell tower have been removed by Owner under a separate contract.
 - 2. If materials suspected of containing hazardous materials in the form of asbestos containing materials or mold is encountered, do not disturb; immediately notify Architect and Owner. Owner will remove hazardous materials under a separate contract.

- В. Hazardous Materials: Hazardous materials, however, in the form of non-deteriorated lead based paint are present throughout the building and avian feces may be present on the exterior surfaces of the clock / bell tower in construction affected by repair, removal and dismantling work. A report on the presence of hazardous materials is on file for review and use. Examine report to become aware of locations where hazardous materials are known to be present.
 - Hazardous material remediation is specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents. 1.
 - 2. Do not disturb hazardous materials or items suspected of containing hazardous materials except under procedures specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
- C. Storage or sale of removed or dismantled items on-site is not permitted unless otherwise indicated.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS - (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 **EXAMINATION**

- Preparation for Removal and Dismantling: Examine construction to be removed or dismantled A. to determine best methods to safely and effectively perform removal and dismantling work. Examine adjacent work to determine what protective measures will be necessary. Make explorations, probes, and inquiries as necessary to determine condition of construction to be removed or dismantled and location of utilities and services to remain that may be hidden by construction that is to be removed or dismantled.
 - Verify that affected utilities have been disconnected and capped. 1.
 - Inventory and record the condition of items to be removed and dismantled for 2. reinstallation or salvage.
 - Before removal or dismantling of existing building elements that will be reproduced or 3. duplicated in final Work, make permanent record of measurements, materials, and construction details required to make exact reproduction.
- Survey of Existing Conditions: Record existing conditions by use of measured drawings and B. preconstruction photographs.
 - Comply with requirements specified in Section 01322 "Photographic Documentation." 1.
- Perform surveys as the Work progresses to detect hazards resulting from historic treatment C. procedures.

3.2 PROTECTION, GENERAL

Comply with temporary barrier requirements in Section 01500 "Temporary Facilities and A. Controls."

- B. Ensure that supervisory personnel are on-site and on duty when historic treatment work begins and during its progress.
- C. Protect persons, motor vehicles, surrounding surfaces of building, building site, plants, and surrounding buildings from harm resulting from historic treatment procedures.
 - 1. Use only proven protection methods, appropriate to each area and surface being protected.
 - 2. Provide barricades, barriers, and temporary directional signage to exclude public from areas where historic treatment work is being performed.
 - 3. Contain dust and debris generated by removal and dismantling work and prevent it from reaching the public or adjacent surfaces.
 - 4. Provide shoring, bracing, and supports as necessary. Do not overload structural elements.
 - 5. Protect floors and other surfaces along haul routes from damage, wear, and staining.

D. Temporary Protection of Historic Materials:

- 1. Protect existing historic materials with temporary protections and construction. Do not deface or remove existing materials.
- 2. Do not attach temporary protection to historic surfaces except as indicated as part of the historic treatment program and approved by Architect.
- E. Comply with each product manufacturer's written instructions for protections and precautions. Protect against adverse effects of products and procedures on people and adjacent materials, components, and vegetation.

F. Utility and Communications Services:

- 1. Notify Owner, Architect, authorities having jurisdiction, and entities owning or controlling wires, conduits, pipes, and other services affected by the historic treatment work before commencing operations.
- 2. Disconnect and cap pipes and services as required by authorities having jurisdiction, as required for the historic treatment work.
- 3. Maintain existing services unless otherwise indicated; keep in service, and protect against damage during operations. Provide temporary services during interruptions to existing utilities.
- G. Existing Drains: Prior to the start of work in an area, test drainage system to ensure that it is functioning properly. Notify Architect immediately of inadequate drainage or blockage. Do not begin work in an area until the drainage system is in working order.
 - 1. Prevent solids such as stone or mortar residue from entering the drainage system. Clean out drains and drain lines that become sluggish or blocked by sand or other materials resulting from historic treatment work.
 - 2. Protect drains from pollutants. Block drains or filter out sediments, allowing only clean water to pass.
- H. Existing Roofing: Prior to the start of work in an area, install roofing protection as indicated.

3.3 PROTECTION DURING APPLICATION OF CHEMICALS

- A. Protect motor vehicles, surrounding surfaces of building being restored, building site, plants, and surrounding buildings from harm or damage resulting from applications of chemical cleaners and paint removers.
- B. Cover adjacent surfaces with protective materials that are proven to resist chemicals selected for Project unless chemicals being used will not damage adjacent surfaces as indicated in historic treatment program. Use covering materials and masking agents that are waterproof, UV resistant, and will not stain or leave residue on surfaces to which they are applied. Apply protective materials according to manufacturer's written instructions. Do not apply liquid masking agents or adhesives to painted or porous surfaces. When no longer needed, promptly remove protective materials staining.
- C. Do not apply chemicals during winds of sufficient force to spread them to unprotected surfaces.
- D. Neutralize and collect alkaline and acid wastes and legally dispose of off Owner's property.
- E. Collect and dispose of runoff from chemical operations by legal means and in a manner that prevents soil contamination, soil erosion, undermining of paving and foundations, damage to landscaping, or water penetration into building interior.

3.4 PROTECTION FROM FIRE

- A. General: Follow fire-prevention plan and the following.
 - 1. Comply with NFPA 241 requirements unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Remove and keep area free of combustibles including, rubbish, paper, waste, and chemicals, except to the degree necessary for the immediate work.
 - a. If combustible material cannot be removed, provide fire blankets to cover such materials.
 - 3. Prohibit smoking by all persons within Project work and staging areas.
- B. Heat-Generating Equipment and Combustible Materials: Comply with the following procedures while performing work with heat-generating equipment or highly combustible materials, including welding, torch-cutting, soldering, brazing, paint removal with heat, or other operations where open flames or implements utilizing high heat or combustible solvents and chemicals are anticipated:
 - 1. Obtain Owner's approval for operations involving use of open-flame or welding or other high-heat equipment.
 - 2. Use of open-flame equipment is not permitted. Notify Owner before each occurrence, indicating location of such work.

- 3. As far as practical, restrict heat-generating equipment to shop areas or outside the building.
- 4. Do not perform work with heat-generating equipment in or near rooms or in areas where flammable liquids or explosive vapors are present or thought to be present. Use a combustible gas indicator test to ensure that the area is safe.
- Use fireproof baffles to prevent flames, sparks, hot gases, or other high-temperature 5. material from reaching surrounding combustible material.
- Prevent the spread of sparks and particles of hot metal through open windows, doors, 6. holes, and cracks in floors, walls, ceilings, roofs, and other openings.
- 7. Fire Watch: Before working with heat-generating equipment or highly combustible materials, station personnel to serve as a fire watch at each location where such work is performed. Fire-watch personnel shall have the authority to enforce fire safety. Station fire watch according to NFPA 51B, NFPA 241, and as follows.
 - Train each fire watch in the proper operation of fire-control equipment and alarms.
 - Prohibit fire-watch personnel from other work that would be a distraction from b. fire-watch duties.
 - c. Cease work with heat-generating equipment whenever fire-watch personnel are not
 - Have fire watch perform final fire-safety inspection each day beginning no sooner d. than 30 minutes after conclusion of work at each area of Project site to detect hidden or smoldering fires and to ensure that proper fire-prevention is maintained.
 - Maintain fire-watch personnel at each area of Project site until 60 minutes after e. conclusion of daily work.
- C. Fire Extinguishers, Fire Blankets, and Rag Buckets: Maintain fire extinguishers, fire blankets, and rag buckets for disposal of rags with combustible liquids. Maintain each as suitable for the type of fire risk in each work area. Ensure that nearby personnel and the fire watch are trained in fire-extinguisher and blanket operation.

3.5 GENERAL HISTORIC TREATMENT

- Ensure that supervisory personnel are present when historic treatment work begins and during A. its progress.
- B. Halt the process of deterioration and stabilize conditions, unless otherwise indicated. Perform work as indicated on Drawings. Follow the procedures in subparagraphs below and procedures approved in historic treatment program:
 - Retain as much existing material as possible; repair and consolidate rather than replace. 1.
 - Use additional material or structure to reinforce, strengthen, prop, tie, and support 2. existing material or structure.
 - 3. Use reversible processes wherever possible.
 - Use historically accurate repair and replacement materials and techniques unless 4. otherwise indicated.
 - Record existing work before each procedure (preconstruction) and progress during the 5. work with digital preconstruction documentation. Comply with requirements in Section 01322 "Photographic Documentation."

- C. Notify Architect of visible changes in the integrity of material or components whether due to environmental causes including biological attack, UV degradation, freezing, or thawing; or due to structural defects including cracks, movement, or distortion.
 - 1. Do not proceed with the work in question until directed by Architect.
- D. Where missing features are indicated to be repaired or replaced, provide features whose designs are based on accurate duplications rather than on conjectural designs, subject to approval of Architect.
- E. Where Work requires existing features to be removed or dismantled and reinstalled, perform these operations without damage to the material itself, to adjacent materials, or to the substrate.
- F. Identify new and replacement materials and features with permanent marks hidden in the completed work to distinguish them from original materials. Record a legend of identification marks and the locations of the items on record Drawings.

3.6 HISTORIC REMOVAL AND DISMANTLING

- A. General: Have removal and dismantling work performed by a qualified historic treatment specialist.
- B. Perform work according to the historic treatment program.
- C. Water-Mist Sprinkling: Use water-mist sprinkling and other wet methods to control dust only with adequate, approved procedures and equipment that ensure that such water will not create a hazard or adversely affect other building areas or materials.

D. Anchorages:

- 1. Remove anchorages associated with removed items.
- 2. Dismantle anchorages associated with dismantled items.
- 3. In non-historic surfaces, patch holes created by anchorage removal or dismantling according to the requirements for new work.
- 4. In historic surfaces, patch or repair holes created by anchorage removal or dismantling according to Section specific to the historic surface being patched.

3.7 BIRD-EXCREMENT (AVIAN FECES) REMOVAL

- A. General: Before disturbing accumulated bird excrement, follow procedures required by authorities having jurisdiction and recommended by industrial hygienist in remediation plan prepared by PSI available on file with the Owner.
- B. Removing Bird Excrement: Have bird-excrement removal work performed by a qualified bird-excrement removal specialist.
- C. Remove interior bird excrement with other parts of the building sealed off from work area and with windows and other openings to exterior areas accessible to the public closed or sealed off.

- 1. Before removal, treat bird excrement to kill pathogens; dampen excrement to prevent particles becoming airborne.
- 2. Use only nonmetallic tools such as plastic spatulas and brushes with natural fiber or nylon bristles.
- 3. Collect excrement debris as it is removed and legally dispose of off-site.
- D. Removing Bird-Excrement Stain: Clean as required in section pertaining to cleaning substrate material from which bird excrement was removed.

3.8 HISTORIC TREATMENT SCHEDULE

- A. Spaces, areas, rooms, and surfaces requiring special care and treatment to ensure successful restoration, rehabilitation and renovation are as indicated on Drawings and as generally described below.
 - 1. All hallways, stairways, Truman Courtroom and adjacent offices, Brady Courtroom, all woodwork, doors, windows, trim, window sills, cabinetry, plaster walls, ceilings, original hardware, bathroom finishes, plumbing and light fixtures.

END OF SECTION 01351

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SECTION 01400 - QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for quality assurance and quality control.
- B. Testing and inspecting services are required to verify compliance with requirements specified or indicated. These services do not relieve Contractor of responsibility for compliance with the Contract Document requirements.
 - 1. Specified tests, inspections, and related actions do not limit Contractor's other quality-assurance and -control procedures that facilitate compliance with the Contract Document requirements.
 - 2. Requirements for Contractor to provide quality-assurance and -control services required by Architect, Owner, or authorities having jurisdiction are not limited by provisions of this Section.
 - 3. Specific test and inspection requirements are not specified in this Section.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Quality-Assurance Services: Activities, actions, and procedures performed before and during execution of the Work to guard against defects and deficiencies and substantiate that proposed construction will comply with requirements.
- B. Quality-Control Services: Tests, inspections, procedures, and related actions during and after execution of the Work to evaluate that actual products incorporated into the Work and completed construction comply with requirements. Services do not include contract enforcement activities performed by Architect.
- C. Preconstruction Testing: Tests and inspections performed specifically for Project before products and materials are incorporated into the Work, to verify performance or compliance with specified criteria.
- D. Product Testing: Tests and inspections that are performed by an NRTL, an NVLAP, or a testing agency qualified to conduct product testing and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, to establish product performance and compliance with specified requirements.
- E. Source Quality-Control Testing: Tests and inspections that are performed at the source, e.g., plant, mill, factory, or shop.
- F. Field Quality-Control Testing: Tests and inspections that are performed on-site for installation of the Work and for completed Work.

- G. Testing Agency: An entity engaged to perform specific tests, inspections, or both. Testing laboratory shall mean the same as testing agency.
- H. Installer/Applicator/Erector: Contractor or another entity engaged by Contractor as an employee, Subcontractor, or Sub-subcontractor, to perform a particular construction operation, including installation, erection, application, and similar operations.
 - 1. Use of trade-specific terminology in referring to a trade or entity does not require that certain construction activities be performed by accredited or unionized individuals, or that requirements specified apply exclusively to specific trade(s).
- I. Experienced: When used with an entity or individual, "experienced" means having successfully completed a minimum of *five* previous projects similar in nature, size, and extent to this Project; being familiar with special requirements indicated; and having complied with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

1.3 CONFLICTING REQUIREMENTS

- A. Referenced Standards: If compliance with two or more standards is specified and the standards establish different or conflicting requirements for minimum quantities or quality levels, comply with the most stringent requirement. Refer conflicting requirements that are different, but apparently equal, to Architect for a decision before proceeding.
- B. Minimum Quantity or Quality Levels: The quantity or quality level shown or specified shall be the minimum provided or performed. The actual installation may comply exactly with the minimum quantity or quality specified, or it may exceed the minimum within reasonable limits. To comply with these requirements, indicated numeric values are minimum or maximum, as appropriate, for the context of requirements. Refer uncertainties to Architect for a decision before proceeding.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Testing Agency Qualifications: For testing agencies specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include proof of qualifications in the form of a recent report on the inspection of the testing agency by a recognized authority.

1.5 REPORTS AND DOCUMENTS

- A. Test and Inspection Reports: Prepare and submit certified written reports specified in other Sections. Include the following:
 - 1. Date of issue.
 - 2. Project title and number.
 - 3. Name, address, and telephone number of testing agency.
 - 4. Dates and locations of samples and tests or inspections.
 - 5. Names of individuals making tests and inspections.
 - 6. Description of the Work and test and inspection method.

- 7. Identification of product and Specification Section.
- 8. Complete test or inspection data.
- 9. Test and inspection results and an interpretation of test results.
- 10. Record of temperature and weather conditions at time of sample taking and testing and inspecting.
- 11. Comments or professional opinion on whether tested or inspected Work complies with the Contract Document requirements.
- 12. Name and signature of laboratory inspector.
- 13. Recommendations on retesting and re-inspecting.
- B. Manufacturer's Field Reports: Prepare written information documenting tests and inspections specified in other Sections. Include the following:
 - 1. Name, address, and telephone number of representative making report.
 - 2. Statement on condition of substrates and their acceptability for installation of product.
 - 3. Summary of installation procedures being followed, whether they comply with requirements and, if not, what corrective action was taken.
 - 4. Results of operational and other tests and a statement of whether observed performance complies with requirements.
 - 5. Other required items indicated in individual Specification Sections.
- C. Permits, Licenses, and Certificates: For Owner's records, submit copies of permits, licenses, certifications, inspection reports, releases, jurisdictional settlements, notices, receipts for fee payments, judgments, correspondence, records, and similar documents, established for compliance with standards and regulations bearing on performance of the Work.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. General: Qualifications paragraphs in this article establish the minimum qualification levels required; individual Specification Sections specify additional requirements.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing products or systems similar to those indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance, as well as sufficient production capacity to produce required units.
- C. Fabricator Qualifications: A firm experienced in producing products similar to those indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance, as well as sufficient production capacity to produce required units.
- D. Installer Qualifications: A firm or individual experienced in installing, erecting, or assembling work similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project, whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance.
- E. Professional Engineer Qualifications: A professional engineer who is legally qualified to practice in jurisdiction where Project is located and who is experienced in providing engineering services of the kind indicated. Engineering services are defined as those performed for installations of the system, assembly, or product that are similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project.

- F. Specialists: Certain Specification Sections require that specific construction activities shall be performed by entities who are recognized experts in those operations. Specialists shall satisfy qualification requirements indicated and shall be engaged for the activities indicated.
 - 1. Requirements of authorities having jurisdiction shall supersede requirements for specialists.
- G. Testing Agency Qualifications: An NRTL, an NVLAP, or an independent agency with the experience and capability to conduct testing and inspecting indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 329, and with additional qualifications specified in individual Sections; and, where required by authorities having jurisdiction, that is acceptable to authorities.
 - 1. NRTL: A nationally recognized testing laboratory according to 29 CFR 1910.7.
 - 2. NVLAP: A testing agency accredited according to NIST's National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program.
- H. Manufacturer's Representative Qualifications: An authorized representative of manufacturer who is trained and approved by manufacturer to observe and inspect installation of manufacturer's products that are similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project.

1.7 QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Owner Responsibilities: Where quality-control services are indicated as Owner's responsibility, Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to perform these services.
 - 1. Owner will furnish Contractor with names, addresses, and telephone numbers of testing agencies engaged and a description of types of testing and inspecting they are engaged to perform.
 - 2. Costs for retesting and re-inspecting construction that replaces or is necessitated by work that failed to comply with the Contract Documents will be charged to Contractor and the Contract Sum will be adjusted by Change Order.
- B. Contractor Responsibilities: Tests and inspections not explicitly assigned to Owner are Contractor's responsibility. Perform additional quality-control activities required to verify that the Work complies with requirements, whether specified or not.
 - 1. Where services are indicated as Contractor's responsibility, engage a qualified testing agency to perform these quality-control services.
 - a. Contractor shall not employ same entity engaged by Owner, unless agreed to in writing by Owner.
 - 2. Notify testing agencies at least 24 hours in advance of time when Work that requires testing or inspecting will be performed.
 - 3. Where quality-control services are indicated as Contractor's responsibility, submit a certified written report, in duplicate, of each quality-control service.
 - 4. Testing and inspecting requested by Contractor and not required by the Contract Documents are Contractor's responsibility.

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- 5. Submit additional copies of each written report directly to authorities having jurisdiction, when they so direct.
- C. Manufacturer's Field Services: Where indicated, engage a manufacturer's representative to observe and inspect the Work. Manufacturer's representative's services include examination of substrates and conditions, verification of materials, inspection of completed portions of the Work, and submittal of written reports.
- D. Retesting/Re-inspecting: Regardless of whether original tests or inspections were Contractor's responsibility, provide quality-control services, including retesting and reinspecting, for construction that replaced Work that failed to comply with the Contract Documents.
- E. Testing Agency Responsibilities: Cooperate with Architect and Contractor in performance of duties. Provide qualified personnel to perform required tests and inspections.
 - 1. Notify Architect and Contractor promptly of irregularities or deficiencies observed in the Work during performance of its services.
 - 2. Determine the location from which test samples will be taken and in which in-situ tests are conducted.
 - 3. Conduct and interpret tests and inspections and state in each report whether tested and inspected work complies with or deviates from requirements.
 - 4. Submit a certified written report, in duplicate, of each test, inspection, and similar quality-control service through Contractor.
 - 5. Do not release, revoke, alter, or increase the Contract Document requirements or approve or accept any portion of the Work.
 - 6. Do not perform any duties of Contractor.
- F. Associated Services: Cooperate with agencies performing required tests, inspections, and similar quality-control services, and provide reasonable auxiliary services as requested. Notify agency sufficiently in advance of operations to permit assignment of personnel. Provide the following:
 - 1. Access to the Work.
 - 2. Incidental labor and facilities necessary to facilitate tests and inspections.
 - 3. Adequate quantities of representative samples of materials that require testing and inspecting. Assist agency in obtaining samples.
 - 4. Facilities for storage and field curing of test samples.
 - 5. Delivery of samples to testing agencies.
 - 6. Preliminary design mix proposed for use for material mixes that require control by testing agency.
 - 7. Security and protection for samples and for testing and inspecting equipment at Project site.
- G. Coordination: Coordinate sequence of activities to accommodate required quality-assurance and -control services with a minimum of delay and to avoid necessity of removing and replacing construction to accommodate testing and inspecting.
 - 1. Schedule times for tests, inspections, obtaining samples, and similar activities.

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1.8 SPECIAL TESTS AND INSPECTIONS

- A. Special Tests and Inspections: Owner will engage a qualified testing agency and special inspector to conduct special tests and inspections required by authorities having jurisdiction as the responsibility of Owner, and as follows:
 - 1. Verifying that manufacturer maintains detailed fabrication and quality-control procedures and reviews the completeness and adequacy of those procedures to perform the Work.
 - 2. Notifying Architect, and Contractor promptly of irregularities and deficiencies observed in the Work during performance of its services.
 - 3. Submitting a certified written report of each test, inspection, and similar quality-control service to Architect, with copy to Contractor and to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 4. Submitting a final report of special tests and inspections at Substantial Completion, which includes a list of unresolved deficiencies.
 - 5. Interpreting tests and inspections and stating in each report whether tested and inspected work complies with or deviates from the Contract Documents.
 - 6. Retesting and re-inspecting corrected work.

PART 2 - EXECUTION

2.1 TEST AND INSPECTION LOG

- A. Test and Inspection Log: Prepare a record of tests and inspections. Include the following:
 - 1. Date test or inspection was conducted.
 - 2. Description of the Work tested or inspected.
 - 3. Date test or inspection results were transmitted to Architect.
 - 4. Identification of testing agency or special inspector conducting test or inspection.
- B. Maintain log at Project site. Post changes and revisions as they occur. Provide access to test and inspection log for Architect's reference during normal working hours.

2.2 REPAIR AND PROTECTION

- A. General: On completion of testing, inspecting, sample taking, and similar services, repair damaged construction and restore substrates and finishes.
- B. Protect construction exposed by or for quality-control service activities.
- C. Repair and protection are Contractor's responsibility, regardless of the assignment of responsibility for quality-control services.

END OF SECTION 01400

SECTION 01420 - REFERENCES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DEFINITIONS

- A. General: Basic Contract definitions are included in the Conditions of the Contract.
- B. "Approved": When used to convey Architect's action on Contractor's submittals, applications, and requests, "approved" is limited to Architect's duties and responsibilities as stated in the Conditions of the Contract.
- C. "Directed": A command or instruction by Architect. Other terms including "requested," "authorized," "selected," "required," and "permitted" have the same meaning as "directed."
- D. "Indicated": Requirements expressed by graphic representations or in written form on Drawings, in Specifications, and in other Contract Documents. Other terms including "shown," "noted," "scheduled," and "specified" have the same meaning as "indicated."
- E. "Regulations": Laws, ordinances, statutes, and lawful orders issued by authorities having jurisdiction, and rules, conventions, and agreements within the construction industry that control performance of the Work.
- F. "Furnish": Supply and deliver to Project site, ready for unloading, unpacking, assembly, installation, and similar operations.
- G. "Install": Operations at Project site including unloading, temporarily storing, unpacking, assembling, erecting, placing, anchoring, applying, working to dimension, finishing, curing, protecting, cleaning, and similar operations.
- H. "Provide": Furnish and install, complete and ready for the intended use.
- I. "Project Site": Space available for performing construction activities. The extent of Project site is shown on Drawings and may or may not be identical with the description of the land on which Project is to be built.

1.2 INDUSTRY STANDARDS

- A. Applicability of Standards: Unless the Contract Documents include more stringent requirements, applicable construction industry standards have the same force and effect as if bound or copied directly into the Contract Documents to the extent referenced. Such standards are made a part of the Contract Documents by reference.
- B. Publication Dates: Comply with standards in effect as of date of the Contract Documents unless otherwise indicated.

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- C. Copies of Standards: Each entity engaged in construction on Project should be familiar with industry standards applicable to its construction activity. Copies of applicable standards are not bound with the Contract Documents.
 - 1. Where copies of standards are needed to perform a required construction activity, obtain copies directly from publication source.

1.3 ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

A. Industry Organizations: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities in the following list.

AABC Associated Air Balance Council

AAMA American Architectural Manufacturers Association

AATCC American Association of Textile Chemists and Colorists

ABMA American Bearing Manufacturers Association

ACI American Concrete Institute (Formerly: ACI International)

ACPA American Concrete Pipe Association

AEIC Association of Edison Illuminating Companies, Inc. (The)

AF&PA American Forest & Paper Association

AGA American Gas Association

AHAM Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers

AHRI Air-Conditioning, Heating, and Refrigeration Institute (The)

AI Asphalt Institute

AIA American Institute of Architects (The)

AISC American Institute of Steel Construction

AISI American Iron and Steel Institute

AITC American Institute of Timber Construction

AMCA Air Movement and Control Association International, Inc.

ANSI American National Standards Institute

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APA	APA - The Engineered Wood Association
1 11 1 1	THE LIIGHTECTED WOOD ASSOCIATION

API American Petroleum Institute

ARI Air-Conditioning & Refrigeration Institute (See AHRI)

ARI American Refrigeration Institute (See AHRI)

ARMA Asphalt Roofing Manufacturers Association

ASCE American Society of Civil Engineers

ASCE/SEI American Society of Civil Engineers/Structural Engineering Institute (See ASCE)

ASHRAE American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers

ASME International (American Society of Mechanical Engineers)

ASSE American Society of Safety Engineers (The)

ASSE American Society of Sanitary Engineering

ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials International)

ATIS Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions

AWI Architectural Woodwork Institute

AWMAC Architectural Woodwork Manufacturers Association of Canada

AWPA American Wood Protection Association (Formerly: American Wood-Preservers'

Association)

AWS American Welding Society

AWWA American Water Works Association

BHMA Builders Hardware Manufacturers Association

BIA Brick Industry Association (The)

BICSI BICSI, Inc.

BIFMA BIFMA International (Business and Institutional Furniture Manufacturer's

Association)

BOCA (Building Officials and Code Administrators International Inc.) (See ICC)

CDA Copper Development Association

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CEA Consumer Electronics Association

CFFA Chemical Fabrics & Film Association, Inc.

CFSEI Cold-Formed Steel Engineers Institute

CGA Compressed Gas Association

CIMA Cellulose Insulation Manufacturers Association

CISCA Ceilings & Interior Systems Construction Association

CISPI Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute

CLFMI Chain Link Fence Manufacturers Institute

CPA Composite Panel Association

CRI Carpet and Rug Institute (The)

CRRC Cool Roof Rating Council

CRSI Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute

CSA CSA International (Formerly: IAS - International Approval Services)

CSI Construction Specifications Institute (The)

CSSB Cedar Shake & Shingle Bureau

CTI Cooling Technology Institute (Formerly: Cooling Tower Institute)

CWC Composite Wood Council (See CPA)

DASMA Door and Access Systems Manufacturers Association

DHI Door and Hardware Institute

ECA Electronic Components Association

ECAMA Electronic Components Assemblies & Materials Association (See ECA)

EIA Electronic Industries Alliance (See TIA)

EJMA Expansion Joint Manufacturers Association, Inc.

ESD Association (Electrostatic Discharge Association)

EVO Efficiency Valuation Organization

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FM Approvals FM Approvals LLC

FM Global (Formerly: FMG - FM Global)

FSA Fluid Sealing Association

FSC Forest Stewardship Council U.S.

GA Gypsum Association

GANA Glass Association of North America

GS Green Seal

HI Hydraulic Institute

HI/GAMA Hydronics Institute/Gas Appliance Manufacturers Association (See AHRI)

HMMA Hollow Metal Manufacturers Association (See NAAMM)

HPVA Hardwood Plywood & Veneer Association

HPW H. P. White Laboratory, Inc.

IAPSC International Association of Professional Security Consultants

IAS International Approval Services (See CSA)

ICBO International Conference of Building Officials (See ICC)

ICC International Code Council

ICEA Insulated Cable Engineers Association, Inc.

ICPA International Cast Polymer Alliance

ICRI International Concrete Repair Institute, Inc.

IEC International Electrotechnical Commission

IEEE Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. (The)

IES Illuminating Engineering Society (Formerly: Illuminating Engineering Society of

North America)

IESNA Illuminating Engineering Society of North America (See IES)

IEST Institute of Environmental Sciences and Technology

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IGMA Insulating Glass Manufacturers Alliance

IGSHPA International Ground Source Heat Pump Association

ILI Indiana Limestone Institute of America, Inc.

Intertek Group (Formerly: ETL SEMCO; Intertek Testing Service NA)

ISA International Society of Automation (The) (Formerly: Instrumentation, Systems,

and Automation Society)

ISAS Instrumentation, Systems, and Automation Society (The) (See ISA)

ISFA International Surface Fabricators Association (Formerly: International Solid Surface

Fabricators Association)

ISO International Organization for Standardization

ISSFA International Solid Surface Fabricators Association (See ISFA)

ITU International Telecommunication Union

KCMA Kitchen Cabinet Manufacturers Association

LMA Laminating Materials Association (See CPA)

LPI Lightning Protection Institute

MBMA Metal Building Manufacturers Association

MCA Metal Construction Association

MFMA Maple Flooring Manufacturers Association, Inc.

MFMA Metal Framing Manufacturers Association, Inc.

MHIA Material Handling Industry of America

MIA Marble Institute of America

MMPA Moulding & Millwork Producers Association (Formerly: Wood Moulding &

Millwork Producers Association)

MPI Master Painters Institute

MSS Manufacturers Standardization Society of The Valve and Fittings Industry Inc.

NAAMM National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers

NACE International (National Association of Corrosion Engineers International)

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NADCA National Air Duct Cleaners Association

NAIMA North American Insulation Manufacturers Association

NBGQA National Building Granite Quarries Association, Inc.

NCMA National Concrete Masonry Association

NEBB National Environmental Balancing Bureau

NECA National Electrical Contractors Association

NeLMA Northeastern Lumber Manufacturers Association

NEMA National Electrical Manufacturers Association

NETA InterNational Electrical Testing Association

NFHS National Federation of State High School Associations

NFPA NFPA (National Fire Protection Association)

NFPA NFPA International (See NFPA)

NFRC National Fenestration Rating Council

NHLA National Hardwood Lumber Association

NLGA National Lumber Grades Authority

NOFMA National Oak Flooring Manufacturers Association (See NWFA)

NOMMA National Ornamental & Miscellaneous Metals Association

NRCA National Roofing Contractors Association

NRMCA National Ready Mixed Concrete Association

NSF International (National Sanitation Foundation International)

NSPE National Society of Professional Engineers

NSSGA National Stone, Sand & Gravel Association

NTMA National Terrazzo & Mosaic Association, Inc. (The)

NWFA National Wood Flooring Association

PCI Precast/Prestressed Concrete Institute

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PDI Plumbing & Drainage Institute

RCSC Research Council on Structural Connections

RFCI Resilient Floor Covering Institute

RIS Redwood Inspection Service

SAE SAE International (Society of Automotive Engineers)

SBCCI Southern Building Code Congress International, Inc. (See ICC)

SCTE Society of Cable Telecommunications Engineers

SDI Steel Deck Institute

SDI Steel Door Institute

SEFA Scientific Equipment and Furniture Association

SEI/ASCE Structural Engineering Institute/American Society of Civil Engineers (See ASCE)

SIA Security Industry Association

SJI Steel Joist Institute

SMA Screen Manufacturers Association

SMACNA Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association

SPFA Spray Polyurethane Foam Alliance

SPIB Southern Pine Inspection Bureau

SPRI Single Ply Roofing Industry

SRCC Solar Rating and Certification Corporation

SSINA Specialty Steel Industry of North America

SSPC SSPC: The Society for Protective Coatings

STI Steel Tank Institute

SWI Steel Window Institute

SWPA Submersible Wastewater Pump Association

TCNA Tile Council of North America, Inc.

TEMA Tubular Exchanger Manufacturers Association, Inc.

TIA Telecommunications Industry Association (Formerly: TIA/EIA -

Telecommunications Industry Association/Electronic Industries Alliance)

TIA/EIA Telecommunications Industry Association/Electronic Industries Alliance (See TIA)

TMS The Masonry Society

TPI Truss Plate Institute

TRI Tile Roofing Institute

UBC Uniform Building Code (See ICC)

UL Underwriters Laboratories Inc.

UNI Uni-Bell PVC Pipe Association

USGBC U.S. Green Building Council

WASTEC Waste Equipment Technology Association

WCLIB West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau

WCMA Window Covering Manufacturers Association

WDMA Window & Door Manufacturers Association

WI Woodwork Institute (Formerly: WIC - Woodwork Institute of California)

WMMPA Wood Moulding & Millwork Producers Association (See MMPA)

WSRCA Western States Roofing Contractors Association

WWPA Western Wood Products Association

B. Code Agencies: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities in the following list.

IAPMO International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials

ICC International Code Council

ICC-ES ICC Evaluation Service, LLC

C. Federal Government Agencies: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities in the following list.

COE	Army Corps of Engineers
CPSC	Consumer Product Safety Commission
DOC	Department of Commerce National Institute of Standards and Technology
DOD	Department of Defense
DOE	Department of Energy
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
FG	Federal Government Publications
GSA	General Services Administration

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Environmental Energy Technologies Division

Occupational Safety & Health Administration

D. Standards and Regulations: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the standards and regulations in the following list

regulations in the following list.

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

Available from Government Printing Office

DOD Department of Defense

LBL

OSH

Α

Military Specifications and Standards

Available from Department of Defense Single Stock Point

DSCC Defense Supply Center Columbus (See FS)

FED-STD Federal Standard (See FS)

FS Federal Specification

Available from Department of Defense Single Stock Point

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Available from Defense Standardization Program

Available from General Services Administration

Available from National Institute of Building Sciences/Whole Building Design Guide

MILSPEC Military Specification and Standards (See DOD)

USAB United States Access Board

USATBCB U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board (See USAB)

E. State Government Agencies: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities in the following list.

CBHF State of California

Department of Consumer Affairs

Bureau of Home Furnishings and Thermal Insulation

CCR California Code of Regulations

Office of Administrative Law California Title 24 Energy Code

CDHS California Department of Health Care Services (Formerly: California Department of

Health Services) (See CCR)

CDPH California Department of Public Health

Indoor Air Quality Program

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 01420

SECTION 01500 - TEMPORARY FACILITIES AND CONTROLS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes requirements for temporary utilities, support facilities, and security and protection facilities.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 01100 "Summary" for limitations on work restrictions and utility interruptions.

1.2 USE CHARGES

- A. General: Installation and removal of and use charges for temporary facilities shall be included in the Contract Sum unless otherwise indicated. Allow other entities to use temporary services and facilities without cost, including, but not limited to, Owner's construction forces, Architect, testing agencies, and authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Water and Sewer Service from Existing System: Water from Owner's existing water system is available for use without metering and without payment of use charges. Provide connections, backflow protection and extensions of services as required for construction operations.
- C. Electric Power Service from Existing System: Electric power from Owner's existing system is available for use without metering and without payment of use charges. Provide connections and extensions of services as required for construction operations.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Site Plan: Show temporary facilities, utility hookups, staging areas, and parking areas for construction personnel.
- B. Fire-Safety Program: Show compliance with requirements of NFPA 241 and authorities having jurisdiction. Indicate Contractor personnel responsible for management of fire prevention program.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electric Service: Comply with NECA, NEMA, and UL standards and regulations for temporary electric service. Install service to comply with NFPA 70.
- B. Tests and Inspections: Arrange for authorities having jurisdiction to test and inspect each temporary utility before use. Obtain required certifications and permits.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Temporary Use of Permanent Facilities: Engage Installer of each permanent service to assume responsibility for operation, maintenance, and protection of each permanent service during its use as a construction facility before Owner's acceptance, regardless of previously assigned responsibilities.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 TEMPORARY FACILITIES

- A. Field Offices, General: Use interior space approved by the Owner.
- B. Common-Use Field Office: Of sufficient size to accommodate needs of Owner, Architect and construction personnel office activities and to accommodate Project meetings specified in other Division 01 Sections. Keep office clean and orderly.
- C. Storage and Fabrication Sheds: None allowed on site. Use interior space as approved by the Owner only as necessary. Refer to 01100 "Summary" for limitation regarding temporary staging of materials and equipment on-site.

2.2 EQUIPMENT

- A. Fire Extinguishers: Portable, UL rated; with class and extinguishing agent as required by locations and classes of fire exposures.
- B. HVAC Equipment: Unless Owner authorizes, provide vented, self-contained, liquid-propanegas or fuel-oil heaters with individual space thermostatic control.
 - 1. Use of gasoline-burning space heaters, open-flame heaters, or salamander-type heating units is prohibited.
 - 2. Heating Units: Listed and labeled for type of fuel being consumed, by a qualified testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended location and application.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Locate facilities within the building where they will serve Project adequately and result in minimum interference with performance of the Work. Relocate and modify facilities as required by progress of the Work.

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3.2 TEMPORARY UTILITY INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install temporary service or connect to existing service.
 - 1. Arrange with utility company and Owner for time when service can be interrupted, if necessary, to make connections for temporary services.
- B. Sewers and Drainage: Provide temporary utilities to remove effluent lawfully.
 - 1. Connect temporary sewers to municipal system as directed by authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Water Service: Connect to Owner's existing water service facilities. Clean and maintain water service facilities in a condition acceptable to Owner. At Substantial Completion, restore these facilities to condition existing before initial use.
- D. Sanitary Facilities: Provide temporary toilets, wash facilities, and drinking water for use of construction personnel. Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction for type, number, location, operation, and maintenance of fixtures and facilities.
- E. Heating and Cooling: Provide temporary heating and cooling required by construction activities for protecting existing construction from adverse effects of low temperatures or high humidity. Select equipment that will not have a harmful effect on completed installations or elements being installed.
- F. Ventilation and Humidity Control: Provide temporary ventilation as required by construction activities for protecting existing construction from adverse effects of high humidity. Select equipment that will not have a harmful effect on completed installations or elements being installed. Coordinate ventilation requirements to produce ambient condition required and minimize energy consumption.
- G. Electric Power Service: Connect to Owner's existing electric power service. Maintain equipment in a condition acceptable to Owner.
- H. Lighting: Provide temporary lighting with local switching that provides adequate illumination for construction operations, observations, inspections, and traffic conditions.
 - 1. Install and operate temporary lighting that fulfills security and protection requirements without operating entire system.
- I. Telephone Service: Provide temporary telephone service in common-use facilities for use by all construction personnel. Install one telephone line(s) for each field office.
 - 1. Provide additional telephone lines for the following:
 - a. Provide a dedicated telephone line for each facsimile machine in each field office.
 - 2. At each telephone, post a list of important telephone numbers.
 - a. Police and fire departments.

- b. Ambulance service.
- c. Contractor's home office.
- d. Contractor's emergency after-hours telephone number.
- e. Architect's office.
- f. Engineers' offices.
- g. Owner's office.
- h. Principal subcontractors' field and home offices.
- 3. Provide superintendent with cellular telephone or portable two-way radio for use when away from field office.

3.3 SUPPORT FACILITIES INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with the following:
 - 1. Provide for temporary offices within construction area.
 - 2. Maintain support facilities until Architect schedules Substantial Completion inspection. Remove before Substantial Completion. Personnel remaining after Substantial Completion will be permitted to use permanent facilities, under conditions acceptable to Owner.
- B. Traffic Controls: Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Protect existing site improvements including curbs, pavement, and utilities.
 - 2. Maintain access for fire-fighting equipment and access to fire hydrants.
- C. Parking: Provide temporary parking areas for construction personnel. City and County Public parking lots two blocks north and south of project site are available for use by construction personnel.
- D. Dewatering Facilities and Drains: Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction. Maintain Project site, excavations, and construction free of water.
 - 1. Dispose of rainwater in a lawful manner that will not result in flooding Project or adjoining properties or endanger permanent Work or temporary facilities.
 - 2. Remove snow and ice as required to minimize accumulations.
- E. Waste Disposal Facilities: Provide waste-collection containers in sizes adequate to handle waste from construction operations. Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction. Comply with progress cleaning requirements in Section 01700 "Execution Requirements." Comply with requirements specified in Section 01524 "Construction Waste Management." Waste Disposal Facilities shall be removed from project site on days indicated by City and/or County for full use of site and surrounding parking.
- F. Lifts and Hoists: Provide facilities necessary for hoisting materials and personnel. Truck cranes and similar devices used for hoisting materials are considered "tools and equipment" and not temporary facilities.

- G. Temporary Elevator Use: See Section 14210 "Electric Traction Elevators," for temporary use of new elevators.
- H. Existing Stair Usage: Use of Owner's existing stairs will be permitted, provided stairs are protected, cleaned and maintained in a condition acceptable to Owner. At Substantial Completion, restore stairs to condition existing before initial use.
 - 1. Provide protective coverings, barriers, devices, signs, or other procedures to protect stairs and to maintain means of egress. If stairs become damaged, restore damaged areas so no evidence remains of correction work.
- I. Temporary Use of Permanent and/or Restored Stairs: Use of permanent and/or restored stairs for construction traffic will be permitted, provided stairs are protected and finishes restored to new condition at time of Substantial Completion.

3.4 SECURITY AND PROTECTION FACILITIES INSTALLATION

- A. Protection of Existing Facilities: Protect existing vegetation, equipment, structures, utilities, and other improvements at Project site and on adjacent properties, except those indicated to be removed or altered. Repair damage to existing facilities.
- B. Environmental Protection: Provide protection, operate temporary facilities, and conduct construction as required to comply with environmental regulations and that minimize possible air, waterway, and subsoil contamination or pollution or other undesirable effects.
- C. Pest Control: Engage pest-control service to recommend practices to minimize attraction and harboring of rodents, roaches, and other pests and to perform extermination and control procedures at regular intervals so Project will be free of pests and their residues at Substantial Completion. Perform control operations lawfully, using environmentally safe materials.
- D. Barricades, Warning Signs, and Lights: Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction for erecting structurally adequate barricades, including warning signs and lighting.
- E. Temporary Enclosures: Provide temporary enclosures for protection of construction, in progress and completed, from exposure, foul weather, other construction operations, and similar activities. Provide temporary weather-tight enclosure for building exterior.
 - 1. Where heating or cooling is needed and permanent enclosure is not complete, insulate temporary enclosures.
- F. Temporary Partitions: Provide floor-to-ceiling dustproof partitions, as necessary, to limit dust and dirt migration into preservation zones such as the Brady and Truman Courtrooms.
 - 1. Construct dustproof partitions with two layers of 6-mil (0.14-mm) polyethylene sheet on each side. Cover floor with two layers of 6-mil (0.14-mm) polyethylene sheet, extending sheets 18 inches (460 mm) up the sidewalls. Overlap and tape full length of joints. Cover floor with fire-retardant-treated plywood.
 - 2. Protect air-handling equipment.
 - 3. Provide walk-off mats at each entrance through temporary partition.

- G. Temporary Fire Protection: Install and maintain temporary fire-protection facilities of types needed to protect against reasonably predictable and controllable fire losses. Comply with NFPA 241; manage fire prevention program.
 - 1. Prohibit smoking at Project site.
 - 2. Supervise welding operations, combustion-type temporary heating units, and similar sources of fire ignition according to requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 3. Develop and supervise an overall fire-prevention and -protection program for personnel at Project site. Review needs with local fire department and establish procedures to be followed. Instruct personnel in methods and procedures. Post warnings and information.
 - 4. Provide temporary standpipes and hoses for fire protection. Hang hoses with a warning sign stating that hoses are for fire-protection purposes only and are not to be removed. Match hose size with outlet size and equip with suitable nozzles.

3.5 MOISTURE AND MOLD CONTROL

- A. Contractor's Moisture Protection Plan: Avoid trapping water in finished work. Document visible signs of mold that may appear during construction.
- B. Controlled Construction Phase of Construction: After completing and sealing of the building enclosure but prior to the full operation of permanent HVAC systems, maintain as follows:
 - 1. Control moisture and humidity inside building by maintaining effective dry-in conditions.
 - 2. Remove materials that cannot be completely restored to their manufactured moisture level within 48 hours.

3.6 OPERATION, TERMINATION, AND REMOVAL

- A. Supervision: Enforce strict discipline in use of temporary facilities. To minimize waste and abuse, limit availability of temporary facilities to essential and intended uses.
- B. Maintenance: Maintain facilities in good operating condition until removal.
 - 1. Maintain operation of temporary enclosures, heating, cooling, humidity control, ventilation, and similar facilities on a 24-hour basis where required to achieve indicated results and to avoid possibility of damage.
- C. Temporary Facility Changeover: Do not change over from using temporary security and protection facilities to permanent facilities until Substantial Completion.
- D. Termination and Removal: Remove each temporary facility when need for its service has ended, when it has been replaced by authorized use of a permanent facility, or no later than Substantial Completion. Complete or, if necessary, restore permanent construction that may have been delayed because of interference with temporary facility. Repair damaged Work, clean exposed surfaces, and replace construction that cannot be satisfactorily repaired.
 - 1. Materials and facilities that constitute temporary facilities are property of Contractor.

renovate, and clean permanent facilities used during

2. At Substantial Completion, repair, renovate, and clean permanent facilities used during construction period. Comply with final cleaning requirements specified in Section 01770 "Closeout Procedures."

END OF SECTION 01500

SECTION 01524 - CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for the following:
 - 1. Salvaging nonhazardous demolition and construction waste.
 - 2. Recycling nonhazardous demolition and construction waste.
 - 3. Disposing of nonhazardous demolition and construction waste.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 01732 "Selective Demolition" for disposition of nonhazardous waste resulting from selective demolition of buildings and structures.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Construction Waste: Building and site improvement materials and other solid waste resulting from construction, remodeling, renovation, or repair operations. Construction waste includes packaging.
- B. Demolition Waste: Building and site improvement materials resulting from demolition or selective demolition operations.
- C. Disposal: Removal off-site of demolition and construction waste and subsequent sale, recycling, reuse, or deposit in landfill or incinerator acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Recycle: Recovery of demolition or construction waste for subsequent processing in preparation for reuse.
- E. Salvage: Recovery of demolition or construction waste and subsequent sale or reuse in another facility.
- F. Salvage and Reuse: Recovery of demolition or construction waste and subsequent incorporation into the Work.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. General: Facilitate recycling and salvage of materials.

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1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Waste Management Plan: Submit plan within 7 days of date established for the Notice to Proceed.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Records of Donations: Indicate receipt and acceptance of salvageable waste donated to individuals and organizations. Indicate whether organization is tax exempt.
- B. Records of Sales: Indicate receipt and acceptance of salvageable waste sold to individuals and organizations. Indicate whether organization is tax exempt.
- C. Recycling and Processing Facility Records: Indicate receipt and acceptance of recyclable waste by recycling and processing facilities licensed to accept them. Include manifests, weight tickets, receipts, and invoices.
- D. Landfill and Incinerator Disposal Records: Indicate receipt and acceptance of waste by landfills and incinerator facilities licensed to accept them. Include manifests, weight tickets, receipts, and invoice.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Waste Management Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Section 01310 "Project Management and Coordination."

1.7 WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN

- A. General: Develop a waste management plan according to ASTM E 1609 and requirements in this Section. Plan shall consist of waste identification, waste reduction work plan, and cost/revenue analysis.
- B. Waste Identification: Indicate anticipated types and quantities of demolition and construction waste generated by the Work. Include estimated quantities and assumptions for estimates.
- C. Waste Reduction Work Plan: List each type of waste and whether it will be salvaged, recycled, or disposed of in landfill or incinerator. Include points of waste generation, total quantity of each type of waste, quantity for each means of recovery, and handling and transportation procedures.
 - 1. Salvaged Materials for Reuse: For materials that will be salvaged and reused in this Project, describe methods for preparing salvaged materials before incorporation into the Work.
 - 2. Salvaged Materials for Sale: For materials that will be sold to individuals and organizations, include list of their names, addresses, and telephone numbers.
 - 3. Salvaged Materials for Donation: For materials that will be donated to individuals and organizations, include list of their names, addresses, and telephone numbers.

- 4. Recycled Materials: Include list of local receivers and processors and type of recycled materials each will accept. Include names, addresses, and telephone numbers.
- Disposed Materials: Indicate how and where materials will be disposed of. Include 5. name, address, and telephone number of each landfill and incinerator facility.
- Handling and Transportation Procedures: Include method that will be used for separating 6. recyclable waste including sizes of containers, container labeling, and designated location where materials separation will be performed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PLAN IMPLEMENTATION

- A. General: Implement approved waste management plan. Provide handling, containers, storage, signage, transportation, and other items as required to implement waste management plan during the entire duration of the Contract.
- B. Waste Management Coordinator: Assign a waste management coordinator to be responsible for implementing, monitoring, and reporting status of waste management work plan.
- C. Coordinator shall be present at Project site full time for duration of Project.
- D. Train workers, subcontractors, and suppliers on proper waste management procedures, as appropriate for the Work occurring at Project site.
 - 1. Distribute waste management plan to everyone concerned within three days of submittal return.
 - 2. Distribute waste management plan to entities when they first begin work on-site. Review plan procedures and locations established for salvage, recycling, and disposal.
- E. Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct waste management operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.
 - 1. Designate and label specific areas on Project site necessary for separating materials that are to be salvaged, recycled, reused, donated, and sold.
 - 2. Comply with Section 01500 "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for controlling dust and dirt, environmental protection, and noise control.

3.2 SALVAGING DEMOLITION WASTE

- A. Salvaged Items for Reuse in the Work:
 - 1. Clean salvaged items.
 - 2. Inventory, photograph, pack or crate items after cleaning. Identify contents of containers.

- 3. Store items in a secure area until installation.
- 4. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.
- 5. Install salvaged items to comply with installation requirements for new materials and equipment. Provide connections, supports, and miscellaneous materials necessary to make items functional for use indicated.
- B. Salvaged Items for Sale and/or Donation: Not Permitted on Project site.
- C. Salvaged Items for Owner's Use:
 - 1. Clean salvaged items.
 - 2. Inventory, photographs, pack or crate items after cleaning. Identify contents of containers.
 - 3. Store items in a secure area until delivery to Owner.
 - 4. Transport items to Owner's storage area designated by Owner.
 - 5. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.

3.3 RECYCLING DEMOLITION AND CONSTRUCTION WASTE, GENERAL

- A. General: Recycle paper and beverage containers used by on-site workers.
- B. Recycling Incentives: Revenues, savings, rebates, tax credits, and other incentives received for recycling waste materials shall be shared equally by Owner and Contractor.
- C. Procedures: Separate recyclable waste from other waste materials, trash, and debris. Separate recyclable waste by type at Project site to the maximum extent practical according to approved construction waste management plan.
 - 1. Provide appropriately marked containers or bins for controlling recyclable waste until they are removed from Project site. Include list of acceptable and unacceptable materials at each container and bin.
 - a. Inspect containers and bins for contamination and remove contaminated materials if found.
 - 2. Stockpile processed materials on-site without intermixing with other materials.
 - 3. Remove recyclable waste from Owner's property and transport to recycling receiver or processor.

3.4 RECYCLING DEMOLITION WASTE

- A. Wood Materials: Sort and stack members according to size, type, and length. Separate lumber, engineered wood products, panel products, and treated wood materials.
- B. Metals: Separate metals by type.
 - 1. Structural Steel: Stack members according to size, type of member, and length.
 - 2. Remove and dispose of bolts, nuts, washers, and other rough hardware.

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- C. Gypsum Board: Stack large clean pieces on wood pallets or in container and store in a dry location. Remove edge trim and sort with other metals. Remove and dispose of fasteners.
- D. Piping: Reduce piping to straight lengths and store by type and size. Separate supports, hangers, valves, sprinklers, and other components by type and size.
- E. Conduit: Reduce conduit to straight lengths and store by type and size.

3.5 DISPOSAL OF WASTE

- A. General: Except for items or materials to be salvaged, recycled, or otherwise reused, remove waste materials from Project site and legally dispose of them in a landfill or incinerator acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Except as otherwise specified, do not allow waste materials that are to be disposed of accumulate on-site.
 - 2. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
- B. Burning: Do not burn waste materials.
- C. Disposal: Remove waste materials from Owner's property and legally dispose of them.

END OF SECTION 01524

SECTION 01600 - PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for selection of products for use in Project; product delivery, storage, and handling; manufacturers' standard warranties on products; special warranties; and comparable products.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 01635 "Substitution Procedures" for requests for substitutions.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Products: Items obtained for incorporating into the Work, whether purchased for Project or taken from previously purchased stock. The term "product" includes the terms "material," "equipment," "system," and terms of similar intent.
 - 1. Named Products: Items identified by manufacturer's product name, including make or model number or other designation shown or listed in manufacturer's published product literature, that is current as of date of the Contract Documents.
 - 2. New Products: Items that have not previously been incorporated into another project or facility. Products salvaged or recycled from other projects are not considered new products.
 - 3. Comparable Product: Product that is demonstrated and approved through submittal process to have the indicated qualities related to type, function, dimension, in-service performance, physical properties, appearance, and other characteristics that equal or exceed those of specified product.
- B. Basis-of-Design Product Specification: A specification in which a specific manufacturer's product is named and accompanied by the words "basis-of-design product," including make or model number or other designation, to establish the significant qualities related to type, function, dimension, in-service performance, physical properties, appearance, and other characteristics for purposes of evaluating comparable products of additional manufacturers named in the specification.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Comparable Product Requests: Submit request for consideration of each comparable product. Identify product or fabrication or installation method to be replaced. Include Specification Section number and title and Drawing numbers and titles.

- 1. Architect's Action: If necessary, Architect will request additional information or documentation for evaluation within one week of receipt of a comparable product request. Architect will notify Contractor of approval or rejection of proposed comparable product request within 15 days of receipt of request, or seven days of receipt of additional information or documentation, whichever is later.
 - a. Form of Approval: As specified in Section 01330 "Submittal Procedures."
 - b. Use product specified if Architect does not issue a decision on use of a comparable product request within time allocated.
- Basis-of-Design Product Specification Submittal: Comply with requirements in Section 01330 B. "Submittal Procedures." Show compliance with requirements.

1.4 **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

Compatibility of Options: If Contractor is given option of selecting between two or more A. products for use on Project, select product compatible with products previously selected, even if previously selected products were also options.

1.5 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

Deliver, store, and handle products using means and methods that will prevent damage, A. deterioration, and loss, including theft and vandalism. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.

B. Delivery and Handling:

- Schedule delivery to minimize long-term storage at Project site and to prevent 1. overcrowding of construction spaces.
- 2. Coordinate delivery with installation time to ensure minimum holding time for items that are flammable, hazardous, easily damaged, or sensitive to deterioration, theft, and other
- 3. Deliver products to Project site in an undamaged condition in manufacturer's original sealed container or other packaging system, complete with labels and instructions for handling, storing, unpacking, protecting, and installing.
- Inspect products on delivery to determine compliance with the Contract Documents and 4. to determine that products are undamaged and properly protected.

C. Storage:

- 1. Store products to allow for inspection and measurement of quantity or counting of units.
- Store materials in a manner that will not endanger Project structure. 2.
- Store products that are subject to damage by the elements, under cover in a weathertight 3. enclosure above ground, with ventilation adequate to prevent condensation.
- 4. Protect foam plastic from exposure to sunlight, except to extent necessary for period of installation and concealment.
- Comply with product manufacturer's written instructions for temperature, humidity, 5. ventilation, and weather-protection requirements for storage.

6. Protect stored products from damage and liquids from freezing.

1.6 PRODUCT WARRANTIES

- A. Warranties specified in other Sections shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other warranties required by the Contract Documents. Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve Contractor of obligations under requirements of the Contract Documents.
 - 1. Manufacturer's Warranty: Written warranty furnished by individual manufacturer for a particular product and specifically endorsed by manufacturer to Owner.
 - 2. Special Warranty: Written warranty required by the Contract Documents to provide specific rights for Owner.
- B. Special Warranties: Prepare a written document that contains appropriate terms and identification, ready for execution.
 - 1. Manufacturer's Standard Form: Modified to include Project-specific information and properly executed.
 - 2. Specified Form: When specified forms are included with the Specifications, prepare a written document using indicated form properly executed.
 - 3. Refer to other Sections for specific content requirements and particular requirements for submitting special warranties.
- C. Submittal Time: Comply with requirements in Section 01770 "Closeout Procedures."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PRODUCT SELECTION PROCEDURES

- A. General Product Requirements: Provide products that comply with the Contract Documents, are undamaged and, unless otherwise indicated, are new at time of installation.
 - 1. Provide products complete with accessories, trim, finish, fasteners, and other items needed for a complete installation and indicated use and effect.
 - 2. Standard Products: If available, and unless custom products or nonstandard options are specified, provide standard products of types that have been produced and used successfully in similar situations on other projects.
 - 3. Owner reserves the right to limit selection to products with warranties not in conflict with requirements of the Contract Documents.
 - 4. Where products are accompanied by the term "as selected," Architect will make selection.
 - 5. Descriptive, performance, and reference standard requirements in the Specifications establish salient characteristics of products.
- B. Product Selection Procedures:

- 1. Product: Where Specifications name a single manufacturer and product, provide the named product that complies with requirements. Comparable products or substitutions for Contractor's convenience will not be considered.
- 2. Manufacturer/Source: Where Specifications name a single manufacturer or source, provide a product by the named manufacturer or source that complies with requirements. Comparable products or substitutions for Contractor's convenience will not be considered.

3. Products:

- a. Restricted List: Where Specifications include a list of names of both manufacturers and products, provide one of the products listed that complies with requirements. Comparable products or substitutions for Contractor's convenience will not be considered unless otherwise indicated.
- b. Non-restricted List: Where Specifications include a list of names of both available manufacturers and products, provide one of the products listed, or an unnamed product, that complies with requirements. Comply with requirements in "Comparable Products" Article for consideration of an unnamed product.

4. Manufacturers:

- a. Restricted List: Where Specifications include a list of manufacturers' names, provide a product by one of the manufacturers listed that complies with requirements. Comparable products or substitutions for Contractor's convenience will not be considered unless otherwise indicated.
- b. Non-restricted List: Where Specifications include a list of available manufacturers, provide a product by one of the manufacturers listed, or a product by an unnamed manufacturer, that complies with requirements. Comply with requirements in "Comparable Products" Article for consideration of an unnamed manufacturer's product.
- 5. Basis-of-Design Product: Where Specifications name a product, or refer to a product indicated on Drawings, and include a list of manufacturers, provide the specified or indicated product or a comparable product by one of the other named manufacturers. Drawings and Specifications indicate sizes, profiles, dimensions, and other characteristics that are based on the product named. Comply with requirements in "Comparable Products" Article for consideration of an unnamed product by one of the other named manufacturers.
- C. Visual Matching Specification: Where Specifications require "match Architect's sample", provide a product that complies with requirements and matches Architect's sample. Architect's decision will be final on whether a proposed product matches.
 - 1. If no product available within specified category matches and complies with other specified requirements, comply with requirements in Section 01635 "Substitution Procedures" for proposal of product.
- D. Visual Selection Specification: Where Specifications include the phrase "as selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range" or similar phrase, select a product that complies with requirements. Architect will select color, gloss, pattern, density, or texture from manufacturer's product line that includes both standard and premium items.

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2.2 COMPARABLE PRODUCTS

- A. Conditions for Consideration: Architect will consider Contractor's request for comparable product when the following conditions are satisfied. If the following conditions are not satisfied, Architect may return requests without action, except to record noncompliance with these requirements:
 - 1. Evidence that the proposed product does not require revisions to the Contract Documents, that it is consistent with the Contract Documents and will produce the indicated results, and that it is compatible with other portions of the Work.
 - 2. Detailed comparison of significant qualities of proposed product with those named in the Specifications. Significant qualities include attributes such as performance, weight, size, durability, visual effect, and specific features and requirements indicated.
 - 3. Evidence that proposed product provides specified warranty.
 - 4. List of similar installations for completed projects with project names and addresses and names and addresses of architects and owners, if requested.
 - 5. Samples, if requested.

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 01600

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SECTION 01635 - SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for substitutions.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 01600 "Product Requirements" for requirements for submitting comparable product submittals for products by listed manufacturers.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Substitutions: Changes in products, materials, equipment, and methods of construction from those required by the Contract Documents and proposed by Contractor.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Substitution Requests: Submit three copies of each request for consideration. Identify product or fabrication or installation method to be replaced. Include Specification Section number and title and Drawing numbers and titles.
 - 1. Substitution Request Form: Use facsimile of form provided in Project Manual.
 - 2. Documentation: Show compliance with requirements for substitutions and the following, as applicable:
 - a. Statement indicating why specified product or fabrication or installation cannot be provided, if applicable.
 - b. Coordination information, including a list of changes or revisions needed to other parts of the Work and to construction performed by Owner and separate contractors, that will be necessary to accommodate proposed substitution.
 - c. Detailed comparison of significant qualities of proposed substitution with those of the Work specified. Include annotated copy of applicable Specification Section. Significant qualities may include attributes such as performance, weight, size, durability, visual effect, sustainable design characteristics, warranties, and specific features and requirements indicated. Indicate deviations, if any, from the Work specified.
 - d. Product Data, including drawings and descriptions of products and fabrication and installation procedures.
 - e. Samples, where applicable or requested.
 - f. Certificates and qualification data, where applicable or requested.
 - g. List of similar installations for completed projects with project names and addresses and names and addresses of architects and owners.

- h. Material test reports from a qualified testing agency indicating and interpreting test results for compliance with requirements indicated.
- i. Research reports evidencing compliance with building code in effect for Project.
- j. Detailed comparison of Contractor's construction schedule using proposed substitution with products specified for the Work, including effect on the overall Contract Time. If specified product or method of construction cannot be provided within the Contract Time, include letter from manufacturer, on manufacturer's letterhead, stating date of receipt of purchase order, lack of availability, or delays in delivery.
- k. Cost information, including a proposal of change, if any, in the Contract Sum.
- 1. Contractor's certification that proposed substitution complies with requirements in the Contract Documents except as indicated in substitution request, is compatible with related materials, and is appropriate for applications indicated.
- m. Contractor's waiver of rights to additional payment or time that may subsequently become necessary because of failure of proposed substitution to produce indicated results.
- 3. Architect's Action: If necessary, Architect will request additional information or documentation for evaluation within seven days of receipt of a request for substitution. Architect will notify Contractor of acceptance or rejection of proposed substitution within 15 days of receipt of request, or seven days of receipt of additional information or documentation, whichever is later.
 - a. Forms of Acceptance: Change Order, Construction Change Directive, or Architect's Supplemental Instructions for minor changes in the Work.
 - b. Use product specified if Architect does not issue a decision on use of a proposed substitution within time allocated.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Compatibility of Substitutions: Investigate and document compatibility of proposed substitution with related products and materials. Engage a qualified testing agency to perform compatibility tests recommended by manufacturers.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. Substitutions for Cause: Submit requests for substitution immediately on discovery of need for change, but not later than 15 days prior to time required for preparation and review of related submittals.
 - 1. Conditions: Architect will consider Contractor's request for substitution when the following conditions are satisfied:
 - a. Requested substitution is consistent with the Contract Documents and will produce indicated results.

- b. Requested substitution provides sustainable design characteristics that specified product provided.
- c. Requested substitution will not adversely affect Contractor's construction schedule.
- d. Requested substitution has received necessary approvals of authorities having jurisdiction.
- e. Requested substitution is compatible with other portions of the Work.
- f. Requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work.
- g. Requested substitution provides specified warranty.
- h. If requested substitution involves more than one contractor, requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work, is uniform and consistent, is compatible with other products, and is acceptable to all contractors involved.
- B. Substitutions for Convenience: Not allowed unless otherwise indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 01635

SECTION 01700 - EXECUTION REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes general administrative and procedural requirements governing execution of the Work including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Construction layout.
 - 2. Field engineering and surveying.
 - 3. Installation of the Work.
 - 4. Cutting and patching.
 - 5. Coordination of Owner-installed products.
 - 6. Progress cleaning.
 - 7. Starting and adjusting.
 - 8. Protection of installed construction.

B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 01100 "Summary" for limits on use of Project site.
- 2. Section 01770 "Closeout Procedures".

1.2 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Certificates: Submit certificate signed by surveyor or professional engineer certifying that location and elevation of improvements comply with requirements.

1.3 OUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Surveyor Qualifications: A professional surveyor who is legally qualified to practice in jurisdiction where Project is located and who is experienced in providing surveying services of the kind indicated.
- B. Cutting and Patching: Comply with requirements for and limitations on cutting and patching of construction elements.
 - 1. Structural Elements: When cutting and patching structural elements, notify Architect of locations and details of cutting and await directions from Architect before proceeding. Shore, brace, and support structural element during cutting and patching. Do not cut and patch structural elements in a manner that could change their load-carrying capacity or increase deflection

- 2. Operational Elements: Do not cut and patch operating elements and related components in a manner that results in reducing their capacity to perform as intended or that results in increased maintenance or decreased operational life or safety.
- 3. Other Construction Elements: Do not cut and patch other construction elements or components in a manner that could change their load-carrying capacity, that result in reducing their capacity to perform as intended, or that result in increased maintenance or decreased operational life or safety.
- 4. Visual Elements: Do not cut and patch construction in a manner that results in visual evidence of cutting and patching. Do not cut and patch exposed construction in a manner that would, in Architect's opinion, reduce the building's aesthetic qualities. Remove and replace construction that has been cut and patched in a visually unsatisfactory manner.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. General: Comply with requirements specified in other Sections.
- B. In-Place Materials: Use materials for patching identical to in-place materials. For exposed surfaces, use materials that visually match in-place adjacent surfaces.
 - 1. If identical materials are unavailable or cannot be used, use materials that, when installed, will provide an exact match as determined acceptable by the Architect for the visual and functional performance of in-place materials.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Existing Conditions: The existence and location of underground and other utilities and construction indicated as existing are not guaranteed. Before beginning site-work, investigate and verify the existence and location of underground utilities mechanical and electrical systems, and other construction affecting the Work.
 - 1. Before construction, verify the location and invert elevation at points of connection of sanitary sewer, storm sewer, and water-service piping; underground electrical services, and other utilities.
 - 2. Furnish location data for work related to Project that must be performed by public utilities serving Project site.
- B. Examination and Acceptance of Conditions: Before proceeding with each component of the Work, examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer or Applicator present where indicated, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance. Record observations.

- 1. Examine roughing-in for mechanical and electrical systems to verify actual locations of connections before equipment and fixture installation.
- 2. Examine walls, floors, and roofs for suitable conditions where products and systems are to be installed.
- 3. Verify compatibility with and suitability of substrates, including compatibility with existing finishes or primers.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected. Proceeding with the Work indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Existing Utility Information: Furnish information to Owner when it is necessary to adjust, move, or relocate existing utility structures, utility poles, lines, services, or other utility appurtenances located in or affected by construction. Coordinate with authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Field Measurements: Take field measurements as required to fit the Work properly. Recheck measurements before installing each product. Where portions of the Work are indicated to fit to other construction, verify dimensions of other construction by field measurements before fabrication. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the Work.
- C. Space Requirements: Verify space requirements and dimensions of items shown diagrammatically on Drawings.
- D. Review of Contract Documents and Field Conditions: Immediately on discovery of the need for clarification of the Contract Documents caused by differing field conditions outside the control of Contractor, submit a request for information to Architect according to requirements in Section 01310 "Project Management and Coordination."

3.3 CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT

- A. Verification: Before proceeding to lay out the Work, verify layout information shown on Drawings, in relation to the property survey and existing benchmarks. If discrepancies are discovered, notify Architect promptly.
- B. General: Engage a surveyor or professional engineer to lay out the Work using accepted surveying practices.
 - 1. Establish benchmarks and control points to set lines and levels at each story of construction and elsewhere as needed to locate each element of Project.
 - 2. Establish limits on use of Project site.
 - 3. Establish dimensions within tolerances indicated. Do not scale Drawings to obtain required dimensions.
 - 4. Inform installers of lines and levels to which they must comply.
 - 5. Check the location, level and plumb, of every major element as the Work progresses.

- Notify Architect when deviations from required lines and levels exceed allowable 6. tolerances.
- C. Building Lines and Levels: Locate and lay out control lines and levels for structures, building foundations, column grids, and floor levels, including those required for mechanical and electrical work. Transfer survey markings and elevations for use with control lines and levels. Level foundations and piers from two or more locations.
- D. Record Log: Maintain a log of layout control work. Record deviations from required lines and levels. Include beginning and ending dates and times of surveys, weather conditions, name and duty of each survey party member, and types of instruments and tapes used. Make the log available for reference by Architect.

3.4 FIELD ENGINEERING

- Reference Points: Locate existing permanent benchmarks, control points, and similar reference A. points before beginning the Work. Preserve and protect permanent benchmarks and control points during construction operations.
- B. Benchmarks: Establish and maintain a minimum of two permanent benchmarks on Project site, referenced to data established by survey control points. Comply with authorities having jurisdiction for type and size of benchmark.
 - Record benchmark locations, with horizontal and vertical data, on Project Record 1. Documents.
- C. Certified Survey: On completion of foundation walls, major site improvements, and other work requiring field-engineering services, prepare a certified survey showing dimensions, locations, angles, and elevations of construction and site-work.

3.5 INSTALLATION

- General: Locate the Work and components of the Work accurately, in correct alignment and A. elevation, as indicated.
 - Make vertical work plumb and make horizontal work level. 1.
 - Where space is limited, install components to maximize space available for maintenance 2. and ease of removal for replacement.
 - Conceal pipes, ducts, and wiring in finished areas unless otherwise indicated. 3.
- B. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations for installing products in applications indicated.
- C. Install products at the time and under conditions that will ensure the best possible results. Maintain conditions required for product performance until Substantial Completion.
- D. Conduct construction operations so no part of the Work is subjected to damaging operations or loading in excess of that expected during normal conditions of occupancy.

- E. Sequence the Work and allow adequate clearances to accommodate movement of construction items on site and placement in permanent locations.
- F. Tools and Equipment: Do not use tools or equipment that produces harmful noise levels.
- Templates: Obtain and distribute to the parties involved templates for work specified to be G. factory prepared and field installed. Check Shop Drawings of other work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing products to comply with indicated requirements.
- H. Attachment: Provide blocking and attachment plates and anchors and fasteners of adequate size and number to securely anchor each component in place, accurately located and aligned with other portions of the Work. Where size and type of attachments are not indicated, verify size and type required for load conditions.
 - Mounting Heights: Where mounting heights are not indicated, mount components at 1. heights directed by Architect.
 - 2. Allow for building movement, including thermal expansion and contraction.
 - Coordinate installation of anchorages. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and 3. directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.
- I. Joints: Make joints of uniform width. Where joint locations in exposed work are not indicated, arrange joints for the best visual effect. Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints.
- J. Hazardous Materials: Use products, cleaners, and installation materials that are not considered hazardous.

3.6 **CUTTING AND PATCHING**

- Cutting and Patching, General: Employ skilled workers to perform cutting and patching. A. Proceed with cutting and patching at the earliest feasible time, and complete without delay.
 - 1. Cut in-place construction to provide for installation of other components or performance of other construction, and subsequently patch as required to restore surfaces to their original condition.
- B. Existing Warranties: Remove, replace, patch, and repair materials and surfaces cut or damaged during installation or cutting and patching operations, by methods and with materials so as not to void existing warranties.
- C. Temporary Support: Provide temporary support of work to be cut.
- D. Protection: Protect in-place construction during cutting and patching to prevent damage. Provide protection from adverse weather conditions for portions of Project that might be exposed during cutting and patching operations.

- E. Existing Utility Services and Mechanical/Electrical Systems: Where existing services/systems are required to be removed, relocated, or abandoned, bypass such services/systems before cutting to minimize interruption.
- F. Cutting: Cut in-place construction by sawing, drilling, breaking, chipping, grinding, and similar operations, including excavation, using methods least likely to damage elements retained or adjoining construction. If possible, review proposed procedures with original Installer; comply with original Installer's written recommendations.
 - 1. In general, use hand or small power tools designed for sawing and grinding, not hammering and chopping. Cut holes and slots neatly to minimum size required, and with minimum disturbance of adjacent surfaces. Temporarily cover openings when not in use.
 - 2. Finished Surfaces: Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces.
 - 3. Concrete and Masonry: Cut using a cutting machine, such as an abrasive saw or a diamond-core drill.
 - 4. Excavating and Backfilling: Comply with requirements in applicable Sections where required by cutting and patching operations.
 - 5. Mechanical and Electrical Services: Cut off pipe or conduit in walls or partitions to be removed. Cap, valve, or plug and seal remaining portion of pipe or conduit to prevent entrance of moisture or other foreign matter after cutting.
 - 6. Proceed with patching after construction operations requiring cutting are complete.
- G. Patching: Patch construction by filling, repairing, refinishing, closing up, and similar operations following performance of other work. Patch with durable seams that are invisible. Provide materials and comply with installation requirements specified in other Sections, where applicable.
 - 1. Inspection: Where feasible, test and inspect patched areas after completion to demonstrate physical integrity of installation.
 - 2. Exposed Finishes: Restore exposed finishes of patched areas and extend finish restoration into retained adjoining construction in a manner that will eliminate evidence of patching and refinishing.
 - 3. Floors and Walls: Where walls or partitions that are removed extend one finished area into another, patch and repair floor and wall surfaces in the new space. Provide an even surface of uniform finish, color, texture, and appearance. Remove in-place floor and wall coverings and replace with new materials, only where necessary, to achieve uniform color and appearance. Consult with Architect prior to such removal.
 - 4. Ceilings: Patch, repair, or re-hang in-place ceilings as necessary to provide an evenplane surface of uniform appearance.
 - 5. Exterior Building Enclosure: Patch components in a manner that restores enclosure to a weather-tight condition and ensures thermal and moisture integrity of building enclosure.
- H. Cleaning: Clean areas and spaces where cutting and patching are performed. Remove paint, mortar, oils, putty, and similar materials from adjacent finished surfaces.

3.7 PROGRESS CLEANING

A. General: Clean Project site and work areas daily, including common areas. Enforce requirements strictly. Dispose of materials lawfully.

- 1. Comply with requirements in NFPA 241 for removal of combustible waste materials and debris
- 2. Do not hold waste materials more than seven days during normal weather or three days if the temperature is expected to rise above 80 deg F (27 deg C).
- 3. Containerize hazardous and unsanitary waste materials separately from other waste. Mark containers appropriately and dispose of legally, according to regulations.
- B. Site: Maintain Project site free of waste materials and debris.
- C. Work Areas: Clean areas where work is in progress to the level of cleanliness necessary for proper execution of the Work.
 - 1. Remove liquid spills promptly.
 - 2. Where dust would impair proper execution of the Work, broom-clean or vacuum the entire work area, as appropriate.
- D. Installed Work: Keep installed work clean. Clean installed surfaces according to written instructions of manufacturer or fabricator of product installed, using only cleaning materials specifically recommended. If specific cleaning materials are not recommended, use cleaning materials that are not hazardous to health or property and that will not damage exposed surfaces.
- E. Concealed Spaces: Remove debris from concealed spaces before enclosing the space.
- F. Exposed Surfaces in Finished Areas: Clean exposed surfaces and protect as necessary to ensure freedom from damage and deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
- G. Waste Disposal: Do not bury or burn waste materials on-site. Do not wash waste materials down sewers or into waterways.
- H. During handling and installation, clean and protect construction in progress and adjoining materials already in place. Apply protective covering where required to ensure protection from damage or deterioration at Substantial Completion.
- I. Clean and provide maintenance on completed construction as frequently as necessary through the remainder of the construction period. Adjust and lubricate operable components to ensure operability without damaging effects.
- J. Limiting Exposures: Supervise construction operations to assure that no part of the construction, completed or in progress, is subject to harmful, dangerous, damaging, or otherwise deleterious exposure during the construction period.

3.8 STARTING AND ADJUSTING

- A. Start equipment and operating components to confirm proper operation. Remove malfunctioning units, replace with new units, and retest.
- B. Adjust equipment for proper operation. Adjust operating components for proper operation without binding.

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- C. Test each piece of equipment to verify proper operation. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- D. Manufacturer's Field Service: Comply with qualification requirements in Section 01400 "Quality Requirements"

3.9 PROTECTION OF INSTALLED CONSTRUCTION

- A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure installed Work is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
- B. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for temperature and relative humidity.

END OF SECTION 01700

SECTION 01732 - SELECTIVE DEMOLITION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Demolition and removal of selected portions of building or structure.
- 2. Salvage of existing items to be reused or recycled.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Remove: Detach items from existing construction and legally dispose of them off-site unless indicated to be removed and salvaged or removed and reinstalled.
- B. Remove and Salvage: Carefully detach from existing construction, in a manner to prevent damage, and deliver to Owner.
- C. Remove and Reinstall: Detach items from existing construction, prepare for reuse, and reinstall where indicated.
- D. Existing to Remain: Existing items of construction that are not to be permanently removed and that are not otherwise indicated to be removed, removed and salvaged, or removed and reinstalled.

1.3 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Pre-demolition Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For refrigerant recovery technician.
- B. Pre-demolition Photographs or Video: Submit before Work begins.
- C. Statement of Refrigerant Recovery: Signed by refrigerant recovery technician.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Refrigerant Recovery Technician Qualifications: Certified by an EPA-approved certification program.

1.6 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Conditions existing at time of inspection for bidding purpose will be maintained by Owner as far as practical.
- B. Notify Architect of discrepancies between existing conditions and Drawings before proceeding with selective demolition.
- C. Hazardous Materials: Other than Lead Based Paint, it is not expected that hazardous materials will be encountered in the Work.
 - 1. Other than Lead Based Paint, hazardous materials have been removed by Owner.
 - 2. If suspected hazardous materials are encountered, other than Lead Based Paint, do not disturb; immediately notify Architect and Owner. Other than Lead Based Paint, hazardous materials will be removed by Owner under a separate contract.
 - 3. Owner has mitigated existing Lead Based Paint in only those areas where the paint and plaster surfaces were chipped and/or peeling by scraping smooth and covering with lead blocker primer. Lead Based Paint will be encountered throughout the project site and the Contractor shall conduct all construction procedures including selective demolition utilizing proper EPA certified / approved standards and guidelines.
- D. Storage or sale of removed items or materials on-site is not permitted.
- E. Utility Service: Maintain existing utilities indicated to remain in service and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.
 - 1. Maintain fire-protection facilities in service during selective demolition operations.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Existing Warranties: Remove, replace, patch, and repair materials and surfaces cut or damaged during selective demolition, by methods and with materials so as not to void existing warranties.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PEFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning selective demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Standards: Comply with ANSI/ASSE A10.6 and NFPA 241.

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that utilities have been disconnected and capped before starting selective demolition operations.
- B. Survey existing conditions and correlate with requirements indicated to determine extent of selective demolition required.
- C. When unanticipated mechanical, electrical, or structural elements that conflict with intended function or design are encountered, investigate and measure the nature and extent of conflict. Promptly submit a written report to Architect.
- D. Perform an engineering survey of condition of building to determine whether removing any element might result in structural deficiency or unplanned collapse of any portion of structure or adjacent structures during selective building demolition operations.
- E. Survey of Existing Conditions: Record existing conditions by use of preconstruction photographs.
 - 1. Comply with requirements specified in Section 01322 "Photographic Documentation."

3.2 UTILITY SERVICES AND MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

- A. Existing Services/Systems to Remain: Maintain services/systems indicated to remain and protect them against damage.
 - 1. Comply with requirements for existing services/systems interruptions specified in Section 01100 "Summary."
- B. Existing Services/Systems to Be Removed, Relocated, or Abandoned: Locate, identify, disconnect, and seal or cap off indicated utility services and mechanical/electrical systems serving areas to be selectively demolished.
 - 1. Arrange to shut off indicated utilities with utility companies.
 - 2. If services/systems are required to be removed, relocated, or abandoned, provide temporary services/systems that bypass area of selective demolition and that maintain continuity of services/systems to other parts of building as required.
 - 3. Disconnect, demolish, and remove fire-suppression systems, plumbing, and HVAC systems, equipment, and components indicated to be removed.
 - a. Piping to Be Removed: Remove portion of piping indicated to be removed and cap or plug remaining piping with same or compatible piping material.
 - b. Piping to Be Abandoned in Place: Drain piping and cap or plug piping with same or compatible piping material.
 - c. Equipment to Be Removed: Disconnect and cap services and remove equipment.

- d. Equipment to Be Removed and Reinstalled: Disconnect and cap services and remove, clean, and store equipment; when appropriate, reinstall, reconnect, and make equipment operational.
- Equipment to Be Removed and Salvaged: Disconnect and cap services and e. remove equipment and deliver to Owner.
- Ducts to Be Removed: Remove portion of ducts indicated to be removed and plug f. remaining ducts with same or compatible ductwork material.
- Ducts to Be Abandoned in Place: Cap or plug ducts with same or compatible g. ductwork material.
- C. Refrigerant: Remove refrigerant from mechanical equipment to be selectively demolished according to 40 CFR 82 and regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.

3.3 **PREPARATION**

- Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct selective demolition and debris-removal A. operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.
 - 1. Comply with requirements for access and protection specified in Section 01500 "Temporary Facilities and Controls."
- Temporary Facilities: Provide temporary barricades and other protection required to prevent B. injury to people and damage to adjacent buildings and facilities to remain.
- C. Temporary Shoring: Provide and maintain shoring, bracing, and structural supports as required to preserve stability and prevent movement, settlement, or collapse of construction and finishes to remain, and to prevent unexpected or uncontrolled movement or collapse of construction being demolished.

3.4 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION, GENERAL

- General: Demolish and remove existing construction only to the extent required by new A. construction and as indicated. Use methods required to complete the Work within limitations of governing regulations and as follows:
 - 1. Neatly cut openings and holes plumb, square, and true to dimensions required. Use cutting methods least likely to damage construction to remain or adjoining construction. Use hand tools or small power tools designed for sawing or grinding, not hammering and chopping, to minimize disturbance of adjacent surfaces. Temporarily cover openings to remain.
 - Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces to avoid marring 2. existing finished surfaces.
 - Do not use cutting torches until work area is cleared of flammable materials. At 3. concealed spaces, such as duct and pipe interiors, verify condition and contents of hidden space before starting flame-cutting operations. Maintain fire watch and portable firesuppression devices during flame-cutting operations.

- 4. Locate selective demolition equipment and remove debris and materials so as not to impose excessive loads on supporting walls, floors, or framing.
- 5. Dispose of demolished items and materials promptly.
- 6. Comply with requirements in Section 01524 "Construction Waste Management."
- 7. Cut surfaces coated with Lead Based Paint in a manner that complies to all EPA and other regulatory standards.
- B. Reuse of Building Elements: Do not demolish building elements beyond what is indicated on Drawings without Architect's approval.
- C. Removed and Salvaged Items:
 - 1. Clean salvaged items.
 - 2. Inventory, Photograph, Pack or crate items after cleaning. Identify contents of containers.
 - 3. Store items in a secure area until delivery to Owner.
 - 4. Transport items to Owner's storage area off-site designated by Owner.
 - 5. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.
- D. Removed and Reinstalled Items:
 - 1. Clean and repair items to functional condition adequate for intended reuse.
 - 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning and repairing. Identify contents of containers.
 - 3. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.
 - 4. Reinstall items in locations indicated. Comply with installation requirements for new materials and equipment. Provide connections, supports, and miscellaneous materials necessary to make item functional for use indicated.
- E. Existing Items to Remain: Protect construction indicated to remain against damage and soiling during selective demolition. When permitted by Architect, items may be removed to a suitable, protected storage location during selective demolition and cleaned and reinstalled in their original locations after selective demolition operations are complete.

3.5 DISPOSAL OF DEMOLISHED MATERIALS

- A. General: Except for items or materials indicated to be recycled, reused, salvaged, reinstalled, or otherwise indicated to remain Owner's property, remove demolished materials from Project site and legally dispose of them in an EPA-approved landfill.
 - 1. Do not allow demolished materials to accumulate on-site.
 - 2. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
 - 3. Remove debris from elevated portions of building by chute, hoist, or other device that will convey debris to grade level in a controlled descent.
 - 4. Comply with requirements specified in Section 01524 "Construction Waste Management."
- B. Burning: Do not burn demolished materials.

C. Disposal: Transport demolished materials off Owner's property and legally dispose of them.

CLEANING 3.6

A. Clean adjacent structures and improvements of dust, dirt, and debris caused by selective demolition operations. Return adjacent areas to condition existing before selective demolition operations began.

END OF SECTION 01732

SECTION 01770 - CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for contract closeout, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Substantial Completion procedures.
 - 2. Final completion procedures.
 - 3. Warranties.
 - 4. Final cleaning.
 - 5. Repair of the Work.

B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 01322 "Photographic Documentation" for submitting final completion construction photographic documentation.
- 2. Section 01781 "Project Record Documents" for submitting record Drawings, record Specifications, and record Product Data.
- 3. Section 01782 "Operation and Maintenance Data" for operation and maintenance manual requirements.
- 4. Section 01820 "Demonstration and Training" for requirements for instructing Owner's personnel.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For cleaning agents.
- B. Contractor's List of Incomplete Items: Initial submittal at Substantial Completion.
- C. Certified List of Incomplete Items: Final submittal at Final Completion.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Certificates of Release: From authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Certificate of Insurance: For continuing coverage.
- C. Field Report: For pest control inspection.

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1.4 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

A. Schedule of Maintenance Material Items: For maintenance material submittal items specified in other Sections.

1.5 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION PROCEDURES

- A. Contractor's List of Incomplete Items: Prepare and submit a list of items to be completed and corrected (Contractor's punch list), indicating the value of each item on the list and reasons why the Work is incomplete.
- B. Submittals Prior to Substantial Completion: Complete the following a minimum of 10 days prior to requesting inspection for determining date of Substantial Completion. List items below that are incomplete at time of request.
 - 1. Certificates of Release: Obtain and submit releases from authorities having jurisdiction permitting Owner unrestricted use of the Work and access to services and utilities. Include occupancy permits, operating certificates, and similar releases.
 - 2. Submit closeout submittals specified in other Division 01 Sections, including project record documents, operation and maintenance manuals, final completion construction photographic documentation, damage or settlement surveys, property surveys, and similar final record information.
 - 3. Submit closeout submittals specified in individual Sections, including specific warranties, workmanship bonds, maintenance service agreements, final certifications, and similar documents.
 - 4. Submit maintenance material submittals specified in individual Sections, including tools, spare parts, extra materials, and similar items, and deliver to location designated by Architect. Label with manufacturer's name and model number where applicable.
 - a. Schedule of Maintenance Material Items: Prepare and submit schedule of maintenance material submittal items, including name and quantity of each item and name and number of related Specification Section. Obtain Architect's signature for receipt of submittals.
 - 5. Submit test/adjust/balance records.
 - 6. Submit changeover information related to Owner's occupancy, use, operation, and maintenance.
- C. Procedures Prior to Substantial Completion: Complete the following a minimum of 10 days prior to requesting inspection for determining date of Substantial Completion. List items below that are incomplete at time of request.
 - 1. Advise Owner of pending insurance changeover requirements.
 - 2. Make final changeover of permanent locks and deliver keys to Owner. Advise Owner's personnel of changeover in security provisions.
 - 3. Complete startup and testing of systems and equipment.
 - 4. Perform preventive maintenance on equipment used prior to Substantial Completion.

- 5. Instruct Owner's personnel in operation, adjustment, and maintenance of products, equipment, and systems. Submit demonstration and training video recordings specified in Section 01820 "Demonstration and Training."
- Advise Owner of changeover in heat and other utilities. 6.
- Participate with Owner in conducting inspection and walkthrough with local emergency 7. responders.
- 8. Terminate and remove temporary facilities from Project site, along with mockups, construction tools, and similar elements.
- Complete final cleaning requirements, including touchup painting. 9.
- 10. Touch up and otherwise repair and restore marred exposed finishes to eliminate visual defects.
- D. Inspection: Submit a written request for inspection to determine Substantial Completion a minimum of 10 days prior to date the work will be completed and ready for final inspection and tests. On receipt of request, Architect will either proceed with inspection or notify Contractor of unfulfilled requirements. Architect will prepare the Certificate of Substantial Completion after inspection or will notify Contractor of items, either on Contractor's list or additional items identified by Architect, that must be completed or corrected before certificate will be issued.
 - Re-inspection: Request re-inspection when the Work identified in previous inspections 1. as incomplete is completed or corrected.
 - 2. Results of completed inspection will form the basis of requirements for final completion.

1.6 FINAL COMPLETION PROCEDURES

- Preliminary Procedures: Before requesting final inspection for determining final completion, A. complete the following:
 - 1. Submit a final Application for Payment according to Section 01290 "Payment Procedures."
 - Certified List of Incomplete Items: Submit certified copy of Architect's Substantial 2. Completion inspection list of items to be completed or corrected (punch list), endorsed and dated by Architect. Certified copy of the list shall state that each item has been completed or otherwise resolved for acceptance.
 - 3. Certificate of Insurance: Submit evidence of final, continuing insurance coverage complying with insurance requirements.
 - Submit pest-control final inspection report and warranty. 4.
 - Instruct Owner's personnel in operation, adjustment, and maintenance of products, 5. equipment, and systems.
- B. Inspection: Submit a written request for final inspection to determine acceptance. On receipt of request, Architect will either proceed with inspection or notify Contractor of unfulfilled requirements. Architect will prepare a final Certificate for Payment after inspection or will notify Contractor of construction that must be completed or corrected before certificate will be issued.
 - Re-inspection: Request re-inspection when the Work identified in previous inspections 1. as incomplete is completed or corrected.

1.7 LIST OF INCOMPLETE ITEMS (PUNCH LIST)

- A. Organization of List: Include name and identification of each space and area affected by construction operations for incomplete items and items needing correction including, if necessary, areas disturbed by Contractor that are outside the limits of construction.
 - 1. Organize list of spaces in sequential order, starting with exterior areas first and proceeding from lowest floor to highest floor.
 - 2. Organize items applying to each space by major element, including categories for ceiling, individual walls, floors, equipment, and building systems.
 - 3. Submit list of incomplete items in the following formats:
 - a. MS Excel electronic file. Architect, will return annotated copy.
 - b. PDF electronic file. Architect, will return annotated copy.

1.8 SUBMITTAL OF PROJECT WARRANTIES

- A. Time of Submittal: Submit written warranties on request of Architect for designated portions of the Work where commencement of warranties other than date of Substantial Completion is indicated, or when delay in submittal of warranties might limit Owner's rights under warranty.
- B. Organize warranty documents into an orderly sequence based on the table of contents of the Project Manual.
 - 1. Bind warranties and bonds in heavy-duty, three-ring, vinyl-covered, loose-leaf binders, thickness as necessary to accommodate contents, and sized to receive 8-1/2-by-11-inch (215-by-280-mm) paper.
 - 2. Provide heavy paper dividers with plastic-covered tabs for each separate warranty. Mark tab to identify the product or installation. Provide a typed description of the product or installation, including the name of the product and the name, address, and telephone number of Installer.
 - 3. Identify each binder on the front and spine with the typed or printed title "WARRANTIES," Project name, and name of Contractor.
 - 4. Warranty Electronic File: Scan warranties and bonds and assemble complete warranty and bond submittal package into a single indexed electronic PDF file with links enabling navigation to each item. Provide bookmarked table of contents at beginning of document.
- C. Provide additional copies of each warranty to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Cleaning Agents: Use cleaning materials and agents recommended by manufacturer or fabricator of the surface to be cleaned. Do not use cleaning agents that are potentially hazardous to health or property or that might damage finished surfaces.

1. Use cleaning products that comply with Green Seal's GS-37, or if GS-37 is not applicable, use products that comply with the California Code of Regulations maximum allowable VOC levels.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 FINAL CLEANING

- A. General: Perform final cleaning. Conduct cleaning and waste-removal operations to comply with local laws and ordinances and Federal and local environmental and antipollution regulations.
- B. Cleaning: Employ experienced workers or professional cleaners for final cleaning. Clean each surface or unit to condition expected in an average commercial building cleaning and maintenance program. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Complete the following cleaning operations before requesting inspection for certification of Substantial Completion for entire Project or for a designated portion of Project:
 - a. Clean Project site, yard, and grounds, in areas disturbed by construction activities, including landscape development areas, of rubbish, waste material, litter, and other foreign substances.
 - b. Sweep paved areas broom clean. Remove petrochemical spills, stains, and other foreign deposits.
 - c. Rake grounds that are neither planted nor paved to a smooth, even-textured surface.
 - d. Remove tools, construction equipment, machinery, and surplus material from Project site.
 - e. Remove snow and ice to provide safe access to building.
 - f. Clean exposed exterior and interior hard-surfaced finishes to a dirt-free condition, free of stains, films, and similar foreign substances. Avoid disturbing natural weathering of exterior surfaces. Restore reflective surfaces to their original condition.
 - g. Remove debris and surface dust from limited access spaces, including roofs, plenums, shafts, trenches, equipment vaults, manholes, attics, and similar spaces.
 - h. Sweep concrete floors broom clean in unoccupied spaces.
 - i. Vacuum carpet and similar soft surfaces, removing debris and excess nap; clean according to manufacturer's recommendations if visible soil or stains remain.
 - j. Clean transparent materials, including mirrors and glass in doors and windows. Remove glazing compounds and other noticeable, vision-obscuring materials. Replace chipped or broken glass and other damaged transparent materials. Polish mirrors and glass, taking care not to scratch surfaces.
 - k. Remove labels that are not permanent.
 - 1. Wipe surfaces of mechanical and electrical equipment, elevator equipment, and similar equipment. Remove excess lubrication, paint and mortar droppings, and other foreign substances.
 - m. Clean plumbing fixtures to a sanitary condition, free of stains, including stains resulting from water exposure.

- n. Replace disposable air filters and clean permanent air filters. Clean exposed surfaces of diffusers, registers, and grills.
- o. Clean light fixtures, lamps, globes, and reflectors to function with full efficiency.
- p. Leave Project clean and ready for occupancy.
- C. Pest Control: Comply with pest control requirements in Section 01500 "Temporary Facilities and Controls." Prepare written report.

3.2 REPAIR OF THE WORK

- A. Complete repair and restoration operations before requesting inspection for determination of Substantial Completion.
- B. Repair or remove and replace defective construction. Repairing includes replacing defective parts, refinishing damaged surfaces, touching up with matching materials, and properly adjusting operating equipment. Where damaged or worn items cannot be repaired or restored, provide replacements. Remove and replace operating components that cannot be repaired. Restore damaged construction and permanent facilities used during construction to specified condition.
 - 1. Remove and replace chipped, scratched, and broken glass, reflective surfaces, and other damaged transparent materials.
 - 2. Touch up and otherwise repair and restore marred or exposed finishes and surfaces. Replace finishes and surfaces that that already show evidence of repair or restoration.
 - a. Do not paint over "UL" and other required labels and identification, including mechanical and electrical nameplates. Remove paint applied to required labels and identification.
 - 3. Replace parts subject to operating conditions during construction that may impede operation or reduce longevity.
 - 4. Replace burned-out bulbs, bulbs noticeably dimmed by hours of use, and defective and noisy starters in fluorescent and mercury vapor fixtures to comply with requirements for new fixtures.

END OF SECTION 01770

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SECTION 01781 - PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for project record documents, including the following:
 - 1. Record Drawings.
 - 2. Record Specifications.
 - 3. Record Product Data.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 01782 "Operation and Maintenance Data" for operation and maintenance manual requirements.

1.2 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Record Drawings: Comply with the following:
 - 1. Number of Copies: Submit copies of record Drawings as follows:
 - a. Initial Submittal:
 - 1) Submit one paper-copy set(s) of marked-up record prints.
 - 2) Architect will indicate whether general scope of changes, additional information recorded, and quality of drafting are acceptable.
 - b. Final Submittal:
 - 1) Submit PDF electronic files of scanned record prints and three set(s) of prints.
 - 2) Print each drawing, whether or not changes and additional information were recorded.
- B. Record Specifications: Submit three paper copies, and annotated PDF electronic files of Project's Specifications, including addenda and contract modifications.
- C. Record Product Data: Submit three paper copies and annotated PDF electronic files and directories of each submittal.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 RECORD DRAWINGS

- A. Record Prints: Maintain one set of marked-up paper copies of the Contract Drawings and Shop Drawings, incorporating new and revised Drawings as modifications are issued.
 - 1. Preparation: Mark record prints to show the actual installation where installation varies from that shown originally. Require individual or entity who obtained record data, whether individual or entity is Installer, subcontractor, or similar entity, to provide information for preparation of corresponding marked-up record prints.
 - a. Give particular attention to information on concealed elements that would be difficult to identify or measure and record later.
 - b. Record data as soon as possible after obtaining it.
 - c. Record and check the markup before enclosing concealed installations.
 - 2. Mark the Contract Drawings and Shop Drawings completely and accurately. Use personnel proficient at recording graphic information in production of marked-up record prints.
 - 3. Mark record sets with erasable, red-colored pencil. Use other colors to distinguish between changes for different categories of the Work at same location.
 - 4. Note Construction Change Directive numbers, alternate numbers, Change Order numbers, and similar identification, where applicable.
- B. Format: Identify and date each record Drawing; include the designation "PROJECT RECORD DRAWING" in a prominent location.
 - 1. Record Prints: Organize record prints and newly prepared record Drawings into manageable sets. Bind each set with durable paper cover sheets. Include identification on cover sheets.
 - 2. Format: Annotated PDF electronic file with comment function enabled.
 - 3. Identification: As follows:
 - a. Project name.
 - b. Date.
 - c. Designation "PROJECT RECORD DRAWINGS."
 - d. Name of Architect.
 - e. Name of Contractor.

2.2 RECORD SPECIFICATIONS

- A. Preparation: Mark Specifications to indicate the actual product installation where installation varies from that indicated in Specifications, addenda, and contract modifications.
 - 1. Give particular attention to information on concealed products and installations that cannot be readily identified and recorded later.
 - 2. Mark copy with the proprietary name and model number of products, materials, and equipment furnished, including substitutions and product options selected.

- 3. Record the name of manufacturer, supplier, Installer, and other information necessary to provide a record of selections made.
- Note related Change Orders, record Product Data, and record Drawings where applicable. 4.
- B. Format: Submit record Specifications as paper copy and scanned PDF electronic file(s) of marked-up paper copy of Specifications.

2.3 RECORD PRODUCT DATA

- Preparation: Mark Product Data to indicate the actual product installation where installation A. varies substantially from that indicated in Product Data submittal.
 - 1. Give particular attention to information on concealed products and installations that cannot be readily identified and recorded later.
 - Include significant changes in the product delivered to Project site and changes in 2. manufacturer's written instructions for installation.
 - Note related Change Orders, record Specifications, and record Drawings where 3. applicable.
- B. Format: Submit record Product Data as paper copy and scanned PDF electronic file(s) of marked-up paper copy of Product Data.

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS RECORD SUBMITTALS

- A. Assemble miscellaneous records required by other Specification Sections for miscellaneous record keeping and submittal in connection with actual performance of the Work. Bind or file miscellaneous records and identify each, ready for continued use and reference.
- Format: Submit miscellaneous record submittals as paper copy and scanned PDF electronic B. file(s) of marked-up miscellaneous record submittals.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 RECORDING AND MAINTENANCE

- Recording: Maintain one copy of each submittal during the construction period for project A. record document purposes. Post changes and revisions to project record documents as they occur; do not wait until end of Project.
- B. Maintenance of Record Documents and Samples: Store record documents and Samples in the field office apart from the Contract Documents used for construction. Do not use project record documents for construction purposes. Maintain record documents in good order and in a clean, dry, legible condition, protected from deterioration and loss. Provide access to project record documents for Architect's reference during normal working hours.

END OF SECTION 01781

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SECTION 01782 - OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for preparing operation and maintenance manuals, including the following:
 - 1. Operation and maintenance documentation directory.
 - 2. Emergency manuals.
 - 3. Operation manuals for systems, subsystems, and equipment.
 - 4. Product maintenance manuals.
 - 5. Systems and equipment maintenance manuals.

1.2 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Manual Content: Operations and maintenance manual content is specified in individual Specification Sections to be reviewed at the time of Section submittals. Submit reviewed manual content formatted and organized as required by this Section.
 - 1. Architect will comment on whether content of operations and maintenance submittals are acceptable.
 - 2. Where applicable, clarify and update reviewed manual content to correspond to revisions and field conditions.
- B. Format: Submit operations and maintenance manuals in the following format:
 - 1. PDF electronic file. Assemble each manual into a composite electronically indexed file. Submit on digital media acceptable to Architect.
 - a. Name each indexed document file in composite electronic index with applicable item name. Include a complete electronically linked operation and maintenance directory.
 - b. Enable inserted reviewer comments on draft submittals.
 - 2. Three paper copies. Include a complete operation and maintenance directory. Enclose title pages and directories in clear plastic sleeves. Architect will return two copies.
- C. Manual Submittal: Submit each manual in final form prior to requesting inspection for Substantial Completion and at least 15 days before commencing demonstration and training. Architect will return copy with comments.
 - 1. Correct or revise each manual to comply with Architect's comments. Submit copies of each corrected manual within 15 days of receipt of Architect's comments and prior to commencing demonstration and training.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 REQUIREMENTS FOR EMERGENCY, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

- A. Directory: Prepare a single, comprehensive directory of emergency, operation, and maintenance data and materials, listing items and their location to facilitate ready access to desired information.
- B. Organization: Unless otherwise indicated, organize each manual into a separate section for each system and subsystem, and a separate section for each piece of equipment not part of a system. Each manual shall contain the following materials, in the order listed:
 - 1. Title page.
 - 2. Table of contents.
 - 3. Manual contents.
- C. Title Page: Include the following information:
 - 1. Subject matter included in manual.
 - 2. Name and address of Project.
 - 3. Name and address of Owner.
 - 4. Date of submittal.
 - 5. Name and contact information for Contractor.
 - 6. Name and contact information for Construction Manager.
 - 7. Name and contact information for Architect.
 - 8. Name and contact information for Commissioning Authority.
 - 9. Names and contact information for major consultants to the Architect that designed the systems contained in the manuals.
 - 10. Cross-reference to related systems in other operation and maintenance manuals.
- D. Table of Contents: List each product included in manual, identified by product name, indexed to the content of the volume, and cross-referenced to Specification Section number in Project Manual.
- E. Manual Contents: Organize into sets of manageable size. Arrange contents alphabetically by system, subsystem, and equipment. If possible, assemble instructions for subsystems, equipment, and components of one system into a single binder.
- F. Manuals, Electronic Files: Submit manuals in the form of a multiple file composite electronic PDF file for each manual type required.
 - 1. Electronic Files: Use electronic files prepared by manufacturer where available. Where scanning of paper documents is required, configure scanned file for minimum readable file size.
 - 2. File Names and Bookmarks: Enable bookmarking of individual documents based on file names. Name document files to correspond to system, subsystem, and equipment names used in manual directory and table of contents. Group documents for each system and subsystem into individual composite bookmarked files, then create composite manual, so that resulting bookmarks reflect the system, subsystem, and equipment names in a readily

navigated file tree. Configure electronic manual to display bookmark panel on opening file.

- G. Manuals, Paper Copy: Submit manuals in the form of hard copy, bound and labeled volumes.
 - 1. Binders: Heavy-duty, three-ring, vinyl-covered, post-type binders, in thickness necessary to accommodate contents, sized to hold 8-1/2-by-11-inch (215-by-280-mm) paper; with clear plastic sleeve on spine to hold label describing contents and with pockets inside covers to hold folded oversize sheets.
 - a. Identify each binder on front and spine, with printed title "OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL," Project title or name, and subject matter of contents, and indicate Specification Section number on bottom of spine. Indicate volume number for multiple-volume sets.
 - 2. Dividers: Heavy-paper dividers with plastic-covered tabs for each section of the manual. Mark each tab to indicate contents. Include typed list of products and major components of equipment included in the section on each divider, cross-referenced to Specification Section number and title of Project Manual.
 - 3. Protective Plastic Sleeves: Transparent plastic sleeves designed to enclose diagnostic software storage media for computerized electronic equipment.
 - 4. Drawings: Attach reinforced, punched binder tabs on drawings and bind with text.
 - a. If oversize drawings are necessary, fold drawings to same size as text pages and use as foldouts.
 - b. If drawings are too large to be used as foldouts, fold and place drawings in labeled envelopes and bind envelopes in rear of manual. At appropriate locations in manual, insert typewritten pages indicating drawing titles, descriptions of contents, and drawing locations.

2.2 EMERGENCY MANUALS

- A. Content: Organize manual into a separate section for each of the following:
 - 1. Type of emergency.
 - 2. Emergency instructions.
 - 3. Emergency procedures.
- B. Type of Emergency: Where applicable for each type of emergency indicated below, include instructions and procedures for each system, subsystem, piece of equipment, and component:
 - 1. Fire.
 - 2. Flood.
 - 3. Gas leak.
 - 4. Water leak.
 - 5. Power failure.
 - 6. Water outage.
 - 7. System, subsystem, or equipment failure.
 - 8. Chemical release or spill.

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- C. Emergency Instructions: Describe and explain warnings, trouble indications, error messages, and similar codes and signals. Include responsibilities of Owner's operating personnel for notification of Installer, supplier, and manufacturer to maintain warranties.
- D. Emergency Procedures: Include the following, as applicable:
 - 1. Instructions on stopping.
 - 2. Shutdown instructions for each type of emergency.
 - 3. Operating instructions for conditions outside normal operating limits.
 - 4. Required sequences for electric or electronic systems.
 - 5. Special operating instructions and procedures.

2.3 OPERATION MANUALS

- A. Content: In addition to requirements in this Section, include operation data required in individual Specification Sections and the following information:
 - 1. System, subsystem, and equipment descriptions. Use designations for systems and equipment indicated on Contract Documents.
 - 2. Performance and design criteria if Contractor is delegated design responsibility.
 - 3. Operating standards.
 - 4. Operating procedures.
 - 5. Operating logs.
 - 6. Wiring diagrams.
 - 7. Control diagrams.
 - 8. Piped system diagrams.
 - 9. Precautions against improper use.
 - 10. License requirements including inspection and renewal dates.
- B. Descriptions: Include the following:
 - 1. Product name and model number. Use designations for products indicated on Contract Documents.
 - 2. Manufacturer's name.
 - 3. Equipment identification with serial number of each component.
 - 4. Equipment function.
 - 5. Operating characteristics.
 - 6. Limiting conditions.
 - 7. Performance curves.
 - 8. Engineering data and tests.
 - 9. Complete nomenclature and number of replacement parts.
- C. Operating Procedures: Include the following, as applicable:
 - 1. Startup procedures.
 - 2. Equipment or system break-in procedures.
 - 3. Routine and normal operating instructions.
 - 4. Regulation and control procedures.
 - 5. Instructions on stopping.

- 6. Normal shutdown instructions.
- 7. Seasonal and weekend operating instructions.
- 8. Required sequences for electric or electronic systems.
- 9. Special operating instructions and procedures.
- D. Systems and Equipment Controls: Describe the sequence of operation, and diagram controls as installed.
- E. Piped Systems: Diagram piping as installed, and identify color-coding where required for identification.

2.4 PRODUCT MAINTENANCE MANUALS

- A. Content: Organize manual into a separate section for each product, material, and finish. Include source information, product information, maintenance procedures, repair materials and sources, and warranties and bonds, as described below.
- B. Source Information: List each product included in manual, identified by product name and arranged to match manual's table of contents. For each product, list name, address, and telephone number of Installer or supplier and maintenance service agent, and cross-reference Specification Section number and title in Project Manual.
- C. Product Information: Include the following, as applicable:
 - 1. Product name and model number.
 - 2. Manufacturer's name.
 - 3. Color, pattern, and texture.
 - 4. Material and chemical composition.
 - 5. Reordering information for specially manufactured products.
- D. Maintenance Procedures: Include manufacturer's written recommendations and the following:
 - 1. Inspection procedures.
 - 2. Types of cleaning agents to be used and methods of cleaning.
 - 3. List of cleaning agents and methods of cleaning detrimental to product.
 - 4. Schedule for routine cleaning and maintenance.
 - 5. Repair instructions.
- E. Repair Materials and Sources: Include lists of materials and local sources of materials and related services.
- F. Warranties and Bonds: Include copies of warranties and bonds and lists of circumstances and conditions that would affect validity of warranties or bonds.

2.5 SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE MANUALS

A. Content: For each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment not part of a system, include source information, manufacturers' maintenance documentation, maintenance procedures,

maintenance and service schedules, spare parts list and source information, maintenance service contracts, and warranty and bond information, as described below.

- B. Source Information: List each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment included in manual, identified by product name and arranged to match manual's table of contents. For each product, list name, address, and telephone number of Installer or supplier and maintenance service agent, and cross-reference Specification Section number and title in Project Manual.
- Manufacturers' Maintenance Documentation: Manufacturers' maintenance documentation C. including the following information for each component part or piece of equipment:
 - 1. Standard maintenance instructions and bulletins.
 - Drawings, diagrams, and instructions required for maintenance, including disassembly 2. and component removal, replacement, and assembly.
 - Identification and nomenclature of parts and components. 3.
 - List of items recommended to be stocked as spare parts. 4.
- Maintenance Procedures: Include the following information and items that detail essential D. maintenance procedures:
 - 1. Test and inspection instructions.
 - Troubleshooting guide. 2.
 - 3. Precautions against improper maintenance.
 - Disassembly; component removal, repair, and replacement; and reassembly instructions. 4.
 - Aligning, adjusting, and checking instructions. 5.
 - Demonstration and training video recording, if available. 6.
- Maintenance and Service Schedules: Include service and lubrication requirements, list of E. required lubricants for equipment, and separate schedules for preventive and routine maintenance and service with standard time allotment.
- F. Spare Parts List and Source Information: Include lists of replacement and repair parts, with parts identified and cross-referenced to manufacturers' maintenance documentation and local sources of maintenance materials and related services.
- G. Maintenance Service Contracts: Include copies of maintenance agreements with name and telephone number of service agent.
- Warranties and Bonds: Include copies of warranties and bonds and lists of circumstances and H. conditions that would affect validity of warranties or bonds.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 MANUAL PREPARATION

A. Emergency Manual: Assemble a complete set of emergency information indicating procedures for use by emergency personnel and by Owner's operating personnel for types of emergencies indicated.

- В. Product Maintenance Manual: Assemble a complete set of maintenance data indicating care and maintenance of each product, material, and finish incorporated into the Work.
- C. Operation and Maintenance Manuals: Assemble a complete set of operation and maintenance data indicating operation and maintenance of each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment not part of a system.
- D. Manufacturers' Data: Where manuals contain manufacturers' standard printed data, include only sheets pertinent to product or component installed. Mark each sheet to identify each product or component incorporated into the Work. If data include more than one item in a tabular format, identify each item using appropriate references from the Contract Documents. Identify data applicable to the Work and delete references to information not applicable.
- E. Prepare drawings supplementing manufacturers' printed data to illustrate the relationship of component parts of equipment and systems and to illustrate control sequence and flow diagrams. Coordinate these drawings with information contained in record Drawings to ensure correct illustration of completed installation.
 - Do not use original project record documents as part of operation and maintenance 1. manuals.
- Comply with Section 01770 "Closeout Procedures" for schedule for submitting operation and F. maintenance documentation.

END OF SECTION 01782

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SECTION 01820 - DEMONSTRATION AND TRAINING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for instructing Owner's personnel, including the following:
 - 1. Demonstration of operation of systems, subsystems, and equipment.
 - 2. Training in operation and maintenance of systems, subsystems, and equipment.

1.2 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Instruction Program: Submit outline of instructional program for demonstration and training, including a list of training modules and a schedule of proposed dates, times, length of instruction time, and instructors' names for each training module. Include learning objective and outline for each training module.
 - 1. Indicate proposed training modules using manufacturer-produced demonstration and training video recordings for systems, equipment, and products in lieu of video recording of live instructional module.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. At completion of training, submit (two) complete training manual(s) for Owner's use prepared and bound in format matching operation and maintenance manuals and in PDF electronic file format on compact disc.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Instructor Qualifications: A factory-authorized service representative, complying with requirements in Section 01400 "Quality Requirements," experienced in operation and maintenance procedures and training.
- B. Pre-instruction Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Section 01310 "Project Management and Coordination." Review methods and procedures related to demonstration and training.

1.5 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate instruction schedule with Owner's operations. Adjust schedule as required to minimize disrupting Owner's operations and to ensure availability of Owner's personnel.

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B. Coordinate content of training modules with content of approved emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. Do not submit instruction program until operation and maintenance data has been reviewed and approved by Architect.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 INSTRUCTION PROGRAM

- A. Program Structure: Develop an instruction program that includes individual training modules for each system and for equipment not part of a system, as required by individual Specification Sections.
- B. Training Modules: Develop a learning objective and teaching outline for each module. Include a description of specific skills and knowledge that participant is expected to master. For each module, include instruction for the following as applicable to the system, equipment, or component:
 - 1. Basis of System Design, Operational Requirements, and Criteria: Include the following:
 - a. System, subsystem, and equipment descriptions.
 - b. Performance and design criteria if Contractor is delegated design responsibility.
 - c. Operating standards.
 - d. Regulatory requirements.
 - e. Equipment function.
 - f. Operating characteristics.
 - g. Limiting conditions.
 - h. Performance curves.
 - 2. Documentation: Review the following items in detail:
 - a. Emergency manuals.
 - b. Operations manuals.
 - c. Maintenance manuals.
 - d. Project record documents.
 - e. Identification systems.
 - f. Warranties and bonds.
 - g. Maintenance service agreements and similar continuing commitments.
 - 3. Emergencies: Include the following, as applicable:
 - a. Instructions on meaning of warnings, trouble indications, and error messages.
 - b. Instructions on stopping.
 - c. Shutdown instructions for each type of emergency.
 - d. Operating instructions for conditions outside of normal operating limits.
 - e. Sequences for electric or electronic systems.
 - f. Special operating instructions and procedures.
 - 4. Operations: Include the following, as applicable:

- a. Startup procedures.
- b. Equipment or system break-in procedures.
- c. Routine and normal operating instructions.
- d. Regulation and control procedures.
- e. Control sequences.
- f. Safety procedures.
- g. Instructions on stopping.
- h. Normal shutdown instructions.
- i. Operating procedures for emergencies.
- j. Operating procedures for system, subsystem, or equipment failure.
- k. Seasonal and weekend operating instructions.
- 1. Required sequences for electric or electronic systems.
- m. Special operating instructions and procedures.
- 5. Adjustments: Include the following:
 - a. Alignments.
 - b. Checking adjustments.
 - c. Noise and vibration adjustments.
 - d. Economy and efficiency adjustments.
- 6. Troubleshooting: Include the following:
 - a. Diagnostic instructions.
 - b. Test and inspection procedures.
- 7. Maintenance: Include the following:
 - a. Inspection procedures.
 - b. Types of cleaning agents to be used and methods of cleaning.
 - c. List of cleaning agents and methods of cleaning detrimental to product.
 - d. Procedures for routine cleaning
 - e. Procedures for preventive maintenance.
 - f. Procedures for routine maintenance.
 - g. Instruction on use of special tools.
- 8. Repairs: Include the following:
 - a. Diagnosis instructions.
 - b. Repair instructions.
 - c. Disassembly; component removal, repair, and replacement; and reassembly instructions.
 - d. Instructions for identifying parts and components.
 - e. Review of spare parts needed for operation and maintenance.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Assemble educational materials necessary for instruction, including documentation and training module. Assemble training modules into a training manual organized in coordination with requirements in Section 01782 "Operation and Maintenance Data."

3.2 INSTRUCTION

- A. Engage qualified instructors to instruct Owner's personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain systems, subsystems, and equipment not part of a system.
 - 1. Owner will furnish Contractor with names and positions of participants.
- B. Scheduling: Provide instruction at mutually agreed on times. For equipment that requires seasonal operation, provide similar instruction at start of each season.
 - 1. Schedule training with Owner with at least seven days' advance notice.
- C. Training Location and Reference Material: Conduct training on-site in the completed and fully operational facility using the actual equipment in-place. Conduct training using final operation and maintenance data submittals.
- D. Evaluation: At conclusion of each training module, assess and document each participant's mastery of module by use of a demonstration performance-based test.

END OF SECTION 01820

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SECTION 03300 - CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes cast-in-place concrete, including formwork, reinforcement, concrete materials, mixture design, placement procedures, and finishes, for the following:
 - 1. Footings.
 - 2. Slabs-on-grade.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Cementitious Materials: Portland cement alone or in combination with one or more of the following: blended hydraulic cement, fly ash and other pozzolans, ground granulated blast-furnace slag, and silica fume; subject to compliance with requirements.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Design Mixtures: For each concrete mixture. Submit alternate design mixtures when characteristics of materials, Project conditions, weather, test results, or other circumstances warrant adjustments.
 - 1. Indicate amounts of mixing water to be withheld for later addition at Project site.
- C. Steel Reinforcement Shop Drawings: Placing drawings that detail fabrication, bending, and placement. Include bar sizes, lengths, material, grade, bar schedules, stirrup spacing, bent bar diagrams, bar arrangement, splices and laps, mechanical connections, tie spacing, hoop spacing, and supports for concrete reinforcement.
- D. Construction Joint Layout: Indicate proposed construction joints required to construct the structure.
 - 1. Location of construction joints is subject to approval of the Architect.
- E. Samples: For waterstops and vapor retarder.

- F. Qualification Data: For Installer, manufacturer and testing agency.
- G. Welding certificates.
- H. Material Certificates: For each of the following, signed by manufacturers:
 - Cementitious materials. 1.
 - 2. Admixtures.
 - 3. Form materials and form-release agents.
 - Steel reinforcement and accessories. 4.
 - 5. Waterstops.
 - Curing compounds. 6.
 - Floor and slab treatments. 7.
 - Bonding agents. 8.
 - Adhesives. 9.
 - Vapor retarders. 10.
 - Semi-rigid joint filler. 11.
 - Joint-filler strips. 12.
 - 13. Repair materials.
- Material Test Reports: For the following, from a qualified testing agency, indicating I. compliance with requirements:
 - Aggregates. Include service record data indicating absence of deleterious expansion of 1. concrete due to alkali aggregate reactivity.
- J. Floor surface flatness and levelness measurements indicating compliance with specified tolerances.
- K. Field quality-control reports.
- L. Minutes of preinstallation conference.

1.5 **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- Installer Qualifications: A qualified installer who employs on Project personnel qualified as A. ACI-certified Flatwork Technician and Finisher and a supervisor who is an ACI-certified Concrete Flatwork Technician.
- Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing ready-mixed concrete B. products and that complies with ASTM C 94/C 94M requirements for production facilities and equipment.
 - Manufacturer certified according to NRMCA's "Certification of Ready Mixed Concrete 1. Production Facilities."
- C. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency, acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, qualified according to ASTM C 1077 and ASTM E 329 for testing indicated.

- 1. Personnel conducting field tests shall be qualified as ACI Concrete Field Testing Technician, Grade 1, according to ACI CP-1 or an equivalent certification program.
- 2. Personnel performing laboratory tests shall be ACI-certified Concrete Strength Testing Technician and Concrete Laboratory Testing Technician Grade I. Testing Agency laboratory supervisor shall be an ACI-certified Concrete Laboratory Testing Technician Grade II.
- D. Source Limitations: Obtain each type or class of cementitious material of the same brand from the same manufacturer's plant, obtain aggregate from single source, and obtain admixtures from single source from single manufacturer.
- E. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.4/D 1.4M, "Structural Welding Code Reinforcing Steel."
- F. ACI Publications: Comply with the following unless modified by requirements in the Contract Documents:
 - 1. ACI 301, "Specifications for Structural Concrete," Sections 1 through 5.
 - 2. ACI 117, "Specifications for Tolerances for Concrete Construction and Materials."
- G. Concrete Testing Service: Engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform material evaluation tests and to design concrete mixtures.
- H. Pre-installation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
 - 1. Before submitting design mixtures, review concrete design mixture and examine procedures for ensuring quality of concrete materials. Require representatives of each entity directly concerned with cast-in-place concrete to attend, including the following:
 - a. Contractor's superintendent.
 - b. Independent testing agency responsible for concrete design mixtures.
 - c. Ready-mix concrete manufacturer.
 - d. Concrete subcontractor.
 - e. Special concrete finish subcontractor.
 - 2. Review special inspection and testing and inspecting agency procedures for field quality control, concrete finishes and finishing, cold- and hot-weather concreting procedures, curing procedures, construction contraction and isolation joints, and joint-filler strips, semirigid joint fillers, vapor-retarder installation, anchor rod and anchorage device installation tolerances, steel reinforcement installation, floor and slab flatness and levelness measurement, concrete repair procedures, and concrete protection.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Steel Reinforcement: Deliver, store, and handle steel reinforcement to prevent bending and damage.
- B. Water-stops: Store water-stops under cover to protect from moisture, sunlight, dirt, oil, and other contaminants.

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PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 REINFORCEMENT ACCESSORIES

- A. Joint Dowel Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60 (Grade 420), plain-steel bars, cut true to length with ends square and free of burrs.
- B. Bar Supports: Bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcing bars and welded wire reinforcement in place. Manufacture bar supports from steel wire, plastic, or precast concrete according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice," of greater compressive strength than concrete and as follows:
 - 1. For concrete surfaces exposed to view where legs of wire bar supports contact forms, use CRSI Class 1 plastic-protected steel wire or CRSI Class 2 stainless-steel bar supports.
 - 2. For epoxy-coated reinforcement, use epoxy-coated or other dielectric-polymer-coated wire bar supports.
 - 3. For zinc-coated reinforcement, use galvanized wire or dielectric-polymer-coated wire bar supports.

2.2 CONCRETE MATERIALS

- A. Cementitious Material: Use the following cementitious materials, of the same type, brand, and source, throughout Project:
 - 1. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I/II
- B. Normal-Weight Aggregates: ASTM C 33, Class 3S coarse aggregate or better, graded. Provide aggregates from a single source with documented service record data of at least 10 years' satisfactory service in similar applications and service conditions using similar aggregates and cementitious materials.
 - 1. Maximum Coarse-Aggregate Size: 3/4 inch (19 mm) nominal except at slabs on grade provide 1" (25 mm) nominal.
 - 2. Fine Aggregate: Free of materials with deleterious reactivity to alkali in cement.
- C. Water: ASTM C 94/C 94M and potable.

2.3 ADMIXTURES

- A. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260.
- B. Chemical Admixtures: Provide admixtures certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that will not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride.
 - 1. Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type A.
 - 2. Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type B.

- 3. Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type D.
- 4. High-Range, Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type F.
- 5. High-Range, Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type G.
- 6. Plasticizing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 1017/C 1017M, Type II.

2.4 WATERSTOPS

- A. Flexible Rubber Water-stops: CE CRD-C 513, for embedding in concrete to prevent passage of fluids through joints. Factory fabricate corners, intersections, and directional changes.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Greenstreak.
 - b. Williams Products, Inc.
 - 2. Profile: Ribbed with center bulb.
 - 3. Dimensions: 4 inches by 3/16 inch thick (100 mm by 4.75 mm thick); nontapered.

2.5 VAPOR RETARDERS

- A. Plastic Vapor Retarder: ASTM E 1745, Class A, with minimum permeance of 0.02 perms. Include manufacturer's recommended adhesive or pressure-sensitive tape.
 - 1. Available Products:
 - a. Stego Industries, LLC; Stego Wrap 15 mil
 - b. W.R. Meadows; W.R. Meadows Perminator 15 mil
 - c. Reef Industries, Inc.; Griffolyn 15 mil.
- B. Granular Fill: Clean mixture of crushed stone or crushed or uncrushed gravel; ASTM D 448, Size 57, with 100 percent passing a 1-1/2-inch (37.5-mm) sieve and 0 to 5 percent passing a No. 8 (2.36-mm) sieve.
- C. Fine-Graded Granular Material: Clean mixture of crushed stone, crushed gravel, and manufactured or natural sand; ASTM D 448, Size 10, with 100 percent passing a 3/8-inch (9.5-mm) sieve, 10 to 30 percent passing a No. 100 (0.15-mm) sieve, and at least 5 percent passing No. 200 (0.075-mm) sieve; complying with deleterious substance limits of ASTM C 33 for fine aggregates.

2.6 LIQUID FLOOR TREATMENTS

A. Concrete surface sealar to be used in all secure areas slab on grade: Apply concrete hardener and dustproofer per manufacturers recommendations to new finished surfaces and existing finish surfaces. The product used for design basis is the following and shall be used in areas indicated for sealed concrete in this bid package.

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Products:

"Lapidolith" by BASF or approved equal.

2.7 CURING MATERIALS

- A. Evaporation Retarder: Waterborne, monomolecular film forming, manufactured for application to fresh concrete.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Axim Italcementi Group, Inc.; CATEXOL CimFilm.
 - b. BASF Construction Chemicals Building Systems; Confilm.
 - c. ChemMasters; SprayFilm.
 - d. Conspec by Dayton Superior; Aquafilm.
 - e. Dayton Superior Corporation; Sure Film (J-74).
 - f. Edoco by Dayton Superior; BurkeFilm.
 - g. Euclid Chemical Company (The), an RPM company; Eucobar.
 - h. Kaufman Products, Inc.; Vapor-Aid.
 - i. Lambert Corporation; LAMBCO Skin.
 - j. L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc.; E-CON.
 - k. Meadows, W. R., Inc.; EVAPRE.
 - 1. Metalcrete Industries; Waterhold.
 - m. Nox-Crete Products Group; MONOFILM.
 - n. Sika Corporation; SikaFilm.
 - o. SpecChem, LLC; Spec Film.
 - p. Symons by Dayton Superior; Finishing Aid.
 - q. TK Products, Division of Sierra Corporation; TK-2120 TRI-FILM.
 - r. Unitex; PRO-FILM.
 - s. Vexcon Chemicals, Inc.; Certi-Vex Envio Set.
- B. Absorptive Cover: AASHTO M 182, Class 2, burlap cloth made from jute or kenaf, weighing approximately 9 oz./sq. yd. (305 g/sq. m) when dry.
- C. Moisture-Retaining Cover: ASTM C 171, polyethylene film or white burlap-polyethylene sheet.
- D. Water: Potable.

2.8 RELATED MATERIALS

- A. Expansion- and Isolation-Joint-Filler Strips: ASTM D 1751, asphalt-saturated cellulosic fiber or ASTM D 1752, cork or self-expanding cork.
- B. Semirigid Joint Filler: Two-component, semirigid, 100 percent solids, epoxy resin with a Type A shore durometer hardness of 80 per ASTM D 2240.
- C. Bonding Agent: ASTM C 1059/C 1059M, Type II, non-redispersible, acrylic emulsion or styrene butadiene.

- D. Reglets: Fabricate reglets of not less than 0.022-inch- (0.55-mm-) thick, galvanized-steel sheet. Temporarily fill or cover face opening of reglet to prevent intrusion of concrete or debris.
- E. Dovetail Anchor Slots: Hot-dip galvanized-steel sheet, not less than 0.034 inch (0.85 mm) thick, with bent tab anchors. Temporarily fill or cover face opening of slots to prevent intrusion of concrete or debris.

2.9 REPAIR MATERIALS

- A. Repair Underlayment: Cement-based, polymer-modified, self-leveling product that can be applied in thicknesses from 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) and that can be feathered at edges to match adjacent floor elevations.
 - 1. Cement Binder: ASTM C 150, portland cement or hydraulic or blended hydraulic cement as defined in ASTM C 219.
 - 2. Primer: Product of underlayment manufacturer recommended for substrate, conditions, and application.
 - 3. Aggregate: Well-graded, washed gravel, 1/8 to 1/4 inch (3.2 to 6 mm) or coarse sand as recommended by underlayment manufacturer.
 - 4. Compressive Strength: Not less than 4100 psi (29 MPa) at 28 days when tested according to ASTM C 109/C 109M.
- B. Repair Overlayment: Cement-based, polymer-modified, self-leveling product that can be applied in thicknesses from 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) and that can be filled in over a scarified surface to match adjacent floor elevations.
 - 1. Cement Binder: ASTM C 150, portland cement or hydraulic or blended hydraulic cement as defined in ASTM C 219.
 - 2. Primer: Product of topping manufacturer recommended for substrate, conditions, and application.
 - 3. Aggregate: Well-graded, washed gravel, 1/8 to 1/4 inch (3.2 to 6 mm) or coarse sand as recommended by topping manufacturer.
 - 4. Compressive Strength: Not less than 5000 psi (34.5 MPa) at 28 days when tested according to ASTM C 109/C 109M.

2.10 CONCRETE MIXTURES, GENERAL

- A. Prepare design mixtures for each type and strength of concrete, proportioned on the basis of laboratory trial mixture or field test data, or both, according to ACI 301.
 - 1. Use a qualified independent testing agency for preparing and reporting proposed mixture designs based on laboratory trial mixtures.
- B. Limit water-soluble, chloride-ion content in hardened concrete to 0.06 percent by weight of cement.
- C. Admixtures: Use admixtures according to manufacturer's written instructions.

- 1. Use water-reducing, high-range water-reducing or plasticizing admixture in concrete, as required, for placement and workability.
- 2. Use water-reducing and retarding admixture when required by high temperatures, low humidity, or other adverse placement conditions.
- 3. Use water-reducing admixture in pumped concrete, concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a water-cementitious materials ratio below 0.50.
- 4. Use corrosion-inhibiting admixture in concrete mixtures where indicated.
- D. Color Pigment: Add color pigment to concrete mixture according to manufacturer's written instructions and to result in hardened concrete color consistent with approved mockup.

2.11 CONCRETE MIXTURES FOR BUILDING ELEMENTS

A. Proportion normal-weight concrete mixture as indicated on the structural drawings.

2.12 FABRICATING REINFORCEMENT

A. Fabricate steel reinforcement according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice."

2.13 CONCRETE MIXING

- A. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Measure, batch, mix, and deliver concrete according to ASTM C 94/C 94M and ASTM C 1116/C 1116M, and furnish batch ticket information.
 - 1. When air temperature is between 85 and 90 deg F (30 and 32 deg C), reduce mixing and delivery time from 1-1/2 hours to 75 minutes; when air temperature is above 90 deg F (32 deg C), reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.
- B. Project-Site Mixing: Measure, batch, and mix concrete materials and concrete according to ASTM C 94/C 94M. Mix concrete materials in appropriate drum-type batch machine mixer.
 - 1. For mixer capacity of 1 cu. yd. (0.76 cu. m) or smaller, continue mixing at least 1-1/2 minutes, but not more than 5 minutes after ingredients are in mixer, before any part of batch is released.
 - 2. For mixer capacity larger than 1 cu. yd. (0.76 cu. m), increase mixing time by 15 seconds for each additional 1 cu. yd. (0.76 cu. m).
 - 3. Provide batch ticket for each batch discharged and used in the Work, indicating Project identification name and number, date, mixture type, mixture time, quantity, and amount of water added. Record approximate location of final deposit in structure.

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 FORMWORK

- A. Design, erect, shore, brace, and maintain formwork, according to ACI 301, to support vertical, lateral, static, and dynamic loads, and construction loads that might be applied, until structure can support such loads.
- B. Construct formwork so concrete members and structures are of size, shape, alignment, elevation, and position indicated, within tolerance limits of ACI 117.
- C. Limit concrete surface irregularities, designated by ACI 347 as abrupt or gradual, as follows:
 - 1. Class A, 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) for smooth-formed finished surfaces.
 - 2. Class B, 1/4 inch (6 mm) for rough-formed finished surfaces.
- D. Construct forms tight enough to prevent loss of concrete mortar.
- E. Fabricate forms for easy removal without hammering or prying against concrete surfaces. Provide crush or wrecking plates where stripping may damage cast concrete surfaces. Provide top forms for inclined surfaces steeper than 1.5 horizontal to 1 vertical.
 - 1. Install keyways, reglets, recesses, and the like, for easy removal.
 - 2. Do not use rust-stained steel form-facing material.
- F. Set edge forms, bulkheads, and intermediate screed strips for slabs to achieve required elevations and slopes in finished concrete surfaces. Provide and secure units to support screed strips; use strike-off templates or compacting-type screeds.
- G. Provide temporary openings for cleanouts and inspection ports where interior area of formwork is inaccessible. Close openings with panels tightly fitted to forms and securely braced to prevent loss of concrete mortar. Locate temporary openings in forms at inconspicuous locations.
- H. Chamfer exterior corners and edges of permanently exposed concrete.
- I. Form openings, chases, offsets, sinkages, keyways, reglets, blocking, screeds, and bulkheads required in the Work. Determine sizes and locations from trades providing such items.
- J. Clean forms and adjacent surfaces to receive concrete. Remove chips, wood, sawdust, dirt, and other debris just before placing concrete.
- K. Retighten forms and bracing before placing concrete, as required, to prevent mortar leaks and maintain proper alignment.
- L. Coat contact surfaces of forms with form-release agent, according to manufacturer's written instructions, before placing reinforcement.

3.2 EMBEDDED ITEMS

- A. Place and secure anchorage devices and other embedded items required for adjoining work that is attached to or supported by cast-in-place concrete. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
 - 1. Install anchor rods, accurately located, to elevations required and complying with tolerances in Section 7.5 of AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges."
 - 2. Install reglets to receive waterproofing and to receive through-wall flashings in outer face of concrete frame at exterior walls, where flashing is shown at lintels, shelf angles, and other conditions.
 - 3. Install dovetail anchor slots in concrete structures as indicated.

3.3 REMOVING AND REUSING FORMS

- A. General: Formwork for sides of beams, walls, columns, and similar parts of the Work that does not support weight of concrete may be removed after cumulatively curing at not less than 50 deg F (10 deg C) for 24 hours after placing concrete. Concrete has to be hard enough to not be damaged by form-removal operations and curing and protection operations need to be maintained.
 - 1. Leave formwork for beam soffits, joists, slabs, and other structural elements that supports weight of concrete in place until concrete has achieved at least 70 percent of its 28-day design compressive strength.
 - 2. Remove forms only if shores have been arranged to permit removal of forms without loosening or disturbing shores.
- B. Clean and repair surfaces of forms to be reused in the Work. Split, frayed, delaminated, or otherwise damaged form-facing material will not be acceptable for exposed surfaces. Apply new form-release agent.
- C. When forms are reused, clean surfaces, remove fins and laitance, and tighten to close joints. Align and secure joints to avoid offsets. Do not use patched forms for exposed concrete surfaces unless approved by Architect.

3.4 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. General: Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for placing reinforcement.
 - 1. Do not cut or puncture vapor retarder. Repair damage and reseal vapor retarder before placing concrete.
- B. Clean reinforcement of loose rust and mill scale, earth, ice, and other foreign materials that would reduce bond to concrete.
- C. Accurately position, support, and secure reinforcement against displacement. Locate and support reinforcement with bar supports to maintain minimum concrete cover. Do not tack weld crossing reinforcing bars.

- D. Set wire ties with ends directed into concrete, not toward exposed concrete surfaces.
- E. Install welded wire reinforcement in longest practicable lengths on bar supports spaced to minimize sagging. Lap edges and ends of adjoining sheets at least one mesh spacing. Offset laps of adjoining sheet widths to prevent continuous laps in either direction. Lace overlaps with wire.

Weld reinforcing bars according to AWS D1.4/D 1.4M, where indicated.

3.5 **JOINTS**

1.

- General: Construct joints true to line with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete. A.
- B. Construction Joints: Install so strength and appearance of concrete are not impaired, at locations indicated or as approved by Architect.
 - Place joints perpendicular to main reinforcement. Continue reinforcement across 1. construction joints unless otherwise indicated. Do not continue reinforcement through sides of strip placements of floors and slabs.
 - Form keyed joints as indicated. Embed keys at least 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) into concrete. 2.
 - Locate joints for beams, slabs, joists, and girders in the middle third of spans. Offset 3. joints in girders a minimum distance of twice the beam width from a beam-girder intersection.
 - Locate horizontal joints in walls and columns at underside of floors, slabs, beams, and 4. girders and at the top of footings or floor slabs.
 - Space vertical joints in walls as indicated. Locate joints beside piers integral with walls, 5. near corners, and in concealed locations where possible.
 - Use a bonding agent at locations where fresh concrete is placed against hardened or 6. partially hardened concrete surfaces.
 - 7. Use epoxy-bonding adhesive at locations where fresh concrete is placed against hardened or partially hardened concrete surfaces.
- C. Contraction Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: Form weakened-plane contraction joints, sectioning concrete into areas as indicated. Construct contraction joints for a depth equal to at least onefourth of concrete thickness as follows:
 - 1. Grooved Joints: Form contraction joints after initial floating by grooving and finishing each edge of joint to a radius of 1/8 inch (3.2 mm). Repeat grooving of contraction joints after applying surface finishes. Eliminate groover tool marks on concrete surfaces.
 - 2. Sawed Joints: Form contraction joints with power saws equipped with shatterproof abrasive or diamond-rimmed blades. Cut 1/8-inch- (3.2-mm-) wide joints into concrete when cutting action will not tear, abrade, or otherwise damage surface and before concrete develops random contraction cracks.
- Isolation Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: After removing formwork, install joint-filler strips at slab D. junctions with vertical surfaces, such as column pedestals, foundation walls, grade beams, and other locations, as indicated.

- 1. Extend joint-filler strips full width and depth of joint, terminating flush with finished concrete surface unless otherwise indicated.
- 2. Terminate full-width joint-filler strips not less than 1/2 inch (13 mm) or more than 1 inch (25 mm) below finished concrete surface where joint sealants, specified in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants," are indicated.
- 3. Install joint-filler strips in lengths as long as practicable. Where more than one length is required, lace or clip sections together.
- E. Doweled Joints: Install dowel bars and support assemblies at joints where indicated. Lubricate or asphalt coat one-half of dowel length to prevent concrete bonding to one side of joint.

3.6 WATERSTOPS

A. Flexible Water-stops: Install in construction joints and at other joints indicated to form a continuous diaphragm. Install in longest lengths practicable. Support and protect exposed water-stops during progress of the Work. Field fabricate joints in water-stops according to manufacturer's written instructions.

3.7 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. Before placing concrete, verify that installation of formwork, reinforcement, and embedded items is complete and that required inspections have been performed.
- B. Do not add water to concrete during delivery, at Project site, or during placement unless approved by Architect.
- C. Before test sampling and placing concrete, water may be added at Project site, subject to limitations of ACI 301.
 - 1. Do not add water to concrete after adding high-range water-reducing admixtures to mixture.
- D. Deposit concrete continuously in one layer or in horizontal layers of such thickness that no new concrete will be placed on concrete that has hardened enough to cause seams or planes of weakness. If a section cannot be placed continuously, provide construction joints as indicated. Deposit concrete to avoid segregation.
 - 1. Deposit concrete in horizontal layers of depth to not exceed formwork design pressures and in a manner to avoid inclined construction joints.
 - 2. Consolidate placed concrete with mechanical vibrating equipment according to ACI 301.
 - 3. Do not use vibrators to transport concrete inside forms. Insert and withdraw vibrators vertically at uniformly spaced locations to rapidly penetrate placed layer and at least 6 inches (150 mm) into preceding layer. Do not insert vibrators into lower layers of concrete that have begun to lose plasticity. At each insertion, limit duration of vibration to time necessary to consolidate concrete and complete embedment of reinforcement and other embedded items without causing mixture constituents to segregate.
- E. Deposit and consolidate concrete for floors and slabs in a continuous operation, within limits of construction joints, until placement of a panel or section is complete.

- 1. Consolidate concrete during placement operations so concrete is thoroughly worked around reinforcement and other embedded items and into corners.
- 2. Maintain reinforcement in position on chairs during concrete placement.
- 3. Screed slab surfaces with a straightedge and strike off to correct elevations.
- 4. Slope surfaces uniformly to drains where required.
- 5. Begin initial floating using bull floats or darbies to form a uniform and open-textured surface plane, before excess bleedwater appears on the surface. Do not further disturb slab surfaces before starting finishing operations.
- F. Cold-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 306.1 and as follows. Protect concrete work from physical damage or reduced strength that could be caused by frost, freezing actions, or low temperatures.
 - 1. When average high and low temperature is expected to fall below 40 deg F (4.4 deg C) for three successive days, maintain delivered concrete mixture temperature within the temperature range required by ACI 301.
 - 2. Do not use frozen materials or materials containing ice or snow. Do not place concrete on frozen subgrade or on subgrade containing frozen materials.
 - 3. Do not use calcium chloride, salt, or other materials containing antifreeze agents or chemical accelerators unless otherwise specified and approved in mixture designs.
- G. Hot-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 301 and as follows:
 - 1. Maintain concrete temperature below 90 deg F (32 deg C) at time of placement. Chilled mixing water or chopped ice may be used to control temperature, provided water equivalent of ice is calculated to total amount of mixing water. Using liquid nitrogen to cool concrete is Contractor's option.
 - 2. Fog-spray forms, steel reinforcement, and subgrade just before placing concrete. Keep subgrade uniformly moist without standing water, soft spots, or dry areas.

3.8 FINISHING FORMED SURFACES

- A. Rough-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material with tie holes and defects repaired and patched. Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified limits on formed-surface irregularities.
 - 1. Apply to concrete surfaces not exposed to public view.
- B. Smooth-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material, arranged in an orderly and symmetrical manner with a minimum of seams. Repair and patch tie holes and defects. Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified limits on formed-surface irregularities.
 - 1. Apply to concrete surfaces exposed to public view.

3.9 FINISHING FLOORS AND SLABS

A. General: Comply with ACI 302.1R recommendations for screeding, re-straightening, and finishing operations for concrete surfaces. Do not wet concrete surfaces.

В.

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- Trowel Finish: After applying float finish, apply first troweling and consolidate concrete by hand or power-driven trowel. Continue troweling passes and re-straighten until surface is free
- would telegraph through applied coatings or floor coverings.
- 1. Apply a trowel finish to surfaces exposed to view or to be covered with resilient flooring, carpet, ceramic or quarry tile set over a cleavage membrane, paint, or another thin-film-finish coating system.

of trowel marks and uniform in texture and appearance. Grind smooth any surface defects that

- 2. Finish surfaces to the following tolerances, according to ASTM E 1155 (ASTM E 1155M), for a randomly trafficked floor surface:
 - a. Specified overall values of flatness, F(F) 35; and of levelness, F(L) 25; with minimum local values of flatness, F(F) 24; and of levelness, F(L) 17; for slabs-ongrade.
- C. Trowel and Fine-Broom Finish: Apply a first trowel finish to surfaces where ceramic or quarry tile is to be installed by either thickset or thin-set method. While concrete is still plastic, slightly scarify surface with a fine broom.
 - 1. Comply with flatness and levelness tolerances for trowel-finished floor surfaces.

3.10 MISCELLANEOUS CONCRETE ITEMS

- A. Filling In: Fill in holes and openings left in concrete structures after work of other trades is in place unless otherwise indicated. Mix, place, and cure concrete, as specified, to blend with inplace construction. Provide other miscellaneous concrete filling indicated or required to complete the Work.
- B. Curbs: Provide monolithic finish to interior curbs by stripping forms while concrete is still green and by steel-troweling surfaces to a hard, dense finish with corners, intersections, and terminations slightly rounded.
- C. Equipment Bases and Foundations: Provide machine and equipment bases and foundations as shown on Drawings. Set anchor bolts for machines and equipment at correct elevations, complying with diagrams or templates from manufacturer furnishing machines and equipment.
- D. Steel Pan Stairs: Provide concrete fill for steel pan stair treads, landings, and associated items. Cast-in inserts and accessories as shown on Drawings. Screed, tamp, and trowel finish concrete surfaces.

3.11 CONCRETE PROTECTING AND CURING

- A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection and ACI 301 for hot-weather protection during curing.
- B. Evaporation Retarder: Apply evaporation retarder to unformed concrete surfaces if hot, dry, or windy conditions cause moisture loss approaching 0.2 lb/sq. ft. x h (1 kg/sq. m x h) before and

during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions after placing, screeding, and bull floating or darbying concrete, but before float finishing.

- C. Formed Surfaces: Cure formed concrete surfaces, including underside of beams, supported slabs, and other similar surfaces. If forms remain during curing period, moist cure after loosening forms. If removing forms before end of curing period, continue curing for the remainder of the curing period.
- D. Unformed Surfaces: Begin curing immediately after finishing concrete. Cure unformed surfaces, including floors and slabs, concrete floor toppings, and other surfaces.
- E. Cure concrete according to ACI 308.1, by one or a combination of the following methods:
 - 1. Moisture Curing: Keep surfaces continuously moist for not less than seven days with the following materials:
 - a. Water.
 - b. Continuous water-fog spray.
 - c. Absorptive cover, water saturated, and kept continuously wet. Cover concrete surfaces and edges with 12-inch (300-mm) lap over adjacent absorptive covers.
 - 2. Moisture-Retaining-Cover Curing: Cover concrete surfaces with moisture-retaining cover for curing concrete, placed in widest practicable width, with sides and ends lapped at least 12 inches (300 mm), and sealed by waterproof tape or adhesive. Cure for not less than seven days. Immediately repair any holes or tears during curing period using cover material and waterproof tape.
 - a. Moisture cure or use moisture-retaining covers to cure concrete surfaces to receive floor coverings.
 - b. Moisture cure or use moisture-retaining covers to cure concrete surfaces to receive penetrating liquid floor treatments.

3.12 LIQUID FLOOR TREATMENTS

A. Sealing Coat: Uniformly apply a continuous sealing coat of curing and sealing compound to hardened concrete by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's written instructions.

3.13 JOINT FILLING

- A. Prepare, clean, and install joint filler according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Defer joint filling until concrete has aged at least one six month(s). Do not fill joints until construction traffic has permanently ceased.
- B. Remove dirt, debris, saw cuttings, curing compounds, and sealers from joints; leave contact faces of joint clean and dry.
- C. Install semirigid joint filler full depth in saw-cut joints and at least 2 inches (50 mm) deep in formed joints. Overfill joint and trim joint filler flush with top of joint after hardening.

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3.14 CONCRETE SURFACE REPAIRS

- A. Defective Concrete: Repair and patch defective areas when approved by Architect. Remove and replace concrete that cannot be repaired and patched to Architect's approval.
- B. Patching Mortar: Mix dry-pack patching mortar, consisting of one part portland cement to two and one-half parts fine aggregate passing a No. 16 (1.18-mm) sieve, using only enough water for handling and placing.
- C. Repairing Formed Surfaces: Surface defects include color and texture irregularities, cracks, spalls, air bubbles, honeycombs, rock pockets, fins and other projections on the surface, and stains and other discolorations that cannot be removed by cleaning.
 - 1. Immediately after form removal, cut out honeycombs, rock pockets, and voids more than 1/2 inch (13 mm) in any dimension to solid concrete. Limit cut depth to 3/4 inch (19 mm). Make edges of cuts perpendicular to concrete surface. Clean, dampen with water, and brush-coat holes and voids with bonding agent. Fill and compact with patching mortar before bonding agent has dried. Fill form-tie voids with patching mortar or cone plugs secured in place with bonding agent.
 - 2. Repair defects on surfaces exposed to view by blending white portland cement and standard portland cement so that, when dry, patching mortar will match surrounding color. Patch a test area at inconspicuous locations to verify mixture and color match before proceeding with patching. Compact mortar in place and strike off slightly higher than surrounding surface.
 - 3. Repair defects on concealed formed surfaces that affect concrete's durability and structural performance as determined by Architect.
- D. Repairing Unformed Surfaces: Test unformed surfaces, such as floors and slabs, for finish and verify surface tolerances specified for each surface. Correct low and high areas. Test surfaces sloped to drain for trueness of slope and smoothness; use a sloped template.
 - 1. Repair finished surfaces containing defects. Surface defects include spalls, popouts, honeycombs, rock pockets, crazing and cracks in excess of 0.01 inch (0.25 mm) wide or that penetrate to reinforcement or completely through unreinforced sections regardless of width, and other objectionable conditions.
 - 2. After concrete has cured at least 14 days, correct high areas by grinding.
 - 3. Correct localized low areas during or immediately after completing surface finishing operations by cutting out low areas and replacing with patching mortar. Finish repaired areas to blend into adjacent concrete.
 - 4. Correct other low areas scheduled to receive floor coverings with a repair underlayment. Prepare, mix, and apply repair underlayment and primer according to manufacturer's written instructions to produce a smooth, uniform, plane, and level surface. Feather edges to match adjacent floor elevations.
 - 5. Correct other low areas scheduled to remain exposed with a repair topping. Cut out low areas to ensure a minimum repair topping depth of 1/4 inch (6 mm) to match adjacent floor elevations. Prepare, mix, and apply repair topping and primer according to manufacturer's written instructions to produce a smooth, uniform, plane, and level surface
 - 6. Repair defective areas, except random cracks and single holes 1 inch (25 mm) or less in diameter, by cutting out and replacing with fresh concrete. Remove defective areas with

clean, square cuts and expose steel reinforcement with at least a 3/4-inch (19-mm) clearance all around. Dampen concrete surfaces in contact with patching concrete and apply bonding agent. Mix patching concrete of same materials and mixture as original concrete except without coarse aggregate. Place, compact, and finish to blend with adjacent finished concrete. Cure in same manner as adjacent concrete.

- 7. Repair random cracks and single holes 1 inch (25 mm) or less in diameter with patching mortar. Groove top of cracks and cut out holes to sound concrete and clean off dust, dirt, and loose particles. Dampen cleaned concrete surfaces and apply bonding agent. Place patching mortar before bonding agent has dried. Compact patching mortar and finish to match adjacent concrete. Keep patched area continuously moist for at least 72 hours.
- E. Perform structural repairs of concrete, subject to Architect's approval, using epoxy adhesive and patching mortar.
- F. Repair materials and installation not specified above may be used, subject to Architect's approval.

3.15 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing and Inspecting: Owner will engage a special inspector and qualified testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
- B. Inspections:
 - 1. Steel reinforcement placement.
 - 2. Steel reinforcement welding.
 - 3. Headed bolts and studs.
 - 4. Verification of use of required design mixture.
 - 5. Concrete placement, including conveying and depositing.
 - 6. Curing procedures and maintenance of curing temperature.
 - 7. Verification of concrete strength before removal of shores and forms from beams and slabs.
- C. Concrete Tests: Testing of composite samples of fresh concrete obtained according to ASTM C 172 shall be performed according to the following requirements:
 - 1. Testing Frequency: Obtain one composite sample for each day's pour of each concrete mixture exceeding 5 cu. yd. (4 cu. m), but less than 25 cu. yd. (19 cu. m), plus one set for each additional 50 cu. yd. (38 cu. m) or fraction thereof.
 - 2. Testing Frequency: Obtain at least one composite sample for each 100 cu. yd. (76 cu. m) or fraction thereof of each concrete mixture placed each day.
 - a. When frequency of testing will provide fewer than five compressive-strength tests for each concrete mixture, testing shall be conducted from at least five randomly selected batches or from each batch if fewer than five are used.
 - 3. Slump: ASTM C 143/C 143M; one test at point of placement for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mixture. Perform additional tests when concrete consistency appears to change.

- 4. Air Content: ASTM C 231, pressure method, for normal-weight concrete; one test for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mixture.
- 5. Concrete Temperature: ASTM C 1064/C 1064M; one test hourly when air temperature is 40 deg F (4.4 deg C) and below and when 80 deg F (27 deg C) and above, and one test for each composite sample.
- 6. Unit Weight: ASTM C 567, fresh unit weight of structural lightweight concrete; one test for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mixture.
- 7. Compression Test Specimens: ASTM C 31/C 31M.
 - a. Cast and laboratory cure two sets of two standard cylinder specimens for each composite sample.
 - b. Cast and field cure two sets of two standard cylinder specimens for each composite sample.
- 8. Compressive-Strength Tests: ASTM C 39/C 39M; test one set of two laboratory-cured specimens at 7 days and one set of two specimens at 28 days.
 - a. Test one set of two field-cured specimens at 7 days and one set of two specimens at 28 days.
 - b. A compressive-strength test shall be the average compressive strength from a set of two specimens obtained from same composite sample and tested at age indicated.
- 9. When strength of field-cured cylinders is less than 85 percent of companion laboratory-cured cylinders, Contractor shall evaluate operations and provide corrective procedures for protecting and curing in-place concrete.
- 10. Strength of each concrete mixture will be satisfactory if every average of any three consecutive compressive-strength tests equals or exceeds specified compressive strength and no compressive-strength test value falls below specified compressive strength by more than 500 psi (3.4 MPa).
- 11. Test results shall be reported in writing to Architect, concrete manufacturer, and Contractor within 48 hours of testing. Reports of compressive-strength tests shall contain Project identification name and number, date of concrete placement, name of concrete testing and inspecting agency, location of concrete batch in Work, design compressive strength at 28 days, concrete mixture proportions and materials, compressive breaking strength, and type of break for both 7- and 28-day tests.
- 12. Nondestructive Testing: Impact hammer, sonoscope, or other nondestructive device may be permitted by Architect but will not be used as sole basis for approval or rejection of concrete
- 13. Additional Tests: Testing and inspecting agency shall make additional tests of concrete when test results indicate that slump, air entrainment, compressive strengths, or other requirements have not been met, as directed by Architect. Testing and inspecting agency may conduct tests to determine adequacy of concrete by cored cylinders complying with ASTM C 42/C 42M or by other methods as directed by Architect.
- 14. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.
- 15. Correct deficiencies in the Work that test reports and inspections indicate do not comply with the Contract Documents.

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D. Measure floor and slab flatness and levelness according to ASTM E 1155 (ASTM E 1155M) within 24 hours of finishing.

3.16 PROTECTION OF LIQUID FLOOR TREATMENTS

Protect liquid floor treatment from damage and wear during the remainder of construction A. period. Use protective methods and materials, including temporary covering, recommended in writing by liquid floor treatments installer.

END OF SECTION 033000

SECTION 04200 - UNIT MASONRY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Concrete masonry units.
- 2. Mortar and grout.
- 3. Steel reinforcing bars.
- 4. Masonry joint reinforcement.
- 5. Miscellaneous masonry accessories.

B. Related Sections:

- 1. Division 03 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for installing dovetail slots for masonry anchors.
- 2. Division 05 Section "Structural Steel Framing" for installing anchor sections of adjustable masonry anchors for connecting to structural steel frame.
- 3. Division 07 Section "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim" for exposed sheet metal flashing and for furnishing manufactured reglets installed in masonry joints.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. CMU(s): Concrete masonry unit(s).
- B. Reinforced Masonry: Masonry containing reinforcing steel in grouted cells.

1.4 PRECONSTRUCTION TESTING

A. Preconstruction Testing Service: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform preconstruction testing indicated below. Retesting of materials that fail to comply with specified requirements shall be done at Contractor's expense.

1. Concrete Masonry Unit Test: For each type of unit required, according to ASTM C 140

- for compressive strength.
- 2. Grout Test (Compressive Strength): For each mix required, according to ASTM C 1019.
- 3. Prism Test: For each type of construction required, according to ASTM C 1314.

1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: For the following:
 - 1. Masonry Units: Show sizes, profiles, coursing, and locations of special shapes.
 - 2. Stone Trim Units: Show sizes, profiles, and locations of each stone trim unit required.
 - 3. Reinforcing Steel: Detail bending and placement of unit masonry reinforcing bars.
 - 4. Comply with ACI 315, "Details and Detailing of Concrete Reinforcement." Show elevations of reinforced walls.

1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. List of Materials Used in Constructing Mockups: List generic product names together with manufacturers, manufacturers' product names, model numbers, lot numbers, batch numbers, source of supply, and other information as required to identify materials used. Include mix proportions for mortar and grout and source of aggregates.
 - 1. Submittal is for information only. Neither receipt of list nor approval of mockup constitutes approval of deviations from the Contract Documents unless such deviations are specifically brought to the attention of Architect and approved in writing.
- B. Qualification Data: For testing agency.
- C. Material Certificates: For each type and size of the following:
 - 1. Masonry units.
 - a. Include material test reports substantiating compliance with requirements.
 - b. For brick, include size-variation data verifying that actual range of sizes falls within specified tolerances.
 - c. For exposed brick, include test report for efflorescence according to ASTM C 67.
 - d. For masonry units used in structural masonry, include data and calculations establishing average net-area compressive strength of units.
 - 2. Cementitious materials. Include brand, type, and name of manufacturer.

3. Preblended, dry mortar mixes. Include description of type and proportions of ingredients.

- 4. Grout mixes. Include description of type and proportions of ingredients.
- 5. Reinforcing bars.
- 6. Joint reinforcement.
- D. Mix Designs: For each type of mortar and grout. Include description of type and proportions of ingredients.
 - Include test reports for mortar mixes required to comply with property specification. Test 1. according to ASTM C 109/C 109M for compressive strength, ASTM C 1506 for water retention, and ASTM C 91 for air content.
 - 2. Include test reports, according to ASTM C 1019, for grout mixes required to comply with compressive strength requirement.
- Statement of Compressive Strength of Masonry: For each combination of masonry unit type E. and mortar type, provide statement of average net-area compressive strength of masonry units, mortar type, and resulting net-area compressive strength of masonry determined according to Tables 1 and 2 in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602.
- F. Cold-Weather and Hot-Weather Procedures: Detailed description of methods, materials, and equipment to be used to comply with requirements.

1.7 **OUALITY ASSURANCE**

- Source Limitations for Masonry Units: Obtain exposed masonry units of a uniform texture and A. color, or a uniform blend within the ranges accepted for these characteristics, from single source from single manufacturer for each product required.
- Source Limitations for Mortar Materials: Obtain mortar ingredients of a uniform quality, В. including color for exposed masonry, from single manufacturer for each cementitious component and from single source or producer for each aggregate.
- C. Masonry Standard: Comply with ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602 unless modified by requirements in the Contract Documents.
- Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in D. Division 01 Section "Project Management and Coordination."

1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

Store masonry units on elevated platforms in a dry location. If units are not stored in an A. enclosed location, cover tops and sides of stacks with waterproof sheeting, securely tied. If units become wet, do not install until they are dry.

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B. Store cementitious materials on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location. Do not use cementitious materials that have become damp.

- C. Store aggregates where grading and other required characteristics can be maintained and contamination avoided.
- D. Deliver preblended, dry mortar mix in moisture-resistant containers designed for use with dispensing silos. Store preblended, dry mortar mix in delivery containers on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location or in covered weatherproof dispensing silos.
- E. Store masonry accessories, including metal items, to prevent corrosion and accumulation of dirt and oil.

1.9 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Protection of Masonry: During construction, cover tops of walls, projections, and sills with waterproof sheeting at end of each day's work. Cover partially completed masonry when construction is not in progress.
 - 1. Extend cover a minimum of 24 inches down both sides of walls and hold cover securely in place.
 - 2. Where one wythe of multiwythe masonry walls is completed in advance of other wythes, secure cover a minimum of 24 inches down face next to unconstructed wythe and hold cover in place.
- B. Do not apply uniform floor or roof loads for at least 12 hours and concentrated loads for at least three days after building masonry walls or columns.
- C. Stain Prevention: Prevent grout, mortar, and soil from staining the face of masonry to be left exposed or painted. Immediately remove grout, mortar, and soil that come in contact with such masonry.
 - 1. Protect base of walls from rain-splashed mud and from mortar splatter by spreading coverings on ground and over wall surface.
 - 2. Protect sills, ledges, and projections from mortar droppings.
 - 3. Protect surfaces of window and door frames, as well as similar products with painted and integral finishes, from mortar droppings.
 - 4. Turn scaffold boards near the wall on edge at the end of each day to prevent rain from splashing mortar and dirt onto completed masonry.
- D. Cold-Weather Requirements: Do not use frozen materials or materials mixed or coated with ice or frost. Do not build on frozen substrates. Remove and replace unit masonry damaged by frost or by freezing conditions. Comply with cold-weather construction requirements contained in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602.

- 1. Cold-Weather Cleaning: Use liquid cleaning methods only when air temperature is 40 deg F and higher and will remain so until masonry has dried, but not less than seven days after completing cleaning.
- E. Hot-Weather Requirements: Comply with hot-weather construction requirements contained in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MASONRY UNITS, GENERAL

- A. Defective Units: Referenced masonry unit standards may allow a certain percentage of units to contain chips, cracks, or other defects exceeding limits stated in the standard. Do not use units where such defects will be exposed in the completed Work.
- B. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Where indicated, provide units that comply with requirements for fire-resistance ratings indicated as determined by testing according to ASTM E 119, by equivalent masonry thickness, or by other means, as acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

2.2 CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS

- A. Shapes: Provide shapes indicated and as follows, with exposed surfaces matching exposed faces of adjacent units unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Provide special shapes for lintels, corners, jambs, sashes, movement joints, headers, bonding, and other special conditions.
 - 2. Provide bullnose units for outside corners unless otherwise indicated.

B. CMUs: ASTM C 90.

- 1. Unit Compressive Strength: Provide units with minimum average net-area compressive strength of 2150 psi.
- 2. Density Classification: Normal weight unless otherwise indicated.
- 3. Size (Width): Manufactured to dimensions 3/8 inch less than nominal dimensions.
- 4. Exposed Faces: Provide color and texture matching the range represented by Architect's sample.

2.3 CONCRETE AND MASONRY LINTELS

- A. General: Provide one of the following:
- B. Masonry Lintels: Built-in-place masonry lintels made from bond beam CMUs with reinforcing bars placed as indicated and filled with coarse grout. Cure precast lintels before handling and

installing. Temporarily support built-in-place lintels until cured.

2.4 MORTAR AND GROUT MATERIALS

- Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I or II, except Type III may be used for cold-weather A. construction. Provide natural color or white cement as required to produce mortar color indicated.
- B. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C 207, Type S.
- C. Portland Cement-Lime Mix: Packaged blend of portland cement and hydrated lime containing no other ingredients.
- D. Aggregate for Mortar: ASTM C 144.
 - 1. For joints less than 1/4 inch thick, use aggregate graded with 100 percent passing the No. 16 sieve.
- E. Aggregate for Grout: ASTM C 404.
- Cold-Weather Admixture: Nonchloride, noncorrosive, accelerating admixture complying with F. ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type C, and recommended by manufacturer for use in masonry mortar of composition indicated.
- Water-Repellent Admixture: Liquid water-repellent mortar admixture intended for use with G. CMUs containing integral water repellent by same manufacturer.
- H. Water: Potable.

2.5 REINFORCEMENT

- Uncoated Steel Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M or ASTM A 996/A 996M, Grade 60. A.
- B. Masonry Joint Reinforcement, General: ASTM A 951/A 951M.
 - 1. Interior Walls: Hot-dip galvanized, carbon steel.
 - 2. Exterior Walls: Hot-dip galvanized, carbon steel.
 - 3. Wire Size for Side Rods: 0.187-inch diameter.
 - 4. Wire Size for Cross Rods: 0.187-inch diameter.
 - 5. Provide in lengths of not less than 10 feet, with prefabricated corner and tee units.
- C. Masonry Joint Reinforcement for Single-Wythe Masonry: Either ladder or truss type with single pair of side rods.

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2.6 TIES AND ANCHORS

- A. Materials: Provide ties and anchors specified in this article that are made from materials that comply with the following unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Hot-Dip Galvanized, Carbon-Steel Wire: ASTM A 82/A 82M; with ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class B-2 coating.
 - 2. Steel Sheet, Galvanized after Fabrication: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel, with ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class B coating.
 - 3. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
- B. Wire Ties, General: Unless otherwise indicated, size wire ties to extend at least halfway through veneer but with at least 5/8-inch cover on outside face. Outer ends of wires are bent 90 degrees and extend 2 inches parallel to face of veneer.
- C. Individual Wire Ties: Rectangular units with closed ends and not less than 4 inches wide.
 - 1. Z-shaped ties with ends bent 90 degrees to provide hooks not less than 2 inches long may be used for masonry constructed from solid units.
 - 2. Where wythes do not align or are of different materials], use adjustable ties with pintle-and-eye connections having a maximum adjustment of 1-1/4 inches.
 - 3. Wire: Fabricate from 1/4-inch- diameter, hot-dip galvanized steel.
- D. Rigid Anchors: Fabricate from steel bars 1-1/2 inches wide by 1/4 inch thick by 24 inches long, with ends turned up 2 inches or with cross pins bent to configuration indicated.
 - 1. Corrosion Protection: Hot-dip galvanized to comply with ASTM A 153/A 153M.

2.7 MISCELLANEOUS ANCHORS

- A. Unit Type Inserts in Concrete: Cast-iron or malleable-iron wedge-type inserts.
- B. Anchor Bolts: Headed steel bolts complying with ASTM A 307, Grade A; with ASTM A 563 hex nuts and, where indicated, flat washers; hot-dip galvanized to comply with ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class C; of dimensions indicated.
- C. Postinstalled Anchors: Torque-controlled expansion anchors.
 - 1. Load Capacity: Capable of sustaining, without failure, a load equal to six times the load imposed when installed in unit masonry and four times the load imposed when installed in concrete, as determined by testing according to ASTM E 488, conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.
 - 2. Material for Interior Locations: Carbon-steel components zinc plated to comply with ASTM B 633 or ASTM F 1941, Class Fe/Zn 5 unless otherwise indicated.

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3. Material for Exterior Locations and Where Stainless Steel Is Indicated: Alloy Group 1or

2 stainless-steel bolts, ASTM F 593, and nuts, ASTM F 594.

2.8 MISCELLANEOUS MASONRY ACCESSORIES

- A. Compressible Filler: Premolded filler strips complying with ASTM D 1056, Grade 2A1; compressible up to 35 percent; of width and thickness indicated; formulated from neoprene, urethane or PVC.
- B. Preformed Control-Joint Gaskets: Made from styrene-butadiene-rubber compound, complying with ASTM D 2000, Designation M2AA-805 or PVC, complying with ASTM D 2287, Type PVC-65406 and designed to fit standard sash block and to maintain lateral stability in masonry wall; size and configuration as indicated.
- C. Bond-Breaker Strips: Asphalt-saturated, organic roofing felt complying with ASTM D 226, Type I (No. 15 asphalt felt).
- D. Reinforcing Bar Positioners: Wire units designed to fit into mortar bed joints spanning masonry unit cells and hold reinforcing bars in center of cells. Units are formed from 0.148-inch steel wire, hot-dip galvanized after fabrication. Provide units designed for number of bars indicated.

2.9 MORTAR AND GROUT MIXES

- A. General: Do not use admixtures, including pigments, air-entraining agents, accelerators, retarders, water-repellent agents, antifreeze compounds, or other admixtures, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Do not use calcium chloride in mortar or grout.
 - 2. Add cold-weather admixture (if used) at same rate for all mortar that will be exposed to view, regardless of weather conditions, to ensure that mortar color is consistent.
- B. Mortar for Unit Masonry: Comply with ASTM C 270, Proportion Specification. Provide the following types of mortar for applications stated unless another type is indicated[or needed to provide required compressive strength of masonry].
 - 1. For masonry below grade or in contact with earth, Type S.
 - 2. For reinforced masonry, use Type N.
- C. Grout for Unit Masonry: Comply with ASTM C 476.
 - 1. Use grout of type indicated or, if not otherwise indicated, of type (fine or coarse) that will comply with Table 1.15.1 in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602 for dimensions of grout spaces and pour height.
 - 2. Provide grout with a slump of 8 to 11 inches as measured according to ASTM C 143/C 143M.

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 **EXAMINATION**

- Examine conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation A. tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
 - 1. For the record, prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of work.

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- 2. Verify that foundations are within tolerances specified.
- 3. Verify that reinforcing dowels are properly placed.
- Before installation, examine rough-in and built-in construction for piping systems to verify B. actual locations of piping connections.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- Thickness: Build cavity and composite walls and other masonry construction to full thickness A. shown. Build single-wythe walls to actual widths of masonry units, using units of widths indicated.
- B. Build chases and recesses to accommodate items specified in this and other Sections.
- Leave openings for equipment to be installed before completing masonry. After installing C. equipment, complete masonry to match the construction immediately adjacent to opening.
- D. Use full-size units without cutting if possible. If cutting is required to provide a continuous pattern or to fit adjoining construction, cut units with motor-driven saws; provide clean, sharp, unchipped edges. Allow units to dry before laying unless wetting of units is specified. Install cut units with cut surfaces and, where possible, cut edges concealed.
- E. Matching Existing Masonry: Match coursing, bonding, color, and texture of existing masonry.

3.3 **TOLERANCES**

Lines and Levels: Α.

- 1. For conspicuous horizontal lines, such as lintels, sills, parapets, and reveals, do not vary from level by more than 1/4 inch in 20 feet, or 1/2 inch maximum.
- 2. For conspicuous vertical lines, such as external corners, door jambs, reveals, and expansion and control joints, do not vary from plumb by more than 1/4 inch in 20 feet, or 1/2 inch maximum.

3. For vertical alignment of exposed head joints, do not vary from plumb by more than 1/4 inch in 10 feet, or 1/2 inch maximum.

B. Joints:

- 1. For exposed bed joints, do not vary from thickness indicated by more than plus or minus 1/8 inch, with a maximum thickness limited to 1/2 inch.
- 2. For exposed head joints, do not vary from thickness indicated by more than plus or minus 1/8 inch. Do not vary from adjacent bed-joint and head-joint thicknesses by more than 1/8 inch.

3.4 LAYING MASONRY WALLS

- A. Lay out walls in advance for accurate spacing of surface bond patterns with uniform joint thicknesses and for accurate location of openings, movement-type joints, returns, and offsets. Avoid using less-than-half-size units, particularly at corners, jambs, and, where possible, at other locations.
- B. Bond Pattern for Exposed Masonry: Unless otherwise indicated, lay exposed masonry in bond pattern indicated on Drawings; do not use units with less than nominal 4-inch horizontal face dimensions at corners or jambs.
- C. Lay concealed masonry with all units in a wythe in running bond or bonded by lapping not less than [2 inches] [4-inches]. Bond and interlock each course of each wythe at corners. Do not use units with less than nominal 4-inch horizontal face dimensions at corners or jambs.
- D. Stopping and Resuming Work: Stop work by racking back units in each course from those in course below; do not tooth. When resuming work, clean masonry surfaces that are to receive mortar, remove loose masonry units and mortar, and wet brick if required before laying fresh masonry.
- E. Built-in Work: As construction progresses, build in items specified in this and other Sections. Fill in solidly with masonry around built-in items.
- F. Fill space between steel frames and masonry solidly with mortar unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Where built-in items are to be embedded in cores of hollow masonry units, place a layer of metal lath, wire mesh, or plastic mesh in the joint below and rod mortar or grout into core.
- H. Fill cores in hollow CMUs with grout 24 inches under bearing plates, beams, lintels, posts, and similar items unless otherwise indicated.

3.5 MORTAR BEDDING AND JOINTING

- A. Lay hollow brick CMUs as follows:
 - 1. With face shells fully bedded in mortar and with head joints of depth equal to bed joints.

- 2. With webs fully bedded in mortar in all courses of piers, columns, and pilasters.
- 3. With webs fully bedded in mortar in grouted masonry, including starting course on footings.
- 4. With entire units, including areas under cells, fully bedded in mortar at starting course on footings where cells are not grouted.
- B. Cut joints flush for masonry walls to receive plaster or other direct-applied finishes (other than paint) unless otherwise indicated.

3.6 MASONRY JOINT REINFORCEMENT

- A. General: Install entire length of longitudinal side rods in mortar with a minimum cover of 5/8 inch on exterior side of walls, 1/2 inch elsewhere. Lap reinforcement a minimum of 6 inches.
 - 1. Space reinforcement not more than 16 inches o.c.
 - 2. Provide reinforcement not more than 8 inches above and below wall openings and extending 12 inches beyond openings in addition to continuous reinforcement.
- B. Interrupt joint reinforcement at control and expansion joints unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Provide continuity at wall intersections by using prefabricated T-shaped units.
- D. Provide continuity at corners by using prefabricated L-shaped units.
- E. Cut and bend reinforcing units as directed by manufacturer for continuity at returns, offsets, column fireproofing, pipe enclosures, and other special conditions.

3.7 CONTROL AND EXPANSION JOINTS

- A. General: Install control and expansion joint materials in unit masonry as masonry progresses. Do not allow materials to span control and expansion joints without provision to allow for inplane wall or partition movement.
- B. Form control joints in concrete masonry as follows:
 - 1. Fit bond-breaker strips into hollow contour in ends of CMUs on one side of control joint. Fill resultant core with grout and rake out joints in exposed faces for application of sealant.
 - 2. Install preformed control-joint gaskets designed to fit standard sash block.
 - 3. Install interlocking units designed for control joints. Install bond-breaker strips at joint. Keep head joints free and clear of mortar or rake out joint for application of sealant.
 - 4. Install temporary foam-plastic filler in head joints and remove filler when unit masonry is complete for application of sealant.

C. Provide horizontal, pressure-relieving joints by either leaving an air space or inserting a compressible filler of width required for installing sealant and backer rod specified in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants," but not less than [3/8 inch] <Insert minimum width>.

1. Locate horizontal, pressure-relieving joints beneath shelf angles supporting masonry.

3.8 LINTELS

- A. Install steel lintels where indicated.
- B. Provide concrete masonry lintels where shown and where openings of more than 12 inches for brick-size units and 24 inches for block-size units are shown without structural steel or other supporting lintels.
- C. Provide minimum bearing of 8 inches at each jamb unless otherwise indicated.

3.9 REINFORCED UNIT MASONRY INSTALLATION

- A. Temporary Formwork and Shores: Construct formwork and shores as needed to support reinforced masonry elements during construction.
 - 1. Construct formwork to provide shape, line, and dimensions of completed masonry as indicated. Make forms sufficiently tight to prevent leakage of mortar and grout. Brace, tie, and support forms to maintain position and shape during construction and curing of reinforced masonry.
 - 2. Do not remove forms and shores until reinforced masonry members have hardened sufficiently to carry their own weight and other loads that may be placed on them during construction.
- B. Placing Reinforcement: Comply with requirements in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602.
- C. Grouting: Do not place grout until entire height of masonry to be grouted has attained enough strength to resist grout pressure.
 - 1. Comply with requirements in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602 for cleanouts and for grout placement, including minimum grout space and maximum pour height.

3.10 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing and Inspecting: Owner will engage special inspectors to perform tests and inspections and prepare reports. Allow inspectors access to scaffolding and work areas, as needed to perform tests and inspections. Retesting of materials that fail to comply with specified requirements shall be done at Contractor's expense.
- B. Inspections: Level 1 special inspections according to the "International Building Code."
- C. Testing Frequency: One set of tests for each 5000 sq. ft. of wall area or portion thereof.

D. Grout Test (Compressive Strength): For each mix provided, according to ASTM C 1019.

REPAIRING, POINTING, AND CLEANING 3.11

- Remove and replace masonry units that are loose, chipped, broken, stained, or otherwise A. damaged or that do not match adjoining units. Install new units to match adjoining units; install in fresh mortar, pointed to eliminate evidence of replacement.
- Pointing: During the tooling of joints, enlarge voids and holes, except weep holes, and B. completely fill with mortar. Point up joints, including corners, openings, and adjacent construction, to provide a neat, uniform appearance. Prepare joints for sealant application, where indicated.
- C. In-Progress Cleaning: Clean unit masonry as work progresses by dry brushing to remove mortar fins and smears before tooling joints.
- D. Final Cleaning: After mortar is thoroughly set and cured, clean exposed masonry as follows:
 - 1. Remove large mortar particles by hand with wooden paddles and nonmetallic scrape hoes or chisels.
 - 2. Test cleaning methods on sample wall panel; leave one-half of panel uncleaned for comparison purposes. Obtain Architect's approval of sample cleaning before proceeding with cleaning of masonry.
 - 3. Protect adjacent stone and nonmasonry surfaces from contact with cleaner by covering them with liquid strippable masking agent or polyethylene film and waterproof masking tape.
 - 4. Wet wall surfaces with water before applying cleaners; remove cleaners promptly by rinsing surfaces thoroughly with clear water.
 - 5. Clean masonry with a proprietary acidic cleaner applied according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 6. Clean concrete masonry by cleaning method indicated in NCMA TEK 8-2A applicable to type of stain on exposed surfaces.

3.12 MASONRY WASTE DISPOSAL

A. Excess Masonry Waste: Remove excess clean masonry waste that cannot be used as fill, as described above, and other masonry waste, and legally dispose of off Owner's property.

END OF SECTION 04200

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SECTION 05500 - METAL FABRICATIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Miscellaneous steel framing and supports.
- 2. Shelf angles.
- 3. Metal ladders.
- 4. Miscellaneous steel trim.
- 5. Loose bearing and leveling plates.
- B. Products furnished, but not installed, under this Section:
 - 1. Loose steel lintels.
 - 2. Anchor bolts, steel pipe sleeves, slotted-channel inserts, and wedge-type inserts indicated to be cast into concrete or built into unit masonry.
 - 3. Steel weld plates and angles for casting into concrete.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Design ladders, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
- B. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes acting on exterior metal fabrications by preventing buckling, opening of joints, overstressing of components, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects.
 - 1. Temperature Change: 120 deg F (67 deg C), ambient; 180 deg F (100 deg C), material surfaces.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
 - 1. Paint products.
 - 2. Grout.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details for metal fabrications.
 - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and details of metal fabrications and their connections. Show anchorage and accessory items.
- C. Samples: For each type and finish.

D. Delegated-Design Submittal: For installed products indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 METALS, GENERAL

Metal Surfaces, General: Provide materials with smooth, flat surfaces without blemishes. A.

2.2 FERROUS METALS

- Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M. A.
- B. Stainless-Steel Bars and Shapes: ASTM A 276, Type 304.
- C. Steel Tubing: ASTM A 500, cold-formed steel tubing.
- D. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, standard weight (Schedule 40) unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Cast Iron: Either gray iron, ASTM A 48/A 48M, or malleable iron, ASTM A 47/A 47M.

2.3 NONFERROUS METALS

- A. Aluminum Extrusions: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M), Alloy 6063-T6.
- Aluminum-Alloy Rolled Tread Plate: ASTM B 632/B 632M, Alloy 6061-T6. B.
- C. Aluminum Castings: ASTM B 26/B 26M, Alloy 443.0-F.
- D. Bronze Extrusions: ASTM B 455, Alloy UNS No. C38500 (extruded architectural bronze).
- E. Bronze Castings: ASTM B 584, Alloy UNS No. C83600 (leaded red brass) or No. C84400 (leaded semired brass).
- F. Nickel Silver Castings: ASTM B 584, Alloy UNS No. C97600 (20 percent leaded nickel bronze).

2.4 **FASTENERS**

- General: Unless otherwise indicated, provide Type 304 stainless-steel fasteners for exterior use A. and zinc-plated fasteners with coating complying with ASTM B 633 or ASTM F 1941 (ASTM F 1941M), Class Fe/Zn 5, at exterior walls.
 - 1. Provide stainless-steel fasteners for fastening aluminum.
 - Provide stainless-steel fasteners for fastening stainless steel. 2.

- 3. Provide stainless-steel fasteners for fastening nickel silver.
- 4. Provide bronze fasteners for fastening bronze.
- B. Cast-in-Place Anchors in Concrete: Either threaded type or wedge type unless otherwise indicated; galvanized ferrous castings, either ASTM A 47/A 47M malleable iron or ASTM A 27/A 27M cast steel. Provide bolts, washers, and shims as needed, all hot-dip galvanized per ASTM F 2329.
- C. Post-Installed Anchors: Torque-controlled expansion anchors or chemical anchors.
 - 1. Material for Interior Locations: Carbon-steel components zinc plated to comply with ASTM B 633 or ASTM F 1941 (ASTM F 1941M), Class Fe/Zn 5, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Material for Exterior Locations and Where Stainless Steel is Indicated: Alloy Group 1 (A1) stainless-steel bolts, ASTM F 593 (ASTM F 738M), and nuts, ASTM F 594 (ASTM F 836M).
- D. Slotted-Channel Inserts: Cold-formed, hot-dip galvanized-steel box channels (struts) complying with MFMA-4, 1-5/8 by 7/8 inches (41 by 22 mm) by length indicated with anchor straps or studs not less than 3 inches (75 mm) long at not more than 8 inches (200 mm) o.c. Provide with temporary filler and tee-head bolts, complete with washers and nuts, all zinc-plated to comply with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 5, as needed for fastening to inserts.

2.5 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Low-Emitting Materials: Paints and coatings shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."
- B. Shop Primers: Provide primers that comply with Section 09911 "Exterior Painting" and Section 09912 "Interior Painting."
- C. Universal Shop Primer: Fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free, universal modified-alkyd primer complying with MPI#79 and compatible with topcoat.
- D. Epoxy Zinc-Rich Primer: Complying with MPI#20 and compatible with topcoat.
- E. Galvanizing Repair Paint: High-zinc-dust-content paint complying with SSPC-Paint 20 and compatible with paints specified to be used over it.
- F. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt emulsion complying with ASTM D 1187.
- G. Non-shrink, Nonmetallic Grout: Factory-packaged, non-staining, noncorrosive, nongaseous grout complying with ASTM C 1107. Provide grout specifically recommended by manufacturer for interior and exterior applications.

H. Concrete: Comply with requirements in Section 03300 "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for normal-weight, air-entrained, concrete with a minimum 28-day compressive strength of 3000 psi (20 MPa).

2.6 FABRICATION, GENERAL

- A. Shop Assembly: Preassemble items in the shop to greatest extent possible. Use connections that maintain structural value of joined pieces.
- B. Cut, drill, and punch metals cleanly and accurately. Remove burrs and ease edges. Remove sharp or rough areas on exposed surfaces.
- C. Weld corners and seams continuously to comply with the following:
 - 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
 - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
 - 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
 - 4. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended.
- D. Form exposed connections with hairline joints, flush and smooth, using concealed fasteners or welds where possible. Locate joints where least conspicuous.
- E. Fabricate seams and other connections that will be exposed to weather in a manner to exclude water. Provide weep holes where water may accumulate.
- F. Where units are indicated to be cast into concrete or built into masonry, equip with integrally welded steel strap anchors not less than 24 inches (600 mm) o.c.

2.7 MISCELLANEOUS FRAMING AND SUPPORTS

- A. General: Provide steel framing and supports not specified in other Sections as needed to complete the Work.
- B. Fabricate units from steel shapes, plates, and bars of welded construction unless otherwise indicated. Fabricate to sizes, shapes, and profiles indicated and as necessary to receive adjacent construction.
- C. Fabricate steel girders for wood frame construction from continuous steel shapes of sizes indicated.
 - 1. Where wood nailers are attached to girders with bolts or lag screws, drill or punch holes at 24 inches (600 mm) o.c.
- D. Fabricate steel pipe columns for supporting wood frame construction from steel pipe with steel base-plates and top plates as indicated. Drill or punch base-plates and top plates for anchor and connection bolts and weld to pipe with fillet welds all around. Make welds the same size as pipe wall thickness unless otherwise indicated.

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2.8 METAL LADDERS

A. General:

- 1. Comply with ANSI A14.3 unless otherwise indicated.
- 2. For elevator pit ladders, comply with ASME A17.1.

B. Steel Ladders:

- 1. Space side-rails as indicated on the drawings.
- 2. Space side-rails of elevator pit ladders 12 inches (300 mm) apart, unless otherwise indicated on the drawings.
- 3. Side-rails: Continuous, 3/8-by-2-1/2-inch (9.5-by-64-mm) steel flat bars, with eased edges, unless otherwise indicated on the drawings.
- 4. Rungs: 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) diameter steel bars, unless otherwise indicated on the drawings.
- 5. Fit rungs in centerline of side-rails; plug-weld and grind smooth on outer rail faces.
- 6. Provide nonslip abrasive surfaces on top of each rung.
- 7. Galvanize ladders, including brackets and fasteners.
- 8. Prime ladders, including brackets and fasteners, with zinc-rich primer.

2.9 MISCELLANEOUS STEEL TRIM

- A. Unless otherwise indicated, fabricate units from steel shapes, plates, and bars of profiles shown with continuously welded joints and smooth exposed edges. Miter corners and use concealed field splices where possible.
- B. Provide cutouts, fittings, and anchorages as needed to coordinate assembly and installation with other work.
- C. Galvanize miscellaneous steel trim.
- D. Prime miscellaneous steel trim with zinc-rich primer.

2.10 LOOSE BEARING AND LEVELING PLATES

A. Provide loose bearing and leveling plates for steel items bearing on masonry or concrete construction. Drill plates to receive anchor bolts and for grouting.

2.11 LOOSE STEEL LINTELS

- A. Fabricate loose steel lintels from steel angles and shapes of size indicated for openings and recesses in masonry walls and partitions at locations indicated.
- B. Galvanize loose steel lintels located in exterior walls.
- C. Prime loose steel lintels located in exterior walls with zinc-rich primer.

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2.12 STEEL WELD PLATES AND ANGLES

A. Provide steel weld plates and angles not specified in other Sections, for items supported from concrete construction as needed to complete the Work. Provide each unit with no fewer than two integrally welded steel strap anchors for embedding in concrete.

2.13 FINISHES, GENERAL

- A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Finish metal fabrications after assembly.

2.14 STEEL AND IRON FINISHES

- A. Galvanizing: Hot-dip galvanize items as indicated to comply with ASTM A 153/A 153M for steel and iron hardware and with ASTM A 123/A 123M for other steel and iron products.
- B. Shop prime iron and steel items not indicated to be galvanized unless they are to be embedded in concrete, sprayed-on fireproofing, or masonry, or unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Shop prime with universal shop prime, or primers specified in Section 09911 "Exterior Painting" and Section 09912 "Interior Painting" unless zinc-rich primer is indicated.
- C. Preparation for Shop Priming: Prepare surfaces to comply with requirements indicated below:
 - 1. Exterior Items: SSPC-SP 6/NACE No. 3, "Commercial Blast Cleaning."
 - 2. Items Indicated to Receive Zinc-Rich Primer: SSPC-SP 6/NACE No. 3, "Commercial Blast Cleaning."
 - 3. Other Items: SSPC-SP 3, "Power Tool Cleaning."
- D. Shop Priming: Apply shop primer to comply with SSPC-PA 1, "Paint Application Specification No. 1: Shop, Field, and Maintenance Painting of Steel," for shop painting.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Cutting, Fitting, and Placement: Perform cutting, drilling, and fitting required for installing metal fabrications. Set metal fabrications accurately in location, alignment, and elevation; with edges and surfaces level, plumb, true, and free of rack; and measured from established lines and levels.
- B. Fit exposed connections accurately together to form hairline joints. Weld connections that are not to be left as exposed joints but cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations. Do not weld, cut, or abrade surfaces of exterior units that have been hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and are for bolted or screwed field connections.

- C. Field Welding: Comply with the following requirements:
 - 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
 - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
 - 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
 - 4. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended.
- D. Fastening to In-Place Construction: Provide anchorage devices and fasteners where metal fabrications are required to be fastened to in-place construction.
- E. Provide temporary bracing or anchors in formwork for items that are to be built into concrete, masonry, or similar construction.

3.2 INSTALLING BEARING AND LEVELING PLATES

- A. Clean concrete and masonry bearing surfaces of bond-reducing materials, and roughen to improve bond to surfaces. Clean bottom surface of plates.
- B. Set bearing and leveling plates on wedges, shims, or leveling nuts. After bearing members have been positioned and plumbed, tighten anchor bolts. Do not remove wedges or shims but, if protruding, cut off flush with edge of bearing plate before packing with grout.
- C. Pack grout solidly between bearing surfaces and plates to ensure that no voids remain.

3.3 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Touchup Painting: Immediately after erection, clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas. Paint uncoated and abraded areas with the same material as used for shop painting to comply with SSPC-PA 1 for touching up shop-painted surfaces.
- B. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and repair galvanizing to comply with ASTM A 780.

END OF SECTION 05500

SECTION 06100 - ROUGH CARPENTRY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Framing with dimension lumber.
- 2. Rooftop equipment bases and support curbs.
- 3. Wood blocking, cants, and nailers.
- 4. Wood furring and grounds.
- 5. Wood sleepers.
- 6. Plywood backing panels.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of process and factory-fabricated product.
 - 1. Include data for wood-preservative treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements.
 - 2. Include data for fire-retardant treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Certificates: For dimension lumber specified to comply with minimum allowable unit stresses. Indicate species and grade selected for each use and design values approved by the ALSC Board of Review.
- B. Evaluation Reports: For the following, from ICC-ES:
 - 1. Wood-preservative-treated wood.
 - 2. Fire-retardant-treated wood.
 - 3. Engineered wood products.
 - 4. Power-driven fasteners.
 - 5. Powder-actuated fasteners.
 - 6. Expansion anchors.
 - 7. Metal framing anchors.

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Issued For Construction
October 19, 2012
102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050
County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 WOOD PRODUCTS, GENERAL

- A. Lumber: DOC PS 20 and applicable rules of grading agencies indicated. If no grading agency is indicated, provide lumber that complies with the applicable rules of any rules-writing agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review. Provide lumber graded by an agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review to inspect and grade lumber under the rules indicated.
 - 1. Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of grading agency.
 - 2. For exposed lumber indicated to receive a stained or natural finish, mark grade stamp on end or back of each piece or omit grade stamp and provide certificates of grade compliance issued by grading agency.
 - 3. Provide dressed lumber, S4S, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Maximum Moisture Content of Lumber: 19 percent unless otherwise indicated.

2.2 WOOD-PRESERVATIVE-TREATED LUMBER

- A. Preservative Treatment by Pressure Process: AWPA U1; Use Category UC2 for interior construction not in contact with the ground, Use Category UC3b for exterior construction not in contact with the ground, and Use Category UC4a for items in contact with the ground.
 - 1. Preservative Chemicals: Acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and containing no arsenic or chromium. Do not use inorganic boron (SBX) for sill plates.
- B. Kiln-dry lumber after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 19 percent. Do not use material that is warped or that does not comply with requirements for untreated material.
- C. Mark lumber with treatment quality mark of an inspection agency approved by the ALSC Board of Review.
- D. Application: Treat items indicated on Drawings, and the following:
 - 1. Wood cants, nailers, curbs, equipment support bases, blocking, stripping, and similar members in connection with roofing, flashing, vapor barriers, and waterproofing.
 - 2. Wood sills, sleepers, blocking, furring, stripping, and similar concealed members in contact with masonry or concrete.
 - 3. Wood framing and furring attached directly to the interior of below-grade exterior masonry or concrete walls.
 - 4. Wood framing members that are less than 18 inches (460 mm) above the ground in crawlspaces or unexcavated areas.
 - 5. Wood floor plates that are installed over concrete slabs-on-grade.

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2.3 FIRE-RETARDANT-TREATED MATERIALS

- General: Where fire-retardant-treated materials are indicated, use materials complying with A. requirements in this article, that are acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and with firetest-response characteristics specified as determined by testing identical products per test method indicated by a qualified testing agency.
- B. Fire-Retardant-Treated Lumber and Plywood by Pressure Process: Products with a flame spread index of 25 or less when tested according to ASTM E 84, and with no evidence of significant progressive combustion when the test is extended an additional 20 minutes, and with the flame front not extending more than 10.5 feet (3.2 m) beyond the centerline of the burners at any time during the test.
 - 1. Exterior Type: Treated materials shall comply with requirements specified above for fire-retardant-treated lumber and plywood by pressure process after being subjected to accelerated weathering according to ASTM D 2898. Use for exterior locations and where indicated.
 - 2. Interior Type A: Treated materials shall have a moisture content of 28 percent or less when tested according to ASTM D 3201 at 92 percent relative humidity. Use where exterior type is not indicated.
- C. Kiln-dry lumber after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 19 percent.
- Identify fire-retardant-treated wood with appropriate classification marking of qualified testing D. agency.
- E. Application: Treat items indicated on Drawings, and the following:
 - 1. Plywood backing panels.

2.4 **DIMENSION LUMBER FRAMING**

- Non-Load-Bearing Interior Partitions (where indicated on plans): No. 2 grade or better. A.
 - Application: Interior partitions not indicated as load-bearing. 1.
 - 2. Species:
 - Mixed southern pine; SPIB. a.
 - Northern species; NLGA. b.
 - c. Eastern softwoods; NeLMA.
 - Western woods; WCLIB or WWPA. d.
- В. Other Than Non-Load-Bearing Interior Partitions: No.2 grade or better.
 - Application: Framing other than interior partitions. 1.
 - 2. Species:
 - Hem-fir (north); NLGA. a.

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- b. Southern pine; SPIB.
- c. Douglas fir-larch; WCLIB or WWPA.
- d. Mixed southern pine; SPIB.
- e. Spruce-pine-fir; NLGA.
- f. Douglas fir-south; WWPA.
- g. Hem-fir; WCLIB or WWPA.
- h. Douglas fir-larch (north); NLGA.
- i. Spruce-pine-fir (south); NeLMA, WCLIB, or WWPA.
- C. Exposed Framing: Provide material hand-selected for uniformity of appearance and freedom from characteristics, on exposed surfaces and edges, that would impair finish appearance, including decay, honeycomb, knot-holes, shake, splits, torn grain, and wane.
 - 1. Application: Exposed exterior and interior framing indicated to receive a stained or natural finish.
 - 2. Species and Grade: As indicated above for load-bearing construction of same type.

2.5 MISCELLANEOUS LUMBER

- A. General: Provide miscellaneous lumber indicated and lumber for support or attachment of other construction, including the following:
 - 1. Blocking.
 - 2. Nailers.
 - 3. Rooftop equipment bases and support curbs.
 - 4. Cants.
 - 5. Furring.
 - 6. Grounds.
- B. For items of dimension lumber size, provide No. 2 grade, or better lumber of any species.
- C. For concealed boards, provide lumber with 19 percent maximum moisture content and any of the following species and grades:
 - 1. Mixed southern pine; No. 2 grade, or better; SPIB.
 - 2. Eastern softwoods; No. 2 Common grade, or better; NeLMA.
 - 3. Northern species; No. 2 Common grade, or better; NLGA.
 - 4. Western woods; No. 2 Common grade, or better; WCLIB or WWPA.

2.6 PLYWOOD BACKING PANELS

A. Equipment Backing Panels: DOC PS 1, Exterior, AC, fire-retardant treated, in thickness indicated or, if not indicated, not less than 3/4-inch (19-mm) nominal thickness.

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Interior Renovations
October 19, 2012
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2.7 FASTENERS

- A. General: Provide fasteners of size and type indicated that comply with requirements specified in this article for material and manufacture.
 - 1. Where rough carpentry is exposed to weather, in ground contact, pressure-preservative treated, or in area of high relative humidity, provide fasteners of Type 304 stainless steel.
- B. Power-Driven Fasteners: NES NER-272.
- C. Bolts: Steel bolts complying with ASTM A 307, Grade A (ASTM F 568M, Property Class 4.6); with ASTM A 563 (ASTM A 563M) hex nuts and, where indicated, flat washers.

2.8 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Sill-Sealer Gaskets: Glass-fiber-resilient insulation, fabricated in strip form, for use as a sill sealer; 1-inch (25-mm) nominal thickness, compressible to 1/32 inch (0.8 mm); selected from manufacturer's standard widths to suit width of sill members indicated.
- B. Flexible Flashing: Composite, self-adhesive, flashing product consisting of a pliable, butyl rubber or rubberized-asphalt compound, bonded to a high-density polyethylene film, aluminum foil, or spun-bonded polyolefin to produce an overall thickness of not less than 0.025 inch (0.6 mm).

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Set rough carpentry to required levels and lines, with members plumb, true to line, cut, and fitted. Fit rough carpentry to other construction; scribe and cope as needed for accurate fit. Locate furring, nailers, blocking, grounds, and similar supports to comply with requirements for attaching other construction.
- B. Framing Standard: Comply with AF&PA's WCD 1, "Details for Conventional Wood Frame Construction." unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Framing with Engineered Wood Products: Install engineered wood products to comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
- D. Install fire-retardant treated plywood backing panels with classification marking of testing agency exposed to view.
- E. Metal Framing Anchors: Install metal framing anchors to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Install fasteners through each fastener hole.
- F. Do not splice structural members between supports unless otherwise indicated.

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Issued For Construction October 19, 2012

G. Comply with AWPA M4 for applying field treatment to cut surfaces of preservative-treated lumber.

- H. Where wood-preservative-treated lumber is installed adjacent to metal decking, install continuous flexible flashing separator between wood and metal decking.
- Securely attach rough carpentry work to substrate by anchoring and fastening as indicated, I. complying with the following:
 - 1. NES NER-272 for power-driven fasteners.
 - 2. Table 2304.9.1, "Fastening Schedule," in ICC's International Building Code.
 - 3. Table R602.3(1), "Fastener Schedule for Structural Members," and Table R602.3(2), "Alternate Attachments," in ICC's International Residential Code for One- and Two-Family Dwellings.

3.2 **PROTECTION**

- Protect wood that has been treated with inorganic boron (SBX) from weather. If, despite A. protection, inorganic boron-treated wood becomes wet, apply EPA-registered borate treatment. Apply borate solution by spraying to comply with EPA-registered label.
- B. Protect rough carpentry from weather. If, despite protection, rough carpentry becomes wet, apply EPA-registered borate treatment. Apply borate solution by spraying to comply with EPAregistered label.

END OF SECTION 06100

ROUGH CARPENTRY 06100 - 6

County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

SECTION 06105 - MISCELLANEOUS CARPENTRY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Framing with dimension lumber.
- 2. Rooftop equipment bases and support curbs.
- 3. Wood blocking, cants, and nailers.
- 4. Wood furring and grounds.
- 5. Wood sleepers.
- 6. Utility shelving.
- 7. Plywood backing panels.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of process and factory-fabricated product. Indicate component materials and dimensions and include construction and application details.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Evaluation Reports: For the following, from ICC-ES:
 - 1. Preservative-treated wood.
 - 2. Fire-retardant-treated wood.
 - 3. Power-driven fasteners.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 WOOD PRODUCTS, GENERAL

- A. Lumber: DOC PS 20 and applicable rules of grading agencies indicated. If no grading agency is indicated, provide lumber that complies with the applicable rules of any rules-writing agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review. Provide lumber graded by an agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review to inspect and grade lumber under the rules indicated.
 - 1. Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of grading agency.
 - 2. For exposed lumber indicated to receive a stained or natural finish, mark grade stamp on end or back of each piece or omit grade stamp and provide certificates of grade compliance issued by grading agency.
 - 3. Provide dressed lumber, S4S, unless otherwise indicated.

В.

Maximum Moisture Content of Lumber: 19 percent unless otherwise indicated.

2.2 WOOD-PRESERVATIVE-TREATED MATERIALS

- A. Preservative Treatment by Pressure Process: AWPA U1; Use Category UC2 for interior construction not in contact with the ground, Use Category UC3b for exterior construction not in contact with the ground, and Use Category UC4a for items in contact with the ground.
 - Preservative Chemicals: Acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and containing no 1. arsenic or chromium. Do not use inorganic boron (SBX) for sill plates.
- B. Kiln-dry lumber after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 19 percent. Do not use material that is warped or does not comply with requirements for untreated material.
- C. Mark lumber with treatment quality mark of an inspection agency approved by the ALSC Board of Review.
- D. Application: Treat items indicated on Drawings, and the following:
 - Wood cants, nailers, curbs, equipment support bases, blocking, stripping, and similar 1. members in connection with roofing, flashing, vapor barriers, and waterproofing.
 - Wood sills, sleepers, blocking, furring, stripping, and similar concealed members in 2. contact with masonry or concrete.
 - Wood framing and furring attached directly to the interior of below-grade exterior 3. masonry or concrete walls.
 - 4. Wood framing members that are less than 18 inches (460 mm) above the ground in crawl spaces or unexcavated areas.
 - Wood floor plates that are installed over concrete slabs-on-grade. 5.

2.3 FIRE-RETARDANT-TREATED MATERIALS

- Fire-Retardant-Treated Lumber and Plywood by Pressure Process: Products with a flame A. spread index of 25 or less when tested according to ASTM E 84, and with no evidence of significant progressive combustion when the test is extended an additional 20 minutes, and with the flame front not extending more than 10.5 feet (3.2 m) beyond the centerline of the burners at any time during the test.
 - Exterior Type: Treated materials shall comply with requirements specified above for 1. fire-retardant-treated lumber and plywood by pressure process after being subjected to accelerated weathering according to ASTM D 2898. Use for exterior locations and where indicated.
 - 2. Interior Type A: Treated materials shall have a moisture content of 28 percent or less when tested according to ASTM D 3201 at 92 percent relative humidity. Use where exterior type is not indicated.
 - Design Value Adjustment Factors: Treated lumber shall be tested according 3. ASTM D 5664, and design value adjustment factors shall be calculated according to ASTM D 6841. For enclosed roof framing, framing in attic spaces, and where high temperature fire-retardant treatment is indicated, provide material with adjustment factors

of not less than 0.85 modulus of elasticity and 0.75 for extreme fiber in bending for Project's climatological zone.

- B. Kiln-dry lumber after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 19 percent.
- C. Identify fire-retardant-treated wood with appropriate classification marking of testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- Application: Treat items indicated on Drawings, and the following: D.
 - 1. Framing for raised platforms.
 - Concealed blocking. 2.
 - Roof framing and blocking. 3.
 - Wood cants, nailers, curbs, equipment support bases, blocking, and similar members in 4. connection with roofing.
 - Plywood backing panels. 5.

2.4 **DIMENSION LUMBER FRAMING**

- A. Non-Load-Bearing Interior Partitions: No. 2 or better grade of any species.
- Other Framing: No. 2 or better grade and any of the following species: B.
 - 1. Hem-fir (north); NLGA.
 - Southern pine: SPIB. 2.
 - Douglas fir-larch; WCLIB or WWPA. 3.
 - Mixed southern pine; SPIB. 4.
 - Spruce-pine-fir; NLGA. 5.
 - Douglas fir-south; WWPA. 6.
 - Hem-fir; WCLIB or WWPA. 7.
 - 8. Douglas fir-larch (north); NLGA.
 - Spruce-pine-fir (south); NeLMA, WCLIB, or WWPA. 9.

2.5 MISCELLANEOUS LUMBER

- General: Provide miscellaneous lumber indicated and lumber for support or attachment of other A. construction, including the following:
 - 1. Blocking.
 - 2. Nailers.
 - Rooftop equipment bases and support curbs. 3.
 - Cants. 4.
 - 5. Furring.
 - Grounds. 6.
 - 7. Utility shelving.
- For items of dimension lumber size, provide No. 2 or better grade lumber of any species. В.

- C. For utility shelving, provide lumber with 15 percent maximum moisture content of eastern white pine, Idaho white, lodgepole, ponderosa, or sugar pine: Premium or No. 1, or better grade: NeLMA, NLGA, WCLIB, or WWPA.
- D. For concealed boards, provide lumber with 19 percent maximum moisture content and any of the following species and grades:
 - 1. Mixed southern pine, No. 2 grade, or better; SPIB.
 - 2. Eastern softwoods, No. 2 grade, or better; NELMA.
 - Northern species, No. 2 grade, or better; NLGA. 3.
 - Western woods, No. 2 grade, or better; WCLIB or WWPA. 4.

PLYWOOD BACKING PANELS 2.6

- Equipment Backing Panels: DOC PS 1, Exterior, AC, fire-retardant treated, in thickness A. indicated or, if not indicated, not less than 3/4-inch (19-mm) nominal thickness.
 - Plywood shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California 1. Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

2.7 **FASTENERS**

- General: Provide fasteners of size and type indicated that comply with requirements specified A. in this article for material and manufacture.
 - 1. Where carpentry is exposed to weather, in ground contact, pressure-preservative treated, or in area of high relative humidity, provide fasteners of Type 304 stainless steel.
- B. Power-Driven Fasteners: NES NER-272.
- C. Screws for Fastening to Metal Framing: ASTM C 1002, length as recommended by screw manufacturer for material being fastened.

2.8 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

Flexible Flashing: Self-adhesive butyl rubber or rubberized-asphalt compound, bonded to a A. high-density polyethylene film, aluminum foil, or spun-bonded polyolefin to produce an overall thickness of not less than 0.025 inch (0.6 mm).

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

Set carpentry to required levels and lines, with members plumb, true to line, cut, and fitted. Fit A. carpentry to other construction; scribe and cope as needed for accurate fit.

- В. Where wood-preservative-treated lumber is installed adjacent to metal decking, install continuous flexible flashing separator between wood and metal decking.
- Framing Standard: Comply with AF&PA's WCD 1, "Details for Conventional Wood Frame C. Construction," unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Install plywood backing panels by fastening to studs; coordinate locations with utilities requiring backing panels. Install fire-retardant treated plywood backing panels with classification marking of testing agency exposed to view.
- E. Do not splice structural members between supports unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Comply with AWPA M4 for applying field treatment to cut surfaces of preservative-treated lumber.
- G. Securely attach carpentry work to substrate by anchoring and fastening as indicated, complying with the following:
 - 1. NES NER-272 for power-driven fasteners.
 - 2. Table 2304.9.1, "Fastening Schedule," in ICC's International Building Code.
 - 3. Table R602.3(1), "Fastener Schedule for Structural Members," and Table R602.3(2), "Alternate Attachments," in ICC's International Residential Code for One- and Two-Family Dwellings.

3.2 **PROTECTION**

Protect wood that has been treated with inorganic boron (SBX) from weather. If, despite A. protection, inorganic boron-treated wood becomes wet, apply EPA-registered borate treatment. Apply borate solution by spraying to comply with EPA-registered label.

END OF SECTION 06105

SECTION 06201 - EXTERIOR FINISH CARPENTRY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Exterior wood, cellular PVC and foam plastic trim.
- 2. Lumber, and Plywood siding.
- 3. Plywood soffits.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of process and factory-fabricated product.
- B. Samples: For each type of product involving selection of colors, profiles, or textures.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Compliance Certificates:

- 1. For lumber that is not marked with grade stamp.
- 2. For preservative-treated wood that is not marked with treatment-quality mark.
- B. Evaluation Reports: For the following, from ICC-ES:
 - 1. Wood-preservative-treated wood.
 - 2. Cellular PVC trim.
 - 3. Foam plastic moldings.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS, GENERAL

- A. Lumber: DOC PS 20.
 - 1. Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of inspection agency indicating grade, species, moisture content at time of surfacing, and mill.
- B. Softwood Plywood: DOC PS 1.
- C. Hardboard: ANSI A135.4.

2.2 WOOD-PRESERVATIVE-TREATED MATERIALS

- A. Preservative Treatment by Pressure Process: AWPA U1; Use Category UC3b.
 - 1. Kiln dry lumber and plywood after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 19 and 18 percent respectively.
 - 2. Preservative Chemicals: Acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and containing no arsenic or chromium.
 - 3. Application: All exterior lumber and plywood.

2.3 EXTERIOR TRIM

- A. Lumber Trim:
 - 1. Species and Grade: Western red cedar, Clear Heart VG (Vertical Grain); NLGA, WCLIB, or WWPA.
 - 2. Maximum Moisture Content: 19 percent.
 - 3. Face Surface: Surfaced (smooth).
- B. Moldings: WMMPA WM 4, N-grade wood moldings, without finger jointing. Made from kilndried stock to patterns included in WMMPA WM 12.
 - 1. Species: Western red cedar.
- C. Cellular PVC Trim: Extruded, expanded PVC with a small-cell microstructure, recommended by manufacturer for exterior use, made from UV- and heat-stabilized, rigid material.
 - 1. <u>Products</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. <u>CertainTeed Corporation; CertainTeed Restoration Millwork.</u>
 - 2. Density: Not less than 31 lb/cu. ft. (500 kg/cu. m).
 - 3. Heat Deflection Temperature: Not less than 130 deg F (54 deg C), according to ASTM D 648.
 - 4. Water Absorption: Not more than 1 percent, according to ASTM D 570.
 - 5. Flame-Spread Index: 75 or less, according to ASTM E 84.

2.4 LUMBER SIDING

- A. Provide kiln-dried lumber siding complying with DOC PS 20.
- B. Species and Grade: Clear VG (Vertical Grain) Heart western red cedar; NLGA, WCLIB, or WWPA.

2.5 PLYWOOD SIDING

A. Plywood Type: APA-rated siding in panel sizes indicated.

102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050

Face Grade: 303-6-S.

1. Face Grade: 303-OC.

- B. Thickness: As indicated.
- C. Face Species: Western red cedar.
- D. Pattern: Plain.

2.

E. Surface: Smooth.

2.6 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Fasteners for Exterior Finish Carpentry: Provide nails or screws, in sufficient length to penetrate not less than 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) into wood substrate.
 - 1. Provide fasteners compatible with surface being fastened to assure the prevention of galvanic action or corrosion.
 - 2. For applications not otherwise indicated, provide stainless-steel fasteners.
- B. Sealants: Latex, complying with ASTM C 834 Type OP, Grade NF and with applicable requirements in Section 07920 "Joint Sealants," recommended by sealant manufacturer and manufacturer of substrates for intended application.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Prime lumber and moldings to be painted, including both faces and edges, unless factory primed. Cut to required lengths and prime ends. Comply with requirements in Section 09911 "Exterior Painting."

3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Install exterior finish carpentry level, plumb, true, and aligned with adjacent materials. Use concealed shims where necessary for alignment.
 - 1. Scribe and cut exterior finish carpentry to fit adjoining work. Refinish and seal cuts as recommended by manufacturer.

3.3 STANDING AND RUNNING TRIM INSTALLATION

- A. Install flat-grain lumber with bark side exposed to weather.
- B. Install cellular PVC trim to comply with manufacturer's written instructions.

- C. Install trim with minimum number of joints practical, using full-length pieces from maximum lengths of lumber available. Do not use pieces less than 24 inches (610 mm) long except where necessary.
 - 1. Use scarf joints for end-to-end joints.
 - 2. Stagger end joints in adjacent and related members.
- D. Fit exterior joints to exclude water. Cope at returns and miter at corners.

3.4 SIDING INSTALLATION

- A. Install siding to comply with manufacturer's written instructions and warranty requirements.
- B. Lumber Siding: Installation to exactly match existing details. Nail at each stud. Do not allow nails to penetrate more than one thickness of siding.

END OF SECTION 06201

County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

SECTION 06202 - INTERIOR FINISH CARPENTRY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Interior trim.
- 2. Interior plywood, hardboard, or board paneling.
- 3. Shelving and clothes rods.
- 4. Interior stair railings.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of process and factory-fabricated product.
- B. Samples: For each type of paneling.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS, GENERAL

- A. Lumber: DOC PS 20.
 - 1. Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of inspection agency indicating grade, species, moisture content at time of surfacing, and mill.
 - a. For exposed lumber, mark grade stamp on end or back of each piece, or omit grade stamp and provide certificates of grade compliance issued by inspection agency.
- B. Softwood Plywood: DOC PS 1.
- C. Hardboard: AHA A135.4.

2.2 INTERIOR TRIM

- A. Softwood Lumber Trim:
 - 1. Species and Grade: Match Existing, Clear Heart; NLGA, WCLIB, or WWPA.
 - 2. Maximum Moisture Content: 15 percent.
- B. Hardwood Lumber Trim:
 - 1. Species and Grade: Match Existing, Clear; NHLA.

- 2. Maximum Moisture Content: 9 percent.
- C. Softwood Moldings for Transparent Finish (Stain or Clear Finish): WMMPA WM 4, N-grade wood moldings. Made to patterns included in WMMPA WM 12.
 - Species: Match Existing. 1.
 - Maximum Moisture Content: 15 percent. 2.
- Hardwood Moldings for Transparent Finish (Stain or Clear Finish): WMMPA HWM 2, N-D. grade wood moldings made to patterns included in WMMPA HWM 1.
 - 1. Species: Match Existing.
 - 2. Maximum Moisture Content: 9 percent.
- Moldings for Opaque Finish (Painted Finish): Made to patterns included in WMMPA WM 12. E.
 - Hardwood Moldings: WMMPA HWM 2, P-grade. 1.
 - Species: Match Existing.
 - Maximum Moisture Content: 9 percent. b.

F. Molding Patterns:

1. All molding patterns shall exactly match existing molding patterns, including width, shape, front and back profile, and thickness. Contractor to have new knives cut as required so that new molding patterns exactly match existing patterns.

2.3 **PANELING**

- Hardwood Veneer Plywood Paneling: Manufacturer's stock hardwood plywood panels A. complying with HPVA HP-1, made without urea-formaldehyde adhesive.
 - 1. Face Veneer Species and Cut: Match existing interior door panels.
 - 2. Veneer Matching: Selected for similar color and grain.
 - 3. Thickness: As indicated on the drawings.
 - Finish: Match Architect's samples. 4.

2.4 SHELVING AND CLOTHES RODS

- Shelving: Made from the following material, 3/4 inch (19 mm) thick. A.
 - 1. MDO softwood plywood with solid-wood edge.
- Shelf Cleats: 3/4-by-3-1/2-inch (19-by-89-mm) boards, or, where indicated, 3/4-by-5-1/2-inch B. (19-by-140-mm) boards with hole and notch to receive clothes rods, as specified above for shelving and lumber trim.
- C. Shelf Brackets with Rod Support: Where required, BHMA A156.16, B04051; prime-painted formed steel.

- D. Shelf Brackets without Rod Support: Where required, BHMA A156.16, B04041; prime-painted formed steel.
- E. Clothes Rods: 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) diameter, clear, kiln-dried hardwood.

RAILINGS 2.5

- Interior Railings: Clear, kiln-dried, match existing adjacent railing. A.
- B. Balusters: Clear, kiln-dried, match existing adjacent railing.
- C. Newel Posts: Clear, kiln-dried, match existing adjacent railing.

2.6 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- Glue: Aliphatic-resin, polyurethane, or resorcinol wood glue recommended by manufacturer A. for general carpentry use.
 - Wood glue shall have a VOC content of 30 g/L or less when calculated according to 1. 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
- Paneling Adhesive: Comply with paneling manufacturer's written recommendations for В. adhesives.
 - Adhesive shall have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 1. 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 **PREPARATION**

Before installing interior finish carpentry, condition materials to average prevailing humidity in A. installation areas for a minimum of 24 hours, unless longer conditioning is recommended by manufacturer.

3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- Install interior finish carpentry level, plumb, true, and aligned with adjacent materials. Use A. concealed shims where necessary for alignment.
 - 1. Scribe and cut interior finish carpentry to fit adjoining work. Refinish and seal cuts as recommended by manufacturer.
 - Countersink fasteners, fill surface flush, and sand unless otherwise indicated. 2.
 - Install to tolerance of 1/8 inch in 96 inches (3 mm in 2438 mm) for level and plumb. Install adjoining interior finish carpentry with 1/32-inch (0.8-mm) maximum offset for flush installation and 1/16-inch (1.5-mm) maximum offset for reveal installation.

3.3 STANDING AND RUNNING TRIM INSTALLATION

A. Install with minimum number of joints practical, using full-length pieces from maximum lengths of lumber available. Cope or Miter at returns (whichever matches existing adjacent trim detail), miter at outside corners, and cope at inside corners to produce tight-fitting joints with full-surface contact throughout length of joint. Use scarf joints for end-to-end joints.

3.4 PANELING INSTALLATION

- A. Plywood Paneling: Select and arrange panels on each wall to minimize noticeable variations in grain character and color between adjacent panels. Leave 1/4-inch (6-mm) gap to be covered with trim at top, bottom, and openings. Install with uniform tight joints between panels.
 - 1. Attach panels to supports with manufacturer's recommended panel adhesive and fasteners. Space fasteners and adhesive as recommended by panel manufacturer.
 - 2. Conceal fasteners to greatest practical extent.

3.5 SHELVING AND CLOTHES ROD INSTALLATION

- A. Cut shelf cleats at ends of shelves about 1/2 inch (13 mm) less than width of shelves and sand exposed ends smooth.
- B. Install shelf cleats by fastening to framing or backing with finish nails or trim screws, set below face and filled. Space fasteners not more than 16 inches (400 mm) o.c.
- C. Install shelf brackets according to manufacturer's written instructions, spaced not more than 32 inches (800 mm) o.c. Fasten to framing members, blocking, or metal backing, or use toggle bolts or hollow wall anchors.
- D. Cut shelves to neatly fit openings with only enough gap to allow shelves to be removed and reinstalled. Install shelves, fully seated on cleats, brackets, and supports.

3.6 RAILING INSTALLATION

- A. Balusters: Dovetail or mortise balusters into treads, glue, and nail in place. Let into railings and glue in place.
- B. Newel Posts: Secure newel posts to stringers, rough carriages, and risers with countersunk-head wood screws and glue.
- C. Railings: Secure wall rails with metal brackets. Fasten freestanding railings to newel posts and to trim at walls with countersunk-head wood screws or rail bolts, and glue. Assemble railings at goosenecks, easements, and splices with rail bolts and glue.

END OF SECTION 06202

County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

SECTION 06411 - WOOD-VENEER-FACED ARCHITECTURAL CABINETS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Architectural wood cabinets.
- 2. Wood furring, blocking, shims, and hanging strips for installing architectural wood cabinets unless concealed within other construction before cabinet installation.
- 3. Shop finishing of architectural wood cabinets.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product, including panel products, cabinet hardware and accessories and finishing materials and processes.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show location of each item, dimensioned plans and elevations, large-scale details, attachment devices, and other components.

C. Samples:

- 1. Lumber for transparent finish, for each species and cut, finished on one side and one edge.
- 2. Veneer leaves representative of and selected from flitches to be used for transparent-finished cabinets.
- 3. Lumber and panel products with shop-applied opaque finish, for each finish system and color, with exposed surface finished.
- 4. Thermoset decorative panels, for each color, pattern, and surface finish.
- 5. Exposed cabinet hardware and accessories, one unit for each type and finish.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Woodwork Quality Standard Compliance Certificates: AWI Quality Certification Program certificates.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fabricator Qualifications: Certified participant in AWI's Quality Certification Program.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Fabricator of products.

1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install cabinets until building is enclosed, wet work is complete, and HVAC system is operating and maintaining temperature and relative humidity at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ARCHITECTURAL WOOD CABINETS, GENERAL

- A. Quality Standard: Unless otherwise indicated, comply with the "Architectural Woodwork Standards" for grades of architectural wood cabinets indicated for construction, finishes, installation, and other requirements.
 - 1. Provide labels and certificates from AWI certification program indicating that woodwork, including installation, complies with requirements of grades specified.

2.2 WOOD CABINETS FOR TRANSPARENT FINISH

- A. Grade: Premium.
- B. Regional Materials: Wood cabinets for transparent finish shall be manufactured within 500 miles (800 km) of Project site.
- C. Type of Construction: Face frame.
- D. Cabinet and Door and Drawer Front Interface Style: Flush Overlay.
- E. Reveal Dimension: 1/8 inch (13 mm).
- F. Wood for Exposed Surfaces: As indicated.
 - 1. Species: White birch.
 - 2. Cut: Plain sliced/plain sawn.
 - 3. Grain Direction: Vertically for doors and fixed panels, horizontally for drawer fronts.
 - 4. Matching of Veneer Leaves: Slip match.
 - 5. Veneer Matching within Panel Face: Running match.
- G. Semi-exposed Surfaces: Provide surface materials indicated below:
 - 1. Surfaces Other Than Drawer Bodies: Compatible species to that indicated for exposed surfaces, stained to match.
 - 2. Drawer Sub-fronts, Backs, and Sides: Solid-hardwood lumber.
 - 3. Drawer Bottoms: Hardwood plywood.
- H. Dust Panels: 1/4-inch (6.4-mm) plywood or tempered hardboard above compartments and drawers unless located directly under tops.

2.3 WOOD MATERIALS

- A. Wood Products: Provide materials that comply with requirements of referenced quality standard for each type of woodwork and quality grade specified unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Wood Moisture Content: 4 to 9 percent.
- B. Composite Wood and Agrifiber Products: Provide materials that comply with requirements of referenced quality standard for each type of woodwork and quality grade specified unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Medium-Density Fiberboard: ANSI A208.2, Grade 130, made with binder containing no urea formaldehyde.
 - 2. Particleboard: ANSI A208.1, Grade M-2, made with binder containing no urea formaldehyde.
 - 3. Softwood Plywood: DOC PS 1, medium-density overlay.
 - 4. Veneer-Faced Panel Products (Hardwood Plywood): HPVA HP-1, made with adhesive containing no urea formaldehyde.

2.4 CABINET HARDWARE AND ACCESSORIES

- A. General: Provide cabinet hardware and accessory materials associated with architectural cabinets except for items specified in Section 08712 "Door Hardware (Descriptive Specification)."
- B. Concealed Hinges (European Type): BHMA A156.9, B01602, 135 degrees of opening, self-closing.
- C. Back-Mounted Pulls: BHMA A156.9, B02011.
- D. Wire Pulls: Back mounted, solid metal, 5 inches (127 mm) long, 2-1/2 inches (63.5 mm) deep, and 5/16 inch (8 mm) in diameter.
- E. Adjustable Shelf Standards and Supports: BHMA A156.9, B04071; with shelf rests, B04081
- F. Shelf Rests: BHMA A156.9, B04013; metal, two-pin type with shelf hold-down clip.
- G. Drawer Slides: BHMA A156.9.
 - 1. Grade 1HD-100 and Grade 1HD-200: Side mounted; full-extension type; zinc-plated-steel ball-bearing slides.
 - 2. For drawers not more than 3 inches (75 mm) high and not more than 24 inches (600 mm) wide, provide Grade 1.
 - 3. For drawers more than 3 inches (75 mm) high but not more than 6 inches (150 mm) high and not more than 24 inches (600 mm) wide, provide Grade 1HD-100.
 - 4. For drawers more than 6 inches (150 mm) high or more than 24 inches (600 mm) wide, provide Grade 1HD-200.
 - 5. For trash bins not more than 20 inches (500 mm) high and 16 inches (400 mm) wide, provide Grade 1HD-200.

- H. Door Locks: BHMA A156.11, E07121.
- I. Drawer Locks: BHMA A156.11, E07041.
- J. Door and Drawer Silencers: BHMA A156.16, L03011.
- K. Exposed Hardware Finishes: For exposed hardware, provide finish that complies with BHMA A156.18 for BHMA finish number indicated.
 - 1. Dark, Oxidized, Satin Bronze, Oil Rubbed: BHMA 613 for bronze base; BHMA 640 for steel base; match Architect's sample.

2.5 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Furring, Blocking, Shims, and Hanging Strips: Softwood or hardwood lumber, kiln dried to less than 15 percent moisture content.
- B. Anchors: Select material, type, size, and finish required for each substrate for secure anchorage. Provide metal expansion sleeves or expansion bolts for post-installed anchors. Use nonferrousmetal or hot-dip galvanized anchors and inserts at inside face of exterior walls and at floors.
- C. Adhesives: Do not use adhesives that contain urea formaldehyde.

2.6 FABRICATION

- A. Complete fabrication, including assembly, finishing, and hardware application, to maximum extent possible before shipment to Project site. Disassemble components only as necessary for shipment and installation. Where necessary for fitting at site, provide ample allowance for scribing, trimming, and fitting.
- B. Shop-cut openings to maximum extent possible to receive hardware, appliances, electrical work, and similar items. Locate openings accurately and use templates or roughing-in diagrams to produce accurately sized and shaped openings. Sand edges of cutouts to remove splinters and burrs.

2.7 SHOP FINISHING

- A. General: Finish architectural wood cabinets at fabrication shop as specified in this Section. Defer only final touchup, cleaning, and polishing until after installation.
- B. Preparation for Finishing: Comply with referenced quality standard for sanding, filling countersunk fasteners, sealing concealed surfaces, and similar preparations for finishing architectural wood cabinets, as applicable to each unit of work.
 - 1. Back-priming: Apply one coat of sealer or primer, compatible with finish coats, to concealed surfaces of cabinets.
- C. Transparent Finish:

- 1. Grade: Premium.
- 2. Finish: System 12, water-based polyurethane.
- 3. Wash Coat for Closed-Grain Woods: Apply wash-coat sealer to cabinets made from closed-grain wood before staining and finishing.
- 4. Staining: Match Architect's sample of existing stain and finish.
- 5. Open Finish for Open-Grain Woods: Do not apply filler to open-grain woods.
- 6. Sheen: Satin, 31-45, or Semi-gloss, 46-60, matching Architect's sample of existing sheen gloss units measured on 60-degree gloss meter per ASTM D 523.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Before installation, condition cabinets to average prevailing humidity conditions in installation areas.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Grade: Install cabinets to comply with same grade as item to be installed.
- B. Install cabinetry level, plumb, true, and straight. Shim as required with concealed shims. Install level and plumb to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 96 inches (3 mm in 2400 mm).
- C. Scribe and cut cabinets to fit adjoining work, refinish cut surfaces, and repair damaged finish at cuts.
- D. Anchor cabinets to anchors or blocking built in or directly attached to substrates. Secure with countersunk, concealed fasteners and blind nailing. Use fine finishing nails or finishing screws for exposed fastening, countersunk and filled flush with woodwork.
- E. Cabinets: Install without distortion so doors and drawers fit openings properly and are accurately aligned. Adjust hardware to center doors and drawers in openings and to provide unencumbered operation. Complete installation of hardware and accessory items as indicated.
 - 1. Install cabinets with no more than 1/8 inch in 96-inch (3 mm in 2400-mm) sag, bow, or other variation from a straight line.
 - 2. Fasten wall cabinets through back, near top and bottom, and at ends not more than 16 inches (400 mm) o.c. with No. 10 wafer-head screws sized for not less than 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) penetration into wood framing, blocking, or hanging strips.
- F. Touch up finishing work specified in this Section after installation of woodwork. Fill nail holes with matching filler where exposed.

END OF SECTION 06411

SECTION 06412 - PLASTIC-LAMINATE-FACED ARCHITECTURAL CABINETS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Plastic-laminate-faced architectural cabinets.
- 2. Wood furring, blocking, shims, and hanging strips for installing plastic-laminate-faced architectural cabinets unless concealed within other construction before cabinet installation.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product, including: panel products, high-pressure decorative laminate, adhesive for bonding plastic laminate, fire-retardant-treated materials and cabinet hardware and accessories.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show location of each item, dimensioned plans and elevations, large-scale details, attachment devices, and other components.

C. Samples:

1. Plastic laminates, for each color, pattern, and surface finish.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Woodwork Quality Standard Compliance Certificates: AWI Quality Certification Program certificates.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fabricator Qualifications: Certified participant in AWI's Quality Certification Program.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Fabricator of products.

1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install cabinets until building is enclosed, wet work is complete, and HVAC system is operating and maintaining temperature and relative humidity at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PLASTIC-LAMINATE-FACED ARCHITECTURAL CABINETS

- A. Quality Standard: Unless otherwise indicated, comply with the "Architectural Woodwork Standards" for grades of architectural plastic-laminate cabinets indicated for construction, finishes, installation, and other requirements.
 - 1. Provide labels and certificates from AWI certification program indicating that woodwork, including installation, complies with requirements of grades specified.
- B. Grade: Premium.
- C. Type of Construction: Face frame.
- D. Cabinet, Door, and Drawer Front Interface Style: Flush overlay.
- E. Reveal Dimension: 1/8 inch (13 mm).
- F. High-Pressure Decorative Laminate: NEMA LD 3, grades as indicated or if not indicated, as required by woodwork quality standard.
 - 1. <u>Manufacturers</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Abet Laminati, Inc.
 - b. Formica Corporation.
 - c. Lamin-Art, Inc.
 - d. <u>Wilsonart International</u>; Div. of Premark International, Inc.
- G. Laminate Cladding for Exposed Surfaces:
 - 1. Horizontal Surfaces: Grade HGS.
 - 2. Vertical Surfaces: Grade HGS.
 - 3. Pattern Direction: Vertically for drawer fronts, doors, and fixed panels, or as indicated.
- H. Materials for Semi-exposed Surfaces:
 - 1. Surfaces Other Than Drawer Bodies: High-pressure decorative laminate, NEMA LD 3, Grade VGS.
 - 2. Drawer Sides and Backs: Solid-hardwood lumber.
 - 3. Drawer Bottoms: Hardwood plywood.
- I. Dust Panels: 1/4-inch (6.4-mm) plywood or tempered hardboard above compartments and drawers unless located directly under tops.
- J. Colors, Patterns, and Finishes: Provide materials and products that result in colors and textures of exposed laminate surfaces complying with the following requirements:

1. Match Architect's sample.

2.2 WOOD MATERIALS

- A. Wood Products: Provide materials that comply with requirements of referenced quality standard for each type of woodwork and quality grade specified unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Wood Moisture Content: 5 to 10 percent.
- B. Composite Wood and Agrifiber Products: Provide materials that comply with requirements of referenced quality standard for each type of woodwork and quality grade specified unless otherwise indicated.

2.3 CABINET HARDWARE AND ACCESSORIES

- A. General: Provide cabinet hardware and accessory materials associated with architectural cabinets except for items specified in Section 08712 "Door Hardware (Descriptive Specification)."
- B. Concealed Hinges (European Type): BHMA A156.9, B01602, 135 degrees of opening, self-closing.
- C. Back-Mounted Pulls: BHMA A156.9, B02011.
- D. Wire Pulls: Back mounted, solid metal, 5 inches (127 mm) long, 2-1/2 inches (63.5 mm) deep, and 5/16 inch (8 mm) in diameter.
- E. Adjustable Shelf Standards and Supports: BHMA A156.9, B04071; with shelf rests, B04081.
- F. Shelf Rests: BHMA A156.9, B04013; metal, two-pin type with shelf hold-down clip.
- G. Drawer Slides: BHMA A156.9.
 - 1. Grade 1HD-100 and Grade 1HD-200: Side mounted; full-extension type; zinc-plated-steel ball-bearing slides.
 - 2. For drawers more than 3 inches (75 mm) high but not more than 6 inches (150 mm) high and not more than 24 inches (600 mm) wide, provide Grade 1HD-100.
 - 3. For drawers more than 6 inches (150 mm) high or more than 24 inches (600 mm) wide, provide Grade 1HD-200.
 - 4. For trash bins not more than 20 inches (500 mm) high and 16 inches (400 mm) wide, provide Grade 1HD-200.
- H. Door Locks: BHMA A156.11, E07121.
- I. Drawer Locks: BHMA A156.11, E07041.
- J. Door and Drawer Silencers: BHMA A156.16, L03011.

- K. Exposed Hardware Finishes: For exposed hardware, provide finish that complies with BHMA A156.18 for BHMA finish number indicated.
 - 1. Dark, Oxidized, Satin Bronze, Oil Rubbed: BHMA 613 for bronze base; BHMA 640 for steel base; match Architect's sample.

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- Furring, Blocking, Shims, and Hanging Strips: Softwood or hardwood lumber, kiln dried to less A. than 15 percent moisture content.
- B. Anchors: Select material, type, size, and finish required for each substrate for secure anchorage. Provide metal expansion sleeves or expansion bolts for post-installed anchors. Use nonferrousmetal or hot-dip galvanized anchors and inserts at inside face of exterior walls and at floors.
- C. Adhesives: Do not use adhesives that contain urea formaldehyde.

2.5 **FABRICATION**

- Complete fabrication, including assembly and hardware application, to maximum extent A. possible before shipment to Project site. Disassemble components only as necessary for shipment and installation. Where necessary for fitting at site, provide ample allowance for scribing, trimming, and fitting.
- Shop-cut openings to maximum extent possible to receive hardware, appliances, electrical work, B. and similar items. Locate openings accurately and use templates or roughing-in diagrams to produce accurately sized and shaped openings. Sand edges of cutouts to remove splinters and burrs.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 **PREPARATION**

Before installation, condition cabinets to average prevailing humidity conditions in installation A. areas.

3.2 **INSTALLATION**

- Grade: Install cabinets to comply with same grade as item to be installed. A.
- Install cabinets level, plumb, true, and straight. Shim as required with concealed shims. Install B. level and plumb to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 96 inches (3 mm in 2400 mm).
- C. Scribe and cut cabinets to fit adjoining work, refinish cut surfaces, and repair damaged finish at cuts.

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D. Anchor cabinets to anchors or blocking built in or directly attached to substrates. Secure with countersunk, concealed fasteners and blind nailing. Use fine finishing nails or finishing screws for exposed fastening, countersunk and filled flush with woodwork.

- E. Cabinets: Install without distortion so doors and drawers fit openings properly and are accurately aligned. Adjust hardware to center doors and drawers in openings and to provide unencumbered operation. Complete installation of hardware and accessory items as indicated.
 - 1. Install cabinets with no more than 1/8 inch in 96-inch (3 mm in 2400-mm) sag, bow, or other variation from a straight line.
 - 2. Fasten wall cabinets through back, near top and bottom, and at ends not more than 16 inches (400 mm) o.c. with No. 10 wafer-head screws sized for not less than 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) penetration into wood framing, blocking, or hanging strips

END OF SECTION 06412

SECTION 06441 - ORNAMENTAL WOODWORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Exterior ornamental woodwork.
- 2. Interior ornamental woodwork.
- 3. Wood furring, blocking, shims, and hanging strips for installing ornamental work items unless concealed within other construction before woodwork installation.
- 4. Shop priming of exterior ornamental woodwork.
- 5. Shop priming of interior ornamental woodwork.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product, including panel products, fire-retardant-treated materials and finishing materials and processes.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show location of each item, dimensioned plans and elevations, large-scale details, attachment devices, and other components.

C. Samples:

- 1. Lumber for exterior wood-stain finish, for each species, with exposed surface finished.
- 2. Lumber for transparent finish, for each species and cut, finished on one side and one edge.
- 3. Veneer leaves representative of and selected from flitches to be used for transparent-finished ornamental woodwork.
- 4. Lumber and panel products with shop-applied opaque finish, for each finish system and color, with exposed surface finished.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Woodwork Quality Standard Compliance Certificates: AWI Quality Certification Program certificates.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fabricator Qualifications: Certified participant in AWI's Quality Certification Program.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Fabricator of products.

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1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Weather Limitations for Exterior Work: Proceed with installation of exterior ornamental woodwork only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit work to be performed and at least one coat of specified finish to be applied without exposure to rain, snow, or dampness.
- B. Environmental Limitations for Interior Work: Do not deliver or install interior ornamental woodwork until building is enclosed, wet work is complete, and HVAC system is operating and maintaining temperature and relative humidity at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ORNAMENTAL WOODWORK, GENERAL

- A. Quality Standard: Unless otherwise indicated, comply with the "Architectural Woodwork Standards" for grades of ornamental woodwork indicated for construction, finishes, installation, and other requirements.
 - 1. Provide labels and certificates from AWI certification program indicating that woodwork, including installation, complies with requirements of grades specified.

2.2 EXTERIOR ORNAMENTAL WORK FOR OPAQUE FINISH

- A. Exterior ornamental work for opaque finish includes the following:
 - 1. Columns.
 - 2. Pediment heads.
 - 3. Pilasters.
 - 4. As indicated on Drawings.
- B. Grade: Premium.
- C. Wood Species: Western red cedar.

2.3 INTERIOR ORNAMENTAL WORK FOR TRANSPARENT FINISH

- A. Interior ornamental work for transparent finish includes the following:
 - 1. As indicated on the drawings.
- B. Grade: Premium.
- C. Certified Wood: Interior ornamental work for transparent finish shall be produced from wood certified as "FSC Pure" or "FSC Mixed Credit" according to FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship," and FSC STD-40-004, "FSC Standard for Chain of Custody Certification."

- D. Wood Species and Cut: Match species and cut indicated for other types of transparent-finished architectural woodwork located in same area of building unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Species: Match Existing.
 - 2. Cut: Match Existing.

2.4 WOOD MATERIALS

- A. Wood Products: Provide materials that comply with requirements of referenced quality standard for each type of ornamental woodwork and quality grade specified unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Wood Moisture Content for Exterior Materials: 9 to 15 percent.
 - 2. Wood Moisture Content for Interior Materials: 5 to 10 percent.
- Composite Wood and Agrifiber Products: Provide materials that comply with requirements of B. referenced quality standard for each type of ornamental woodwork and quality grade specified unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Softwood Plywood: DOC PS 1, exterior, medium-density overlay.
 - 2. Veneer-Faced Panel Products (Hardwood Plywood): HPVA HP-1, made with adhesive containing no urea formaldehyde.
- C. Water-Repellent Preservative Treated Materials: Comply with AWPA N1 (dip, spray, flood, or vacuum-pressure treatment) for exterior ornamental woodwork items indicated to receive waterrepellent preservative treatment.
 - Preservative Chemicals: 3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate (IPBC), combined with an 1. insecticide containing chloropyrifos (CPF)].
 - Extent of Water-Repellent Preservative Treatment: Treat all exterior ornamental 2. woodwork unless otherwise indicated.

2.5 **MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS**

- A. Exterior Blocking, Shims, and Nailers: Softwood or hardwood lumber, pressure-preservative treated, fire-retardant treated, kiln dried to less than 15 percent moisture content.
 - 1. Preservative Treatment by Pressure Process: AWPA U1; Use Category UC3b.
 - Kiln dry lumber after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 19 percent. a.
 - Mark lumber with treatment quality mark of an inspection agency approved by the b. American Lumber Standards Committee's (ALSC) Board of Review.
- Interior Furring, Blocking, Shims, and Hanging Strips: Softwood or hardwood lumber, Fire-B. retardant-treated softwood lumber, kiln dried to less than 15 percent moisture content.
- C. Nails for Exterior Use: Aluminum, hot-dip galvanized or stainless steel.
- Screws for Exterior Use: Aluminum, bronze, hot-dip galvanized or stainless steel. D.

- E. Provide self-drilling screws for metal-framing supports.
- F. Anchors: Select material, type, size, and finish required for each substrate for secure anchorage. Provide metal expansion sleeves or expansion bolts for post-installed anchors. Use nonferrousmetal or hot-dip galvanized anchors and inserts at inside face of exterior walls and at floors.
- G. Adhesives: Do not use adhesives that contain urea formaldehyde.
- H. VOC Limits for Installation Adhesives and Sealants: Use products that comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):
 - 1. Wood Glues: 30 g/L.
 - 2. Multipurpose Construction Adhesives: 70 g/L.
 - 3. Structural Wood Member Adhesive: 140 g/L.
 - 4. Architectural Sealants: 250 g/L.

2.6 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate ornamental woodwork to dimensions, profiles, and details indicated. Ease edges to radius indicated for the following:
 - 1. Edges of Solid-Wood (Lumber) Members: 1/16 inch (1.5 mm) unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Edges of Rails and Similar Members More Than 3/4 Inch (19 mm) Thick: 1/8 inch (3 mm).
- B. Complete fabrication, including assembly, to maximum extent possible before shipment to Project site. Disassemble components only as necessary for shipment and installation. Where necessary for fitting at site, provide ample allowance for scribing, trimming, and fitting.

2.7 SHOP PRIMING

- A. Exterior Ornamental Woodwork for Opaque Finish: Shop prime with one coat of wood primer specified in Section 09911 "Exterior Painting."
- B. Interior Ornamental Woodwork for Transparent Finish: Shop seal with stain (if required), other required pretreatments, and first coat of finish as specified in Section 09931 "Wood Stains and Transparent Finishes."
- C. Preparations for Finishing: Comply with referenced quality standard for sanding, filling countersunk fasteners, sealing concealed surfaces, and similar preparations for finishing ornamental woodwork, as applicable to each unit of work.
 - 1. Back-priming: Apply one coat of sealer or primer, compatible with finish coats, to concealed surfaces of woodwork. Apply two coats to surfaces installed in contact with concrete or masonry and to end-grain surfaces.

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2.8 SHOP FINISHING

- A. General: Refer to Section 09911 "Exterior Painting", Section 09912 "Interior Painting" and Section 09931 "Wood Stains and Transparent Finishes" for field finishing ornamental woodwork not indicated to be shop finished.
- B. Preparation for Finishing: Comply with referenced quality standard for sanding, filling countersunk fasteners, sealing concealed surfaces, and similar preparations for finishing ornamental woodwork, as applicable to each unit of work.
 - 1. Back-priming: Apply one coat of sealer or primer, compatible with finish coats, to concealed surfaces of ornamental woodwork. Apply two coats to end-grain surfaces.
- C. Opaque Finish for Exterior Items: Comply with Section 09911 "Exterior Painting."
- D. Transparent Finish for Interior Items:
 - 1. Grade: Premium.
 - 2. Finish: System 12, water-based polyurethane.
 - 3. Wash Coat for Closed-Grain Woods: Apply wash-coat sealer to woodwork made from closed-grain wood before staining and finishing.
 - 4. Staining: Match approved sample for color.
 - 5. Open Finish for Open-Grain Woods: Match existing. Do not apply filler to open-grain woods.
 - 6. Filled Finish for Open-Grain Woods: match existing. After staining, apply wash-coat sealer and allow to dry. Apply paste wood filler and wipe off excess. Tint filler to match stained wood.
 - 7. Sheen: Satin, 31-45 or Semi-gloss, 46-60, to match existing. Gloss units measured on 60-degree gloss meter per ASTM D 523.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Before installation, condition ornamental woodwork to average prevailing humidity conditions in installation areas.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Grade: Install ornamental woodwork to comply with same grade as item to be installed.
- B. Install ornamental woodwork level, plumb, true, and straight. Shim as required with concealed shims. Install level and plumb to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 96 inches (3 mm in 2400 mm).
- C. Scribe and cut ornamental woodwork to fit adjoining work, refinish cut surfaces, and repair damaged finish at cuts.

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D. Fire-Retardant-Treated Wood: Handle, store, and install fire-retardant-treated wood to comply with chemical treatment manufacturer's written instructions, including those for adhesives used to install woodwork.

- E. Preservative-Treated Wood: Where cut or drilled in field, treat cut ends and drilled holes according to AWPA M4.
- F. Anchor ornamental woodwork to anchors or blocking built in or directly attached to substrates. Secure with countersunk, concealed fasteners and blind nailing. Use fine finishing nails or finishing screws for exposed fastening, countersunk and filled flush with ornamental woodwork.

END OF SECTION 06441

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SECTION 06451 - WOOD TRIM

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Exterior standing and running trim.
- 2. Interior standing and running trim.
- 3. Closet and utility shelving.
- 4. Wood furring, blocking, shims, and hanging strips for installing woodwork items unless concealed within other construction before woodwork installation.
- 5. Shop priming of wood trim.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product, including panel products, fire-retardant-treated materials and finishing materials and processes.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show location of each item, dimensioned plans and elevations, large-scale details, attachment devices, and other components.

C. Samples:

- 1. Lumber for transparent finish, for each species and cut, finished on one side and one edge.
- 2. Lumber and panel products with shop-applied opaque finish, for each finish system and color, with exposed surface finished.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Woodwork Quality Standard Compliance Certificates: AWI Quality Certification Program certificates.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fabricator Qualifications: Certified participant in AWI's Quality Certification Program.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Certified participant in AWI's Quality Certification Program.

1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Weather Limitations for Exterior Work: Proceed with installation of exterior wood trim only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit work to be performed and at least one coat of specified finish to be applied without exposure to rain, snow, or dampness.
- B. Environmental Limitations for Interior Work: Do not deliver or install interior wood trim until building is enclosed, wet work is complete, and HVAC system is operating and maintaining temperature and relative humidity at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 WOOD TRIM, GENERAL

- A. Quality Standard: Unless otherwise indicated, comply with the "Architectural Woodwork Standards" for grades of wood trim indicated for construction, finishes, installation, and other requirements.
 - 1. Provide labels and certificates from AWI certification program indicating that woodwork complies with requirements of grades specified.

2.2 EXTERIOR STANDING AND RUNNING TRIM FOR OPAQUE FINISH

- A. Grade: Premium.
- B. Certified Wood: Exterior trim for opaque finish shall be certified as "FSC Pure" or "FSC Mixed Credit" according to FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship," and FSC STD-40-004, "FSC Standard for Chain of Custody Certification."
- C. Wood Species: Western red cedar.

2.3 INTERIOR STANDING AND RUNNING TRIM FOR TRANSPARENT FINISH

- A. Grade: Premium.
- B. Wood Species and Cut: Match species and cut indicated for other types of transparent-finished architectural woodwork located in same area of building unless otherwise indicated.

2.4 INTERIOR STANDING AND RUNNING TRIM FOR OPAQUE FINISH

- A. Grade: Premium.
- B. Wood Species: Any closed-grain hardwood.

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2.5 CLOSET AND UTILITY SHELVING

- A. Grade: Premium.
- B. Shelf Material: Where indicated as transparent finish: ¾ inch solid lumber to match existing adjacent wood. Where indicated as opaque finish: ¾ inch (19-mm) veneer-faced panel product with solid-lumber edge.
- C. Cleats: 3/4-inch (19-mm) solid lumber.
- D. Wood Species: Where indicated as transparent finish: match species indicated for other types of transparent-finished architectural woodwork located in same area of building unless otherwise indicated, or match species indicated for door to closet where shelving is located. Where indicated for opaque finish: Any closed-grain hardwood.
- E. Closet Rods: 1-5/16-inch- (33-mm-) diameter, stainless-steel tubes complying with BHMA A156.16, L03131.

2.6 WOOD MATERIALS

- A. Wood Products: Provide materials that comply with requirements of referenced quality standard for each type of wood trim and quality grade specified unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Wood Moisture Content for Exterior Materials: 9 to 15 percent.
 - 2. Wood Moisture Content for Interior Materials: 4 to 9 percent.
- B. Water-Repellent Preservative Treated Materials: Comply with AWPA N1 (dip, spray, flood, or vacuum-pressure treatment) for exterior wood trim indicated to receive water-repellent preservative treatment.
 - 1. Preservative Chemicals: 3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate (IPBC), combined with an insecticide containing chloropyrifos (CPF)].
 - 2. Extent of Water-Repellent Preservative Treatment: Treat all exterior wood trim unless otherwise indicated.

2.7 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Exterior Blocking, Shims, and Nailers: Softwood or hardwood lumber, pressure-preservative treated, kiln dried to less than 15 percent moisture content.
 - 1. Preservative Treatment by Pressure Process: AWPA U1; Use Category UC3b.
 - a. Kiln dry lumber after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 19 percent.
 - b. Mark lumber with treatment quality mark of an inspection agency approved by the American Lumber Standards Committee's (ALSC) Board of Review.
- B. Interior Furring, Blocking, Shims, and Hanging Strips: Softwood or hardwood lumber, kiln dried to less than 15 percent moisture content.

C.

Nails for Exterior Use: Stainless steel.

- D. Screws for Exterior Use: Stainless steel.
- E. Provide self-drilling screws for metal-framing supports.
- F. Anchors: Select material, type, size, and finish required for each substrate for secure anchorage. Provide metal expansion sleeves or expansion bolts for post-installed anchors. Use nonferrousmetal or hot-dip galvanized anchors and inserts at inside face of exterior walls and at floors.
- G. Handrail Brackets: Cast from bronze with wall flange drilled for exposed anchor and tapped for concealed hanger bolt and with support arm for screwing to underside of rail. Sized to provide 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) clearance between handrail and wall.
- H. Adhesives: Do not use adhesives that contain urea formaldehyde.
- I. VOC Limits for Installation Adhesives and Sealants: Use products that comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):
 - 1. Wood Glues: 30 g/L.
 - 2. Multipurpose Construction Adhesives: 70 g/L.
 - 3. Structural Wood Member Adhesive: 140 g/L.
 - 4. Architectural Sealants: 250 g/L.

2.8 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate wood trim to dimensions, profiles, and details indicated. Ease edges to radius indicated for the following:
 - 1. Edges of Solid-Wood (Lumber) Members: 1/16 inch (1.5 mm) unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Edges of Rails and Similar Members More Than 3/4 Inch (19 mm) Thick: 1/8 inch (3 mm).
- B. Back-out or groove backs of flat trim members and kerf backs of other wide, flat members except for members with ends exposed in finished work.
- C. Assemble casings in shop except where shipping limitations require field assembly.

2.9 SHOP PRIMING

- A. Exterior Wood Trim for Opaque Finish: Shop prime with one coat of wood primer specified in Section 09911 "Exterior Painting."
- B. Interior Wood Trim for Opaque Finish: Shop prime with one coat of wood primer specified in Section 09912 "Interior Painting."

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C. Interior Wood Trim for Transparent Finish: Shop seal with stain (if required), other required pretreatments, and first coat of finish as specified in Section 09931 "Wood Stains and Transparent Finishes."

- D. Preparations for Finishing: Comply with referenced quality standard for sanding, filling countersunk fasteners, sealing concealed surfaces, and similar preparations for finishing wood trim, as applicable to each unit of work.
 - 1. Back-priming: Apply one coat of sealer or primer, compatible with finish coats, to concealed surfaces of wood trim. Apply two coats to surfaces installed in contact with concrete or masonry and to end-grain surfaces.

2.10 SHOP FINISHING

- General: Refer to Section 09911 "Exterior Painting", Section 09912 "Interior Painting" and] A. Section 09931 "Wood Stains and Transparent Finishes" for field finishing wood trim.
- Preparation for Finishing: Comply with referenced quality standard for sanding, filling B. countersunk fasteners, sealing concealed surfaces, and similar preparations for finishing wood trim, as applicable to each unit of work.
 - Back-priming: Apply one coat of sealer or primer, compatible with finish coats, to 1. concealed surfaces of wood trim. Apply two coats to end-grain surfaces.
- Opaque Finish for Exterior Trim: Comply with Section 09911 "Exterior Painting." C.
- Transparent Finish for Interior Trim: D.
 - 1. Grade: Premium.
 - Finish: System 12, water-based polyurethane. 2.
 - Wash Coat for Closed-Grain Woods: Apply wash-coat sealer to woodwork made from 3. closed-grain wood before staining and finishing.
 - Staining: Match Existing. Match approved sample for color. 4.
 - Open Finish for Open-Grain Woods: If existing interior trim has open finish, do not apply 5. filler to open-grain woods.
 - Filled Finish for Open-Grain Woods: If existing interior trim has filled finish, after 6. staining, apply wash-coat sealer and allow to dry. Apply paste wood filler and wipe off excess. Tint filler to match stained wood.
 - Sheen: Satin, 31-45 or Semigloss, 46-60 to match existing trim. Gloss units measured on 7. 60-degree gloss meter per ASTM D 523.

E. Opaque Finish for Interior Trim:

- 1. Grade: Premium.
- Finish: Benjamin Moore Satin Impervo "Best Quality" Alkyd Enamel, two coats over 2. recommended primer.
- 3. Color: Match Architect's sample.
- 4. Sheen: Satin, 31-45. Gloss units measured on 60-degree gloss meter per ASTM D 523.

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Before installation, condition wood trim to average prevailing humidity conditions in installation areas.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Grade: Install wood trim to comply with same grade as item to be installed.
- B. Install wood trim level, plumb, true, and straight. Shim as required with concealed shims. Install level and plumb to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 96 inches (3 mm in 2400 mm).
- C. Scribe and cut wood trim to fit adjoining work, refinish cut surfaces, and repair damaged finish at cuts.
- D. Preservative-Treated Wood: Where cut or drilled in field, treat cut ends and drilled holes according to AWPA M4.
- E. Anchor wood trim to anchors or blocking built in or directly attached to substrates. Secure with countersunk, concealed fasteners and blind nailing. Use fine finishing nails or finishing screws for exposed fastening, countersunk and filled flush with woodwork.
 - 1. For shop-finished items, use filler matching finish of items being installed.
- F. Standing and Running Trim: Install with minimum number of joints possible, using full-length pieces (from maximum length of lumber available) to greatest extent possible. Do not use pieces less than 96 inches (2400 mm) long except where shorter single-length pieces are necessary. Scarf running joints and stagger in adjacent and related members.
 - 1. Install wall railings on indicated metal brackets securely fastened to wall framing.
 - 2. Install standing and running trim with no more variation from a straight line than 1/8 inch in 96 inches (3 mm in 2400 mm).

END OF SECTION 06451

SECTION 06452 - WOOD FRAMES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Interior frames and jambs.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product, including fire-retardant-treated materials and finishing materials and processes.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show location of each item, dimensioned plans and elevations, large-scale details, attachment devices, and other components.

C. Samples:

- 1. Lumber for transparent finish, for each species and cut, finished on one side and one edge.
- 2. Lumber with shop-applied opaque finish, for each finish system and color, with exposed surface finished.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Woodwork Quality Standard Compliance Certificates: AWI Quality Certification Program certificates.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fabricator Qualifications: Certified participant in AWI's Quality Certification Program.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Certified participant in AWI's Quality Certification Program.

1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations for Interior Work: Do not deliver or install interior wood frames until building is enclosed, wet work is complete, and HVAC system is operating and maintaining temperature and relative humidity at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.

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PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 WOOD FRAMES, GENERAL

- A. Quality Standard: Unless otherwise indicated, comply with the "Architectural Woodwork Standards" for grades of wood frames indicated for construction, finishes, installation, and other requirements.
 - 1. Provide labels and certificates from AWI certification program indicating that woodwork complies with requirements of grades specified.

2.2 INTERIOR FRAMES AND JAMBS FOR TRANSPARENT FINISH

- A. Grade: Premium.
- B. Wood Species and Cut: Match species and cut indicated for other types of transparent-finished architectural woodwork located in same area of building unless otherwise indicated.
 - Species: Match Existing.
 Cut: Match Existing.

2.3 WOOD MATERIALS

- A. Wood Products: Provide materials that comply with requirements of referenced quality standard for each type of wood frame and quality grade specified unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Wood Moisture Content for Interior Materials: 5 to 10 percent.

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Interior Blocking, Shims, and Nailers: Softwood or hardwood lumber, kiln dried to less than 15 percent moisture content.
- B. Provide self-drilling screws for metal-framing supports.
- C. Anchors: Select material, type, size, and finish required for each substrate for secure anchorage. Provide metal expansion sleeves or expansion bolts for post-installed anchors. Use nonferrousmetal or hot-dip galvanized anchors and inserts at inside face of exterior walls and at floors.
- D. Adhesives: Do not use adhesives that contain urea formaldehyde.

2.5 FABRICATION

A. Fabricate wood frames to dimensions, profiles, and details indicated. Ease edges to radius indicated for the following:

WOOD FRAMES 06452 - 2

indicated.

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1. Edges of Solid-Wood (Lumber) Members: 1/16 inch (1.5 mm) unless otherwise

2.6 **SHOP PRIMING**

- Interior Wood Frames for Opaque Finish: Shop prime with one coat of wood primer specified A. in Section 09912 "Interior Painting."
- Interior Wood Frames for Transparent Finish: Shop seal with stain (if required), other required B. pretreatments, and first coat of finish as specified in Section 09931 "Wood Stains and Transparent Finishes."
- C. Preparations for Finishing: Comply with referenced quality standard for sanding, filling countersunk fasteners, sealing concealed surfaces, and similar preparations for finishing wood frames, as applicable to each unit of work.
 - 1. Back-priming: Apply one coat of sealer or primer, compatible with finish coats, to concealed surfaces of wood trim. Apply two coats to surfaces installed in contact with concrete or masonry and to end-grain surfaces.

2.7 SHOP FINISHING

- General: Refer to Section 09911 "Exterior Painting", Section 09912 "Interior Painting" and A. Section 09931 "Wood Stains and Transparent Finishes" for field finishing wood frames.
- B. Preparation for Finishing: Comply with referenced quality standard for sanding, filling countersunk fasteners, sealing concealed surfaces, and similar preparations for finishing wood frames, as applicable to each unit of work.
 - 1. Back-priming: Apply one coat of sealer or primer, compatible with finish coats, to concealed surfaces of wood frames. Apply two coats to end-grain surfaces.

C. Transparent Finish for Interior Frames:

- 1. Grade: Premium.
- 2. Finish: System - 12, water-based polyurethane, to match existing finish.
- Wash Coat for Closed-Grain Woods: Apply wash-coat sealer to woodwork made from 3. closed-grain wood before staining and finishing.
- Staining: To Match Existing Interior Wood Frames. Match Architect's sample. 4.
- Open Finish for Open-Grain Woods: If existing interior wood frame have open finish on 5. open grain woods, do not apply filler to open-grain woods.
- Filled Finish for Open-Grain Woods: If existing wood frames have a filled finish, after 6. staining, apply wash-coat sealer and allow to dry. Apply paste wood filler and wipe off excess. Tint filler to match stained wood.
- Sheen: Satin, 31-45 or Semi-gloss, 46-60 to match existing sheen. Gloss units measured 7. on 60-degree gloss meter per ASTM D 523.

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Before installation, condition wood frames to average prevailing humidity conditions in installation areas.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Grade: Install wood frames to comply with same grade as item to be installed.
- B. Install wood frames level, plumb, true, and straight. Shim as required with concealed shims. Install level and plumb to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 96 inches (3 mm in 2400 mm).
- C. Scribe and cut wood frames to fit adjoining work, refinish cut surfaces, and repair damaged finish at cuts.
- D. Anchor wood frames to anchors or blocking built in or directly attached to substrates. Secure with countersunk, concealed fasteners and blind nailing. Use fine finishing nails or finishing screws for exposed fastening, countersunk and filled flush with woodwork.
 - 1. For shop-finished items, use filler matching finish of items being installed.

END OF SECTION 06452

WOOD FRAMES 06452 - 4

SECTION 06615 - SIMULATED STONE COUNTERTOPS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Solid-surface-material countertops and backsplashes.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For countertop materials and sinks.
- B. Shop Drawings: For countertops. Show materials, finishes, edge and backsplash profiles, methods of joining, and cutouts for plumbing fixtures.
- C. Samples: For each type of material exposed to view.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SOLID-SURFACE-MATERIAL COUNTERTOPS

- A. Configuration: Provide countertops with the following front and backsplash style:
 - 1. Front: Straight, slightly eased at top.
 - 2. Backsplash: Straight, slightly eased at corner.
 - 3. Endsplash: Matching backsplash.
- B. Countertops: 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) thick, solid surface material with front edge built up to 1-1/2 inches with same material.
- C. Backsplashes: 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) thick, solid surface material, height as indicated.

2.2 COUNTERTOP MATERIALS

- A. Plywood: Exterior softwood plywood complying with DOC PS 1, Grade C-C Plugged, touch sanded.
- B. Solid Surface Material: Homogeneous solid sheets of filled plastic resin complying with ANSI SS1.
 - 1. <u>Manufacturers</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

- a. Avonite Surfaces.
- b. Formica Corporation.
- c. Wilsonart International.
- 2. Type: Provide Standard Type unless Special Purpose Type is indicated.
- 3. Colors and Patterns: Match Architect's samples.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Fasten countertops by screwing through corner blocks of base units into underside of countertop. Align adjacent surfaces and, using adhesive in color to match countertop, form seams to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Carefully dress joints smooth, remove surface scratches, and clean entire surface.

END OF SECTION 06615

SECTION 07210 - BUILDING INSULATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Spray polyurethane foam insulation.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product test reports.
- B. Research/evaluation reports.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SPRAY POLYURETHANE FOAM INSULATION

- A. Closed-Cell Polyurethane Foam Insulation: ASTM C 1029, Type II, with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 75 and 450, respectively, per ASTM E 84.
 - 1. Minimum density of 1.5 lb/cu. ft. (24 kg/cu. m), thermal resistivity of 6.2 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu x in. at 75 deg F (43 K x m/W at 24 deg C).
- B. Open-Cell Polyurethane Foam Insulation: Spray-applied polyurethane foam using water as a blowing agent, with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 75 and 450, respectively, per ASTM E 84.
 - 1. Minimum density of 0.4 lb/cu. ft. (6.4 kg/cu. m), thermal resistivity of 3.4 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu x in. at 75 deg F (24 K x m/W at 24 deg C).

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Comply with insulation manufacturer's written instructions applicable to products and applications indicated.
- B. Install insulation that is undamaged, dry, and unsoiled and that has not been left exposed to ice, rain, or snow at any time.
- C. Extend insulation to envelop entire area to be insulated. Cut and fit tightly around obstructions and fill voids with insulation. Remove projections that interfere with placement.
- D. Provide sizes to fit applications indicated and selected from manufacturer's standard thicknesses, widths, and lengths. Apply single layer of insulation units to produce thickness indicated unless multiple layers are otherwise shown or required to make up total thickness.
- E. Examine substrates and conditions under which work is to be performed. Do not proceed until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
 - a. Review placement area to determine final location will not be within 3 inches of any heat source where the temperature will exceed 180 deg F per ASTM C 411 or in accordance with authorities having jurisdiction.
- F. Clean substrates and cavities of loose materials capable of interfering with insulation placement.
- G. Spray-Applied Insulation: Apply spray-applied insulation according to manufacturer's written instructions. Do not apply insulation until installation of pipes, ducts, conduits, wiring, and electrical outlets in walls is completed and windows, electrical boxes, and other items not indicated to receive insulation are masked. After insulation is applied, make flush with face of studs by using method recommended by insulation manufacturer.
- H. Miscellaneous Voids: Install insulation in miscellaneous voids and cavity spaces where required to prevent gaps in insulation using the following materials:
 - 1. Spray Polyurethane Insulation: Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- I. Site mix liquid components supplied by manufacturer and installed by Licensed Installer.
- J. Apply insulation to substrates in compliance with manufacturer's written instruction.
- K. Apply insulation to produce thickness required for indicated R Value.
- L. Extend insulation in thickness indicated to envelop entire area to be insulated.
- M. Water-Piping Coordination: If water piping is located within the insulated exterior walls, coordinate the location of piping to ensure that it is placed on the warm side of insulation and insulation encapsulates piping.
- N. Repairs: Any repairs must be effected by Licensed Installer.

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- O. Protect installed insulation from damage due to harmful weather exposures, physical abuse, and other causes. Provide temporary coverings where insulation is subject to abuse.
- P. Cover spray-applied insulation with approved ignition barrier per all applicable codes and authority having jurisdiction as soon as possible after initial application.

END OF SECTION 07210

SECTION 08212 - STILE AND RAIL WOOD DOORS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Exterior stile and rail wood doors.
- 2. Interior stile and rail wood doors.
- 3. Fitting stile and rail wood doors to frames and machining for hardware.
- 4. Pre-hanging doors in frames.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: For stile and rail wood doors. Indicate location, size, and hand of each door; elevation of each kind of door; construction details not covered in Product Data; and other pertinent data.
- C. Samples: Represent typical range of color and grain for each species of veneer and solid lumber required.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Quality Standard Compliance Certificates: AWI Quality Certification and WI Certified Compliance Program certificates.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: A qualified manufacturer that is a certified participant in AWI's Quality Certification Program or is a licensee of WI's Certified Compliance Program.
- B. Vendor Qualifications: A vendor that is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. General: Use only materials that comply with referenced standards and other requirements specified. Assemble exterior doors and sidelites with wet-use adhesives.

В. Low-Emitting Materials: Fabricate doors with adhesives and composite wood products that do not contain urea formaldehyde.

2.2 EXTERIOR STILE AND RAIL WOOD DOORS

- Exterior Stile and Rail Wood Doors: Exterior custom doors complying with the AWI's, A. AWMAC's, and WI's "Architectural Woodwork Standards," and with other requirements specified.
 - 1. Grade: Premium.
 - Finish: Opaque. 2.
 - 3. Door Construction for Opaque Finish:
 - Stile and Rail Construction: Veneered, structural composite lumber or veneered edge- and end-glued lumber.
 - Raised-Panel Construction: Veneered, wood-based panel product. b.
 - 4. Raised-Panel Thickness: 1-3/4 inches (44 mm). Match existing historical doors.

2.3 INTERIOR STILE AND RAIL WOOD DOORS

- A. Interior Stile and Rail Wood Doors: Interior custom doors complying with the AWI's, AWMAC's, and WI's "Architectural Woodwork Standards," and with other requirements specified.
 - 1. Grade: Premium.
 - 2. Finish: Transparent.
 - Wood Species and Cut for Transparent Finish: Exactly match original historic flat panel 3. door.
 - 4. Door Construction for Transparent Finish:
 - Stile and Rail Construction: Veneered, structural composite lumber or veneered, edge- and end-glued clear lumber, as required to exactly match existing flat panel doors.
 - b. Flat-Panel Construction: Veneered, wood-based panel product as required to exactly match existing flat panel doors.
 - Flat-Panel Thickness: ½ inch or greater, to exactly match existing flat panel door. 5.
 - Glass: Where indicated, fully tempered float glass, 5.0 mm thick complying with Section 08800 "Glazing." Uncoated, clear, patterned or textured as indicated in the drawings.

2.4 STILE AND RAIL WOOD DOOR FABRICATION

- Fabricate stile and rail wood doors in sizes indicated for field fitting. A.
- B. Factory fit doors to suit frame-opening sizes indicated, with the following uniform clearances and bevels unless otherwise indicated:

- 1. Clearances: Provide 1/8 inch (3 mm) at heads, jambs, and between pairs of doors. Provide 1/2 inch (13 mm) from bottom of door to top of decorative floor finish or covering. Where threshold is shown or scheduled, provide not more than 3/8 inch (10 mm) from bottom of door to top of threshold.
 - Comply with NFPA 80 for fire-rated doors. a.
- 2. Bevel non-fire-rated doors 1/8 inch in 2 inches (3-1/2 degrees) at lock and hinge edges.
- Bevel fire-rated doors 1/8 inch in 2 inches (3-1/2 degrees) on lock edge; trim stiles and 3. rails only to extent permitted by labeling agency.
- C. Factory machine doors for hardware that is not surface applied.
- Glazed Openings: Trim openings indicated for glazing with solid wood moldings, with one side D. removable. Miter wood moldings at corner joints.
- Transom and Side Panels: Fabricate panels to match adjoining doors in materials, finish, and E. quality of construction.
- F. Exterior Doors: Factory treat exterior doors after fabrication with water-repellent preservative to comply with WDMA I.S.4. Flash top of out-swinging doors with manufacturer's standard metal flashing.
- G. Pre-hung Doors: Provide stile and rail doors complete with frames, weather stripping, and hardware.
 - 1. Provide wood door frames that comply with Section 06202 "Interior Finish Carpentry" or Section 06452 "Wood Frames."
 - Provide hardware, including weather stripping, that complies with Section 08710 "Door 2. Hardware."

2.5 **SHOP PRIMING**

Doors for Opaque Finish: Shop prime faces, all four edges, edges of cutouts, and mortises with A. one coat of wood primer specified in Section 09911 "Exterior Painting."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 **INSTALLATION**

- A. Hardware: For installation, see Section 08710 "Door Hardware."
- Installation Instructions: Install doors to comply with manufacturer's written instructions and B. referenced quality standard, and as indicated.
- C. Job-Fitted Doors: Align and fit doors in frames with uniform clearances and bevels as indicated below; do not trim stiles and rails in excess of limits set by manufacturer or permitted with fire-

rated doors. Machine doors for hardware. Seal edges of doors, edges of cutouts, and mortises after fitting and machining.

- Clearances: Provide 1/8 inch (3 mm) at heads, jambs, and between pairs of doors. 1. Provide 1/4 inch (6 mm) from bottom of door to top of decorative floor finish or covering unless otherwise indicated. Where threshold is shown or scheduled, provide 1/4 inch (6 mm) from bottom of door to top of threshold unless otherwise indicated.
 - Comply with NFPA 80 for fire-rated doors. a.
- 2. Bevel non-fire-rated doors 1/8 inch in 2 inches (3-1/2 degrees) at lock and hinge edges.
- Bevel fire-rated doors 1/8 inch in 2 inches (3-1/2 degrees) on lock edge; trim stiles and 3. rails only to extent permitted by labeling agency.
- D. Factory-Fitted Doors: Align in frames for uniform clearance at each edge.

END OF SECTION 08212

SECTION 08411 - ALUMINUM-FRAMED ENTRANCES AND STOREFRONTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Interior storefront framing.
- 2. Interior manual-swing entrance doors and door-frame units.

1.2 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Pre-installation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, full-size details, and attachments to other work.
 - 1. Show connection to and continuity with adjacent thermal, weather, air, and vapor barriers.
- C. Samples: For each exposed finish required.
- D. Entrance Door Hardware Schedule: Prepared by or under supervision of supplier, detailing fabrication and assembly of entrance door hardware, as well as procedures and diagrams.
- E. Delegated-Design Submittal: For aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product test reports.
- B. Field quality-control reports.
- C. Sample warranties.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An entity that employs installers and supervisors who are trained and approved by manufacturer.
- B. Testing Agency Qualifications: Qualified according to ASTM E 699 for testing indicated and accredited by IAS or ILAC Mutual Recognition Arrangement as complying with ISO/IEC 17025.
- C. Product Options: Information on Drawings and in Specifications establishes requirements for aesthetic effects and performance characteristics of assemblies. Aesthetic effects are indicated by dimensions, arrangements, alignment, and profiles of components and assemblies as they relate to sightlines, to one another, and to adjoining construction.
 - 1. Do not change intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by Architect, except with Architect's approval. If changes are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to Architect for review.

1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Installer agrees to repair or replace components of aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts that do not comply with requirements or that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Special Finish Warranty: Standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair finishes or replace aluminum that shows evidence of deterioration of factory-applied finishes within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period: 20 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Section 01400 "Quality Requirements," to design aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts.
- B. General Performance: Comply with performance requirements specified, as determined by testing of aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts representing those indicated for this Project without failure due to defective manufacture, fabrication, installation, or other defects in construction.

- 1. Aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts shall withstand movements of supporting structure including, but not limited to, story drift, twist, column shortening, long-term creep, and deflection from uniformly distributed and concentrated live loads.
- 2. Failure also includes the following:
 - a. Thermal stresses transferring to building structure.
 - b. Glass breakage.
 - c. Noise or vibration created by wind and thermal and structural movements.
 - d. Loosening or weakening of fasteners, attachments, and other components.
 - e. Failure of operating units.

C. Structural Loads:

- 1. Wind Loads: 35 psf.
- D. Deflection of Framing Members: At design wind pressure, as follows:
 - 1. Deflection Normal to Wall Plane: Limited to 1/175 of clear span for spans up to 13 feet 6 inches (4.1 m) and to 1/240 of clear span plus 1/4 inch (6.35 mm) for spans greater than 13 feet 6 inches (4.1 m) or an amount that restricts edge deflection of individual glazing lites to 3/4 inch (19.1 mm), whichever is less.
 - 2. Deflection Parallel to Glazing Plane: Limited to amount not exceeding that which reduces glazing bite to less than 75 percent of design dimension and that which reduces edge clearance between framing members and glazing or other fixed components to less than 1/8 inch (3.2 mm).
 - a. Operable Units: Provide a minimum 1/16-inch (1.6-mm) clearance between framing members and operable units.
 - 3. Cantilever Deflection: Where framing members overhang an anchor point, as follows:
 - a. Perpendicular to Plane of Wall: No greater than 1/240 of clear span plus 1/4 inch (6.35 mm) for spans greater than 11 feet 8-1/4 inches (3.6 m) or 1/175 times span, for spans less than 11 feet 8-1/4 inches (3.6 m).
- E. Structural: Test according to ASTM E 330 as follows:
 - 1. When tested at positive and negative wind-load design pressures, assemblies do not evidence deflection exceeding specified limits.
 - 2. When tested at 150 percent of positive and negative wind-load design pressures, assemblies, including anchorage, do not evidence material failures, structural distress, or permanent deformation of main framing members exceeding 0.2 percent of span.
 - 3. Test Durations: As required by design wind velocity, but not less than 10 seconds.

2.2 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers that may offer products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

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- 1. <u>EFCO Corporation</u>.
- 2. Kawneer North America.
- 3. TRACO.
- 4. <u>United States Aluminum</u>.

2.3 FRAMING

- A. Framing Members: Manufacturer's extruded- or formed-aluminum framing members of thickness required and reinforced as required to support imposed loads.
 - 1. Construction: Non-thermal.
 - 2. Glazing System: Retained mechanically with gaskets on four sides.
 - 3. Glazing Plane: Middle.
 - 4. Finish: Clear anodic finish.
 - 5. Fabrication Method: Field-fabricated stick system.
- B. Backer Plates: Manufacturer's standard, continuous backer plates for framing members, if not integral, where framing abuts adjacent construction.
- C. Brackets and Reinforcements: Manufacturer's standard high-strength aluminum with non-staining, nonferrous shims for aligning system components.

D. Materials:

- 1. Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated.
 - a. Sheet and Plate: ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M).
 - b. Extruded Bars, Rods, Profiles, and Tubes: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M).
 - c. Extruded Structural Pipe and Tubes: ASTM B 429/B 429M.
 - d. Structural Profiles: ASTM B 308/B 308M.
- 2. Steel Reinforcement: Manufacturer's standard zinc-rich, corrosion-resistant primer complying with SSPC-PS Guide No. 12.00; applied immediately after surface preparation and pretreatment. Select surface preparation methods according to recommendations in SSPC-SP COM, and prepare surfaces according to applicable SSPC standard.
 - a. Structural Shapes, Plates, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
 - b. Cold-Rolled Sheet and Strip: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M.
 - c. Hot-Rolled Sheet and Strip: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M.

2.4 ENTRANCE DOOR SYSTEMS

- A. Entrance Doors: Manufacturer's standard glazed entrance doors for manual-swing operation.
 - 1. Door Construction: 1-3/4-inch (44.5-mm) overall thickness, with minimum 0.125-inch-(3.2-mm-) thick, extruded-aluminum tubular rail and stile members. Mechanically fasten

corners with reinforcing brackets that are deeply penetrated and fillet welded or that incorporate concealed tie rods.

- 2. Door Design: As indicated in the drawings.
- 3. Glazing Stops and Gaskets: Beveled, snap-on, extruded-aluminum stops and preformed gaskets.
 - Provide non-removable glazing stops on outside of door. a.

2.5 DOOR HARDWARE

- Door Hardware: Hardware not specified in this Section is specified in Section 08710"Door A. Hardware."
- B. General: Provide door hardware and door hardware sets indicated in door and frame schedule for each door to comply with requirements in this Section.
 - 1. Door Hardware Sets: Provide quantity, item, size, finish or color indicated, and named manufacturers' products as specified in Section 08710.
 - Sequence of Operation: Provide electrified door hardware function, sequence of 2. operation, and interface with other building control systems indicated.
 - **Opening-Force Requirements:** 3.
 - Egress Doors: Not more than 15 lbf (67 N) to release the latch and not more than 30 lbf (133 N)to set the door in motion and not more than 15 lbf (67 N) to open the door to its minimum required width.
 - Accessible Interior Doors: Not more than 5 lbf (22.2 N) to fully open door. b.
- C. Operating Trim: BHMA A156.6.
- D. Removable Mullions: BHMA A156.3, extruded aluminum.
 - 1. When used with panic exit devices, provide removable mullions listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for panic protection, based on testing according to UL 305. Use only mullions that have been tested with exit devices to be used.
- E. Weather Stripping: Manufacturer's standard replaceable components.
- F. Silencers: BHMA A156.16, Grade 1.
- G. Finger Guards: Manufacturer's standard collapsible neoprene or PVC gasket anchored to frame hinge-jamb at center-pivoted doors.

2.6 **GLAZING**

Glazing: Comply with Section 08800 "Glazing." A.

- B. Glazing Gaskets: Manufacturer's standard sealed-corner pressure-glazing system of black, resilient elastomeric glazing gaskets, setting blocks, and shims or spacers.
- C. Glazing Sealants: As recommended by manufacturer.
- Sealants used inside the weatherproofing system shall have a VOC content of 250 g/L. D.

2.7 **FABRICATION**

- Form or extrude aluminum shapes before finishing. A.
- B. Weld in concealed locations to greatest extent possible to minimize distortion or discoloration of finish. Remove weld spatter and welding oxides from exposed surfaces by descaling or grinding.
- C. Fabricate components that, when assembled, have the following characteristics:
 - 1. Profiles that are sharp, straight, and free of defects or deformations.
 - Accurately fitted joints with ends coped or mitered. 2.
 - Physical and thermal isolation of glazing from framing members. 3.
 - Accommodations for thermal and mechanical movements of glazing and framing to 4. maintain required glazing edge clearances.
 - 5. Provisions for field replacement of glazing from interior (secure side).
 - Fasteners, anchors, and connection devices that are concealed from view to greatest 6. extent possible.
- Mechanically Glazed Framing Members: Fabricate for flush glazing without projecting stops. D.
- E. Door Frames: Reinforce as required to support loads imposed by door operation and for installing door hardware.
- F. Doors: Reinforce doors as required for installing door hardware.
- G. Door Hardware Installation: Factory-install door hardware to the greatest extent possible. Cut, drill, and tap for factory-installed door hardware before applying finishes.
- H. After fabrication, clearly mark components to identify their locations in Project according to Shop Drawings.

2.8 **ALUMINUM FINISHES**

A. Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A41, Class I, 0.018 mm or thicker.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. General:

- 1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
- 2. Do not install damaged components.
- 3. Fit joints to produce hairline joints free of burrs and distortion.
- 4. Rigidly secure non-movement joints.
- 5. Install anchors with separators and isolators to prevent metal corrosion and electrolytic deterioration and to prevent impeding movement of moving joints.
- 6. Seal perimeter and other joints watertight unless otherwise indicated.

B. Metal Protection:

- 1. Where aluminum is in contact with dissimilar metals, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with materials recommended by manufacturer for this purpose or by installing nonconductive spacers.
- 2. Where aluminum is in contact with concrete or masonry, protect against corrosion by painting contact surfaces with bituminous paint.
- C. Set continuous sill members and flashing in full sealant bed as specified in Section 07920 "Joint Sealants" to produce weather-tight installation.
- D. Install components plumb and true in alignment with established lines and grades.
- E. Install glazing as specified in Section 08800 "Glazing."
- F. Doors: Install doors to produce smooth operation and tight fit at contact points.
 - 1. Field-Installed Door Hardware: Install surface-mounted door hardware according to entrance door hardware manufacturers' written instructions using concealed fasteners to greatest extent possible.
- 3.2 DOOR HARDWARE SETS: Reference Spec Section 08710

END OF SECTION 08411

SECTION 08450 - ALL-GLASS ENTRANCES AND STOREFRONTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Interior swinging all-glass entrance doors.
- 2. All-glass sidelights and transoms.
- 3. Interior all-glass storefronts.

1.2 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Pre-installation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: For all-glass entrances and storefronts.
 - 1. Include plans, elevations, and sections.
 - 2. Include details of fittings and glazing, including isometric drawings of all fittings such as patch and rail fittings.
 - 3. Door hardware locations, mounting heights, and installation requirements.
- C. Samples: For each type of exposed finish indicated.
- D. Entrance Door Hardware Schedule: Prepared by or under supervision of supplier, detailing fabrication and assembly of entrance door hardware, as well as procedures and diagrams.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product test reports.
- B. Sample warranties.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for installation of units required for this Project.

1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer and Installer agrees to repair or replace components of allglass systems that do not comply with requirements or that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion, except as follows:

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Comply with performance requirements specified, as determined by testing of all-glass entrances and storefronts representing those indicated for this Project without failure due to defective manufacture, fabrication, installation, or other defects in construction.

B. Structural Loads:

- 1. Wind Loads: 35 psf.
- 2. Deflection Limits: Deflection normal to glazing plane is limited to 1/175 of clear span or 3/4 inch (19 mm), whichever is smaller.
- C. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements resulting from ambient and surface temperature changes.
 - 1. Temperature Change: 120 deg F (67 deg C), ambient; 180 deg F (100 deg C), material surfaces.

2.2 MANUFACTURERS

<u>Basis-of-Design Product</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Oldcastle Building Envelope, Model No. 51GSP and Model No. 51GSWP, as indicated on the drawings, or approved equal.

2.3 METAL COMPONENTS

A. Fitting Configuration:

- 1. Manual-Swinging, All-Glass Entrance Doors Sidelights and Transoms: Continuous rail fitting at top and bottom.
- 2. All-Glass Storefronts: Continuous rail fitting at top and bottom.

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B. Rail Fittings:

- 1. Material: Stainless-steel-clad aluminum.
- 2. Height:
 - a. Top Rail: As indicated.
 - b. Bottom Rail: As indicated.
- 3. Profile: Square.
- 4. End Caps: Manufacturer's standard precision-fit end caps for rail fittings.
- C. Accessory Fittings: Match rail-fitting metal and finish for the following:
 - 1. Overhead doorstop.
 - 2. Center-housing lock.
- D. Anchors and Fastenings: Concealed.
- E. Weather Stripping: Pile type; replaceable without removing all-glass entrance doors from pivots.
- F. Materials:
 - 1. Stainless-Steel Cladding: ASTM A 666, Type 304.
 - a. Finish: No. 4 directional satin finish.

2.4 GLASS

- A. Glass: ASTM C 1048, Kind FT (fully tempered), Condition A (uncoated surfaces), Type I (transparent), tested for surface and edge compression per ASTM C 1048 and for impact strength per 16 CFR 1201 for Category II materials.
 - 1. Class 1: Clear monolithic.
 - a. Thickness: 1/2 inch (13 mm)
 - b. Locations: All interior locations.
 - 2. Exposed Edges: Machine ground and flat polished.
 - 3. Butt Edges: Flat ground.
 - 4. Corner Edges: Lap-joint corners with exposed edges polished.

2.5 ENTRANCE DOOR HARDWARE

A. General: Heavy-duty entrance door hardware units in sizes, quantities, and types recommended by manufacturer for all-glass entrance systems indicated. For exposed parts, match metal and finish of rail fittings.

- В. Concealed Overhead Closers and Top Pivots: Center hung; BHMA A156.4, Grade 1; including cases, bottom arms, top walking beam pivots, plates, and accessories required for complete installation.
 - 1. Swing: Single or Double-acting, as indicated on the Drawings.
 - Positive Dead Stop: Coordinated with hold-open angle if any, or at angle selected.
 - 2. Hold Open: Selective.
 - 3. Opening-Force Requirements:
 - Egress Doors: Not more than 15 lbf (67 N) to release the latch and not more than 30 lbf (133 N)to set the door in motion and not more than 15 lbf (67 N) to open the door to its minimum required width.
 - Accessible Interior Doors: Not more than 5 lbf (22.2 N) to fully open door. b.
- C. Concealed Overhead Holder: BHMA A156.8, Grade 1, with dead-stop setting coordinated with concealed floor closer.
- Push-Pull Set: As indicated. D.
- E. Exit Devices: UL 305. As indicated on the drawings.
- F. Threshold: Provide where indicated, not more than 1/2 inch (13 mm) high.

BUTT-GLAZING SEALANTS 2.6

- Single-Component, Nonsag, Acid-Curing Silicone Joint Sealant: ASTM C 920, Type S, A. Grade NS, Class 25, for Uses NT, G, and A.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - Bostik, Inc; Chem-Calk 1200. a.
 - Dow Corning Corporation; 999-A. b.
 - GE Advanced Materials Silicones; Construction SCS1200. c.
 - Pecora Corporation; 860. d.
 - Polymeric Systems, Inc; PSI-601. e.
 - f. Tremco Incorporated; Proglaze.
- B. Sealants used inside the weatherproofing system shall have a VOC content of 250 g/L.
- C. Provide sealants as recommended by manufacturers for installation.

2.7 **FABRICATION**

A. Provide holes and cutouts in glass to receive hardware, fittings, and accessory fittings before tempering glass. Do not cut, drill, or make other alterations to glass after tempering.

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- 1. Fully temper glass using horizontal (roller-hearth) process, and fabricate so that when glass is installed, roll-wave distortion is parallel with bottom edge of door or lite.
- B. Factory-assemble components and factory install hardware and fittings to greatest extent possible.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install all-glass systems and associated components according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Set units level, plumb, and true to line, with uniform joints.
- C. Maintain uniform clearances between adjacent components.
- D. Lubricate hardware and other moving parts according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- E. Set, seal, and grout floor closer cases as required to suit the hardware and substrate indicated.
- F. Install butt-joint sealants according to manufacturer's instructions and as specified in Section 07920 "Joint Sealants" to produce weather-tight installation.

END OF SECTION 08450

SECTION 08710 - DOOR HARDWARE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Intent: The intent of this Section is to provide finish hardware for the proper operation and control of all wood, hollow metal, and aluminum doors in the Project. Prior to bidding, notify the Architect of any doors that do not have hardware meeting this intention
- B. Section Includes: Provide all items of finish hardware required to adequately trim, hang, and operate all doors, as is hereinafter specified and listed in the Hardware Schedule.
 - 1. The hardware supplier will be responsible to furnish correct hardware on labeled doors to satisfy State and Local Building Codes.
 - 2. Should items of hardware, not definitely specified, be required for completion of work, furnish such items of type and quality suitable to the services required and comparable to the adjacent hardware.
 - 3. Provide all necessary standard and special fasteners, screws, bolts, expansion shields or anchors to properly secure hardware to its intended door, frame, or other surface.
 - 4. Provide electrified door hardware as specified and coordinate with other Sections to provide all components required.
- C. Products furnished, but not installed, under this Section include the products listed below. Coordinating and scheduling the purchase and delivery of these products remain requirements of this Section.
 - 1. Pivots, thresholds, weather stripping, and lock cylinders to be installed under other Sections.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: Details of electrified door hardware.
- C. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.

D. Other Action Submittals:

- 1. Door Hardware Schedule: Prepared by or under the supervision of Installer, detailing fabrication and assembly of door hardware, as well as installation procedures and diagrams. Coordinate final door hardware schedule with doors, frames, and related work to ensure proper size, thickness, hand, function, and finish of door hardware.
 - a. Format: Use same scheduling sequence and format and use same door numbers as in the Contract Documents.
 - b. Content: Include the following information:

- 1) Identification number, location, hand, fire rating, size, and material of each door and frame.
- 2) Locations of each door hardware set, cross-referenced to Drawings on floor plans and to door and frame schedule.
- 3) Complete designations, including name and manufacturer, type, style, function, size, quantity, function, and finish of each door hardware product.
- 4) Description of electrified door hardware sequences of operation and interfaces with other building control systems.
- 2. Wiring Diagrams: For electrified hardware items specified for this Project, Provide complete wiring diagrams along with riser drawings and elevations, showing locations where such material is to be installed. Wiring Diagrams shall be submitted with Hardware Schedule. Verify and coordinate with the electrical systems installer.
 - a. Operation Narrative: Describe the operation of doors controlled by electrified door hardware.
- 3. Samples for Verification: If so requested by the Architect, provide a sample of any product or item requested, properly marked and tagged, for the opening for which it is intended.
- 4. Keying Schedule: Prepared by or under the supervision of Installer, detailing Owner's final keying instructions for locks.

1.3 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are package with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Door Hardware: Two of each part.
 - 2. Electrical Parts: Two of each part.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Supplier of products and an employer of workers trained and approved by product manufacturers and an Architectural Hardware Consultant who is available during the course of the Work to consult with Contractor, Architect, and Owner about door hardware and keying.
- B. Architectural Hardware Consultant Qualifications: A person who is experienced in providing consulting services for door hardware installations that are comparable in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project and who is currently certified by DHI as follows:
 - 1. For door hardware, an Architectural Hardware Consultant (AHC).
- C. Source Limitations: Manufacturers that perform electrical modifications and that are listed by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction are acceptable.
- D. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Where fire-rated door assemblies are indicated, provide door hardware rated for use in assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing at positive pressure according to NFPA 252 or UL 10C, unless otherwise indicated.

E. Smoke- and Draft-Control Door Assemblies: Where smoke- and draft-control door assemblies are required, provide door hardware that meet requirements of assemblies tested according to UL 1784 and installed in compliance with NFPA 105.

- 1. Air Leakage Rate: Maximum air leakage of 0.3 cfm/sq. ft. (3 cu. m per minute/sq. m) at the tested pressure differential of 0.3-inch wg (75 Pa) of water.
- F. Electrified Door Hardware: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- G. Means of Egress Doors: Latches do not require more than 15 lbf (67 N) to release the latch. Locks do not require use of a key, tool, or special knowledge for operation.
- Accessibility Requirements: For door hardware on new doors in an accessible route, comply H. with the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines. Existing doors and hardware are to meet ADA, as indicated or whenever possible without modifying the existing historic door and hardware.
 - 1. Provide operating devices that do not require tight grasping, pinching, or twisting of the
 - 2. Comply with the following maximum opening-force requirements:
 - a. Interior, Non-Fire-Rated Hinged Doors: 5 lbf (22.2 N) applied perpendicular to
 - Sliding or Folding Doors: 5 lbf (22.2 N) applied parallel to door at latch. b.
 - Fire Doors: Minimum opening force allowable by authorities having jurisdiction.
 - Bevel raised thresholds with a slope of not more than 1:2. Provide thresholds not more 3. than 1/2 inch (13 mm) high.
 - Adjust door closer sweep periods so that, from an open position of 70 degrees, the door 4. will take at least 3 seconds to move to a point 3 inches (75 mm) from the latch, measured to the leading edge of the door.
- I. Keying Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Section 01310 "Project Management and Coordination."

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- Deliver keys to manufacturer of key control system for subsequent delivery to Owner. A.
- B. Deliver keys to Owner by registered mail or overnight package service.

1.6 WARRANTY

Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or A. replace components of door hardware that fails in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion, unless otherwise

- indicated.
 - Electromagnetic and Delayed-Egress Locks: Five years from date of Substantial a. Completion.
 - Exit Devices: Five years from date of Substantial Completion. b.
 - Manual Closers: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion. c.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SCHEDULED DOOR HARDWARE

- A. Provide door hardware for each door as scheduled in Part 3 "Door Hardware Schedule" Article and as referenced on Drawings to comply with requirements in this Section.
 - 1. Door Hardware Sets: Provide quantity, item, size, finish or color indicated, and named manufacturers' products.
 - Sequence of Operation: Provide electrified door hardware function, sequence of 2. operation, and interface with other building control systems indicated.
- Designations: Requirements for design, grade, function, finish, size, and other distinctive B. qualities of each type of door hardware are indicated in Part 3 "Door Hardware Schedule" Article. Products are identified by using door hardware designations, as follows:
 - 1. Named Manufacturers' Products: Manufacturer and product designation are listed for each door hardware type required for the purpose of establishing minimum requirements. Manufacturers' names are abbreviated in Part 3 "Door Hardware Schedule" Article.

2.2 HINGES

- Hinges: BHMA A156.1. A.
 - 1. Provide non-removable pins for all exterior doors. Use nonrising pins for all other doors.
 - Hinges are to match appearance of existing historic hinges. 2.
 - Verify sizing of existing hinge prep and provide appropriate hinge required. 3.
 - Manufacturers: Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - Bommer Industries. a.
 - Hager Hinge Company. b.
 - Stanley Commercial Hardware; Div. of The Stanley Works. c.

2.3 MECHANICAL LOCKS AND LATCHES

Strikes: Provide manufacturer's standard strike for each lock bolt or latch-bolt complying with A. requirements indicated for applicable lock or latch and with strike box and curved lip extended to protect frame; finished to match lock or latch.

Flat-Lip Strikes: For locks with three-piece antifriction latch-bolts, as recommended by 1. manufacturer.

- 2. Extra-Long-Lip Strikes: For locks used on frames with applied wood casing trim.
- 3. Aluminum-Frame Strike Box: Manufacturer's special strike box fabricated for aluminum
- 4. Rabbet Front and Strike: Provide on locksets for rabbeted meeting stiles.
- B. Mortise Locks: BHMA A156.13; Grade 1; stamped steel case with steel or brass parts; Series 1000.
 - New locksets are to match finish and design of existing historic locks to the greatest 1. extent possible. Architect to approve lockset design prior to ordering hardware.
 - 2. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following: (Decorative lever and escutcheon may be provided by an alternate manufacturer)
 - Schlage Commercial Lock Division; an Ingersoll-Rand company.
 - b. Accurate Lock and Hardware.
 - Corbin-Russwin Inc.; an ASSA ABLOY Group company c.
 - 3. Decorative Lever and Escutcheon, Basis of Design: Historic Corbin "Camden" pattern with integral lever, matching back plates and push plates, in Bower Barff (matte black) finish as custom fabricated by Circast. www.circast.com, (415) 822-3030, 1790 Yosemite Avenue, San Francisco, CA 94124.

2.4 **AUXILIARY LOCKS**

- Bored Auxiliary Locks: BHMA A156.5: Grade 1; with strike that suits frame. A.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - Schlage Commercial Lock Division; an Ingersoll-Rand company. a.
 - Corbin-Russwin Inc.; an ASSA ABLOY Group company b.
- B. Mortise Auxiliary Locks: BHMA A156.5; Grade 1; with strike that suits frame.
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the 1. following:
 - Schlage Commercial Lock Division; an Ingersoll-Rand company. a.
 - Corbin Russwin Inc.; an ASSA ABLOY Group company. b.
- C. Narrow Stile Auxiliary Locks: BHMA A156.5; Grade 1; with strike that suits frame.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - Adams Rite Manufacturing Co.; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.

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2.5 ELECTROMAGNETIC LOCKS

- A. Electromagnetic Locks: BHMA A156.23; electrically powered; with electromagnet attached to frame and armature plate attached to door; full-exterior or full-interior type, as required by application indicated.
 - 1. All maglocks to have built in door position switch and magnetic bond sensor.
 - 2. Maglocks must be available in satin black finish.
 - 3. Manual push buttons specified with magnetic locks must cut power to lock for 30 seconds
 - 4. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. <u>Schlage Commercial Lock Division; an Ingersoll-Rand company</u>
 - b. <u>Dortronics Systems, Inc.</u>
 - c. <u>Securitron Magnalock Corporation</u>; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.

2.6 ELECTRONIC STRIKES

- A. Electromechanical Strikes: BHMA A156.5; Grade 1.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. <u>Von Duprin; an Ingersoll-Rand company</u>

2.7 EXIT LOCKS AND EXIT ALARMS

- A. Exit Locks and Alarms: BHMA A156.29, Grade 1.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Schlage Commercial Lock Division; an Ingersoll-Rand company.

2.8 SURFACE BOLTS

- A. Surface Bolts: BHMA A156.16.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. <u>IVES Hardware</u>; an Ingersoll-Rand company.
 - b. <u>Trimco</u>.

2.9 MANUAL FLUSH BOLTS

A. Manual Flush Bolts: BHMA A156.16; minimum 3/4-inch (19-mm) throw; designed for mortising into door edge.

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Adams Rite Manufacturing Co.; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
 - b. <u>IVES Hardware</u>; an Ingersoll-Rand company.
 - c. Trimco.

2.10 AUTOMATIC AND SELF-LATCHING FLUSH BOLTS

- A. Automatic and Self-Latching Flush Bolts: BHMA A156.16; minimum 3/4-inch (19-mm) throw; designed for mortising into door edge.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. <u>IVES Hardware</u>; an Ingersoll-Rand company.
 - b. Trimco.

2.11 EXIT DEVICES AND AUXILIARY ITEMS

- A. Exit Devices and Auxiliary Items: BHMA A156.3.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Von Duprin; an Ingersoll-Rand company.

2.12 LOCK CYLINDERS

- A. Lock Cylinders: Tumbler type, constructed from brass or bronze, stainless steel, or nickel silver.
 - 1. Manufacturer: Verify existing key system and provide new cylinders to match.
- B. Construction Master Keys: Provide cylinders with feature that permits voiding of construction keys without cylinder removal. Provide 10 construction master keys.
- C. Construction Cores: Provide construction cores that are replaceable by permanent cores. Provide 10 construction master keys.

2.13 KEYING

- A. Keying System: Factory registered, complying with guidelines in BHMA A156.28, Appendix A. Incorporate decisions made in keying conference.
 - 1. No Master Key System: Only change keys operate cylinder.
 - 2. Master Key System: Change keys and a master key operate cylinders.
 - 3. Grand Master Key System: Change keys, a master key, and a grand master key operate cylinders.

- 4. Great-Grand Master Key System: Change keys, a master key, a grand master key, and a great-grand master key operate cylinders.
- 5. Existing System:
 - a. Master key or grand master key locks to Owner's existing system.
 - b. Re-key Owner's existing master key system into new keying system.
- 6. Keyed Alike: Key all cylinders to same change key.
- B. Keys: Brass.
 - 1. Stamping: Permanently inscribe each key with a visual key control number and include the following notation:
 - a. Notation: "DO NOT DUPLICATE."
 - 2. Quantity: In addition to one extra key blank for each lock, provide the following:
 - a. Cylinder Change Keys: Three.
 - b. Master Keys: Five.
 - c. Grand Master Keys: Five.
 - d. Great-Grand Master Keys: Five.

2.14 KEY CONTROL SYSTEM

- A. Key Control Cabinet: BHMA A156.5; metal cabinet with baked-enamel finish; containing keyholding hooks, labels, 2 sets of key tags with self-locking key holders, key-gathering envelopes, and temporary and permanent markers; with key capacity of 150 percent of the number of locks.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. <u>American Key Boxes and Cabinets</u>.
 - b. <u>GE Security, Inc.</u>
 - c. <u>Lund Equipment Co., Inc.</u>
 - d. MMF Industries.
 - 2. Wall-Mounted Cabinet: Cabinet with hinged-panel door equipped with key-holding panels and pin-tumbler cylinder door lock.

2.15 OPERATING TRIM

- A. Operating Trim: BHMA A156.6.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Burns Manufacturing Incorporated.

b.

IVES Hardware; an Ingersoll-Rand company.

Rockwood Manufacturing Company. c.

2.16 ACCESSORIES FOR PAIRS OF DOORS

- Coordinators: BHMA A156.3; consisting of active-leaf, hold-open lever and inactive-leaf A. release trigger; fabricated from steel with nylon-coated strike plates; with built-in, adjustable safety release.
- Carry-Open Bars: BHMA A156.3; prevent the inactive leaf from opening before the active B. leaf; provide polished brass or bronze carry-open bars with strike plate for inactive leaves of pairs of doors unless automatic or self-latching bolts are used.
- C. Astragals: BHMA A156.22.

2.17 SURFACE CLOSERS

- Surface Closers: BHMA A156.4; rack-and-pinion hydraulic type with adjustable sweep and A. latch speeds controlled by key-operated valves and forged-steel main arm. Comply with manufacturer's written recommendations for size of door closers depending on size of door, exposure to weather, and anticipated frequency of use. Provide factory-sized closers, adjustable to meet field conditions and requirements for opening force.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - Norton Door Controls; an ASSA ABLOY Group company. a.
 - 2. Existing Closers: Salvage, recondition, and repair existing historic door closers. Any closers that do not match the existing historic finish need to be repainted to match. Provide new closers only after all existing closers have been reconditioned and reused.
 - Suggested Closer Restorer: Montgomery Door Controls of Topeka, KS. Phone number: 785 234-4242.

2.18 MECHANICAL STOPS AND HOLDERS

- Wall- and Floor-Mounted Stops: BHMA A156.16. A.
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the 1. following:
 - Burns Manufacturing Incorporated. a.
 - IVES Hardware; an Ingersoll-Rand company. b.
 - Rockwood Manufacturing Company. c.
 - 2. Provide stop that is required for the application. A wall stop is preferred. If a floor stop is a better application, it is to be provided. Identify stop for each door of each hardware group for review as part of hardware submittal.

2.19 OVERHEAD STOPS AND HOLDERS

- A. Overhead Stops and Holders: BHMA A156.8.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Glynn-Johnson; an Ingersoll-Rand company.

2.20 DOOR GASKETING

- A. Door Gasketing: BHMA A156.22; air leakage not to exceed 0.50 cfm per foot (0.000774 cu. m/s per m) of crack length for gasketing other than for smoke control, as tested according to ASTM E 283; with resilient or flexible seal strips that are easily replaceable and readily available from stocks maintained by manufacturer.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. National Guard Products.
 - b. Pemko Manufacturing Co.; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
 - c. Reese Enterprises, Inc.
 - d. Zero International.

2.21 THRESHOLDS

- A. Thresholds: BHMA A156.21; fabricated to full width of opening indicated.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. <u>National Guard Products</u>.
 - b. Pemko Manufacturing Co.; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
 - c. Reese Enterprises, Inc.
 - d. Zero International.

2.22 METAL PROTECTIVE TRIM UNITS

- A. Metal Protective Trim Units: BHMA A156.6; fabricated from 0.050-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick; with manufacturer's standard machine or self-tapping screw fasteners.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Burns Manufacturing Incorporated.
 - b. IVES Hardware; an Ingersoll-Rand company.
 - c. Rockwood Manufacturing Company.

2.23 AUXILIARY DOOR HARDWARE

- A. Auxiliary Hardware: BHMA A156.16.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. IVES Hardware; an Ingersoll-Rand company.
 - b. Rockwood Manufacturing Company.
 - c. Stanley Commercial Hardware; Div. of The Stanley Works.

2.24 AUXILIARY ELECTRIFIED DOOR HARDWARE

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. <u>Von Duprin; an Ingersoll-Rand company</u>.
 - 2. GE Security, Inc.
 - 3. Schlage Commercial Lock Division; an Ingersoll-Rand company.
 - 4. Securitron Magnalock Corporation; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.

2.25 FABRICATION

- A. Fasteners: Provide door hardware manufactured to comply with published templates prepared for machine, wood, and sheet metal screws. Provide screws that comply with commercially recognized industry standards for application intended, except aluminum fasteners are not permitted. Provide Phillips flat-head screws with finished heads to match surface of door hardware, unless otherwise indicated.
 - Concealed Fasteners: For door hardware units that are exposed when door is closed, except for units already specified with concealed fasteners. Do not use through bolts for installation where bolt head or nut on opposite face is exposed unless it is the only means of securely attaching the door hardware. Where through bolts are used on hollow door and frame construction, provide sleeves for each through bolt.
 - 2. Fire-Rated Applications:
 - a. Wood or Machine Screws: For the following:
 - 1) Hinges mortised to doors or frames; use threaded-to-the-head wood screws for wood doors and frames.
 - 2) Strike plates to frames.
 - 3) Closers to doors and frames.
 - b. Steel Through Bolts: For the following unless door blocking is provided:
 - 1) Surface hinges to doors.
 - 2) Closers to doors and frames.
 - 3) Surface-mounted exit devices.

- 3. Spacers or Sex Bolts: For through bolting of hollow-metal doors.
- 4. Fasteners for Wood Doors: Comply with requirements in DHI WDHS.2, "Recommended Fasteners for Wood Doors."
- 5. Gasketing Fasteners: Provide noncorrosive fasteners for exterior applications and elsewhere as indicated.

2.26 SPECIAL NOTES

- A. All doors to have operable hardware.
- B. Smoke seal and intumescent seal is to be provided as required on fire labeled openings.
- C. Hardware supplier to inspect each opening and verify existing hardware is in working condition and then repair or provide additional parts as required. Where hardware preparation has changed door must be repaired or proper cover plate(s) to be supplied.
- D. Hardware supplier to verify hardware specified will function with existing hardware and door conditions
- E. All historic hardware that is removed is to be salvaged and inventoried. Components may need to be reused at alternate locations or parted out to fix existing hardware.
- F. Existing Closers: Salvage, recondition, and repair existing historic door closers. Any closers that do not match the existing historic finish need to be repainted to match. Provide new closers only after all existing closers have been reconditioned and reused. Suggested Closer Restorer: Montgomery Door Controls of Topeka, KS. Phone number: 785 234-4242.

2.27 FINISHES

- A. Provide finishes complying with BHMA A156.18 as indicated in door hardware schedule. Hardware to match existing historic finish.
- B. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine doors and frames, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, labeled fire door assembly construction, wall and floor construction, and other conditions affecting performance.
- B. Examine roughing-in for electrical power systems to verify actual locations of wiring connections before electrified door hardware installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

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3.2 **INSTALLATION**

- Installation shall be by a qualified installer with a minimum five (5) years experience in the A. installation of commercial grade hardware. Manufacturer's instructions shall dictate templating and installation.
- Historic building considerations: Care is to be taken to preserve the historic value of all doors, B. frames, and door hardware. Major modifications to doors and frames must be approved by the Architect prior to preforming work.
- C. Mounting Heights: Mount door hardware units at heights indicated in following applicable publications, unless specifically indicated or required to comply with governing regulations:
 - Standard Steel Doors and Frames: DHI's "Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware for Standard Steel Doors and Frames."
 - 2. Wood Doors: DHI WDHS.3, "Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware for Wood Flush Doors."
- D. Steel Doors and Frames: For surface applied door hardware, drill and tap doors and frames according to ANSI/SDI A250.6.
- Wood Doors: Comply with DHI WDHS.5 "Recommended Hardware Reinforcement Locations E. for Mineral Core Wood Flush Doors."
- F. Mounting Heights: Mount door hardware units at heights to comply with the following unless existing, otherwise indicated, or required to comply with governing regulations. Mounting heights to be indicated on door hardware schedule and shop drawing submittals for each door type and hardware group and approved by Architect.
 - 1. Standard Steel Doors and Frames: ANSI/SDI A250.8.
 - 2. Custom Steel Doors and Frames: HMMA 831.
 - Wood Doors: DHI WDHS.3, "Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware for 3. Wood Flush Doors."
- G. Install each door hardware item to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Where cutting and fitting are required to install door hardware onto or into surfaces that are later to be painted or finished in another way, coordinate removal, storage, and reinstallation of surface protective trim units with finishing work. Do not install surface-mounted items until finishes have been completed on substrates involved.
 - Set units level, plumb, and true to line and location. Adjust and reinforce attachment 1. substrates as necessary for proper installation and operation.
 - Drill and countersink units that are not factory prepared for anchorage fasteners. Space 2. fasteners and anchors according to industry standards.
- H. Hinges: Install types and in quantities indicated in door hardware schedule but not fewer than the number recommended by manufacturer for application indicated or one hinge for every 30 inches (750 mm) of door height, whichever is more stringent, unless other equivalent means of support for door, such as spring hinges or pivots, are provided.
- Intermediate Offset Pivots: Where offset pivots are indicated, provide intermediate offset I. pivots in quantities indicated in door hardware schedule but not fewer than one intermediate

offset pivot per door and one additional intermediate offset pivot for every 30 inches (750 mm) of door height greater than 90 inches (2286 mm).

- Lock Cylinders: Install construction cores to secure building and areas during construction J. period.
 - Replace construction cores with permanent cores as directed by Owner. 1.
 - Furnish permanent cores to Owner for installation. 2.
- Key Control System: Tag keys and place them on markers and hooks in key control system K. cabinet, as determined by final keying schedule.
- L. Motion Sensors for Magnetic Locks: Verify proper mounting location above door. Motion detector must work when transoms are in open or closed position. Adjust sensor properly to detect persons approaching door and minimize false unlocking by background movement in room near the door.
- Boxed Power Supplies: Locate power supplies in non-public spaces, as indicated or, if not M. indicated, verify location with Architect.
 - 1. Configuration: Provide least number of power supplies required to adequately serve doors with electrified door hardware. Verify routing locations with electrical contractor and submit locations and wiring to all power supplies to Architect for approval.
- Thresholds: Set thresholds for exterior doors and other doors indicated in full bed of sealant N. complying with requirements specified in Section 07920 "Joint Sealants."
- O. Stops: Provide floor stops for doors unless wall or other type stops are indicated in door hardware schedule. Do not mount floor stops where they will impede traffic.
- P. Perimeter Gasketing: Apply to head and jamb, forming seal between door and frame.
- Q. Meeting Stile Gasketing: Fasten to meeting stiles, forming seal when doors are closed.
- R. Door Bottoms: Apply to bottom of door, forming seal with threshold when door is closed.
- S. Adjustment: Adjust and check each operating item of door hardware and each door to ensure proper operation or function of every unit. Replace units that cannot be adjusted to operate as intended. Adjust door control devices to compensate for final operation of heating and ventilating equipment and to comply with referenced accessibility requirements.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Perform final inspection with hardware installer and hardware supplier present to ensure correct A. installation and operation, and check for any damaged or defective items. Observe and inspect that all hardware has been installed to its correct destination in proper working order.
- B. Owner reserves the right to obtain a qualified independent Architectural Hardware Consultant to perform, separate, independent inspections and to prepare inspection reports.

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3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Initial Adjustment: Adjust and check each operating item of door hardware and each door to ensure proper operation or function of every unit. Replace units that cannot be adjusted to operate as intended.
 - 1. Adjust door control devices to compensate for final operation of heating and ventilating equipment and to comply with referenced accessibility requirements.
 - 2. Electric Strikes: Adjust horizontal and vertical alignment of keeper to properly engage lock bolt.
 - 3. Door Closers: Adjust door closers immediately upon installation. Adjust in exact conformance with manufacturer's printed instructions. Advance backcheck to eliminate shock at dead stop. Set closer latching speed to assure unassisted positive latching.
 - a. Degree of swing of door for self-limiting closers shall be maximum available.
 - 4. Adjust all exit devices immediately upon installation. Adjust in exact conformance with manufacturers' printed instructions.
 - 5. Seal weather protection components attached to the exterior sides of doors and frames, such as drip caps and weather-stripping, in place with clear silicone caulk in such a manner as to ensure a continuously filled seam throughout the joinery.
 - 6. Cut and fit weather-stripping accurately to provide the greatest possible continuity of the contact element. Adjust closer template as required.
- B. At completion of the installation and prior to Substantial Completion, make final adjustments to door closures and other items of hardware. Leave all hardware clean and fully operable. Should any item be found to be defective, it shall be repaired or replaced as directed.
- C. Occupancy Adjustment: Approximately three months after date of Substantial Completion, Installer's Architectural Hardware Consultant shall examine and readjust, including adjusting operating forces, each item of door hardware as necessary to ensure function of doors, door hardware, and electrified door hardware.

3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean adjacent surfaces soiled by door hardware installation.
- B. Clean operating items as necessary to restore proper function and finish.
- C. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure door hardware is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

3.6 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Instruct Owner's Personnel in proper adjustment and maintenance of hardware and hardware finishes, during the final adjustment of hardware.
- B. After hardware is installed and adjusted, the Supplier shall inspect the job with the Architect and the General Contractor to determine if the hardware is functioning properly

3.7 DOOR HARDWARE SCHEDULE

A. The hardware sets listed below represent the design intent and direction of the Owner and Architect. They are a guideline only and should not be considered a detailed hardware schedule. Discrepancies, conflicting hardware and missing items should be brought to the attention of the Architect with corrections made prior to the bidding process.

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*NOTE: REMOVE ALL PAD LOCKS, HASPS, AND DEADBOLTS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. REPAIR DOOR AS REQUIRED TO RESTORE TO MATCH FINISH ON EXISTING HISTORIC DOORS. PROVIDE COVER PLATES ONLY WHEN EXISTING CONDITIONS DO NOT ALLOW THE REPAIR AND REFINISHING TO MATCH EXISTING FINISH.

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 01 DOOR NUMBER:

103A

Each to Have:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
8	EA	HINGE	BB5005-N-T (VERIFY SIZE	612	BOM
2	EA	POWER TRANSFER	EPT10	695	VON
1	EA	ELEC PANIC	RX-LC-QEL+-9927-EO	612	VON
		HARDWARE			
1	EA	ELEC PANIC	RX-LC-QEL+-9927-NL-OP-LESS TRIM	612	VON
		HARDWARE			
1	EA	CYLINDER	VERIFY TYPE REQUIRED		UNK
1	EA	SURF. AUTO OPERATOR	9553 (VERIFY ARM/BRACKETS	ANDKB	LCN
			REQUIRED) PUSH SIDE		
1	EA	ACTUATOR KIT WALL	8310-3853TWF	630	LCN
		MT			
1	EA	ACTUATOR KIT WALL	8310-3853TWS	630	LCN
		MT			
2	EA	RECEIVER	8310-865	BLU	LCN
1	EA	BOLLARD	VERIFY TYPE WITH ARCHITECT		UNK
1	EA	MULTI-TECH READER	WPR400-MT		SCE
2	EA	DOOR CONTACT	7766	628	SCE
1	EA	POWER SUPPLY	PS904 900-4RLFA	LGR	SCE
	_			- '-	

NOTE: REMAINDER OF HARDWARE EXISTING. REWORK/PREP DOORS FOR NEW HARDWARE AND REPAIR DOOR AS REQUIRED. ACCOMMODATE EXISTING PULLS AND REWORK TO FIT CYLINDER LOCATION.

NOTE: MOUNT WIRELESS READER AND ACTUATOR TO BOLLARD. BACK BOX OF READER TO BE MODIFIED TO MOUNT INSIDE BOLLARD.

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 02 DOOR NUMBER:

103B

Each to Have:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
1	EA	SURF. AUTO OPERATOR	9553 (VERIFY ARM/BRACKETS	ANDKB	LCN
			REQUIRED) PULL SIDE		
2	EA	ACTUATOR KIT WALL	8310-3853TWS	630	LCN
		MT			
1	EA	RECEIVER	8310-865	BLU	LCN
1	EA	NOTE	REMAINDER OF HARDWARE EXISTING		

NOTE: VERIFY ALL HARDWARE IS IN WORKING ORDER AND ALLOWS FOR EGRESS. REPAIR DOOR AND DOOR HARDWARE AS REQUIRED. PROVIDE OR SALVAGE ALL COMPONENTS NEEDED. NOTE: AUTO OPENER MAY REQUIRE MODIFICATION OR REINFORCEMENT TO FRAME.

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 03 DOOR NUMBER:

105A 107A

Each to Have:

	DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
EA	HINGE	BB5005-N-T (VERIFY SIZE	612	BOM
EA	POWER TRANSFER	EPT10	695	VON
EA	ELEC PANIC	RX-LC-QEL+-9927-EO	612	VON
	HARDWARE			
EA	ELEC PANIC	RX-LC-QEL+-9927-NL-OP-LESS TRIM	612	VON
	HARDWARE			
EA	CYLINDER	VERIFY TYPE REQUIRED		UNK
EA	MULTI-TECH READER	WPR400-MT		SCE
		(REMOVE HANDLE AND EXTERIOR		
		SWITCHES. INSTALL WITH SECURITY		
		SCREWS.		
EA	DOOR CONTACT	7766	628	SCE
EA	POWER SUPPLY	PS904 900-4RLFA	LGR	SCE
	EA EA EA EA EA	EA HINGE EA POWER TRANSFER EA ELEC PANIC HARDWARE EA ELEC PANIC HARDWARE EA CYLINDER EA MULTI-TECH READER EA DOOR CONTACT	EA HINGE BB5005-N-T (VERIFY SIZE EA POWER TRANSFER EPT10 EA ELEC PANIC RX-LC-QEL+-9927-EO HARDWARE EA ELEC PANIC RX-LC-QEL+-9927-NL-OP-LESS TRIM HARDWARE EA CYLINDER VERIFY TYPE REQUIRED EA MULTI-TECH READER WPR400-MT (REMOVE HANDLE AND EXTERIOR SWITCHES. INSTALL WITH SECURITY SCREWS. EA DOOR CONTACT 7766	EA HINGE BB5005-N-T (VERIFY SIZE 612 EA POWER TRANSFER EPT10 695 EA ELEC PANIC RX-LC-QEL+-9927-EO 612 HARDWARE EA ELEC PANIC RX-LC-QEL+-9927-NL-OP-LESS TRIM 612 HARDWARE EA CYLINDER VERIFY TYPE REQUIRED EA MULTI-TECH READER WPR400-MT (REMOVE HANDLE AND EXTERIOR SWITCHES. INSTALL WITH SECURITY SCREWS. EA DOOR CONTACT 7766 628

NOTE: REMAINDER OF HARDWARE EXISTING. REWORK/PREP DOORS FOR NEW HARDWARE AND REPAIR DOOR AS REQUIRED. ACCOMMODATE EXISTING PULLS AND REWORK TO FIT CYLINDER LOCATION.

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 04 DOOR NUMBER:

104A

Each to Have:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
8	EA	HINGE	BB5005-N-T (VERIFY SIZE	612	BOM
2	EA	ELEC PANIC	RX-ALK-9927-EO	612	VON
		HARDWARE			
2	EA	CYLINDER	VERIFY TYPE REQUIRED		UNK

NOTE: REMAINDER OF HARDWARE EXISTING. REWORK/PREP DOORS FOR NEW HARDWARE AND REPAIR DOOR AS REQUIRED. ACCOMMODATE EXISTING PULLS AND REWORK TO FIT CYLINDER LOCATION. COORDINATE FLOOR STRIKE DETAIL IN THRESHOLD WITH ARCHITECT.

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 05 DOOR NUMBER:

013B 014B

Each to Have:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
3	EA	HINGE	BB5005-N-T (VERIFY SIZE)	613	BOM
1	EA	EXIT ONLY LOCK	L9080 LLL X DECORATIVE LEVER AND	622	SCH
			ESCUTCHEON		
1	EA	CYLINDER	VERIFY TYPE REQUIRED		UNK
1	EA	CLOSER	78D-RA	690	NOR
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 8" X 2" LDW	613	IVE
1	EA	FLOOR STOP	FS436	613	IVE
1	SET	SEALS	700SA	CL	NGP
1	EA	THRESHOLD	425	DBZ	NGP
1	EA	HORN	1910-1		SCE
1	EA	DOOR CONTACT	7766	628	SCE
1	EA	KEYSWITCH	653-1415	622	SCE

NOTE: SURFACE MOUNT KEYSWICH ON ADJACENT WALL. SUBMIT LOCATION TO ARCHITECT FOR APPROVAL.

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 06 DOOR NUMBER:

114A 144 229A

Each to Have:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
1	EA	MAGNETIC LOCK	40TJ DC40-335	630	SCE
1	EA	CLOSER	78D-RA	690	NOR
			(PROVIDE NEW CLOSER ONLY AFTER		
			SALVAGING AND REPAIRING ALL		
			EXISTING STOCK)		
1	EA	CARD READER	MT11	BLK	SCE
1	EA	PUSHBUTTON	621RDEX DA	613	SCE
1	EA	MOTION SENSOR	SCANII	BLK	SCE

NOTE: VERIFY ALL HARDWARE IS IN WORKING ORDER AND ALLOWS FOR EGRESS. REPAIR DOOR AND DOOR HARDWARE AS REQUIRED. PROVIDE OR SALVAGE ALL COMPONENTS NEEDED. NOTE: DOORS WITH LOCK BODIES SHALL HAVE LOCK MODIFIED TO HOLD LATCH IN RETRACTED POSITION. MAKING THE LOCK DUMMY TRIM ONLY.

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 07 DOOR NUMBER:

011 026A

Each to Have:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
1	EA	MAGNETIC LOCK	40 DC40-335	630	SCE
1	EA	CLOSER	78D-RA	690	NOR
1	EA	CARD READER	MT11	BLK	SCE
1	EA	PUSHBUTTON	621RDEX DA	629	SCE
1	EA	MOTION SENSOR	SCANII	BLK	SCE
1	EA	NOTE	REMAINDER OF HARDWARE EXISTING		

NOTE: VERIFY ALL HARDWARE IS IN WORKING ORDER AND ALLOWS FOR EGRESS. REPAIR DOOR AND DOOR HARDWARE AS REQUIRED. PROVIDE OR SALVAGE ALL COMPONENTS NEEDED. NOTE: DOORS WITHOUT LOCK BODIES SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH AN EDGE PLATE TO COVER EXISTING LOCK PREP. MAKING THE LOCK DUMMY TRIM ONLY. DOORS WITH LOCK BODIES SHALL HAVE LOCK MODIFIED TO HOLD LATCH IN RETRACTED POSITION. MAKING THE LOCK DUMMY TRIM ONLY.

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 08 DOOR NUMBER:

026B

Each to Have:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
1	EA	MAGNETIC LOCK	40 DC40-335	630	SCE
1	EA	CLOSER	UNI-78D-PA	690	NOR
1	EA	CARD READER	MT11	BLK	SCE
1	EA	PUSHBUTTON	621RDEX DA	629	SCE
1	EA	MOTION SENSOR	SCANII	BLK	SCE
1	EA	NOTE	REMAINDER OF HARDWARE EXISTING		

NOTE: VERIFY ALL HARDWARE IS IN WORKING ORDER AND ALLOWS FOR EGRESS. REPAIR DOOR AND DOOR HARDWARE AS REQUIRED. PROVIDE OR SALVAGE ALL COMPONENTS NEEDED. NOTE: DOORS WITHOUT LOCK BODIES SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH AN EDGE PLATE TO COVER EXISTING LOCK PREP. MAKING THE LOCK DUMMY TRIM ONLY. DOORS WITH LOCK BODIES SHALL HAVE LOCK MODIFIED TO HOLD LATCH IN RETRACTED POSITION. MAKING THE LOCK DUMMY TRIM ONLY.

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HARDWARE GROUP NO. 09 DOOR NUMBER:

120A 215 238A 249 301

Each to Have:

QTY		DESCRIPTION C	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
1	EA	MAGNETIC LOCK 40	0TJ DC40-335	630	SCE
1	EA	CARD READER M	MT11	BLK	SCE
1	EA	PUSHBUTTON 62	21RDEX DA	629	SCE
1	EA	MOTION SENSOR SO	CANII	BLK	SCE
1	EA	NOTE R	REMAINDER OF HARDWARE EXISTING		

NOTE: VERIFY ALL HARDWARE IS IN WORKING ORDER AND ALLOWS FOR EGRESS. REPAIR DOOR AND DOOR HARDWARE AS REQUIRED. PROVIDE OR SALVAGE ALL COMPONENTS NEEDED. NOTE: DOORS WITHOUT LOCK BODIES SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH AN EDGE PLATE TO COVER EXISTING LOCK PREP. MAKING THE LOCK DUMMY TRIM ONLY. DOORS WITH LOCK BODIES SHALL HAVE LOCK MODIFIED TO HOLD LATCH IN RETRACTED POSITION. MAKING THE LOCK DUMMY TRIM ONLY.

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 10 DOOR NUMBER:

009	130	133	140	219	220
225A	302A	308A			

Each to Have:

OTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
1	EA	MAGNETIC LOCK	40TJ DC40-335	630	SCE
1	EA	CLOSER	78D-RA	690	NOR
			(PROVIDE NEW CLOSER ONLY AFTER		
			SALVAGING AND REPAIRING ALL		
			EXISTING STOCK)		
1	EA	CARD READER	MT11	BLK	SCE
1	EA	PUSHBUTTON	621RDEX DA	629	SCE
1	EA	MOTION SENSOR	SCANII	BLK	SCE
1	EA	NOTE	REMAINDER OF HARDWARE EXISTING		

NOTE: VERIFY ALL HARDWARE IS IN WORKING ORDER AND ALLOWS FOR EGRESS. REPAIR DOOR AND DOOR HARDWARE AS REQUIRED. PROVIDE OR SALVAGE ALL COMPONENTS NEEDED. NOTE: DOORS WITHOUT LOCK BODIES SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH AN EDGE PLATE TO COVER EXISTING LOCK PREP. MAKING THE LOCK DUMMY TRIM ONLY. DOORS WITH LOCK BODIES SHALL HAVE LOCK MODIFIED TO HOLD LATCH IN RETRACTED POSITION. MAKING THE LOCK DUMMY TRIM ONLY.

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HARDWARE GROUP NO. 11 DOOR NUMBER:

002 016B 102 203 207

Each to Have:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
1	EA	CARD READER	MT11	BLK	SCE
1	EA	PUSHBUTTON	621RDEX DA	629	SCE
1	EA	MOTION SENSOR	SCANII	BLK	SCE
1	EA	NOTE	REMAINDER OF HARDWARE BY DOOR		
			SUPPLIER		

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 12 DOOR NUMBER:

026C

Each to Have:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
6	EA	HINGE	BB5005-T (VERIFY SIZE)	613	BOM
1	SET	AUTO FLUSH BOLT	FB31P	613	IVE
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	L9080 LLL W/ DECORATIVE LEVER AND	622	SCH
			ESCUTCHEON		
1	EA	COORDINATOR	COR X FL	315AN	IVE
2	EA	MOUNTING BRACKET	MB	SPBLK	IVE
2	EA	CLOSER	UNI-78D-PA	690	NOR
2	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 8" X 2" LDW	613	IVE
1	SET	SEALS	2525B	BRN	NGP
1	SET	ASTRAGAL	125NA	CL	NGP

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 13 DOOR NUMBER:

027

Each to Have:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
3	EA	HINGE	BB5005-N-T (VERIFY SIZE)	613	BOM
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	L9080 LLL W/ DECORATIVE LEVER AND	622	SCH
			ESCUTCHEON		
1	EA	CYLINDER	VERIFY TYPE REQUIRED		UNK
1	EA	CLOSER	78D-PA	690	NOR
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 8" X 2" LDW	613	IVE
1	EA	WALL STOP	WS407CCV	613	IVE

DOOR HARDWARE 08710 - 22

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HARDWARE GROUP NO. 14 DOOR NUMBER:

010B	115

Each to Have:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
3	EA	HINGE	BB5005-N-T (VERIFY SIZE)	613	BOM
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	L9080 LLL W/ DECORATIVE LEVER AND	622	SCH
			ESCUTCHEON		
1	EA	CYLINDER	VERIFY TYPE REQUIRED		UNK
1	EA	ELECTRIC STRIKE	6211 FSE	US10B	VON
1	EA	CLOSER	78D-RA	690	NOR
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 8" X 2" LDW	613	IVE
1	EA	WALL STOP	WS407CCV	613	IVE
1	EA	DOOR CONTACT	679-05HM	BL	SCE
			(679-05WD WHERE REQUIRED)		

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 15 DOOR NUMBER:

002B	002C	115A	115B	122	129B
145A	145B	146A	146B	226	229B
229C	235A	243C			

Each to Have:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
3	EA	HINGE	BB5005-N-T (VERIFY SIZE)	613	BOM
1	EA	PASSAGE SET	L9010 LLL W/ DECORATIVE LEVER AND	622	SCH
			ESCUTCHEON		
1	EA	CYLINDER	VERIFY TYPE REQUIRED		UNK
1	EA	WALL STOP	WS407CCV	613	IVE

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 16 DOOR NUMBER:

003A 003B 012A 012B

Each to Have:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
3	EA	HINGE	BB5005-N-T (VERIFY SIZE)	613	BOM
1	EA	PRIVACY LATCH	L9040 LLL W/ DECORATIVE LEVER AND	622	SCH
			ESCUTCHEON		
1	EA	CLOSER	78D-RA	690	NOR
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 8" X 2" LDW	613	IVE
1	EA	WALL STOP	WS407CCV	613	IVE

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HARDWARE GROUP NO. 17 DOOR NUMBER:

223A 225B

Each to Have:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
3	EA	HINGE	BB5005-T (VERIFY SIZE)	613	BOM
1	EA	LOCK	RELOCATE SALVAGED LOCKSET		COR
1	EA	NOTE	REMAINDER OF HARDWARE EXISTING		

NOTE: VERIFY ALL HARDWARE IS IN WORKING ORDER AND ALLOWS FOR EGRESS. REPAIR DOOR AND DOOR HARDWARE AS REQUIRED. PROVIDE OR SALVAGE ALL COMPONENTS NEEDED.

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 18 DOOR NUMBER:

111 135

Each to Have:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
1	EA	LOCK	RELOCATE SALVAGED LOCKSET		COR
1	EA	NOTE	REMAINDER OF HARDWARE EXISTING		

NOTE: VERIFY ALL HARDWARE IS IN WORKING ORDER AND ALLOWS FOR EGRESS. REPAIR DOOR AND DOOR HARDWARE AS REQUIRED. PROVIDE OR SALVAGE ALL COMPONENTS NEEDED.

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 19 DOOR NUMBER:

112 134 214

Each to Have:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
1	EA	PUSH/PULL	RELOCATE SALVAGED PUSH/PULL		UNK
1	EA	CLOSER	78D-RA	690	NOR
			(WHERE CLOSER IS NOT EXISTING)		
1	EA	NOTE	REMAINDER OF HARDWARE EXISTING		

NOTE: VERIFY ALL HARDWARE IS IN WORKING ORDER AND ALLOWS FOR EGRESS. REPAIR DOOR AND DOOR HARDWARE AS REQUIRED. PROVIDE OR SALVAGE ALL COMPONENTS NEEDED.

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HARDWARE GROUP NO. 20 DOOR NUMBER:

212 221

Each to Have:

QTY	•	DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
1	EA	CLOSER	78D-RA	690	NOR
1	EA	NOTE	REMAINDER OF HARDWARE EXISTING		

NOTE: VERIFY ALL HARDWARE IS IN WORKING ORDER AND ALLOWS FOR EGRESS. REPAIR DOOR AND DOOR HARDWARE AS REQUIRED. PROVIDE OR SALVAGE ALL COMPONENTS NEEDED.

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 21 DOOR NUMBER:

123 251

Each to Have:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
1	EA	CYLINDER	VERIFY TYPE REQUIRED		UNK
			(PROVIDE WHERE REQUIRED)		
1	EA	WALL STOP/HOLDER	WS449	613	IVE
1	EA	NOTE	ALL HARDWARE EXISTING		

NOTE: VERIFY ALL HARDWARE IS IN WORKING ORDER AND ALLOWS FOR EGRESS. NEW FLOORPLAN MAY REQUIRE SOME LOCKSETS BE REVERSED SO KEY IS ON CORRECT SIDE. REPAIR DOOR AND DOOR HARDWARE AS REQUIRED. PROVIDE OR SALVAGE ALL COMPONENTS NEEDED.

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 22 DOOR NUMBER:

104B 105B 107B 124A 201A 201B 201C 216A 216B

Each to Have:

DESCRIPTION CATALOG NUMBER **FINISH** QTY MFR EA VERIFY TYPE REQUIRED **CYLINDER UNK**

(PROVIDE WHERE REQUIRED SALVAGE ORIGINAL CYLINDER WHEREVER

POSSIBLE)

REMAINDER OF HARDWARE EXISTING 1 NOTE EA

NOTE: VERIFY ALL HARDWARE IS IN WORKING ORDER AND ALLOWS FOR EGRESS. NEW FLOORPLAN MAY REOUIRE SOME LOCKSETS BE REVERSED SO KEY IS ON CORRECT SIDE. REPAIR DOOR AND DOOR HARDWARE AS REQUIRED. PROVIDE OR SALVAGE ALL COMPONENTS NEEDED.

DOOR HARDWARE 08710 - 25

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HARDWARE GROUP NO. 23 DOOR NUMBER:

002A 013A 017 022B 113

Each to Have:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
1	EA	CYLINDER	VERIFY TYPE REQUIRED		UNK
			(PROVIDE WHERE REQUIRED SALVAGE		
			ORIGINAL CYLINDER WHENEVER		
			POSSIBLE)		
1	EA	CLOSER	78D-RA	690	NOR
			(PROVIDE NEW CLOSER ONLY AFTER		
			SALVAGING AND REPAIRING ALL		
			EXISTING STOCK)		
1	EA	NOTE	ALL HARDWARE EXISTING		

NOTE: VERIFY ALL HARDWARE IS IN WORKING ORDER AND ALLOWS FOR EGRESS. NEW FLOORPLAN MAY REQUIRE SOME LOCKSETS BE REVERSED SO KEY IS ON CORRECT SIDE. REPAIR DOOR AND DOOR HARDWARE AS REQUIRED. PROVIDE OR SALVAGE ALL COMPONENTS NEEDED.

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 24 DOOR NUMBER:

001	004	007	800	014A	015
016A	019A	110	114B	114C	121
125	126	127	128A	128B	129A
131	137	138	141	142	208
209	210	211	223B	224	228A
228B	232	233	234A	234B	235B
238B	240	241	242	243A	243B
245A	245B	246	247	248A	248B

Each to Have:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
1	EA	CYLINDER	VERIFY TYPE REQUIRED		UNK
			(PROVIDE WHERE REQUIRED SALVAGE		
			ORIGINAL CYLINDER WHENEVER		
			POSSIBLE)		
1	EA	NOTE	ALL HARDWARE EXISTING		

NOTE: VERIFY ALL HARDWARE IS IN WORKING ORDER AND ALLOWS FOR EGRESS. NEW FLOORPLAN MAY REQUIRE SOME LOCKSETS BE REVERSED SO KEY IS ON CORRECT SIDE. REPAIR DOOR AND DOOR HARDWARE AS REQUIRED. PROVIDE OR SALVAGE ALL COMPONENTS NEEDED.

DOOR HARDWARE 08710 - 26

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HARDWARE GROUP NO. 25 DOOR NUMBER:

005A	005B	010A	018	019B	020
021	117A	117B	118A	118B	119A
119B	132	136A	136B	143A	143B
239A	239B	250A	250B	302B	308B

Each to Have:

QTY DESCRIPTION CATALOG NUMBER FINISH MFR
1 EA NOTE NO HARDWARE REQUIRED

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 26 DOOR NUMBER:

116

Each to Have:

QTY DESCRIPTION CATALOG NUMBER FINISH MFR
1 EA NOTE ALL HARDWARE BY OTHERS

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 27 DOOR NUMBER:

022A 120B 124B

Each to Have:

QTY DESCRIPTION CATALOG NUMBER FINISH MFR
1 EA NOTE ALL HARDWARE EXISTING

NOTE: DOORS TO BE FIXED CLOSED. REPAIR DOOR AND DOOR HARDWARE FOR APPEARANCE AS REQUIRED AND FIX DOOR CLOSED. PROVIDE OR SALVAGE ALL COMPONENTS NEEDED. SALVAGE PARTS NOT NEEDED FOR APPEARANCE PURPOSES.

DOOR HARDWARE 08710 - 27

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HARDWARE GROUP NO. 28 DOOR NUMBER:

MISC

Each to Have:

QTY DESCRIPTION CATALOG NUMBER FINISH MFR 4 EA POWER SUPPLY PS906 900-BBK 900-8PFA LGR SCE

NOTE: WIRING, SOFTWARE, WIRING/RISER DIAGRAMS, AND READER INTERFACE BOARDS BY OTHERS.

NOTE: CENTRALIZE POWER SUPPLIES AND WIRELESS READER INTERFACE. ACCESS CONTROL PROVIDER TO SUPPLY ALL COMPONENTS NECCESARY TO MAKE WIRELESS READERS WORK.

END OF SECTION 08710

DOOR HARDWARE 08710 - 28

SECTION 08800 - GLAZING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes glazing for the following products and applications, including those specified in other Sections where glazing requirements are specified by reference to this Section:
 - 1. Doors.
 - 2. Storefront framing.
 - 3. Glazed entrances.
 - 4. Interior borrowed lites.

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

A. Section 08811 – Bullet Resistant Glazing.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Design glass, including comprehensive engineering analysis according to ASTM E 1300 and ICC's 2009 International Building Code by a qualified professional engineer, using the following design criteria:
 - 1. Design Wind Pressures: 35 psf.
 - 2. Vertical Glazing: For glass surfaces sloped 15 degrees or less from vertical, design glass to resist design wind pressure based on glass type factors for short-duration load.
 - 3. Thickness of Patterned Glass: Base design of patterned glass on thickness at thinnest part of the glass.
 - 4. Differential Shading: Design glass to resist thermal stresses induced by differential shading within individual glass lites.

1.4 PRECONSTRUCTION TESTING

- A. Pre-construction Adhesion and Compatibility Testing: Test each glazing material type, tape sealant, gasket, glazing accessory, and glass-framing member for adhesion to and compatibility with elastomeric glazing sealants.
 - 1. Testing will not be required if data are submitted based on previous testing of current sealant products and glazing materials matching those submitted.

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Jackson County Historic Truman Courthouse **Interior Renovations** County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012 102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050

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1.5 **ACTION SUBMITTALS**

- Product Data: For each glass product and glazing material indicated. A.
- B. Glass Samples: For each type of glass product other than clear monolithic vision glass; 12 inches (300 mm) square.
- C. Glazing Schedule: List glass types and thicknesses for each size opening and location. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.
- D. Delegated-Design Submittal: For glass indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Preconstruction adhesion and compatibility test report.

1.7 **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- Glazing Publications: Comply with published recommendations of glass product manufacturers A. and organizations below, unless more stringent requirements are indicated. Refer to these publications for glazing terms not otherwise defined in this Section or in referenced standards.
 - GANA Publications: GANA's "Laminated Glazing Reference Manual" and GANA's 1. "Glazing Manual."
- B. Safety Glazing Labeling: Where safety glazing labeling is indicated, permanently mark glazing with certification label of the SGCC. Label shall indicate manufacturer's name, type of glass, thickness, and safety glazing standard with which glass complies.

1.8 WARRANTY

- Manufacturer's Special Warranty on Laminated Glass: Manufacturer's standard form in which A. laminated-glass manufacturer agrees to replace laminated-glass units that deteriorate within specified warranty period. Deterioration of laminated glass is defined as defects developed from normal use that are not attributed to glass breakage or to maintaining and cleaning laminated glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Defects include edge separation, de-lamination materially obstructing vision through glass, and blemishes exceeding those allowed by referenced laminated-glass standard.
 - 1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

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PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GLASS PRODUCTS, GENERAL

- A. Thickness: Where glass thickness is indicated, it is a minimum. Provide glass lites in thicknesses as needed to comply with requirements indicated.
- B. Strength: Where float glass is indicated, provide annealed float glass, Kind HS heat-treated float glass, or Kind FT heat-treated float glass as needed to comply with "Performance Requirements" Article. Where heat-strengthened glass is indicated, provide Kind HS heat-treated float glass or Kind FT heat-treated float glass as needed to comply with "Performance Requirements" Article. Where fully tempered glass is indicated, provide Kind FT heat-treated float glass.

2.2 GLASS PRODUCTS

- A. Float Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type I, Quality-Q3, Class I (clear) unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Heat-Treated Float Glass: ASTM C 1048; Type I; Quality-Q3; Class I (clear) unless otherwise indicated: of kind and condition indicated.

2.3 GLAZING GASKETS – GLASS PRODUCTS

- A. Dense Compression Gaskets: Molded or extruded gaskets of profile and hardness required to maintain watertight seal, made from one of the following:
 - 1. Neoprene complying with ASTM C 864.
 - 2. EPDM complying with ASTM C 864.
 - 3. Silicone complying with ASTM C 1115.
 - 4. Thermoplastic polyolefin rubber complying with ASTM C 1115.
- B. Soft Compression Gaskets: Extruded or molded, closed-cell, integral-skinned neoprene, EPDM, silicone or thermoplastic polyolefin rubber gaskets complying with ASTM C 509, Type II, black; of profile and hardness required to maintain watertight seal.
 - 1. Application: Use where soft compression gaskets will be compressed by inserting dense compression gaskets on opposite side of glazing or pressure applied by means of pressure-glazing stops on opposite side of glazing.

2.4 GLAZING TAPES

- A. Back-Bedding Mastic Glazing Tapes: Preformed, butyl-based, 100 percent solids elastomeric tape; non-staining and non-migrating in contact with nonporous surfaces; with or without spacer rod as recommended in writing by tape and glass manufacturers for application indicated; and complying with ASTM C 1281 and AAMA 800 for products indicated below:
 - 1. AAMA 804.3 tape, where indicated.

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- 2. AAMA 806.3 tape, for glazing applications in which tape is subject to continuous pressure.
- 3. AAMA 807.3 tape, for glazing applications in which tape is not subject to continuous pressure.
- B. Expanded Cellular Glazing Tapes: Closed-cell, PVC foam tapes; factory coated with adhesive on both surfaces; and complying with AAMA 800 for the following types:
 - 1. AAMA 810.1, Type 1, for glazing applications in which tape acts as the primary sealant.
 - 2. AAMA 810.1, Type 2, for glazing applications in which tape is used in combination with a full bead of liquid sealant.

2.5 MISCELLANEOUS GLAZING MATERIALS

- A. Cleaners, Primers, and Sealers: Types recommended by sealant or gasket manufacturer.
- B. Setting Blocks: Elastomeric material with a Shore, Type A durometer hardness of 85, plus or minus 5.
- C. Spacers: Elastomeric blocks or continuous extrusions of hardness required by glass manufacturer to maintain glass lites in place for installation indicated.
- D. Edge Blocks: Elastomeric material of hardness needed to limit glass lateral movement (side walking).

2.6 MONOLITHIC-GLASS TYPES

- A. Clear float glass or fully tempered float glass as indicated on the drawings.
 - 1. Thickness: As indicated.
 - 2. Provide safety glazing labeling as required per code.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 GLAZING, GENERAL

- A. Comply with combined written instructions of manufacturers of glass, sealants, gaskets, and other glazing materials, unless more stringent requirements are indicated, including those in referenced glazing publications.
- B. Adjust glazing channel dimensions as required by Project conditions during installation to provide necessary bite on glass, minimum edge and face clearances, and adequate sealant thicknesses, with reasonable tolerances.
- C. Protect glass edges from damage during handling and installation. Remove damaged glass from Project site and legally dispose of off Project site. Damaged glass is glass with edge damage or

GLAZING 08800 - 4

other imperfections that, when installed, could weaken glass and impair performance and appearance.

- D. Apply primers to joint surfaces where required for adhesion of sealants, as determined by preconstruction testing.
- E. Install setting blocks in sill rabbets, sized and located to comply with referenced glazing publications, unless otherwise required by glass manufacturer. Set blocks in thin course of compatible sealant suitable for heel bead.
- F. Do not exceed edge pressures stipulated by glass manufacturers for installing glass lites.
- G. Provide spacers for glass lites where length plus width is larger than 50 inches (1270 mm).
- H. Provide edge blocking where indicated or needed to prevent glass lites from moving sideways in glazing channel, as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer and according to requirements in referenced glazing publications.

3.2 TAPE GLAZING

- Position tapes on fixed stops so that, when compressed by glass, their exposed edges are flush A. with or protrude slightly above sightline of stops.
- B. Install tapes continuously, but not necessarily in one continuous length. Do not stretch tapes to make them fit opening.
- C. Cover vertical framing joints by applying tapes to heads and sills first and then to jambs. Cover horizontal framing joints by applying tapes to jambs and then to heads and sills.
- D. Place joints in tapes at corners of opening with adjoining lengths butted together, not lapped. Seal joints in tapes with compatible sealant approved by tape manufacturer.
- E. Apply heel bead of elastomeric sealant.
- F. Center glass lites in openings on setting blocks and press firmly against tape by inserting dense compression gaskets formed and installed to lock in place against faces of removable stops. Start gasket applications at corners and work toward centers of openings.
- G. Apply cap bead of elastomeric sealant over exposed edge of tape.

3.3 GASKET GLAZING (DRY)

- Cut compression gaskets to lengths recommended by gasket manufacturer to fit openings A. exactly, with allowance for stretch during installation.
- В. Insert soft compression gasket between glass and frame or fixed stop so it is securely in place with joints miter cut and bonded together at corners.

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C. Installation with Drive-in Wedge Gaskets: Center glass lites in openings on setting blocks and press firmly against soft compression gasket by inserting dense compression gaskets formed and installed to lock in place against faces of removable stops. Start gasket applications at corners and work toward centers of openings. Compress gaskets to produce a weather-tight seal without developing bending stresses in glass. Seal gasket joints with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.

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- D. Installation with Pressure-Glazing Stops: Center glass lites in openings on setting blocks and press firmly against soft compression gasket. Install dense compression gaskets and pressureglazing stops, applying pressure uniformly to compression gaskets. Compress gaskets to produce a weather-tight seal without developing bending stresses in glass. Seal gasket joints with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.
- E. Install gaskets so they protrude past face of glazing stops.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- Protect exterior glass from damage immediately after installation by attaching crossed streamers A. to framing held away from glass. Do not apply markers to glass surface. nonpermanent labels and clean surfaces.
- B. Protect glass from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations. If, despite such protection, contaminating substances do come into contact with glass, remove substances immediately as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer.
- C. Examine glass surfaces adjacent to or below exterior concrete and other masonry surfaces at frequent intervals during construction, but not less than once a month, for buildup of dirt, scum, alkaline deposits, or stains; remove as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer.
- Remove and replace glass that is broken, chipped, cracked, or abraded or that is damaged from D. natural causes, accidents, and vandalism, during construction period.

END OF SECTION 08800

GLAZING 08800 - 6

SECTION 08811 - BULLET RESISTANT GLAZING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Laminated Polycarbonate Ballistic Glazing.

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), 1916 Race St., Philadelphia, PA 19103.
- B. H. P. White Laboratory, Inc., 3114 Scarboro Rd., Street, MD 21154.
- C. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., 333 Pfingsten Rd., Northbrook, IL 60062.
- D. Glass Association of North America, 3310 SW Harrison St., Topeka, KS 66611.
- E. American Architectural Manufacturers Association, Suite 104, 1827 Walden Office Square, Schaumburg, IL 60173.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Sheet Materials: The term "Sheet Materials" as used in this Section refers to laminated polycarbonate sheets specially fabricated for ballistics resistance.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Catalog sheets, specifications, glazing details, and installation instructions for each type of sheet materials, and glazing materials specified.

B. Samples:

- 1. Sheet Materials: 12 x 12 inch pieces for each type specified.
- 2. Setting blocks: Full size, not less than 4 inches long.
- 3. Glazing Tape: 4 inches long.
- 4. Color Samples for Glazing Materials: Manufacturer's standard colors.
- 5. Spacer Shims: 4 inches long.

C. Quality Control Submittals:

1. Test Reports: Test data to substantiate sheet material assemblies compliance with the requirements of this Section.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Testing Laboratory: Independent testing laboratory with the test facilities, experience, and capability to demonstrate the proposed sheet material assemblies' compliance with the requirements of this Section to the satisfaction of the Owner.

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- B. Manufacturer's Qualifications:
 - 1. The manufacturer shall have been actively marketing security glazing
 - 2. materials in the United States for a minimum of 3 years.
 - 3. The manufacturer shall have the technical expertise and qualified
 - 4. technical representatives to resolve questions or problems that may arise
 - 5. both during and after the Work is completed.
- C. Installer's Qualifications: The persons installing the security glazing and their Supervisor shall be personally experienced in security glazing systems and shall have been regularly employed by a Company installing security glazing systems for a minimum of 5 years.
- D. Product Identification Labels:
 - 1. Identify each piece of ballistics resistant sheet material with a permanent stencil indicating the manufacturer and applicable rating achieved when tested to UL 752. Place the stencil on the secure side of the sheet material facing in. Locate label in the upper right corner 2 inches from the top and side of the frame.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver and store sheet material assemblies with manufacturer's labels intact.
- B. Deliver exposed polycarbonate sheets with strippable water resistant protective masking intact. Do not capture protective masking in frame when installing sheet material. Protective masking to remain intact during installation. Where sheet material is in direct sunlight, remove protective masking.
- C. Protect sheet material assemblies from damage during handling, storage, and installation.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Requirements: Comply with glazing materials manufacturer's printed recommendations regarding environmental conditions under which glazing materials can be installed.

1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Manufacturer's Warranties: In addition to the 2 year period specified above, furnish manufacturer's warranties as follows:
 - 1. Ten-year warranty against breakage.
 - 2. Ten-year warranty against excessive yellowing (ASTM D 1925; less than 5.0 after 3 years and less than 10.0 after 10 years as measured with a Gardner Colorimeter).

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SECURITY GLAZING MANUFACTURERS

- A. Basis-of-Design: The design is based on the following product. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide either the brand name product or an approved equal product. All proposed comparable products are subject to review and approval prior to award.
 - 1. Armor-Gard Bullet Resistant Glazing: Global Security Glazing, 616 Selfield Road, Selma, Alabama 36073 (800) 633-2513.
 - a. Lexgard Laminated Polycarbonates
 - b. UL Level 2. HP 875.
 - c. Thickness: 7/8".
 - d. Weight: 5.40 lbs / SF.
 - e. Protection Level: 2 .357 Magnum Jacketed Lead Soft Point.
- B. Available Products: Subject to requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. GE-Insulgard Coporation.
 - 2. Norplex-Micarta.
 - 3. LUMAsite.
 - 4. Oldcastle Glass-Telford.
 - 5. Sheffield Plastics, Inc., a Bayer Material Science Company
 - 6. Saint Gobain Sully North America, Inc.

2.3 MATERIALS

- A. Polycarbonate: Extruded polycarbonate, UV stabilized, mar-resistant surface coating, smoke density rating less than 75, ASTM D 2843; extent of burning characteristics less than one inch when tested in accordance with ASTM D 635.
- B. Interlayer For Laminating Polycarbonate To Glass: Polyurethane, as recommended by the sheet manufacturer, specifically designed for lamination, with demonstrated long-term ability to maintain physical and visual properties under installed conditions.
- C. Interlayer for Laminating Polycarbonate to Polycarbonate: Polyurethane as recommended by the sheet manufacturer, or clear siloxan/polycarbonate copolymer resin, not to exceed 15 mils thick.
- D. Interlayer for Laminating Glass To Glass: Polyvinyl butyral interlayer specifically designed for lamination, with demonstrated long-term ability to maintain physical and visual properties under installed conditions.
- E. Glazing Sheet:
 - 1. Laminated Polycarbonate Sheet: Multiple layers of polycarbonate laminated together, fabricated to produce the required ballistic and forcedentry resistance listed below.
 - 2. Ballistic Resistance: UL 752 Level 2- .357 Magnum Jacketed Lead Soft Point.
 - 3. Overall Nominal Thickness: 7/8 inch.
 - 4. Overall Weight: 6.40 lbs per SF.
 - 5. Products: Lexgard HP 875 by General Electric Co.

2.3 GLAZING MATERIALS

- A. Setting Blocks: Comply with ASTM C 864, Shore A durometer hardness of 85 +/- 5 percent ASTM Test Method D 2240. Provide compatible setting blocks specifically recommended by the by the sheet material manufacturer for use with sheet materials and glazing materials used.
- B. Spacer Shims: Shore A durometer hardness of 50 to 60 ASTM Test Method D 2240. Provide compatible spacer shims of material, size, and shape specifically recommended by the sheet material manufacturer for the materials used.
- C. Glazing Tape: Preformed, 100 percent solid, butyl-based elastomeric tape or ribbon (coiled on release paper), non-staining and non-migrating, with continuous built-in shim (pre-shimmed), if recommended in writing by the glazing manufacturer for the application indicated, comply with AAMA 800.
- D. Glazing Sealant: Silicone, ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Use G. Verify compatibility of sealant with sheet material other glazing materials, and frame with sealant manufacturer.
- E. Sealant Colors: For exposed materials provide color as indicated or, if not indicated, as selected by the Director from the manufacturer's standard colors. For concealed materials, provide any of the manufacturer's standard colors.
- F. Cleaners, Primers, and Sealers: Types recommended by glazing material manufacturer, compatible with polycarbonate.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 **EXAMINATION**

- A. Examine glazing channels and stops for defects that will prevent satisfactory installation of sheet glazing system. Report unsatisfactory conditions to the Director in writing. Do not proceed with installation until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
- B. Inspect each piece of sheet material immediately before installation. Remove from the Site pieces that have observable damage or face imperfections.

3.02 **PREPARATION**

- A. Remove coatings that are not firmly bonded to the substrate.
- B. Clean the glazing channel, and other framing members to receive sheet material, immediately before glazing.
- C. Immediately prior to installation, peal back factory applied protective masking only to a dimension sufficient for edge engagement. Do not totally remove masking from sheet.

3.03 **INSTALLATION**

A. Use only glazing sealants, gaskets, and tapes which have reviewed and approved by Security Glazing Manufacturer.

- B. Perform installation and maintenance of Security Glazing with strict adherence to Security Glazing Manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. Each installation shall withstand normal temperature changes without sheet material delamination, failure of glazing materials to remain watertight and airtight, deterioration of glazing materials and other defects in the work.
- D. Install sheet and glazing material in accordance with the recommend standards detailed in the "Glazing Manual" of the Glass Association of North America except as indicated and specified otherwise, and except as specifically recommended otherwise by the manufacturers of the sheet material and glazing materials.
- E. Primer: Apply primer to surfaces when recommended by glazing material manufacturer.

F. Setting Blocks:

- 1. Install a minimum of 2 identical setting blocks sized to provide 0.1 inch long for each square foot of sheet material area but not less than 4 inches long.
- 2. Height of setting blocks to provide the recommended nominal bite and minimum edge clearance for the security glazing used.
- 3. Width as required providing proper support of sheet materials but allowing water passage to weep holes.
- 4. Install at quarter points in heal bead of sealant, do not block weeps.

C. Glazing Tape:

- 1. Cut glazing tape to proper length prior to application. Install strips in 4 separate sections. Do not run continuously around corners.
- 2. Install tape continuously against permanent stop 3/16 to 1/4 inch below sightline. Do not permit gaps or joints in tape except at corners. Do not lap adjoining lengths of tape. Miter or butt ends of tape at corners and seal with compatible sealant.

3.04 PROTECTION AND CLEANING

- A. Remove factory installed protective masking from sheet that is in high humidity or direct sunlight immediately after installation. Prolonged exposure can make removal of masking difficult.
- B. Mark glazed openings immediately upon installation of sheet material by attaching crossed streamers to framing. Do not apply markers of any type to surfaces of sheet material.
- C. Protect exposed surfaces of polycarbonate from construction operations with temporary covering. Do not apply tape to sheet material.
- D. Replace sheet material included in the Work that is broken or otherwise damaged from the time Work is started at the site until the date of physical completion.
- E. Maintain sheet material in a reasonably clean condition until the date of physical completion.
 - 1. Clean and trim excess glazing material from the sheet material and stops or frames promptly after installation.

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F. When directed, or just before the project is turned over to the State, remove temporary covering, dirt and other foreign material from both surfaces of sheet material installed under this Contract, and clean sheet material on both sides.

END OF SECTION 08811

SECTION 09111 - NON-LOAD-BEARING STEEL FRAMING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Non-load-bearing steel framing systems for interior gypsum board assemblies.
- 2. Suspension systems for interior gypsum ceilings and soffits.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide materials and construction identical to those tested according to ASTM E 119.
- B. STC-Rated Assemblies: Provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 90 and classified according to ASTM E 413.

2.2 FRAMING SYSTEMS

- **A.** Steel Studs and Runners: ASTM C 645.
- B. Use either steel studs and runners or dimpled steel studs and runners of equivalent minimum base-metal thickness.
 - 1. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.033 inch (0.84 mm).
 - 2. Depth: As indicated on Drawings.
- C. Slip-Type Head Joints: Where indicated, provide one of the following in thickness not less than indicated for studs and in width to accommodate depth of studs:
 - 1. Single Long-Leg Runner System: ASTM C 645 top runner with 2-inch- (51-mm-) deep flanges, installed with studs friction fit into top runner and with continuous bridging located within 12 inches (305 mm) of the top of studs to provide lateral bracing.
 - 2. Double-Runner System: ASTM C 645 top runners, inside runner with 2-inch- (51-mm-) deep flanges and fastened to studs, and outer runner sized to friction fit inside runner.

- 3. Deflection Track: Steel sheet top runner manufactured to prevent cracking of finishes due to deflection of structure above.
- D. Fire-stop Tracks: Manufactured to allow partition heads to expand and contract with movement of the structure while maintaining continuity of fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated; in thickness not less than indicated for studs and in width to accommodate depth of studs.
- E. Flat Strap and Backing Plate: Steel sheet for blocking and bracing in length and width indicated.
 - 1. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.043 inch (1.09 mm).
- F. Cold-Rolled Channel Bridging: Steel, 0.053-inch (1.34-mm) minimum base-metal thickness, with minimum 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) wide flanges.
 - 1. Depth: As indicated on Drawings.
 - Clip Angle: Not less than 1-1/2 by 1-1/2 inches (38 by 38 mm), 0.068-inch- (1.72-mm-) 2. thick, galvanized steel.
- G. Hat-Shaped, Rigid Furring Channels: ASTM C 645.
 - Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.018 inch (0.45 mm). 1.
 - Depth: As indicated on Drawings. 2.
- H. Cold-Rolled Furring Channels: 0.053-inch (1.34-mm) uncoated-steel thickness, with minimum 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) wide flanges.
 - Depth: As indicated on Drawings. 1.
 - Furring Brackets: Adjustable, corrugated-edge type of steel sheet with minimum 2. uncoated-steel thickness of 0.033 inch (0.8 mm).
 - Tie Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.062-inch- (1.59-3. mm-) diameter wire, or double strand of 0.048-inch- (1.21-mm-) diameter wire.

2.3 SUSPENSION SYSTEMS

- Tie Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.062-inch- (1.59-mm-) A. diameter wire, or double strand of 0.048-inch- (1.21-mm-) diameter wire.
- Hanger Attachments to Concrete: В.
 - Anchors: Capable of sustaining a load equal to 5 times that imposed as determined by 1. ASTM E 488.
 - Type: Post-installed, chemical anchor or post-installed, expansion anchor. a.
 - Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Capable of sustaining, a load equal to 10 times that imposed 2. as determined by ASTM E 1190.

- C. Wire Hangers: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.16 inch (4.12 mm) in diameter.
- D. Carrying Channels: Cold-rolled, commercial-steel sheet with a base-metal thickness of 0.053 inch (1.34 mm) and minimum 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) wide flanges.
 - 1. Depth: As indicated on Drawings.
- E. Furring Channels (Furring Members):
 - 1. Cold-Rolled Channels: 0.053-inch (1.34-mm) uncoated-steel thickness, with minimum 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) wide flanges, 3/4 inch (19 mm) deep.
 - 2. Hat-Shaped, Rigid Furring Channels: ASTM C 645, 7/8 inch (22 mm) deep.
 - Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.033 inch (0.84 mm). a.

2.4 **AUXILIARY MATERIALS**

- Fasteners for Metal Framing: Of type, material, size, corrosion resistance, holding power, and A. other properties required to fasten steel members to substrates.
- Isolation Strip at Exterior Walls: Provide asphalt saturated organic felt or foam gasket. B.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- Installation Standard: ASTM C 754. A.
 - 1. Gypsum Plaster Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C 841 that apply to framing installation.
 - 2. Portland Cement Plaster Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C 1063 that apply to framing installation.
 - Gypsum Veneer Plaster Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C 844 3. that apply to framing installation.
 - Gypsum Board Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C 840 that apply 4. to framing installation.
- B. Install supplementary framing, and blocking to support fixtures, equipment services, heavy trim, grab bars, toilet accessories, furnishings, or similar construction.
- Install bracing at terminations in assemblies. C.
- D. Do not bridge building control and expansion joints with non-load-bearing steel framing members. Frame both sides of joints independently.

3.2 INSTALLING FRAMED ASSEMBLIES

- A. Install framing system components according to the spacing indicated, but not greater than the spacing required by referenced installation standards for assembly types.
- B. Where studs are installed directly against exterior masonry walls or dissimilar metals at exterior walls, install isolation strip between studs and exterior wall.
- C. Install studs so flanges within framing system point in same direction.
- D. Install tracks (runners) at floors and overhead supports. Extend framing full height to structural supports or substrates above suspended ceilings, except where partitions are indicated to terminate at suspended ceilings. Continue framing around ducts penetrating partitions above ceiling.
 - 1. Slip-Type Head Joints: Where framing extends to overhead structural supports, install to produce joints at tops of framing systems that prevent axial loading of finished assemblies.
 - 2. Door Openings: Screw vertical studs at jambs to jamb anchor clips on door frames; install runner track section (for cripple studs) at head and secure to jamb studs.
 - a. Install two studs at each jamb unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Install cripple studs at head adjacent to each jamb stud, with a minimum 1/2-inch (13-mm) clearance from jamb stud to allow for installation of control joint in finished assembly.
 - c. Extend jamb studs through suspended ceilings and attach to underside of overhead structure.
 - 3. Other Framed Openings: Frame openings other than door openings the same as required for door openings unless otherwise indicated. Install framing below sills of openings to match framing required above door heads.
 - 4. Fire-Resistance-Rated Partitions: Install framing to comply with fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated and support closures and to make partitions continuous from floor to underside of solid structure.
 - a. Firestop Track: Where indicated, install to maintain continuity of fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated.
 - 5. Sound-Rated Partitions: Install framing to comply with sound-rated assembly indicated.

E. Direct Furring:

- 1. Screw to wood framing.
- 2. Attach to concrete or masonry with stub nails, screws designed for masonry attachment, or powder-driven fasteners spaced 24 inches (610 mm) o.c.
- F. Installation Tolerance: Install each framing member so fastening surfaces vary not more than 1/8 inch (3 mm) from the plane formed by faces of adjacent framing.

3.3 INSTALLING SUSPENSION SYSTEMS

- A. Install suspension system components according to the spacing indicated, but not greater than the spacing required by referenced installation standards for assembly types.
- B. Isolate suspension systems from building structure where they abut or are penetrated by building structure to prevent transfer of loading imposed by structural movement.
- C. Suspend hangers from building structure as follows:
 - 1. Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structural or suspension system.
 - a. Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions and offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, counter-splaying, or other equally effective means.
 - 2. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with locations of hangers, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in the form of trapezes or equivalent devices.
 - 3. Do not attach hangers to steel roof deck.
 - 4. Do not attach hangers to permanent metal forms. Furnish cast-in-place hanger inserts that extend through forms.
 - 5. Do not attach hangers to rolled-in hanger tabs of composite steel floor deck.
 - 6. Do not connect or suspend steel framing from ducts, pipes, or conduit.
- D. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Wire tie furring channels to supports.
- E. Installation Tolerances: Install suspension systems that are level to within 1/8 inch in 12 feet (3 mm in 3.6 m) measured lengthwise on each member that will receive finishes and transversely between parallel members that will receive finishes.

END OF SECTION 09111

SECTION 09210 - GYPSUM PLASTER

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Gypsum plasterwork on expanded-metal lath, unit masonry and monolithic concrete.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show locations and installation of control and expansion joints including plans, elevations, sections, details of components, and attachments to other work.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Where indicated, provide gypsum plaster assemblies identical to those of assemblies tested for fire resistance per ASTM E 119 by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
- B. Sound Transmission Characteristics: Where indicated, provide gypsum plaster assemblies identical to those of assemblies tested for STC ratings per ASTM E 90 and classified according to ASTM E 413 by a qualified testing agency.
- C. Mockups: Before plastering, install mockups of at least 100 sq. ft. in surface area to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - 1. Approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

1.4 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Comply with ASTM C 842 requirements or gypsum plaster manufacturer's written recommendations, whichever are more stringent.

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PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 EXPANDED-METAL LATH

- A. Expanded-Metal Lath: ASTM C 847, cold-rolled carbon-steel sheet, ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 (Z180), hot-dip galvanized zinc coated.
 - 1. Paper Backing: Kraft paper factory bonded to back of lath.
 - 2. Diamond-Mesh Lath: Flat for use over framing members, Self-furring for use over solid substrates, 2.5 lb/sq. yd. (1.4 kg/sq. m), minimum vertical surfaces, 3.4 lb/sq. yd. (1.8 kg/sq. m), minimum horizontal surfaces.
 - 3. Comply with recommendations of ASTM C 841 and 2009 IBC, and for existing substrates and support framing spacing.
 - 4. Match existing metal lath and metal lath details, while meeting above referenced standards.

2.2 ACCESSORIES

A. General: Comply with ASTM C 841 and coordinate depth of trim and accessories with thicknesses and number of plaster coats required.

B. Metal Accessories:

- 1. Cornerite: Fabricated from expanded-metal lath with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 (Z180), hot-dip galvanized zinc coating.
- 2. Striplath: Fabricated from expanded-metal lath with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 (Z180), hot-dip galvanized zinc coating.
- 3. Cornerbeads: Fabricated from zinc.
 - a. Small-nose or Bull-nose style as required to match existing conditions; use unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Casing Beads: Fabricated from zinc; square-edged style; with expanded flanges.
- 5. Control Joints: Fabricated from zinc; one-piece-type, folded pair of un-perforated screeds in M-shaped configuration; with perforated flanges and removable protective tape on plaster face of control joint.
- 6. Expansion Joints: Fabricated from zinc; folded pair of un-perforated screeds in M-shaped configuration; with expanded flanges.
- 7. Two-Piece Expansion Joints: Fabricated from zinc; formed to produce slip-joint and square-edged reveal that is adjustable from 1/4 to 5/8 inch (6 to 16 mm) wide; with perforated flanges.

2.3 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Water for Mixing and Finishing Plaster: Potable and free of substances capable of affecting plaster set or of damaging plaster, lath, or accessories.

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- B. Bonding Compound: ASTM C 631.
- C. Steel Drill Screws: For metal-to-metal fastening, ASTM C 1002 or ASTM C 954, as required by thickness of metal being fastened; with pan head that is suitable for application; in lengths required to achieve penetration through joined materials of no fewer than three exposed threads.
- D. Fasteners for Attaching Metal Lath to Substrates: Complying with ASTM C 841.
- E. Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, not less than 0.0475-inch diameter, unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Sound Attenuation Blankets: ASTM C 665, Type I (blankets without membrane facing) produced by combining thermosetting resins with mineral fibers manufactured from glass, slag wool, or rock wool.
 - 1. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Comply with mineral-fiber requirements of rated assembly.
- G. Acoustical Sealant: As specified in Section 07920 "Joint Sealants."

2.4 BASE-COAT PLASTER MATERIALS

- A. Base-Coat Plasters, General: ASTM C 28/C 28M.
- B. Gypsum Neat Plaster: For use with job-mixed aggregates.
 - 1. <u>Products</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. National Gypsum Company; Gold Bond Two-Way Hardwall Plaster.
 - b. <u>USG Corporation; Red Top Gypsum Plaster</u>.
- C. Gypsum Wood-Fibered Plaster:
 - 1. <u>Products</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. <u>USG Corporation; Red Top Wood Fiber Plaster</u>.
- D. High-Strength Gypsum Neat Plaster: With a minimum, average, dry compressive strength of 2800 psi (19 MPa) per ASTM C 472 for a mix of 100 lb (45 kg) of plaster and 2 cu. ft. (0.06 cu. m) of sand.
 - 1. <u>Products</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. <u>USG Corporation; Structo-Base</u>.
- E. Aggregates for Base-Coat Plasters: ASTM C 35, sand, as necessary to match existing.

2.5 FINISH-COAT PLASTER MATERIALS

- A. Gypsum Gaging Plaster: ASTM C 28/C 28M.
 - 1. <u>Products:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. National Gypsum Company; Gauging Plaster (Super-White).
 - b. <u>USG Corporation</u>; Champion Gauging Plaster.
- B. Gypsum Ready-Mixed Finish Plaster: Manufacturer's standard, mill-mixed, gaged, interior finish.
 - 1. <u>Products</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. <u>National Gypsum Company; Gold Bond</u> Kal-Kote Smooth.
 - b. <u>USG Corporation</u>; Diamond Brand Interior Finish Plaster.
- C. High-Strength Gypsum Gaging Plaster: ASTM C 28/C 28M, with a minimum, average, dry compressive strength of 5000 psi (34 MPa) per ASTM C 472 for a neat mix.
 - 1. <u>Products</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. USG Corporation; Structo-Gauge.
- D. Lime: ASTM C 206, Type S, special finishing hydrated lime.
- E. Lime: ASTM C 206, Type N, normal finishing hydrated lime.
- F. Aggregates for Float Finishes: ASTM C 35, sand, graded per ASTM C 842. As necessary to match existing finish.

2.6 PLASTER MIXES

A. Mixing: Comply with ASTM C 842 and manufacturer's written instructions for applications indicated and existing conditions and substrates for optimum performance.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Protect adjacent work from soiling, spattering, moisture deterioration, and other harmful effects caused by plastering.

- B. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Install components according to requirements for design designations from listing organization and publication indicated on Drawings.
- C. STC-Rated Assemblies: Install components according to requirements for design designations from listing organization and publication indicated on Drawings.
 - 1. Seal construction at perimeters, behind control and expansion joints, and at openings and penetrations with a continuous bead of acoustical sealant. Install acoustical sealant at both faces of partitions at perimeters and through penetrations.
 - 2. Comply with ASTM C 919 and manufacturer's written recommendations for locating edge trim and closing off sound-flanking paths around or through assemblies, including sealing partitions above acoustical ceilings.
- D. Sound Attenuation Blankets: Where required, install blankets before installing lath unless blankets are readily installed after lath has been installed on one side.
- E. Acoustical Sealant: Where required, seal joints between edges of plasterwork and abutting construction with acoustical sealant.

3.2 INSTALLING EXPANDED-METAL LATH

- A. Expanded-Metal Lath: Install according to ASTM C 841.
 - 1. Partition Framing and Vertical Furring: Install flat diamond-mesh.
 - 2. Flat-Ceiling and Horizontal Framing: Install flat diamond-mesh.
 - 3. Curved-Ceiling Framing: Install flat diamond-mesh lath.
 - 4. On Solid Surfaces, Not Otherwise Furred: Install self-furring, diamond-mesh lath.

3.3 INSTALLING ACCESSORIES

- A. General: Install according to ASTM C 841.
- B. Corner-beads: Install at external corners.
- C. Casing Beads: Install at terminations of plasterwork, except where plaster passes behind and is concealed by other work and where metal screeds, bases, or frames act as casing beads.
- D. Control Joints: Install control joints at locations indicated on Drawings, or, where not shown, with spacing between joints in either direction not exceeding the following and in specific locations approved by Architect for visual effect:
 - 1. Partitions: 30 feet (9 m).
 - 2. Ceilings: 30 feet (9 m).

3.4 PLASTER APPLICATION

A. General: Comply with ASTM C 842.

B. Bonding Compound: Apply on unit masonry and concrete plaster bases.

C. Base Coats:

- 1. Base Coats over Expanded-Metal Lath:
 - a. Scratch Coat: Gypsum wood-fibered plaster; neat or with job-mixed sand.
 - b. Brown Coat: Gypsum wood-fibered plaster with job-mixed sand.
- 2. Base Coats over Unit Masonry: Gypsum wood-fibered plaster with job-mixed sand or neat plaster with job-mixed sand.
- 3. Base-Coat Mix over Monolithic Concrete: Gypsum neat plaster with job-mixed sand.
- 4. Provide base coats to match existing and suitable for existing conditions to achieve optimum performance.

D. Finish Coats:

- 1. Finish-Coat Mix for Smooth-Troweled Finishes: Gypsum gaging plaster.
- 2. Finish-Coat Mix for Float Finishes: Gypsum gaging plaster.
- 3. Provide finish coats to match existing and suitable for existing conditions to achieve optimum performance.

E. Plaster Finishes:

- 1. Provide troweled finish where required to match existing adjacent plaster finish.
- 2. Provide float finish where required to match existing adjacent plaster finish.

F. Concealed Plaster:

- 1. Where plaster application will be concealed behind built-in cabinets, similar furnishings, and equipment, apply finish coat.
- 2. Where plaster application will be concealed above suspended ceilings and in similar locations, finish coat may be omitted.
- 3. Where plaster application will be used as a base for adhesive application of tile and similar finishes, finish coat may be omitted.

3.5 PLASTER REPAIRS

- A. Repair or replace work to eliminate cracks, dents, blisters, buckles, crazing and check cracking, dry outs, efflorescence, sweat outs, and similar defects and where bond to substrate has failed.
- B. Patch existing plaster where required in manner consistent with and compatible to existing adjacent plaster to achieve optimal performance.

END OF SECTION 09210

SECTION 09215 - GYPSUM VENEER PLASTERING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Gypsum veneer plaster and gypsum base for veneer plaster.
- 2. Gypsum veneer plaster over masonry surfaces.
- 3. Gypsum veneer plaster over monolithic concrete surfaces.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Source Limitations: Obtain gypsum veneer plaster products, including gypsum base for veneer plaster, joint reinforcing tape, and embedding material, from single manufacturer.

2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: For fire-resistance-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 119 by an independent testing agency.
- B. STC-Rated Assemblies: For STC-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 90 and classified according to ASTM E 413 by an independent testing agency.

2.3 GYPSUM VENEER PLASTER

- A. Two-Component Gypsum Veneer Plaster: ASTM C 587, with separate formulations; one for base-coat application and one for finish-coat application over substrates.
- B. High-Strength, Two-Component Gypsum Veneer Plaster: ASTM C 587, ready-mixed, base-coat plaster and smooth finish-coat veneer plaster containing mill-mixed, fine silica sand; with a compressive strength of 3000 psi (20 MPa) when tested according to ASTM C 472.

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2.4 PANEL PRODUCTS

- A. Gypsum Base for Veneer Plaster: ASTM C 1396/C 1396M.
 - 1. Thickness: 1/2 inch (12.7 mm).
- B. Gypsum Base for Veneer Plaster, Type X: ASTM C 1396/C 1396M.
 - 1. Thickness: 5/8 inch (15.9 mm).
- C. Gypsum Base for Veneer Plaster, Type C: ASTM C 1396/C 1396M. Manufactured to have increased fire-resistive capability.
 - 1. Thickness: 1/2 inch (12.7 mm).
- D. Abuse-Resistant Gypsum Base for Veneer Plaster: With specially reinforced core for greater resistance to surface abrasion, indentation, soft-body impact, and hard-body impact.
 - 1. Core: 1/2 inch (12.7 mm), regular type or 5/8 inch (15.9 mm), Type X, as indicated.
 - 2. Long Edges: Tapered.
 - 3. Mold Resistance: ASTM D 3273, score of 10 as rated according to ASTM D 3274.
 - 4. Abuse Resistance: ASTM C 1629/C 1629M, Level 2.
- E. Glass-Mat Interior Gypsum Board: ASTM C 1658/C 1658M. With moisture- and mold-resistant core; glass-mat facing on both sides of panel.
 - 1. Core: 1/2 inch (12.7 mm), regular type.
 - 2. Mold Resistance: ASTM D 3273, score of 10 as rated according to ASTM D 3274.
- F. Backing Panels for Multilayer Applications: ASTM C 1396/C 1396M gypsum base or gypsum board, as recommended by gypsum veneer plaster manufacturer, for application method and thicknesses indicated.
 - 1. Core: Matching face layer unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Thickness: Matching face layer unless otherwise indicated.

2.5 TRIM ACCESSORIES

- A. Standard Trim: ASTM C 1047, provided or approved by manufacturer for use in gypsum veneer plaster applications indicated.
 - 1. Material: Galvanized-steel sheet or aluminum-coated steel sheet; rolled zinc, plastic, or paper-faced galvanized-steel sheet.

2.6 JOINT REINFORCING MATERIALS

A. General: Comply with joint strength requirements in ASTM C 587 and with gypsum veneer plaster manufacturer's written recommendations for each application indicated.

- В. Joint Tape: As recommended by gypsum veneer plaster manufacturer for applications indicated.
- C. Embedding Material for Joint Tape: As recommended by gypsum veneer plaster manufacturer for use with joint-tape material and gypsum veneer plaster applications indicated.

2.7 **AUXILIARY MATERIALS**

- A. Bonding Agent: ASTM C 631, polyvinyl acetate.
- B. Laminating Adhesive: Adhesive or joint compound recommended by manufacturer for directly adhering gypsum-base, face-layer panels to backing-layer panels in multilayer construction.
 - 1. Adhesives shall have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - 2. Adhesives shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."
- Steel Drill Screws: ASTM C 1002 unless otherwise indicated. C.
 - Use screws complying with ASTM C 954 for fastening panels to steel members from 1. 0.033 to 0.112 inch (0.84 to 2.84 mm) thick.
- Sound Attenuation Blankets: ASTM C 665, Type I. Comply with mineral-fiber requirements D. of assembly.
- Acoustical Joint Sealant: As specified in Section 07920 "Joint Sealants." E.
- F. Patching Mortar: Dry-pack patching mortar, consisting of 1 part portland cement to 2-1/2 parts fine aggregate passing a No. 16 (1.18-mm) sieve, using only enough water for handling and placing.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 **INSTALLING PANELS**

- A. Gypsum Base for Veneer Plaster: Apply according to ASTM C 844 unless manufacturer's written recommendations are more stringent.
 - 1. Erection Tolerance: No more than 1/16-inch (1.6-mm) offsets between planes of gypsum base panels, and 1/8 inch in 8 feet (3 mm in 2.4 m) noncumulative, for level, plumb, warp, and bow.
- B. Examine panels before installation. Reject panels that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.

- C. Install trim with back flanges intended for fasteners, and attach to framing with same fasteners used for panels. Otherwise, attach trim according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- D. Control Joints: Install at locations indicated on Drawings, or, where not indicated, according to ASTM C 844 and in specific locations approved by Architect.
- E. Gypsum Base: Reinforce interior angles and flat joints with joint tape and embedding material to comply with ASTM C 843 and with gypsum veneer plaster manufacturer's written recommendations.
- F. Abuse-Resistant Base: Reinforce joints between abuse-resistant panels with joint tape and embedding material according to panel manufacturer's written recommendations.
- G. Glass-Mat Interior Gypsum Board: Reinforce joints between moisture- and mold-resistant panels with joint tape and embedding material according to panel manufacturer's written recommendations.

3.2 GYPSUM VENEER PLASTERING

- A. Bonding Agent: Apply bonding agent on dry substrate according to gypsum veneer plaster manufacturer's written recommendations.
- B. Gypsum Veneer Plaster Mixing: Mechanically mix gypsum veneer plaster materials to comply with ASTM C 843 and with gypsum veneer plaster manufacturer's written recommendations.
- C. Gypsum Veneer Plaster Application: Comply with ASTM C 843 and with veneer plaster manufacturer's written recommendations.
 - 1. Two-Component Gypsum Veneer Plaster:
 - a. Base Coat: Hand trowel or machine apply base coat over substrate to a uniform thickness of 1/16 to 3/32 inch (1.6 to 2.4 mm). Fill all voids and imperfections.
 - b. Finish Coat: Trowel apply finish-coat plaster over base-coat plaster to a uniform thickness of 1/16 to 3/32 inch (1.6 to 2.4 mm).
 - 2. Where gypsum veneer plaster abuts only metal door frames, windows, and other units, groove finish coat to eliminate spalling.
 - 3. Do not apply veneer plaster to gypsum base if paper facing has degraded from exposure to sunlight. Before applying veneer plaster, use remedial methods to restore bonding capability to degraded paper facing according to manufacturer's written recommendations.
- D. Concealed Surfaces: Do not omit gypsum veneer plaster behind cabinets, furniture, furnishings, and similar removable items. Omit veneer plaster in the following areas where it will be concealed from view in the completed Work unless otherwise indicated or required to maintain fire-resistance and STC ratings:
 - 1. Above suspended ceilings.

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- 2. Behind wood paneling.
- E. Gypsum Veneer Plaster Finish: Smooth-troweled or textured finish matching existing adjacent surfaces and approved mockups.

END OF SECTION 09215

SECTION 09250 - GYPSUM BOARD

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Interior gypsum board.
 - 2. Tile backing panels.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: For fire-resistance-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 119 by an independent testing agency.
- B. STC-Rated Assemblies: For STC-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 90 and classified according to ASTM E 413 by an independent testing agency.

2.2 INTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD

- A. <u>Manufacturers</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. <u>American Gypsum</u>.
 - 2. CertainTeed Corp.
 - 3. Georgia-Pacific Gypsum LLC.
 - 4. <u>USG Corporation</u>.
- B. Gypsum Board, Type X: ASTM C 1396/C 1396M.
 - 1. Thickness: 5/8 inch (15.9 mm).
 - 2. Long Edges: Tapered and featured (rounded or beveled) for pre-filling.

C. Gypsum Ceiling Board: ASTM C 1396/C 1396M.

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- 1. Thickness: 1/2 inch (12.7 mm).
- 2. Long Edges: Tapered.
- D. Abuse-Resistant Gypsum Board: ASTM C 1629/C 1629M, Level 2 or Level 3, as indicated on the drawings.
 - 1. Core: 5/8 inch (15.9 mm), Type X.
 - 2. Long Edges: Tapered.
 - 3. Mold Resistance: ASTM D 3273, score of 10 as rated according to ASTM D 3274.

2.3 TILE BACKING PANELS

- A. Cementitious Backer Units: ANSI A118.9 and ASTM C 1288 or 1325, with manufacturer's standard edges.
 - 1. <u>Products</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. <u>CertainTeed Corp.</u>; FiberCement Underlayment or BackerBoard.
 - b. National Gypsum Company, Permabase Cement Board.
 - c. USG Corporation; DUROCK Cement Board.
 - 2. Thickness: As indicated.
 - 3. Mold Resistance: ASTM D 3273, score of 10 as rated according to ASTM D 3274.

2.4 TRIM ACCESSORIES

- A. Interior Trim: ASTM C 1047.
 - 1. Material: Galvanized or aluminum-coated steel sheet or rolled zinc.
- B. Aluminum Trim: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M), Alloy 6063-T5.

2.5 JOINT TREATMENT MATERIALS

- A. General: Comply with ASTM C 475/C 475M.
- B. Joint Tape:
 - 1. Interior Gypsum Board: Paper.
 - 2. Glass-Mat Gypsum Sheathing Board: 10-by-10 glass mesh.
 - 3. Tile Backing Panels: As recommended by panel manufacturer.
- C. Joint Compound for Interior Gypsum Board: For each coat use formulation that is compatible with other compounds applied on previous or for successive coats.

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2.6 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

- A. Laminating Adhesive: Adhesive or joint compound recommended for directly adhering gypsum panels to continuous substrate.
- B. Steel Drill Screws: ASTM C 1002, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Sound Attenuation Blankets: ASTM C 665, Type I (blankets without membrane facing).
- D. Acoustical Joint Sealant: ASTM C 834. Product effectively reduces airborne sound transmission through perimeter joints and openings as demonstrated by testing according to ASTM E 90.
 - 1. <u>Products</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Accumetric LLC; BOSS 824 Acoustical Sound Sealant.
 - b. <u>Grabber Construction Products; Acoustical Sealant GSC.</u>
 - c. Specified Technologies, Inc.; Smoke N Sound Acoustical Sealant.
 - d. USG Corporation; SHEETROCK Acoustical Sealant.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLYING AND FINISHING PANELS

- A. Comply with ASTM C 840.
- B. Examine panels before installation. Reject panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
- C. Isolate perimeter of gypsum board applied to non-load-bearing partitions at structural abutments, except floors. Provide 1/4- inch wide spaces at these locations and trim edges with edge trim where edges of panels are exposed. Seal joints between edges and abutting structural surfaces with acoustical sealant.
- D. Install trim with back flanges intended for fasteners, attach to framing with same fasteners used for panels. Otherwise, attach trim according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Aluminum Trim: Install in locations indicated on Drawings.
 - 2. Control Joints: Install control joints at locations indicated on Drawings, or, where not, according to ASTM C 840 and in specific locations approved by Architect for visual effect.
- E. Pre-fill open joints, rounded or beveled edges, and damaged surface areas.
- F. Apply joint tape over gypsum board joints, except for trim products specifically indicated as not intended to receive tape.

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- G. Gypsum Board Finish Levels: Finish panels to levels indicated below and according to ASTM C 840:
 - 1. Level 1: Ceiling plenum areas, concealed areas, and where indicated.
 - 2. Level 2: Panels that are substrate for tile.
 - 3. Level 3: Where indicated on Drawings.
 - 4. Level 4: At panel surfaces that will be exposed to view unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Primer and its application to surfaces are specified in Section 09912 "Interior Painting."
 - 5. Level 5: Where indicated on Drawings.
 - a. Primer and its application to surfaces are specified in Section 09912 "Interior Painting."
- H. Protect adjacent surfaces from drywall compound and promptly remove from floors and other non-drywall surfaces. Repair surfaces stained, marred, or otherwise damaged during drywall application.
- I. Remove and replace panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.

END OF SECTION 09250

GYPSUM BOARD 09250 - 4

SECTION 09310 - CERAMIC TILE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Ceramic tile.
- 2. Stone thresholds.
- 3. Waterproof membrane.
- 4. Crack isolation membrane.
- 5. Tile backing panels.
- 6. Metal edge strips.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Samples:

- 1. Each type and composition of tile and for each color and finish required.
- 2. Assembled samples, with grouted joints, for each type and composition of tile and for each color and finish required.
- 3. Stone thresholds in 6-inch (150-mm) lengths.

1.3 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match and are from same production runs as products installed and that are packaged with protective covering and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Tile and Trim Units: Furnish quantity of full-size units equal to 5 percent of amount installed for each type, composition, color, pattern, and size indicated.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - 1. Build mockup of each type of floor tile installation.
 - 2. Build mockup of each type of wall tile installation.
 - 3. Approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 TILE PRODUCTS

- A. ANSI Ceramic Tile Standard: Provide Standard grade tile that complies with ANSI A137.1 for types, compositions, and other characteristics indicated.
- B. Tile Type "Tile-1": Porcelain Paver Tile.
 - 1. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide, as indicated on the drawings, the following product:
 - a. <u>Daltile</u>; <u>Division of Dal-Tile International Inc</u>.
 - 2. Composition: Porcelain.
 - 3. Face Size: 12"x12".
 - 4. Thickness: 5/16 inch.
 - 5. Finish: Unpolished.
 - 6. Tile Color and Pattern: Daltile "Diamante" P033-Corda.
 - 7. Grout Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
 - 8. Trim Units: Coordinated with sizes and coursing of adjoining flat tile where applicable, and matching characteristics of adjoining flat tile. Provide shapes as indicated on the drawings, selected from manufacturer's standard shapes.
- C. Tile Type "Tile 2": Porcelain paver tile.
 - 1. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide, as indicated on the drawings, the following product:
 - a. Daltile; Division of Dal-Tile International Inc.
 - 2. Composition: Porcelain.
 - 3. Face Size: 12"x24".
 - 4. Thickness: 5/16 inch.
 - 5. Finish: Unpolished.
 - 6. Tile Color and Pattern: Daltile "Diamante" P033-Corda.
 - 7. Grout Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
 - 8. Trim Units: Coordinated with sizes and coursing of adjoining flat tile where applicable, and matching characteristics of adjoining flat tile. Provide shapes as indicated on the drawings, selected from manufacturer's standard shapes.
- D. Tile Type "Tile 3": Porcelain Wall Tile.
 - 1. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide, as indicated on Drawings, the following product:
 - a. Daltile; Division of Dal-Tile International Inc.

- 2. Composition: Porcelain.
- 3. Face Size: 12" x 24".
- 4. Thickness: 5/16 inch.
- 5. Face: As indicated.
- 6. Finish: Polished.
- 7. Tile Color and Pattern: Daltile "Diamante" P033-Corda.
- 8. Grout Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- 9. Trim Units: Coordinated with sizes and coursing of adjoining flat tile where applicable, and matching characteristics of adjoining flat tile. Provide surface bull-nose cap and other shapes as indicated on the drawings, selected from manufacturer's standard shapes.

2.2 THRESHOLDS

- A. General: Fabricate to sizes and profiles indicated or required to provide transition between adjacent floor finishes.
 - 1. Bevel edges at 1:2 slope, with lower edge of bevel aligned with or up to 1/16 inch (1.5 mm) above adjacent floor surface. Finish bevel to match top surface of threshold. Limit height of threshold to 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) or less above adjacent floor surface.
- B. Marble Thresholds: ASTM C 503, with a minimum abrasion resistance of 10 per ASTM C 1353 or ASTM C 241 and with honed finish.
 - 1. Description: Provide one of the following, matching architects sample:
 - a. "Lawson Pink" Tennessee Marble Company, 343 West Vinegar Valley Road, Friendsville, TN 37727 (865) 995-9500.

2.3 TILE BACKING PANELS

- A. Cementitious Backer Units: ANSI A118.9 or ASTM C 1325.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. <u>USG Corporation; DUROCK Cement Board.</u>
 - 2. Thickness: As indicated.

2.4 WATERPROOF MEMBRANE

- A. General: Manufacturer's standard product that complies with ANSI A118.10 and is recommended by the manufacturer for the application indicated.
- B. Chlorinated-Polyethylene-Sheet: Non-plasticized, chlorinated polyethylene faced on both sides with nonwoven polyester fabric; 0.030-inch (0.76-mm) nominal thickness.

C. PVC Sheet: Two layers of PVC sheet heat-fused together and to facings of nonwoven polyester: 0.040-inch (1.01-mm) nominal thickness.

- Polyethylene Sheet: Polyethylene faced on both sides with fleece webbing; 0.008-inch (0.203-D. mm) nominal thickness.
- Fabric-Reinforced, Modified-Bituminous Sheet: Self-adhering, SBS-modified-bituminous sheet E. with woven reinforcement facing; 0.040-inch (1.01-mm) nominal thickness.
- F. Fabric-Reinforced, Fluid-Applied Membrane: System consisting of liquid-latex rubber or elastomeric polymer and continuous fabric reinforcement.
- G. Fluid-Applied Membrane: Liquid-latex rubber or elastomeric polymer.
- H. Latex-Portland Cement: Flexible mortar consisting of cement-based mix and latex additive.
- Urethane Waterproofing and Tile-Setting Adhesive: One-part, liquid-applied urethane, with a I. VOC content of 65 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24.

2.5 CRACK ISOLATION MEMBRANE

- Manufacturer's standard product that complies with ANSI A118.12 for high A. performance and is recommended by the manufacturer for the application indicated.
- B. Chlorinated-Polyethylene Sheet: Non-plasticized, chlorinated polyethylene faced on both sides with nonwoven polyester fabric; 0.030-inch (0.76-mm) nominal thickness.
- PVC Sheet: Two layers of PVC sheet heat-fused together and to facings of nonwoven C. polyester; 0.040-inch (1.01-mm) nominal thickness.
- Polyethylene Sheet: Polyethylene faced on both sides with fleece webbing; 0.008-inch (0.203-D. mm) nominal thickness.
- E. Corrugated Polyethylene: Corrugated polyethylene with dovetail-shaped corrugations and with anchoring webbing on the underside; 3/16-inch (4-mm) nominal thickness.
- F. Fabric-Reinforced, Modified-Bituminous Sheet: Self-adhering, modified-bituminous sheet with fabric reinforcement facing; 0.040-inch (1.01-mm) nominal thickness.
- G. Fabric-Reinforced, Fluid-Applied Membrane: System consisting of liquid-latex rubber or elastomeric polymer and fabric reinforcement.
- H. Fluid-Applied Membrane: Liquid-latex rubber or elastomeric polymer.
- I. Latex-Portland Cement: Flexible mortar consisting of cement-based mix and latex additive.
- J. Urethane Crack Isolation Membrane and Tile-Setting Adhesive: One-part, liquid-applied urethane, with a VOC content of 65 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).

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2.6 SETTING MATERIALS

- A. Latex-Portland Cement Mortar (Thin Set): ANSI A118.4.
 - 1. Prepackaged, dry-mortar mix to which only water must be added.
 - 2. Prepackaged, dry-mortar mix combined with liquid-latex additive.
 - 3. For wall applications, provide non-sagging mortar.
- B. Water-Cleanable, Tile-Setting Epoxy: ANSI A118.3, with a VOC content of 65 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).

2.7 GROUT MATERIALS

- A. Sand-Portland Cement Grout: ANSI A108.10.
- B. Standard Cement Grout: ANSI A118.6.
- C. Polymer-Modified Tile Grout: ANSI A118.7.
 - 1. Polymer Type: Dry, re-dispersible form, prepackaged with other dry ingredients.
 - 2. Polymer Type: Liquid-latex form for addition to prepackaged dry-grout mix.
- D. Water-Cleanable Epoxy Grout: ANSI A118.3, with a VOC content of 65 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D.
- E. Grout for Pre-grouted Tile Sheets: Same product used in factory to pre-grout tile sheets.

2.8 ELASTOMERIC SEALANTS

- A. One-Part, Mildew-Resistant Silicone Sealant: ASTM C 920; Type S; Grade NS; Class 25; Uses NT, G, A, and, as applicable to nonporous joint substrates indicated, O; formulated with fungicide, intended for sealing interior ceramic tile joints and other nonporous substrates that are subject to in-service exposures of high humidity and extreme temperatures.
- B. Multipart, Pourable Urethane Sealant for Use T: ASTM C 920; Type M; Grade P; Class 25; Uses T, M, A, and, as applicable to joint substrates indicated, O.

2.9 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Trowelable Underlayments and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement-based formulation provided or approved by manufacturer of tile-setting materials for installations indicated.
- B. Metal Edge Strips: Angle or L-shape, half-hard brass exposed-edge material.
- C. Grout Sealer: Manufacturer's standard silicone product for sealing grout joints and that does not change color or appearance of grout.

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions where tile will be installed, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of installed tile.
 - 1. Verify that substrates for setting tile are firm, dry, clean, free of coatings that are incompatible with tile-setting materials including curing compounds and other substances that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone; and comply with flatness tolerances required by ANSI A108.01 for installations indicated.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in concrete substrates for tile floors installed with adhesives or thin-set mortar with trowelable leveling and patching compound specifically recommended by tile-setting material manufacturer.
- B. Blending: For tile exhibiting color variations, use factory blended tile or blend tiles at Project site before installing.
- C. Field-Applied Temporary Protective Coating: If indicated under tile type or needed to prevent grout from staining or adhering to exposed tile surfaces, pre-coat them with continuous film of temporary protective coating, taking care not to coat unexposed tile surfaces.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with TCA's "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation" for TCA installation methods specified in tile installation schedules. Comply with parts of the ANSI A108 Series "Specifications for Installation of Ceramic Tile" that are referenced in TCA installation methods, specified in tile installation schedules, and apply to types of setting and grouting materials used.
 - 1. For the following installations, follow procedures in the ANSI A108 Series of tile installation standards for providing 95 percent mortar coverage:
 - a. Tile floors in wet areas.
 - b. Tile floors composed of tiles 8 by 8 inches (200 by 200 mm) or larger.
 - c. Tile floors composed of rib-backed tiles.
- B. Extend tile work into recesses and under or behind equipment and fixtures to form complete covering without interruptions unless otherwise indicated. Terminate work neatly at obstructions, edges, and corners without disrupting pattern or joint alignments.
- C. Accurately form intersections and returns. Perform cutting and drilling of tile without marring visible surfaces. Carefully grind cut edges of tile abutting trim, finish, or built-in items for straight aligned joints. Fit tile closely to electrical outlets, piping, fixtures, and other penetrations so plates, collars, or covers overlap tile.

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D. Provide manufacturer's standard trim shapes where necessary to eliminate exposed tile edges.

- E. Jointing Pattern: Lay tile in pattern indicated. Lay out tile work and center tile fields in both directions in each space or on each wall area unless otherwise indicated on the drawings. Lay out tile work to minimize the use of pieces that are less than half of a tile. Provide uniform joint widths unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Joint Widths: Unless otherwise indicated, install tile with the following joint widths:
 - Paver Tile: 1/4 inch (6.35 mm). 1.
 - 2. Decorative Thin Wall Tile: 1/4 inch (1.6 mm).
- G. Lay out tile wainscots to dimensions indicated or to next full tile beyond dimensions indicated.
- Expansion Joints: Provide expansion joints and other sealant-filled joints, including control, H. contraction, and isolation joints, where indicated. Form joints during installation of setting materials, mortar beds, and tile. Do not saw-cut joints after installing tiles.
 - 1. Where joints occur in concrete substrates, locate joints in tile surfaces directly above
 - Prepare joints and apply sealants to comply with requirements in Section 07920 "Joint 2. Sealants."
- I. Stone Thresholds: Install stone thresholds in same type of setting bed as adjacent floor unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. At locations where mortar bed (thickset) would otherwise be exposed above adjacent floor finishes, set thresholds in latex-portland cement mortar (thin set).
- J. Metal Edge Strips: Install at locations indicated on the drawings, or, if not indicated on the drawings, where exposed edge of tile flooring meets carpet, wood, or other flooring that finishes flush with or below top of tile and no threshold is indicated.
- K. Grout Sealer: Apply grout sealer to grout joints according to grout-sealer manufacturer's written instructions. As soon as grout sealer has penetrated grout joints, remove excess sealer and sealer from tile faces by wiping with soft cloth.
- Install cementitious backer units and fiber-cement underlayment and treat joints according to L. ANSI A108.11 and manufacturer's written instructions for type of application indicated. Use latex-portland cement mortar for bonding material unless otherwise directed in manufacturer's written instructions.
- M. Install waterproofing to comply with ANSI A108.13 and manufacturer's written instructions to produce waterproof membrane of uniform thickness and bonded securely to substrate.
- Install crack isolation membrane to comply with ANSI A108.17 and manufacturer's written N. instructions to produce membrane of uniform thickness and bonded securely to substrate.

3.4 INTERIOR TILE INSTALLATION SCHEDULE

A. Interior Floor Installations, Concrete Subfloor:

- 1. Tile Installation F125A (Restrooms 232 & 233): Thin-set mortar on crack isolation membrane; TCA F125A.
 - a. Tile Type: Tile-1 and Tile-2.
 - b. Thin-Set Mortar: Latex-Portland cement mortar.
 - c. Grout: Water-cleanable epoxy grout.
- 2. Tile Installation F131 (Lower Level Restrooms): Water-cleanable, tile-setting epoxy; epoxy grout; TCA F131.
 - a. Tile Type: Tile-1, Tile-2.
 - b. Grout: Water-cleanable epoxy grout.
- B. Interior Floor Installations, Wood Subfloor:
 - 1. Tile Installation F143 (Closets 121, and 137, Second Floor Restrooms 212 and 214): Water-cleanable, tile-setting epoxy; epoxy grout; TCA F143.
 - a. Tile Type: Tile-1, Tile-2.
 - b. Grout: Water-cleanable epoxy grout.
 - c. Waterproof membrane: Meeting ANSI A118.10.
- C. Interior Wall Installations, Masonry or Concrete:
 - 1. Tile Installation W202: Thin-set mortar; TCA W202.
 - a. Tile Type: Tile-3.
 - b. Thin-Set Mortar: Latex-Portland cement mortar.
 - c. Grout: Standard un-sanded cement grout.
- D. Interior Wall Installations, Metal Studs or Furring:
 - 1. Tile Installation W244: Thin-set mortar on cementitious backer units or fiber cement underlayment over cleavage membrane; TCA W244.
 - a. Tile Type: Tile-3.
 - b. Thin-Set Mortar: Latex-Portland cement mortar.
 - c. Grout: Standard un-sanded cement grout.

END OF SECTION 09310

SECTION 09385 - DIMENSION STONE TILE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Dimension stone tile and related setting materials applied to floors.
- 2. Metal edge strips.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Samples:
 - 1. Each type of stone tile in each finish required.
 - 2. Assembled Samples with grouted joints for each type of stone tile and for each finish required.

1.3 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match and are from same production runs as products installed and that are packaged with protective covering and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Dimension Stone Tile: Furnish quantity of full-size units equal to 5 percent of amount installed, for each type, composition, color, pattern, and size indicated.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - 1. Build mockup of each type of stone floor tile installation.
 - 2. Approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 STONE PRODUCTS

- A. Varieties and Sources: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide those indicated to match existing stone flooring.
- B. Abrasion Resistance of Stone Tile for Floors: Provide stone with a value of not less than 10, as determined per ASTM C 1353 or ASTM C 241.
- C. Stone Tile Type (STT-1):
 - 1. Stone Type: Marble, complying with ASTM C 503, Classification I.
 - 2. Stone Type: Tennessee Marble Lawson Pink, (or approved match to existing marble floor).
 - 3. Varieties and Sources:
 - a. Tennessee Marble Company, 343 West Vinegar Valley Road, Friendsville, TN 37727 (865)-995-9500.
 - 4. Cut: Vein.
 - 5. Finish: High Honed, to match existing marble floor.
 - 6. Edges: Square.
 - 7. Module Size: 8 by 8 inches, or as indicated.
 - 8. Nominal Tile Thickness: 3/8 inch (10 mm).
 - 9. Joint Width: Hand tight, match existing marble floor.

2.2 SETTING MATERIALS

A. Water-Cleanable, Tile-Setting Epoxy: ANSI A118.3, with a VOC content of 65 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D.

2.3 GROUT MATERIALS

A. Water-Cleanable Epoxy Grout: ANSI A118.3, with a VOC content of 65 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D.

2.4 ELASTOMERIC SEALANTS

- A. General: Provide sealants, primers, backer rods, and other sealant accessories that comply with the following requirements and with the applicable requirements in Section 07920 "Joint Sealants" and that do not stain stone.
- B. Sealants shall have a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D.

C. Multipart, Pourable Urethane Sealant for Use T: ASTM C 920; Type M; Grade P; Class 25; Uses T, M, A, and, as applicable to joint substrates indicated. O.

2.5 **MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS**

- Trowel-able Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, Portland cement-based formulation A. provided or approved by manufacturer of tile-setting materials for installations indicated.
- Metal Edge Strips: Angle or L-shaped, nickel silver exposed-edge material. B.
- C. Floor Sealer: Colorless, stain- and slip-resistant impregnating sealer, not affecting color or physical properties of stone surfaces as recommended by stone tile producers for application indicated.

2.6 **FABRICATION**

- Facial Dimensions of Stone Tiles with Polished or Honed Faces: Do not vary facial dimensions A. from specified dimensions by more than plus or minus 1/64 inch (0.4 mm).
- B. Thickness of Stone Tiles with High Honed Finish: Do not vary from specified thickness by more than plus or minus 1/32 inch (0.8 mm).
- C. Backs of Pieces: Gage units by dressing backs of pieces smooth and flat

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 **EXAMINATION**

- Examine substrates, areas, and conditions where stone tile will be installed, with Installer A. present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of installed stone tile.
 - 1. Verify that substrates for setting stone tile are firm, dry, clean, and free of coatings that are incompatible with tile-setting materials including curing compounds and other substances that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, and that they comply with flatness tolerances required by ANSI A108.01 for installations indicated.

3.2 **PREPARATION**

A. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in concrete substrates for stone tile floors installed with adhesives or thin-set mortar with trowel-able patching compound specifically recommended by tile-setting material manufacturer.

3.3 **INSTALLATION**

- Comply with TCA's "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation" for TCA installation methods A. specified in stone tile installation schedules. Comply with parts of the ANSI A108 Series "Specifications for Installation of Ceramic Tile" that are referenced in TCA installation methods specified in stone tile installation schedules, and apply to types of setting and grouting materials used.
 - 1. For the following installations, follow procedures in the ANSI A108 Series of tile installation standards for providing 95 percent mortar coverage:
 - Stone tile floors in wet areas. a.
 - Stone tile floors composed of stone tiles 8 by 8 inches (200 by 200 mm) or larger. b.
- Wipe backs of stone tiles with a damp cloth to remove dirt and dust before units are installed. B.
- C. Extend stone tile work into recesses and under or behind equipment and fixtures to form complete covering without interruptions unless otherwise indicated. Terminate work neatly at obstructions, edges, and corners without disrupting pattern or joint alignments.
- D. Accurately form intersections and returns. Perform cutting and drilling of stone tile without marring visible surfaces. Carefully grind cut edges of stone tile abutting trim, finish, or built-in items for straight aligned joints. Fit stone tile closely to electrical outlets, piping, fixtures, and other penetrations so plates, collars, or covers overlap stone tile.
- Finish cut stone tile edges that will not be concealed by other construction by grinding and E. honing cut surfaces and easing edges to match factory-fabricated edges unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Jointing Pattern: Lay stone tile in grid pattern as indicated on the drawings. Lay out stone tile work and center stone tile fields in both directions in each space. Lay out stone tile work to minimize the use of pieces that are less than half of a tile. Provide uniform joint widths unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Match stone tiles within each space by selecting tiles to achieve uniformity of color and pattern. Reject or relocate stone tiles that do not match color and pattern of adjacent tiles.
- H. Mix stone tiles to achieve a uniformly random distribution of color shadings and patterns.
- Pattern Orientation: For stone varieties with directional pattern, orient pattern as directed by I. Architect.
- J. Expansion Joints: Provide expansion joints and other sealant-filled joints, including control, contraction, and isolation joints, where indicated. Form joints during installation of setting materials, mortar beds, and stone tile. Do not saw-cut joints after installing stone tiles.
 - 1. Where joints occur in concrete substrates, locate joints in stone tile surfaces directly above them.

K. Metal Edge Strips: Install where exposed edge of stone tile flooring meets carpet, wood, or other flooring that finishes flush with or below top of stone tile and no threshold is indicated.

3.4 **INSTALLATION TOLERANCES**

- Variation from Plumb: For vertical joints, external corners, and other conspicuous lines, do not A. exceed 1/8 inch in 8 feet (3 mm in 2.4 m).
- Variation in Level: For horizontal joints and other conspicuous lines, do not exceed 1/8 inch in B. 10 feet (3 mm in 3 m), or 1/2 inch (12 mm) maximum.
- C. Variation in Surface Plane of Flooring: Do not exceed 1/8 inch in 10 feet (3 mm in 3 m) from level or slope indicated when tested with a 10-foot (3-m) straightedge.
- Variation in Plane between Adjacent Units (Lipping): Do not exceed the following differences D. between faces of adjacent units as measured from a straightedge parallel to stone tiled surface:
 - Units with Polished Faces: 1/64 inch (0.4 mm). 1.
 - Units with Honed Faces: 1/64 inch (0.4 mm). 2.
- E. Variation in Joint Width: Do not vary joint thickness more than 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) or onefourth of nominal joint width, whichever is less.

ADJUSTING AND CLEANING 3.5

- A. Remove and replace material that is stained or otherwise damaged or that does not match adjoining stone tile. Provide new matching units, installed as specified and in a manner to eliminate evidence of replacement.
- B. Cleaning: On completion of placement and grouting, clean stone tile surfaces so they are free of foreign matter.
- C. Apply impregnating sealer to cleaned stone tile flooring according to sealer manufacturer's written instructions and as recommended by stone supplier for intended application,

3.6 INTERIOR STONE TILE INSTALLATION SCHEDULE

- A. Interior Floor Installations, Concrete Subfloor:
 - 1. Stone Tile Installation F131: Water-cleanable, tile-setting epoxy; epoxy grout; TCA F131.
 - Stone Tile Type: STT-1. a.
 - Grout: Water-cleanable epoxy grout.
- Interior Floor Installations, Wood Subfloor: B.

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- 1. Stone Tile Installation F144: Thin-set mortar on cementitious backer units or fiber-cement underlayment; TCA F144.
 - a. Stone Tile Type: STT-1.
 - b. Thin-Set Mortar: Latex portland cement mortar.
 - c. Grout: Water-cleanable epoxy grout.
- C. Contractor to verify existing conditions and floor substrate and provide installation method, (including underlayment, cleavage membrane, epoxy, mortar bed and grout), that will:
 - a. isolate the new construction from the existing substrate,
 - b. provide a waterproof assembly,
 - c. guarantee against cracking of tile and/or joints,
 - d. provide the evenness of flooring specified,
 - e. maintain flush, or nearly flush, transition from adjacent flooring,
 - f. maximize slip resistance, and
 - g. follow manufacturers recommendations for the installation of the tile.

END OF SECTION 09385

SECTION 09512 - ACOUSTICAL TILE CEILINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes acoustical tiles and concealed suspension systems for ceilings.

1.2 PRE-INSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Pre-installation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product test reports.
- B. Evaluation reports.
- C. Field quality-control reports.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Testing Agency Qualifications: Qualified according to NVLAP.
- B. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - 1. Build mockup of typical ceiling area as shown on Drawings.
 - 2. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

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PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Seismic Performance: Acoustical ceiling shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to ASCE/SEI 7.
- B. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Comply with ASTM E 84; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - 1. Flame-Spread Index: Comply with ASTM E 1264 for Class A materials.
 - 2. Smoke-Developed Index: 50 or less.

2.2 ACOUSTICAL TILE CEILINGS, GENERAL

- A. Low-Emitting Materials: Acoustical tile ceilings shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."
- B. Recycled Content: Postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of pre-consumer recycled content not less than 66 percent.
- C. Acoustical Tile Standard: Comply with ASTM E 1264.
- D. Metal Suspension System Standard: Comply with ASTM C 635.
- E. Attachment Devices: Size for five times the design load indicated in ASTM C 635, Table 1, "Direct Hung," unless otherwise indicated. Comply with seismic design requirements.

2.3 ACOUSTICAL TILES

- A. <u>Basis-of-Design Product</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Cirrus Angled Tegular #584 with Bio Block Plus, by Armstrong World Industries, Inc. or comparable product by one of the following:
 - 1. Approved equal.
- B. Classification: Type III, Form 1, Pattern E-I, Fire Class A.
- C. Color: White.
- D. LR: .86.
- E. NRC: 70, Type E-400 mounting according to ASTM E 795.
- F. CAC: Minimum 35.

- G. Edge/Joint Detail: Angled Tegular.
- H. Thickness: 3/4 inch (19 mm).
- I. Modular Size: 24" x 24" x 3/4".

2.4 METAL SUSPENSION SYSTEM

- A. <u>Basis-of-Design Product</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Armstrong Prelude XL 15/16" Exposed Tee System or comparable product by one of the following:
 - 1. Approved Equal.
- B. Structural Classification: Heavy-duty system.
- C. Access: Upward.
- D. ASTM C 635 Heavy-Duty main beam classification, commercial-quality hot dipped galvanized steel. Exposed surface chemically cleansed, galvanized steel or aluminum capping prefinished in baked polyester paint or anodized.
- E. Roll-Formed, Sheet-Metal Edge Moldings and Trim: Manufacturer's standard moldings for edges and penetrations complying with seismic design requirements; formed from sheet metal of same material, finish, and color as that used for exposed flanges of suspension-system runners.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install acoustical tile ceilings to comply with ASTM C 636/C 636M and seismic design requirements indicated, according to manufacturer's written instructions and CISCA's "Ceiling Systems Handbook."
- B. Measure each ceiling area and establish layout of acoustical tiles to balance border widths at opposite edges of each ceiling. Avoid using less-than-half-width tiles at borders, and comply with layout shown on reflected ceiling plans.
- C. Arrange directionally patterned acoustical tiles as indicated on reflected ceiling plans.

END OF SECTION 09512

SECTION 09638 - STONE FLOORING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Dimension stone interior flooring.
 - 2. Dimension stone thresholds.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 09385 "Dimension Stone Tile."

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each variety of stone, stone accessory, and manufactured product.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
- C. Samples:
 - 1. For each stone type indicated. Include at least three or more Samples in each set and show the full range of color and other visual characteristics in completed Work.
 - 2. For each color of grout or pointing mortar required.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For stone flooring to include in maintenance manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Build mockups to demonstrate aesthetic effects and to set quality standards for fabrication and execution.
 - 1. Build mockup of typical interior floor area about 96 inches (2400 mm) square.
 - 2. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Maintain air and material temperatures not less than 50 deg F (10 deg C) during installation and for seven days after completion.

- В. Hot-Weather Requirements for Stone Flooring: Comply with hot-weather construction requirements contained in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602 and with the following:
 - 1. Maintain temperature of materials and substrates below 100 deg F (38 deg C).
 - 2. When the ambient temperature exceeds 90 deg F (32 deg C), fog spray installed stone flooring until damp at least three times a day until flooring is three days old.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MARBLE (STT-1)

- Material Standard: Comply with ASTM C 503. A.
 - Stone Abrasion Resistance: Minimum value of 10, based on testing according to 1. ASTM C 241/C 241M or ASTM C 1353.
- B. Varieties and Sources: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide those indicated to match existing stone flooring. Available stone varieties that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following, to match architects sample:
 - "Lawson Pink" Tennessee Marble Company, 343 West Vinegar Valley Road, 1. Friendsville, TN 37727 (865) 995-9500.
- C. Finish: Polished or honed to match the existing marble floor.

2.2 **MORTAR MATERIALS**

- Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I or Type II. Provide natural color or white cement as A. required to produce mortar color indicated.
 - Low-Alkali Cement: Not more than 0.60 percent total alkali when tested according to 1. ASTM C 114.
- B. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C 207, Type S.
- C. Mortar Pigments: Natural and synthetic iron oxides and chromium oxides, compounded for use in mortar mixes and complying with ASTM C 979. Use only pigments with a record of satisfactory performance in stone masonry mortar.
- Aggregate: ASTM C 144; except for joints narrower than 1/4 inch (6 mm) and pointing mortar, D. use aggregate graded with 100 percent passing No. 16 (1.18-mm) sieve.
 - White Aggregates: Natural white sand or ground white stone. 1.
 - Colored Aggregates: Natural-colored sand or ground marble, granite, or other durable 2. stone; of color necessary to produce required mortar color.

E. Latex Additive: Manufacturer's standard water emulsion, serving as replacement for part of or all gaging water, of type specifically recommended by latex-additive manufacturer for use with field-mixed portland cement mortar bed, and not containing a retarder.

F. Thin-Set Mortar:

- 1. <u>Manufacturers</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Laticrete International, Inc.
 - b. MAPEI Corporation.
 - c. TEC, Specialty Construction Brands, Inc.; an H. B. Fuller company.
- 2. Dry-Set Portland Cement Mortar: ANSI A118.1.
- 3. Latex-Portland Cement Mortar: ANSI A118.4.
- G. Water: Potable.

2.3 GROUT

- A. Grout Colors: Match existing, as selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- B. Standard Cement Grout: ANSI A118.6.
 - 1. Un-sanded grout mixture for joints 1/8 inch (3 mm) and narrower.
 - 2. Sanded grout mixture for joints wider than 1/8 inch (3 mm).
- C. Polymer-Modified Cement Grout: ANSI A118.7.
 - 1. <u>Manufacturers</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. <u>Laticrete International, Inc.</u>
 - b. MAPEI Corporation.
 - c. TEC, Specialty Construction Brands, Inc.; an H. B. Fuller company.
 - 2. Un-sanded grout mix for joints 1/8 inch (3 mm) and narrower.
 - 3. Sanded grout mix for joints wider than 1/8 inch (3 mm).

2.4 WATERPROOF MEMBRANES

- A. General: Manufacturer's standard product that complies with ANSI A118.10 and is recommended by the manufacturer for the application indicated. Include reinforcement and accessories recommended by manufacturer.
- B. Chlorinated Polyethylene Sheet: Non-plasticized, chlorinated polyethylene faced on both sides with nonwoven polyester fabric; 0.030-inch (0.76-mm) nominal thickness.

C. PVC Sheet: Two layers of PVC sheet heat-fused together and to facings of nonwoven polyester; 0.040-inch (1.01-mm) nominal thickness.

2.5 ACCESSORIES

- A. Water-Cleanable Epoxy Adhesive: ANSI A118.3, with a VOC content of 65 g/L or less.
- B. Cleavage Membrane: Polyethylene sheeting, ASTM D 4397, 4.0 mils (0.1 mm) thick; or unperforated asphalt felt, ASTM D 226/D 226M, Type I (No. 15).
- C. Reinforcing Wire: Galvanized, welded, 0.062-inch- (1.57-mm-) diameter wire; 2-by-2-inch (50-by-50-mm) mesh; comply with ASTM A 185/A 185M and ASTM A 82/A 82M except for minimum wire size.
- D. Divider Strips and Edging: Metal or combination of metal and PVC or neoprene base, designed specifically for flooring applications, in longest lengths available, and as follows:
 - 1. Exposed-Edge Material: Half hard brass or Nickel silver to match existing.
 - 2. Cross-Section Profile: Straight shape.
 - 3. Height: Match stone thickness.
 - 4. Exposed-Edge Width: 0.063 inch (1.6 mm)
 - 5. Control-Joint Filler: Neoprene.
- E. Cork Joint Filler: Preformed strips complying with ASTM D 1752, Type II.
- F. Cleaner: Stone cleaner specifically formulated for stone types, finishes, and applications indicated, as recommended by stone producer and by sealer manufacturer. Do not use cleaning compounds containing acids, caustics, harsh fillers, or abrasives.
- G. Floor Sealer: Provide impregnating colorless, slip- and stain-resistant sealer that does not affect color or physical properties of stone surfaces, as recommended by stone producer for application indicated.

2.6 MORTAR AND GROUT MIXES

- A. Mortar: Comply with referenced standards and with manufacturers' written instructions to produce mortar of uniform quality and with optimum performance characteristics.
 - 1. Do not use admixtures unless otherwise indicated. Do not use calcium chloride.
 - 2. Mixing Pointing Mortar: Thoroughly mix cementitious and aggregate materials together before adding any water. Add only enough water to produce a damp, unworkable mix that retains its form when pressed into a ball. Maintain mortar in this dampened condition for one to two hours. Add remaining water in small portions until mortar reaches desired consistency. Use mortar within 30 minutes of final mixing; do not retemper or use partially hardened material.
- B. Portland Cement-Lime Setting Mortar: ASTM C 270, Proportion Specification, Type N for interior applications.

- C. Latex-Modified Portland Cement Setting Mortar: Proportion and mix portland cement, aggregate, and latex additive to comply with latex-additive manufacturer's written instructions and to produce a stiff mixture with a moist surface when bed is ready to receive stone.
- D. Mortar-Bed Bond Coat: Mix neat cement and water or latex additive to a creamy consistency.
- E. Cement-Paste Bond Coat: Mix either neat cement or cement and sand with water to a consistency similar to that of thick cream.
- F. Latex-Modified Portland Cement Bond Coat: Proportion and mix portland cement, aggregate, and latex additive to comply with latex-additive manufacturer's written instructions.
- G. Pointing Mortar: Comply with requirements indicated above for setting mortar, including type and the following:
 - 1. Pigmented Pointing Mortar: Select and proportion pigments with other ingredients to produce color required. Do not exceed pigment-to-cement ratio of 1:10, by weight.
 - 2. Packaged Portland Cement-Lime Mix Mortar: Use portland cement-lime mix of selected color.
 - 3. Colored-Aggregate Pointing Mortar: Produce color required by combining colored aggregates with portland cement of selected color.
- H. Joint Grout: Comply with mixing requirements in referenced ANSI standards and with manufacturer's written instructions.

2.7 STONE FABRICATION

- A. Select stone for intended use to prevent fabricated units from containing cracks, seams, and starts that could impair structural integrity or function.
- B. Cut stone to produce pieces of thickness, size, and shape indicated.
 - 1. Stone Thickness: Match existing where at adjacent surfaces, or 3/4 inch (20 mm) unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Stone Edges: Square cut with top corner slightly eased to prevent snipping.
 - 3. Joint Width: Match existing.
- C. Pattern Arrangement: Fabricate and arrange stone units with veining and other natural markings to comply with the following requirements:
 - 1. Cut stone from one block or contiguous, matched blocks in which natural markings occur.
 - 2. Arrange units with veining to match existing patterning.
- D. Fabricate stone thresholds in sizes and profiles as indicated or required to provide transition between adjacent floor finishes.

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 **PREPARATION**

- A. Vacuum concrete substrates to remove dirt, dust, debris, and loose particles.
- B. Remove substances from concrete substrates that could impair mortar bond, including curing and sealing compounds, form oil, and laitance.

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- C. Where indicated, prepare substrates to receive waterproofing by applying a reinforced mortar bed that complies with ANSI A108.1A and is sloped 1/4 inch per foot (1:50) toward drains.
- Clean dirty or stained stone surfaces by removing soil, stains, and foreign materials. D.

3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- Do necessary field cutting as stone is set. Cut lines straight and true and finish field-cut edges A. to match shop-cut edges.
 - Use power saws with diamond blades to cut stone. 1.
- Scribe and field cut stone as necessary to fit at obstructions. В.
- C. Provide control and expansion joints of widths and at locations indicated. Keep control and expansion joints free of mortar, grout, and other rigid materials.
- Where adjacent to existing stone flooring, install new stone flooring in like manner to achieve D. an even and consistent appearance. Prepare substrate and underlayment and utilize installation techniques that will assure no cracking, separation or other distinctions between the new and the existing flooring.

3.3 **INSTALLATION TOLERANCES**

- Variation in Joint Width: Do not vary from average joint width more than plus or minus 1/16 A. inch (1.5 mm) or one-fourth of nominal joint width, whichever is less.
- Variation in Surface Plane: Do not exceed 1/8 inch in 10 feet (3 mm in 3 m), 1/4 inch in 20 feet B. (6 mm in 6 m), or 3/8 inch (10 mm) maximum from level or slope indicated.
- C. Variation in Plane between Adjacent Units (Lipping): Do not exceed 1/32-inch (0.8-mm) difference between planes of adjacent units.

INSTALLATION OF STONE OVER CLEAVAGE MEMBRANE, WATERPROOFING 3.4

Place cleavage membrane over substrates indicated to receive stone, lapped at least 4 inches A. (100 mm) at joints.

- B. See waterproofing Section for installation of waterproofing and protection board.
 - 1. Provide cork joint filler, at waterproofing that is turned up on vertical surfaces.
- C. Install waterproof membrane to comply with ANSI A108.13 and manufacturer's written instructions.
- D. Place reinforcing wire fabric over cleavage membrane, waterproofing, or protection board, lapped at least one full mesh at joints and supported so mesh becomes embedded in middle of mortar bed. Hold edges back from vertical surfaces and control and expansion joints about 1/2 inch (13 mm).
- E. Place mortar bed over cleavage membrane, waterproofing, or protection board with reinforcing wire fabric fully embedded in middle of mortar bed. Spread, tamp, and screed to uniform thickness at elevations required for setting stone to finished elevations indicated.
- Mix and place only that amount of mortar bed that can be covered with stone before initial set. F. Cut back, bevel edge, and discard material that has reached initial set before stone can be placed.
- G. Place stone before initial set of mortar occurs. Immediately before placing stone on setting bed, apply uniform 1/16-inch- (1.5-mm-) thick bond coat to mortar bed or to back of each stone unit.
- H. Tamp and beat stone with a wooden block or rubber mallet to obtain full contact with mortar bed and to bring finished surfaces within indicated tolerances. Set each unit in a single operation before initial set of mortar; do not return to areas already set and disturb stone for purposes of realigning finished surfaces or adjusting joints.
- I. Rake out joints to depth required to receive grout or pointing mortar as units are set.
- J. Point joints after setting. Tool joints flat, uniform, and smooth, without visible voids.

3.5 STONE THRESHOLD INSTALLATION

- At locations adjacent to stone flooring, install stone thresholds in same type of setting bed as A. abutting stone flooring unless otherwise indicated.
 - Set thresholds in thin-set, latex-portland cement mortar to comply with ANSI A108.5 at 1. locations where mortar bed would otherwise be exposed above other adjacent flooring.
- At locations not adjacent to stone flooring, where indicated, install stone thresholds in thin-set, B. latex-portland cement mortar to comply with ANSI A108.5, or water-cleanable epoxy adhesive to comply with ANSI A108.4, depending on existing substrate.

3.6 **GROUTING**

- Grout stone joints to comply with ANSI A108.10 and with manufacturer's written instructions. A.
 - Do not use sanded grout for polished stone. 1.

2. Grout joints as soon as possible after initial set of setting bed. After initial set of grout, finish joints by tooling to produce a slightly concave polished joint, free of drying cracks.

3.7 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- In-Progress Cleaning: Clean stonework as work progresses. Remove mortar fins and smears, A. or grout smears, before tooling joints.
- Clean stonework after setting and pointing or grouting are complete. Use procedures B. recommended by stone fabricator for application types.
- C. Apply impregnating sealer to cleaned stonework according to sealer manufacturer's written instructions.

3.8 **PROTECTION**

- Prohibit traffic from installed stone for a minimum of 72 hours. A.
- B. Protect installed stonework during construction with non-staining kraft paper. Where adjoining areas require construction work access, cover stonework with a minimum of 3/4-inch (20-mm) untreated plywood over non-staining kraft paper.

END OF SECTION 09638

SECTION 09640 - WOOD FLOORING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes wood flooring.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Samples: For each type of wood flooring and accessory.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Hardwood Flooring: Comply with NOFMA's "Official Flooring Grading Rules" for species, grade, and cut.
- B. Maple Flooring: Comply with applicable MFMA grading rules for species, grade, and cut.
- C. Softwood Flooring: Comply with WCLIB No. 17 grading rules for species, grade, and cut.
- D. Build mockup of typical flooring area as shown on Drawings including base and shoe moldings.

1.4 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Conditioning period begins not less than seven days before wood flooring installation, is continuous through installation, and continues not less than seven days after wood flooring installation.
 - 1. Environmental Conditioning: Maintain an ambient temperature between 65 and 75 deg F (18 and 24 deg C) and relative humidity planned for building occupants in spaces to receive wood flooring during the conditioning period.
 - 2. Wood Flooring Conditioning: Move wood flooring into spaces where it will be installed, no later than the beginning of the conditioning period.
 - a. Do not install flooring until it adjusts to relative humidity of, and is at same temperature as, space where it is to be installed.
 - b. Open sealed packages to allow wood flooring to acclimatize immediately on moving flooring into spaces in which it will be installed.
- B. After conditioning period, maintain relative humidity and ambient temperature planned for building occupants.

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C. Install wood flooring after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. FloorScore Compliance: Wood floors shall comply with requirements of FloorScore Standard.

2.2 WOOD FLOORING

- A. Solid-Wood Flooring: Kiln dried to 6 to 9 percent maximum moisture content, tongue and groove and end matched, and with backs channeled.
 - 1. Species and Grade: Match existing adjacent flooring.
 - 2. Cut: Match existing adjacent flooring.
 - 3. Thickness: Match existing adjacent flooring.
 - 4. Face Width: Match existing adjacent flooring.
 - 5. Lengths: Match existing adjacent flooring.
 - 6. Finishing: Field.
 - 7. Provide reclaimed wood flooring if required to match existing adjacent wood flooring in species, cut, grain pattern, and color.

2.3 FIELD FINISHING

- A. Urethane Finish System: Complete water-based system of compatible components that is recommended by finish manufacturer for application indicated: Bona Traffic HD Premium Commercial Hardwood Floor Finish, Satin Finish, or as approved.
 - 1. VOC Content: When calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24), as follows:
 - a. Finish Coats and Floor Sealers: Not more than 350 g/L.
 - b. Stains: Not more than 250 g/L.
 - 2. Stain: Penetrating and non-fading type.
 - a. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
 - 3. Floor Sealer: Pliable, penetrating type.
 - 4. Finish Coats: Formulated for multi-coat application on wood flooring.
- B. Wood Filler: Compatible with finish system components.

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2.4 SOUND CONTROL UNDERLAYMENT

- Sound Control Underlayment: Minimum Impact Insulation Class (IIC) of 50 when tested A. according to ASTM E 492.
 - 1. Material: Wood fiber made with binder containing no urea formaldehyde.
 - Thickness: As necessary to match existing adjacent flooring. 2.

2.5 **ACCESSORY MATERIALS**

- Vapor Retarder: ASTM D 4397, polyethylene sheet not less than 8.0 mils (0.2 mm) thick. A.
- В. Asphalt-Saturated Felt: ASTM D 4869, Type II.
- Wood Flooring Adhesive: Mastic recommended by flooring and adhesive manufacturers for C. application indicated.
 - Adhesive shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."
- D. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compound: Latex-modified, hydraulic-cement-based formulation approved by wood flooring manufacturer.
- Fasteners: As recommended by manufacturer, but not less than that recommended in NWFA's E. "Installation Guidelines: Wood Flooring."
- F. Thresholds and Saddles: To match wood flooring. Tapered on each side.
- Reducer Strips: To match wood flooring. 2 inches (51 mm) wide, tapered, and in thickness G. required to match height of flooring.
- H. Feature Strips: 2-inch- (51-mm-) wide, square-edged strips, species to match existing, furnished in lengths as long as practical and in thickness to match wood flooring.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 **PREPARATION**

- Concrete Slabs: Verify that concrete substrates are dry and moisture-vapor emissions are within A. acceptable levels according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Moisture Testing: Perform tests so that each test area does not exceed 200 sq. ft. (18.6 sq. m), and perform no fewer than two tests in each installation area and with test areas evenly spaced in installation areas.
 - Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after a. substrates pass testing.

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- B. Concrete Slabs: Grind high spots and fill low spots to produce a maximum 1/8-inch (3-mm) deviation in any direction when checked with a 10-foot (3-m) straight edge.
 - 1. Use trowelable leveling and patching compounds, according to manufacturer's written instructions, to fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates.
- C. Remove coatings, including curing compounds, and other substances on substrates that are incompatible with installation adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
- D. Broom or vacuum clean substrates to be covered immediately before product installation. After cleaning, examine substrates for moisture, alkaline salts, carbonation, or dust. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 **INSTALLATION**

- Comply with flooring manufacturer's written installation instructions, but not less than A. applicable recommendations in NWFA's "Installation Guidelines: Wood Flooring".
- Provide expansion space at walls and other obstructions and terminations of flooring of not less В. than 3/4 inch (19 mm).
- C. Vapor Retarder: Comply with NOFMA's "Installing Hardwood Flooring" for vapor retarder installation and the following:
 - Wood Flooring Nailed to Wood Subfloor: Install flooring over a layer of asphalt-1. saturated felt.
 - Wood Flooring Nailed to Sleepers over Concrete: Install flooring over a layer of 2. polyethylene sheet with edges overlapped over sleepers and turned up behind baseboards.
 - Wood Flooring Installed Directly on Concrete: Install a layer of polyethylene sheet 3. according to flooring manufacturer's written instructions.
- Sound Control Underlayment: Install over vapor retarder in accordance with manufacturer's D. written instructions.
- E. Solid-Wood Flooring: Blind nail or staple flooring to substrate.
 - 1. For flooring of face width more than 3 inches (75 mm):
 - Install countersunk screws at each end of each piece in addition to blind nailing. a. Cover screw heads with wood plugs glued flush with flooring.
 - Install no fewer than two countersunk nails at each end of each piece, spaced not b. more than 16 inches (406 mm) along length of each piece, in addition to blind nailing. Fill holes with matching wood filler.

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3.3 FIELD FINISHING

- A. Machine-sand flooring to remove off-sets, ridges, cups, and sanding-machine marks that would be noticeable after finishing. Vacuum and tack with a clean cloth immediately before applying finish.
 - 1. Comply with applicable recommendations in NWFA's "Installation Guidelines: Wood Flooring."
- B. Fill open-grained hardwood.
- C. Fill and repair wood flooring seams and defects.
- D. Apply floor-finish materials in number of coats recommended by finish manufacturer for application indicated, but not less than one coat of floor sealer and three finish coats.
 - 1. Apply stains to achieve an even color distribution matching approved Samples.
 - 2. For water-based finishes, use finishing methods recommended by finish manufacturer to minimize grain raise.
- E. Cover wood flooring before finishing.
- F. Do not cover wood flooring after finishing until finish reaches full cure, and not before seven days after applying last finish coat.

3.4 PROTECTION

A. Protect installed wood flooring during remainder of construction period with covering of heavy kraft paper or other suitable material. Do not use plastic sheet or film that might cause condensation.

END OF SECTION 09640

WOOD FLOORING 09640 - 5

SECTION 09651 - RESILIENT FLOOR TILE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Solid vinyl floor tile.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each type of floor tile. Include floor tile layouts, edges, columns, doorways, enclosing partitions, built-in furniture, cabinets, and cutouts.
 - 1. Show details of special patterns.
- C. Samples: (3) Full-size units of each color and pattern of floor tile required.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: For resilient tile flooring, as determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 648 or NFPA 253 by a qualified testing agency.
 - 1. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Class I, not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm.

2.2 SOLID VINYL FLOOR TILE (RFT-1, RFT-2, RFT-3)

- A. <u>Products</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the following:
 - 1. <u>Johnsonite</u>; A Tarkett Company: Melodia, and iQ Granit Solid Vinyl Floor Tile.
- B. Tile Standard: ASTM F 1700.

- Class: Class I, monolithic vinyl tile. 2. Type: A. smooth surface.
- C. Thickness: 0.080 inch (2.0 mm).
- Size: 24 by 24 inches (610 by 610 mm). D.
- E. Colors and Patterns:

1.

- RFT-1: Johnsonite Melodia #605 "Ebony" 1.
- RFT-2: Johnsonite iQ Granit #424 "Chocolate Truffle" 2.
- RFT-3:Johnsonite Melodia #611 "Waltz" 3.

2.3 **INSTALLATION MATERIALS**

- Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement based or A. blended hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or approved by floor tile manufacturer for applications indicated.
- B. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by floor tile and adhesive manufacturers to suit floor tile and substrate conditions indicated.
- C. Floor Polish: Provide protective, liquid floor-polish products recommended by floor tile manufacturer.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 **PREPARATION**

- Prepare substrates according to floor tile manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion A. of resilient products.
- B. Concrete Substrates: Prepare according to ASTM F 710.
 - 1. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
 - Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and 2. that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by floor tile manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
 - 3. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by floor tile manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrate alkalinity falls within range on pH scale recommended by manufacturer in writing, but not less than 7 or more than 9 pH.
 - 4. Moisture Testing: Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing according to floor tile manufacturer's written recommendations, but not less stringent than the following:
 - Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test according to ASTM F 1869. Proceed a. with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 5 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. in 24 hours.

- b. Perform relative humidity test using in situ probes according to ASTM F 2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum 80 percent relative humidity level.
- C. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound; remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.
- D. Do not install floor tiles until they are the same temperature as the space where they are to be installed.
- E. Immediately before installation, sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by resilient floor tile.

3.2 FLOOR TILE INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing floor tile.
- B. Lay out floor tiles from center marks established with principal walls, discounting minor offsets, so tiles at opposite edges of room are of equal width. Adjust as necessary to avoid using cut widths that equal less than one-half tile at perimeter.
 - 1. Lay tiles square with room axis, or, if shown, in the pattern indicated on the drawings.
- C. Match floor tiles for color and pattern by selecting tiles from cartons in the same sequence as manufactured and packaged, if so numbered. Discard broken, cracked, chipped, or deformed tiles.
 - 1. Lay tiles with grain running in one direction and in pattern of colors and sizes indicated.
- D. Scribe, cut, and fit floor tiles to butt neatly and tightly to vertical surfaces and permanent fixtures including built-in furniture, cabinets, pipes, outlets, and door frames.
- E. Extend floor tiles into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, and similar openings. Terminate floor tiles at door openings and transitions to other materials as indicated on the drawings. If not indicated, coordinate with architect.
- F. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on floor tiles as marked on substrates. Use chalk or other nonpermanent marking device.
- G. Install floor tiles on covers for telephone and electrical ducts, building expansion-joint covers, and similar items in finished floor areas. Maintain overall continuity of color and pattern between pieces of tile installed on covers and adjoining tiles. Tightly adhere tile edges to substrates that abut covers and to cover perimeters.
- H. Adhere floor tiles to flooring substrates using a full spread of adhesive applied to substrate to produce a completed installation without open cracks, voids, raising and puckering at joints, telegraphing of adhesive spreader marks, and other surface imperfections.

3.3 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protecting floor tile.
- B. Floor Polish: Remove soil, adhesive, and blemishes from floor tile surfaces before applying liquid floor polish.
 - 1. Apply three coat(s).
- C. Cover floor tile until Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 09651

SECTION 09654 – LINOLEUM FLOOR COVERINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes linoleum sheet floor coverings.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 9 Section 09651 "Resilient Floor Tile" for resilient wall base, reducer strips, and other accessories installed with linoleum floor coverings.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings:
 - 1. Show locations of seams, edges, columns, doorways, enclosing partitions, built-in furniture, cabinets, and cutouts.
 - 2. Show details of special patterns.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of linoleum floor covering indicated.
 - 1. Include similar Samples of installation accessories involving color selection.
- D. Samples for Verification: In manufacturer's standard size, but not less than 12 by 12 inch sections of each color and pattern of linoleum floor covering required.
 - 1. Heat-Welding Bead: Include manufacturer's standard-size Samples, but not less than 12 inches long, of each color required.
- E. Heat-Welded Seam Samples: For each flooring product and welding bead color and pattern combination required; with seam running lengthwise and in center of 12 by 12 inch sample applied to rigid backing and prepared by Installer for this Project.
- F. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- G. Maintenance Data: For linoleum floor coverings to include in maintenance manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: A qualified installer who employs workers for this Project that are competent in techniques required by manufacturer for floor covering installation indicated.

- 1. Engage an installer who employs workers for this Project that are trained or certified by floor covering manufacturer for installation techniques required.
- B. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide products identical to those tested for fire-exposure behavior per test method indicated by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Install mockups to verify selections made under sample Submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and qualities of materials and execution.
 - 1. Approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING 1.5

- Store floor coverings and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with A. ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 65 deg F or more than 90 deg F.
 - 1. Floor Tile: Store on flat surfaces.
 - 2. Sheet Floor Covering: Store rolls upright.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- Maintain temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 65 deg F A. or more than 90 deg F, in spaces to receive floor tile during the following time periods:
 - 1. 72 hours before installation.
 - 2. During installation.
 - 72 hours after installation. 3.
- B. After post-installation period, maintain temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 55 deg F or more than 95 deg F.
- C. Close spaces to traffic during floor covering installation.
- D. Close spaces to traffic for 72 hours after floor covering installation.
- E. Install floor coverings after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

EXTRA MATERIALS 1.7

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - Sheet Floor Covering: Furnish not less than 10 linear feet in full roll width for every 200 linear feet or fraction thereof, in roll form and in full roll width, of each different type, color, and pattern of sheet floor covering installed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 LINOLEUM FLOOR COVERING (BL-1, BL-2)

- Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be A. Available Products: incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
- Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the following: B.
 - 1. Armstrong World Industries, Inc.; UNI WALTON.
- C. Color and Pattern:
 - 1. BL-1: Armstrong UNI WALTON, "Warm Brown", LP260.
 - BL-2: Armstrong, UNI WALTON, "Black", LP280. 2.
- Sheet Floor Covering: ASTM F 2034. D.
 - 1. Roll Size: In manufacturer's standard length by not less than 78 inches wide.
- Seaming Method: Heat Welded. E.
- F. Thickness: 0.125 inch.
- G. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics:
 - 1. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Class I, not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm per ASTM E 648.

2.2 **INSTALLATION MATERIALS**

- Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement based or A. blended hydraulic cement based formulation provided or approved by floor covering manufacturer for applications indicated.
- B. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by floor covering manufacturer for products and substrate conditions indicated.
- C. Heat-Welding Bead: Solid-strand product of floor covering manufacturer.
 - 1. Color: Match floor covering.
- D. Metal Edge Strips: Extruded aluminum with mill finish, of width shown, of height required to protect exposed edge of floor covering, and in maximum available lengths to minimize running joints.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 **EXAMINATION**

Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation A. tolerances, moisture content, and other conditions affecting performance.

- 1. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of floor coverings.
- 2. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written recommendations to ensure adhesion of floor coverings.
- B. Concrete Substrates: Prepare according to ASTM F 710.
 - 1. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
 - 2. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
 - 3. Moisture Testing:
 - a. Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
- C. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with floor covering adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
- D. Use trowelable leveling and patching compound to fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates.
- E. Move floor coverings and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed at least 72 hours in advance of installation.
 - 1. Do not install floor coverings until they are same temperature as space where they are to be installed.
- F. Sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by floor coverings immediately before installation. After cleaning, examine substrates for moisture, alkaline salts, carbonation, and dust. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Scribe and cut floor coverings to butt neatly and tightly to vertical surfaces, permanent fixtures, and built-in furniture including cabinets, pipes, outlets, edgings, thresholds, and nosings.
- B. Extend floor coverings into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, and similar openings.
- C. Maintain reference markers, holes, or openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on floor coverings as marked on subfloor. Use chalk or other nonpermanent marking device.
- D. Install floor coverings on covers for telephone and electrical ducts and similar items in finished floor areas. Maintain overall continuity of color and pattern with pieces of floor coverings

installed on covers. Tightly adhere floor covering edges to substrates that abut covers and to cover perimeters.

- E. Adhere floor coverings to substrates using a full spread of adhesive applied to substrate to produce a completed installation without open cracks, voids, raising and puckering at joints, telegraphing of adhesive spreader marks, and other surface imperfections.
- F. Heat-Welded Seams: Comply with ASTM F 1516. Rout joints and use welding bead to permanently fuse sections into a seamless floor covering. Prepare, weld, and finish seams to produce surfaces flush with adjoining floor covering surfaces.

3.4 SHEET FLOOR COVERING INSTALLATION

- A. Unroll sheet floor coverings and allow them to stabilize before cutting and fitting.
- B. Lay out sheet floor coverings as follows:
 - 1. Maintain uniformity of floor covering direction.
 - Minimize number of seams; place seams in inconspicuous and low-traffic areas, at least 6 2. inches away from parallel joints in floor covering substrates.
 - 3. Match edges of floor coverings for color shading at seams.
 - Avoid cross seams. 4.
 - Eliminate deformations that result from hanging method used during drying process 5. (stove bar marks).

3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- Perform the following operations immediately after installing floor coverings: A.
 - 1. Remove adhesive and other surface blemishes from floor covering surfaces.
 - Sweep and vacuum floor coverings thoroughly. 2.
 - Damp-mop floor coverings to remove marks and soil. 3.
 - Do not wash floor coverings until after time period recommended by manufacturer. a.
- Protect floor coverings against mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction B. operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period. Use protection methods indicated or recommended in writing by manufacturer.
 - 1. Apply protective floor polish to surfaces that are free of soil, visible adhesive, and surface blemishes.
 - Seal linoleum as recommended by manufacturer but with not less than three coats a. of floor polish.
 - Use commercially available product acceptable to manufacturer. b.
 - Coordinate selection of floor polish with Owner's maintenance service. c.
 - 2. Cover linoleum floor coverings with undved, untreated building paper until inspection for Substantial Completion.

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a. Allow drying room film (yellow film caused by linseed oil oxidation) to disappear before Substantial Completion.

3. Do not move heavy and sharp objects directly over floor covering surfaces. Place plywood or hardboard panels over floor coverings and under objects while they are being moved. Slide or roll objects over panels without moving panels.

END OF SECTION 09654

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SECTION 09661 - STATIC CONTROL RESILIENT FLOOR COVERINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes static dissipative, solid vinyl floor tile.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Static Dissipative Properties: Provide floor coverings with static control properties indicated as determined by testing identical products per test method indicated by an independent testing and inspecting agency.
 - 1. Electrical Resistance: Test per ASTM F 150 with 100V applied voltage and ESDSTM 7.1; 1 x 106 to 1 x 108.
 - 2. Static Generation: Less than 50 when tested per AATCC134 at 20 percent relative humidity with conductive footwear.
 - 3. Static Decay: 5000 to 0 V in less than 0.25 seconds when tested per FEDSTD101C/4046.1.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include floor covering layouts, edges, columns, doorways, enclosing partitions, built in furniture, cabinets, and cutouts.
 - 1. Submit grounding diagram showing location of grounding strips and connections.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of floor covering indicated.
- D. Samples for Verification: For each type of floor covering indicated and of size indicated below:
 - 1. Floor Tile: Fullsize units.
- E. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.
- F. Field quality control reports.
- G. Maintenance Data: For each type of floor covering to include in maintenance manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: A qualified installer who employs workers for this Project who are competent in techniques required by manufacturer for floor covering installation indicated.
- B. Fire Test Response Characteristics: As determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 648 or NFPA 253 by a qualified testing agency.

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- 1. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Class I, not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm.
- C. Pre-installation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
 - 1. Review methods and procedures related to static control resilient floor coverings including, but not limited to, the following:
 - a. Examination and preparation of substrates to receive floor covering.
 - b.Installation.
 - c. Field quality control testing.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store floor coverings and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer but not less than 50 deg F or more than 90 deg F.
 - 1. Floor Tile: Store on flat surfaces.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by and acceptable to the manufacturer, but not less than 70 deg F or more than 85 deg F, in spaces to receive floor coverings during the following time periods:
 - 1. 48 hours before installation.
 - 2. During installation.
 - 3. 48 hours after installation.
- B. Until Substantial Completion, maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer.
- C. Close spaces to traffic during floor covering installation.
- D. Close spaces to traffic for 48 hours after floor covering installation.
- E. Install floor coverings after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

1.7 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Floor Tile: Furnish 1 box for every, of each type, color, and pattern of floor tile installed.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 STATICDISSIPATIVE RESILIENT FLOOR COVERINGS – RFT-4

A. Static Dissipative, Solid Vinyl Floor Tile: ASTM F 1700, Class I (monolithic), Type A

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(smooth surface).

- 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the following:
 - a. Johnsonite; A Tarkett Company: iQ Granit SD, Static Dissipative Solid Vinyl Tile.
- 2. Thickness: In manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.08 inch.
- 3. Size: 24 by 24 inches.
- 4. Colors and Patterns: Granit SD #722 "Flannel Blanket".

2.2 INSTALLATION MATERIALS

- A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex modified, portland cement or blended hydraulic cement based formulation provided or approved by manufacturer for applications indicated.
- B. Static Control Adhesive: Provided or approved by manufacturer; type that maintains electrical continuity of floor covering system to ground connection.
- C. Grounding Strips: Provided or approved by manufacturer; type and size that maintains electrical continuity of floor covering system to ground connection.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, with Installer and manufacturer's representative present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion or static control characteristics of floor coverings.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of floor coverings and electrical continuity of floor covering systems.
- B. Concrete Substrates: Prepare according to ASTM F 710.
 - 1. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
 - 2. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with floor covering adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
 - 3. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
 - 4. Moisture Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer.

Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.

- a. Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test, ASTM F 1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture vapor emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. in 24 hours.
- b. Perform relative humidity test using in situ probes, ASTM F 2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement.
- C. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound and remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.
- D. Do not install floor coverings until they are same temperature as space where they are to be installed.
 - 1. Move floor coverings and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed at least 48 hours in advance of installation.
- E. Sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by floor coverings immediately before installation.

3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Install static control resilient floor covering according to manufacturer's written instructions and with oversight by manufacturer's representative; install according to the Virginia State Fire Prevention Code.
- B. Embed grounding strips in static control adhesive. Extend grounding strips beyond perimeter of static control resilient floor covering surfaces to ground connections.
- C. Scribe, cut, and fit floor coverings to butt neatly and tightly to vertical surfaces and permanent fixtures including built in furniture, cabinets, pipes, outlets, and door frames.
- D. Extend floor coverings into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, and similar openings. Extend floor covering to center of door openings.
- E. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on floor coverings as marked on substrates. Use chalk or other nonpermanent, non-staining marking device.
- F. Adhere floor coverings to substrates using a full spread of static control adhesive applied to substrate to produce a completed installation without open cracks, voids, raising and puckering at joints, telegraphing of adhesive spreader marks, and other surface imperfections.

3.4 FLOOR TILE INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing floor tile.
- B. Lay out floor tiles from center marks established with principal walls, discounting minor

offsets, so floor tiles at apposite edges of room are of equal width. Adjust as necessary

offsets, so floor tiles at opposite edges of room are of equal width. Adjust as necessary to avoid using cut widths that equal less than one half floor tile at perimeter.

- 1. Lay floor tiles square with room axis.
- C. Match floor tiles for color and pattern by selecting floor tiles from cartons in same sequence as manufactured and packaged, if so numbered. Discard broken, cracked, chipped, or deformed floor tiles.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing: Engage a qualified testing agency to test electrical resistance of static control resilient floor covering systems for compliance with requirements.
 - 1. Arrange for testing after installation static control adhesives have fully cured and floor covering systems have stabilized to ambient conditions and after ground connections are completed.
- B. Static control resilient floor coverings will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.6 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protection of floor coverings.
- B. Perform the following operations immediately after completing floor covering installation:
 - 1. Remove static control adhesive and other blemishes from exposed surfaces.
 - 2. Sweep and vacuum surfaces thoroughly.
 - 3. Damp mop surfaces to remove marks and soil.
- C. Protect floor coverings from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period.
 - 1. Do not wax static control resilient floor coverings.
- D. Cover floor coverings until Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 09661

SECTION 09681 - CARPET TILE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes modular, tufted textured loop carpet tile.

1.2 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Pre-installation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show the following:
 - 1. Columns, doorways, enclosing walls or partitions, built-in cabinets, and locations where cutouts are required in carpet tiles.
 - 2. Type of subfloor.
 - 3. Type of installation.
 - 4. Pattern of installation.
 - 5. Pattern type, location, and direction.
 - 6. Pile direction.
- C. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product test reports.
- B. Sample warranty.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who is certified by the International Certified Floorcovering Installers Association at the Master II certification level.

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B. Fire-Test-Response Ratings: Where indicated, provide carpet tile identical to those of assemblies tested for fire response according to NFPA 253 by a qualified testing agency.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Comply with CRI 104.

1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Comply with CRI 104 for temperature, humidity, and ventilation limitations.

1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty for Carpet Tiles: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of carpet tile installation that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty does not include deterioration or failure of carpet tile due to unusual traffic, failure of substrate, vandalism, or abuse.
 - 2. Failures include, but are not limited to, more than 10 percent edge raveling, snags, runs, dimensional stability, excess static discharge, loss of tuft bind strength,]loss of face fiber, and delamination.
 - 3. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CARPET TILE (CPT-1,CPT-2)

- A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the following:
 - 1. Bentley, Prince Street.
- B. Color: As selected from manufacture's full range.
- C. Pattern: City Planning.
- D. Fiber: Anton Brilliance of Nylon.
- E. Pile Characteristic: Textured Loop pile.
- F. Surface Pile Weight: 30 oz./sq. yd.
- G. Total Weight: 108 oz./sq. yd. for finished carpet tile.

CARPET TILE 09681 - 2

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2.2 **INSTALLATION ACCESSORIES**

Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, hydraulic-cement-based A. formulation provided or recommended by carpet tile manufacturer.

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Adhesives: Water-resistant, mildew-resistant, non-staining, pressure-sensitive type to suit B. products and subfloor conditions indicated, that complies with flammability requirements for installed carpet tile and is recommended by carpet tile manufacturer for releasable installation.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 **INSTALLATION**

- Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with A. requirements for maximum moisture content, alkalinity range, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting carpet tile performance. Examine carpet tile for type, color, pattern, and potential defects.
- Concrete Subfloors: Verify that concrete slabs comply with ASTM F 710. B.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
- D. Preparation: Comply with CRI 104, Section 6.2, "Site Conditions; Floor Preparation," and with carpet tile manufacturer's written installation instructions for preparing existing substrates to receive carpet tile installation.
- Installation: Comply with CRI 104, Section 14, "Carpet Modules," and with carpet tile E. manufacturer's written installation instructions.
- F. Installation Method: Glue down; install every tile with full-spread, releasable, pressuresensitive adhesive.
- Maintain dye lot integrity. Do not mix dye lots in same area. G.
- H. Cut and fit carpet tile to butt tightly to vertical surfaces, permanent fixtures, and built-in furniture including cabinets, pipes, outlets, edgings, thresholds, and nosings. Bind or seal cut edges as recommended by carpet tile manufacturer.
- I. Extend carpet tile into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, open-bottomed obstructions, removable flanges, alcoves, and similar openings.
- J. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on finish flooring as marked on subfloor. Use nonpermanent, non-staining marking device.
- K. Install pattern parallel to walls and borders.
- L. Perform the following operations immediately after installing carpet tile:

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1. Remove excess adhesive, seam sealer, and other surface blemishes using cleaner recommended by carpet tile manufacturer.

- Remove yarns that protrude from carpet tile surface. 2.
- Vacuum carpet tile using commercial machine with face-beater element. 3.
- Protect installed carpet tile to comply with CRI 104, Section 16, "Protecting Indoor M. Installations."

END OF SECTION 09681

CARPET TILE 09681 - 4

SECTION 09751 - STONE PANELING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes anchored stone paneling for the following interior applications:
 - 1. Wall paneling.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each variety of stone, stone accessory, and manufactured product.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details for stone paneling system, including dimensions and profiles of stone units.
- C. Samples:
 - 1. For each stone type indicated. Include three or more Samples in each set and show the full range of variations in appearance characteristics in completed Work.
 - 2. For each color of grout or pointing mortar required.
- D. Delegated-Design Submittal: For stone paneling assembly.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Build mockups to demonstrate aesthetic effects and to set quality standards for fabrication and installation.
 - 1. Build mockups for the following kinds of stone paneling:
 - a. Typical stone wainscot paneling, two panels wide, each in widths required for location of mock-up, each approximately 30 inches to 42 inches wide by full wainscot height (approximately 84 inches).
 - 2. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

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PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 STONE, GENERAL

A. Source Limitations for Stone: Obtain each variety of stone, regardless of finish, from a single quarry, whether specified in this Section or in another Section of the Specifications.

2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: Design stone anchors and anchoring systems according to ASTM C 1242.
- B. Seismic Performance: Stone paneling system shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to ASCE/SEI 7.
 - 1. Component Importance Factor: 1.5.

2.3 MARBLE (MS-1):

- A. Material Standard: Comply with ASTM C 503.
- B. Varieties and Sources: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the following:
 - 1. Match existing Carthage Marble wall paneling from new or recycled stock.
- C. Finish: Polished or Honed as required to match the existing.
- D. Match Architect's samples.

2.4 SETTING MATERIALS

- A. Molding Plaster: ASTM C 59/C 59M.
- B. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I or Type II.
 - 1. Low-Alkali Cement: Not more than 0.60 percent total alkali when tested according to ASTM C 114.
- C. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C 207, Type S.
- D. Aggregate: ASTM C 144.
- E. Water: Potable.

2.5 GROUT

A. Grout Colors: Match Existing, as selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

- B. Sand-Portland Cement Grout: ANSI A108.10, composed of white or gray cement and white or colored aggregate to produce required color.
- C. Standard Cement Grout: ANSI A118.6, packaged.
- D. Polymer-Modified Tile Grout: ANSI A118.7, packaged.
- E. Water-Cleanable Epoxy Grout: ANSI A118.3, packaged, chemical-resistant, water-cleanable, tile-setting and -grouting epoxy.

2.6 POINTING MORTAR MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I or Type II. Provide natural color or white cement as required to produce mortar color indicated.
 - 1. Low-Alkali Cement: Not more than 0.60 percent total alkali when tested according to ASTM C 114.
- B. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C 207, Type S.
- C. Mortar Pigments: Natural and synthetic iron oxides and chromium oxides, compounded for use in mortar mixes and complying with ASTM C 979. Pigments shall have a record of satisfactory performance in mortar.
- D. Aggregate: ASTM C 144, except with 100 percent passing No. 16 (1.18-mm) sieve.
 - 1. White Aggregates: Natural white sand or ground white stone.
 - 2. Colored Aggregates: Natural-colored sand or ground marble, granite, or other durable stone; of color necessary to produce required mortar color.
- E. Water: Potable.

2.7 STONE ANCHORS AND ATTACHMENTS

- A. Fabricate anchors from stainless steel, ASTM A 240/A 240M or ASTM A 666, Type 304.
 - 1. Fasteners for Stainless-Steel Anchors: Annealed stainless-steel bolts, nuts, and washers; ASTM F 593 (ASTM F 738M) for bolts and ASTM F 594 (ASTM F 836M) for nuts, Alloy Group 1 (A1).
- B. Fabricate dowels from stainless steel, ASTM A 276, Type 304.
- C. Wire Tiebacks: 0.120-inch- (3.0-mm-) diameter, stainless-steel wire.

2.8 STONE ACCESSORIES

A. Temporary Setting Shims: Rigid plastic shims, non-staining to stone, sized to suit joint thickness.

- B. Setting Shims for Direct-Mount Anchoring Systems: Strips of resilient plastic or neoprene, non-staining to stone, of thickness needed to prevent point loading of stone on anchors and of depths to suit anchors without intruding into required depths of pointing materials.
- C. Cleaner: Stone cleaner specifically formulated for stone types, finishes, and applications indicated, as recommended by stone producer. Do not use cleaning compounds containing acids, caustics, harsh fillers, or abrasives.
- D. Stone Sealer: Colorless, stain-resistant impregnating sealer that does not affect color or physical properties of stone surfaces, as recommended by stone producer for application indicated.

2.9 STONE FABRICATION

- A. Select stone for intended use to prevent fabricated units from containing cracks, seams, and starts that could impair structural integrity or function.
- B. Cut stone to produce pieces of thickness, size, and shape indicated and to comply with fabrication and construction tolerances recommended by applicable stone association.
 - 1. Where items are installed with adhesive or where stone edges are visible in the finished work, make items uniform in thickness and of identical thickness for each type of item; gage back of stone if necessary.
 - 2. Dress joints straight and at right angle to face unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Nominal Thickness: 1 ¼ inch (30 mm) to match existing.
- D. Cut stone to produce uniform joints: Match existing joint width assumed to be 1/16 inch (1.5 mm), but no more than 1/8 inch (3 mm) wide and in locations indicated.
- E. Quirk-miter corners unless otherwise indicated. Fabricate for anchorage in top and bottom bed joints of corner units.
- F. Pattern Arrangement: Fabricate and arrange panels with veining and other natural markings to comply with the following requirements:
 - 1. Arrange panels with veining vertical, to match existing.

2.10 MIXES

- A. Spotting Plaster: Stiff mix of molding plaster and water.
- B. Mortar, General: Comply with referenced standards and with manufacturers' written instructions for mix proportions, mixing equipment, mixer speeds, mixing containers, mixing time, and other procedures needed to produce mortar of uniform quality and with optimum performance characteristics.

- 1. Do not use admixtures, including pigments, air-entraining agents, accelerators, retarders, water-repellent agents, antifreeze compounds, or other admixtures unless otherwise indicated. Do not use calcium chloride.
- 2. Combine and thoroughly mix cementitious materials, water, and aggregates in a mechanical batch mixer unless otherwise indicated. Discard mortar when it has reached initial set
- C. Setting Mortar: Comply with ASTM C 270, Proportion Specification, Type N.
- D. Grout: Comply with mixing requirements of referenced ANSI standards and with manufacturer's written instructions.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 SETTING STONE, GENERAL

- A. Do necessary field cutting as stone is set. Use power saws with diamond blades to cut stone. Cut lines straight and true, with edges eased slightly to prevent snipping.
- B. Contiguous Work: Provide reveals and openings as required to accommodate contiguous work.
- C. Set stone to comply with requirements indicated. Install anchors, supports, fasteners, and other attachments indicated or necessary to secure stone in place. Shim and adjust anchors, supports, and accessories to set stone accurately in locations indicated, with edges and faces aligned according to established relationships and indicated tolerances.
- D. Provide expansion, control, and pressure-relieving joints of widths and at locations indicated.
 - 1. Sealing of expansion and other joints is specified in Section 07920 "Joint Sealants."
 - 2. Keep expansion joints free of plaster, mortar, grout, and other rigid materials.

3.2 CONSTRUCTION TOLERANCES

- A. Variation from Plumb: For vertical lines and surfaces, do not exceed 1/8 inch in 96 inches (3 mm in 2400 mm), maximum.
- B. Variation from Level: For lintels, sills, chair rails, horizontal bands, horizontal grooves, and other conspicuous lines, do not exceed 1/8 inch in 10 feet (3 mm in 3 m), maximum.
- C. Variation in Joint Width: Do not vary from average joint width more than plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.5 mm) or one-fourth of nominal joint width, whichever is less.
- D. Variation in Plane between Adjacent Stone Units (Lipping): Do not exceed 1/32-inch (0.8-mm) difference between planes of adjacent units.

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3.3 INSTALLATION OF STONE PANELING

- A. Set units firmly against setting spots. Locate setting spots at anchors and spaced not more than 18 inches (450 mm) apart across back of unit, but provide no fewer than one setting spot per 2 sq. ft. (0.18 sq. m) unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Moisture Exposure: Use portland cement mortar for setting spots where stone is applied to inside face of exterior walls and at wet locations.
- B. Set units on direct-mount anchoring system with anchors securely attached to stone and to backup surfaces. Comply with anchoring recommendations in ASTM C 1242.
- C. Minimum Anchors: Provide anchors at a maximum of 24 inches (600 mm) o.c. around perimeter of stone panels with a minimum of four anchors per panel.
- D. Grout joints after setting stone to match existing paneling detail.

3.4 GROUTING JOINTS

- A. Grout stone to comply with ANSI A108.10.
 - 1. Use un-sanded grout mixture for joints 1/8 inch (3 mm) and narrower.
- B. Remove temporary shims before grouting.
- C. Tool joints uniformly and smoothly with plastic tool.

3.5 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. In-Progress Cleaning: Clean stone paneling as work progresses. Remove adhesive, grout, mortar, and sealant smears immediately.
- B. Clean stone paneling no fewer than six days after completion of grouting and pointing, using clean water and soft rags or stiff-bristle fiber brushes. Do not use wire brushes, acid-type cleaning agents, cleaning compounds with caustic or harsh fillers, or other materials or methods that could damage stone.
- C. Sealer Application: Apply stone sealer to comply with stone producer's and sealer manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations.

END OF SECTION 09751

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SECTION 09911 - EXTERIOR PAINTING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes surface preparation and the application of paint systems on the following exterior substrates:
 - 1. Steel.
 - 2. Galvanized metal.
 - 3. Wood.
 - 4. Plastic trim fabrications.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Gloss Level 1: Not more than 5 units at 60 degrees and 10 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- B. Gloss Level 3: 10 to 25 units at 60 degrees and 10 to 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- C. Gloss Level 4: 20 to 35 units at 60 degrees and not less than 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- D. Gloss Level 5: 35 to 70 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- E. Gloss Level 6: 70 to 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- F. Gloss Level 7: More than 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include preparation requirements and application instructions.
- B. Samples: For each type of paint system and each color and gloss of topcoat.
- C. Product List: For each product indicated. Include printout of current "MPI Approved Products List" for each product category specified, with the proposed product highlighted.

1.4 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

A. Furnish extra materials, from the same product run, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Paint: 5 percent, but not less than 5 gal. (3.8 L) of each material and color applied.

QUALITY ASSURANCE 1.5

- A. Mockups: Apply mockups of each paint system indicated and each color and finish selected to verify preliminary selections made under Sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - Architect will select one surface to represent surfaces and conditions for application of 1. each paint system specified in Part 3.
 - Vertical and Horizontal Surfaces: Provide samples of at least 100 sq. ft. (9 sq. m). a.
 - Other Items: Architect will designate items or areas required. b.
 - 2. Final approval of color selections will be based on mockups.
 - If preliminary color selections are not approved, apply additional mockups of a. additional colors selected by Architect at no added cost to Owner.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 **MANUFACTURERS**

Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be A. Products: incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to products listed in other Part 2 articles for the paint category indicated.

2.2 PAINT, GENERAL

- MPI Standards: Provide products that comply with MPI standards indicated and that are listed A. in its "MPI Approved Products List."
- B. Material Compatibility:
 - Provide materials for use within each paint system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
 - 2. For each coat in a paint system, provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- C. VOC Content: Provide materials that comply with VOC limits of authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Colors: Match Architect's samples.
- Use only "best quality" paint from given manufacturer. E.

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F. Quality Level: Premium Grade System

2.3 PRIMERS/SEALERS

- A. Primer, Alkali Resistant, Water Based: MPI #3.
 - 1. Provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- B. Primer, Bonding, Water Based: MPI #17.
 - 1. Provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- C. Primer, Bonding, Solvent Based: MPI #69.
 - 1. Provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- D. Wood-Knot Sealer: Sealer recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer for exterior use in paint system indicated.

2.4 METAL PRIMERS

- A. Primer, Alkyd, Anti-Corrosive for Metal: MPI #79.
 - 1. Provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- B. Primer, Alkyd, Quick Dry, for Metal: MPI #76.
 - 1. Provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- C. Primer, Galvanized, Water Based: MPI #134.
 - 1. Provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- D. Primer, Galvanized: As recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer.
 - 1. Provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.

- E. Primer, Quick Dry, for Aluminum: MPI #95.
 - 1. Provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.

2.5 WOOD PRIMERS

- A. Primer, Latex for Exterior Wood: MPI #6.
 - 1. Provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- B. Primer, Alkyd for Exterior Wood: MPI #5.
 - 1. Provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- C. Primer, Oil for Exterior Wood: MPI #7.
 - 1. Provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.

2.6 WATER-BASED PAINTS

- A. Latex, Exterior Low Lustre (Gloss Level 3-4): MPI #15
 - 1. Benjamin Moore Aura Waterborne Exterior Low Lustre Finish.
- B. Light Industrial Coating, Exterior, Water-Based, Low-Lustre (Gloss Level 3): MPI #161.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture meter as follows:
 - 1. Concrete: 12 percent.
 - 2. Masonry (Clay and CMU): 12 percent.
 - 3. Wood: 15 percent.
 - 4. Portland Cement Plaster: 12 percent.

- 5. Gypsum Board: 12 percent.
- C. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing finishes and primers.
- D. Proceed with coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
 - 1. Application of coating indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Manual" applicable to substrates and paint systems indicated.
- B. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of paints, including dust, dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.
 - 1. Remove incompatible primers and re-prime substrate with compatible primers or apply tie coat as required to produce paint systems indicated.

3.3 APPLICATION

- A. Apply paints according to manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Manual".
- B. Quality Level: Premium Grade System.
- C. Apply paints to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- B. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

3.5 EXTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE

- A. Steel Substrates:
 - 1. Water-Based Light Industrial Coating System:

- a. Prime Coat: Primer, alkyd, anti-corrosive for metal, MPI #79, as recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer for exterior use on steel substrates with topcoat indicated.
- b. Prime Coat: Shop primer specified in Section where substrate is specified.
- c. Intermediate Coat: Light industrial coating, exterior, water based, matching topcoat.
- d. Topcoat: Light industrial coating, exterior, water based (Gloss Level 3), MPI #161.

B. Galvanized-Metal Substrates:

- 1. Water-Based Light Industrial Coating System:
 - a. Prime Coat: Primer, galvanized metal, as recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer for exterior use on galvanized-metal substrates with topcoat indicated.
 - b. Intermediate Coat: Light industrial coating, exterior, water based, matching topcoat.
 - c. Topcoat: Light industrial coating, exterior, water based (Gloss Level 3), MPI #161.
- C. Wood Substrates: Including wood trim, architectural woodwork, doors, windows, wood siding, wood-based panel product.
 - 1. Latex System:
 - a. Prime Coat: Primer, latex for exterior wood, as recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer for exterior use on wood substrate with topcoat indicated.
 - b. Intermediate Coat: Latex, exterior, matching topcoat.
 - c. Topcoat: Latex, exterior, low sheen (Gloss Level 3-4), MPI #15.
 - 2. Latex over Alkyd Primer System:
 - a. Prime Coat: Primer, alkyd for exterior wood, as recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer for exterior use on wood substrate with topcoat indicated.
 - b. Intermediate Coat: Latex, exterior, matching topcoat.
 - c. Topcoat: Latex, exterior, low sheen (Gloss Level 3-4), MPI #15.

D. Plastic Trim Fabrication Substrates:

- 1. Latex System:
 - a. Prime Coat: Primer, bonding, water or solvent based as recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer for exterior use on plastic substrate with topcoat indicated.
 - b. Intermediate Coat: Latex, exterior, matching topcoat.
 - c. Topcoat: Latex, exterior, low sheen (Gloss Level 3-4), MPI #15.

END OF SECTION 09911

SECTION 09912 - INTERIOR PAINTING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes surface preparation and the application of paint systems on the following interior substrates:
 - 1. Concrete.
 - 2. Clay masonry.
 - 3. Concrete masonry units (CMU).
 - 4. Steel.
 - 5. Cast iron.
 - 6. Wood.
 - 7. Gypsum board.
 - 8. Plaster.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Gloss Level 1: Not more than 5 units at 60 degrees and 10 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- B. Gloss Level 2: Not more than 10 units at 60 degrees and 10 to 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- C. Gloss Level 3: 10 to 25 units at 60 degrees and 10 to 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- D. Gloss Level 4: 20 to 35 units at 60 degrees and not less than 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- E. Gloss Level 5: 35 to 70 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- F. Gloss Level 6: 70 to 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- G. Gloss Level 7: More than 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include preparation requirements and application instructions.
- B. Samples: For each type of paint system and in each color and gloss of topcoat.

C. Product List: For each product indicated. Include printout of current "MPI Approved Products List" for each product category specified in Part 2, with the proposed product highlighted.

1.4 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials, from the same product run, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Paint: 5 percent, but not less than 5 gal. (3.8 L)] of each material and color applied.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Apply mockups of each paint system indicated and each color and finish selected to verify preliminary selections made under Sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - 1. Architect will select one surface to represent surfaces and conditions for application of each paint system specified in Part 3.
 - a. Vertical and Horizontal Surfaces: Provide samples of at least 100 sq. ft. (9 sq. m).
 - b. Other Items: Architect will designate items or areas required.
 - 2. Final approval of color selections will be based on mockups.
 - a. If preliminary color selections are not approved, apply additional mockups of additional colors selected by Architect at no added cost to Owner.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to products listed in other Part 2 articles for the paint category indicated.

2.2 PAINT, GENERAL

A. MPI Standards: Provide products that comply with MPI standards indicated and that are listed in its "MPI Approved Products List."

B. Material Compatibility:

1. Provide materials for use within each paint system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.

- 2. For each coat in a paint system, provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- C. VOC Content: Products shall comply with VOC limits of authorities having jurisdiction and, for interior paints and coatings applied at Project site, the following VOC limits, exclusive of colorants added to a tint base, when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - 1. Flat Paints and Coatings: 50 g/L.
 - 2. Nonflat Paints and Coatings: 150 g/L.
 - 3. Dry-Fog Coatings: 400 g/L.
 - 4. Primers, Sealers, and Undercoaters: 200 g/L.
 - 5. Anticorrosive and Antirust Paints Applied to Ferrous Metals: 250 g/L.
 - 6. Zinc-Rich Industrial Maintenance Primers: 340 g/L.
 - 7. Pretreatment Wash Primers: 420 g/L.
 - 8. Floor Coatings: 100 g/L.
 - 9. Shellacs, Clear: 730 g/L.
 - 10. Shellacs, Pigmented: 550 g/L.
- D. Colors: Match Architect's samples or as indicated in a color schedule.
- E. Use only "best quality" paint from given manufacturer.
- F. Quality Level: Premium Grade System.

2.3 BLOCK FILLERS

A. Block Filler, Latex, Interior/Exterior: MPI #4.

2.4 PRIMERS/SEALERS

- A. Primer Sealer, Latex, Interior: MPI #50.
 - 1. Provide products recommended in writing by manufactures of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- B. Primer, Alkali Resistant, Water Based: MPI #3.
 - 1. Provide products recommended in writing by manufactures of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- C. Primer Sealer, Alkyd, Interior: MPI #45.
 - 1. Provide products recommended in writing by manufactures of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.

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2.5 METAL PRIMERS

- A. Primer, Rust-Inhibitive, Water Based: MPI #107.
 - 1. Provide products recommended in writing by manufactures of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- B. Primer, Galvanized, Water Based: MPI #134.
 - 1. Provide products recommended in writing by manufactures of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- C. Primer, Quick Dry, for Aluminum: MPI #95.
 - 1. Provide products recommended in writing by manufactures of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.

2.6 WATER-BASED PAINTS

- A. Latex, Interior, Flat, (Gloss Level 1): MPI #53.
 - 1. Benjamin Moore, Regal Select, Premium Interior Paint and Primer Flat Finish.
- B. Latex, Interior, (Gloss Level 2): MPI #44.
 - 1. Benjamin Moore, Regal Select, Premium Interior Paint and Primer Eggshell Finish.
- C. Latex, Interior, (Gloss Level 4): MPI #43.
 - 1. Benjamin Moore, Regal Select, Premium Interior Paint and Primer Pearl Finish.
- D. Light Industrial Coating, Interior, Water-Based (Gloss Level 3): MPI #151.

2.7 SOLVENT-BASED PAINTS

- A. Alkyd, Interior, (Gloss Level 3): MPI #51.
 - 1. Benjamin Moore Satin Impervo Low Lustre Alkyd Enamel.

2.8 FLOOR COATINGS

- A. Sealer, Water Based, for Concrete Floors: MPI #99.
- B. Floor Paint, Latex, Low Gloss (Maximum Gloss Level 3): MPI #60.

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture meter as follows:
 - 1. Concrete: 12 percent.
 - 2. Masonry (Clay and CMU): 12 percent.
 - 3. Wood: 15 percent.
 - 4. Gypsum Board: 12 percent.
 - 5. Plaster: 12 percent.
- C. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing finishes and primers.
- D. Proceed with coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
 - 1. Application of coating indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Manual" applicable to substrates indicated.
- B. Remove hardware, covers, plates, and similar items already in place that are removable and are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.
 - 1. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
- C. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of paints, including dust, dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.
 - 1. Remove incompatible primers and re-prime substrate with compatible primers or apply tie coat as required to produce paint systems indicated.

3.3 APPLICATION

- A. Apply paints according to manufacturer's written instructions and to recommendations in "MPI Manual."
- B. Quality Level: Premium Grade System.

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C. Apply paints to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- B. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

3.5 INTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE

- A. Concrete Substrates, Non-traffic Surfaces:
 - 1. Water-Based Light Industrial Coating System:
 - a. Prime Coat: Primer, alkali resistant, water based, MPI #3. Provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
 - b. Intermediate Coat: Light industrial coating, interior, water based, matching topcoat.
 - c. Topcoat: Light industrial coating, interior, water based (Gloss Level 3), MPI #151.
- B. Concrete Substrates, Traffic Surfaces:
 - 1. Latex Floor Enamel System:
 - a. Prime Coat: Floor paint, latex, low gloss (maximum Gloss Level 3), MPI #60. Provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
 - b. Intermediate Coat: Floor paint, latex, low gloss (maximum Gloss Level 3), MPI #60.
 - c. Topcoat: Floor paint, latex, low gloss (maximum Gloss Level 3), MPI #60.
 - 2. Water-Based Clear Sealer System:
 - a. First Coat: Sealer, water based, for concrete floors, MPI #99.
 - b. Topcoat: Sealer, water based, for concrete floors, MPI #99.
- C. Clay-Masonry Substrates:
 - 1. Water-Based Light Industrial Coating System:

- a. Prime Coat: Primer, alkali resistant, water based, MPI #3. Provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- b. Intermediate Coat: Light industrial coating, interior, water based, matching topcoat.
- c. Topcoat: Light industrial coating, interior, water based (Gloss Level 3), MPI #151.

D. CMU Substrates:

1. Water-Based Light Industrial Coating System:

- a. Block Filler: Block filler, latex, interior/exterior, MPI #4. Provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- b. Intermediate Coat: Light industrial coating, interior, water based, matching topcoat.
- c. Topcoat: Light industrial coating, interior, water based (Gloss Level 3), MPI #151.

E. Steel Substrates:

1. Water-Based Light Industrial Coating System:

- a. Prime Coat: Primer, rust-inhibitive, water based MPI #107. Provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- b. Intermediate Coat: Light industrial coating, interior, water based, matching topcoat.
- c. Topcoat: Light industrial coating, interior, water based (Gloss Level 3), MPI #151.

F. Galvanized-Metal Substrates:

- 1. Water-Based Light Industrial Coating Over Waterborne Primer System:
 - a. Prime Coat: Primer, galvanized, water based, MPI #134. Provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
 - b. Intermediate Coat: Light industrial coating, interior, water based, matching topcoat.
 - c. Topcoat: Light industrial coating, interior, water based (Gloss Level 3), MPI #151.

G. Aluminum (Not Anodized or Otherwise Coated) Substrates:

1. Water-Based Light Industrial Coating System:

a. Prime Coat: Primer, quick dry, for aluminum, MPI #95. Provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.

- b. Intermediate Coat: Light industrial coating, interior, water based, matching topcoat.
- c. Topcoat: Light industrial coating, interior, water based (Gloss Level 3), MPI #151.
- H. Wood Substrates: Including wood trim, architectural woodwork, doors, windows, wood-based panel products.

1. Alkyd System:

- a. Prime Coat: MPI # 45. Primer sealer, alkyd, interior provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- b. Intermediate Coat: Alkyd, interior, matching topcoat.
- c. Topcoat: Alkyd, interior, (Gloss Level 3), MPI #51.

I. Fiberglass and Plastic Substrates:

1. Latex System:

- a. Prime Coat: Primer, bonding, water based, MPI #17. Provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- b. Prime Coat: Primer, bonding, solvent based, MPI #69.
- c. Intermediate Coat: Latex, interior, matching topcoat.
- d. Topcoat: Latex, interior, (Gloss Level 3), MPI #52.

J. Gypsum Board or Plaster Substrates:

1. Latex System:

- a. Prime Coat: MPI #50. Primer sealer, latex, interior, provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- b. Prime Coat: Latex, interior, matching topcoat.
- c. Intermediate Coat: Latex, interior, matching topcoat.
- d. Topcoat: Latex, interior, flat, (Gloss Level 1), MPI #53. (All ceilings).
- e. Topcoat: Latex, interior, (Gloss Level 2), MPI #44. (Walls of all office and similar areas).
- 2. High-Performance Architectural Latex System: (All corridors, hallways, lobbies, stairways, restrooms, break-rooms).
 - a. Prime Coat: Primer sealer, latex, interior, MPI #50. Provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
 - b. Intermediate Coat: Latex, interior, high performance architectural, matching topcoat.
 - c. Topcoat: Latex, interior, high performance architectural, (Gloss Level 2), MPI #138.

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K. Cotton or Canvas and ASJ Insulation-Covering Substrates: Including pipe and duct coverings.

- 1. Latex System:
 - a. Prime Coat: Primer sealer, latex, interior, MPI #50. Provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
 - b. Intermediate Coat: Latex, interior, matching topcoat.
 - c. Topcoat: Latex, interior, (Gloss Level 2), MPI #44.

END OF SECTION 09912

INTERIOR PAINTING 09912 - 9

SECTION 09931 - WOOD STAINS AND TRANSPARENT FINISHES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes surface preparation and application of wood finishes on the following substrates:
 - 1. Interior Substrates:
 - a. Dressed lumber (finish carpentry).
 - b. Exposed wood panel products.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Gloss Level 1: Not more than 5 units at 60 degrees and 10 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- B. Gloss Level 4: 20 to 35 units at 60 degrees and not less than 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- C. Gloss Level 5: 35 to 70 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- D. Gloss Level 6: 70 to 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- E. Gloss Level 7: More than 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include preparation requirements and application instructions.
- B. Samples: For each type of finish system and in each color and gloss of finish indicated.
- C. Product List: For each product indicated, include printout of current "MPI Approved Products List" for each product category specified in Part 2, with the product proposed for use highlighted.

1.4 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials, from the same product run, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Stains and Transparent Finishes: 5 percent, but not less than 2 gal. (3.8 L) of each material and color applied.

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1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Apply mockups of each finish system indicated and each color selected to verify preliminary selections made under sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - 1. Architect will select one surface to represent surfaces and conditions for application of each type of finish system and substrate.
 - a. Vertical and Horizontal Surfaces: Provide samples of at least 100 sq. ft. (9 sq. m).
 - b. Other Items: Architect will designate items or areas required.
 - 2. Final approval of stain color selections will be based on mockups.
 - a. If preliminary stain color selections are not approved, apply additional mockups of additional stain colors selected by Architect at no added cost to Owner.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to products listed in other Part 2 articles for the category indicated.

2.2 MATERIALS, GENERAL

- A. MPI Standards: Provide products that comply with MPI standards indicated and that are listed in its "MPI Approved Products List."
- B. Material Compatibility:
 - 1. Provide materials for use within each finish system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
 - 2. For each coat in a finish system, provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in finish system and on substrate indicated.
- C. VOC Content: Products shall comply with VOC limits of authorities having jurisdiction and, for interior stains and finishes applied at project site, the following VOC limits, exclusive of colorants added to a tint base, when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - 1. Clear Wood Finishes, Varnishes: VOC not more than 350 g/L.
 - 2. Shellacs, Clear: VOC not more than 730 g/L.
 - 3. Stains: VOC not more than 250 g/L.
 - 4. Primers, Sealers, and Undercoaters: 200 g/L.

D. Stain Colors: Contractor match existing adjacent surfaces as selected from manufacturer, or manufacturers, full range (mixed, as necessary to achieve exact match), as approved by Architect.

2.3 **WOOD FILLERS**

A. Wood Filler Paste: MPI #91.

2.4 PRIMERS AND SEALERS

- A. Alkyd, Sanding Sealer, Clear: MPI #102.
- B. Shellac: MPI #88.

2.5 **STAINS**

Stain, Semi-Transparent, for Interior Wood: MPI #90. A.

2.6 **SOLVENT-BASED VARNISHES**

Varnish, Interior, Semi-Gloss (Gloss Level 5): MPI #74 A.

2.7 POLYURETHANE VARNISHES

A. Varnish, Interior, Polyurethane, Oil-Modified, Satin (Gloss Level 4): MPI #57.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 **EXAMINATION**

- Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements A. for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- Maximum Moisture Content of Interior Wood Substrates: 10 percent, when measured with an B. electronic moisture meter.
- Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing C. finishes and primers.
- D. Proceed with finish application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
 - Beginning finish application constitutes Contractor's acceptance of substrates and 1. conditions.

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3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" applicable to substrates indicated.
- B. Remove hardware, covers, plates, and similar items already in place that are removable. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and finishing.
 - 1. After completing finishing operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
- C. Clean and prepare surfaces to be finished according to manufacturer's written instructions for each particular substrate condition and as specified.
 - 1. Remove dust, dirt, oil, and grease by washing with a detergent solution; rinse thoroughly with clean water and allow to dry. Remove grade stamps and pencil marks by sanding lightly. Remove loose wood fibers by brushing.
 - 2. Remove mildew by scrubbing with a commercial wash formulated for mildew removal and as recommended by stain manufacturer.

3.3 APPLICATION

- A. Apply finishes according to manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Manual."
- B. Apply finishes to produce surface films without cloudiness, holidays, lap marks, brush marks, runs, ropiness, or other surface imperfections.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Protect work of other trades against damage from finish application. Correct damage by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- B. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced finished wood surfaces.

3.5 INTERIOR WOOD-FINISH-SYSTEM SCHEDULE

- A. Wood substrates, non-traffic surfaces, including wood trim, architectural woodwork, doors, windows, wood-based panel products.
- B. Interior wood finish system shall match the existing adjacent finishes in color, sheen and general appearance, through the use of one of the following systems.
 - 1. Alkyd Varnish over Stain System:

- a. Stain Coat: Stain, semi-transparent, for interior wood, MPI #90.
- b. First Intermediate Coat: Alkyd, sanding sealer, clear, MPI #102.
- c. Second Intermediate Coat: Varnish matching topcoat.
- d. Topcoat: Varnish, interior, semi-gloss (Gloss Level 5), MPI #74.

2. Alkyd Varnish System:

- a. Prime Coat: Alkyd, sanding sealer, clear, MPI #102.
- b. Intermediate Coat: Varnish matching topcoat.
- c. Topcoat: Varnish, interior, semi-gloss (Gloss Level 5), MPI #74.

3. Polyurethane Varnish over Stain System:

- a. Stain Coat: Stain, semi-transparent, for interior wood, MPI #90.
- b. First Intermediate Coat: Polyurethane varnish matching topcoat.
- c. Second Intermediate Coat: Polyurethane varnish matching topcoat.
- d. Topcoat: Varnish, interior, polyurethane, oil-modified, satin (Gloss Level 4), MPI #57.

4. Polyurethane Varnish System:

- a. Prime Coat: Polyurethane varnish matching topcoat.
- b. Intermediate Coat: Polyurethane varnish matching topcoat.
- c. Topcoat: Varnish, interior, polyurethane, oil-modified, satin (Gloss Level 4), MPI #57.

END OF SECTION 09931

SECTION 10155 - TOILET COMPARTMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Solid-polymer toilet compartments configured as toilet enclosures and urinal screens.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: For toilet compartments. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
- C. Samples for each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Product certificates.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Surface-Burning Characteristics: As determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 84, or another standard acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - 1. Flame-Spread Index: 75 or less.
 - 2. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.
- B. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with applicable provisions in the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and Architectural Barriers Act (ABA) Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities" and ICC/ANSI A117.1 for toilet compartments designated as accessible.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Solid Plastic: High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) Resin, 1 inch nominal thickness.
- B. Zamac: ASTM B 86, commercial zinc-alloy die castings.

2.2 SOLID-POLYMER UNITS

- A. <u>Basis-of-Design Product</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Scranton Products Toilet Compartments, Hiny Hiders, or comparable product by one of the following:
 - 1. Accurate Partitions Corporation.
 - 2. Global Steel Products Corp.
 - 3. Santana Products, Inc.
 - 4. Sanymetal; a Crane Plumbing company.
- B. Toilet-Enclosure Style: Floor Mounted, Overhead braced.
- C. Panel and Pilaster Construction: Solid, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) panel material, not less than 1 inch (25 mm) thick, seamless, with eased edges, and with homogenous color and pattern throughout thickness of material.
 - 1. Heat-Sink Strip: Manufacturer's standard continuous, extruded-aluminum or stainless-steel strip fastened to exposed bottom edges of solid-polymer components to prevent burning.
 - 2. Polymer Panel Finish: One color and pattern in each room.
 - a. Color and Pattern: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- D. Pilaster Shoes and Sleeves (Caps): Manufacturer's standard design; stainless steel.
- E. Brackets (Fittings):
 - 1. Stirrup Type: Ear or U-brackets, clear anodized heavy duty aluminum (6463-TS Alloy) with stainless steel fasteners, or stainless steel.
- F. Doors: To be flat panel wood veneer construction to match existing.

2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Hardware and Accessories: Manufacturer's standard design, heavy-duty operating hardware and accessories.
 - 1. Material: Stainless steel or aluminum.

- 2. Hinges: Paired, self-closing type that can be adjusted to hold doors open at any angle up to 90 degrees.
- 3. Latch and Keeper: Manufacturer's standard surface-mounted latch unit designed for emergency access and with combination rubber-faced door strike and keeper. Provide units that comply with regulatory requirements for accessibility at compartments designated as accessible.
- 4. Coat Hook: Combination hook and rubber-tipped bumper, sized to prevent in-swinging door from hitting compartment-mounted accessories.
- 5. Door Bumper: Rubber-tipped bumper at out-swinging doors.
- 6. Door Pull: At out-swinging doors that complies with regulatory requirements for accessibility. Provide units on both sides of doors at compartments designated as accessible.
- B. Overhead Bracing: Manufacturer's standard continuous, extruded-aluminum head rail with antigrip profile and in manufacturer's standard finish.
- C. Anchorages and Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard exposed fasteners of stainless steel with theft-resistant-type heads. Provide sex-type bolts for through-bolt applications. For concealed anchors, use stainless steel, hot-dip galvanized steel, or other rust-resistant, protective-coated steel.

2.4 FABRICATION

- A. Floor-Anchored /Overhead Braced Units: Provide manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant anchoring assemblies with leveling adjustment nuts at pilasters for structural connection to floor. Provide shoes at pilasters to conceal anchorage.
- B. Door Size and Swings: Unless otherwise indicated, provide 24-inch- (610-mm-) wide, inswinging doors for standard toilet compartments and 36-inch- (914-mm-) wide, out-swinging doors with a minimum 32-inch- (813-mm-) wide, clear opening for compartments designated as accessible. Doors to be custom made wood veneer to exactly match existing partition doors.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions. Install units rigid, straight, level, and plumb. Secure units in position with manufacturer's recommended anchoring devices.
- B. Clearances: Maximum 1/2 inch (13 mm) between pilasters and panels; 1 inch (25 mm) between panels and walls.
- C. Stirrup Brackets: Secure panels to walls and to pilasters with no fewer than three brackets attached at midpoint and near top and bottom of panel. Locate wall brackets so holes for wall anchors occur in masonry or tile joints. Align brackets at pilasters with brackets at walls.

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3.2 ADJUSTING

A. Hardware Adjustment: Adjust and lubricate hardware according to hardware manufacturer's written instructions for proper operation. Set hinges on in-swinging doors to hold doors open approximately 30 degrees from closed position when unlatched. Set hinges on out-swinging doors to return doors to fully closed position.

END OF SECTION 10155

SECTION 10180 – STONE TOILET COMPARTMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes stone toilet compartment as follows:
 - 1. Floor-anchored stone toilet partitions.
 - 2. Floor-anchored stone screens.
 - 3. Wood doors, transparent finished.
- B. Related Sections:
 - 1. Division 10 "Toilet Accessories" for toilet accessories.

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. ASTM C 119-04: Terminology Relating to Dimension Stone
- B. ASTM C 170-90 (1999): Test Method for Compressive Strength of Dimension Stone
- C. ASTM C 615-03: Specification for Granite Dimension Stone
- D. ASTM C 880-98: Test Method for Flexural Strength of Dimensional Stone

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each stone type, stone accessory, and other manufactured products.
 - 1. Each stone type: Physical properties
- B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, sections, details, and attachments to other work. Show fabrication and installation details for stone partitions.
- C. Stone Samples: (2) Sets for each stone required, exhibiting the full range of color characteristics expected; not less than 12 inches square.
- D. Door Samples:
 - 1. Doors: Corner sections, approximately 12 inches square, with door faces and edges finished with materials proposed for the Work.
 - 2. Hardware and Fittings: Full-size Samples of each hardware and fitting item required.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Accessible: Provide compartments with hardware that comply with accessibility requirements of authorities having jurisdiction at compartments shown on Drawings to be accessible compart-

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ments.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of walls, columns, ceilings, and other construction contiguous with toilet compartments by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 STONE SOURCE

- A. Varieties and Source:
 - 1. Stone: Marble Carthage Grey. Field Verify and Match Existing.

2.2 STONE MATERIAL

- A. Marble: Match Existing.
- B. Cut stone from one block or contiguous, matched blocks in which natural markings occur.
- C. Match Architect's samples.
- D. Marble Type:
 - 1. Stone Variety: Carthage Grey (Match Existing).
 - 2. Location: Stone toilet partitions and screens.
 - 3. Finish:
 - a. Polished
 - 4. Nominal Thickness: Not less than the following nominal thickness:
 - a. Match existing for type of use.

2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Brackets: None Partitions are to be notched and doweled together.
 - 1. Stainless steel pins.
- B. Hardware and Accessories: Manufacturer's standard design hardware and accessories.
 - 1. Stainless steel
- C. Fasteners: Manufacturer's exposed fasteners of stainless steel or chrome-plated steel or brass, finished to match hardware.
 - 1. Provide theft-resistant-type heads.
 - 2. Provide through-bolt applications.

2.4 FABRICATION

- A. General: Fabricate stone per requirements, including Drawings and Shop Drawings.
- B. Floor-Anchored Units: Provide corrosion-resistant anchoring assemblies complete with threaded rods, lock washers, and leveling adjustment nuts at pilasters for structural connection to floor. Provide shoes at pilasters to conceal anchorage.

C. Wood Doors:

- 1. Provide in-swinging doors for standard toilet compartments as indicated on the drawings.
- 2. Provide out-swinging doors with a minimum 32-inch-wide clear opening for compartments indicated to be accessible as indicated on the drawings.

D. Hardware:

- 1. Hinges: Self-closing type, adjustable to hold doors open at angle up to 90 degrees.
- 2. Latch and Keeper: Surface-mounted latch unit designed for emergency access with door strike and keeper.
- 3. Coat Hook: Combination hook and rubber-tipped bumper, sized to prevent door from hitting compartment-mounted accessories.
- 4. Door Bumper: Rubber-tipped bumper at out-swinging doors.
- 5. Door Pull: Door pulls complying with accessibility requirements at out-swinging doors. Provide units on both sides of doors at accessible compartments.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions. Install partitions to be rigid, straight, level, and plumb. Secure units in position with manufacturer's recommended anchoring devices.
 - 1. Maximum Clearances:
 - a. Pilasters and Panels: 1/2 inch.
 - b. Panels and Walls: 1 inch.
- B. Floor-Anchored Units: Set pilasters with anchors penetrating not less than 2 inches (50 mm) into structural floor, unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's written instructions. Level, plumb, and tighten pilasters. Hang doors and adjust so tops of doors are level with tops of pilasters when doors are in closed position.

3.2 ADJUSTING

A. Hardware Adjustment: Adjust and lubricate hardware according to manufacturer's written instructions for proper operation. Set hinges on in-swinging doors to hold doors open approximately 30 degrees from closed position when unlatched. Set hinges on out-swinging doors to return doors to fully closed position.

END OF SECTION 10180

SECTION 10801 - TOILET AND BATH ACCESSORIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Public-use washroom accessories.
 - 2. Child Care Accessories
 - 3. Under-lavatory guards.
- B. Owner-Furnished Material: As Indicated on Drawings Accessories Schedule on Sheet A-405.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Product Schedule: Indicating types, quantities, sizes, and installation locations by room of each accessory required.
 - 1. Identify locations using room designations indicated.
 - 2. Identify products using designations indicated.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

1.6 WARRANTY

A. Special Mirror Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to replace mirrors that develop visible silver spoilage defects and that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Warranty Period: 15 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PUBLIC-USE WASHROOM ACCESSORIES

- A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on Drawings or comparable product by one of the following:
 - American Specialties, Inc. 1.
 - 2. Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc.
 - 3. Bradley Corporation.
 - Tubular Specialties Manufacturing, Inc. 4.
 - Approved Equal. 5.
- Toilet Tissue (Roll) Dispenser: Owner Furnished, Contractor Installed. B.
- C. Paper Towel (Roll) Dispenser: Owner Furnished, Contractor Installed.
- D. Waste Receptacle (Re: Drawing A-405):
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Bobrick B-2300.
 - Mounting: Freestanding. 2.
 - Minimum Capacity: 18 Gallon. 3.
 - Material and Finish: 24 Gauge, Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin), with heavy duty form 4. fitted vinyl full wrap floor trim.
 - Size: Total height: 31" x 15" diameter. 5.
 - Liner: Reusable galvanized liner. 6.
 - 7. Lockset: None.
- E. Liquid-Soap Dispenser: Owner Furnished, Contractor Installed.
- F. Grab Bar (Re: Drawing A-405):
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Bobrick B-5806 series.
 - 2. Mounting: Flanges with concealed fasteners.
 - Material: Stainless steel, 18 gauge (1.2 mm) thick. 3.
 - Finish: Smooth, No. 4 finish (satin). a.
 - 4. Outside Diameter: 1-1/4 inches (32 mm).
 - 5. Configuration and Length: As indicated on Drawings.
- G. Sanitary-Napkin Disposal Unit (Re: Drawing A-405):
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Bobrick B-270.
 - Mounting: Surface mounted. 2.
 - Door or Cover: One piece, seamless construction secured to container w/ stainless steel 3. piano hinge. All welded

- 4. Receptacle: All welded construction with disposable inner liner bags.
- 5. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
- H. Seat-Cover Dispenser: Owner Furnished, Contractor Installed.
- I. Mirror Unit (Re: Drawing A-405):
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Bobrick, B-165 series.
 - 2. Frame: Stainless-steel channel.
 - a. Corners: Mitered and mechanically interlocked.
 - 3. Hangers: Produce rigid, tamper- and theft-resistant installation, using method indicated below.
 - a. One-piece, galvanized-steel, wall-hanger device with spring-action locking mechanism to hold mirror unit in position with no exposed screws or bolts.
 - 4. Size: As indicated on Drawings.
- J. Coat Hook: (Re: Drawing A-405)
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Bobrick B-212.
 - 2. Hook and Base: Solid Cast Aluminum with Matte Finish.
 - 3. Bumper: Hard Rubber.
- K. Shelf: (Re: Drawing A-405)
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Bobrick B-296.
 - 2. Material and Finish: Stainless Steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
 - 3. Edges: 3/4" return with hemmed front edge.
 - 4. Mounting Brackets: Stainless Steel, No. 4 finish (satin); 176 GA (1.6 mm.) Minimum; welded to shelf.

2.2 CHILDCARE ACCESSORIES

A. Diaper-Changing Station: Owner furnished, Contractor Installed.

2.3 UNDERLAVATORY GUARDS

A. Under-lavatory Guard: Porcelain shroud supplied with Lavatory.

2.4 FABRICATION

A. Keys: Provide universal keys for internal access to accessories for servicing and resupplying. Provide minimum of six keys to Owner's representative.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install accessories provided by Owner as located and indicated on drawings. Coordinate timely delivery of accessories with Owner and Owner's product supply vendor.
- B. Install accessories according to manufacturers' written instructions, using fasteners appropriate to substrate indicated and recommended by unit manufacturer. Install units level, plumb, and firmly anchored in locations and at heights indicated.
- C. Grab Bars: Install to withstand a downward load of at least 250 lbf (1112 N), when tested according to ASTM F 446.

END OF SECTION 10801

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SECTION 11451 - RESIDENTIAL APPLIANCES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Refrigeration appliances.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product certificates.
- B. Field quality-control reports.
- C. Warranties: Sample of special warranties.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and maintenance data.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An employer of workers trained and approved by manufacturer for installation and maintenance of units required for this Project.
- B. Pre-installation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranties: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace residential appliances or components that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period: Ten years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. U-Line, Milwaukee, WI. (414) 354-0300. www.u-line.com.
 - 2. <u>Kenmore, www.kenmore.com</u>.
 - 3. Or approved equal. Under-counter ice makers and refrigerators to be from same manufacturer and of same style.

2.2 MICROWAVE OVENS

- A. Microwave Oven (Reference Drawing 5/A-416, Rm. #022):
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Kenmore; #79203 Elite 2.0 Cu. Ft. Countertop Microwave.
 - 2. Mounting: Countertop.
 - 3. Capacity: 2.0 cu. ft. (0.06 cu. m).
 - 4. Exhaust Fan: Non-vented, re-circulating type with charcoal filter and with manufacturer's standard capacity.
 - 5. Microwave Power Rating: 1200 W.
 - 6. Material: Stainless steel.
 - 7. Size: 19.91" deep, 13.53" high, 23.87" wide.

2.3 UNDERCOUNTER REFRIGERATORS

- A. Refrigerator (Reference Drawing 3/A-430, Rm. # 244): One-door refrigerator and complying with AHAM HRF-1.
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: U-Line Model ADA24R.
 - 2. Type: Built-in, under-counter as indicated on drawings.
 - 3. Storage Capacity:
 - a. Refrigeration Compartment Volume: 5.3 cu. ft.
 - 4. General Features:
 - a. Interior light in refrigeration compartment.
 - b. Automatic defrost.
 - c. Meets 32" height ADA requirement.
 - d. Professional stainless steel handle option.
 - e. Factory installed leveling legs.
 - f. Touch pad digital controls on upper edge of door.

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- 5. Energy Performance, ENERGY STAR: Provide appliances that qualify for the EPA/DOE ENERGY STAR product labeling program.
- 6. Front Panel: Stainless steel.
- 7. Refer to drawings for right or left handing.

2.4 ICEMAKERS

- A. Icemaker (Reference Drawings 3/A-430, 4/A-430, Rm. #'s 244, 225):
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: UL-Line ADA151M.
 - 2. Type: Built-in, under-counter as indicated on drawings.
 - 3. Ice Capacity:
 - a. Production: 25 lb (13.6 kg) per day.
 - b. Storage: 25 lb (11.3 kg).
 - 4. Features:
 - a. Manual Defrost.
 - b. Automatic shut-off.
 - c. Meets 32" ADA height requirements.
 - d. Drain-less no drain required.
 - e. Stainless steel professional handle option.
 - f. Factory installed leveling legs.
 - g. Touch pad digital controls on upper edge of door.
 - 5. Front Panel: Stainless steel.
 - 6. Refer to drawings for right or left handing.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Built-in Equipment: Securely anchor units to supporting cabinets or countertops with concealed fasteners. Verify that clearances are adequate for proper functioning and that rough openings are completely concealed.
- B. Freestanding Equipment: Place units in final locations after finishes have been completed in each area. Verify that clearances are adequate to properly operate equipment.
- C. Utilities: Comply with plumbing and electrical requirements.

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Perform tests and inspections.

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1. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections, and to assist in testing.

B. Tests and Inspections:

- 1. Perform visual, mechanical, and electrical inspection and testing for each appliance according to manufacturers' written recommendations. Certify compliance with each manufacturer's appliance-performance parameters.
- 2. Leak Test: After installation, test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
- 3. Operational Test: After installation, start units to confirm proper operation.
- 4. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and components.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

END OF SECTION 11451

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SECTION 12484 - FLOOR MATS AND FRAMES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Resilient entrance mats.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings:
 - 1. Items penetrating floor mats and frames, including door control devices.
 - 2. Divisions between mat sections.
 - 3. Perimeter floor moldings.
 - 4. Custom Graphics: Scale drawing indicating colors.
- C. Samples: For each floor mat and frame member.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ENTRANCE FLOOR MATS AND FRAMES, GENERAL

A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with applicable provisions in the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities and ICC A117.1.

2.2 RESILIENT ENTRANCE MATS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. American Floor Products Company, Inc.
 - 2. American Mat & Rubber Company.
 - 3. Balco, Inc.

- 4. <u>C/S Group.</u>
- 5. Musson Rubber Company.
- 6. Pawling Corporation; Architectural Products Division.
- 7. <u>U.S. Mat & Rubber Corporation.</u>
- B. Carpet-Type Mats: Nylon, Polypropylene, Olefin or Polyester carpet bonded to 1/8- to 1/4-inch- (3.2- to 6.4-mm-) thick, flexible vinyl backing to form mats 3/8 or 7/16 inch (9.5 or 11 mm) thick with non-raveling edges.
 - 1. Colors, Textures, and Patterns: As selected by Architect from full range of industry colors
 - 2. Mat Size: As indicated.
- C. Graphics: Custom inlaid or woven-in graphic custom graphics with Jackson County logo or emblem as approved by Architect. Artwork to be included.
- D. Provide Two (2) mats for each location indicated on the drawings.

2.3 FABRICATION

A. Floor Mats: Shop fabricate units to greatest extent possible in sizes indicated. Unless otherwise indicated, provide single unit for each mat installation; do not exceed manufacturer's recommended maximum sizes for units that are removed for maintenance and cleaning. Where joints in mats are necessary, space symmetrically and away from normal traffic lanes. Miter corner joints in framing elements with hairline joints or provide prefabricated corner units without joints.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Install surface-type units to comply with manufacturer's written instructions at locations indicated; coordinate with entrance locations and traffic patterns.

3.2 PROTECTION

A. Maintain protection until construction traffic has ended and Project is near Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 12484

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SECTION 12491 - HORIZONTAL LOUVER BLINDS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Horizontal louver blinds with aluminum slats.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details for horizontal louver blinds.
- C. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product certificates.
- B. Product test reports.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under Sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for fabrication and installation.
 - 1. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
 - 2. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

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PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 HORIZONTAL LOUVER BLINDS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
 - 1. Levolor Contract; a Newell Rubbermaid company, Riveria 1-inch Classic.
- B. Aluminum Slats:
 - 1. Width: 1 inch (25 mm).
 - 2. Thickness: Not less than 0.008 inch (0.20 mm).
 - 3. Spacing: Manufacturer's standard.
- C. Slat Features:
 - 1. Lift-Cord Rout Holes: None (hidden rout holes).
- D. Headrail:
 - 1. Manual Lift Mechanism:
 - a. Lift-Cord Lock: Variable; stops lift cord at user-selected position within blind full operating range.
 - b. Operator: Extension of lift cord(s) through lift-cord lock mechanism to form cord pull.
 - 2. Manual Tilt Mechanism: Enclosed worm-gear mechanism and linkage rod that adjusts ladders.
 - a. Tilt: Full.
 - b. Operator: Clear-plastic wand.
 - 3. Manual Lift-Operator and Tilt-Operator Lengths: Full length of blind when blind is fully closed.
 - 4. Manual Lift-Operator and Tilt-Operator Locations: Manufacturer's standard, unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Bottom Rail: Matching slats.
 - 1. Type: Manufacturer's standard.
- F. Ladders: Braided cord.
- G. Valance: Manufacturer's standard.
- H. Mounting Brackets: With spacers and shims required for blind placement and alignment indicated.
 - 1. Type: As indicated on the drawings.

- 2. Intermediate Support: Provide intermediate support brackets to produce support spacing recommended by blind manufacturer for weight and size of blind.
- Hold-Down Brackets and Hooks or Pins: Manufacturer's standard. I.
- J. Colors, Textures, Patterns, and Gloss:
 - 1. Slats: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range of Classic, Metallic, Pearlessence, Opulessence, Native Stone and other Classic colors.
 - Components: Provide rails, cords, ladders, and materials exposed to view matching or 2. coordinating with slat color unless otherwise indicated.

HORIZONTAL LOUVER BLIND FABRICATION 2.2

- Product Safety Standard: Fabricate horizontal louver blinds to comply with WCMA A100.1 A. including requirements for corded, flexible, looped devices; lead content of components; and warning labels.
- B. Unit Sizes: Fabricate units in sizes to fill window and other openings as follows, measured at 74 deg F (23 deg C):
 - 1. Between (Inside) Jamb Installation: Width equal to jamb-to-jamb dimension of opening in which blind is installed less 1/4 inch (6 mm) per side or 1/2 inch (13 mm) total, plus or minus 1/8 inch (3.1 mm). Length equal to head-to-sill dimension of opening in which blind is installed less 1/4 inch (6 mm), plus or minus 1/8 inch (3.1 mm).
 - 2. Outside of Jamb Installation: Width and length as indicated, with terminations between blinds of end-to-end installations at centerlines of mullion or other defined vertical separations between openings.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 **INSTALLATION**

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, operational clearances, and other conditions affecting performance.
 - Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected. 1.
- В. Install horizontal louver blinds level and plumb, aligned and centered on openings, and aligned with adjacent units according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - Locate so exterior slat edges are not closer than 1 inch (25 mm) from interior faces of 1. glass and not closer than 1/2 inch (13 mm) from interior faces of glazing frames through full operating ranges of blinds.
 - Install mounting and intermediate brackets to prevent deflection of headrails. 2.

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- 3. Install with clearances that prevent interference with adjacent blinds, adjacent construction, and operating hardware of glazed openings, other window treatments, and similar building components and furnishings.
- C. Adjust horizontal louver blinds to operate free of binding or malfunction through full operating ranges.
- D. Clean horizontal louver blind surfaces after installation according to manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 12491

SECTION 12494 - ROLLER SHADES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes manually operated roller shades.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - 1. Include styles, material descriptions, construction details, dimensions of individual components and profiles, features, finishes, and operating instructions for roller shades.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details for roller shades, including shadeband materials, their orientation to rollers, and their seam and batten locations.
- C. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.
- D. Roller-Shade Schedule: Use same designations indicated on Drawings.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product certificates.
- B. Product test reports.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Fabricator of products.
- B. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under Sample submittals, to demonstrate aesthetic effects, and to set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - 1. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
 - 2. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

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PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product by one of the following:
 - 1. MechoShade Systems, Inc.

2.2 ROLLER SHADES

- A. Chain-and-Clutch Operating Mechanisms: With continuous-loop bead chain and clutch that stops shade movement when bead chain is released; permanently adjusted and lubricated.
 - 1. Bead Chains: Stainless steel.
 - a. Loop Length: Full length of roller shade.
 - b. Limit Stops: Provide upper and lower ball stops.
 - c. Chain-Retainer Type: Chain tensioner, jamb mounted.
 - 2. Spring Lift-Assist Mechanisms: Manufacturer's standard for balancing roller-shade weight and lifting heavy roller shades.
 - a. Provide for shadebands that weigh more than 10 lb (4.5 kg) or for shades as recommended by manufacturer, whichever criteria are more stringent.
- B. Rollers: Corrosion-resistant steel or extruded-aluminum tubes of diameters and wall thicknesses required to accommodate operating mechanisms and weights and widths of shadebands indicated without deflection. Provide with permanently lubricated drive-end assemblies and idle-end assemblies designed to facilitate removal of shadebands for service.
 - 1. Roller Mounting Configuration: Single roller typical, Double roller, offset with outside roller over and inside roller under where indicated.
 - 2. Roller Drive-End Location: Right side of inside face of shade or as indicated on Drawings.
 - 3. Direction of Shadeband Roll: Regular, from back of roller.
 - 4. Shadeband-to-Roller Attachment: Removable spline fitting integral channel in tube.
- C. Mounting Hardware: Brackets or endcaps, corrosion resistant and compatible with roller assembly, operating mechanism, installation accessories, and mounting location and conditions indicated.
- D. Roller-Coupling Assemblies: Coordinated with operating mechanism and designed to join up to three inline rollers into a multiband shade that is operated by one roller drive-end assembly.

E. Shadebands:

- 1. Shadeband Material: Light-filtering fabric, or, where indicated, Light-filtering fabric on inside roller, light-blocking fabric on outside roller.
- 2. Shadeband Bottom (Hem) Bar: Steel or extruded aluminum.

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- a. Type: Enclosed in sealed pocket of shadeband material.
- b. Color and Finish: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

F. Installation Accessories:

- 1. Front Fascia: Aluminum extrusion that conceals front and underside of roller and operating mechanism and attaches to roller endcaps without exposed fasteners.
 - a. Shape: L-shaped.
 - b. Height: Manufacturer's standard height required to conceal roller and shadeband when shade is fully open.
- 2. Endcap Covers: To cover exposed endcaps.
- 3. Side Channels: Where indicated, with light seals and designed to eliminate light gaps at sides of shades as shades are drawn down. Provide side channels with shadeband guides or other means of aligning shadebands with channels at tops.
- 4. Bottom (Sill) Channel or Angle: Where indicated, with light seals and designed to eliminate light gaps at bottoms of shades when shades are closed.
- 5. Installation Accessories Color and Finish: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

2.3 SHADEBAND MATERIALS

- A. Shadeband Material Flame-Resistance Rating: Comply with NFPA 701. Testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
- B. Light-Filtering Fabric: Woven fabric, stain and fade resistant.
 - 1. Source: Roller-shade manufacturer.
 - 2. Type: Mechoshade 6000 Series, Woven polyester and PVC-coated polyester.
 - 3. Weave: EuroTwill Reversable Weave.
 - 4. Thickness: .025".
 - 5. Weight: 14.4 oz/sq. yd.
 - 6. Roll Width: 48 inches (1229 mm).
 - 7. Orientation on Shadeband: Up the bolt.
 - 8. Openness Factor: 3 percent.
 - 9. Color: #6016 Slate (dark side out).
- C. Light-Blocking Fabric: Opaque fabric, stain and fade resistant.
 - 1. Source: Roller-shade manufacturer.
 - 2. Type: Mechoshade Classic Blackout 0700 Series. Fiberglass textile with PVC film bonded to both sides.
 - 3. Thickness: .015".
 - 4. Weight: 14 oz./sq. yd.
 - 5. Roll Width: 48 inches (1229 mm).
 - 6. Orientation on Shadeband: Up the bolt.
 - 7. Features: Washable.
 - 8. Color: #0711 Dark Grey.

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2.4 ROLLER-SHADE FABRICATION

- A. Product Safety Standard: Fabricate roller shades to comply with WCMA A 100.1, including requirements for flexible, chain-loop devices; lead content of components; and warning labels.
- B. Unit Sizes: Fabricate units in sizes to fill window and other openings as follows, measured at 74 deg F (23 deg C):
 - 1. Between (Inside) Jamb Installation: Width equal to jamb-to-jamb dimension of opening in which shade is installed less 1/4 inch (6 mm) per side or 1/2-inch (13-mm) total, plus or minus 1/8 inch (3.1 mm). Length equal to head-to-sill or -floor dimension of opening in which shade is installed less 1/4 inch (6 mm), plus or minus 1/8 inch (3.1 mm).
 - 2. Outside of Jamb Installation: Width and length as indicated.
- C. Shadeband Fabrication: Fabricate shadebands without battens or seams to extent possible except as follows:
 - 1. Vertical Shades: Where width-to-length ratio of shadeband is equal to or greater than 1:4, provide battens and seams at uniform spacings along shadeband length to ensure shadeband tracking and alignment through its full range of movement without distortion of the material.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 ROLLER-SHADE INSTALLATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, operational clearances, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
- C. Install roller shades level, plumb, and aligned with adjacent units, according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Opaque Shadebands: Located so shadeband is not closer than 2 inches (50 mm) to interior face of glass. Allow clearances for window operation hardware.
- D. Adjust and balance roller shades to operate smoothly, easily, safely, and free from binding or malfunction throughout entire operational range.
- E. Clean roller-shade surfaces after installation, according to manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 12494

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SECTION 14210 - ELECTRIC TRACTION ELEVATORS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Traction elevators as follows:
 - 1. One gearless machine room less (MRL) passenger elevator, Car 01
- B. Products Installed But Not Furnished Under This Section:
 - 1. In car CCTV camera provisions
 - 2. Elevator related security devices, control unit, mounting brackets, wiring materials, logic circuits, security system interface terminals, boxes and relays
 - 3. Car flooring
 - 4. Monitoring system interface

C. Related Requirements:

- 1. Division 01 Section "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for temporary use of elevators for construction purposes.
- 2. Division 03 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for setting sleeves, inserts, and anchoring devices in concrete.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Terms used are defined in the latest edition of the Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators, ASME A17.1.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with ASME A17.1/CSA B44.
- B. Accessibility Requirements: Comply with 2010 ADA standards for Accessible Design and with ICC A117.1.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include capacities, sizes, performances, operations, safety features, finishes, and similar information. Include product data for car enclosures, hoistway entrances, and operation, control, and signal systems. Include product data for signal fixtures, lights, graphics, Braille plates, and details of mounting provisions.
- B. Shop Drawings:

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- 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and large-scale details indicating openings at each landing, equipment space layout, coordination with building structure, relationships with other construction, and locations of equipment.
- 2. Include large-scale layout of car operating panel.
- 3. Indicate maximum dynamic and static loads imposed on building structure at points of support and maximum and average power demands.
- 4. Power Confirmation Information: Include motor horsepower, code letter, starting current, full-load running current, and demand factor. Provide maximum and average power consumption.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For finishes involving surface treatment, paint or color selection.
- D. Samples for Verification: For exposed car, hoistway door and frame, and signal equipment finishes:
 - 1. Samples of sheet materials: 3" (75 mm) square
 - 2. Running trim members: 4" (100 mm) lengths
- E. Operation and Maintenance Data:
 - 1. For elevators to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.
 - 2. In addition to items specified in Division 01 Section "Operation and Maintenance Data," include diagnostic and repair information available to manufacturer's and Installer's maintenance personnel.
- F. Inspection and Acceptance Certificates and Operating Permits: As required by authorities having jurisdiction for normal, unrestricted elevator use.
- G. Continuing Maintenance Proposal: Submit a continuing maintenance proposal from Installer to Owner, in the form of a standard five-year maintenance agreement, starting on date initial maintenance service is concluded. State services, obligations, conditions, and terms for agreement period and for future renewal options.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Compliance with Regulatory Agencies: Comply with most stringent applicable provisions of following codes, laws, and/or authorities, including revisions and changes in effect:
 - 1. Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators, ASME A17.1
 - 2. Guide for Inspection of Elevators, Escalators, and Moving Walks, ASME A17.2
 - 3. Elevator and Escalator Electrical Equipment, ASME A17.5
 - 4. National Electrical Code, NFPA 70
 - 5. Americans with Disabilities Act, ADA
 - 6. Local Fire Authority
 - 7. Requirements of most stringent provision of local authority having jurisdiction
 - 8. Life Safety Code, NFPA101

1.6 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- Deliver material in Contractor's original unopened protective packaging. A.
- B. Store material in original protective packaging. Prevent soiling, physical damage, or moisture damage.
- C. Protect equipment and exposed finishes from damage and stains during transportation and construction.

1.7 WARRANTY

- Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair, restore, or replace elevator work that A. fails in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
- B. Failures include, but are not limited to: operation or control system failure, including excessive malfunctions; performances below specified ratings; excessive wear; unusual deterioration or aging of materials or finishes; unsafe conditions; need for excessive maintenance; abnormal noise or vibration; and similar unusual, unexpected, and unsatisfactory conditions.
- C. Warranty Period: One year from date of Substantial Completion.

1.8 **MAINTENANCE**

- Initial Maintenance Service: Beginning at Substantial Completion, maintenance service shall A. include 12 months full maintenance by skilled employees of elevator Installer. Include monthly preventive maintenance, repair or replacement of worn or defective components, lubrication, cleaning, and adjusting as required for proper elevator operation at rated speed and capacity. Parts and supplies shall be manufacturer's authorized replacement parts and supplies.
 - 1. Perform maintenance during normal working hours.
 - 2 Perform emergency callback service during normal working hours with response time of 60 minutes or less

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 **MANUFACTURERS**

- Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the A. following:
 - KONE Inc. 1.
 - Otis Elevator Company 2
 - 3. Schindler Elevator Corporation
 - ThyssenKrupp Elevator 4.
- Source Limitations: Obtain elevators from single manufacturer. В.

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2.2 ELEVATORS

- A. Elevator System, General: Manufacturer's standard elevator systems. Unless otherwise indicated, manufacturer's standard components shall be used, as included in standard elevator systems and as required for complete system.
- B. Gearless Machine Room Less (MRL) Passenger Elevator Description:
 - 1. Elevator Identification: Car 01
 - 2. Capacity: 3500 lbs.
 - 3. Class of Loading: Class A
 - 4. Contract Speed: 150 fpm
 - 5. Roping: 2:1
 - 6. Machine: Gearless
 - 7. Machine Location: Overhead machine room less
 - 8. Operational Control: Collective microprocessor-based
 - 9. Stops: 3 Front
 - 10. Openings: 3 Front
 - 11. Minimum Clear Inside Car: 6'-8" Wide x 5'-5" Deep
 - 12. Entrance Size: 3'-6" Wide X 7'-0" High
 - 13. Entrance Type: Single-speed, side-opening
 - 14. Door Operation: Medium speed, heavy-duty door operator. Minimum opening speed: 2.0 fps
 - 15. Door Protection: Infrared, full screen device with differential timing, nudging, and interrupted beam time
 - 16. Safety: Flexible guide clamp-type B, car
 - 17. Guide Rails: Planed steel tees
 - 18. Buffers: Spring
 - 19. Car Enclosure:
 - a. As detailed on architectural drawings, swing return.
 - b. Maximize clear height under canopy within given overhead clearance.
 - c. Pad buttons or hooks and vinyl-covered pads.
 - 20. Signal Fixtures: LED illumination. Contractor's standard design.
 - a. Hall and Car Pushbutton Stations:
 - 1) Single hall pushbutton riser.
 - 2) Single car operating panel
 - 3) Vandal resistant car and hall pushbuttons
 - b. Car Position Indicators:
 - 1) Digital in car station with car direction arrows
 - c. Hall Lanterns: At all floors with volume adjustable electronic chime or tone.
 - d. Hall Car Position Indicator: Digital type with car direction arrows at all floors.
 - 21. Communication System:

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a. Self-dialing, vandal-resistant, push-to-call, two-way communication system with recall, tracking, and voiceless communication.

22. Additional Features:

- a. Hoistway access switches, top and bottom floors.
- b. Hoistway door unlocking device, all floors.
- c. Car-to-Lobby feature.
- d. Security provisions
- e. CCTV provisions
- f. Digital video display provisions.
- g. Monitoring system provisions
- h. System diagnostic means and instructions

2.3 MATERIALS

A. Steel:

- 1. Sheet Steel (Furniture Steel for Exposed Work): Stretcher-leveled, cold-rolled, commercial quality carbon steel, complying with ASTM A366, matte finish.
- 2. Sheet Steel (for Unexposed Work): Hot-rolled, commercial quality carbon steel, pickled and oiled, complying with ASTM A568/A568M-03.
- 3. Structural Steel Shapes and Plates: ASTM A36.
- B. Stainless Steel: Type 304 complying with ASTM A240, with standard tempers and hardness required for fabrication, strength, and durability. Apply mechanical finish on fabricated work in the locations shown or specified, Federal Standard and NAAMM nomenclature, with texture and reflectivity required to match Architect's sample. Protect with adhesive paper covering.
 - 1. No. 4 Satin: Directional polish finish. Graining directions as shown or, if not shown, in longest dimension.
- C. Aluminum: Extrusions per ASTM B221; sheet and plate per ASTM B209.
- D. Plastic Laminate: ASTM E84 Class A and NEMA LD3.1, Fire-Rated Grade (GP-50), Type 7, 0.050" ±.005" thick, color and texture as follows:
 - 1. Exposed Surfaces: Color and texture selected by Architect.
 - 2. Concealed Surfaces: Contractor's standard color and finish.
- E. Fire-Retardant Treated Particle Board Panels: Minimum 3/4" thick backup for natural finished wood and plastic laminate veneered panels, edged and faced as shown, provided with suitable anti-warp backing; meet ASTM E84 Class "I" rating with a flame-spread rating of 25 or less, registered with Local Authorities for elevator finish materials.
- F. Paint: Clean exposed metal parts and assemblies of oil, grease, scale, and other foreign matter and factory paint one shop coat of standard rust-resistant primer. Galvanized metal need not be painted. After installation provide one finish coat of industrial enamel paint.

- G. Prime Finish: Clean all metal surfaces receiving a baked enamel paint finish of oil, grease, and scale. Apply one coat of rust-resistant primer followed by a filler coat over uneven surfaces. Sand smooth and apply final coat of primer.
- H. Baked Enamel Finish: Prime finish per above. Unless specified "prime finish" only, apply and bake three additional coats of enamel in the selected solid color.
- I. Porcelain tile: Refer to Architectural drawings.

2.4 CAR PERFORMANCE

- A. Car Speed: \pm 3% of contract speed under any loading condition.
- B. Car Capacity: Safely lower, stop and hold 125% of rated load.
- C. Car Stopping Zone: $\pm 1/4$ " under any loading condition.
- D. Door Times: Seconds from start to fully open or fully closed:
 - 1. Car 01: Door open: 2.5 seconds. Door close: 4.0 seconds.
- E. Car Floor-to-Floor Performance Time: Seconds from start of doors closing until doors are 3/4 open (1/2 open for side opening doors) and car level and stopped at next successive floor under any loading condition or travel direction (17'-0" typical floor height):
 - 1. Car 01: 13.5 seconds.

F. Car Ride Quality:

- 1. Acceleration and Deceleration: Smooth constant and not less than 2.5 feet/second² with an initial ramp between 0.5 and 0.75 second.
- 2. Sustained Jerk: Not more than 6 feet/second³.
- 3. Horizontal and vertical acceleration within car during all riding and door operating conditions. Not more than 15 mg peak to peak (adjacent peaks) in the 1-10 Hz range. Measurement Standards: Measure and evaluate ride quality consistent with ISO 18738, using low pass cutoff frequency of 10 Hz and A95 peak-to-peak average calculations.

G. Noise and Vibration Control:

- 1. Airborne Noise: Measured noise level of elevator equipment and its operation shall not exceed 60 dBA inside car under any condition including door operation and car ventilation exhaust blower on its highest speed. Limit noise level in the equipment space relating to elevator equipment and its operation to no more than 80 dBA. All dBA readings to be taken 3'-0" off the floor and 3'-0" from the equipment using the "A" weighted scale.
- 2. Vibration Control: All elevator equipment shall be mechanically isolated from the building structure and other components to minimize the possibility of objectionable noise and vibrations being transmitted to occupied areas of the building.

2.5 OPERATION

A. Collective Microprocessor-Based:

- 1. Operate car without attendant from pushbuttons in car and at each floor. When car is available, automatically start car, and dispatch it to floor corresponding to registered car or hall call. Once car starts, respond to registered calls in direction of travel and in the order the floors are reached.
- 2. Reverse car direction only when all car calls have been answered, or all hall and car calls ahead of car and corresponding to the direction of car travel have been answered.
- 3. Slow car and stop automatically at floors corresponding to registered calls, in the order in which they are approached in direction of travel. As slowdown is initiated for a hall call, automatically cancel hall call. Cancel car calls in the same manner. Hold car at arrival floor an adjustable time interval to allow passenger transfer.
- 4. Answer calls corresponding to direction in which car is traveling unless call in the opposite direction is highest (or lowest) call registered.
- 5. Illuminate appropriate pushbutton to indicate call registration. Extinguish light when call is answered.

B. Other Items:

- 1. Load Weighing: Provide means for weighing car passenger load. Control system to provide dispatching at main floor in advance of normal intervals when car fills to capacity. Provide hall call by-pass when the car is filled to preset percentage of rated capacity and traveling in down direction. Field adjustment range: 10% to 100%.
- 2. Anti-Nuisance Feature: If car loading relative to weight in car is not commensurate with number of registered car calls, or activation of door protection device is not commensurate with number of registered car calls, cancel car calls.
- 3. Independent Service: Provide controls for operation of each car from its pushbuttons only. Close doors by constant pressure on desired destination floor button or door close button. Open doors automatically upon arrival at selected floor.
- C. Car-to-Lobby Feature: Provide the means in the main hall pushbutton station for automatic return to the first floor. Return car nonstop after answering pre-registered car calls, and park with doors open for an adjustable time period of 60-90 seconds. Upon expiration of time period, car shall automatically revert to normal operation and close doors until assigned as next car or until the car is placed on independent service.
- D. Firefighters' Service: Provide equipment and operation in accordance with code requirements.
- E. Automatic Car Stopping Zone: Stop car no more than 1/4" above or below the landing sill. Maintain stopping accuracy regardless of load in car, direction of travel, distance between landings, hoist rope slippage or stretch.
- F. Motion Control: Microprocessor-based AC variable-voltage, variable frequency with digitally encoded closed-loop velocity feedback suitable for operation specified and capable of providing smooth, comfortable car acceleration, retardation, and dynamic braking. Limit the difference in car speed between full load and no load to not more than ±3% of the contract speed.

- G. Selective Leveling: Provide means to limit elevator car speed when traveling between adjacent floors.
- H. Door Operation: Automatically open doors when car arrives at main floor. At expiration of normal dwell time, close doors. Reopen doors when car is designated for loading.
- I. Standby Lighting and Alarm: Car mounted battery unit with solid-state charger to operate alarm bell and car emergency lighting. Battery to be rechargeable with minimum five-year life expectancy. Provide constant pressure test button in service compartment of car operating panel. Provide lighting integral with portion of normal car lighting system.
- J. Card/Proximity Reader Security System: Provide provisions inside car for reader unit. Mount reader unit as directed by Architect and make cross connects to card reader terminal interface and relays in equipment space. Provide Plexiglas panel to match card slot size or proximity reader size where card slot or proximity reader cutout is not initially utilized. Elevator control systems shall provide output signal of selected floor to facilitate system tracking of floor access.

2.6 EQUIPMENT SPACE EQUIPMENT

- A. Arrange equipment in spaces shown on drawings.
- B. Gearless Traction Hoist Machine:
 - 1. AC induction or P.M.S.M. ACV³F gearless traction type motor with brakes, drive sheave, and deflector sheave mounted in proper alignment on a common, isolated bedplate.
 - 2. Provide bedplate blocking to elevate secondary or deflector sheave above equipment space floor.
 - 3. Provide hoist machine mounted direct drive, digital, closed-loop velocity encoder.
 - 4. Provide ladders and platforms with handrails and toeboards for overhead sheave and governor access within the bounds of the equipment space.
- C. Solid State Power Conversion and Regulation Unit: Provide solid-state, alternating current, variable voltage, variable frequency (ACV³F), IGBT converter/inverter Power Factor1 drive.
 - 1. Design unit to limit current, suppress noise, and prevent transient voltage feedback into building power supply. Provide internal heat sink cooling fans for the power drive portion of the converter panels. Conform to IEEE standards 519-1992 for line harmonics and switching noise.
 - 2. Mechanically isolate unit to minimize noise and vibration transmission.
 - 3. Provide isolation transformers, filter networks, and choke inductors.
 - 4. Suppress solid-state converter noises, radio frequency interference, and eliminate regenerative transients induced into the mainline feeders or the building standby power generator.
 - 5. Supplemental direct-current power for the operation of hoist machine brake, door operator, dispatch processor, signal fixtures, etc., from separate static power supply.
 - 6. ACV³F Drives shall be regenerative and utilize IGBT converter/inverter and dynamic braking during overhauling condition.

- D. Encoder: Direct drive, solid-state, digital type. Update car position at each floor and automatically restore after power loss.
- E. Controller: UL/CSA labeled.
 - 1. Compartment: Securely mount all assemblies, power supplies, chassis switches, relays, etc., on a substantial, self-supporting steel frame. Completely enclose equipment with covers. Provide means to prevent overheating.
 - 2. Relay Design: Magnet operated with contacts of design and material to insure maximum conductivity, long life, and reliable operation without overheating or excessive wear. Provide wiping action and means to prevent sticking due to fusion. Contacts carrying high inductive currents shall be provided with arc deflectors or suppressors.
 - 3. Microprocessor Hardware:
 - a. Provide built-in noise suppression devices that provide a high level of noise immunity on all solid-state hardware and devices.
 - b. Provide power supplies with noise suppression devices.
 - c. Isolate inputs from external devices (such as pushbuttons) with opto-isolation modules.
 - d. Design control circuits with one leg of power supply grounded.
 - e. Safety circuits shall not be affected by accidental grounding of any part of the system.
 - f. System shall automatically restart when power is restored.
 - g. System memory shall be retained in the event of power failure or disturbance.
 - h. Equipment shall be provided with Electro Magnetic Interference (EMI) shielding within FCC guidelines.
 - 4. Wiring: CSA labeled copper for factory wiring. Neatly route all wiring interconnections and securely attach wiring connections to study or terminals.
 - 5. Permanently mark components (relays, fuses, PC boards, etc.) with symbols shown on wiring diagrams.
- F. Auxiliary Disconnect: Provide controller or machine mounted auxiliary, lockable "open" disconnect.
- G. Sleeves and Guards: Provide 4" steel angle guards around cable or duct slots through floor slabs or grating. Provide rope and smoke guards for sheaves, cables, and cable slots in equipment space and secondary machinery levels. Configure guards to minimize free area around cables.
- H. Machine and Equipment Support Beams:
 - 1. Provide structural steel beams required for direct support of and attachment to building structure of hoist machine, deflector sheaves, overhead sheaves, governor, and hoist rope dead-end hitch assemblies.
 - 2. Provide bearing plates, anchors, shelf angles, blocking, embedment, etc., for support and fastening of machine beams or equipment to the building structure.
 - 3. Isolate machine and overhead sheave beams to prevent noise and vibration transmission to building structure.

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- I. Governor: Centrifugal-type, car driven hoistway mounted with pull-through jaws and bidirectional shutdown switches. Provide required bracketing and supports for attachment to building structure. Provide remote reset capability.
- J. Emergency Brake: Provide means to prevent ascending car over-speed and unintended car movement.

2.7 HOISTWAY EQUIPMENT

- A. Guide Rails: Planed steel T-sections for car and counterweight of suitable size and weight for the application, including brackets for attachment to building structure. Provide rail backing and intermediate counterweight tie brackets. No additional structural points of attachment other than those shown on the Contract Documents will be provided.
- B. Buffers: Spring type with blocking and support channels.
- C. Equipment Access: Provide safety access ladder(s) and platform(s).
- D. Sheaves: Machined grooves and sealed bearings. Provide mounting to machine beams, machine bedplate, car and counterweight structural members, or building structure.
- E. Counterweight: Steel frame with metal filler weights.
- F. Counterweight Guide Shoes: Spring dampened roller guide shoes.
- G. Counterweight Guard: Metal guard in pit.
- H. Governor Rope and Encoder Tape Tensioning Sheaves: Mount sheaves and support frame on pit floor or guide rail. Provide frame with guides or pivot point to enable free vertical movement and proper tension of rope and tape.
- I. Suspension Means:
 - 1. 8 x 19 or 8 x 25 Seale construction, traction steel type. Fasten with staggered length, adjustable, spring isolated wedge type shackles.
 - 2. Polyurethane coated, flat belt with imbedded steel cables.
- J. Terminal Stopping: Provide normal and final devices.
- K. Electrical Wiring and Wiring Connections:
 - 1. Conductors and Connections: Copper throughout with individual wires coded and connections on identified studs or terminal blocks. Use no splices or similar connections in wiring except at terminal blocks, control compartments, or junction boxes. Provide 10% spare conductors throughout. Run spare wires from car connection points to individual elevator controllers in the equipment space.
 - 2. Conduit: Galvanized steel conduit, EMT, or duct. Flexible conduit length not to exceed 3'-0". Flexible heavy-duty service cord may be used between fixed car wiring and car door switches for door protective devices.

- 3. Traveling Cables: Flame and moisture-resistant outer cover. Prevent traveling cable from rubbing or chafing against hoistway or equipment within hoistway.
 - Provide five pair of shielded wires of minimum 18 gauge for card reader. a.
 - b. Provide one RG-6/U coaxial CCTV cable and two pair of shielded 18 gauge wire within traveling cable from car controller to car top junction box, plus 3'-0" excess loop at both ends.
 - Provide two pair of 18 gauge wire for CCTV power. c.
 - Provide four pair of spare shielded communication wires in addition to those d. required to connect specified items.
 - Tag spares in equipment space. Provide cables from controller to car top. e.
- 4. Auxiliary Wiring: Provide conduit, wiring and connections for fire alarm initiating devices, emergency two-way communication system, paging speaker, CCTV, digital video display, security system and card reader interface terminals and relays, intercom, and announcement speaker and/or background music from equipment space junction box to each car controller in equipment space.

L. Entrance Equipment:

- Door Hangers: Two-point hanger roller with neoprene roller surface and suspension with 1. eccentric upthrust roller adjustment.
- 2. Door Tracks: Bar or formed, cold-drawn removable steel tracks with smooth roller contact surface.
- 3. Door Interlocks: Operable without retiring cam. Paint interlock box flat black.
- 4. Door Closers: Spring, spirator, or jamb/strut mounted counterweight type. Design and adjust to insure smooth, quiet mechanical close of doors.
- M. Floor Numbers: Stencil paint 4" high floor designations in contrasting color on inside face of hoistway doors and hoistway fascia visible from within car.

2.8 HOISTWAY ENTRANCES

- Complete entrances bearing fire labels from a certified testing laboratory approved by authority A. having jurisdiction.
- B. Frames: 14 gauge hollow metal at all floors. Bolted and lapped head to jamb assembly at all floors. Provide Arabic floor designation/Braille plates, centered at 60" above finished floor, on both side jambs of all entrances. Provide plates at main egress landing with "Star" designation. For designated emergency car, provide "Star of Life" cast designation plates at height of 78"-84" above finished floor on both side jambs at all floors. Braille indications shall be below Arabic floor designation. Provide cast floor designation/Braille plates as manufactured by SCS or Entrada with permanent rear fasteners. Provide 14 gauge subframe for special architectural overlay finishes at all floors. Size clear opening of subframes at least 4" wider and 2" higher than clear finish opening.
- C. Door Panels: 16 gauge steel, sandwich construction without binder angles. Provide leading edges of center-opening doors with rubber astragals. Provide a minimum of two gibs per panel,

- one at leading and one at trailing edge with gibs in the sill groove entire length of door travel. Construct door panels with interlocking, stiffening ribs. Satin stainless steel finish.
- D. Sight Guards: 14 gauge, same material and finish as hoistway entrance door panels. Construct without sharp edges.
- Sills: Extruded aluminum. \mathbf{E}
- F. Sill Supports: Structural or formed steel designed to support door sill based upon car loading classification. Mount to eliminate need for grout under the sill. Fascia, Toe Guards and Hanger Covers: 14 gauge furniture steel with Contractor's standard finish.
- G. Struts and Headers: Provide all support of entrances and related material to building structure. Provide door open bumpers on entrances equipped with vertical struts.
- H. Elevator Identification Signage: Provide alpha-numerical car label at designated floor. Provide metal plate, finish to match designated fixture finish.
- I. Hoistway Access:
 - 1. Hoistway Door Unlocking Device: Provide unlocking device with locking escutcheon in door panel at all floors, with finish to match adjacent surface.
 - Hoistway Access Switches: Mount in wall at top and bottom floors. Provide switch with 2. faceplate.

2.9 **CAR EQUIPMENT**

- Frame: Welded or bolted, rolled or formed steel channel construction to meet load classification A. specified.
- B. Safety Device: Type "B," flexible guide clamp.
- C. Platform: Isolated type, constructed of steel, or steel and wood that is fireproofed on underside. Design and construct to accommodate load classification requirements. Provide Class "A" construction for passenger elevators, Class A construction for freight elevator. Provide recess to accommodate a minimum 1" floor thickness. Allow 5 lbs./sf for floor weight.
- Platform Apron: Minimum 14 gauge steel, reinforced and braced to car platform with D. Contractor's standard finish.
- E. Guide Shoes: Roller type with three or more spring dampened, sound-deadening rollers per shoe. Maximum roller rotation speed: 350 r.p.m.
- Finish Floor Covering: Furnished under other sections. F.
 - Passenger Car 01: Accommodate a minimum 1" floor thickness. Allow 5 lbs./sf for floor 1. weight.

- G. Sills: One piece extrusion with extruded extension between car entrance columns to face of car front return. Extruded extension to match finish of sill. Aluminum.
- H. Door Panels: 16 gauge steel, sandwich construction without binder angles. Provide leading edges of center-opening doors with rubber astragals. Provide a minimum of two gibs per panel, one at leading and one at trailing edge with gibs in the sill groove entire length of door travel. Construct door panels with interlocking, stiffening ribs.
- I. Door Hangers: Two-point suspension. Hanger roller with non-metallic surface and eccentric roller adjustment.
- J. Door Track: Bar or formed, cold-drawn removable steel track with smooth roller contact surface.
- K. Door Header: Construct of minimum 12 gauge steel, shape to provide stiffening flanges.
- L. Door Electrical Contact: Prohibit car operation unless car door is closed.
- M. Door Clutch: Heavy-duty clutch, linkage arms, vane assembly and pickup rollers or cams to provide positive, smooth, quiet door operation. Design clutch so car doors can be closed, with hoistway doors open.
- N. Restricted Opening Device: Provide mechanical car-door restrictor to prevent opening of doors when outside unlocking zone.
- O. Door Operator: Medium speed, heavy-duty door operator capable of opening doors at no less than 2.0 f.p.s. Accomplish reversal in no more than 2½" of door movement. Provide solid-state door control with closed loop circuitry to constantly monitor and automatically adjust door operation based upon velocity, position, and motor current. Provide a minimum of four controller-based motion profiles, per floor, per door, to maintain consistent, smooth, and quiet door operation at all floors, regardless of door weight or varying air pressure.
- P. Door Reversing Device:
 - 1. Infrared Reopening Device:
 - a. Black fully enclosed device with full screen infrared matrix or multiple beams extending vertically along leading edge of each door panel to minimum height of 7'-0" above finished floor. Device shall prevent doors from closing and reverse doors at normal opening speed if beams are obstructed while doors are closing, except during nudging operation. In event of device failure, provide for automatic shutdown of car at floor level with doors open.
 - 2. Nudging Operation: After beams of door control device are obstructed for a predetermined time interval (minimum 20.0-25.0 seconds), warning signal shall sound and doors shall attempt to close with a maximum of 2.5 foot pounds kinetic energy. Activation of the door open button shall override nudging operation and reopen doors.
 - 3. Interrupted Beam Time: When beams are interrupted during initial door opening, hold door open a minimum of 3.0 seconds. When beams are interrupted after the initial 3.0

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- second hold open time, reduce time doors remain open to an adjustable time of approximately 1.0-1.5 seconds after beams are reestablished.
- 4. Differential Door Time: Provide separately adjustable timers to vary time that doors remain open after stopping in response to calls.
 - a. Car Call: Hold open time adjustable between 3.0 and 5.0 seconds.
 - b. Hall Call: Hold open time adjustable between 5.0 and 8.0 seconds. Use hall call time when car responds to coincidental calls.

Q. Car Operating Panel:

- 1. Passenger: One car operating panel with faceplate consisting of a metal box containing the vandal resistant operating fixtures, mounted behind the car swing front return panel.
 - a. Provide manually operated stop switch within Firefighters' Phase II compartment Arrange switch to sound group control panel distress signal when actuated.
 - b. Provide "door open" button to stop and reopen doors or hold doors in open position.
 - c. Provide "door close" button to activate door close cycle. Cycle shall not begin until normal door dwell time for a car or hall call has expired, except firefighters' operation.
 - d. Locked panel including Phase II fire access switch and hidden floor buttons, call cancel button, door open, door close, switch, stop switch, light jewel, fire communication jack within locked panel, for fire officer use and use of car on independent service only.
- R. Car Top Control Station: Mount to provide safe access and utilization while standing on car top.
- S. Work Light and Duplex Plug Receptacle: GFCI protected outlet at top and bottom of car. Include on/off switch and lamp guard. Provide additional GFCI protected outlet on car top for installation of car CCTV.

T. Communication System:

- 1. Two-way communication instrument in car with automatic dialing, tracking, and recall features, with shielded wiring to car controller in equipment space. Provide dialer with automatic rollover capability with minimum two numbers.
 - a. Actuate two-way communication via "Help" button.
 - b. Button or adjacent light jewel shall illuminate and flash when call is acknowledged.
 - c. Button shall match car operating panel pushbutton design.
 - d. Provide "Help" button tactile symbol, engraved signage, and Braille adjacent to button mounted integral with car front return panel.
- 2. Provide two-way communication between car and equipment space if required.

2.10 CAR ENCLOSURE

- A. Passenger Elevator: Provide complete as specified herein and detailed on architectural drawings.
 - 1. Shell: Reinforced 14 gauge furniture steel formed panels with baked enamel interior finish as selected. Apply sound-deadening mastic to exterior. Provide concealed ventilation cutouts.
 - 2. Canopy: Reinforced 12 gauge furniture steel formed panels with lockable, contacted, hinged emergency exit. Interior finish white color reflective baked enamel.
 - 3. Front Return Panels and Integral Entrance Columns: Reinforced 14 gauge furniture steel clad with minimum 16 gauge satin finish stainless steel. Swing entire unit on substantial pivot points (minimum three) for service access to car operating panel(s). Locate pivot points to provide full swing of front return panel without interference with side wall finish or handrail. Secure in closed position with concealed three-point latch. Provide firefighters' and service compartments with recessed flush cover and cutouts for operating switches, etc.
 - 4. Transom: Reinforced 14 gauge furniture steel clad with minimum 16 gauge satin finish stainless steel full width of enclosure.
 - 5. Car Door Panels: Reinforced minimum 16 gauge furniture steel clad with minimum 18 gauge satin finish stainless steel. Same construction as hoistway door panels.
 - 6. Base: Porcelain tile as detailed on Architectural drawings.
 - 7. Interior Wall Finish: Removable panels, faced and edged, with color core plastic laminate, color and finish as selected. Black baked enamel reveals. Refer to Architectural drawings for design details.
 - 8. Ventilation: Morrison Products, Inc. three-speed model SOE No. 06-01055 exhaust blower mounted to car canopy on isolated rubber grommets. Exhaust blower shall meet noise and vibration criteria. Provide concealed ventilation cutouts.
 - 9. Lighting: Provide LED fixtures with wiring and hookup. Coordinate with emergency lighting requirements
 - 10. Suspended Ceiling: 8"x8" square painted enamel tiles with recessed, painted black reveal around perimeter and nine (9) pinhole downlight fixtures. Refer to Architectural drawings for design details.
 - 11. Handrails: Minimum 1 ¼" diameter stainless steel tubular grab bar with backing plates and captive nuts across rear and side walls. Bolt rails through car walls from back and mount on 1½" deep solid round stainless steel standoff spacers no more than 18" O.C. Return handrail/guardrail ends to car walls.
 - 12. Pads and Buttons or Hooks: Three-piece removable pads. Two pads covering side walls and adjacent front returns and one covering rear wall. Provide cutouts to access main car operating panel.

2.11 HALL CONTROL STATIONS

A. Pushbuttons: Provide one riser with flush mounted faceplates. Include pushbuttons for each direction of travel that illuminate to indicate call registration. Include approved engraved message and pictorial representation prohibiting use of elevator during fire or other emergency as part of faceplate. Pushbutton design shall match car operating panel pushbuttons. Provide vandal resistant pushbutton and light assemblies. Provide LED illumination.

B. Phase I Fire Service fixture, including keyswitch, engraved operating instructions and illuminating jewel.

2.12 **SIGNALS**

Hall Lantern: Α.

- 1. Provide at each entrance to indicate travel direction of arriving car. Locate as detailed on architectural drawings.
- 2. Illuminate up or down LED lights and sound tone once for up and twice for down direction prior to car arrival at floor. Illuminate light until the car doors start to close.
- 3. Sound level shall be adjustable from 20-80 dBA measured at 5'-0" in front of hall control station and 3'-0" off floor.
- Provide advanced hall lantern notification to comply with ADA hall call notification 4.
- 5. Car direction lenses shall be arrow shaped with faceplates.
- Lenses shall be minimum $2\frac{1}{2}$ " in their smallest dimension. 6.
- B. Car Position Indicator: Alpha-numeric digital indicator containing floor designations and direction arrows a minimum of 1/2" high to indicate floor served and direction of car travel. Locate fixture in car front return panel. When a car leaves or passes a floor, illuminate indication representing position of car in hoistway. Illuminate proper direction arrow to indicate direction of travel.
- C. Hall Position Indicator: Alpha-numeric digital multi-light indicator containing floor designations and direction arrows a minimum of 2½" high to indicate floor served and direction of car travel.
- Faceplate Material and Finish: Satin finish stainless steel, all fixtures. Tamper resistant fasteners D. for all fastenings exposed to the public.
 - 1. Hall Lantern
 - 2. Hall Position Indicator
 - 3. Hoistway Access Switch
 - Phase I Keyswitch Faceplate 4.
- E. Floor Passing Tone: Provide an audible tone of no less than 20 decibels and frequency of no higher than 1500 Hz, to sound as the car passes or stops at a floor served.
- F. Voice Synthesizer: Provide electronic device with easily reprogrammable message and female voice to announce car direction, floor, emergency exiting instructions, etc.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Prior to beginning installation of equipment examine hoistway and Equipment Space areas. Verify no irregularities exist that affect execution of work specified.
- B. Do not proceed with installation until work in place conforms to project requirements.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install all equipment in accordance with Contractor's instructions, referenced codes, specification, and approved submittals.
- B. Install Equipment Space equipment with clearances in accordance with referenced codes and specification.
- C. Install all equipment so it may be easily removed for maintenance and repair.
- D. Provide any required hoisting/safety beams. Remove if beams are encroaching on code clearances prior to final acceptance.
- E. Install all equipment to afford maximum accessibility, safety, and continuity of operation.
- F. Remove oil, grease, scale, and other foreign matter from all equipment and apply one coat of field-applied machinery enamel for all equipment and metal work installed that does not have a factory applied paint or architectural finish. Neatly touch up damaged factory-painted surfaces with original paint color to protect factory finished surfaces against corrosion.
- G. Clean all architectural finishes and replace or restore any surfaces damaged during construction to like new condition.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Acceptance Testing: On completion of elevator installation and before permitting elevator use (either temporary or permanent), perform acceptance tests as required and recommended by ASME A17.1/CSA B44 and by governing regulations and agencies.
- B. Operating Test: Load elevator to rated capacity and operate continuously for 30 minutes over full travel distance, stopping at each level and proceeding immediately to the next. Record temperature rise of elevator machine during 30-minute test period. Record failure to perform as required.
- C. Advise Owner, Architect, and authorities having jurisdiction in advance of dates and times that tests are to be performed on elevators.

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3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Install rails plumb and align vertically with tolerance of 1/16" in 100'-0". Secure joints without gaps and file any irregularities to a smooth surface.
- B. Static balance car to equalize pressure of guide shoes on guide rails. Dynamically balance car and counterweight.
- C. Lubricate all equipment in accordance with Contractor's instructions.
- D. Adjust motors, power conversion units, brakes, controllers, leveling switches, limit switches, stopping switches, door operators, interlocks, and safety devices to achieve specified performance levels.

3.5 CLEANING

- A. Keep work areas orderly and free from debris during progress of project. Remove packaging materials on a daily basis.
- B. Remove all loose materials and filings resulting from work.
- C. Clean Equipment Space equipment and floor.
- D. Clean hoistways, car, car enclosure, entrances, operating and signal fixtures.
- E. Clean pit equipment and floor.

3.6 TEST RESULTS:

- A. Under any load obtain specified contract speed, performance times, stopping accuracy without re-leveling, and ride quality to satisfaction of Consultant. Tests may be conducted under no load, balanced load, and full load conditions.
- B. Consultant may test temperature rise in motor windings limited to 50° Celsius above ambient. A full-capacity one hour running test, stopping at each floor for ten seconds in up and down directions, may be required.
- C. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to operate, adjust, and maintain elevator(s).
- D. Check operation of each elevator with Owner's personnel present before date of Substantial Completion and again not more than one month before end of warranty period. Determine that operation systems and devices are functioning properly.

3.7 PROTECTION

A. Temporary Use: Comply with the following requirements for each elevator used for construction purposes:

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- 1. Provide car with temporary enclosure, either within finished car or in place of finished car, to protect finishes from damage.
- 2. Provide strippable protective film on entrance and car doors and frames.
- 3. Provide padded wood bumpers on entrance door frames covering jambs and frame faces.
- 4. Provide other protective coverings, barriers, devices, signs, and procedures as needed to protect elevator and elevator equipment.
- 5. Do not load elevators beyond their rated weight capacity.
- 6. Engage elevator Installer to provide full maintenance service. Include preventive maintenance, repair, or replacement of worn or defective components, lubrication, cleanup, and adjustment as necessary for proper elevator operation at rated speed and capacity. Provide parts and supplies same as those used in the manufacture and installation of original equipment.
- 7. Engage Elevator Installer to restore damaged work, if any, so no evidence remains of correction. Return items which cannot be refinished in the field to the shop, make required repairs, and refinish entire unit, or provide new units as required.

END OF SECTION 142100

SECTION 15074 - VIBRATION AND SEISMIC CONTROLS FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Isolation pads.
 - 2. Isolation mounts.
 - 3. Restrained elastomeric isolation mounts.
 - 4. Freestanding and restrained spring isolators.
 - 5. Elastomeric hangers.
 - 6. Spring hangers.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each product indicated.
- B. Welding certificates.
- C. Qualification Data: For professional engineer.
- D. Field quality-control test reports.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with seismic-restraint requirements in the IBC unless requirements in this Section are more stringent.
- B. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code Steel."
- C. Seismic-restraint devices shall have horizontal and vertical load testing and analysis and shall bear anchorage preapproval OPA number from OSHPD, preapproval by ICC-ES, or preapproval by another agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, showing maximum seismic-restraint ratings. Ratings based on independent testing are preferred to ratings based on calculations. If preapproved ratings are not available, submittals based on independent testing are preferred. Calculations (including combining shear and tensile loads) to support seismic-restraint designs must be signed and sealed by a qualified professional engineer.

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PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 VIBRATION ISOLATORS

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Amber/Booth Company, Inc.
 - 2. Kinetics Noise Control.
 - 3. Mason Industries.
 - 4.
- B. Pads: Arranged in single or multiple layers of sufficient stiffness for uniform loading over pad area, molded with a nonslip pattern and galvanized-steel baseplates, and factory cut to sizes that match requirements of supported equipment.
 - 1. Resilient Material: Oil- and water-resistant neoprene.
- C. Mounts: Double-deflection type, with molded, oil-resistant rubber, hermetically sealed compressed fiberglass, or neoprene isolator elements with factory-drilled, encapsulated top plate for bolting to equipment and with baseplate for bolting to structure. Color-code or otherwise identify to indicate capacity range.
 - 1. Materials: Cast-ductile-iron or welded steel housing containing two separate and opposing, oil-resistant rubber or neoprene elements that prevent central threaded element and attachment hardware from contacting the housing during normal operation.
 - 2. Neoprene: Shock-absorbing materials compounded according to the standard for bridge-bearing neoprene as defined by AASHTO.
- D. Restrained Mounts: All-directional mountings with seismic restraint.
 - 1. Materials: Cast-ductile-iron or welded steel housing containing two separate and opposing, oil-resistant rubber or neoprene elements that prevent central threaded element and attachment hardware from contacting the housing during normal operation.
 - 2. Neoprene: Shock-absorbing materials compounded according to the standard for bridge-bearing neoprene as defined by AASHTO.
- E. Spring Isolators: Freestanding, laterally stable, open-spring isolators.
 - 1. Outside Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of the compressed height of the spring at rated load.
 - 2. Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of the required deflection at rated load.
 - 3. Lateral Stiffness: More than 80 percent of rated vertical stiffness.
 - 4. Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent of rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.
 - 5. Baseplates: Factory drilled for bolting to structure and bonded to 1/4-inch- thick, rubber isolator pad attached to baseplate underside. Baseplates shall limit floor load to 500 psig.
 - 6. Top Plate and Adjustment Bolt: Threaded top plate with adjustment bolt and cap screw to fasten and level equipment.

- F. Restrained Spring Isolators: Freestanding, steel, open-spring isolators with seismic or limit-stop restraint.
 - 1. Housing: Steel with resilient vertical-limit stops to prevent spring extension due to weight being removed; factory-drilled baseplate bonded to 1/4-inch- thick, neoprene or rubber isolator pad attached to baseplate underside; and adjustable equipment mounting and leveling bolt that acts as blocking during installation.
 - 2. Restraint: Seismic or limit stop as required for equipment and authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 3. Outside Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of the compressed height of the spring at rated load.
 - 4. Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of the required deflection at rated load.
 - 5. Lateral Stiffness: More than 80 percent of rated vertical stiffness.
 - 6. Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent of rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.
- G. Elastomeric Hangers: Single or double-deflection type, fitted with molded, oil-resistant elastomeric isolator elements bonded to steel housings with threaded connections for hanger rods. Color-code or otherwise identify to indicate capacity range.
- H. Spring Hangers: Combination coil-spring and elastomeric-insert hanger with spring and insert in compression.
 - 1. Frame: Steel, fabricated for connection to threaded hanger rods and to allow for a maximum of 30 degrees of angular hanger-rod misalignment without binding or reducing isolation efficiency.
 - 2. Outside Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of the compressed height of the spring at rated load.
 - 3. Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of the required deflection at rated load.
 - 4. Lateral Stiffness: More than 80 percent of rated vertical stiffness.
 - 5. Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent of rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.
 - 6. Elastomeric Element: Molded, oil-resistant rubber or neoprene. Steel-washer-reinforced cup to support spring and bushing projecting through bottom of frame.
 - 7. Self-centering hanger rod cap to ensure concentricity between hanger rod and support spring coil.

2.2 SEISMIC-RESTRAINT DEVICES

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Amber/Booth Company, Inc.
 - 2. Cooper B-Line, Inc.; a division of Cooper Industries.
 - 3. Hilti, Inc.
 - 4. Kinetics Noise Control.
 - 5. Mason Industries.
 - 6. Unistrut; Tyco International, Ltd.

- B. General Requirements for Restraint Components: Rated strengths, features, and applications shall be as defined in reports by an agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Structural Safety Factor: Allowable strength in tension, shear, and pullout force of components shall be at least four times the maximum seismic forces to which they will be subjected.
- C. Channel Support System: MFMA-3, shop- or field-fabricated support assembly made of slotted steel channels with accessories for attachment to braced component at one end and to building structure at the other end and other matching components and with corrosion-resistant coating; and rated in tension, compression, and torsion forces.
- D. Bushings for Floor-Mounted Equipment Anchor Bolts: Neoprene bushings designed for rigid equipment mountings, and matched to type and size of anchor bolts and studs.
- E. Resilient Isolation Washers and Bushings: One-piece, molded, oil- and water-resistant neoprene, with a flat washer face.
- F. Mechanical Anchor Bolts: Drilled-in and stud-wedge or female-wedge type in zinc-coated steel for interior applications and stainless steel for exterior applications. Select anchor bolts with strength required for anchor and as tested according to ASTM E 488. Minimum length of eight times diameter.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATIONS

- A. Multiple Pipe Supports: Secure pipes to trapeze member with clamps approved for application by an agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Strength of Support and Seismic-Restraint Assemblies: Where not indicated, select sizes of components so strength will be adequate to carry present and future static and seismic loads within specified loading limits.

3.2 VIBRATION-CONTROL AND SEISMIC-RESTRAINT DEVICE INSTALLATION

A. Equipment Restraints:

- 1. Install resilient bolt isolation washers on equipment anchor bolts where clearance between anchor and adjacent surface exceeds 0.125 inch.
- 2. Install seismic-restraint devices using methods approved by an agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction providing required submittals for component.

B. Piping Restraints:

- 1. Comply with requirements in MSS SP-127.
- 2. Space lateral supports a maximum of 40 feet o.c., and longitudinal supports a maximum of 80 feet o.c.

- 3. Brace a change of direction longer than 12 feet.
- C. Install cables so they do not bend across edges of adjacent equipment or building structure.
- D. Install seismic-restraint devices using methods approved by an agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction providing required submittals for component.
- E. Install bushing assemblies for anchor bolts for floor-mounted equipment, arranged to provide resilient media between anchor bolt and mounting hole in concrete base.
- F. Attachment to Structure: If specific attachment is not indicated, anchor bracing to structure at flanges of beams, at upper truss chords of bar joists, or at concrete members.

G. Drilled-in Anchors:

- Identify position of reinforcing steel and other embedded items prior to drilling holes for anchors. Do not damage existing reinforcing or embedded items during coring or drilling. Notify the structural engineer if reinforcing steel or other embedded items are encountered during drilling. Locate and avoid prestressed tendons, electrical and telecommunications conduit, and gas lines.
- 2. Do not drill holes in concrete or masonry until concrete, mortar, or grout has achieved full design strength.
- 3. Wedge Anchors: Protect threads from damage during anchor installation. Heavy-duty sleeve anchors shall be installed with sleeve fully engaged in the structural element to which anchor is to be fastened.
- 4. Set anchors to manufacturer's recommended torque, using a torque wrench.
- 5. Install zinc-coated steel anchors for interior and stainless-steel anchors for exterior applications.

3.3 ACCOMMODATION OF DIFFERENTIAL SEISMIC MOTION

A. Install flexible connections in piping where they cross seismic joints, where adjacent sections or branches are supported by different structural elements, and where the connections terminate with connection to equipment that is anchored to a different structural element from the one supporting the connections as they approach equipment. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Hydronic Piping" for piping flexible connections.

3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust isolators after piping system is at operating weight.
- B. Adjust limit stops on restrained spring isolators to mount equipment at normal operating height. After equipment installation is complete, adjust limit stops so they are out of contact during normal operation.
- C. Adjust active height of spring isolators.
- D. Adjust restraints to permit free movement of equipment within normal mode of operation.

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SECTION 15077 - IDENTIFICATION FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Equipment labels.
- 2. Warning signs and labels.
- 3. Pipe labels.

1.2 SUBMITTAL

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 EQUIPMENT LABELS

A. Plastic Labels for Equipment:

- 1. Material and Thickness: Multilayer, multicolor, plastic labels for mechanical engraving, 1/8 inch thick, and having predrilled holes for attachment hardware.
- 2. Letter Color: Black.
- 3. Background Color: Yellow.
- 4. Maximum Temperature: Able to withstand temperatures up to 160 deg F.
- 5. Minimum Label Size: Length and width vary for required label content, but not less than 2-1/2 by 3/4 inch.
- 6. Minimum Letter Size: 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-fourths the size of principal lettering.
- 7. Fasteners: Stainless-steel rivets or self-tapping screws.
- 8. Adhesive: Contact-type permanent adhesive, compatible with label and with substrate.
- B. Label Content: Include equipment's Drawing designation or unique equipment number, Drawing numbers where equipment is indicated (plans, details, and schedules), plus the Specification Section number and title where equipment is specified.
- C. Equipment Label Schedule: For each item of equipment to be labeled, on 8-1/2-by-11-inch bond paper. Tabulate equipment identification number and identify Drawing numbers where equipment is indicated (plans, details, and schedules), plus the Specification Section number and title where equipment is specified. Equipment schedule shall be included in operation and maintenance data.

2.2 WARNING SIGNS AND LABELS

- A. Material and Thickness: Multilayer, multicolor, plastic labels for mechanical engraving, 1/8 inch thick, and having predrilled holes for attachment hardware.
- B. Letter Color: White.
- C. Background Color: Red.
- D. Maximum Temperature: Able to withstand temperatures up to 160 deg F.
- E. Minimum Label Size: Length and width vary for required label content, but not less than 2-1/2 by 3/4 inch.
- F. Minimum Letter Size: 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-fourths the size of principal lettering.
- G. Fasteners: Stainless-steel rivets or self-tapping screws.
- H. Adhesive: Contact-type permanent adhesive, compatible with label and with substrate.
- I. Label Content: Include caution and warning information, plus emergency notification instructions.

2.3 PIPE LABELS

- A. General Requirements for Manufactured Pipe Labels: Preprinted, color-coded, with lettering indicating service, and showing flow direction.
- B. Pretensioned Pipe Labels: Precoiled, semirigid plastic formed to cover full circumference of pipe and to attach to pipe without fasteners or adhesive.
- C. Self-Adhesive Pipe Labels: Printed plastic with contact-type, permanent-adhesive backing.
- D. Pipe Label Contents: Include identification of piping service using same designations or abbreviations as used on Drawings, pipe size, and an arrow indicating flow direction.
 - 1. Flow-Direction Arrows: Integral with piping system service lettering to accommodate both directions, or as separate unit on each pipe label to indicate flow direction.
 - 2. Lettering Size: At least 1-1/2 inches high.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 **PREPARATION**

A. Clean piping and equipment surfaces of substances that could impair bond of identification devices, including dirt, oil, grease, release agents, and incompatible primers, paints, and encapsulants.

3.2 **EQUIPMENT LABEL INSTALLATION**

- A. Install or permanently fasten labels on each major item of mechanical equipment.
- B. Locate equipment labels where accessible and visible.

3.3 PIPE LABEL INSTALLATION

- Locate pipe labels where piping is exposed or above accessible ceilings in finished spaces; A. machine rooms; accessible maintenance spaces such as shafts, tunnels, and plenums; and exterior exposed locations as follows:
 - 1. Near each valve and control device.
 - Near each branch connection, excluding short takeoffs for fixtures and terminal units. 2. Where flow pattern is not obvious, mark each pipe at branch.
 - 3. Near penetrations through walls, floors, ceilings, and inaccessible enclosures.
 - At access doors, manholes, and similar access points that permit view of concealed 4. piping.
 - Near major equipment items and other points of origination and termination. 5.
 - Spaced at maximum intervals of 50 feet along each run. Reduce intervals to 25 feet in 6. areas of congested piping and equipment.
 - 7. On piping above removable acoustical ceilings. Omit intermediately spaced labels.

B. Pipe Label Color Schedule:

- 1. Chilled-Water Piping:
 - Background Color: Blue. a.
 - Letter Color: White.
- 2. Heating Water Piping:
 - Background Color: Red. a.
 - b. Letter Color: White.
- 3. Refrigerant Piping:
 - Background Color: Yellow. a.
 - Letter Color: Black.
- 4. Low-Pressure Steam Piping:

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- 102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050 a. Background Color: White.
 - b. Letter Color: Black.
 - 5. Steam Condensate Piping:
 - a. Background Color: Yellow.
 - b. Letter Color: Black.

END OF SECTION 15077

SECTION 15085 - PLUMBING PIPING INSULATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes insulating the following plumbing piping services:
 - 1. Domestic cold-water piping.
 - 2. Domestic hot-water piping.
 - 3. Domestic recirculating hot-water piping.
 - 4. Roof drains and rainwater leaders.
 - 5. Supplies and drains for handicap-accessible lavatories and sinks.

B. Related Sections:

1. Section 220716 "Plumbing Equipment Insulation."

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include thermal conductivity, water-vapor permeance thickness, and jackets (both factory- and field-applied, if any).

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Skilled mechanics who have successfully completed an apprenticeship program or another craft training program certified by the Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training.
- B. Surface-Burning Characteristics: For insulation and related materials, as determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 84 by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Factory label insulation and jacket materials and adhesive, mastic, tapes, and cement material containers, with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - 1. Insulation Installed Indoors: Flame-spread index of 25 or less, and smoke-developed index of 50 or less.
- C. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for miscellaneous components:
 - 1. Supply and Drain Protective Shielding Guards: ICC A117.1.

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A. Packaging: Insulation material containers shall be marked by manufacturer with appropriate ASTM standard designation, type and grade, and maximum use temperature.

1.6 COORDINATION

1.5

- A. Coordinate sizes and locations of supports, hangers, and insulation shields specified in Section 220529 "Hangers and Supports for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
- B. Coordinate clearance requirements with piping Installer for piping insulation application. Before preparing piping Shop Drawings, establish and maintain clearance requirements for installation of insulation and field-applied jackets and finishes and for space required for maintenance.
- C. Coordinate installation and testing of heat tracing.

1.7 SCHEDULING

- A. Schedule insulation application after pressure testing systems and, where required, after installing and testing heat tracing. Insulation application may begin on segments that have satisfactory test results.
- B. Complete installation and concealment of plastic materials as rapidly as possible in each area of construction.
- C. Coordinate installation and testing of heat tracing.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 INSULATION MATERIALS

- A. Comply with requirements in "Piping Insulation Schedule, General," "Indoor Piping Insulation Schedule," "Outdoor, Aboveground Piping Insulation Schedule," and "Outdoor, Underground Piping Insulation Schedule" articles for where insulating materials shall be applied.
- B. Products shall not contain asbestos, lead, mercury, or mercury compounds.
- C. Products that come in contact with stainless steel shall have a leachable chloride content of less than 50 ppm when tested according to ASTM C 871.
- D. Insulation materials for use on austenitic stainless steel shall be qualified as acceptable according to ASTM C 795.
- E. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation:
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

- a. Fibrex Insulations Inc.; Coreplus 1200.
- b. Johns Manville; Micro-Lok.
- c. Knauf Insulation; 1000-Degree Pipe Insulation.
- d. Manson Insulation Inc.; Alley-K.
- e. Owens Corning; Fiberglas Pipe Insulation.
- f. Certainteed.
- 2. Type I, 850 Deg F Materials: Mineral or glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Comply with ASTM C 547, Type I, Grade A, with factory-applied ASJ or with factory-applied ASJ-SSL. Factory-applied jacket requirements are specified in "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.

2.2 INSULATING CEMENTS

- A. Mineral-Fiber Insulating Cement: Comply with ASTM C 195.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Ramco Insulation, Inc.; Super-Stik.
- B. Mineral-Fiber, Hydraulic-Setting Insulating and Finishing Cement: Comply with ASTM C 449.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Ramco Insulation, Inc.; Ramcote 1200 and Quik-Cote.

2.3 ADHESIVES

- A. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates and for bonding insulation to itself and to surfaces to be insulated, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Mineral-Fiber Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class 2, Grade A.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Childers Brand, Specialty Construction Brands, Inc., a business of H. B. Fuller Company; CP-127.
 - b. Eagle Bridges Marathon Industries; 225.
 - c. Foster Brand, Specialty Construction Brands, Inc., a business of H. B. Fuller Company; 85-60/85-70.
 - d. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 22-25.
 - 2. For indoor applications, adhesive shall have a VOC content of 80 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
- C. ASJ Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class 2, Grade A for bonding insulation jacket lap seams and joints.

- 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Childers Brand, Specialty Construction Brands, Inc., a business of H. B. Fuller Company; CP-82.
 - b. Eagle Bridges Marathon Industries; 225.
 - c. Foster Brand, Specialty Construction Brands, Inc., a business of H. B. Fuller Company; 85-20.
 - d. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 22-25.
- 2. For indoor applications, adhesive shall have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
- D. PVC Jacket Adhesive: Compatible with PVC jacket.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Dow Corning Corporation; 739, Dow Silicone.
 - b. Johns Manville; Zeston Perma-Weld, CEEL-TITE Solvent Welding Adhesive.
 - c. P.I.C. Plastics, Inc.; Welding Adhesive.
 - d. Speedline Corporation; Polyco VP Adhesive.
 - 2. For indoor applications, adhesive shall have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).

2.4 MASTICS

- A. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates; comply with MIL-PRF-19565C, Type II.
 - 1. For indoor applications, use mastics that have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
- B. Vapor-Barrier Mastic: Water based; suitable for indoor use on below-ambient services.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Foster Brand, Specialty Construction Brands, Inc., a business of H. B. Fuller Company; 30-80/30-90.
 - b. Vimasco Corporation; 749.
 - 2. Water-Vapor Permeance: ASTM E 96/E 96M, Procedure B, 0.013 perm at 43-mil dry film thickness.
 - 3. Service Temperature Range: Minus 20 to plus 180 deg F.
 - 4. Solids Content: ASTM D 1644, 58 percent by volume and 70 percent by weight.
 - 5. Color: White.
- C. Breather Mastic: Water based; suitable for indoor and outdoor use on above-ambient services.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

- a. Childers Brand, Specialty Construction Brands, Inc., a business of H. B. Fuller Company; CP-10.
- b. Eagle Bridges Marathon Industries; 550.
- c. Foster Brand, Specialty Construction Brands, Inc., a business of H. B. Fuller Company; 46-50.
- d. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 55-50.
- e. Vimasco Corporation; WC-1/WC-5.
- 2. Water-Vapor Permeance: ASTM F 1249, 1.8 perms at 0.0625-inch dry film thickness.
- 3. Service Temperature Range: Minus 20 to plus 180 deg F.
- 4. Solids Content: 60 percent by volume and 66 percent by weight.
- 5. Color: White.

2.5 LAGGING ADHESIVES

- A. Description: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class I, Grade A, and shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
 - 1. For indoor applications, use lagging adhesives that have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - 2. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Childers Brand, Specialty Construction Brands, Inc., a business of H. B. Fuller Company; CP-50 AHV2.
 - b. Foster Brand, Specialty Construction Brands, Inc., a business of H. B. Fuller Company; 30-36.
 - c. Vimasco Corporation; 713 and 714.
 - 3. Fire-resistant, water-based lagging adhesive and coating for use indoors to adhere fire-resistant lagging cloths over pipe insulation.
 - 4. Service Temperature Range: 0 to plus 180 deg F.
 - 5. Color: White.

2.6 SEALANTS

- A. ASJ Flashing Sealants, and PVC Jacket Flashing Sealants:
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Childers Brand, Specialty Construction Brands, Inc., a business of H. B. Fuller Company; CP-76.
 - 2. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
 - 3. Fire- and water-resistant, flexible, elastomeric sealant.
 - 4. Service Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 250 deg F.
 - 5. Color: White.
 - 6. For indoor applications, sealants shall have a VOC content of 420 g/L or less when FACTORY-APPLIED JACKETS

- B. Insulation system schedules indicate factory-applied jackets on various applications. When factory-applied jackets are indicated, comply with the following:
 - 1. ASJ: White, kraft-paper, fiberglass-reinforced scrim with aluminum-foil backing; complying with ASTM C 1136, Type I.
 - 2. ASJ-SSL: ASJ with self-sealing, pressure-sensitive, acrylic-based adhesive covered by a removable protective strip; complying with ASTM C 1136, Type I.

2.7 TAPES

- A. ASJ Tape: White vapor-retarder tape matching factory-applied jacket with acrylic adhesive, complying with ASTM C 1136.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. ABI, Ideal Tape Division; 428 AWF ASJ.
 - b. Avery Dennison Corporation, Specialty Tapes Division; Fasson 0836.
 - c. Compac Corporation; 104 and 105.
 - d. Venture Tape; 1540 CW Plus, 1542 CW Plus, and 1542 CW Plus/SQ.
 - 2. Width: 3 inches.
 - 3. Thickness: 11.5 mils.
 - 4. Adhesion: 90 ounces force/inch in width.
 - 5. Elongation: 2 percent.
 - 6. Tensile Strength: 40 lbf/inch in width.
 - 7. ASJ Tape Disks and Squares: Precut disks or squares of ASJ tape.
- B. PVC Tape: White vapor-retarder tape matching field-applied PVC jacket with acrylic adhesive; suitable for indoor and outdoor applications.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. ABI, Ideal Tape Division; 370 White PVC tape.
 - b. Compac Corporation; 130.
 - c. Venture Tape; 1506 CW NS.
 - 2. Width: 2 inches.
 - 3. Thickness: 6 mils.
 - 4. Adhesion: 64 ounces force/inch in width.
 - 5. Elongation: 500 percent.
 - 6. Tensile Strength: 18 lbf/inch in width.

2.8 SECUREMENTS

A. Bands:

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

- a. ITW Insulation Systems; Gerrard Strapping and Seals.
- b. RPR Products, Inc.; Insul-Mate Strapping and Seals.
- 2. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 167 or ASTM A 240/A 240M, Type 304 or Type 316; 0.015 inch thick, 1/2 inch wide with wing seal.
- 3. Aluminum: ASTM B 209, Alloy 3003, 3005, 3105, or 5005; Temper H-14, 0.020 inch thick, 1/2 inch wide with wing seal.
- B. Staples: Outward-clinching insulation staples, nominal 3/4-inch- wide, stainless steel or Monel.
- C. Wire: 0.080-inch nickel-copper alloy.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. C & F Wire.

2.9 PROTECTIVE SHIELDING GUARDS

- A. Protective Shielding Pipe Covers:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Engineered Brass Company.
 - b. Insul-Tect Products Co.; a subsidiary of MVG Molded Products.
 - c. McGuire Manufacturing.
 - d. Plumberex.
 - e. Truebro; a brand of IPS Corporation.
 - f. Zurn Industries, LLC; Tubular Brass Plumbing Products Operation.
 - 2. Description: Manufactured plastic wraps for covering plumbing fixture hot- and cold-water supplies and trap and drain piping. Comply with Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requirements.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of insulation application.
 - 1. Verify that systems to be insulated have been tested and are free of defects.
 - 2. Verify that surfaces to be insulated are clean and dry.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

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3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Surface Preparation: Clean and dry surfaces to receive insulation. Remove materials that will adversely affect insulation application.
- B. Coordinate insulation installation with the trade installing heat tracing. Comply with requirements for heat tracing that apply to insulation.
- C. Mix insulating cements with clean potable water; if insulating cements are to be in contact with stainless-steel surfaces, use demineralized water.

3.3 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Install insulation materials, accessories, and finishes with smooth, straight, and even surfaces; free of voids throughout the length of piping including fittings, valves, and specialties.
- B. Install insulation materials, forms, vapor barriers or retarders, jackets, and thicknesses required for each item of pipe system as specified in insulation system schedules.
- C. Install accessories compatible with insulation materials and suitable for the service. Install accessories that do not corrode, soften, or otherwise attack insulation or jacket in either wet or dry state.
- D. Install insulation with longitudinal seams at top and bottom of horizontal runs.
- E. Install multiple layers of insulation with longitudinal and end seams staggered.
- F. Do not weld brackets, clips, or other attachment devices to piping, fittings, and specialties.
- G. Keep insulation materials dry during application and finishing.
- H. Install insulation with tight longitudinal seams and end joints. Bond seams and joints with adhesive recommended by insulation material manufacturer.
- I. Install insulation with least number of joints practical.
- J. Where vapor barrier is indicated, seal joints, seams, and penetrations in insulation at hangers, supports, anchors, and other projections with vapor-barrier mastic.
 - 1. Install insulation continuously through hangers and around anchor attachments.
 - 2. For insulation application where vapor barriers are indicated, extend insulation on anchor legs from point of attachment to supported item to point of attachment to structure. Taper and seal ends at attachment to structure with vapor-barrier mastic.
 - 3. Install insert materials and install insulation to tightly join the insert. Seal insulation to insulation inserts with adhesive or sealing compound recommended by insulation material manufacturer.
 - 4. Cover inserts with jacket material matching adjacent pipe insulation. Install shields over jacket, arranged to protect jacket from tear or puncture by hanger, support, and shield.

- K. Apply adhesives, mastics, and sealants at manufacturer's recommended coverage rate and wet and dry film thicknesses.
- L. Install insulation with factory-applied jackets as follows:
 - 1. Draw jacket tight and smooth.
 - 2. Cover circumferential joints with 3-inch- wide strips, of same material as insulation jacket. Secure strips with adhesive and outward clinching staples along both edges of strip, spaced 4 inches o.c.
 - 3. Overlap jacket longitudinal seams at least 1-1/2 inches. Install insulation with longitudinal seams at bottom of pipe. Clean and dry surface to receive self-sealing lap. Staple laps with outward clinching staples along edge at 4 inches o.c.
 - a. For below-ambient services, apply vapor-barrier mastic over staples.
 - 4. Cover joints and seams with tape, according to insulation material manufacturer's written instructions, to maintain vapor seal.
 - 5. Where vapor barriers are indicated, apply vapor-barrier mastic on seams and joints and at ends adjacent to pipe flanges and fittings.
- M. Cut insulation in a manner to avoid compressing insulation more than 75 percent of its nominal thickness.
- N. Finish installation with systems at operating conditions. Repair joint separations and cracking due to thermal movement.
- O. Repair damaged insulation facings by applying same facing material over damaged areas. Extend patches at least 4 inches beyond damaged areas. Adhere, staple, and seal patches similar to butt joints.
- P. For above-ambient services, do not install insulation to the following:
 - 1. Vibration-control devices.
 - 2. Testing agency labels and stamps.
 - 3. Nameplates and data plates.
 - 4. Cleanouts.

3.4 PENETRATIONS

- A. Insulation Installation at Underground Exterior Wall Penetrations: Terminate insulation flush with sleeve seal. Seal terminations with flashing sealant.
- B. Insulation Installation at Interior Wall and Partition Penetrations (That Are Not Fire Rated): Install insulation continuously through walls and partitions.
- C. Insulation Installation at Fire-Rated Wall and Partition Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through penetrations of fire-rated walls and partitions.
 - 1. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping" for firestopping and fire-resistive joint sealers.

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- D. Insulation Installation at Floor Penetrations:
 - 1. Pipe: Install insulation continuously through floor penetrations.
 - 2. Seal penetrations through fire-rated assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."

3.5 GENERAL PIPE INSULATION INSTALLATION

- A. Requirements in this article generally apply to all insulation materials except where more specific requirements are specified in various pipe insulation material installation articles.
- B. Insulation Installation on Fittings, Valves, Strainers, Flanges, and Unions:
 - 1. Install insulation over fittings, valves, strainers, flanges, unions, and other specialties with continuous thermal and vapor-retarder integrity unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Insulate pipe elbows using preformed fitting insulation or mitered fittings made from same material and density as adjacent pipe insulation. Each piece shall be butted tightly against adjoining piece and bonded with adhesive. Fill joints, seams, voids, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement finished to a smooth, hard, and uniform contour that is uniform with adjoining pipe insulation.
 - 3. Insulate tee fittings with preformed fitting insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Cut sectional pipe insulation to fit. Butt each section closely to the next and hold in place with tie wire. Bond pieces with adhesive.
 - 4. Insulate valves using preformed fitting insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material, density, and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker. For valves, insulate up to and including the bonnets, valve stuffing-box studs, bolts, and nuts. Fill joints, seams, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement.
 - 5. Insulate strainers using preformed fitting insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material, density, and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker. Fill joints, seams, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement. Insulate strainers so strainer basket flange or plug can be easily removed and replaced without damaging the insulation and jacket. Provide a removable reusable insulation cover. For below-ambient services, provide a design that maintains vapor barrier.
 - 6. Insulate flanges and unions using a section of oversized preformed pipe insulation. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker.
 - 7. Cover segmented insulated surfaces with a layer of finishing cement and coat with a mastic. Install vapor-barrier mastic for below-ambient services and a breather mastic for above-ambient services. Reinforce the mastic with fabric-reinforcing mesh. Trowel the mastic to a smooth and well-shaped contour.
 - 8. For services not specified to receive a field-applied jacket except for flexible elastomeric and polyolefin, install fitted PVC cover over elbows, tees, strainers, valves, flanges, and unions. Terminate ends with PVC end caps. Tape PVC covers to adjoining insulation facing using PVC tape.

- 9. Stencil or label the outside insulation jacket of each union with the word "union." Match size and color of pipe labels.
- C. Insulate instrument connections for thermometers, pressure gages, pressure temperature taps, test connections, flow meters, sensors, switches, and transmitters on insulated pipes. Shape insulation at these connections by tapering it to and around the connection with insulating cement and finish with finishing cement, mastic, and flashing sealant.
- D. Install removable insulation covers at locations indicated. Installation shall conform to the following:
 - 1. Make removable flange and union insulation from sectional pipe insulation of same thickness as that on adjoining pipe. Install same insulation jacket as adjoining pipe insulation.
 - 2. When flange and union covers are made from sectional pipe insulation, extend insulation from flanges or union long at least two times the insulation thickness over adjacent pipe insulation on each side of flange or union. Secure flange cover in place with stainless-steel or aluminum bands. Select band material compatible with insulation and jacket.
 - 3. Construct removable valve insulation covers in same manner as for flanges, except divide the two-part section on the vertical center line of valve body.
 - 4. When covers are made from block insulation, make two halves, each consisting of mitered blocks wired to stainless-steel fabric. Secure this wire frame, with its attached insulation, to flanges with tie wire. Extend insulation at least 2 inches over adjacent pipe insulation on each side of valve. Fill space between flange or union cover and pipe insulation with insulating cement. Finish cover assembly with insulating cement applied in two coats. After first coat is dry, apply and trowel second coat to a smooth finish.
 - 5. Unless a PVC jacket is indicated in field-applied jacket schedules, finish exposed surfaces with a metal jacket.

3.6 INSTALLATION OF MINERAL-FIBER INSULATION

- A. Insulation Installation on Straight Pipes and Tubes:
 - 1. Secure each layer of preformed pipe insulation to pipe with wire or bands and tighten bands without deforming insulation materials.
 - 2. Where vapor barriers are indicated, seal longitudinal seams, end joints, and protrusions with vapor-barrier mastic and joint sealant.
 - 3. For insulation with factory-applied jackets on above-ambient surfaces, secure laps with outward clinched staples at 6 inches o.c.
 - 4. For insulation with factory-applied jackets on below-ambient surfaces, do not staple longitudinal tabs. Instead, secure tabs with additional adhesive as recommended by insulation material manufacturer and seal with vapor-barrier mastic and flashing sealant.
- B. Insulation Installation on Pipe Flanges:
 - 1. Install preformed pipe insulation to outer diameter of pipe flange.
 - 2. Make width of insulation section same as overall width of flange and bolts, plus twice the thickness of pipe insulation.
 - 3. Fill voids between inner circumference of flange insulation and outer circumference of adjacent straight pipe segments with mineral-fiber blanket insulation.

4. Install jacket material with manufacturer's recommended adhesive, overlap seams at least 1 inch, and seal joints with flashing sealant.

C. Insulation Installation on Pipe Fittings and Elbows:

- 1. Install preformed sections of same material as straight segments of pipe insulation when available.
- 2. When preformed insulation elbows and fittings are not available, install mitered sections of pipe insulation, to a thickness equal to adjoining pipe insulation. Secure insulation materials with wire or bands.

D. Insulation Installation on Valves and Pipe Specialties:

- 1. Install preformed sections of same material as straight segments of pipe insulation when available.
- 2. When preformed sections are not available, install mitered sections of pipe insulation to valve body.
- 3. Arrange insulation to permit access to packing and to allow valve operation without disturbing insulation.
- 4. Install insulation to flanges as specified for flange insulation application.

3.7 PIPING INSULATION SCHEDULE, GENERAL

- A. Acceptable preformed pipe and tubular insulation materials and thicknesses are identified for each piping system and pipe size range. If more than one material is listed for a piping system, selection from materials listed is Contractor's option.
- B. Items Not Insulated: Unless otherwise indicated, do not install insulation on the following:
 - 1. Underground piping.
 - 2. Chrome-plated pipes and fittings unless there is a potential for personnel injury.

3.8 INDOOR PIPING INSULATION SCHEDULE

A. Domestic Cold Water:

- 1. NPS 1 and Smaller: Insulation shall be one of the following:
 - a. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1/2 inch thick.
- 2. NPS 1-1/4 and Larger: Insulation shall be one of the following:
 - a. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1 inch thick.

B. Domestic Hot and Recirculated Hot Water:

- 1. NPS 1-1/4 and Smaller: Insulation shall be one of the following:
 - a. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1/2 inch thick.

- 2. NPS 1-1/2 and Larger: Insulation shall be one of the following:
 - a. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1 inch thick.
- C. Stormwater and Overflow:
 - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be one of the following:
 - a. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1 inch thick.
- D. Roof Drain and Overflow Drain Bodies:
 - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be one of the following:
 - a. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1 inch thick.
- E. Exposed Sanitary Drains, Domestic Water, Domestic Hot Water, and Stops for Plumbing Fixtures for People with Disabilities:
 - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be the following:
 - a. Protective shielding pipe covers.
- F. Floor Drains, Traps, and Sanitary Drain Piping within 10 Feet of Drain serving mechanical level:
 - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be one of the following:
 - a. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1/2 inch thick.

END OF SECTION 15085

SECTION 15086 - DUCT INSULATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes insulating the following duct services:
 - 1. Indoor, concealed supply and outdoor air.
 - 2. Indoor, exposed supply and outdoor air.
 - 3. Indoor, concealed return located in unconditioned space.
 - 4. Indoor, exposed return located in unconditioned space.

B. Related Sections:

- 1. Division 15 Section "HVAC Equipment Insulation."
- 2. Division 15 Section "HVAC Piping Insulation."
- 3. Division 15 Section "Metal Ducts" for duct liners.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Field quality-control reports.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Surface-Burning Characteristics: For insulation and related materials, as determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 84, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Factory label insulation and jacket materials and adhesive, mastic, tapes, and cement material containers, with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 INSULATION MATERIALS

- A. Comply with requirements in "Duct Insulation Schedule, General," "Indoor Duct and Plenum Insulation Schedule," and "Aboveground, Outdoor Duct and Plenum Insulation Schedule" articles for where insulating materials shall be applied.
- B. Products shall not contain asbestos, lead, mercury, or mercury compounds.
- C. Products that come in contact with stainless steel shall have a leachable chloride content of less than 50 ppm when tested according to ASTM C 871.

- D. Insulation materials for use on austenitic stainless steel shall be qualified as acceptable according to ASTM C 795.
- E. Foam insulation materials shall not use CFC or HCFC blowing agents in the manufacturing process.
- F. Mineral-Fiber Blanket Insulation: Mineral or glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Comply with ASTM C 553, Type II and ASTM C 1290, Type III with factory-applied FSK jacket. Factory-applied jacket requirements are specified in "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. CertainTeed Corp.; SoftTouch Duct Wrap.
 - b. Johns Manville: Microlite.
 - c. Knauf Insulation; Friendly Feel Duct Wrap.
 - d. Manson Insulation Inc.; Alley Wrap.
 - e. Owens Corning; SOFTR All-Service Duct Wrap.

2.2 ADHESIVES

- A. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates and for bonding insulation to itself and to surfaces to be insulated unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Mineral-Fiber Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class 2, Grade A.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Childers Brand, Specialty Construction Brands, Inc., a business of H. B. Fuller Company; CP-127.
 - b. Eagle Bridges Marathon Industries; 225.
 - c. Foster Brand, Specialty Construction Brands, Inc., a business of H. B. Fuller Company; 85-60/85-70.
 - d. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 22-25.
 - 2. For indoor applications, use adhesive that has a VOC content of 80 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - 3. Use adhesive that complies with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers," including 2004 Addenda.
- C. ASJ Adhesive, and FSK Jacket Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class 2, Grade A for bonding insulation jacket lap seams and joints.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

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- a. Childers Brand, Specialty Construction Brands, Inc., a business of H. B. Fuller Company; CP-82.
- b. Eagle Bridges Marathon Industries; 225.
- c. Foster Brand, Specialty Construction Brands, Inc., a business of H. B. Fuller Company; 85-50.
- d. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 22-25.
- 2. For indoor applications, use adhesive that has a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
- 3. Use adhesive that complies with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers," including 2004 Addenda.

2.3 MASTICS

- A. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates; comply with MIL-PRF-19565C, Type II.
 - 1. For indoor applications, use mastics that have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).

2.4 SEALANTS

- A. FSK and Metal Jacket Flashing Sealants:
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Childers Brand, Specialty Construction Brands, Inc., a business of H. B. Fuller Company; CP-76.
 - b. Eagle Bridges Marathon Industries; 405.
 - c. Foster Brand, Specialty Construction Brands, Inc., a business of H. B. Fuller Company; 95-44.
 - d. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 44-05.
 - 2. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
 - 3. Fire- and water-resistant, flexible, elastomeric sealant.
 - 4. Service Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 250 deg F.
 - 5. Color: Aluminum.
 - 6. For indoor applications, use sealants that have a VOC content of 420 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - 7. Use sealants that comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers," including 2004 Addenda.

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2.5 FACTORY-APPLIED JACKETS

- A. Insulation system schedules indicate factory-applied jackets on various applications. When factory-applied jackets are indicated, comply with the following:
 - 1. FSK Jacket: Aluminum-foil, fiberglass-reinforced scrim with kraft-paper backing; complying with ASTM C 1136, Type II.

2.6 FIELD-APPLIED JACKETS

- A. Field-applied jackets shall comply with ASTM C 921, Type I, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. FSK Jacket: Aluminum-foil-face, fiberglass-reinforced scrim with kraft-paper backing.

2.7 TAPES

- A. FSK Tape: Foil-face, vapor-retarder tape matching factory-applied jacket with acrylic adhesive; complying with ASTM C 1136.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. ABI, Ideal Tape Division; 491 AWF FSK.
 - b. Avery Dennison Corporation, Specialty Tapes Division; Fasson 0827.
 - c. Compac Corporation; 110 and 111.
 - d. Venture Tape; 1525 CW NT, 1528 CW, and 1528 CW/SQ.
 - 2. Width: 3 inches.
 - 3. Thickness: 6.5 mils.
 - 4. Adhesion: 90 ounces force/inch in width.
 - 5. Elongation: 2 percent.
 - 6. Tensile Strength: 40 lbf/inch in width.
 - 7. FSK Tape Disks and Squares: Precut disks or squares of FSK tape.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Surface Preparation: Clean and dry surfaces to receive insulation. Remove materials that will adversely affect insulation application.

3.2 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

A. Install insulation materials, accessories, and finishes with smooth, straight, and even surfaces; free of voids throughout the length of ducts and fittings.

- B. Install insulation materials, vapor barriers or retarders, jackets, and thicknesses required for each item of duct system as specified in insulation system schedules.
- C. Install accessories compatible with insulation materials and suitable for the service. Install accessories that do not corrode, soften, or otherwise attack insulation or jacket in either wet or dry state.
- D. Install insulation with longitudinal seams at top and bottom of horizontal runs.
- E. Install multiple layers of insulation with longitudinal and end seams staggered.
- F. Keep insulation materials dry during application and finishing.
- G. Install insulation with tight longitudinal seams and end joints. Bond seams and joints with adhesive recommended by insulation material manufacturer.
- H. Install insulation with least number of joints practical.
- I. Where vapor barrier is indicated, seal joints, seams, and penetrations in insulation at hangers, supports, anchors, and other projections with vapor-barrier mastic.
 - 1. Install insulation continuously through hangers and around anchor attachments.
 - 2. For insulation application where vapor barriers are indicated, extend insulation on anchor legs from point of attachment to supported item to point of attachment to structure. Taper and seal ends at attachment to structure with vapor-barrier mastic.
 - 3. Install insert materials and install insulation to tightly join the insert. Seal insulation to insulation inserts with adhesive or sealing compound recommended by insulation material manufacturer.
- J. Apply adhesives, mastics, and sealants at manufacturer's recommended coverage rate and wet and dry film thicknesses.
- K. Install insulation with factory-applied jackets as follows:
 - 1. Draw jacket tight and smooth.
 - 2. Cover circumferential joints with 3-inch- wide strips, of same material as insulation jacket. Secure strips with adhesive and outward clinching staples along both edges of strip, spaced 4 inches o.c.
 - 3. Overlap jacket longitudinal seams at least 1-1/2 inches. Clean and dry surface to receive self-sealing lap. Staple laps with outward clinching staples along edge at 2 inches o.c.
 - a. For below ambient services, apply vapor-barrier mastic over staples.
 - 4. Cover joints and seams with tape, according to insulation material manufacturer's written instructions, to maintain vapor seal.
 - 5. Where vapor barriers are indicated, apply vapor-barrier mastic on seams and joints and at ends adjacent to duct flanges and fittings.
- L. Cut insulation in a manner to avoid compressing insulation more than 75 percent of its nominal thickness.

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- M. Finish installation with systems at operating conditions. Repair joint separations and cracking due to thermal movement.
- N. Repair damaged insulation facings by applying same facing material over damaged areas. Extend patches at least 4 inches beyond damaged areas. Adhere, staple, and seal patches similar to butt joints.

3.3 PENETRATIONS

- A. Insulation Installation at Roof Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through roof penetrations.
 - 1. Seal penetrations with flashing sealant.
 - 2. For applications requiring only indoor insulation, terminate insulation above roof surface and seal with joint sealant. For applications requiring indoor and outdoor insulation, install insulation for outdoor applications tightly joined to indoor insulation ends. Seal joint with joint sealant.
 - 3. Extend jacket of outdoor insulation outside roof flashing at least 2 inches below top of roof flashing.
 - 4. Seal jacket to roof flashing with flashing sealant.
- B. Insulation Installation at Aboveground Exterior Wall Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through wall penetrations.
 - 1. Seal penetrations with flashing sealant.
 - 2. For applications requiring only indoor insulation, terminate insulation inside wall surface and seal with joint sealant. For applications requiring indoor and outdoor insulation, install insulation for outdoor applications tightly joined to indoor insulation ends. Seal joint with joint sealant.
 - 3. Extend jacket of outdoor insulation outside wall flashing and overlap wall flashing at least 2 inches.
 - 4. Seal jacket to wall flashing with flashing sealant.
- C. Insulation Installation at Interior Wall and Partition Penetrations (That Are Not Fire Rated): Install insulation continuously through walls and partitions.
- D. Insulation Installation at Fire-Rated Wall and Partition Penetrations: Terminate insulation at fire damper sleeves for fire-rated wall and partition penetrations. Externally insulate damper sleeves to match adjacent insulation and overlap duct insulation at least 2 inches.
 - 1. Comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems" for firestopping and fire-resistive joint sealers.
- E. Insulation Installation at Floor Penetrations:
 - 1. Duct: For penetrations through fire-rated assemblies, terminate insulation at fire damper sleeves and externally insulate damper sleeve beyond floor to match adjacent duct insulation. Overlap damper sleeve and duct insulation at least 2 inches.
 - 2. Seal penetrations through fire-rated assemblies. Comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."

3.4 INSTALLATION OF MINERAL-FIBER INSULATION

- A. Blanket Insulation Installation on Ducts and Plenums: Secure with adhesive and insulation pins.
 - 1. Apply adhesives according to manufacturer's recommended coverage rates per unit area, for 100 percent coverage of duct and plenum surfaces.
 - 2. Apply adhesive to entire circumference of ducts and to all surfaces of fittings and transitions.
 - 3. Install either capacitor-discharge-weld pins and speed washers or cupped-head, capacitor-discharge-weld pins on sides and bottom of horizontal ducts and sides of vertical ducts as follows:
 - a. On duct sides with dimensions 18 inches and smaller, place pins along longitudinal centerline of duct. Space 3 inches maximum from insulation end joints, and 16 inches o.c.
 - b. On duct sides with dimensions larger than 18 inches, place pins 16 inches o.c. each way, and 3 inches maximum from insulation joints. Install additional pins to hold insulation tightly against surface at cross bracing.
 - c. Pins may be omitted from top surface of horizontal, rectangular ducts and plenums.
 - d. Do not overcompress insulation during installation.
 - e. Impale insulation over pins and attach speed washers.
 - f. Cut excess portion of pins extending beyond speed washers or bend parallel with insulation surface. Cover exposed pins and washers with tape matching insulation facing.
 - 4. For ducts and plenums with surface temperatures below ambient, install a continuous unbroken vapor barrier. Create a facing lap for longitudinal seams and end joints with insulation by removing 2 inches from one edge and one end of insulation segment. Secure laps to adjacent insulation section with 1/2-inch outward-clinching staples, 1 inch o.c. Install vapor barrier consisting of factory- or field-applied jacket, adhesive, vapor-barrier mastic, and sealant at joints, seams, and protrusions.
 - a. Repair punctures, tears, and penetrations with tape or mastic to maintain vapor-barrier seal.
 - b. Install vapor stops for ductwork and plenums operating below 50 deg F at 18-foot intervals. Vapor stops shall consist of vapor-barrier mastic applied in a Z-shaped pattern over insulation face, along butt end of insulation, and over the surface. Cover insulation face and surface to be insulated a width equal to two times the insulation thickness, but not less than 3 inches.
 - 5. Overlap unfaced blankets a minimum of 2 inches on longitudinal seams and end joints. At end joints, secure with steel bands spaced a maximum of 18 inches o.c.
 - 6. Install insulation on rectangular duct elbows and transitions with a full insulation section for each surface. Install insulation on round and flat-oval duct elbows with individually mitered gores cut to fit the elbow.
 - 7. Insulate duct stiffeners, hangers, and flanges that protrude beyond insulation surface with 6-inch- wide strips of same material used to insulate duct. Secure on alternating sides of stiffener, hanger, and flange with pins spaced 6 inches o.c.

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3.5 FIELD-APPLIED JACKET INSTALLATION

- A. Where FSK jackets are indicated, install as follows:
 - 1. Draw jacket material smooth and tight.
 - 2. Install lap or joint strips with same material as jacket.
 - 3. Secure jacket to insulation with manufacturer's recommended adhesive.
 - 4. Install jacket with 1-1/2-inch laps at longitudinal seams and 3-inch- wide joint strips at end joints.
 - 5. Seal openings, punctures, and breaks in vapor-retarder jackets and exposed insulation with vapor-barrier mastic.

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. All insulation applications will be considered defective Work if sample inspection reveals noncompliance with requirements.

3.7 DUCT INSULATION SCHEDULE, GENERAL

- A. Plenums and Ducts Requiring Insulation:
 - 1. Indoor, concealed supply and outdoor air.
 - 2. Indoor, exposed supply and outdoor air.
 - 3. Indoor, concealed return located in unconditioned space.
 - 4. Indoor, exposed return located in unconditioned space.

3.8 INDOOR DUCT AND PLENUM INSULATION SCHEDULE

- A. Concealed, Supply-Air Duct and Plenum Insulation: Mineral-fiber blanket, 1-1/2 inches thick and 0.75-lb/cu. ft. nominal density.
- B. Concealed, Return-Air Duct and Plenum Insulation: Mineral-fiber blanket, 1-1/2 inches thick and 0.75-lb/cu. ft. nominal density.
- C. Concealed, Outdoor-Air Duct and Plenum Insulation: Mineral-fiber blanket, 3 inches thick and 1.5-lb/cu. ft. nominal density.
- D. Exposed, Supply-Air Duct and Plenum Insulation: Mineral-fiber blanket, 1-1/2 inches thick and 0.75-lb/cu. ft. nominal density.
- E. Exposed, Return-Air Duct and Plenum Insulation: Mineral-fiber blanket, 1-1/2 inches thick and 0.75-lb/cu. ft. nominal density.
- F. Exposed, Outdoor-Air Duct and Plenum Insulation: Mineral-fiber blanket, 3 inches thick and 1.5-lb/cu. ft. nominal density.

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SECTION 15097 - ESCUTCHEONS FOR PLUMBING PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Escutcheons.
 - 2. Floor plates.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ESCUTCHEONS

- A. One-Piece, Cast-Brass Type: With polished, chrome-plated finish and setscrew fastener.
- B. One-Piece, Deep-Pattern Type: Deep-drawn, box-shaped brass with chrome-plated finish and spring-clip fasteners.
- C. One-Piece, Stamped-Steel Type: With chrome-plated finish and spring-clip fasteners.

2.2 FLOOR PLATES

A. One-Piece Floor Plates: Cast-iron flange with holes for fasteners.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install escutcheons for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and finished floors.
- B. Install escutcheons with ID to closely fit around pipe, tube, and insulation of piping and with OD that completely covers opening.
 - 1. Escutcheons for New Piping:
 - a. Piping with Fitting or Sleeve Protruding from Wall: One-piece, deep-pattern type.

- b. Chrome-Plated Piping: One-piece, cast-brass type with polished, chrome-plated finish.
- c. Insulated Piping: One-piece, stamped-steel type.
- d. Bare Piping at Wall and Floor Penetrations in Finished Spaces: One-piece, cast-brass type with polished, chrome-plated finish.
- e. Bare Piping at Wall and Floor Penetrations in Finished Spaces: One-piece, stamped-steel type.
- f. Bare Piping at Ceiling Penetrations in Finished Spaces: One-piece, cast-brass type with polished, chrome-plated finish.
- g. Bare Piping at Ceiling Penetrations in Finished Spaces: One-piece, stamped-steel type.
- C. Install floor plates for piping penetrations of equipment-room floors.
- D. Install floor plates with ID to closely fit around pipe, tube, and insulation of piping and with OD that completely covers opening.
 - 1. New Piping: One-piece, floor-plate type.

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Replace broken and damaged escutcheons and floor plates using new materials.

END OF SECTION 15097

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SECTION 15098 - ESCUTCHEONS FOR HVAC PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Escutcheons.
 - 2. Floor plates.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ESCUTCHEONS

- A. One-Piece, Cast-Brass Type: With polished, chrome-plated finish and setscrew fastener.
- B. One-Piece, Deep-Pattern Type: Deep-drawn, box-shaped brass with chrome-plated finish and spring-clip fasteners.
- C. One-Piece, Stamped-Steel Type: With chrome-plated finish and spring-clip fasteners.

2.2 FLOOR PLATES

A. One-Piece Floor Plates: Cast-iron flange with holes for fasteners.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install escutcheons for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and finished floors.
- B. Install escutcheons with ID to closely fit around pipe, tube, and insulation of piping and with OD that completely covers opening.
 - 1. Escutcheons for New Piping:
 - a. Piping with Fitting or Sleeve Protruding from Wall: One-piece, deep-pattern type.

- b. Chrome-Plated Piping: One-piece, cast-brass type with polished, chrome-plated finish.
- c. Insulated Piping: One-piece, stamped-steel type.
- d. Bare Piping at Wall and Floor Penetrations in Finished Spaces: One-piece, cast-brass type with polished, chrome-plated finish.
- e. Bare Piping at Wall and Floor Penetrations in Finished Spaces: One-piece, stamped-steel type.
- f. Bare Piping at Ceiling Penetrations in Finished Spaces: One-piece, cast-brass type with polished, chrome-plated finish.
- g. Bare Piping at Ceiling Penetrations in Finished Spaces: One-piece, stamped-steel type.
- C. Install floor plates for piping penetrations of equipment-room floors.
- D. Install floor plates with ID to closely fit around pipe, tube, and insulation of piping and with OD that completely covers opening.
 - 1. New Piping: One-piece, floor-plate type.

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Replace broken and damaged escutcheons and floor plates using new materials.

END OF SECTION 15098

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SECTION 15111 - GENERAL-DUTY VALVES FOR PLUMBING PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Brass ball valves.
- 2. Bronze ball valves.
- 3. Iron, single-flange butterfly valves.
- 4. Bronze swing check valves.
- 5. Iron swing check valves.
- 6. Iron swing check valves with closure control.
- 7. Bronze gate valves.
- 8. Iron gate valves.
- 9. Bronze globe valves.
- 10. Iron globe valves.
- 11. Chainwheels.

B. Related Sections:

- 1. Division 15 plumbing piping Sections for specialty valves applicable to those Sections only.
- 2. Division 15 Section "Identification for Plumbing Piping and Equipment" for valve tags and schedules.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of valve indicated.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. ASME Compliance: ASME B16.10 and ASME B16.34 for ferrous valve dimensions and design criteria.
- B. NSF Compliance: NSF 61 for valve materials for potable-water service.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR VALVES

A. Refer to valve schedule articles for applications of valves.

- B. Valve Pressure and Temperature Ratings: Not less than indicated and as required for system pressures and temperatures.
- C. Valve Sizes: Same as upstream piping unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Valve Actuator Types:
 - 1. Gear Actuator: For quarter-turn valves NPS 8 and larger.
 - 2. Handwheel: For valves other than quarter-turn types.
 - 3. Handlever: For quarter-turn valves NPS 6 and smaller.
 - 4. Chainwheel: Device for attachment to valve handwheel, stem, or other actuator; of size and with chain for mounting height, as indicated in the "Valve Installation" Article.
- E. Valves in Insulated Piping: With 2-inch stem extensions and the following features:
 - 1. Ball Valves: With extended operating handle of non-thermal-conductive material, and protective sleeve that allows operation of valve without breaking the vapor seal or disturbing insulation.
 - 2. Butterfly Valves: With extended neck.
- F. Valve-End Connections:
 - 1. Flanged: With flanges according to ASME B16.1 for iron valves.
 - 2. Solder Joint: With sockets according to ASME B16.18.
 - 3. Threaded: With threads according to ASME B1.20.1.

2.2 BRASS BALL VALVES

- A. Two-Piece, Full-Port, Brass Ball Valves with Brass Trim:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Crane Valves.
 - b. Milwaukee Valve Company.
 - c. NIBCO INC.
 - 2. Description:
 - a. Standard: MSS SP-110.
 - b. SWP Rating: 150 psig.
 - c. CWP Rating: 600 psig.
 - d. Body Design: Two piece.
 - e. Body Material: Forged brass.
 - f. Ends: Threaded.
 - g. Seats: PTFE or TFE.
 - h. Stem: Brass.
 - i. Ball: Chrome-plated brass.
 - j. Port: Full.

2.3 BRONZE BALL VALVES

- A. Two-Piece, Full-Port, Bronze Ball Valves with Bronze Trim:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. American Valve, Inc.
 - b. Conbraco Industries, Inc.; Apollo Valves.
 - c. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Crane Valves.
 - d. Milwaukee Valve Company.
 - e. NIBCO INC.
 - f. Watts Regulator Co.; a division of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.

2. Description:

- a. Standard: MSS SP-110.
- b. SWP Rating: 150 psig.
- c. CWP Rating: 600 psig.
- d. Body Design: Two piece.
- e. Body Material: Bronze.
- f. Ends: Threaded.
- g. Seats: PTFE or TFE.
- h. Stem: Bronze.
- i. Ball: Chrome-plated brass.
- j. Port: Full.

2.4 IRON, SINGLE-FLANGE BUTTERFLY VALVES

- A. 200 CWP, Iron, Single-Flange Butterfly Valves with EPDM Seat and Aluminum-Bronze Disc:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Stockham Division.
 - b. Milwaukee Valve Company.
 - c. NIBCO INC.
 - d. Watts Regulator Co.; a division of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.

2. Description:

- a. Standard: MSS SP-67, Type I.
- b. CWP Rating: 200 psig.
- c. Body Design: Lug type; suitable for bidirectional dead-end service at rated pressure without use of downstream flange.
- d. Body Material: ASTM A 126, cast iron or ASTM A 536, ductile iron.
- e. Seat: EPDM.
- f. Stem: One- or two-piece stainless steel.

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g. Disc: Aluminum bronze.

2.5 BRONZE SWING CHECK VALVES

- A. Class 125, Bronze Swing Check Valves with Bronze Disc:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. American Valve, Inc.
 - b. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Crane Valves.
 - c. Milwaukee Valve Company.
 - d. NIBCO INC.
 - e. Watts Regulator Co.; a division of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.
 - 2. Description:
 - a. Standard: MSS SP-80, Type 3.
 - b. CWP Rating: 200 psig.
 - c. Body Design: Horizontal flow.
 - d. Body Material: ASTM B 62, bronze.
 - e. Ends: Threaded.
 - f. Disc: Bronze.

2.6 IRON SWING CHECK VALVES

- A. Class 125, Iron Swing Check Valves with Metal Seats:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Crane Valves.
 - b. Milwaukee Valve Company.
 - c. NIBCO INC.
 - d. Watts Regulator Co.; a division of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.
 - 2. Description:
 - a. Standard: MSS SP-71, Type I.
 - b. CWP Rating: 200 psig.
 - c. Body Design: Clear or full waterway.
 - d. Body Material: ASTM A 126, gray iron with bolted bonnet.
 - e. Ends: Flanged.
 - f. Trim: Bronze.
 - g. Gasket: Asbestos free.

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3.1 VALVE INSTALLATION

- A. Install valves with unions or flanges at each piece of equipment arranged to allow service, maintenance, and equipment removal without system shutdown.
- B. Locate valves for easy access and provide separate support where necessary.
- C. Install valves in horizontal piping with stem at or above center of pipe.
- D. Install valves in position to allow full stem movement.

3.2 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust or replace valve packing after piping systems have been tested and put into service but before final adjusting and balancing. Replace valves if persistent leaking occurs.

3.3 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR VALVE APPLICATIONS

- A. If valve applications are not indicated, use the following:
 - 1. Shutoff Service: Ball, butterfly valves.
 - 2. Throttling Service: , ball, or butterfly valves.
 - 3. Pump-Discharge Check Valves:
 - a. NPS 2 and Smaller: Bronze swing check valves with bronze disc.
 - b. NPS 2-1/2 and Larger for Domestic Water: Iron swing check valves with lever and weight or with spring.
 - c. NPS 2-1/2 and Larger for Sanitary Waste and Storm Drainage: Iron swing check valves with lever and weight or spring.
- B. If valves with specified SWP classes or CWP ratings are not available, the same types of valves with higher SWP class or CWP ratings may be substituted.
- C. Select valves, except wafer types, with the following end connections:
 - 1. For Copper Tubing, NPS 2 and Smaller: Threaded ends except where solder-joint valveend option is indicated in valve schedules below.
 - 2. For Copper Tubing, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: Flanged ends except where threaded valve-end option is indicated in valve schedules below.
 - 3. For Copper Tubing, NPS 5 and Larger: Flanged ends.
 - 4. For Steel Piping, NPS 2 and Smaller: Threaded ends.
 - 5. For Steel Piping, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: Flanged ends except where threaded valve-end option is indicated in valve schedules below.
 - 6. For Steel Piping, NPS 5 and Larger: Flanged ends.

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3.4 DOMESTIC, HOT- AND COLD-WATER VALVE SCHEDULE

A. Pipe NPS 2 and Smaller:

- 1. Bronze and Brass Valves: May be provided with solder-joint ends instead of threaded ends.
- 2. Bronze Angle Valves: Class 125, bronze disc.
- 3. Ball Valves: One piece, full port, brass or bronze with brass trim.
- 4. Bronze Swing Check Valves: Class 125, bronze disc.

B. Pipe NPS 2-1/2 and Larger:

- 1. Iron Valves, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: May be provided with threaded ends instead of flanged ends.
- 2. Iron, Single-Flange Butterfly Valves: 200 CWP, EPDM seat, aluminum-bronze disc.
- 3. Iron Swing Check Valves: Class 125, metal seats.
- 4. Iron Swing Check Valves with Closure Control: Class 125, lever and spring.

END OF SECTION 15111

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SECTION 15112 - GENERAL-DUTY VALVES FOR HVAC PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Brass ball valves.
- 2. Bronze ball valves.
- 3. Iron, single-flange butterfly valves.
- 4. Bronze swing check valves.
- 5. Iron swing check valves.

B. Related Sections:

- 1. Division 15 HVAC piping Sections for specialty valves applicable to those Sections only.
- 2. Division 15 Section "Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment" for valve tags and schedules.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of valve indicated.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations for Valves: Obtain each type of valve from single source from single manufacturer.
- B. ASME Compliance: ASME B16.10 and ASME B16.34 for ferrous valve dimensions and design criteria.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR VALVES

- A. Refer to HVAC valve schedule articles for applications of valves.
- B. Valve Pressure and Temperature Ratings: Not less than indicated and as required for system pressures and temperatures.
- C. Valve Sizes: Same as upstream piping unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Valve Actuator Types:

- 1. Gear Actuator: For quarter-turn valves NPS 8 and larger.
- 2. Handwheel: For valves other than quarter-turn types.
- 3. Handlever: For quarter-turn valves NPS 6 and smaller.
- 4. Chainwheel: Device for attachment to valve handwheel, stem, or other actuator; of size and with chain for mounting height, as indicated in the "Valve Installation" Article.
- E. Valves in Insulated Piping: With 2-inch stem extensions and the following features:
 - 1. Ball Valves: With extended operating handle of non-thermal-conductive material, and protective sleeve that allows operation of valve without breaking the vapor seal or disturbing insulation.
 - 2. Butterfly Valves: With extended neck.

F. Valve-End Connections:

- 1. Flanged: With flanges according to ASME B16.1 for iron valves.
- 2. Solder Joint: With sockets according to ASME B16.18.
- 3. Threaded: With threads according to ASME B1.20.1.

2.2 BRASS BALL VALVES

- A. Two-Piece, Full-Port, Brass Ball Valves with Brass Trim:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Crane Valves.
 - b. Milwaukee Valve Company.
 - c. NIBCO INC.

2. Description:

- a. Standard: MSS SP-110.
- b. SWP Rating: 150 psig.
- c. CWP Rating: 600 psig.
- d. Body Design: Two piece.
- e. Body Material: Forged brass.
- f. Ends: Threaded.
- g. Seats: PTFE or TFE.
- h. Stem: Brass.
- i. Ball: Chrome-plated brass.
- j. Port: Full.

2.3 BRONZE BALL VALVES

A. Two-Piece, Full-Port, Bronze Ball Valves with Bronze Trim:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Crane Valves.
 - b. Milwaukee Valve Company.
 - c. NIBCO INC.
 - d. Watts Regulator Co.; a division of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.

2. Description:

- a. Standard: MSS SP-110.
- b. SWP Rating: 150 psig.
- c. CWP Rating: 600 psig.
- d. Body Design: Two piece.
- e. Body Material: Bronze.
- f. Ends: Threaded.
- g. Seats: PTFE or TFE.
- h. Stem: Bronze.
- i. Ball: Chrome-plated brass.
- i. Port: Full.

2.4 IRON, SINGLE-FLANGE BUTTERFLY VALVES

- A. 150 CWP, Iron, Single-Flange Butterfly Valves with EPDM Seat and Aluminum-Bronze Disc:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Cooper Cameron Valves; a division of Cooper Cameron Corp.
 - b. Crane Co.: Crane Valve Group: Jenkins Valves.
 - c. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Stockham Division.
 - d. DeZurik Water Controls.
 - e. Milwaukee Valve Company.
 - f. NIBCO INC.
 - g. Watts Regulator Co.; a division of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.

2. Description:

- a. Standard: MSS SP-67, Type I.
- b. CWP Rating: 150 psig.
- c. Body Design: Lug type; suitable for bidirectional dead-end service at rated pressure without use of downstream flange.
- d. Body Material: ASTM A 126, cast iron or ASTM A 536, ductile iron.
- e. Seat: EPDM.
- f. Stem: One- or two-piece stainless steel.
- g. Disc: Aluminum bronze.
- B. 200 CWP, Iron, Single-Flange Butterfly Valves with EPDM Seat and Aluminum-Bronze Disc:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Stockham Division.
 - b. Milwaukee Valve Company.
 - c. NIBCO INC.
 - d. Watts Regulator Co.; a division of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.

2. Description:

- a. Standard: MSS SP-67, Type I.
- b. CWP Rating: 200 psig.
- c. Body Design: Lug type; suitable for bidirectional dead-end service at rated pressure without use of downstream flange.
- d. Body Material: ASTM A 126, cast iron or ASTM A 536, ductile iron.
- e. Seat: EPDM.
- f. Stem: One- or two-piece stainless steel.
- g. Disc: Aluminum bronze.

2.5 BRONZE SWING CHECK VALVES

- A. Class 125, Bronze Swing Check Valves with Nonmetallic Disc:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Crane Valves.
 - b. Milwaukee Valve Company.
 - c. NIBCO INC.
 - d. Watts Regulator Co.; a division of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.

2. Description:

- a. Standard: MSS SP-80, Type 4.
- b. CWP Rating: 200 psig.
- c. Body Design: Horizontal flow.
- d. Body Material: ASTM B 62, bronze.
- e. Ends: Threaded.
- f. Disc: PTFE or TFE.
- B. Class 150, Bronze Swing Check Valves with Bronze Disc:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Stockham Division.
 - b. Milwaukee Valve Company.
 - c. NIBCO INC.

- 2. Description:
 - a. Standard: MSS SP-80, Type 3.
 - b. CWP Rating: 300 psig.
 - c. Body Design: Horizontal flow.
 - d. Body Material: ASTM B 62, bronze.
 - e. Ends: Threaded.
 - f. Disc: Bronze.

2.6 IRON SWING CHECK VALVES

- A. Class 125, Iron Swing Check Valves with Metal Seats:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Stockham Division.
 - b. Milwaukee Valve Company.
 - c. NIBCO INC.
 - d. Watts Regulator Co.; a division of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.
 - 2. Description:
 - a. Standard: MSS SP-71, Type I.
 - b. NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 12, CWP Rating: 200 psig.
 - c. NPS 14 to NPS 24, CWP Rating: 150 psig.
 - d. Body Design: Clear or full waterway.
 - e. Body Material: ASTM A 126, gray iron with bolted bonnet.
 - f. Ends: Flanged.
 - g. Trim: Bronze.
 - h. Gasket: Asbestos free.

2.7 IRON SWING CHECK VALVES WITH CLOSURE CONTROL

- A. Class 125, Iron Swing Check Valves with Lever and Weight-Closure Control:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Stockham Division.
 - b. Milwaukee Valve Company.
 - c. NIBCO INC.
 - d. Watts Regulator Co.; a division of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.
 - 2. Description:
 - a. Standard: MSS SP-71, Type I.

- b. NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 12, CWP Rating: 200 psig.
- c. NPS 14 to NPS 24, CWP Rating: 150 psig.
- d. Body Design: Clear or full waterway.
- e. Body Material: ASTM A 126, gray iron with bolted bonnet.
- f. Ends: Flanged.
- g. Trim: Bronze.
- h. Gasket: Asbestos free.
- i. Closure Control: Factory-installed, exterior lever and weight.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine valve interior for cleanliness, freedom from foreign matter, and corrosion. Remove special packing materials, such as blocks, used to prevent disc movement during shipping and handling.
- B. Operate valves in positions from fully open to fully closed. Examine guides and seats made accessible by such operations.
- C. Examine threads on valve and mating pipe for form and cleanliness.
- D. Examine mating flange faces for conditions that might cause leakage. Check bolting for proper size, length, and material. Verify that gasket is of proper size, that its material composition is suitable for service, and that it is free from defects and damage.
- E. Do not attempt to repair defective valves; replace with new valves.

3.2 VALVE INSTALLATION

- A. Install valves with unions or flanges at each piece of equipment arranged to allow service, maintenance, and equipment removal without system shutdown.
- B. Locate valves for easy access and provide separate support where necessary.
- C. Install valves in horizontal piping with stem at or above center of pipe.
- D. Install valves in position to allow full stem movement.
- E. Install swing check valves for proper direction of flow and in horizontal position with hinge pin level.

3.3 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust or replace valve packing after piping systems have been tested and put into service but before final adjusting and balancing. Replace valves if persistent leaking occurs.

3.4 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR VALVE APPLICATIONS

- A. If valve applications are not indicated, use the following:
 - 1. Shutoff Service: Ball, butterfly valves.
 - 2. Throttling Service, Except Steam: , ball, or butterfly valves.
 - 3. Pump-Discharge Check Valves:
 - a. NPS 2 and Smaller: Bronze swing check valves with bronze disc.
 - b. NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Iron swing check valves with lever and weight or with spring.
- B. If valves with specified SWP classes or CWP ratings are not available, the same types of valves with higher SWP classes or CWP ratings may be substituted.
- C. Select valves, except wafer types, with the following end connections:
 - 1. For Copper Tubing, NPS 2 and Smaller: Threaded ends except where solder-joint valveend option is indicated in valve schedules below.
 - 2. For Copper Tubing, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: Flanged ends except where threaded valve-end option is indicated in valve schedules below.
 - 3. For Copper Tubing, NPS 5 and Larger: Flanged ends.
 - 4. For Steel Piping, NPS 2 and Smaller: Threaded ends.
 - 5. For Steel Piping, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: Flanged ends except where threaded valve-end option is indicated in valve schedules below.
 - 6. For Steel Piping, NPS 5 and Larger: Flanged ends.

3.5 CHILLED-WATER VALVE SCHEDULE

- A. Pipe NPS 2 and Smaller:
 - 1. Bronze and Brass Valves: May be provided with solder-joint ends instead of threaded ends.
 - 2. Bronze Angle Valves: Class 150, bronze disc.
 - 3. Ball Valves: Two piece, full port, brass or bronze with brass trim.
 - 4. Bronze Swing Check Valves: Class 150, bronze disc.
- B. Pipe NPS 2-1/2 and Larger:
 - 1. Iron Valves, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: May be provided with threaded ends instead of flanged ends.
 - 2. Iron, Single-Flange Butterfly Valves, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 12: 200 CWP, EPDM seat, aluminum-bronze disc.
 - 3. Iron Swing Check Valves: Class 125, metal seats.
 - 4. Iron Swing Check Valves with Closure Control, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 12: Class 125, lever and weight.

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HEATING-WATER VALVE SCHEDULE

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3.6

A. Pipe NPS 2 and Smaller:

- 1. Bronze and Brass Valves: May be provided with solder-joint ends instead of threaded ends.
- 2. Ball Valves: Two piece, full port, brass or bronze with brass trim.
- 3. Bronze Swing Check Valves: Class 150, bronze disc.

B. Pipe NPS 2-1/2 and Larger:

- 1. Iron Valves, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: May be provided with threaded ends instead of flanged ends.
- 2. Iron, Single-Flange Butterfly Valves, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 12: 200 CWP, EPDM seat, aluminum-bronze disc.
- 3. Iron Swing Check Valves: Class 125, metal seats.
- 4. Iron Swing Check Valves with Closure Control, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 12: Class 125, lever and weight.

3.7 LOW-PRESSURE STEAM VALVE SCHEDULE (15 PSIG OR LESS)

A. Pipe NPS 2 and Smaller:

- 1. Ball Valves: Two piece, full port, brass or bronze with brass trim.
- 2. Bronze Swing Check Valves: Class 150, bronze disc.

B. Pipe NPS 2-1/2 and Larger:

- 1. Iron Valves, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: May be provided with threaded ends instead of flanged ends.
- 2. Iron Swing Check Valves: Class 250, metal seats.
- 3. Iron Swing Check Valves with Closure Control, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 12: Class 125, lever and weight.

3.8 STEAM-CONDENSATE VALVE SCHEDULE

A. Pipe NPS 2 and Smaller:

- 1. Ball Valves: Two piece, full port, brass or bronze with brass trim.
- 2. Bronze Swing Check Valves: Class 150, bronze disc.

B. Pipe NPS 2-1/2 and Larger:

- 1. Iron Valves, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: May be provided with threaded ends instead of flanged ends.
- 2. Iron Swing Check Valves: Class 125, metal seats.
- 3. Iron Swing Check Valves with Closure Control: Class 125, lever and weight.

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SECTION 15126 - METERS AND GAGES FOR PLUMBING PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Bimetallic-actuated thermometers.
- 2. Liquid-in-glass thermometers.
- 3. Thermowells.
- 4. Dial-type pressure gages.
- 5. Gage attachments.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Product certificates.
- C. Operation and maintenance data.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 BIMETALLIC-ACTUATED THERMOMETERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Trerice, H. O. Co.
 - 2. Watts Regulator Co.; a div. of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.
- B. Standard: ASME B40.200.
- C. Case: Liquid-filled and sealed type(s); stainless steel with 3-inch nominal diameter.
- D. Dial: Nonreflective aluminum with permanently etched scale markings and scales in deg F.
- E. Connector Type(s): Union joint, adjustable angle, with unified-inch screw threads.
- F. Connector Size: 1/2 inch, with ASME B1.1 screw threads.
- G. Stem: 0.25 or 0.375 inch in diameter; stainless steel.
- H. Ring: Stainless steel.

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- I. Element: Bimetal coil.
- J. Pointer: Dark-colored metal.
- K. Accuracy: Plus or minus 1 percent of scale range.

2.2 LIQUID-IN-GLASS THERMOMETERS

- A. Metal-Case, Industrial-Style, Liquid-in-Glass Thermometers:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Tel-Tru Manufacturing Company.
 - b. Trerice, H. O. Co.
 - c. Weiss Instruments, Inc.
 - 2. Standard: ASME B40.200.
 - 3. Case: Cast aluminum; 7-inch nominal size unless otherwise indicated.
 - 4. Case Form: Adjustable angle unless otherwise indicated.
 - 5. Tube: Glass with magnifying lens and blue or red organic liquid.
 - 6. Tube Background: Nonreflective aluminum with permanently etched scale markings graduated in deg F.
 - 7. Stem: Aluminum and of length to suit installation.
 - a. Design for Thermowell Installation: Bare stem.
 - 8. Connector: 1-1/4 inches, with ASME B1.1 screw threads.
 - 9. Accuracy: Plus or minus 1 percent of scale range or one scale division, to a maximum of 1.5 percent of scale range.

2.3 THERMOWELLS

A. Thermowells:

- 1. Standard: ASME B40.200.
- 2. Description: Pressure-tight, socket-type fitting made for insertion into piping tee fitting.
- 3. Type: Stepped shank unless straight or tapered shank is indicated.
- 4. External Threads: NPS 1/2, NPS 3/4, or NPS 1, ASME B1.20.1 pipe threads.
- 5. Internal Threads: 1/2, 3/4, and 1 inch, with ASME B1.1 screw threads.
- 6. Bore: Diameter required to match thermometer bulb or stem.
- 7. Insertion Length: Length required to match thermometer bulb or stem.
- 8. Lagging Extension: Include on thermowells for insulated piping and tubing.
- 9. Bushings: For converting size of thermowell's internal screw thread to size of thermometer connection.

2.4 PRESSURE GAGES

- A. Direct-Mounted, Metal-Case, Dial-Type Pressure Gages:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. AMETEK, Inc.; U.S. Gauge.
 - b. Tel-Tru Manufacturing Company.
 - c. Trerice, H. O. Co.
 - d. Watts Regulator Co.; a div. of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.
 - e. Weiss Instruments, Inc.
 - 2. Standard: ASME B40.100.
 - 3. Case: Sealed type(s); cast aluminum or drawn steel; 4-1/2-inch nominal diameter.
 - 4. Pressure-Element Assembly: Bourdon tube unless otherwise indicated.
 - 5. Pressure Connection: Brass, with NPS 1/4 or NPS 1/2, ASME B1.20.1 pipe threads and bottom-outlet type unless back-outlet type is indicated.
 - 6. Movement: Mechanical, with link to pressure element and connection to pointer.
 - 7. Dial: Nonreflective aluminum with permanently etched scale markings graduated in psi.
 - 8. Pointer: Dark-colored metal.
 - 9. Accuracy: Grade A, plus or minus 1 percent of middle half of scale range.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install thermowells with socket extending to center of pipe and in vertical position in piping tees.
- B. Install thermowells of sizes required to match thermometer connectors. Include bushings if required to match sizes.
- C. Install thermowells with extension on insulated piping.
- D. Fill thermowells with heat-transfer medium.
- E. Install direct-mounted thermometers in thermowells and adjust vertical and tilted positions.
- F. Install direct-mounted pressure gages in piping tees with pressure gage located on pipe at the most readable position.
- G. Install thermometers in the following locations:
 - 1. Inlet and outlet of each water heater.
 - 2. Inlet and outlet of each domestic hot-water storage tank.
- H. Install pressure gages in the following locations:

- 1. Building water service entrance into building.
- 2. Inlet and outlet of each pressure-reducing valve.
- 3. Suction and discharge of each domestic water pump.
- I. Install meters and gages adjacent to machines and equipment to allow service and maintenance of meters, gages, machines, and equipment.
- J. Adjust faces of meters and gages to proper angle for best visibility.

3.2 THERMOMETER SCHEDULE

- A. Thermometers at inlet and outlet of each domestic water heater shall be one of the following:
 - 1. Liquid-filled, bimetallic-actuated type.
 - 2. Industrial-style, liquid-in-glass type.
- B. Thermometers at inlet and outlet of each domestic hot-water storage tank shall be one of the following:
 - 1. Liquid-filled, bimetallic-actuated type.
 - 2. Industrial-style, liquid-in-glass type.
- C. Thermometer stems shall be of length to match thermowell insertion length.

3.3 THERMOMETER SCALE-RANGE SCHEDULE

- A. Scale Range for Domestic Cold-Water Piping: 0 to 100 deg F.
- B. Scale Range for Domestic Hot-Water Piping: 0 to 250 deg F.

3.4 PRESSURE-GAGE SCHEDULE

- A. Pressure gages at discharge of each water service into building shall be one of the following:
 - 1. Sealed, direct-mounted, metal case.
- B. Pressure gages at inlet and outlet of each water pressure-reducing valve shall be the following:
 - 1. Sealed, direct-mounted, metal case.
- C. Pressure gages at suction and discharge of each domestic water pump shall be the following:
 - 1. Liquid-filled Sealed, direct-mounted, metal case.

3.5 PRESSURE-GAGE SCALE-RANGE SCHEDULE

A. Scale Range for Water Service Piping: 0 to 160 psi.

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END OF SECTION 15126

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SECTION 15127 - METERS AND GAGES FOR HVAC PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Bimetallic-actuated thermometers.
- 2. Liquid-in-glass thermometers.
- 3. Thermowells.
- 4. Dial-type pressure gages.
- 5. Gage attachments.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Product certificates.
- D. Operation and maintenance data.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 BIMETALLIC-ACTUATED THERMOMETERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Ashcroft Inc.
 - 2. Tel-Tru Manufacturing Company.
 - 3. Trerice, H. O. Co.
 - 4. Watts Regulator Co.; a div. of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.
 - 5. Weiss Instruments, Inc.
- B. Standard: ASME B40.200.
- C. Case: Liquid-filled and sealed type(s); stainless steel with 5-inch nominal diameter.
- D. Dial: Nonreflective aluminum with permanently etched scale markings and scales in deg F.
- E. Connector Type(s): Union joint, adjustable angle, with unified-inch screw threads.
- F. Connector Size: 1/2 inch, with ASME B1.1 screw threads.

- G. Stem: 0.25 or 0.375 inch in diameter; stainless steel.
- H. Ring: Stainless steel.
- I. Element: Bimetal coil.
- J. Pointer: Dark-colored metal.
- K. Accuracy: Plus or minus 1 percent of scale range.

2.2 LIQUID-IN-GLASS THERMOMETERS

- A. Metal-Case, Industrial-Style, Liquid-in-Glass Thermometers:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Tel-Tru Manufacturing Company.
 - b. Trerice, H. O. Co.
 - c. Weiss Instruments, Inc.
 - 2. Standard: ASME B40,200.
 - 3. Case: Cast aluminum; 7-inch nominal size unless otherwise indicated.
 - 4. Case Form: Adjustable angle unless otherwise indicated.
 - 5. Tube: Glass with magnifying lens and blue or red organic liquid.
 - 6. Tube Background: Nonreflective aluminum with permanently etched scale markings graduated in deg F.
 - 7. Stem: Aluminum and of length to suit installation.
 - a. Design for Thermowell Installation: Bare stem.
 - 8. Connector: 1-1/4 inches, with ASME B1.1 screw threads.
 - 9. Accuracy: Plus or minus 1 percent of scale range or one scale division, to a maximum of 1.5 percent of scale range.

2.3 THERMOWELLS

A. Thermowells:

- 1. Standard: ASME B40.200.
- 2. Description: Pressure-tight, socket-type fitting made for insertion into piping tee fitting.
- 3. Material for Use with Copper Tubing: CNR or CUNI.
- 4. Material for Use with Steel Piping: CRES CSA.
- 5. Type: Stepped shank unless straight or tapered shank is indicated.
- 6. External Threads: NPS 1/2, NPS 3/4, or NPS 1, ASME B1.20.1 pipe threads.
- 7. Internal Threads: 1/2, 3/4, and 1 inch, with ASME B1.1 screw threads.
- 8. Bore: Diameter required to match thermometer bulb or stem.
- 9. Insertion Length: Length required to match thermometer bulb or stem.

- 10. Lagging Extension: Include on thermowells for insulated piping and tubing.
- 11. Bushings: For converting size of thermowell's internal screw thread to size of thermometer connection.

2.4 PRESSURE GAGES

- A. Direct-Mounted, Metal-Case, Dial-Type Pressure Gages:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. AMETEK, Inc.; U.S. Gauge.
 - b. Tel-Tru Manufacturing Company.
 - c. Trerice, H. O. Co.
 - d. Watts Regulator Co.; a div. of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.
 - e. Weiss Instruments, Inc.
 - 2. Standard: ASME B40.100.
 - 3. Case: Sealed type(s); cast aluminum or drawn steel; 4-1/2-inch nominal diameter.
 - 4. Pressure-Element Assembly: Bourdon tube unless otherwise indicated.
 - 5. Pressure Connection: Brass, with NPS 1/4 or NPS 1/2, ASME B1.20.1 pipe threads and bottom-outlet type unless back-outlet type is indicated.
 - 6. Movement: Mechanical, with link to pressure element and connection to pointer.
 - 7. Dial: Nonreflective aluminum with permanently etched scale markings graduated in psi.
 - 8. Pointer: Dark-colored metal.
 - 9. Ring: Brass.
 - 10. Accuracy: Grade B, plus or minus 2 percent of middle half of scale range.

2.5 GAGE ATTACHMENTS

A. Valves: Brass ball Brass or stainless-steel needle, with NPS 1/4 or NPS 1/2, ASME B1.20.1 pipe threads.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install thermowells with socket extending to center of pipe and in vertical position in piping tees.
- B. Install thermowells of sizes required to match thermometer connectors. Include bushings if required to match sizes.
- C. Install thermowells with extension on insulated piping.
- D. Fill thermowells with heat-transfer medium.

- E. Install direct-mounted thermometers in thermowells and adjust vertical and tilted positions.
- F. Install direct-mounted pressure gages in piping tees with pressure gage located on pipe at the most readable position.
- G. Install valve and snubber in piping for each pressure gage for fluids (except steam).
- H. Assemble and install connections, tubing, and accessories between flow-measuring elements and flowmeters according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- I. Install thermometers in the following locations:
 - 1. Inlet and outlet of each hydronic boiler.
 - 2. Two inlets and two outlets of each chiller.
 - 3. Inlet and outlet of each hydronic coil in air-handling units but not fan coil units.
 - 4. Two inlets and two outlets of each hydronic heat exchanger.
- J. Install pressure gages in the following locations:
 - 1. Discharge of each pressure-reducing valve.
 - 2. Inlet and outlet of each chiller chilled-water connection.
 - 3. Suction and discharge of each pump.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

A. Install meters and gages adjacent to machines and equipment to allow service and maintenance of meters, gages, machines, and equipment.

3.3 ADJUSTING

- A. After installation, calibrate meters according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Adjust faces of meters and gages to proper angle for best visibility.

3.4 THERMOMETER SCHEDULE

- A. Thermometers at inlet and outlet of each hydronic zone shall be one of the following:
 - 1. Liquid-filled, bimetallic-actuated type.
 - 2. Industrial-style, liquid-in-glass type.
- B. Thermometers at inlet and outlet of each hydronic boiler shall be one of the following:
 - 1. Liquid-filled, bimetallic-actuated type.
 - 2. Industrial-style, liquid-in-glass type.
- C. Thermometers at inlets and outlets of each chiller shall be one of the following:
 - 1. Liquid-filled, bimetallic-actuated type.

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- 2. Industrial-style, liquid-in-glass type.
- D. Thermometers at inlet and outlet of each hydronic coil in air-handling units and built-up central systems shall be one of the following:
 - 1. Liquid-filled, bimetallic-actuated type.
 - 2. Industrial-style, liquid-in-glass type.
- E. Thermometers at inlets and outlets of each hydronic heat exchanger shall be one of the following:
 - 1. Liquid-filled, bimetallic-actuated type.
 - 2. Industrial-style, liquid-in-glass type.
- F. Thermometers at inlet and outlet of each hydronic heat-recovery unit shall be one of the following:
 - 1. Liquid-filled, bimetallic-actuated type.
 - 2. Industrial-style, liquid-in-glass type.
- G. Thermometer stems shall be of length to match thermowell insertion length.

3.5 THERMOMETER SCALE-RANGE SCHEDULE

- A. Scale Range for Chilled-Water Piping: 0 to 100 deg F.
- B. Scale Range for Heating, Hot-Water Piping: 20 to 240 deg F.
- C. Scale Range for Steam and Steam-Condensate Piping: 20 to 240 deg F.

3.6 PRESSURE-GAGE SCHEDULE

- A. Pressure gages at discharge of each pressure-reducing valve shall be the following:
 - 1. Sealed, direct-mounted, metal case.
- B. Pressure gages at inlet and outlet of each chiller chilled-water and condenser-water connection shall be the following:
 - 1. Sealed, direct remote-mounted, metal case.
- C. Pressure gages at suction and discharge of each pump shall be the following:
 - 1. Sealed, direct remote-mounted, metal case.

3.7 PRESSURE-GAGE SCALE-RANGE SCHEDULE

A. Scale Range for Chilled-Water Piping: 0 to 160 psi.

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- Scale Range for Steam Piping: 0 to 100 psi. C.

END OF SECTION 15127

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SECTION 15140 - DOMESTIC WATER PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Under-building slab and aboveground domestic water pipes, tubes, fittings, and specialties inside the building.
- 2. Specialty valves.
- 3. Flexible connectors.
- 4. Water meters furnished by utility company for installation by Contractor.
- 5. Water meters.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Seismic Performance: Domestic water piping and support and installation shall withstand effects of earthquake motions determined according to ASCE/SEI 7.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Field quality-control reports.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Piping materials shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PIPING MATERIALS

A. Comply with requirements in "Piping Schedule" Article for applications of pipe, tube, fitting materials, and joining methods for specific services, service locations, and pipe sizes.

2.2 COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS

- A. Hard Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, Type L water tube, drawn temper.
 - 1. Wrought-Copper Solder-Joint Fittings: ASME B16.22, wrought-copper pressure fittings.
 - 2. Bronze Flanges: ASME B16.24, Class 150, with solder-joint ends.

3. Copper Unions: MSS SP-123, cast-copper-alloy, hexagonal-stock body, with ball-and-socket, metal-to-metal seating surfaces, and solder-joint or threaded ends.

2.3 PIPING JOINING MATERIALS

- A. Pipe-Flange Gasket Materials: AWWA C110, rubber, flat face, 1/8 inch thick or ASME B16.21, nonmetallic and asbestos free, unless otherwise indicated; full-face or ring type unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Metal, Pipe-Flange Bolts and Nuts: ASME B18.2.1, carbon steel unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Solder Filler Metals: ASTM B 32, lead-free alloys. Include water-flushable flux according to ASTM B 813.
- D. Brazing Filler Metals: AWS A5.8/A5.8M, BCuP Series, copper-phosphorus alloys for general-duty brazing unless otherwise indicated.

2.4 SPECIALTY VALVES

- A. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "General-Duty Valves for Plumbing Piping" for general-duty metal valves.
- B. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Piping Specialties" for balancing valves, drain valves, backflow preventers, and vacuum breakers.

2.5 TRANSITION FITTINGS

- A. Fitting-Type Transition Couplings: Manufactured piping coupling or specified piping system fitting.
- B. Sleeve-Type Transition Coupling: AWWA C219.

2.6 DIELECTRIC FITTINGS

- A. General Requirements: Assembly of copper alloy and ferrous materials or ferrous material body with separating nonconductive insulating material suitable for system fluid, pressure, and temperature.
- B. Dielectric Unions:
 - 1. Description:
 - a. Pressure Rating: 150 psig at 180 deg F.
 - b. End Connections: Solder-joint copper alloy and threaded ferrous.

C. Dielectric Flanges:

1. Description:

- a. Factory-fabricated, bolted, companion-flange assembly.
- b. Pressure Rating: 150 psig.
- c. End Connections: Solder-joint copper alloy and threaded ferrous; threaded solder-joint copper alloy and threaded ferrous.

D. Dielectric-Flange Kits:

- 1. Description:
 - a. Nonconducting materials for field assembly of companion flanges.
 - b. Pressure Rating: 150 psig.
 - c. Gasket: Neoprene or phenolic.
 - d. Bolt Sleeves: Phenolic or polyethylene.
 - e. Washers: Phenolic with steel backing washers.

E. Dielectric Nipples:

- 1. Description:
 - a. Electroplated steel nipple.
 - b. Pressure Rating: 300 psig at 225 deg F.
 - c. End Connections: Male threaded or grooved.
 - d. Lining: Inert and noncorrosive, propylene.

2.7 FLEXIBLE CONNECTORS

- A. Bronze-Hose Flexible Connectors: Corrugated-bronze tubing with bronze wire-braid covering and ends brazed to inner tubing.
 - 1. Working-Pressure Rating: Minimum 200 psig.
 - 2. End Connections NPS 2 and Smaller: Threaded copper pipe or plain-end copper tube.
 - 3. End Connections NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Flanged copper alloy.
- B. Stainless-Steel-Hose Flexible Connectors: Corrugated-stainless-steel tubing with stainless-steel wire-braid covering and ends welded to inner tubing.
 - 1. Working-Pressure Rating: Minimum 200 psig.
 - 2. End Connections NPS 2 and Smaller: Threaded steel-pipe nipple.
 - 3. End Connections NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Flanged steel nipple.

2.8 WATER METERS

- A. Displacement-Type Water Meters:
 - 1. Description:
 - a. Standard: AWWA C700.
 - b. Pressure Rating: 150-psig working pressure.
 - c. Body Design: Nutating disc; totalization meter.

- d. Registration: In gallons or cubic feet as required by utility.
- e. Case: Bronze.
- f. End Connections: Threaded.

B. Compound-Type Water Meters:

1. Description:

- a. Standard: AWWA C702.
- b. Pressure Rating: 150-psig working pressure.
- c. Body Design: With integral mainline and bypass meters; totalization meter.
- d. Registration: In gallons or cubic feet as required by utility company.
- e. Case: Bronze.
- f. Pipe Connections: Flanged.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of domestic water piping. Indicated locations and arrangements are used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, and other design considerations. Install piping as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Coordination Drawings.
- B. Install copper tubing under building slab according to CDA's "Copper Tube Handbook."
- C. Install shutoff valve, hose-end drain valve, strainer, pressure gage, and test tee with valve, inside the building at each domestic water service entrance. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Meters and Gages for Plumbing Piping" for pressure gages and Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Piping Specialties" for drain valves and strainers.
- D. Install shutoff valve immediately upstream of each dielectric fitting.
- E. Install water-pressure-reducing valves downstream from shutoff valves. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Piping Specialties" for pressure-reducing valves.
- F. Install domestic water piping level without pitch and plumb.
- G. Rough-in domestic water piping for water-meter installation according to utility company's requirements.
- H. Install piping concealed from view and protected from physical contact by building occupants unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- I. Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.

- J. Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal, and coordinate with other services occupying that space.
- K. Install piping adjacent to equipment and specialties to allow service and maintenance.
- L. Install piping to permit valve servicing.
- M. Install nipples, unions, special fittings, and valves with pressure ratings the same as or higher than system pressure rating used in applications below unless otherwise indicated.
- N. Install piping free of sags and bends.
- O. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- P. Install unions in copper tubing at final connection to each piece of equipment, machine, and specialty.
- Q. Install pressure gages on suction and discharge piping from each plumbing pump and packaged booster pump. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Meters and Gages for Plumbing Piping" for pressure gages.
- R. Install thermostats in hot-water circulation piping. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Pumps" for thermostats.
- S. Install thermometers on inlet and outlet piping from each water heater. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Meters and Gages for Plumbing Piping" for thermometers.
- T. Install sleeves for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for sleeves specified in Division 15 Section "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Plumbing Piping."
- U. Install escutcheons for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for escutcheons specified in Division 15 Section "Escutcheons for Plumbing Piping."

3.2 JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Ream ends of pipes and tubes and remove burrs. Bevel plain ends of steel pipe.
- B. Remove scale, slag, dirt, and debris from inside and outside of pipes, tubes, and fittings before assembly.
- C. Threaded Joints: Thread pipe with tapered pipe threads according to ASME B1.20.1. Cut threads full and clean using sharp dies. Ream threaded pipe ends to remove burrs and restore full ID. Join pipe fittings and valves as follows:
 - 1. Apply appropriate tape or thread compound to external pipe threads.
 - 2. Damaged Threads: Do not use pipe or pipe fittings with threads that are corroded or damaged.

- D. Brazed Joints: Join copper tube and fittings according to CDA's "Copper Tube Handbook," "Brazed Joints" Chapter.
- E. Soldered Joints: Apply ASTM B 813, water-flushable flux to end of tube. Join copper tube and fittings according to ASTM B 828 or CDA's "Copper Tube Handbook."
- F. Flanged Joints: Select appropriate asbestos-free, nonmetallic gasket material in size, type, and thickness suitable for domestic water service. Join flanges with gasket and bolts according to ASME B31.9.
- G. Dissimilar-Material Piping Joints: Make joints using adapters compatible with materials of both piping systems.

3.3 VALVE INSTALLATION

- A. General-Duty Valves: Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "General-Duty Valves for Plumbing Piping" for valve installations.
- B. Install shutoff valve close to water main on each branch and riser serving plumbing fixtures or equipment, on each water supply to equipment, and on each water supply to plumbing fixtures that do not have supply stops. Use ball or gate valves for piping NPS 2 and smaller. Use butterfly or gate valves for piping NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
- C. Install drain valves for equipment at base of each water riser, at low points in horizontal piping, and where required to drain water piping. Drain valves are specified in Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Piping Specialties."
 - 1. Hose-End Drain Valves: At low points in water mains, risers, and branches.
- D. Install balancing valve in each hot-water circulation return branch and discharge side of each pump and circulator. Set balancing valves partly open to restrict but not stop flow. Use ball valves for piping NPS 2 and smaller and butterfly valves for piping NPS 2-1/2 and larger. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Piping Specialties" for balancing valves.

3.4 TRANSITION FITTING INSTALLATION

A. Install transition couplings at joints of dissimilar piping.

3.5 DIELECTRIC FITTING INSTALLATION

- A. Install dielectric fittings in piping at connections of dissimilar metal piping and tubing.
- B. Dielectric Fittings for NPS 2 and Smaller: Use dielectric unions.
- C. Dielectric Fittings for NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: Use dielectric flanges.
- D. Dielectric Fittings for NPS 5 to NPS 6: Use dielectric flange kits.

3.6

pump.

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- A. Install flexible connectors in suction and discharge piping connections to each domestic water
 - B. Install bronze-hose flexible connectors in copper domestic water tubing.
 - C. Install stainless-steel-hose flexible connectors in steel domestic water piping.

3.7 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Vibration and Seismic Controls for Plumbing Piping and Equipment" for seismic-restraint devices.
- B. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports for Plumbing Piping and Equipment" for pipe hanger and support products and installation.
 - Vertical Piping: MSS Type 8 or 42, clamps. 1.
 - 2. Individual, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs:
 - 100 Feet and Less: MSS Type 1, adjustable, steel clevis hangers. a.
 - b. Longer Than 100 Feet: MSS Type 43, adjustable roller hangers.
 - 3. Base of Vertical Piping: MSS Type 52, spring hangers.
- C. Support vertical piping and tubing at base and at each floor.
- D. Install hangers for copper tubing with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
 - NPS 3/4 and Smaller: 60 inches with 3/8-inch rod. 1.
 - NPS 1 and NPS 1-1/4: 72 inches with 3/8-inch rod. 2.
 - 3. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS 2: 96 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
 - NPS 2-1/2: 108 inches with 1/2-inch rod. 4.
 - NPS 3 to NPS 5: 10 feet with 1/2-inch rod. 5.
 - 6. NPS 6: 10 feet with 5/8-inch rod.
- Install supports for vertical copper tubing every 10 feet. E.
- F. Install supports for vertical steel piping every 15 feet.
- Support piping and tubing not listed in this article according to MSS SP-69 and manufacturer's G. written instructions.

3.8 **CONNECTIONS**

- A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- Install piping adjacent to equipment and machines to allow service and maintenance. B.

- C. Connect domestic water piping to exterior water-service piping. Use transition fitting to join dissimilar piping materials.
- D. Connect domestic water piping to water-service piping with shutoff valve; extend and connect to the following:
 - 1. Domestic Water Booster Pumps: Cold-water suction and discharge piping.
 - 2. Water Heaters: Cold-water inlet and hot-water outlet piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than sizes of water heater connections.
 - 3. Plumbing Fixtures: Cold- and hot-water supply piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by plumbing code. Comply with requirements in Division 15 plumbing fixture Sections for connection sizes.
 - 4. Equipment: Cold- and hot-water supply piping as indicated, but not smaller than equipment connections. Provide shutoff valve and union for each connection. Use flanges instead of unions for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.

3.9 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify system components. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Identification for Plumbing Piping and Equipment" for identification materials and installation.
- B. Label pressure piping with system operating pressure.

3.10 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Piping Inspections:
 - 1. Do not enclose, cover, or put piping into operation until it has been inspected and approved by authorities having jurisdiction.

C. Piping Tests:

- 1. Fill domestic water piping. Check components to determine that they are not air bound and that piping is full of water.
- 2. Test for leaks and defects in new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired. If testing is performed in segments, submit a separate report for each test, complete with diagram of portion of piping tested.
- 3. Leave new, altered, extended, or replaced domestic water piping uncovered and unconcealed until it has been tested and approved. Expose work that was covered or concealed before it was tested.
- 4. Cap and subject piping to static water pressure of 50 psig above operating pressure, without exceeding pressure rating of piping system materials. Isolate test source and allow to stand for four hours. Leaks and loss in test pressure constitute defects that must be repaired.
- 5. Repair leaks and defects with new materials and retest piping or portion thereof until satisfactory results are obtained.
- 6. Prepare reports for tests and for corrective action required.

- D. Domestic water piping will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- E. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.11 CLEANING

- A. Clean and disinfect potable domestic water piping as follows:
 - 1. Purge new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired before using.
 - a. Flush piping system with clean, potable water until dirty water does not appear at outlets
- B. Clean interior of domestic water piping system. Remove dirt and debris as work progresses.

3.12 PIPING SCHEDULE

- A. Transition and special fittings with pressure ratings at least equal to piping rating may be used in applications below unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Flanges and unions may be used for aboveground piping joints unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Under-building-slab, domestic water, building-service piping, NPS 4 to NPS 6, shall be one of the following:
 - 1. Push-on-joint, ductile-iron pipe; standard- or compact- pattern push-on-joint fittings; and gasketed joints.
- D. Under-building-slab, domestic water piping, NPS 2 and smaller, shall be one of the following:
 - 1. Hard or soft copper tube, ASTM B 88, Type L; wrought-copper solder-joint fittings; and brazed joints.
- E. Aboveground domestic water piping, NPS 2 and smaller, shall be the following:
 - 1. Hard copper tube, ASTM B 88, Type L; wrought- copper solder-joint fittings; and soldered joints.
- F. Aboveground domestic water piping, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4, shall be the following:
 - 1. Hard copper tube, ASTM B 88, Type L; wrought- copper solder-joint fittings; and soldered joints.
- G. Aboveground domestic water piping, NPS 5 and NPS 6, shall be the following:
 - 1. Hard copper tube, ASTM B 88, Type L; wrought- copper solder-joint fittings; and soldered joints.

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3.13 VALVE SCHEDULE

- A. Drawings indicate valve types to be used. Where specific valve types are not indicated, the following requirements apply:
 - 1. Shutoff Duty: Use ball or gate valves for piping NPS 2 and smaller. Use butterfly, ball, or gate valves with flanged ends for piping NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
 - 2. Throttling Duty: Use ball or globe valves for piping NPS 2 and smaller. Use butterfly or ball valves with flanged ends for piping NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
 - 3. Hot-Water Circulation Piping, Balancing Duty: Memory-stop balancing valves.
 - 4. Drain Duty: Hose-end drain valves.
- B. Use check valves to maintain correct direction of domestic water flow to and from equipment.
- C. Iron grooved-end valves may be used with grooved-end piping.

END OF SECTION 15140

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SECTION 15145 - DOMESTIC WATER PIPING SPECIALTIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following domestic water piping specialties:
 - 1. Vacuum breakers.
 - 2. Backflow preventers.
 - 3. Water pressure-reducing valves.
 - 4. Balancing valves.
 - 5. Temperature-actuated water mixing valves.
 - 6. Strainers.
 - 7. Hose bibbs.
 - 8. Wall hydrants.
 - 9. Drain valves.
 - 10. Water hammer arresters.
 - 11. Trap-seal primer valves.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Minimum Working Pressure for Domestic Water Piping Specialties: 125 psig, unless otherwise indicated.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Field quality-control test reports.
- C. Operation and maintenance data.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. NSF Compliance:

- 1. Comply with NSF 14, "Plastics Piping Components and Related Materials," for plastic domestic water piping components.
- 2. Comply with NSF 61, "Drinking Water System Components Health Effects; Sections 1 through 9."

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2.1 VACUUM BREAKERS

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- A. Pipe-Applied, Atmospheric-Type Vacuum Breakers:
 - 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Ames Co.
 - b. Toro Company (The); Irrigation Div.
 - c. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.
 - d. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Wilkins Div.
 - 2. Standard: ASSE 1001.
 - 3. Size: NPS 1/4 to NPS 3, as required to match connected piping.
 - 4. Body: Bronze.
 - 5. Inlet and Outlet Connections: Threaded.

B. Hose-Connection Vacuum Breakers:

- 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Arrowhead Brass Products, Inc.
 - b. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.
 - c. Woodford Manufacturing Company.
 - d. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Wilkins Div.
- 2. Standard: ASSE 1001.
- 3. Body: Bronze, nonremovable, with manual drain.
- 4. Outlet Connection: Garden-hose threaded complying with ASME B1.20.7.

2.2 BACKFLOW PREVENTERS

- A. Reduced-Pressure-Principle Backflow Preventers:
 - 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.
 - b. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Wilkins Div.
 - 2. Standard: ASSE 1013.
 - 3. Operation: Continuous-pressure applications.
 - 4. Pressure Loss: 12 psig maximum, through middle 1/3 of flow range.

- 5. Body: Bronze for NPS 2 and smaller; steel with interior lining complying with AWWA C550 or that is FDA approved stainless steel for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
- 6. End Connections: Threaded for NPS 2 and smaller; flanged for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
- 7. Accessories:
 - a. Valves: Ball type with threaded ends on inlet and outlet of NPS 2 and smaller; outside screw and yoke gate-type with flanged ends on inlet and outlet of NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
 - b. Air-Gap Fitting: ASME A112.1.2, matching backflow-preventer connection.

B. Double-Check Backflow-Prevention Assemblies:

- 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.
 - b. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Wilkins Div.
- 2. Standard: ASSE 1015.
- 3. Operation: Continuous-pressure applications, unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Pressure Loss: 5 psig maximum, through middle 1/3 of flow range.
- 5. Body: Bronze for NPS 2 and smaller; steel with interior lining complying with AWWA C550 or that is FDA approved for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
- 6. End Connections: Threaded for NPS 2 and smaller; for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
- 7. Accessories:
 - a. Valves: Ball type with threaded ends on inlet and outlet of NPS 2 and smaller; outside screw and yoke gate-type with flanged ends on inlet and outlet of NPS 2-1/2 and larger.

2.3 WATER PRESSURE-REDUCING VALVES

A. Water Regulators:

- 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.
 - b. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Wilkins Div.
- 2. Standard: ASSE 1003.
- 3. Pressure Rating: Initial working pressure of 150 psig.
- 4. Body: Bronze with chrome-plated finish for NPS 2 and smaller; cast iron with interior lining complying with AWWA C550 or that is FDA approved for NPS 2-1/2 and NPS 3.
- 5. Valves for Booster Heater Water Supply: Include integral bypass.
- 6. End Connections: Threaded for NPS 2 and smaller; flanged for NPS 2-1/2 and NPS 3.

2.4 BALANCING VALVES

A. Memory-Stop Balancing Valves:

- 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Milwaukee Valve Company.
 - b. NIBCO INC.
- 2. Standard: MSS SP-110 for two-piece, copper-alloy ball valves.
- 3. Pressure Rating: 400-psig minimum CWP.
- 4. Size: NPS 2 or smaller.
- 5. Body: Copper alloy.
- 6. Port: Standard or full port.
- 7. Ball: Chrome-plated brass.
- 8. Seats and Seals: Replaceable.
- 9. End Connections: Solder joint or threaded.
- 10. Handle: Vinyl-covered steel with memory-setting device.

2.5 TEMPERATURE-ACTUATED WATER MIXING VALVES

A. Water-Temperature Limiting Devices:

- 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Taco, Inc.
 - b. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.
 - c. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Wilkins Div.
- 2. Standard: ASSE 1017.
- 3. Pressure Rating: 125 psig.
- 4. Type: Thermostatically controlled water mixing valve.
- 5. Material: Bronze body with corrosion-resistant interior components.
- 6. Connections: Threaded union inlets and outlet.
- 7. Accessories: Check stops on hot- and cold-water supplies, and adjustable, temperature-control handle.

B. Primary, Thermostatic, Water Mixing Valves:

- 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Powers; a Watts Industries Co.
 - b. Symmons Industries, Inc.
- 2. Standard: ASSE 1017.

- 3. Pressure Rating: 125 psig.
- 4. Type: Cabinet-type, thermostatically controlled water mixing valve.
- 5. Material: Bronze body with corrosion-resistant interior components.
- 6. Connections: Threaded union inlets and outlet.
- 7. Accessories: Manual temperature control, check stops on hot- and cold-water supplies, and adjustable, temperature-control handle.
- 8. Valve Pressure Rating: 125 psig minimum, unless otherwise indicated.
- 9. Valve Finish: Chrome plated.
- 10. Piping Finish: Copper.
- 11. Cabinet: Factory-fabricated, stainless steel, for recessed or surface mounting and with hinged, stainless-steel door.

2.6 STRAINERS FOR DOMESTIC WATER PIPING

A. Y-Pattern Strainers:

- 1. Pressure Rating: 125 psig minimum, unless otherwise indicated.
- 2. Body: Bronze for NPS 2 and smaller; cast iron with interior lining complying with AWWA C550 or FDA-approved, epoxy coating and for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
- 3. End Connections: Threaded for NPS 2 and smaller; flanged for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
- 4. Screen: Stainless steel with round perforations, unless otherwise indicated.
- 5. Perforation Size:
 - a. Strainers NPS 2 and Smaller: 0.020 inch.
 - b. Strainers NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: 0.045 inch.
 - c. Strainers NPS 5 and Larger: 0.10 inch.

2.7 HOSE BIBBS

A. Hose Bibbs:

- 1. Standard: ASME A112.18.1 for sediment faucets.
- 2. Body Material: Bronze.
- 3. Seat: Bronze, replaceable.
- 4. Supply Connections: NPS 1/2 or NPS 3/4 threaded or solder-joint inlet.
- 5. Outlet Connection: Garden-hose thread complying with ASME B1.20.7.
- 6. Pressure Rating: 125 psig.
- 7. Vacuum Breaker: Integral or field-installation, nonremovable, drainable, hose-connection vacuum breaker complying with ASSE 1011.
- 8. Finish for Equipment Rooms: Rough bronze, or chrome or nickel plated.
- 9. Finish for Service Areas: Chrome or nickel plated.
- 10. Finish for Finished Rooms: Chrome or nickel plated.
- 11. Operation for Service Areas: Operating key.
- 12. Operation for Finished Rooms: Operating key.
- 13. Include operating key with each operating-key hose bibb.
- 14. Include integral wall flange with each chrome- or nickel-plated hose bibb.

2.8 WALL HYDRANTS

A. Nonfreeze Wall Hydrants:

- 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Josam Company.
 - b. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
 - c. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
 - d. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
 - e. Woodford Manufacturing Company.
- 2. Standard: ASME A112.21.3M for exposed-outlet, self-draining wall hydrants.
- 3. Pressure Rating: 125 psig.
- 4. Operation: Loose key.
- 5. Casing and Operating Rod: Of length required to match wall thickness. Include wall clamp.
- 6. Inlet: NPS 3/4 or NPS 1.
- 7. Outlet: Concealed, with integral vacuum breaker and garden-hose thread complying with ASME B1.20.7.
- 8. Box: Deep, flush mounting with cover.
- 9. Box and Cover Finish: Polished nickel bronze.
- 10. Outlet: Exposed, with integral vacuum breaker and garden-hose thread complying with ASME B1.20.7.
- 11. Nozzle and Wall-Plate Finish: Polished nickel bronze.
- 12. Operating Keys(s): One with each wall hydrant.

2.9 DRAIN VALVES

- A. Ball-Valve-Type, Hose-End Drain Valves:
 - 1. Standard: MSS SP-110 for standard-port, two-piece ball valves.
 - 2. Pressure Rating: 400-psig minimum CWP.
 - 3. Size: NPS 3/4.
 - 4. Body: Copper alloy.
 - 5. Ball: Chrome-plated brass.
 - 6. Seats and Seals: Replaceable.
 - 7. Handle: Vinyl-covered steel.
 - 8. Inlet: Threaded or solder joint.
 - 9. Outlet: Threaded, short nipple with garden-hose thread complying with ASME B1.20.7 and cap with brass chain.

2.10 WATER HAMMER ARRESTERS

A. Water Hammer Arresters:

- 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Josam Company.
 - b. Sioux Chief Manufacturing Company, Inc.
 - c. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
 - d. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
 - e. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
 - f. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.
- 2. Standard: ASSE 1010 or PDI-WH 201.
- 3. Type: Metal bellows or Copper tube with piston.
- 4. Size: ASSE 1010, Sizes AA and A through F or PDI-WH 201, Sizes A through F.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Refer to Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods" for piping joining materials, joint construction, and basic installation requirements.
- B. Install backflow preventers in each water supply to mechanical equipment and systems and to other equipment and water systems that may be sources of contamination. Comply with authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Locate backflow preventers in same room as connected equipment or system.
 - 2. Install drain for backflow preventers with atmospheric-vent drain connection with air-gap fitting, fixed air-gap fitting, or equivalent positive pipe separation of at least two pipe diameters in drain piping and pipe to floor drain. Locate air-gap device attached to or under backflow preventer. Simple air breaks are not acceptable for this application.
 - 3. Do not install bypass piping around backflow preventers.
- C. Install water regulators with inlet and outlet shutoff valves and bypass with memory-stop balancing valve. Install pressure gages on inlet and outlet.
- D. Install balancing valves in locations where they can easily be adjusted.
- E. Install temperature-actuated water mixing valves with check stops or shutoff valves on inlets and with shutoff valve on outlet.
 - 1. Install thermometers and water regulators if specified.
 - 2. Install cabinet-type units recessed in or surface mounted on wall as specified.
- F. Install Y-pattern strainers for water on supply side of each control valve, water pressure-reducing valve, and pump.
- G. Install water hammer arresters in water piping according to PDI-WH 201.

- H. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping and specialties.
- I. Equipment Nameplates and Signs: Install engraved plastic-laminate equipment nameplate or sign on or near each of the following:
 - 1. Reduced-pressure-principle backflow preventers.
 - 2. Double-check backflow-prevention assemblies.
 - 3. Water pressure-reducing valves.
 - 4. Primary, thermostatic, water mixing valves.

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and prepare test reports:
 - 1. Test each reduced-pressure-principle backflow preventer and double-check backflow-prevention assembly according to authorities having jurisdiction and the device's reference standard.
- B. Remove and replace malfunctioning domestic water piping specialties and retest as specified above.

3.3 ADJUSTING

- A. Set field-adjustable pressure set points of water pressure-reducing valves.
- B. Set field-adjustable flow of balancing valves.
- C. Set field-adjustable temperature set points of temperature-actuated water mixing valves.

END OF SECTION 15145

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SECTION 15150 - SANITARY WASTE AND VENT PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Pipe, tube, and fittings.
- 2. Specialty pipe fittings.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Seismic Performance: Soil, waste, and vent piping and support and installation shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to ASCE/SEI 7.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Field quality-control reports.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Piping materials shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of the Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute or receive prior approval of the Engineer.
- B. Comply with NSF/ANSI 14, "Plastics Piping Systems Components and Related Materials," for plastic piping components. Include marking with "NSF-dwv" for plastic drain, waste, and vent piping and "NSF-sewer" for plastic sewer piping.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PIPING MATERIALS

A. Comply with requirements in "Piping Schedule" Article for applications of pipe, tube, fitting materials, and joining methods for specific services, service locations, and pipe sizes.

2.2 HUB-AND-SPIGOT, CAST-IRON SOIL PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Pipe and Fittings: ASTM A 74 class.
- B. Gaskets: ASTM C 564, rubber.

2.3 HUBLESS, CAST-IRON SOIL PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Pipe and Fittings: ASTM A 888 or CISPI 301.
- B. CISPI, Hubless-Piping Couplings:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. ANACO-Husky.
 - b. Dallas Specialty & Mfg. Co.
 - c. Fernco Inc.
 - d. Matco-Norca, Inc.
 - e. MIFAB, Inc.
 - f. Tyler Pipe.
 - 2. Standards: ASTM C 1277 and CISPI 310.
 - 3. Description: Stainless-steel corrugated shield with stainless-steel bands and tightening devices; and ASTM C 564, rubber sleeve with integral, center pipe stop.
- C. Heavy-Duty, Hubless-Piping Couplings:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. ANACO-Husky.
 - b. Clamp-All Corp.
 - c. Dallas Specialty & Mfg. Co.
 - d. MIFAB, Inc.
 - e. Tyler Pipe.
 - 2. Standards: ASTM C 1277 and ASTM C 1540.
 - 3. Description: Stainless-steel shield with stainless-steel bands and tightening devices; and ASTM C 564, rubber sleeve with integral, center pipe stop.

2.4 PVC PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Solid-Wall PVC Pipe: ASTM D 2665, drain, waste, and vent.
- B. PVC Socket Fittings: ASTM D 2665, made to ASTM D 3311, drain, waste, and vent patterns and to fit Schedule 40 pipe.
- C. Adhesive Primer: ASTM F 656.
 - 1. adhesive primer shall have a VOC content of 550 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).

2. Adhesive primer shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

D. Solvent Cement: ASTM D 2564.

- 1. PVC solvent cement shall have a VOC content of 510 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
- 2. Solvent cement shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

2.5 SPECIALTY PIPE FITTINGS

A. Transition Couplings:

- 1. General Requirements: Fitting or device for joining piping with small differences in OD's or of different materials. Include end connections same size as and compatible with pipes to be joined.
- 2. Fitting-Type Transition Couplings: Manufactured piping coupling or specified piping system fitting.
- 3. Unshielded, Nonpressure Transition Couplings:
 - a. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1) Dallas Specialty & Mfg. Co.
 - 2) Fernco Inc.
 - 3) Plastic Oddities; a division of Diverse Corporate Technologies, Inc.
 - b. Standard: ASTM C 1173.
 - c. Description: Elastomeric, sleeve-type, reducing or transition pattern. Include shear ring and corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.
 - d. Sleeve Materials:
 - 1) For Cast-Iron Soil Pipes: ASTM C 564, rubber.
 - 2) For Plastic Pipes: ASTM F 477, elastomeric seal or ASTM D 5926, PVC.
 - 3) For Dissimilar Pipes: ASTM D 5926, PVC or other material compatible with pipe materials being joined.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PIPING INSTALLATION

A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping systems. Indicated locations and arrangements were used to size pipe and calculate friction

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 - B. Install piping in concealed locations unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
 - C. Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
 - D. Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.
 - E. Install piping at indicated slopes.
 - F. Install piping free of sags and bends.
 - G. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
 - H. Install seismic restraints on piping. Comply with requirements for seismic-restraint devices specified in Division 15 Section "Vibration and Seismic Controls for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
 - I. Make changes in direction for soil and waste drainage and vent piping using appropriate branches, bends, and long-sweep bends. Sanitary tees and short-sweep 1/4 bends may be used on vertical stacks if change in direction of flow is from horizontal to vertical. Use long-turn, double Y-branch and 1/8-bend fittings if two fixtures are installed back to back or side by side with common drain pipe. Straight tees, elbows, and crosses may be used on vent lines. Do not change direction of flow more than 90 degrees. Use proper size of standard increasers and reducers if pipes of different sizes are connected. Reducing size of drainage piping in direction of flow is prohibited.
 - J. Lay buried building drainage piping beginning at low point of each system. Install true to grades and alignment indicated, with unbroken continuity of invert. Place hub ends of piping upstream. Install required gaskets according to manufacturer's written instructions for use of lubricants, cements, and other installation requirements. Maintain swab in piping and pull past each joint as completed.
 - K. Install soil and waste drainage and vent piping at the following minimum slopes unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Building Sanitary Drain: 2 percent downward in direction of flow for piping NPS 3 and smaller; 2 percent downward in direction of flow for piping NPS 4 and larger.
 - 2. Horizontal Sanitary Drainage Piping: 2 percent downward in direction of flow.
 - 3. Vent Piping: 1 percent down toward vertical fixture vent or toward vent stack.
 - L. Install cast-iron soil piping according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook," Chapter IV, "Installation of Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings."
 - M. Install aboveground PVC piping according to ASTM D 2665.
 - N. Install underground PVC piping according to ASTM D 2321.

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- O. Plumbing Specialties:
 - 1. Install backwater valves in sanitary waste gravity-flow piping. Comply with requirements for backwater valves specified in Division 15 Section "Sanitary Waste Piping Specialties."
 - 2. Install cleanouts at grade and extend to where building sanitary drains connect to building sanitary sewers in sanitary drainage gravity-flow piping. Comply with requirements for cleanouts specified in Division 15 Section "Sanitary Waste Piping Specialties."
 - 3. Install drains in sanitary drainage gravity-flow piping. Comply with requirements for drains specified in Division 15 Section "Sanitary Waste Piping Specialties."
- P. Do not enclose, cover, or put piping into operation until it is inspected and approved by authorities having jurisdiction.
- Q. Install sleeves for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for sleeves specified in Division 15 Section "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Plumbing Piping."
- R. Install escutcheons for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for escutcheons specified in Division 15 Section "Escutcheons for Plumbing Piping."

3.2 JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Join hub-and-spigot, cast-iron soil piping with gasket joints according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for compression joints.
- B. Join hubless, cast-iron soil piping according to CISPI 310 and CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for hubless-piping coupling joints.
- C. Flanged Joints: Align bolt holes. Select appropriate gasket material, size, type, and thickness. Install gasket concentrically positioned. Use suitable lubricants on bolt threads. Torque bolts in cross pattern.
- D. Plastic, Nonpressure-Piping, Solvent-Cement Joints: Clean and dry joining surfaces. Join pipe and fittings according to the following:
 - 1. Comply with ASTM F 402 for safe-handling practice of cleaners, primers, and solvent cements.
 - 2. PVC Piping: Join according to ASTM D 2855 and ASTM D 2665 Appendixes.

3.3 VALVE INSTALLATION

- A. Backwater Valves: Install backwater valves in piping subject to backflow.
 - 1. Horizontal Piping: Horizontal backwater valves. Use normally closed type unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Floor Drains: Drain outlet backwater valves unless drain has integral backwater valve.
 - 3. Install backwater valves in accessible locations.

4. Comply with requirements for backwater valve specified in Division 15 Section "Sanitary Waste Piping Specialties."

3.4 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with requirements for seismic-restraint devices specified in Division 15 Section "Vibration and Seismic Controls for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
- B. Comply with requirements for pipe hanger and support devices and installation specified in Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
 - 1. Install carbon-steel pipe hangers for horizontal piping in noncorrosive environments.
 - 2. Install stainless-steel pipe hangers for horizontal piping in corrosive environments.
 - 3. Install carbon-steel pipe support clamps for vertical piping in noncorrosive environments.
 - 4. Install stainless-steel pipe support clamps for vertical piping in corrosive environments.
 - 5. Vertical Piping: MSS Type 8 or Type 42, clamps.
 - 6. Install individual, straight, horizontal piping runs:
 - a. 100 Feet and Less: MSS Type 1, adjustable, steel clevis hangers.
 - b. Longer Than 100 Feet: MSS Type 43, adjustable roller hangers.
 - c. Longer Than 100 Feet if Indicated: MSS Type 49, spring cushion rolls.
 - 7. Multiple, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs 100 Feet or Longer: MSS Type 44, pipe rolls. Support pipe rolls on trapeze.
 - 8. Base of Vertical Piping: MSS Type 52, spring hangers.
- C. Support horizontal piping and tubing within 12 inches of each fitting, valve, and coupling.
- D. Support vertical piping and tubing at base and at each floor.
- E. Rod diameter may be reduced one size for double-rod hangers, with 3/8-inch minimum rods.
- F. Install hangers for cast-iron soil piping with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
 - 1. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS 2: 60 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 2. NPS 3: 60 inches with 1/2-inch rod.
 - 3. NPS 4 and NPS 5: 60 inches with 5/8-inch rod.
 - 4. NPS 6 and NPS 8: 60 inches with 3/4-inch rod.
 - 5. Spacing for 10-foot lengths may be increased to 10 feet. Spacing for fittings is limited to 60 inches.
- G. Install supports for vertical cast-iron soil piping every 15 feet.
- H. Install hangers for PVC piping with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
 - 1. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS 2: 48 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 2. NPS 3: 48 inches with 1/2-inch rod.
 - 3. NPS 4 and NPS 5: 48 inches with 5/8-inch rod.

- 4. NPS 6 and NPS 8: 48 inches with 3/4-inch rod.
- I. Install supports for vertical PVC piping every 48 inches.
- J. Support piping and tubing not listed above according to MSS SP-69 and manufacturer's written instructions.

3.5 CONNECTIONS

- A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Connect soil and waste piping to exterior sanitary sewerage piping. Use transition fitting to join dissimilar piping materials.
- C. Connect drainage and vent piping to the following:
 - 1. Plumbing Fixtures: Connect drainage piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by plumbing code.
 - 2. Plumbing Fixtures and Equipment: Connect atmospheric vent piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 3. Plumbing Specialties: Connect drainage and vent piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by plumbing code.
 - 4. Install test tees (wall cleanouts) in conductors near floor and floor cleanouts with cover flush with floor.
 - 5. Install horizontal backwater valves with cleanout cover flush with floor in pit with pit cover flush with floor.
 - 6. Comply with requirements for backwater valves cleanouts and drains specified in Division 15 Section "Sanitary Waste Piping Specialties."
 - 7. Equipment: Connect drainage piping as indicated. Provide shutoff valve if indicated and union for each connection. Use flanges instead of unions for connections NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
- D. Where installing piping adjacent to equipment, allow space for service and maintenance of equipment.
- E. Make connections according to the following unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Install unions, in piping NPS 2 and smaller, adjacent to each valve and at final connection to each piece of equipment.
 - 2. Install flanges, in piping NPS 2-1/2 and larger, adjacent to flanged valves and at final connection to each piece of equipment.

3.6 IDENTIFICATION

A. Identify exposed sanitary waste and vent piping. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Division 15 Section "Identification for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."

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3.7 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. During installation, notify authorities having jurisdiction at least 24 hours before inspection must be made. Perform tests specified below in presence of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Roughing-in Inspection: Arrange for inspection of piping before concealing or closing-in after roughing-in and before setting fixtures.
 - 2. Final Inspection: Arrange for final inspection by authorities having jurisdiction to observe tests specified below and to ensure compliance with requirements.
- B. Reinspection: If authorities having jurisdiction find that piping will not pass test or inspection, make required corrections and arrange for reinspection.
- C. Reports: Prepare inspection reports and have them signed by authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Test sanitary drainage and vent piping according to procedures of authorities having jurisdiction or, in absence of published procedures, as follows:
 - 1. Test for leaks and defects in new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired. If testing is performed in segments, submit separate report for each test, complete with diagram of portion of piping tested.
 - 2. Leave uncovered and unconcealed new, altered, extended, or replaced drainage and vent piping until it has been tested and approved. Expose work that was covered or concealed before it was tested.
 - 3. Roughing-in Plumbing Test Procedure: Test drainage and vent piping except outside leaders on completion of roughing-in. Close openings in piping system and fill with water to point of overflow, but not less than 10-foot head of water. From 15 minutes before inspection starts to completion of inspection, water level must not drop. Inspect joints for leaks.
 - 4. Finished Plumbing Test Procedure: After plumbing fixtures have been set and traps filled with water, test connections and prove they are gastight and watertight. Plug vent-stack openings on roof and building drains where they leave building. Introduce air into piping system equal to pressure of 1-inch wg. Use U-tube or manometer inserted in trap of water closet to measure this pressure. Air pressure must remain constant without introducing additional air throughout period of inspection. Inspect plumbing fixture connections for gas and water leaks.
 - 5. Repair leaks and defects with new materials and retest piping, or portion thereof, until satisfactory results are obtained.
 - 6. Prepare reports for tests and required corrective action.

3.8 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean interior of piping. Remove dirt and debris as work progresses.
- B. Protect drains during remainder of construction period to avoid clogging with dirt and debris and to prevent damage from traffic and construction work.
- C. Place plugs in ends of uncompleted piping at end of day and when work stops.

3.9 PIPING SCHEDULE

- A. Flanges and unions may be used on aboveground pressure piping unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Aboveground, soil and waste piping NPS 4 and smaller shall be any of the following:
 - 1. Service class, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
 - 2. Hubless, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; hubless-piping couplings; and coupled joints.
 - 3. Copper DWV tube, copper drainage fittings, and soldered joints.
- C. Aboveground, soil and waste piping NPS 5 and larger shall be any of the following:
 - 1. Service class, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
 - 2. Hubless, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; hubless-piping couplings; and coupled joints.
- D. Aboveground, vent piping NPS 4 and smaller shall be any of the following:
 - 1. Service class, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
 - 2. Hubless, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; CISPI hubless-piping couplings; and coupled joints.
- E. Aboveground, vent piping NPS 5 and larger shall be any of the following:
 - 1. Service class, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
 - 2. Hubless, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; CISPI heavy-duty hubless-piping couplings; and coupled joints.
- F. Underground, soil, waste, and vent piping NPS 4 and smaller shall be any of the following:
 - 1. Service class, cast-iron soil piping; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
 - 2. Hubless, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; cast-iron hubless-piping couplings; and coupled joints.
 - 3. Solid wall PVC pipe, PVC socket fittings, and solvent-cemented joints.
- G. Underground, soil and waste piping NPS 5 and larger shall be any of the following:
 - 1. Service class, cast-iron soil piping; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
 - 2. Hubless, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; hubless-piping couplings; coupled joints.
 - 3. Solid-wall PVC pipe; PVC socket fittings; and solvent-cemented joints.

END OF SECTION 15150

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SECTION 15155 - SANITARY WASTE PIPING SPECIALTIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following sanitary drainage piping specialties:
 - 1. Backwater valves.
 - 2. Cleanouts.
 - 3. Floor drains.
 - 4. Roof flashing assemblies.
 - 5. Flashing materials.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, and accessories for grease interceptors.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Drainage piping specialties shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 BACKWATER VALVES

- A. Horizontal, Cast-Iron Backwater Valves:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
 - b. MIFAB, Inc.
 - c. Smith, Jay R. Mfr. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
 - d. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
 - e. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
 - f. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.
 - 2. Standard: ASME A112.14.1.
 - 3. Size: Same as connected piping.
 - 4. Body: Cast iron.
 - 5. Cover: Cast iron with bolted or threaded access check valve.
 - 6. End Connections: Hub and spigot or hubless.

- 7. Type Check Valve: Removable, bronze, swing check, factory assembled or field modified to hang open for airflow unless subject to backflow condition.
- 8. Extension: ASTM A 74, Service class; full-size, cast-iron, soil-pipe extension to field-installed cleanout at floor; replaces backwater valve cover.

B. Drain-Outlet Backwater Valves:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
 - b. Smith, Jay R. Mfr. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
 - c. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
 - d. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.
- 2. Size: Same as floor drain outlet.
- 3. Body: Cast iron or bronze made for vertical installation in bottom outlet of floor drain.
- 4. Check Valve: Removable ball float.
- 5. Inlet: Threaded.
- 6. Outlet: Threaded or spigot.

2.2 CLEANOUTS

A. Exposed Cast-Iron Cleanouts:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
 - b. MIFAB, Inc.
 - c. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
 - d. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
 - e. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
 - f. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.
- 2. Standard: ASME A112.36.2M for cast iron for cleanout test tee.
- 3. Size: Same as connected drainage piping
- 4. Closure Plug Size: Same as or not more than one size smaller than cleanout size.

B. Cast-Iron Floor Cleanouts:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
 - b. Sioux Chief Manufacturing Company, Inc.
 - c. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
 - d. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
 - e. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.

- 2. Standard: ASME A112.36.2M for adjustable housing cleanout.
- 3. Size: Same as connected branch.
- 4. Type: Adjustable housing.
- 5. Body or Ferrule: Cast iron.
- 6. Closure: Brass plug with straight threads and gasket or Brass plug with tapered threads.
- 7. Frame and Cover Material and Finish: Nickel-bronze, copper alloy Polished bronze Rough bronze.
- 8. Top Loading Classification: Heavy Duty.
- 9. Riser: ASTM A 74, Service class, cast-iron drainage pipe fitting and riser to cleanout.

C. Cast-Iron Wall Cleanouts:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
 - b. MIFAB, Inc.
 - c. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
 - d. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
 - e. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
 - f. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.
- 2. Standard: ASME A112.36.2M. Include wall access.
- 3. Size: Same as connected drainage piping.

4.

- 5. Closure Plug Size: Same as or not more than one size smaller than cleanout size.
- 6. Wall Access: Round, flat, chrome-plated brass or stainless-steel cover plate with screw.

2.3 FLOOR DRAINS

A. Cast-Iron Floor Drains:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Commercial Enameling Co.
 - b. Josam Company; Josam Div.
 - c. MIFAB, Inc.
 - d. Prier Products, Inc.
 - e. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
 - f. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
 - g. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
 - h. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.
- 2. Standard: ASME A112.6.3.
- 3. Pattern: Floor drain.
- 4. Body Material: Gray iron.
- 5. Outlet: Bottom or Side.
- 6. Top or Strainer Material: Bronze.
- 7. Top of Body and Strainer Finish: Nickel bronze or Rough bronze.

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8. Trap Pattern: Deep-seal P-trap.

2.4 ROOF FLASHING ASSEMBLIES

- A. Roof Flashing Assemblies Insert drawing designation if any:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Acorn Engineering Company; Elmdor/Stoneman Div.
 - b. Thaler Metal Industries Ltd.
- B. Description: Manufactured assembly made of 4.0-lb/sq. ft., 0.0625-inch- thick, lead flashing collar and skirt extending at least 6 inches 8 inches from pipe, with galvanized-steel boot reinforcement and counterflashing fitting.
 - 1. Open-Top Vent Cap: Without cap.
 - 2. Low-Silhouette Vent Cap: With vandal-proof vent cap.
 - 3. Extended Vent Cap: With field-installed, vandal-proof vent cap.

2.5 FLASHING MATERIALS

- A. Lead Sheet: ASTM B 749, Type L51121, copper bearing, with the following minimum weights and thicknesses, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. General Use: 4.0-lb/sq. ft., 0.0625-inch thickness.
 - 2. Vent Pipe Flashing: 3.0-lb/sq. ft., 0.0469-inch thickness.
 - 3. Burning: 6-lb/sq. ft., 0.0938-inch thickness.
- B. Fasteners: Metal compatible with material and substrate being fastened.
- C. Metal Accessories: Sheet metal strips, clamps, anchoring devices, and similar accessory units required for installation; matching or compatible with material being installed.
- D. Solder: ASTM B 32, lead-free alloy.
- E. Bituminous Coating: SSPC-Paint 12, solvent-type, bituminous mastic.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Refer to Division 15 Section "Common Work Results for Plumbing" for piping joining materials, joint construction, and basic installation requirements.
- B. Install backwater valves in building drain piping. For interior installation, provide cleanout deck plate flush with floor and centered over backwater valve cover, and of adequate size to remove valve cover for servicing.

- C. Install cleanouts in aboveground piping and building drain piping according to the following, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Size same as drainage piping up to NPS 4. Use NPS 4 for larger drainage piping unless larger cleanout is indicated.
 - 2. Locate at each change in direction of piping greater than 45 degrees.
 - 3. Locate at minimum intervals of 50 feet for piping NPS 4 and smaller and 100 feet for larger piping.
 - 4. Locate at base of each vertical soil and waste stack.
- D. For floor cleanouts for piping below floors, install cleanout deck plates with top flush with finished floor.
- E. For cleanouts located in concealed piping, install cleanout wall access covers, of types indicated, with frame and cover flush with finished wall.
- F. Install floor drains at low points of surface areas to be drained. Set grates of drains flush with finished floor, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Position floor drains for easy access and maintenance.
 - 2. Set floor drains below elevation of surrounding finished floor to allow floor drainage. Set with grates depressed according to the following drainage area radii:
 - a. Radius, 30 Inches or Less: Equivalent to 1 percent slope, but not less than 1/4-inch total depression.
 - 3. Install floor-drain flashing collar or flange so no leakage occurs between drain and adjoining flooring. Maintain integrity of waterproof membranes where penetrated.
 - 4. Install individual traps for floor drains connected to sanitary building drain, unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Install roof flashing assemblies on sanitary stack vents and vent stacks that extend through roof.
- H. Install flashing fittings on sanitary stack vents and vent stacks that extend through roof.
- I. Install air-gap fittings on draining-type backflow preventers and on indirect-waste piping discharge into sanitary drainage system.
- J. Install sleeve flashing device with each riser and stack passing through floors with waterproof membrane.
- K. Install vent caps on each vent pipe passing through roof.
- L. Install traps on plumbing specialty drain outlets. Omit traps on indirect wastes unless trap is indicated.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.

B. Install piping adjacent to equipment to allow service and maintenance.

3.3 FLASHING INSTALLATION

- A. Install sheet flashing on pipes, sleeves, and specialties passing through or embedded in floors and roofs with waterproof membrane.
 - 1. Pipe Flashing: Sleeve type, matching pipe size, with minimum length of 10 inches, and skirt or flange extending at least 8 inches around pipe.
 - 2. Sleeve Flashing: Flat sheet, with skirt or flange extending at least 8 inches around sleeve.
 - 3. Embedded Specialty Flashing: Flat sheet, with skirt or flange extending at least 8 inches around specialty.
- B. Set flashing on floors and roofs in solid coating of bituminous cement.
- C. Secure flashing into sleeve and specialty clamping ring or device.
- D. Install flashing for piping passing through roofs with counterflashing or commercially made flashing fittings, according to Division 7 Section "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim."
- E. Extend flashing up vent pipe passing through roofs and turn down into pipe, or secure flashing into cast-iron sleeve having calking recess.

3.4 LABELING AND IDENTIFYING

- A. Equipment Nameplates and Signs: Install engraved plastic-laminate equipment nameplate or sign on or near each grease interceptor.
- B. Distinguish among multiple units, inform operator of operational requirements, indicate safety and emergency precautions, and warn of hazards and improper operations, in addition to identifying unit. Nameplates and signs are specified in Division 15 Section " Identification for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."

3.5 PROTECTION

- A. Protect drains during remainder of construction period to avoid clogging with dirt or debris and to prevent damage from traffic or construction work.
- B. Place plugs in ends of uncompleted piping at end of each day or when work stops.

END OF SECTION 15155

SECTION 15160 - STORM DRAINAGE PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Pipe, tube, and fittings.
- 2. Specialty pipe fittings.

B. Related Section:

1. Division 2 Section "Storm Drainage" for storm drainage piping outside the building.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Seismic Performance: Storm drainage piping and support and installation shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to ASCE/SEI 7.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Seismic Qualification Certificates: For storm drainage piping, accessories, and components, from manufacturer.
- C. Field quality-control reports.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Piping materials shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of the Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute or receive prior approval of the Engineer.
- B. Comply with NSF/ANSI 14, "Plastics Piping System Components and Related Materials," for plastic piping components. Include marking with "NSF-drain" for plastic drain piping and "NSF-sewer" for plastic sewer piping.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PIPING MATERIALS

A. Comply with requirements in "Piping Schedule" Article for applications of pipe, tube, fitting materials, and joining methods for specific services, service locations, and pipe sizes.

- 2.2 HUB-AND-SPIGOT, CAST-IRON SOIL PIPE AND FITTINGS
 - A. Pipe and Fittings: ASTM A 74, Service class.
 - B. Gaskets: ASTM C 564, rubber.

2.3 HUBLESS, CAST-IRON SOIL PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Pipe and Fittings: ASTM A 888 or CISPI 301.
- B. CISPI, Hubless-Piping Couplings:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. ANACO-Husky.
 - b. Dallas Specialty & Mfg. Co.
 - c. Fernco Inc.
 - d. Matco-Norca, Inc.
 - e. Stant.
 - f. Tyler Pipe.
 - 2. Standards: ASTM C 1277 and CISPI 310.
 - 3. Description: Stainless-steel corrugated shield with stainless-steel bands and tightening devices; and ASTM C 564, rubber sleeve with integral, center pipe stop.

2.4 SPECIALTY PIPE FITTINGS

- A. Transition Couplings:
 - 1. General Requirements: Fitting or device for joining piping with small differences in OD's or of different materials. Include end connections same size as and compatible with pipes to be joined.
 - 2. Fitting-Type Transition Couplings: Manufactured piping coupling or specified-piping-system fitting.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping systems. Indicated locations and arrangements were used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, pump sizing, and other design considerations. Install piping as indicated unless deviations from layout are approved on coordination drawings.
- B. Install piping in concealed locations unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.

- C. Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- D. Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.
- E. Install piping at indicated slopes.
- F. Install piping free of sags and bends.
- G. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- H. Install seismic restraints on piping. Comply with requirements for seismic-restraint devices specified in Division 15 Section "Vibration and Seismic Controls for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
- I. Make changes in direction for storm drainage piping using appropriate branches, bends, and long-sweep bends. Do not change direction of flow more than 90 degrees. Use proper size of standard increasers and reducers if pipes of different sizes are connected. Reducing size of drainage piping in direction of flow is prohibited.
- J. Lay buried building storm drainage piping beginning at low point of each system. Install true to grades and alignment indicated, with unbroken continuity of invert. Place hub ends of piping upstream. Install required gaskets according to manufacturer's written instructions for use of lubricants, cements, and other installation requirements. Maintain swab in piping and pull past each joint as completed.
- K. Install storm drainage piping at the following minimum slopes unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Building Storm Drain: 2 percent downward in direction of flow for piping NPS 3 and smaller; 2 percent downward in direction of flow for piping NPS 4 and larger.
 - 2. Horizontal Storm-Drainage Piping: 2 percent downward in direction of flow.
- L. Install cast-iron soil piping according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook," Chapter IV, "Installation of Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings."
 - 1. Install encasement on underground piping according to ASTM A 674 or AWWA C105.
- M. Do not enclose, cover, or put piping into operation until it is inspected and approved by authorities having jurisdiction.
- N. Install sleeves for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for sleeves specified in Division 15 Section "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Plumbing Piping."
- O. Install sleeve seals for piping penetrations of concrete walls and slabs. Comply with requirements for sleeve seals specified in Division 15 Section "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Plumbing Piping."
- P. Install escutcheons for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for escutcheons specified in Division 15 Section "Escutcheons for Plumbing Piping."

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3.2 JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Join hub-and-spigot, cast-iron soil piping with gasketed joints according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for compression joints.
- B. Join hubless, cast-iron soil piping according to CISPI 310 and CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for hubless-piping coupling joints.

3.3 SPECIALTY PIPE FITTING INSTALLATION

- A. Transition Couplings:
 - 1. Install transition couplings at joints of piping with small differences in OD's.

3.4 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with requirements for seismic-restraint devices specified in Division 15 Section "Vibration and Seismic Controls for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
- B. Comply with requirements for pipe hanger and support devices and installation specified in Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
 - 1. Install carbon-steel pipe hangers for horizontal piping in noncorrosive environments.
 - 2. Install stainless-steel pipe hangers for horizontal piping in corrosive environments.
 - 3. Install carbon-steel pipe support clamps for vertical piping in noncorrosive environments.
 - 4. Install stainless-steel pipe support clamps for vertical piping in corrosive environments.
 - 5. Vertical Piping: MSS Type 8 or Type 42, clamps.
 - 6. Individual, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs:
 - a. 100 Feet and Less: MSS Type 1, adjustable, steel clevis hangers.
 - b. Longer Than 100 Feet: MSS Type 43, adjustable roller hangers.
 - c. Longer Than 100 Feet if Indicated: MSS Type 49, spring cushion rolls.
 - 7. Multiple, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs 100 Feet or Longer: MSS Type 44, pipe rolls. Support pipe rolls on trapeze.
 - 8. Base of Vertical Piping: MSS Type 52, spring hangers.
- C. Support horizontal piping and tubing within 12 inches of each fitting and coupling.
- D. Support vertical piping and tubing at base and at each floor.
- E. Rod diameter may be reduced one size for double-rod hangers, with 3/8-inch minimum rods.
- F. Install hangers for cast-iron soil piping with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
 - 1. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS 2: 60 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 2. NPS 3: 60 inches with 1/2-inch rod.
 - 3. NPS 4 and NPS 5: 60 inches with 5/8-inch rod.

- 4. NPS 6 and NPS 8: 60 inches with 3/4-inch rod.
- 5. NPS 10 and NPS 12: 60 inches with 7/8-inch rod.
- 6. Spacing for 10-foot pipe lengths may be increased to 10 feet. Spacing for fittings is limited to 60 inches.
- G. Install supports for vertical cast-iron soil piping every 15 feet.
- H. Support piping and tubing not listed above according to MSS SP-69 and manufacturer's written instructions.

3.5 CONNECTIONS

- A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Connect interior storm drainage piping to exterior storm drainage piping. Use transition fitting to join dissimilar piping materials.
- C. Connect storm drainage piping to roof drains and storm drainage specialties.
 - 1. Install test tees (wall cleanouts) in conductors near floor, and floor cleanouts with cover flush with floor.
- D. Where installing piping adjacent to equipment, allow space for service and maintenance of equipment.

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. During installation, notify authorities having jurisdiction at least 24 hours before inspection must be made. Perform tests specified below in presence of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Roughing-in Inspection: Arrange for inspection of piping before concealing or closing-in after roughing-in.
 - 2. Final Inspection: Arrange for final inspection by authorities having jurisdiction to observe tests specified below and to ensure compliance with requirements.
- B. Reinspection: If authorities having jurisdiction find that piping will not pass test or inspection, make required corrections and arrange for reinspection.
- C. Test storm drainage piping according to procedures of authorities having jurisdiction or, in absence of published procedures, as follows:
 - 1. Test for leaks and defects in new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired. If testing is performed in segments, submit separate report for each test, complete with diagram of portion of piping tested.
 - 2. Leave uncovered and unconcealed new, altered, extended, or replaced storm drainage piping until it has been tested and approved. Expose work that was covered or concealed before it was tested.
 - 3. Test Procedure: Test storm drainage piping, except outside leaders, on completion of roughing-in. Close openings in piping system and fill with water to point of overflow,

102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012 but not less than 10-foot head of water. From 15 minutes before inspection starts until completion of inspection, water level must not drop. Inspect joints for leaks.

- 4. Repair leaks and defects with new materials and retest piping, or portion thereof, until satisfactory results are obtained.
- 5. Prepare reports for tests and required corrective action.

3.7 CLEANING

- A. Clean interior of piping. Remove dirt and debris as work progresses.
- B. Protect drains during remainder of construction period to avoid clogging with dirt and debris and to prevent damage from traffic and construction work.
- C. Place plugs in ends of uncompleted piping at end of day and when work stops.

3.8 PIPING SCHEDULE

- A. Flanges and unions may be used on aboveground pressure piping unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Aboveground storm drainage piping NPS 6 and smaller shall be any of the following:
 - 1. Service class, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
 - 2. Hubless, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; hubless-piping couplings; and coupled joints.
- C. Aboveground, storm drainage piping NPS 8 and larger shall be any of the following:
 - 1. Service class, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
 - 2. Hubless, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; hubless-piping couplings; and coupled joints.
- D. Underground storm drainage piping NPS 6 and smaller shall be any of the following:
 - 1. Service class, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
 - 2. Hubless, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; hubless-piping couplings; and coupled joints.
- E. Underground, storm drainage piping NPS 8 and larger shall be any of the following:
 - 1. Service class, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
 - 2. Hubless, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; hubless-piping couplings; and coupled joints.

END OF SECTION 15160

SECTION 15181 - HYDRONIC PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes pipe and fitting materials, joining methods, special-duty valves, and specialties for the following:
 - 1. Hot-water heating piping.
 - 2. Chilled-water piping.
 - 3. Makeup-water piping.
 - 4. Condensate-drain piping.
 - 5. Blowdown-drain piping.
 - 6. Air-vent piping.
 - 7. Safety-valve-inlet and -outlet piping.
- B. See Division 15 Section "Hydronic Pumps" for pumps, motors, and accessories for hydronic piping.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Hydronic piping components and installation shall be capable of withstanding the following minimum working pressure and temperature:
 - 1. Hot-Water Heating Piping: Insert psig at 200 deg F.
 - 2. Chilled-Water Piping: Insert psig at 200 deg F.
 - 3. Makeup-Water Piping: 80 psig at 150 deg F.
 - 4. Condensate-Drain Piping: 150 deg F.
 - 5. Blowdown-Drain Piping: 200 deg F.
 - 6. Air-Vent Piping: 200 deg F.
 - 7. Safety-Valve-Inlet and -Outlet Piping: Equal to the pressure of the piping system to which it is attached.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of the following:
 - 1. Plastic pipe and fittings with solvent cement.
 - 2. Pressure-seal fittings.
 - 3. Valves. Include flow and pressure drop curves based on manufacturer's testing for calibrated-orifice balancing valves and automatic flow-control valves.
 - 4. Air control devices.
 - 5. Chemical treatment.
 - 6. Hydronic specialties.

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- B. Shop Drawings: Detail, at 1/4 scale, the piping layout, fabrication of pipe anchors, hangers, supports for multiple pipes, alignment guides, expansion joints and loops, and attachments of the same to the building structure. Detail location of anchors, alignment guides, and expansion joints and loops.
- C. Field quality-control test reports.
- D. Operation and maintenance data.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. ASME Compliance: Comply with ASME B31.9, "Building Services Piping," for materials, products, and installation. Safety valves and pressure vessels shall bear the appropriate ASME label. Fabricate and stamp air separators and expansion tanks to comply with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section VIII, Division 1.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS

- A. Drawn-Temper Copper Tubing: ASTM B 88, Type L.
- B. Wrought-Copper Fittings: ASME B16.22.
 - 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Anvil International, Inc.
 - b. S. P. Fittings; a division of Star Pipe Products.
 - c. Victaulic Company.
- C. Wrought-Copper Unions: ASME B16.22.

2.2 STEEL PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, black steel with plain ends; type, grade, and wall thickness as indicated in Part 3 "Piping Applications" Article.
- B. Cast-Iron Threaded Fittings: ASME B16.4; Classes 125 and 250 as indicated in Part 3 "Piping Applications" Article.
- C. Malleable-Iron Threaded Fittings: ASME B16.3, Classes 150 and 300 as indicated in Part 3 "Piping Applications" Article.
- D. Malleable-Iron Unions: ASME B16.39; Classes 150, 250, and 300 as indicated in Part 3 "Piping Applications" Article.

- E. Cast-Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings: ASME B16.1, Classes 25, 125, and 250; raised ground face, and bolt holes spot faced as indicated in Part 3 "Piping Applications" Article.
- F. Wrought Cast- and Forged-Steel Flanges and Flanged Fittings: ASME B16.5, including bolts, nuts, and gaskets of the following material group, end connections, and facings:
 - 1. Material Group: 1.1.
 - 2. End Connections: Butt welding.
 - 3. Facings: Raised face.
- G. Grooved Mechanical-Joint Fittings and Couplings:
 - 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Anvil International, Inc.
 - b. Central Sprinkler Company; a division of Tyco Fire & Building Products.
 - c. National Fittings, Inc.
 - d. S. P. Fittings; a division of Star Pipe Products.
 - e. Victaulic Company.
 - 2. Joint Fittings: ASTM A 536, Grade 65-45-12 ductile iron; ASTM A 47/A 47M, Grade 32510 malleable iron; ASTM A 53/A 53M, Type F, E, or S, Grade B fabricated steel; or ASTM A 106, Grade B steel fittings with grooves or shoulders constructed to accept grooved-end couplings; with nuts, bolts, locking pin, locking toggle, or lugs to secure grooved pipe and fittings.
 - 3. Couplings: Ductile- or malleable-iron housing and synthetic rubber gasket of central cavity pressure-responsive design; with nuts, bolts, locking pin, locking toggle, or lugs to secure grooved pipe and fittings.

2.3 JOINING MATERIALS

- A. Pipe-Flange Gasket Materials: Suitable for chemical and thermal conditions of piping system contents.
 - 1. ASME B16.21, nonmetallic, flat, asbestos free, 1/8-inch maximum thickness unless thickness or specific material is indicated.
 - a. Full-Face Type: For flat-face, Class 125, cast-iron and cast-bronze flanges.
 - b. Narrow-Face Type: For raised-face, Class 250, cast-iron and steel flanges.
- B. Flange Bolts and Nuts: ASME B18.2.1, carbon steel, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Solder Filler Metals: ASTM B 32, lead-free alloys. Include water-flushable flux according to ASTM B 813.
- D. Brazing Filler Metals: AWS A5.8, BCuP Series, copper-phosphorus alloys for joining copper with copper; or BAg-1, silver alloy for joining copper with bronze or steel.

E. Gasket Material: Thickness, material, and type suitable for fluid to be handled and working temperatures and pressures.

2.4 DIELECTRIC FITTINGS

A. General Requirements: Assembly of copper alloy and ferrous materials with separating nonconductive insulating material. Include end connections compatible with pipes to be joined.

B. Dielectric Unions:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Capitol Manufacturing Company.
 - b. Central Plastics Company.
 - c. Matco-Norca, Inc.
 - d. Watts Regulator Co.; a division of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.
 - e. Wilkins; a Zurn company.

2. Description:

- a. Standard: ASSE 1079.
- b. Pressure Rating: 125 psig minimum at 180 deg F.
- c. End Connections: Solder-joint copper alloy and threaded ferrous.

2.5 VALVES

- A. Gate, Globe, Check, Ball, and Butterfly Valves: Comply with requirements specified in Division 15 Section "Valves."
- B. Automatic Temperature-Control Valves, Actuators, and Sensors: Comply with requirements specified in Division 15 Section "HVAC Instrumentation and Controls."
- C. Bronze, Calibrated-Orifice, Balancing Valves:
 - 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Armstrong Pumps, Inc.
 - b. Bell & Gossett Domestic Pump; a division of ITT Industries.
 - c. Flow Design Inc.
 - d. Gerand Engineering Co.
 - e. Griswold Controls.
 - f. Taco
 - g. Tour & Andersson; available through Victaulic Company.
 - 2. Body: Bronze, ball or plug type with calibrated orifice or venturi.

- 3. Ball: Brass or stainless steel.
- 4. Plug: Resin.
- 5. Seat: PTFE.
- 6. End Connections: Threaded or socket.
- 7. Pressure Gage Connections: Integral seals for portable differential pressure meter.
- 8. Handle Style: Lever, with memory stop to retain set position.
- 9. CWP Rating: Minimum 125 psig.
- 10. Maximum Operating Temperature: 250 deg F.

D. Cast-Iron or Steel, Calibrated-Orifice, Balancing Valves:

- 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Armstrong Pumps, Inc.
 - b. Bell & Gossett Domestic Pump; a division of ITT Industries.
 - c. Flow Design Inc.
 - d. Gerand Engineering Co.
 - e. Griswold Controls.
 - f. Taco.
- 2. Body: Cast-iron or steel body, ball, plug, or globe pattern with calibrated orifice or venturi.
- 3. Ball: Brass or stainless steel.
- 4. Stem Seals: EPDM O-rings.
- 5. Disc: Glass and carbon-filled PTFE.
- 6. Seat: PTFE.
- 7. End Connections: Flanged or grooved.
- 8. Pressure Gage Connections: Integral seals for portable differential pressure meter.
- 9. Handle Style: Lever, with memory stop to retain set position.
- 10. CWP Rating: Minimum 125 psig.
- 11. Maximum Operating Temperature: 250 deg F.

E. Diaphragm-Operated, Pressure-Reducing Valves:

- 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Amtrol, Inc.
 - b. Armstrong Pumps, Inc.
 - c. Bell & Gossett Domestic Pump; a division of ITT Industries.
 - d. Conbraco Industries, Inc.
 - e. Spence Engineering Company, Inc.
 - f. Watts Regulator Co.; a division of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.
- 2. Body: Bronze or brass.
- 3. Disc: Glass and carbon-filled PTFE.
- 4. Seat: Brass.
- 5. Stem Seals: EPDM O-rings.

- 6. Diaphragm: EPT.
- 7. Low inlet-pressure check valve.
- 8. Inlet Strainer: , removable without system shutdown.
- 9. Valve Seat and Stem: Noncorrosive.
- 10. Valve Size, Capacity, and Operating Pressure: Selected to suit system in which installed, with operating pressure and capacity factory set and field adjustable.

F. Diaphragm-Operated Safety Valves:

- 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Amtrol, Inc.
 - b. Armstrong Pumps, Inc.
 - c. Bell & Gossett Domestic Pump; a division of ITT Industries.
 - d. Conbraco Industries, Inc.
 - e. Spence Engineering Company, Inc.
 - f. Watts Regulator Co.; a division of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.
- 2. Body: Bronze or brass.
- 3. Disc: Glass and carbon-filled PTFE.
- 4. Seat: Brass.
- 5. Stem Seals: EPDM O-rings.
- 6. Diaphragm: EPT.
- 7. Wetted, Internal Work Parts: Brass and rubber.
- 8. Inlet Strainer: , removable without system shutdown.
- 9. Valve Seat and Stem: Noncorrosive.
- 10. Valve Size, Capacity, and Operating Pressure: Comply with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section IV, and selected to suit system in which installed, with operating pressure and capacity factory set and field adjustable.

G. Automatic Flow-Control Valves:

- 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Flow Design Inc.
- 2. Body: Brass or ferrous metal.
- 3. Piston and Spring Assembly: Stainless steel, tamper proof, self cleaning, and removable.
- 4. Combination Assemblies: Include bonze or brass-alloy ball valve.
- 5. Identification Tag: Marked with zone identification, valve number, and flow rate.
- 6. Size: Same as pipe in which installed.
- 7. Performance: Maintain constant flow, plus or minus 5 percent over system pressure fluctuations.
- 8. Minimum CWP Rating: 175 psig.
- 9. Maximum Operating Temperature: 200 deg F.

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2.6 AIR CONTROL DEVICES

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
- B. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Amtrol, Inc.
 - 2. Armstrong Pumps, Inc.
 - 3. Bell & Gossett Domestic Pump; a division of ITT Industries.
 - 4. Taco.

C. Manual Air Vents:

- 1. Body: Bronze.
- 2. Internal Parts: Nonferrous.
- 3. Operator: Screwdriver or thumbscrew.
- 4. Inlet Connection: NPS 1/2.
- 5. Discharge Connection: NPS 1/8.
- 6. CWP Rating: 150 psig.
- 7. Maximum Operating Temperature: 225 deg F.

D. Expansion Tanks:

- 1. Tank: Welded steel, rated for 125-psig working pressure and 375 deg F maximum operating temperature, with taps in bottom of tank for tank fitting and taps in end of tank for gage glass. Tanks shall be factory tested with taps fabricated and labeled according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section VIII, Division 1.
- 2. Air-Control Tank Fitting: Cast-iron body, copper-plated tube, brass vent tube plug, and stainless-steel ball check, sized for compression-tank diameter. Provide tank fittings for 125-psig working pressure and 250 deg F maximum operating temperature.
- 3. Tank Drain Fitting: Brass body, nonferrous internal parts; 125-psig working pressure and 240 deg F maximum operating temperature; constructed to admit air to compression tank, drain water, and close off system.
- 4. Gage Glass: Full height with dual manual shutoff valves, 3/4-inch- diameter gage glass, and slotted-metal glass guard.

E. In-Line Air Separators:

- 1. Tank: One-piece cast iron with an integral weir constructed to decelerate system flow to maximize air separation.
- 2. Maximum Working Pressure: Up to 175 psig.
- 3. Maximum Operating Temperature: Up to 300 deg F.

2.7 CHEMICAL TREATMENT

A. Bypass Chemical Feeder: Welded steel construction; 125-psig working pressure; 5-gal. capacity; with fill funnel and inlet, outlet, and drain valves.

1. Chemicals: Specially formulated, based on analysis of makeup water, to prevent accumulation of scale and corrosion in piping and connected equipment.

2.8 HYDRONIC PIPING SPECIALTIES

A. Y-Pattern Strainers:

- 1. Body: ASTM A 126, Class B, cast iron with bolted cover and bottom drain connection.
- 2. End Connections: Threaded ends for NPS 2 and smaller; flanged ends for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
- 3. Strainer Screen: 40-mesh startup strainer, and perforated stainless-steel basket with 50 percent free area.
- 4. CWP Rating: 125 psig.
- B. Stainless-Steel Bellow, Flexible Connectors:
 - 1. Body: Stainless-steel bellows with woven, flexible, bronze, wire-reinforcing protective jacket.
 - 2. End Connections: Threaded or flanged to match equipment connected.
 - 3. Performance: Capable of 3/4-inch misalignment.
 - 4. CWP Rating: 150 psig.
 - 5. Maximum Operating Temperature: 250 deg F.
- C. Expansion fittings are specified in Division 15 Section "Pipe Expansion Fittings and Loops."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PIPING APPLICATIONS

- A. Hot-water heating piping, aboveground, NPS 2 and smaller, shall be the following:
 - 1. Type L, drawn-temper copper tubing, wrought-copper fittings, and soldered joints.
 - 2. Schedule 40 steel pipe; Class 150, malleable-iron fittings; cast-iron flanges and flange fittings; and threaded joints.
- B. Hot-water heating piping, aboveground, NPS 2-1/2 and larger, shall be any of the following:
 - 1. Type L, drawn-temper copper tubing, wrought-copper fittings, and soldered joints.
 - 2. Schedule 40 steel pipe, wrought-steel fittings and wrought-cast or forged-steel flanges and flange fittings, and welded and flanged joints.
 - 3. Schedule 40 steel pipe; grooved, mechanical joint coupling and fittings; and grooved, mechanical joints.
- C. Hot-Water Heating Piping Installed Belowground and within Slabs: Type K, annealed-temper copper tubing, wrought-copper fittings, and brazed joints. Use the fewest possible joints.
- D. Chilled-water piping, aboveground, NPS 2 and smaller, shall be any of the following:

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- 1. Type L, drawn-temper copper tubing, wrought-copper fittings, and soldered joints.
- 2. Schedule 40 steel pipe; Class 150, malleable-iron fittings; cast-iron flanges and flange fittings; and threaded joints.
- E. Chilled-water piping, aboveground, NPS 2-1/2 and larger, shall be any of the following:
 - 1. Type L, drawn-temper copper tubing, wrought-copper fittings, and soldered joints.
 - 2. Schedule 40 steel pipe, wrought-steel fittings and wrought-cast or forged-steel flanges and flange fittings, and welded and flanged joints.
 - 3. Schedule 40 steel pipe; grooved, mechanical joint coupling and fittings; and grooved, mechanical joints.
- F. Chilled-Water Piping Installed Belowground and within Slabs: Type K, annealed-temper copper tubing, wrought-copper fittings, and brazed joints. Use the fewest possible joints.
- G. Makeup-water piping installed aboveground shall be the following:
 - 1. Type L, drawn-temper copper tubing, wrought-copper fittings, and soldered joints.
- H. Makeup-Water Piping Installed Belowground and within Slabs: Type K, annealed-temper copper tubing, wrought-copper fittings, and soldered joints. Use the fewest possible joints.
- I. Condensate-Drain Piping: Type M, drawn-temper copper tubing, wrought-copper fittings, and soldered joints.
- J. Blowdown-Drain Piping: Same materials and joining methods as for piping specified for the service in which blowdown drain is installed.
- K. Air-Vent Piping:
 - 1. Inlet: Same as service where installed with metal-to-plastic transition fittings for plastic piping systems according to the piping manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 2. Outlet: Type K, annealed-temper copper tubing with soldered or flared joints.
- L. Safety-Valve-Inlet and -Outlet Piping for Hot-Water Piping: Same materials and joining methods as for piping specified for the service in which safety valve is installed with metal-to-plastic transition fittings for plastic piping systems according to the piping manufacturer's written instructions.

3.2 VALVE APPLICATIONS

- A. Install shutoff-duty valves at each branch connection to supply mains, and at supply connection to each piece of equipment.
- B. Install calibrated-orifice, balancing valves at each branch connection to return main.
- C. Install calibrated-orifice, balancing valves in the return pipe of each heating or cooling terminal.
- D. Install check valves at each pump discharge and elsewhere as required to control flow direction.

- E. Install safety valves at hot-water generators and elsewhere as required by ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code. Install drip-pan elbow on safety-valve outlet and pipe without valves to the outdoors; and pipe drain to nearest floor drain or as indicated on Drawings. Comply with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section VIII, Division 1, for installation requirements.
- F. Install pressure-reducing valves at makeup-water connection to regulate system fill pressure.

3.3 PIPING INSTALLATIONS

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping systems. Indicate piping locations and arrangements if such were used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, pump sizing, and other design considerations. Install piping as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Coordination Drawings.
- B. Install piping in concealed locations, unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- C. Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- D. Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.
- E. Install piping to permit valve servicing.
- F. Install piping at indicated slopes.
- G. Install piping free of sags and bends.
- H. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- I. Install piping to allow application of insulation.
- J. Select system components with pressure rating equal to or greater than system operating pressure.
- K. Install groups of pipes parallel to each other, spaced to permit applying insulation and servicing of valves.
- L. Install drains, consisting of a tee fitting, NPS 3/4 ball valve, and short NPS 3/4 threaded nipple with cap, at low points in piping system mains and elsewhere as required for system drainage.
- M. Install piping at a uniform grade of 0.2 percent upward in direction of flow.
- N. Reduce pipe sizes using eccentric reducer fitting installed with level side up.
- O. Install branch connections to mains using tee fittings in main pipe, with the branch connected to the bottom of the main pipe. For up-feed risers, connect the branch to the top of the main pipe.
- P. Install valves according to Division 15 Section "Valves."

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- Q. Install unions in piping, NPS 2 and smaller, adjacent to valves, at final connections of equipment, and elsewhere as indicated.
- R. Install flanges in piping, NPS 2-1/2 and larger, at final connections of equipment and elsewhere as indicated.
- S. Install strainers on inlet side of each control valve, pressure-reducing valve, solenoid valve, inline pump, and elsewhere as indicated. Install NPS 3/4 nipple and ball valve in blowdown connection of strainers NPS 2 and larger. Match size of strainer blowoff connection for strainers smaller than NPS 2.
- T. Install expansion loops, expansion joints, anchors, and pipe alignment guides as specified in Division 15 Section "Pipe Expansion Fittings and Loops."
- U. Identify piping as specified in Division 15 Section "Mechanical Identification."
- V. Install sleeves for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for sleeves specified in Division 15 Section "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for HVAC Piping."
- W. Install sleeve seals for piping penetrations of concrete walls and slabs. Comply with requirements for sleeve seals specified in Division 15 Section "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for HVAC Piping."
- X. Install escutcheons for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for escutcheons specified in Division 15 Section "Escutcheons for HVAC Piping."

3.4 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Hanger, support, and anchor devices are specified in Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports." Comply with the following requirements for maximum spacing of supports.
- B. Seismic restraints are specified in Division 15 Section "Mechanical Vibration and Seismic Controls."
- C. Install the following pipe attachments:
 - 1. Adjustable steel clevis hangers for individual horizontal piping less than 20 feet long.
 - 2. Adjustable roller hangers and spring hangers for individual horizontal piping 20 feet or longer.
 - 3. Spring hangers to support vertical runs.
 - 4. Provide copper-clad hangers and supports for hangers and supports in direct contact with copper pipe.
- D. Install hangers for steel piping with the following maximum spacing and minimum rod sizes:
 - 1. NPS 3/4: Maximum span, 7 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
 - 2. NPS 1: Maximum span, 7 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
 - 3. NPS 1-1/2: Maximum span, 9 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
 - 4. NPS 2: Maximum span, 10 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
 - 5. NPS 2-1/2: Maximum span, 11 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.

- 6. NPS 3: Maximum span, 12 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
- 7. NPS 4: Maximum span, 14 feet; minimum rod size, 1/2 inch.
- E. Install hangers for drawn-temper copper piping with the following maximum spacing and minimum rod sizes:
 - 1. NPS 3/4: Maximum span, 5 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
 - 2. NPS 1: Maximum span, 6 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
 - 3. NPS 1-1/2: Maximum span, 8 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
 - 4. NPS 2: Maximum span, 8 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
 - 5. NPS 2-1/2: Maximum span, 9 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
 - 6. NPS 3: Maximum span, 10 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
- F. Support vertical runs at roof, at each floor, and at 10-foot intervals between floors.

3.5 PIPE JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Join pipe and fittings according to the following requirements and Division 15 Sections specifying piping systems.
- B. Ream ends of pipes and tubes and remove burrs. Bevel plain ends of steel pipe.
- C. Remove scale, slag, dirt, and debris from inside and outside of pipe and fittings before assembly.
- D. Soldered Joints: Apply ASTM B 813, water-flushable flux, unless otherwise indicated, to tube end. Construct joints according to ASTM B 828 or CDA's "Copper Tube Handbook," using lead-free solder alloy complying with ASTM B 32.
- E. Brazed Joints: Construct joints according to AWS's "Brazing Handbook," "Pipe and Tube" Chapter, using copper-phosphorus brazing filler metal complying with AWS A5.8.
- F. Threaded Joints: Thread pipe with tapered pipe threads according to ASME B1.20.1. Cut threads full and clean using sharp dies. Ream threaded pipe ends to remove burrs and restore full ID. Join pipe fittings and valves as follows:
 - 1. Apply appropriate tape or thread compound to external pipe threads unless dry seal threading is specified.
 - 2. Damaged Threads: Do not use pipe or pipe fittings with threads that are corroded or damaged. Do not use pipe sections that have cracked or open welds.
- G. Flanged Joints: Select appropriate gasket material, size, type, and thickness for service application. Install gasket concentrically positioned. Use suitable lubricants on bolt threads.
- H. Grooved Joints: Assemble joints with coupling and gasket, lubricant, and bolts. Cut or roll grooves in ends of pipe based on pipe and coupling manufacturer's written instructions for pipe wall thickness. Use grooved-end fittings and rigid, grooved-end-pipe couplings.

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3.6 HYDRONIC SPECIALTIES INSTALLATION

- A. Install manual air vents at high points in piping, at heat-transfer coils, and elsewhere as required for system air venting.
- B. Install piping from boiler air outlet, air separator, or air purger to expansion tank with a 2 percent upward slope toward tank.
- C. Install in-line air separators in pump suction. Install drain valve on air separators NPS 2 and larger.
- D. Install bypass chemical feeders in each hydronic system where indicated, in upright position with top of funnel not more than 48 inches above the floor. Install feeder in minimum NPS 3/4 bypass line, from main with full-size, full-port, ball valve in the main between bypass connections. Install NPS 3/4 pipe from chemical feeder drain, to nearest equipment drain and include a full-size, full-port, ball valve.
- E. Install expansion tanks above the air separator. Install tank fitting in tank bottom and charge tank. Use manual vent for initial fill to establish proper water level in tank.
 - 1. Install tank fittings that are shipped loose.
 - 2. Support tank from floor or structure above with sufficient strength to carry weight of tank, piping connections, fittings, plus tank full of water. Do not overload building components and structural members.

3.7 TERMINAL EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS

- A. Sizes for supply and return piping connections shall be the same as or larger than equipment connections.
- B. Install control valves in accessible locations close to connected equipment.
- C. Install ports for pressure gages and thermometers at coil inlet and outlet connections according to Division 15 Section "Meters and Gages."

3.8 CHEMICAL TREATMENT

- A. Fill system with fresh water and add liquid alkaline compound with emulsifying agents and detergents to remove grease and petroleum products from piping. Circulate solution for a minimum of 24 hours, drain, clean strainer screens, and refill with fresh water.
- B. Add initial chemical treatment and maintain water quality in ranges noted above for the first year of operation.

3.9 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Prepare hydronic piping according to ASME B31.9 and as follows:
 - 1. Leave joints, including welds, uninsulated and exposed for examination during test.

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- 2. Provide temporary restraints for expansion joints that cannot sustain reactions due to test pressure. If temporary restraints are impractical, isolate expansion joints from testing.
- 3. Flush hydronic piping systems with clean water; then remove and clean or replace strainer screens.
- 4. Isolate equipment from piping. If a valve is used to isolate equipment, its closure shall be capable of sealing against test pressure without damage to valve. Install blinds in flanged joints to isolate equipment.
- 5. Install safety valve, set at a pressure no more than one-third higher than test pressure, to protect against damage by expanding liquid or other source of overpressure during test.

B. Perform the following tests on hydronic piping:

- 1. Use ambient temperature water as a testing medium unless there is risk of damage due to freezing. Another liquid that is safe for workers and compatible with piping may be used.
- 2. While filling system, use vents installed at high points of system to release air. Use drains installed at low points for complete draining of test liquid.
- 3. Isolate expansion tanks and determine that hydronic system is full of water.
- 4. Subject piping system to hydrostatic test pressure that is not less than 1.5 times the system's working pressure. Test pressure shall not exceed maximum pressure for any vessel, pump, valve, or other component in system under test. Verify that stress due to pressure at bottom of vertical runs does not exceed 90 percent of specified minimum yield strength or 1.7 times "SE" value in Appendix A in ASME B31.9, "Building Services Piping."
- 5. After hydrostatic test pressure has been applied for at least 10 minutes, examine piping, joints, and connections for leakage. Eliminate leaks by tightening, repairing, or replacing components, and repeat hydrostatic test until there are no leaks.
- 6. Prepare written report of testing.

C. Perform the following before operating the system:

- 1. Open manual valves fully.
- 2. Inspect pumps for proper rotation.
- 3. Set makeup pressure-reducing valves for required system pressure.
- 4. Inspect air vents at high points of system and determine if all are installed and operating freely (automatic type), or bleed air completely (manual type).
- 5. Set temperature controls so all coils are calling for full flow.
- 6. Inspect and set operating temperatures of hydronic equipment, such as boilers, chillers, cooling towers, to specified values.
- 7. Verify lubrication of motors and bearings.

END OF SECTION 15181

SECTION 15183 - REFRIGERANT PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes refrigerant piping used for air-conditioning applications.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Line Test Pressure for Refrigerant R-410:
 - 1. Suction Lines for Air-Conditioning Applications: 185 psig.
 - 2. Suction Lines for Heat-Pump Applications: 325 psig.
 - 3. Hot-Gas and Liquid Lines: 325 psig.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of valve and refrigerant piping specialty indicated. Include pressure drop based on manufacturer's test data.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show layout of refrigerant piping and specialties, including pipe, tube, and fitting sizes, flow capacities, valve arrangements and locations, slopes of horizontal runs, oil traps, double risers, wall and floor penetrations, and equipment connection details. Show interface and spatial relationships between piping and equipment.
 - 1. Refrigerant piping indicated on Drawings is schematic only. Size piping and design actual piping layout, including oil traps, double risers, specialties, and pipe and tube sizes to accommodate, as a minimum, equipment provided, elevation difference between compressor and evaporator, and length of piping to ensure proper operation and compliance with warranties of connected equipment.
- C. Field quality-control test reports.
- D. Operation and maintenance data.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with ASHRAE 15, "Safety Code for Refrigeration Systems."
- B. Comply with ASME B31.5, "Refrigeration Piping and Heat Transfer Components."

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1.5 PRODUCT STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Store piping in a clean and protected area with end caps in place to ensure that piping interior and exterior are clean when installed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS

- A. Copper Tube: ASTM B 280, Type ACR.
- B. Wrought-Copper Fittings: ASME B16.22.
- C. Wrought-Copper Unions: ASME B16.22.
- D. Solder Filler Metals: ASTM B 32. Use 95-5 tin antimony or alloy HB solder to join copper socket fittings on copper pipe.
- E. Brazing Filler Metals: AWS A5.8.
- F. Flexible Connectors:
 - 1. Body: Tin-bronze bellows with woven, flexible, tinned-bronze-wire-reinforced protective jacket.
 - 2. End Connections: Socket ends.
 - 3. Offset Performance: Capable of minimum 3/4-inch misalignment in minimum 7-inchlong assembly.
 - 4. Pressure Rating: Factory test at minimum 500 psig.
 - 5. Maximum Operating Temperature: 250 deg F.

2.2 VALVES AND SPECIALTIES

A. Diaphragm Packless Valves:

- 1. Body and Bonnet: Forged brass or cast bronze; globe design with straight-through or angle pattern.
- 2. Diaphragm: Phosphor bronze and stainless steel with stainless-steel spring.
- 3. Operator: Rising stem and hand wheel.
- 4. Seat: Nylon.
- 5. End Connections: Socket, union, or flanged.
- 6. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
- 7. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F.

B. Packed-Angle Valves:

- 1. Body and Bonnet: Forged brass or cast bronze.
- 2. Packing: Molded stem, back seating, and replaceable under pressure.

3. Operator: Rising stem.

- 4. Seat: Nonrotating, self-aligning polytetrafluoroethylene.
- 5. Seal Cap: Forged-brass or valox hex cap.
- 6. End Connections: Socket, union, threaded, or flanged.
- 7. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
- 8. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F.

C. Check Valves:

- 1. Body: Ductile iron, forged brass, or cast bronze; globe pattern.
- 2. Bonnet: Bolted ductile iron, forged brass, or cast bronze; or brass hex plug.
- 3. Piston: Removable polytetrafluoroethylene seat.
- 4. Closing Spring: Stainless steel.
- 5. Manual Opening Stem: Seal cap, plated-steel stem, and graphite seal.
- 6. End Connections: Socket, union, threaded, or flanged.
- 7. Maximum Opening Pressure: 0.50 psig.
- 8. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
- 9. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F.

D. Service Valves:

- 1. Body: Forged brass with brass cap including key end to remove core.
- 2. Core: Removable ball-type check valve with stainless-steel spring.
- 3. Seat: Polytetrafluoroethylene.
- 4. End Connections: Copper spring.
- 5. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
- E. Solenoid Valves: Comply with ARI 760 and UL 429; listed and labeled by an NRTL.
 - 1. Body and Bonnet: Plated steel.
 - 2. Solenoid Tube, Plunger, Closing Spring, and Seat Orifice: Stainless steel.
 - 3. Seat: Polytetrafluoroethylene.
 - 4. End Connections: Threaded.
 - 5. Electrical: Molded, watertight coil in NEMA 250 enclosure of type required by location with 1/2-inch conduit adapter, and 24 or 115-V ac coil.
 - 6. Working Pressure Rating: 400 psig.
 - 7. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F.
 - 8. Manual operator.
- F. Safety Relief Valves: Comply with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code; listed and labeled by an NRTL.
 - 1. Body and Bonnet: Ductile iron and steel, with neoprene O-ring seal.
 - 2. Piston, Closing Spring, and Seat Insert: Stainless steel.
 - 3. Seat Disc: Polytetrafluoroethylene.
 - 4. End Connections: Threaded.
 - 5. Working Pressure Rating: 400 psig.
 - 6. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F.
- G. Thermostatic Expansion Valves: Comply with ARI 750.
 - 1. Body, Bonnet, and Seal Cap: Forged brass or steel.

- 2. Diaphragm, Piston, Closing Spring, and Seat Insert: Stainless steel.
- 3. Packing and Gaskets: Non-asbestos.
- 4. Capillary and Bulb: Copper tubing filled with refrigerant charge.
- 5. Superheat: Adjustable.
- 6. Reverse-flow option (for heat-pump applications).
- 7. End Connections: Socket, flare, or threaded union.

H. Straight-Type Strainers:

- 1. Body: Welded steel with corrosion-resistant coating.
- 2. Screen: 100-mesh stainless steel.
- 3. End Connections: Socket or flare.
- 4. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
- 5. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F.

I. Angle-Type Strainers:

- 1. Body: Forged brass or cast bronze.
- 2. Drain Plug: Brass hex plug.
- 3. Screen: 100-mesh monel.
- 4. End Connections: Socket or flare.
- 5. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
- 6. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F.

J. Moisture/Liquid Indicators:

- 1. Body: Forged brass.
- 2. Window: Replaceable, clear, fused glass window with indicating element protected by filter screen.
- 3. Indicator: Color coded to show moisture content in ppm.
- 4. Minimum Moisture Indicator Sensitivity: Indicate moisture above 60 ppm.
- 5. End Connections: Socket or flare.
- 6. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
- 7. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F.

K. Replaceable-Core Filter Dryers: Comply with ARI 730.

- 1. Body and Cover: Painted-steel shell with ductile-iron cover, stainless-steel screws, and neoprene gaskets.
- 2. Filter Media: 10 micron, pleated with integral end rings; stainless-steel support.
- 3. Desiccant Media: Activated.
- 4. Designed for reverse flow (for heat-pump applications).
- 5. End Connections: Socket.
- 6. Access Ports: NPS 1/4 connections at entering and leaving sides for pressure differential measurement.
- 7. Maximum Pressure Loss: 2 psig.
- 8. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
- 9. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F.

L. Liquid Accumulators: Comply with ARI 495.

- 1. Body: Welded steel with corrosion-resistant coating.
- 2. End Connections: Socket or threaded.
- 3. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
- 4. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F.

2.3 REFRIGERANTS

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Atofina Chemicals, Inc.
 - 2. DuPont Company; Fluorochemicals Div.
 - 3. Honeywell, Inc.; Genetron Refrigerants.
 - 4. INEOS Fluor Americas LLC.
- B. ASHRAE 34, R-410A: Pentafluoroethane/Difluoromethane.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PIPING APPLICATIONS

- A. Suction Lines NPS 4 and Smaller for Conventional Air-Conditioning Applications: Copper, Type ACR, drawn-temper tubing and wrought-copper fittings with brazed joints.
- B. Hot-Gas and Liquid Lines:
 - 1. NPS 4 and smaller: Copper, Type L, drawn-temper tubing and wrought-copper fittings with soldered joints.
- C. Safety-Relief-Valve Discharge Piping: Copper, Type L, drawn-temper tubing and wrought-copper fittings with soldered joints.

3.2 VALVE AND SPECIALTY APPLICATIONS

- A. Install diaphragm packless or packed-angle valves in suction and discharge lines of compressor.
- B. Install service valves for gage taps at strainers if they are not an integral part of strainers.
- C. Install a check valve at the compressor discharge and a liquid accumulator at the compressor suction connection.
- D. Except as otherwise indicated, install diaphragm packless or packed-angle valves on inlet and outlet side of filter dryers.
- E. Install a full-sized, three-valve bypass around filter dryers.
- F. Install solenoid valves upstream from each expansion valve. Install solenoid valves in horizontal lines with coil at top.

- G. Install thermostatic expansion valves as close as possible to distributors on evaporators.
 - 1. Install valve so diaphragm case is warmer than bulb.
 - 2. Secure bulb to clean, straight, horizontal section of suction line using two bulb straps. Do not mount bulb in a trap or at bottom of the line.
 - 3. If external equalizer lines are required, make connection where it will reflect suction-line pressure at bulb location.
- H. Install safety relief valves where required by ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code. Pipe safety-relief-valve discharge line to outside according to ASHRAE 15.
- I. Install moisture/liquid indicators in liquid line at the inlet of the thermostatic expansion valve or at the inlet of the evaporator coil capillary tube.
- J. Install strainers upstream from and adjacent to the following unless they are furnished as an integral assembly for device being protected:
 - 1. Solenoid valves.
 - 2. Thermostatic expansion valves.
 - 3. Compressor.
- K. Install filter dryers in liquid line between compressor and thermostatic expansion valve, and in the suction line at the compressor.
- L. Install flexible connectors at compressors.

3.3 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping systems; indicated locations and arrangements were used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, pump sizing, and other design considerations. Install piping as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Shop Drawings.
- B. Install refrigerant piping according to ASHRAE 15.
- C. Install piping in concealed locations unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- D. Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- E. Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.
- F. Install piping adjacent to machines to allow service and maintenance.
- G. Install piping free of sags and bends.
- H. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.

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- I. Select system components with pressure rating equal to or greater than system operating pressure.
- J. Refer to Division 15 Sections "HVAC Instrumentation and Controls" and "Sequence of Operation" for solenoid valve controllers, control wiring, and sequence of operation.
- K. Install piping as short and direct as possible, with a minimum number of joints, elbows, and fittings.
- L. Arrange piping to allow inspection and service of refrigeration equipment. Install valves and specialties in accessible locations to allow for service and inspection. Install access doors or panels as specified in Division 8 Section "Access Doors and Frames" if valves or equipment requiring maintenance is concealed behind finished surfaces.
- M. Install refrigerant piping in protective conduit where installed belowground.
- N. Install refrigerant piping in rigid or flexible conduit in locations where exposed to mechanical injury.
- O. Slope refrigerant piping as follows:
 - 1. Install horizontal hot-gas discharge piping with a uniform slope downward away from compressor.
 - 2. Install horizontal suction lines with a uniform slope downward to compressor.
 - 3. Install traps and double risers to entrain oil in vertical runs.
 - 4. Liquid lines may be installed level.
- P. When brazing or soldering, remove solenoid-valve coils and sight glasses; also remove valve stems, seats, and packing, and accessible internal parts of refrigerant specialties. Do not apply heat near expansion-valve bulb.
- Q. Install piping with adequate clearance between pipe and adjacent walls and hangers or between pipes for insulation installation.
- R. Identify refrigerant piping and valves according to Division 15 Section "Mechanical Identification."
- S. Install sleeves for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for sleeves specified in Division 15 Section "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for HVAC Piping."
- T. Install sleeve seals for piping penetrations of concrete walls and slabs. Comply with requirements for sleeve seals specified in Division 15 Section "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for HVAC Piping."
- U. Install escutcheons for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for escutcheons specified in Division 15 Section "Escutcheons for HVAC Piping."

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PIPE JOINT CONSTRUCTION 3.4

- Soldered Joints: Construct joints according to ASTM B 828 or CDA's "Copper Tube A. Handbook."
- B. Brazed Joints: Construct joints according to AWS's "Brazing Handbook," Chapter "Pipe and Tube."
 - 1. Use Type BcuP, copper-phosphorus alloy for joining copper socket fittings with copper
 - 2. Use Type BAg, cadmium-free silver alloy for joining copper with bronze or steel.

3.5 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Hanger, support, and anchor products are specified in Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports."
- B. Install the following pipe attachments:
 - 1. Adjustable steel clevis hangers for individual horizontal runs less than 20 feet long.
 - Roller hangers and spring hangers for individual horizontal runs 20 feet or longer. 2.
 - 3. Pipe Roller: MSS SP-58, Type 44 for multiple horizontal piping 20 feet or longer, supported on a trapeze.
 - 4. Spring hangers to support vertical runs.
 - Copper-clad hangers and supports for hangers and supports in direct contact with copper 5. pipe.
- C. Install hangers for copper tubing with the following maximum spacing and minimum rod sizes:
 - 1. NPS 1/2: Maximum span, 60 inches; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
 - NPS 5/8: Maximum span, 60 inches; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch. 2.
 - NPS 1: Maximum span, 72 inches; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch. 3.
 - NPS 1-1/4: Maximum span, 96 inches; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch. 4.
 - NPS 1-1/2: Maximum span, 96 inches; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
 - NPS 2: Maximum span, 96 inches; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch. 6.
 - 7. NPS 2-1/2: Maximum span, 108 inches; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
 - NPS 3: Maximum span, 10 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch. 8.
 - NPS 4: Maximum span, 12 feet; minimum rod size, 1/2 inch. 9.
- D. Support multifloor vertical runs at least at each floor.

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
- B. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Comply with ASME B31.5, Chapter VI.

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- 2. Test refrigerant piping and specialties. Isolate compressor, condenser, evaporator, and safety devices from test pressure if they are not rated above the test pressure.
- 3. Test high- and low-pressure side piping of each system separately at not less than the pressures indicated in Part 1 "Performance Requirements" Article.
 - a. Fill system with nitrogen to the required test pressure.
 - b. System shall maintain test pressure at the manifold gage throughout duration of test.
 - c. Test joints and fittings with electronic leak detector or by brushing a small amount of soap and glycerin solution over joints.
 - d. Remake leaking joints using new materials, and retest until satisfactory results are achieved.

3.7 SYSTEM CHARGING

- A. Charge system using the following procedures:
 - 1. Install core in filter dryers after leak test but before evacuation.
 - 2. Evacuate entire refrigerant system with a vacuum pump to 500 micrometers. If vacuum holds for 12 hours, system is ready for charging.
 - 3. Break vacuum with refrigerant gas, allowing pressure to build up to 2 psig.
 - 4. Charge system with a new filter-dryer core in charging line.

3.8 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust thermostatic expansion valve to obtain proper evaporator superheat.
- B. Adjust high- and low-pressure switch settings to avoid short cycling in response to fluctuating suction pressure.
- C. Adjust set-point temperature of air-conditioning or chilled-water controllers to the system design temperature.
- D. Perform the following adjustments before operating the refrigeration system, according to manufacturer's written instructions:
 - 1. Open shutoff valves in condenser water circuit.
 - 2. Verify that compressor oil level is correct.
 - 3. Open compressor suction and discharge valves.
 - 4. Open refrigerant valves except bypass valves that are used for other purposes.
 - 5. Check open compressor-motor alignment and verify lubrication for motors and bearings.
- E. Replace core of replaceable filter dryer after system has been adjusted and after design flow rates and pressures are established.

END OF SECTION 15183

SECTION 15185 - HYDRONIC PUMPS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Close-coupled, in-line centrifugal pumps.
 - 2. Close-coupled, end-suction centrifugal pumps.
 - 3. Separately coupled, horizontal, in-line centrifugal pumps.
 - 4. Separately coupled, vertical, in-line centrifugal pumps.
 - 5. Separately coupled, base-mounted, end-suction centrifugal pumps.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include certified performance curves and rated capacities, operating characteristics, furnished specialties, final impeller dimensions, and accessories for each type of product indicated. Indicate pump's operating point on curves.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show pump layout and connections. Include setting drawings with templates for installing foundation and anchor bolts and other anchorages.
- C. Operation and maintenance data.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- B. UL Compliance: Comply with UL 778 for motor-operated water pumps.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 CLOSE-COUPLED, IN-LINE CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS

A. Available Manufacturers:

- 1. Armstrong Pumps Inc.
- 2. Bell & Gossett; Div. of ITT Industries.
- 3. Grundfos Pumps Corporation.
- 4. Taco, Inc.
- B. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested, centrifugal, overhung-impeller, close-coupled, inline pump as defined in HI 1.1-1.2 and HI 1.3; designed for installation with pump and motor shafts mounted horizontally or vertically. Rate pump for 175-psig minimum working pressure and a continuous water temperature of 225 deg F.

C. Pump Construction:

- 1. Casing: Radially split, cast iron, with replaceable bronze wear rings, threaded gage tappings at inlet and outlet, and threaded companion-flange connections.
- 2. Impeller: ASTM B 584, cast bronze; statically and dynamically balanced, keyed to shaft, and secured with a locking cap screw. Trim impeller to match specified performance.
- 3. Pump Shaft: Stainless steel.
- 4. Mechanical Seal: Carbon rotating ring against a ceramic seat held by a stainless-steel spring, and Buna-N bellows and gasket. Include water slinger on shaft between motor and seal.
- 5. Packing Seal: Stuffing box, with a minimum of four rings of graphite-impregnated braided yarn with bronze lantern ring between center two graphite rings, and bronze packing gland.
- 6. Pump Bearings: Permanently lubricated ball bearings.
- D. Motor: Single speed, with permanently lubricated ball bearings, unless otherwise indicated; and rigidly mounted to pump casing. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Motors."

2.3 CLOSE-COUPLED, END-SUCTION CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS

A. Available Manufacturers:

- 1. Armstrong Pumps Inc.
- 2. Bell & Gossett; Div. of ITT Industries.
- 3. Goulds Pumps; Water Technologies Group.
- 4. Taco, Inc.
- B. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested, centrifugal, overhung-impeller, close-coupled, end-suction pump as defined in HI 1.1-1.2 and HI 1.3; designed for installation with pump and motor shafts mounted horizontally. Rate pump for 175-psig minimum working pressure and a continuous water temperature of 225 deg F.

C. Pump Construction:

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- 1. Casing: Radially split, cast iron, with replaceable bronze wear rings, drain plug at bottom and air vent at top of volute, threaded gage tappings at inlet and outlet, and flanged connections.
- 2. Impeller: ASTM B 584, cast bronze; statically and dynamically balanced, keyed to shaft, and secured with a locking cap screw. Trim impeller to match specified performance.
- 3. Pump Shaft: Stainless steel.
- 4. Mechanical Seal: Carbon rotating ring against a ceramic seat held by a stainless-steel spring, and Buna-N bellows and gasket. Include water slinger on shaft between motor and seal
- 5. Pump Bearings: Permanently lubricated ball bearings.
- 6. Motor: Single speed, with permanently lubricated ball bearings, unless otherwise indicated; rigidly mounted to pump casing with integral pump support. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Motors."

2.4 PUMP SPECIALTY FITTINGS

- A. Suction Diffuser: Angle pattern, 175-psig pressure rating, cast-iron body and end cap, pump-inlet fitting; with bronze startup and bronze or stainless-steel permanent strainers; bronze or stainless-steel straightening vanes; drain plug; and factory-fabricated support.
- B. Triple-Duty Valve: Angle or straight pattern, 175-psig pressure rating, cast-iron body, pump-discharge fitting; with drain plug and bronze-fitted shutoff, balancing, and check valve features. Brass gage ports with integral check valve, and orifice for flow measurement.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PUMP INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with HI 1.4.
- B. Install pumps with access for periodic maintenance including removal of motors, impellers, couplings, and accessories.
- C. Independently support pumps and piping so weight of piping is not supported by pumps and weight of pumps is not supported by piping.
- D. Install continuous-thread hanger rods and spring hangers of sufficient size to support pump weight. Vibration isolation devices are specified in Division 15 Section "Mechanical Vibration and Seismic Controls." Fabricate brackets or supports as required. Hanger and support materials are specified in Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports."
- E. Suspend vertically mounted, in-line centrifugal pumps independent of piping. Install pumps with motor and pump shafts vertical. Use continuous-thread hanger rods and spring hangers of sufficient size to support pump weight. Vibration isolation devices are specified in Division 15 Section "Mechanical Vibration and Seismic Controls." Hanger and support materials are specified in Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports."

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- F. Set base-mounted pumps on concrete foundation. Disconnect coupling before setting. Do not reconnect couplings until alignment procedure is complete.
 - 1. Support pump baseplate on rectangular metal blocks and shims, or on metal wedges with small taper, at points near foundation bolts to provide a gap of 3/4 to 1-1/2 inches between pump base and foundation for grouting.
 - 2. Adjust metal supports or wedges until pump and driver shafts are level. Check coupling faces and suction and discharge flanges of pump to verify that they are level and plumb.

3.2 ALIGNMENT

- A. Align pump and motor shafts and piping connections after setting on foundation, grout has been set and foundation bolts have been tightened, and piping connections have been made.
- B. Comply with pump and coupling manufacturers' written instructions.
- C. Adjust pump and motor shafts for angular and offset alignment by methods specified in HI 1.1-1.5, "Centrifugal Pumps for Nomenclature, Definitions, Application and Operation."
- D. After alignment is correct, tighten foundation bolts evenly but not too firmly. Completely fill baseplate with nonshrink, nonmetallic grout while metal blocks and shims or wedges are in place. After grout has cured, fully tighten foundation bolts.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Install piping adjacent to machine to allow service and maintenance.
- C. Connect piping to pumps. Install valves that are same size as piping connected to pumps.
- D. Install suction and discharge pipe sizes equal to or greater than diameter of pump nozzles.
- E. Install triple-duty valve on discharge side of pumps.
- F. Install suction diffuser and shutoff valve on suction side of pumps.
- G. Install flexible connectors on suction and discharge sides of base-mounted pumps between pump casing and valves.
- H. Install pressure gages on pump suction and discharge, at integral pressure-gage tapping, or install single gage with multiple input selector valve.
- I. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
- J. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

END OF SECTION 15185

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SECTION 15189 - HVAC WATER TREATMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following HVAC water-treatment systems:
 - 1. Bypass chemical-feed equipment and controls.
 - 2. Biocide chemical-feed equipment and controls.
 - 3. Chemical treatment test equipment.
 - 4. HVAC water-treatment chemicals.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Water quality for HVAC systems shall minimize corrosion, scale buildup, and biological growth for optimum efficiency of HVAC equipment without creating a hazard to operating personnel or the environment.
- B. Base HVAC water treatment on quality of water available at Project site, HVAC system equipment material characteristics and functional performance characteristics, operating personnel capabilities, and requirements and guidelines of authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Closed hydronic systems, including hot-water heating and chilled water, shall have the following water qualities:
 - 1. pH: Maintain a value within 9.0 to 10.5.
 - 2. "P" Alkalinity: Maintain a value within 100 to 500 ppm.
 - 3. Boron: Maintain a value within 100 to 200 ppm.
 - 4. Chemical Oxygen Demand: Maintain a maximum value of 100 ppm.
 - 5. Soluble Copper: Maintain a maximum value of 0.20 ppm.
 - 6. TDS: Maintain a maximum value of 10 ppm.
 - 7. Ammonia: Maintain a maximum value of 20 ppm.
 - 8. Free Caustic Alkalinity: Maintain a maximum value of 20 ppm.
 - 9. Microbiological Limits:
 - a. Total Aerobic Plate Count: Maintain a maximum value of 1000 organisms/ml.
 - b. Total Anaerobic Plate Count: Maintain a maximum value of 100 organisms/ml.
 - c. Nitrate Reducers: Maintain a maximum value of 100 organisms/ml.
 - d. Sulfate Reducers: Maintain a maximum value of 0 organisms/ml.
 - e. Iron Bacteria: Maintain a maximum value of 0 organisms/ml.
- D. Passivation for Galvanized Steel: For the first 60 days of operation.
 - 1. pH: Maintain a value within 7 to 8.
 - 2. Calcium Carbonate Hardness: Maintain a value within 100 to 300 ppm.
 - 3. Calcium Carbonate Alkalinity: Maintain a value within 100 to 300 ppm.

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- 1.3 SUBMITTALS
 - A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
 - B. Shop Drawings: Pretreatment and chemical treatment equipment showing tanks, maintenance space required, and piping connections to HVAC systems. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - 1. Wiring Diagrams: Power and control wiring.
 - C. Field quality-control test reports.
 - D. Other Informational Submittals:
 - 1. Water-Treatment Program: Written sequence of operation on an annual basis for the application equipment required to achieve water quality defined in the "Performance Requirements" Article above.
 - 2. Water Analysis: Illustrate water quality available at Project site.
 - 3. Passivation Confirmation Report: Verify passivation of galvanized-steel surfaces, and confirm this observation in a letter to Architect.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. HVAC Water-Treatment Service Provider Qualifications: An experienced HVAC water-treatment service provider capable of analyzing water qualities, installing water-treatment equipment, and applying water treatment as specified in this Section.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
- B. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Ampion Corp.
 - 2. Anderson Chemical Co, Inc.
 - 3. Aqua-Chem, Inc.; Cleaver-Brooks Div.
 - 4. Barclay Chemical Co.; Water Management, Inc.
 - 5. Boland Trane Services.
 - 6. GE Betz.
 - 7. GE Osmonics.

- 8. H-O-H Chemicals, Inc.
- 9. Metro Group. Inc. (The); Metropolitan Refining Div.
- 10. ONDEO Nalco Company.
- 11. Watcon, Inc.

2.2 MANUAL CHEMICAL-FEED EQUIPMENT

- A. Bypass Feeders: Steel, with corrosion-resistant exterior coating, minimum 3-1/2-inch fill opening in the top, and NPS 3/4 bottom inlet and top side outlet. Quarter turn or threaded fill cap with gasket seal and diaphragm to lock the top on the feeder when exposed to system pressure in the vessel.
 - 1. Capacity: 5 gal..
 - 2. Minimum Working Pressure: 300 psig.

2.3 AUTOMATIC CHEMICAL-FEED EQUIPMENT

A. Water Meter:

- 1. AWWA C700, oscillating-piston, magnetic-drive, totalization meter.
- 2. Body: Bronze.
- 3. Maximum Pressure Loss at Design Flow: 3 psig.
- 4. Registration: Gallons or cubic feet.
- 5. Controls: Flow-control switch with normally open contacts; rated for maximum 10 A, 250-V ac; and that will close at adjustable increments of total flow.

B. Inhibitor Injection Timers:

- 1. Microprocessor-based controller with LCD display in NEMA 250, Type 12 enclosure with gasketed and lockable door.
- 2. Programmable timers with infinite adjustment over full range, and mounted in cabinet with hand-off-auto switches and status lights.
- 3. Test switch.
- 4. Hand-off-auto switch for chemical pump.
- 5. Illuminated legend to indicate feed when pump is activated.
- 6. Programmable lockout timer with indicator light. Lockout timer to deactivate the pump and activate alarm circuits.
- 7. LCD makeup totalizer to measure amount of makeup and bleed-off water from two water meter inputs.

C. pH Controller:

- 1. Microprocessor-based controller, 1 percent accuracy in a range from zero to 14 units. Incorporate solid-state integrated circuits and digital LCD display in NEMA 250, Type 12 enclosure with gasketed and lockable door.
- 2. Digital display and touch pad for input.
- 3. Sensor probe adaptable to sample stream manifold.
- 4. High, low, and normal pH indication.
- 5. High or low pH alarm light, trip points field adjustable; with silence switch.

- 6. Hand-off-auto switch for acid pump.
- 7. Internal adjustable hysteresis or deadband.

D. TDS Controller:

- 1. Microprocessor-based controller, 1 percent accuracy in a range from zero to 5000 micromhos. Incorporate solid-state integrated circuits and digital LCD display in NEMA 250, Type 12 enclosure with gasketed and lockable door.
- 2. Digital display and touch pad for input.
- 3. Sensor probe adaptable to sample stream manifold.
- 4. High, low, and normal conductance indication.
- 5. High or low conductance alarm light, trip points field adjustable; with silence switch.
- 6. Hand-off-auto switch for solenoid bleed-off valve.
- 7. Bleed-off valve activated indication.
- 8. Internal adjustable hysteresis or deadband.
- 9. Bleed Valves:
 - a. Cooling Systems: Forged-brass body, globe pattern, general-purpose solenoid with continuous-duty coil, or motorized valve.

E. Biocide Feeder Timer:

- 1. Microprocessor-based controller with digital LCD display in NEMA 250, Type 12 enclosure with gasketed and lockable door.
- 2. 24-hour timer with 14-day skip feature to permit activation any hour of day.
- 3. Precision, solid-state, bleed-off lockout timer and clock-controlled biocide pump timer. Prebleed and bleed lockout timers.
- 4. Solid-state alternator to enable use of two different formulations.
- 5. 24-hour display of time of day.
- 6. 14-day display of day of week.
- 7. Battery backup so clock is not disturbed by power outages.
- 8. Hand-off-auto switches for biocide pumps.
- 9. Biocide A and Biocide B pump running indication.

F. Chemical Solution Tanks:

- 1. Chemical-resistant reservoirs fabricated from high-density opaque polyethylene with minimum 110 percent containment vessel.
- 2. Molded cover with recess for mounting pump.
- 3. Capacity: 30 gal..

G. Chemical Solution Injection Pumps:

- 1. Self-priming, positive-displacement; rated for intended chemical with minimum 25 percent safety factor for design pressure and temperature.
- 2. Adjustable flow rate.
- 3. Metal and thermoplastic construction.
- 4. Built-in relief valve.
- 5. Fully enclosed, continuous-duty, single-phase motor. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Motors."

H. Chemical Solution Tubing: Polyethylene tubing with compression fittings and joints.

I. Injection Assembly:

- 1. Quill: Minimum NPS 1/2 with insertion length sufficient to discharge into at least 25 percent of pipe diameter.
- 2. Ball Valve: Three-piece, stainless steel; selected to fit quill.
- 3. Packing Gland: Mechanical seal on quill of sufficient length to allow quill removal during system operation.
- 4. Assembly Pressure/Temperature Rating: Minimum 600 psig at 200 deg F.

2.4 CHEMICALS

A. Chemicals shall be as recommended by water-treatment system manufacturer that are compatible with piping system components and connected equipment, and that can attain water quality specified in Part 1 "Performance Requirements" Article.

B. Water Softener Chemicals:

- 1. Mineral: High-capacity, sulfonated-polystyrene ion-exchange resin that is stable over entire pH range with good resistance to bead fracture from attrition or shock. Resin exchange capacity minimum 30,000 grains/cu. ft. of calcium carbonate of resin when regenerated with 15 lb of salt.
- 2. Salt for Brine Tanks: High-purity sodium chloride, free of dirt and foreign material. Rock and granulated forms are not acceptable.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 WATER ANALYSIS

A. Perform an analysis of supply water to determine quality of water available at Project site.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install chemical application equipment on concrete bases, level and plumb. Maintain manufacturer's recommended clearances. Arrange units so controls and devices that require servicing are accessible. Anchor chemical tanks and floor-mounting accessories to substrate.
- B. Install water testing equipment on wall near water chemical application equipment.
- C. Install interconnecting control wiring for chemical treatment controls and sensors.
- D. Mount sensors and injectors in piping circuits.
- E. Bypass Feeders: Install in closed hydronic systems, including hot-water heating and chilled water, and equipped with the following:

- 1. Install bypass feeder in a bypass circuit around circulating pumps, unless otherwise indicated on Drawings.
- 2. Install water meter in makeup water supply.
- 3. Install test-coupon assembly in bypass circuit around circulating pumps, unless otherwise indicated on Drawings.
- 4. Install a gate or full-port ball isolation valves on inlet, outlet, and drain below feeder inlet.
- 5. Install a swing check on inlet after the isolation valve.
- F. Install automatic chemical-feed equipment for steam boiler system and include the following:
 - 1. Install makeup water softener.
 - 2. Install water meter in makeup water supply.
 - 3. Install inhibitor injection pumps and solution tanks with injection timer sensing contacts in water meter.
 - a. Pumps shall operate for timed interval on contact closure at water meter in makeup water supply connection. Injection pump shall discharge into boiler feedwater tank or feedwater supply connection at boiler.
 - 4. Install test equipment and provide test-kit to Owner. Install test-coupon assembly in bypass circuit around circulating pumps, unless otherwise indicated on Drawings.
 - 5. Install TDS controller with sensor and bleed valves.
 - a. Bleed valves shall cycle to maintain maximum TDS concentration.
 - 6. Install pH sensor and controller with injection pumps and solution tanks.
 - a. Injector pumps shall operate to maintain required pH.
 - 7. Install biocide feeder alternating timer with two sets of injection pumps and solution tanks.
 - a. Injection pumps shall operate to feed biocide on an alternating basis.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Install piping adjacent to equipment to allow service and maintenance.
- C. Make piping connections between HVAC water-treatment equipment and dissimilar-metal piping with dielectric fittings. Dielectric fittings are specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
- D. Install shutoff valves on HVAC water-treatment equipment inlet and outlet. Metal general-duty valves are specified in Division 15 Section "Valves."

- E. Refer to Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Piping Specialties" for backflow preventers required in makeup water connections to potable-water systems.
- F. Confirm applicable electrical requirements in Division 16 Sections for connecting electrical equipment.
- G. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
- H. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test, and adjust components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections. Report results in writing.
- B. Perform tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
 - 1. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections, and to assist in testing.

C. Tests and Inspections:

- 1. Inspect field-assembled components and equipment installation, including piping and electrical connections.
- 2. Inspect piping and equipment to determine that systems and equipment have been cleaned, flushed, and filled with water, and are fully operational before introducing chemicals for water-treatment system.
- 3. Place HVAC water-treatment system into operation and calibrate controls during the preliminary phase of HVAC systems' startup procedures.
- 4. Do not enclose, cover, or put piping into operation until it is tested and satisfactory test results are achieved.
- 5. Test for leaks and defects. If testing is performed in segments, submit separate report for each test, complete with diagram of portion of piping tested.
- 6. Leave uncovered and unconcealed new, altered, extended, and replaced water piping until it has been tested and approved. Expose work that has been covered or concealed before it has been tested and approved.
- 7. Cap and subject piping to static water pressure of 50 psig above operating pressure, without exceeding pressure rating of piping system materials. Isolate test source and allow test pressure to stand for four hours. Leaks and loss in test pressure constitute defects
- 8. Repair leaks and defects with new materials and retest piping until no leaks exist.
- D. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.
- E. At eight-week intervals following Substantial Completion, perform separate water analyses on hydronic systems to show that automatic chemical-feed systems are maintaining water quality within performance requirements specified in this Section. Submit written reports of water

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102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012 analysis advising Owner of changes necessary to adhere to Part 1 "Performance Requirements" Article.

- F. Comply with ASTM D 3370 and with the following standards:
 - 1. Silica: ASTM D 859.
 - 2. Acidity and Alkalinity: ASTM D 1067.
 - 3. Iron: ASTM D 1068.
 - 4. Water Hardness: ASTM D 1126.

3.5 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain HVAC water-treatment systems and equipment. Refer to Division 1 Section "Demonstration and Training."

END OF SECTION 15189

SECTION 15300 – FIRE SUPPRESSION SYSTEMS

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division – 1 Specification Sections, apply to work specified in this section.

1.02 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF WORK

- A. The Contractor shall layout, install and test the booster pump installation and sprinkler systems installation and existing standpipe modifications for the Jackson County Historic Courthouse. The work included under this section will begin at a 4 inch flat faced flange in the Boiler Room located on the Basement Level of the building.
- B. The major items of the scope of work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Modify existing building water service piping inside of the building downstream of the 4 inch flat faced flange located in the Basement Boiler Room.
 - 2. During the modification to the water service piping under the early construction period the Contractor shall install a temporary test outlet on the 4 inch flat flange and conduct a flow test to verify the water supply at the entry to the building. This test data shall be used for hydraulic calculations for the building fire suppression systems.
 - 3. During the modification to the water service piping the Contractor shall perform a hydrostatic test on the existing building standpipe system for the purpose of verifying the system can be connected to the new fire suppression piping system supplied by a new booster fire pump. The Contractor shall also test the operation of each hose connection outlet on the system to verify each outlet valve operates and re-seats adequately.
 - 4. Remove an existing 4 inch backflow preventer, preaction sprinkler valve and preaction sprinkler system piping and pilot line piping. The existing preaction system covers an approximate 2,100 square feet area on the First Floor.
 - 5. Provide and install one horizontal centrifugal, electric motor driven fire booster pump assembly with controller.
 - 6. Provide and install one pressure maintenance pump assembly with controller.
 - 7. Layout, provide and install sprinkler systems in the building as noted for the Basement and the Attic levels.
 - 8. Provide and install a 6 inch double check valve assembly type backflow preventer.

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C. Details concerning all work required for the project follows in the specifications and are shown on the Contract Drawings.

1.03 CONTRACT DRAWINGS

A. The Fire Suppression System Arrangement Drawings (FP-00 thru FP-04) included with these specifications are utilized to illustrate the general locations of the new and existing major components and system boundaries of the fire suppression systems. See Paragraph 1.10 (System Arrangement and Design) for information regarding background and supplemental drawings.

1.04 <u>CODE REQUIREMENTS</u>

A. Fire protection system design, materials, manufacture, installation, examination, testing, inspection, stamping certifications, and documentation shall conform to applicable portions of the latest issue of the following adopted codes and all addenda thereto, standards, and tentative specifications as applicable.

BUILDING/FIRE CODES

2009 International Building Code (IBC) 2009 International Fire Code (IFC)

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION

- No. 13 Installation of Sprinkler Systems (2007)
- No. 14 Installation of Standpipe and Hose Systems (2007)
- No. 20 Installation of Stationary Pumps for Fire Protection (2007)
- No. 25 Inspection, Testing and Maintenance of Water Based Fire Protection Systems (2008)
- No. 70 National Electrical Code (2008)
- No. 72 National Fire Alarm Code (2007)
- B. These specifications are based upon the latest standards and codes in force at the time of issue of these specifications. Any conflict between referenced standards shall be referred to the Owner's Representative who will determine which standard shall govern. The Owner's Representative shall be the Authority Having Jurisdiction over the interpretation of codes and standards. All correspondence requiring decision by the Authority shall be directed through the Engineer for resolution. The requirements of these specifications and associated drawings take precedence over the minimum requirements of the codes and standards listed above.

1.05 <u>LISTINGS AND APPROVALS</u>

A. All equipment and devices furnished under these specifications shall be Factory Mutual (FM) Approved or Underwriters Laboratories (UL) Listed unless specifically noted otherwise. Approved or Listed equipment shall be so noted in the latest edition of the FM Approval Guide (P7825a) or the UL Fire Protection Equipment Directory.

1.06 CONTRACTOR'S QUALIFICATIONS

A. This section covers the technical qualifications required for the Contractor's personnel. Proposed personnel shall be subject to the Owner's approval.

1. Contractor

Installation shall be performed by a Fire Protection Contractor who is experienced in the layout and installation of fire protection systems (minimum five (5) years). Additionally, the Contractor shall have successfully installed fire protection systems of the same type and layout as specified herein. The Contractor shall submit, with the bid the names and locations of at least two (2) installations where the Contractor has installed such systems. The Contractor shall certify that each system has performed satisfactorily for a period of not less than two years.

2. <u>Technician</u>

Piping layout and hydraulic calculations shall be performed by a NICET Level III or IV Technician (Sprinkler Systems Subfield of Fire Protection Engineering Technology), Registered Fire Protection Engineer, or a Registered Professional Engineer with at least two (2) years experience in fire protection layout.

3. <u>Installation Supervisor</u>

The Contractor's installation supervisor shall have at least five (5) years of experience in sprinkler installation, technically competent, trained, and experienced in the installation and operation of the equipment under their jurisdiction.

1.07 DOCUMENT SUBMITTALS

- A. The Contractor shall submit the documents electronically, for review, to the Engineer prior to the start of fabrication or installation. The Contractor shall upload the submittal to the Engineer's FTP site and send an email notification of the upload to the Engineer. The submittal shall include required information for all work included in this section. Documents shall be fully completed and certified by the Contractor as to the compliance of the information contained thereon with the requirements of the contract documents. Incomplete submittals will not be reviewed. Complete submittals will be reviewed by the Engineer and processed as specified in Division 1. The Engineer's review will be for general conformity to the specified requirements and is not intended to constitute detailed review or approval of content. Documents stamped ACCEPTED do not relieve the Contractor from any contract requirements.
- B. All drawings shall be prepared on AutoCAD (Version 2004 or later). Drawings and data shall be in sufficient detail to indicate the kind, size, arrangement, and operation of component devices; the external connections, anchorages, and supports required; and dimensions needed for installation and correlation with other equipment. All drawings shall be to a standard architectural

scale which shall be noted on the drawings (including Graphic Representation). Drawing size shall not be 22 inches by 34 inches.

- C. All Equipment and Material Data Sheets shall be submitted as a single PDF document. The document shall include bookmarks for each product submitted. Calculations shall be submitted as individual PDF files. Drawings shall be submitted as individual full size PDF files. A separate transmittal PDF file shall be included. The drawings and calculations shall have a certification sheet bearing the NICET designer certification or the seal of the Contractor's registered professional engineer. All file names shall describe the file content. Each document submitted shall be clearly marked with the specification title, the specification number, the project equipment nomenclature and the Contractor's name.
- D. After acceptance by the Engineer, the submittal shall be forwarded to the County for review and comment.

E. <u>Documents Required</u>

The following documents shall be submitted for this project:

1. Equipment and Material Data Sheets

Equipment data sheets shall be submitted for all equipment and devices used in the systems. This shall include sprinklers, pipe, pipe supports (all components), valves, waterflow or alarm pressure switches, other supervisory switches, valve tamper switches, etc. If options are listed on the data sheets, the specific option for the project shall be clearly marked. Hanger assembly drawings (hanger, rod, structure attachment, etc.) are required for each assembly type used on the project. If more than one pipe type is used, the sheets shall be marked to indicate the application of each type.

Fire pump equipment data sheets shall include but not be limited to the following items:

- a. Fire pump, including all materials of construction, performance curves and nameplate data.
- b. All fire pump components, including reducers, increasers, gauges, air release and casing relief valve.
- c. Isolation Valves
- d. Discharge Check Valve
- e. Relief Valve

- f. Test Header
- g. Electric Motor
- h. Fire pump controller(s), including the following items:
 - Controller layout drawings Drawings shall be submitted of the controller showing the dimensions and arrangement of all lights, switches, and labels. Information shall be provided such as weight, mounting details, and wording of all labels. A second drawing shall be provided to show the arrangement of all circuit boards and modules in the controller.
 - 2) Installation, instruction, programming manuals and nameplate data.
 - 3) Internal wiring schematics (with jumpers and switches marked as set for this project) or a printout of programming showing electronic switch settings.
 - 4) Logic diagrams or a detailed sequence of operation document
 - 5) Interconnection Diagrams Interconnection drawings shall be submitted which show all external connections required for complete operation of the system as specified. Circuit numbers shall be shown on all connections to the terminal blocks and shall correlate with other drawings.

Other installation related materials to be submitted with the sprinkler system documents are as follows:

- a. Firestopping materials
- b. All signs and materials as required by NFPA 13 and NFPA 20

2. <u>Piping Drawings</u>

Piping drawings shall show all piping, devices, and information necessary for the complete installation. The drawings shall be plotted in a standard architectural scale.

The drawings shall include the following items:

- a. Name of owner and occupant.
- b. Specification title and number.
- c. Contractor's name and address.
- d. Location, including street address.
- e. Point of compass.

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- f. Full height cross-section, or schematic diagram, including ceiling construction.
- g. Location of partitions.
- h. Location of fire rated barriers or walls.
- i. Locations of lights, diffusers, etc. located near the roof level or in the ceilings or other locations that could be obstructions to sprinkler discharge.
- i. Location of unit heaters and direction of air flow.
- k. Any concealed spaces in which no sprinklers are to be installed.
- 1. Size of city main in street and whether dead-end or circulating; and, if dead-end, direction and distance to nearest circulating main. Water supply test results and system elevation relative to test hydrant.
- m. Fire pump rating and test information
- n. Other sources of water supply, with pressure or elevation.
- o. Make, type, temperature rating, and nominal orifice size of sprinklers.
- p. Total area protected by each system, on each floor.
- q. Number of sprinklers on each sprinkler system.
- r. Pipe type and schedule of wall thickness.
- s. Nominal pipe size and cutting lengths of pipe (or center to center dimensions). Where typical branch lines prevail, it will be necessary to size only one typical line.
- t. Location, size and length of riser nipples.
- u. Type of fittings and joints and location of all welds and bends. The Contractor shall identify on drawing any sections to be shop welded and the type of fittings or formations to be used.
- v. Type and locations of hangers, sleeves and braces.
- w. All control valves and check valves.
- x. All main drains, low point drains and inspector's test connections. All piping associated with drains shall be shown.
- y. Size and location of hose outlets, hand hose, and related equipment.
- z. Underground pipe size, length, location, weight, material, point of connection to the city main; the type of valves, meters, and valve pits; and the depth that top of the pipe is laid below grade.
- aa. Enough of the existing system shall be indicated on the plans to make all conditions clear and illustrate hydraulics.
- bb. The information that will be on the hydraulic design information sign.
- cc. Hydraulic reference points.
- dd. Clear outline of hydraulically most remote area used in calculations.
- ee. The minimum rate of water application (density), the design area of water application, and the water required for hose streams.
- ff. Relative elevations of sprinklers, junction points, and supply or reference points.
- gg. Calculation of loads for sizing, and details of bracing.
- hh. Information about backflow preventers (manufacturer, size, type) and nameplate data.

3. Hydraulic Calculations

drawings.

Hydraulic calculations shall be submitted for each sprinkler system in accordance with NFPA 13. Calculations shall include all piping back to the tested water supply. The Contractor shall submit a dimensioned sketch showing pipe sizes, lengths, fittings and hydraulic node points for any piping in calculations that are not shown on the Contractor's shop drawings. This sketch shall be attached to the calculations or included on the shop

The flow test data from the test required to be performed during the early construction period shall be submitted with the hydraulic calculations.

F. <u>Document Disposition</u>

- 1. The reviewed documents will be returned, in one of the following ways:
 - a. ACCEPTED
 - b. ACCEPTED WITH COMMENTS NOTED
 - c. ACCEPTED WITH COMMENTS NOTED RESUBMITTAL REQUIRED
 - d. REJECTED
- 2. When the documents are returned marked ACCEPTED, the Contractor is released to begin fabrication and installation.
- 3. When the documents are returned marked ACCEPTED WITH COMMENTS NOTED, the Contractor shall make the noted changes and is released to begin fabrication and installation. The changes do not need to be resubmitted until the Record Document markups are submitted. Record Document markups shall have the revisions backcircled.
- 4. When the documents are returned ACCEPTED WITH COMMENTS NOTED RESUBMITTAL REQUIRED, the basic design is accepted, however, the Contractor is not released to fabricate or begin installation. A complete resubmittal is required (all documents) unless specifically noted otherwise. All revisions shall be backcircled. The NICET Certification and/or Engineer's seal is required on the resubmittal.
- 5. When the documents are returned REJECTED, the Contractor shall redesign based on the comments and resubmit. All revisions shall be backcircled. The NICET Certification and/or Engineer's seal.
- 6. Resubmittals will not be reviewed without a correction or response for each review comment (backcircled).

1.08 FINAL DOCUMENTATION

A. The Installation, Operation and Maintenance manual shall be submitted for final review with the

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red line drawings. Final copies of the revised Installation, Operation, and Maintenance Manual (with all drawings) are required within three (3) weeks after the final acceptance test.

- B. Marked up shop drawings (red-lines) and Record Drawings shall be submitted. Red-lines shall be submitted prior to the acceptance test. Record Drawings are required to be submitted to the Engineer within two (2) weeks after the acceptance test.
- C. All submittals shall be electronic in the form and arrangement of the original document submittals. After acceptance of all documents, one hard copy shall be distributed to the Owner (Drawings shall be rolled). A CD or DVD shall accompany the hard copy. The electronic copy shall include a single PDF file of the Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual (except the NFPA Document). The files shall be bookmarked for each item. Drawings shall be included as individual full size PDF files and individual bound AutoCAD files. A copy of the CD or DVD shall be forwarded to the Engineer.

D. <u>Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual</u>

A complete Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual (with all drawings) shall be furnished for the suppression systems. The hard copy of the manual shall be assembled and bound in a durable binder. The manual shall be permanently labeled with at least the project name, project number and date of completion. The following items shall be included in the manual:

- 1. Table of Contents
- 2. Index Tabs for each section
- 3. Contractor's name, address, telephone number, 24 hour emergency number and Service Manager's name
- 4. Equipment and Material Data Sheets (See specific requirements below)
- 5. Installation instructions for all equipment
- 6. Maintenance instructions for all equipment
- 7. Assembly drawings
- 8. Fire Pump Data
- 9. Hydraulic Calculations (See specific requirements below)
- 10. Fire pump acceptance test data
- 11. Parts lists
- 12. List of acceptable lubricants
- 13. Nameplate information and shop order numbers for each item of equipment and component part thereof
- 14. List of recommended repair parts
- 15. List of maintenance tools furnished with the equipment
- 16. Record Drawings, calculations and equipment data sheets (See specific requirements below)
- 17. Properly completed Contractor's Materials and Test Certificate(s)

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- A copy of NFPA 25 Standard for the Inspection, Testing and Maintenance of Water-Based Fire Protection Systems
- 19. Contractor's Warranty Document

The above listed requirements are minimums. Additional information, which is necessary for proper operation and care of the equipment, shall be included. Requirements which are clearly not applicable to the equipment may be deleted.

E. Record Drawings

The record final drawings shall be prepared on AutoCAD Version 2004 or later. The Record Drawings (hard copy) shall be certified by the NICET Technician and sealed by the Contractor's Professional Engineer.

The information on the shop drawings shall be modified to show the final condition of the sprinkler system. Modifications shall include, but not be limited to, the following items:

- 1. All sprinklers, piping and other components shall be shown in their actual locations. Notations regarding re-use or relocation of components shall be removed.
- 2. Components removed during construction shall be removed from drawings.
- 3. General notes, keyed notes and other notations on drawings explaining work to be performed during construction shall be removed.
- 4. Detail drawings shall be modified to reflect final conditions.
- 5. The revision block shall show a revised date and indicate that the revision is the Record Documents.

Additional drawings shall be developed where needed to accurately document final conditions.

F. Equipment Data Sheets and Calculations

Equipment data sheets shall be updated if necessary due to any approved equipment substitutions or review comments and submitted in a clearly marked section of the Instruction Manual. Calculations shall be revised due to any modified conditions or review comments and submitted in a clearly marked section of the Manual. The final calculations shall be certified by the NICET Technician and sealed by the Contractor's Professional Engineer.

1.09 WATER SUPPLY

A. A water test was conducted on the circulating water main located in Lexington Street. The results

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of the test are as follows:

Pressure Hydrant Liberty & Lexington Flow Hydrant Main & Lexington

Static Pressure 45 psi Residual Pressure 44 psi Flow 992 gpm

1.10 <u>SYSTEM ARRANGEMENT</u>

A. Reference and Background Drawings

The Contractor shall be responsible to determine the accuracy of existing documents and perform detailed design based on actual conditions. The Fire Protection Arrangement Drawings included in this contract illustrate a conceptual arrangement of major equipment and the water service entrance piping layout and minimum piping sizes. These general layouts shall be followed unless they violate any NFPA 13 requirements. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer of any code compliance issues involved with the layout and shall be responsible to perform the detailed layout based on the resolution of the issue at no additional cost to the Owner. Electronic copies of the contract background drawings will also be made available to the Contractor upon request. Upon request for electronic files, the Contractor shall fill out, sign and return an electronic media release form from the Architect and provide payment for fees stipulated on the electronic media release form. Upon receipt of the completed release form and payment, electronic files will be released.

B. General Layout Requirements

- 1. The work shall begin at a 4 inch flat faced flange on the existing service entrance, located in the Boiler Room on the Basement Level.
- The Occupancy Classification for each area of the building is outlined on the Fire Protection Arrangement Drawings. Sprinkler design densities, system coverage and some specific sprinkler details for the various areas of the building are included. Detailed requirements follow.
- 3. Required sprinkler densities, area of operation, flows and spacing's, based on Occupancy classification are as follows:
 - a.. Areas identified as Light Hazard Occupancies shall be designed for an end head density of 0.10 gpm/sq. ft. over the hydraulically most remote 1,500 sq. ft. area. Sprinkler spacing shall not exceed 225 square feet. The calculated demand shall include 100 gpm for outside hose streams.
 - b. Attic area sprinkler protection utilizing spray sprinklers shall be designed for a Light

Hazard Occupancy density of 0.10 gpm/sq. ft. over the most remote 3,900 sq. ft. area based on NFPA 13, Paragraph 11.2.3.1.4(3) (presence of unprotected combustible concealed spaces) and NFPA 13, Paragraph 11.2.3.2.4 (area increase for sloped ceilings). Sprinkler spacing shall conform with NFPA 13, Paragraph 8.6.2.2.1. The calculated demand shall include 100 gpm for outside hose streams.

The use of Specific Application sprinklers is allowed where the configuration of the building allows their use.

- c. Basement area sprinkler protection installed in combustible crawl space areas shall be designed for a Light Hazard Occupancy density of 0.10 gpm/sq. ft. over the most remote 3,000 sq. ft. area based on NFPA 13, Paragraph 11.2.3.1.4(3) presence of unprotected combustible concealed spaces). Sprinkler spacing shall not exceed 130 square feet. The calculated demand shall include 100 gpm for outside hose streams.
- d. Areas identified as Ordinary Hazard, Group 1 Occupancies shall be designed for an end head density of 0.12 gpm/sq. ft. over the hydraulically most remote 3,000 sq. ft. area. Sprinkler spacing shall not exceed 130 square feet. The calculated demand shall include 250 gpm for outside hose streams.
- e. Areas identified as Ordinary Hazard, Group 2 Occupancies shall be designed for an end head density of 0.17 gpm/sq. ft. over the hydraulically most remote 3,000 sq. ft. area. Sprinkler spacing shall not exceed 130 square feet. The calculated demand shall include 250 gpm for outside hose streams.
- 4. Reductions in densities or areas below those stated above, based on NFPA 13 allowances, are not allowed.
- 5. All systems shall be hydraulically calculated. The design shall be based on the density-area method. The most remote area shall be a rectangular area having a dimension parallel to the branch lines at least 1.2 times the square root of the area of sprinkler operation used. Each system shall be sized to provide a 10 percent pressure margin at the required flow, calculated at the discharge of the booster fire pump.

C. Fire Pumps

1. All mechanical and electrical work associated with the fire pump and pressure maintenance pump is included under this contract. This includes all fire pump suction piping. The pump installation and piping shall be in accordance with the Fire Suppression Arrangement Drawings and all applicable requirements of NFPA 20 Stationary Pumps for Fire Protection and NFPA 70 National Electrical Code.

D. <u>Cleaning Requirements</u>

The Contractor shall clean all new suppression system pipe and all components of the piping system adequately for painting by others. Piping 4 inches and larger shall be provided with stenciled flow arrows and text ("Fire System") every 50 feet after painting is completed.

1.11 WARRANTY

A. All equipment, materials, and installation shall be warranted by the Contractor during construction and for a period of two years beginning at the conclusion of the acceptance test. Response to service calls shall be within eight (8) hours of notification of system trouble or two (2) hours on emergencies. Repairs shall be completed within 48 hours of notification. The Contractor shall show how they will provide this capability and furnish the Owner with a 24 hour service call number.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

- A. Products (equipment) shall be furnished as outlined in the following subsections. Unless specifically noted otherwise, all materials and equipment furnished for permanent installation in the work shall conform to applicable standard specifications and shall be new, unused, and undamaged.
- B. Individual parts shall be manufactured to standard sizes and gauges so that repair parts, furnished at any time, can be installed in the field. Like parts of duplicate equipment shall be of the same manufacturer and interchangeable.
- C. All equipment and material furnished for incorporation into the work shall be asbestos free.
- D. All equipment furnished under these specifications shall be Factory Mutual (FM) Approved or Underwriters Laboratories (UL) Listed for the intended use unless specifically noted otherwise.

2.02 ELECTRIC MOTOR DRIVEN BOOSTER FIRE PUMP

A. General

The fire pump and motor shall be factory assembled on a common baseplate. The controller shall be separately floor or wall mounted and located as shown on Sheet FP-00.

B. Pump

The pump shall be a horizontal split case unit constructed of the following materials:

The pump shall be designed to meet a rated flow of 500 gpm at a maximum speed of 1,770 rpm. The pump pressure shall not exceed 1.2 times the rated pressure at 0 flow, and shall exceed 65% of the rated pressure at 750 gpm. Suction and discharge flanges shall be 175 lb. rated flanges.

The pump shall be provided with the standard trim including:

- 1. Eccentric Reducer (If Required)*
- 2. Compound Suction Gauge (-30 inch 100 psi) 3½ inch (89 mm) minimum face (liquid filled)
- 3. Automatic Air Release
- 4. Discharge Gauge (0-250 psi) 3½ inch minimum face (liquid filled)
- 5. Circulation Relief Valve
- 6. Concentric Increaser (If required)*
- 7. Discharge Check Valve (Swing)
- * The pump suction line will be 6 inches in diameter. The pump discharge line will be sized per the Contractor's hydraulic layout.

C. Driver

The motor shall be an open drip proof type. The motor shall operate on 208 volts-3 phases (60 Hz) and shall be rated for continuous duty. The shaft coupling shall be in accordance with NFPA 20. An OSHA approved shaft guard shall be provided.

D. Controller

The controller shall be an across-the-line automatic type designed to operate on 208 volt - 3 phase power. The controller shall be UL Listed as "Suitable for use as service entrance equipment". The controller shall be housed in a NEMA 12 enclosure.

The controller shall have the following indicators mounted to the cabinet:

- 1. Power On
- 2. Phase Reversal
- 3. Pump Running

The controller shall have switches to manually start and stop the fire pump.

The controller shall have Form C contacts for the following remote supervisory alarm signals:

- 1. Fire Pump Running
- 2. Loss of Phase (Pump Power)
- 3. Phase Reversal

The pressure switch on the controller shall be set to start the pump at pressures calculated in accordance with NFPA 20. These pressures shall be recorded on a label, permanently mounted on the inside of the controller cabinet. The controller shall be factory configured to require manual shut down of the pump.

2.03 <u>ECCENTRIC REDUCER/CONCENTRIC INCREASER</u>

A. The eccentric reducer and concentric increaser shall be the pump manufacturer's products, listed with the fire pump. The increaser shall be rated for a 175 lb. working pressure.

2.04 FIRE PUMP TEST HEADER

A. The fire pump test header shall be of the flush wall mounted type. The test header shall have a minimum of two (2), 2½ inch outlets. The test connection shall be installed with male shoots and caps and provided with two (2) removable swivel hose gate valves. The wall plate and threaded caps shall have a polished chrome finish. The wall plate shall be lettered "PUMP TEST CONNECTION" in one inch letters at the bottom of the plate.

2.05 PRESSURE MAINTENANCE PUMP

A. Pump

The pressure maintenance pump shall be a vertical multistage centrifugal type, constructed of the following materials:

Component	<u>Material</u>	Specification
Impeller	Stainless Steel	AISI-304
Casing	Cast Iron	ASTM-A48 - Class 30
Shaft	Stainless Steel	AISI-304

The pressure maintenance pump shall be designed to provide a minimum of 10 gpm at 100 psi and be able to maintain the system at 150 psi at a maximum pump speed of 3,500 rpm. The pressure maintenance pump shall be provided with the standard trim including:

- 1. Suction Gauge (Compound)
- 2. Discharge Gauge, 0-300 psi
- 3. Relief Valve
- 4. Discharge Check Valve

B. Driver

The motor shall be an open drip proof type, shall operate on 208 volts, 3 phase, and shall be rated for continuous duty. An OSHA approved shaft guard shall be provided if the shaft is exposed.

C. Controller

The controller shall be of the automatic type and wall mounted.

The controller shall be housed in a NEMA 12 enclosure.

The controller shall have a switch to manually start, stop and place the pump in the automatic mode.

The pressure switch on the controller shall be set to start and stop the pump at pressures calculated in accordance with the requirements of NFPA 20. These pressures shall be recorded on a label, permanently mounted on the inside of the controller.

2.06 VALVES – FIRE PUMP, SPRINKLER SYSTEM AND VALVE STATION ISOLATION

A. FM Approved iron body bronze mounted gate valves of the OS&Y type, having flanged or grooved ends, shall be furnished and installed. Automatic sprinkler system or zone isolation valves may be FM Approved butterfly valves with integral valve tamper switches.

2.07 CHECK VALVES

A. Check valves shall meet the requirements of NFPA 13 and shall be UL Listed and/or FM Approved for the intended uses. Swing check valves shall be used for all main supply piping.

2.08 BACKFLOW PREVENTERS

A. The 6 inch double check valve assembly, backflow preventer shall be on the approved device list for Class II backflow hazards as developed by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources and UL Listed or FM Approved for fire protection use. The backflow assembly shall include the factory installed OS&Y gate valves.

2.09 FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTION

A. The fire department connection shall be a wall mounted type. The connection shall have two, 2½ inch connections. Threaded caps with chains shall be included. The body material shall be brass or ductile iron. The wall plate and threaded caps shall have a polished chrome finish. The wall plat shall be lettered "AUTO SPKR STANDPIPE" in one inch letters on the bottom of the plate. The check valve used with this connection shall have a ball drip assembly tapped into the valve body.

2.10 SPRINKLER SYSTEM VALVES

A. A valve station consisting of an isolation valve, 2 inch drain valve, water pressure gauge, inspector's test valve and sight glass, waterflow switch and valve tamper switch shall be provided for each wet pipe sprinkler system as shown on the arrangement drawings.

2.11 SPRINKLERS/STORAGE CABINET

- A. Sprinklers in light hazard Basement areas with plaster finished ceilings shall be quick response upright or sidewall type, glass bulb type sprinklers rated for the ordinary temperature range unless specifically noted otherwise on the fire protection drawings or needing to be a higher range to comply with NFPA 13 requirements for a specific area. Sprinklers shall have a white polyester finish.
- B. Sprinklers in Basement storage areas with plaster finished or concrete ceilings shall be quick response upright, glass bulb type. Sprinklers shall be rated for the ordinary temperature range unless noted otherwise. Sprinklers shall have a white polyester finish.
- C. Sprinklers in Basement mechanical areas shall be quick response brass upright, glass bulb type. Sprinklers shall be rated for the ordinary temperature range unless noted otherwise.
- D. Sprinklers installed in crawl space areas shall be quick response, brass upright, conventional (old style) glass bulb type. Sprinklers shall be rated for the intermediate temperature range. Sprinkler guards shall be installed on all sprinklers located in crawl spaces.
- E. Sprinklers in the attic areas may be specific application sprinklers where the construction features permit. Standard spray sprinklers installed in the attic spaces shall be quick response brass upright glass bulb type sprinklers rated for the intermediate temperature range. Sprinkler guards shall be installed on all sprinklers located in the combustible attic concealed spaces designated to be sprinklered.
- F. UL Listed sprinkler guards shall be provided where required by this contract or NFPA requirements to prevent mechanical damage.
- G. Dry pendent or dry sidewall sprinklers installed in attic areas shall be rated for the intermediate temperature range.
- H. Spare sprinklers and a storage cabinet shall be provided in accordance with NFPA 13.

2.12 WATERFLOW PADDLE SWITCHES

A. A waterflow paddle switch shall be furnished for each sprinkler zone to indicate system actuation. The switch shall be designed to withstand at least 175 psi. Waterflow switches shall have two sets

of single-pole, double-throw (SPDT), contacts. Waterflow switches shall have an adjustable retard feature. Terminals shall be provided for external wiring connections. The switches shall be watertight.

2.13 VALVE TAMPER SWITCHES

A. Valve tamper switches shall be "Potter Model OSYSU" or acceptable equal and shall be watertight. A minimum of two sets of SPDT (Form C) contacts shall be provided. Terminals shall be provided for external wiring connections. Integral tamper switches are required for butterfly valves.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

This section covers the installation and installation material requirements for the sprinkler systems.

3.01 GENERAL

A. Products and Materials

Unless specifically provided otherwise in each case, all products and materials furnished for permanent installation in the work shall conform to the applicable standard specifications and shall be new, unused, and undamaged.

All products and materials furnished for incorporation into the work shall be asbestos free.

B. Personnel

The supervisor shall have all contract documents on site at all times. The supervisor shall also have a copy of all submittals (shop drawings and all other documentation). The supervisor shall be responsible for daily updating of the shop drawings and other data to reflect the actual installation (red-lines). These drawings shall be made available to the Owner's Representative or Engineer for review at any time.

This facility will continue in operation during the construction period. Construction shall be coordinated with the Owner to minimize disruption to the facilities general operation. The Contractor's personnel shall abide by all security and safety requirements of the Owner.

C. Workmanship

Details of erection work not covered herein shall conform to accepted good engineering practice, the Contract drawings, applicable nationally recognized codes, and all applicable state and local codes.

All defects in erection shall be corrected to the satisfaction of the Owner. The dismantling and reassembly of equipment to remove defective parts, replace parts, or make adjustments shall be included as a part of the work under these specifications.

D. Working Hours

Working hours shall be coordinated with the General Contractor.

E. <u>Construction Phasing</u>

Construction phasing shall be coordinated with the General Contractor.

F. Impairment of Existing Building Water Service

The Contractor shall arrange all installation schedules to minimize disruption to the building water service. All disruptions shall be coordinated with the General Contractor.

3.02 PIPING

- A. The fire pump installation shall include all piping within the pump room including but not limited to test piping. All equipment drains, including packing glands and casing relief valve shall be piped to the floor drain provided in the room. All details of the installation shall conform to these specifications and all requirements of NFPA 20.
- B. The Contractor shall detail, furnish, fabricate, and erect all piping required for the fire suppression systems modifications included under these specifications and all other piping required for complete and functional piping systems. Requirements for detailing, fabrication, and erection of piping are included in the following articles.
- C. Pipe supports shall be provided for all piping included under these specifications, as defined in the article herein entitled Piping Supports.

D. Piping Arrangement

1. The Contractor's piping arrangement shall take into consideration, and provide for such adjustment as may be required to avoid interference with the Owner's new and existing (to remain) piping and equipment. The Contractor shall review other Trades' drawings for coordination. The piping shall be arranged such that a clear access is provided to all equipment or devices that require maintenance. Piping that does not meet the above requirements will be relocated at the Contractor's expense. The sprinkler piping shall be routed as close to the structural deck as possible.

2. All piping shall be installed in such a manner as to present an orderly and neat installation. Valves, instruments, and other special items shall be placed in locations convenient for operation by the operating personnel. Piping runs shall be plumb or level, except where pitch for drainage is required. All piping shall be installed perpendicular or parallel to the building structure, and floor levels except in special cases consented to in writing by the Engineer.

3. All piping, including tubing, shall be installed in accordance with the following additional requirements:

a. Piping

Piping shall not be installed above, or within a horizontal distance of 3 feet (914 mm) from, electrical equipment such as switchgear, switchboards, control panels, motor controls, contactors, communication equipment, unless written consent of the Engineer is obtained. Improperly located piping shall be removed and relocated at the Contractor's expense. Piping in areas without finished ceilings, and under ductwork, etc. shall be installed with a minimum of 7'-6" headroom over passageways and walkways. Clearance less than 7'-6" shall require the written acceptance of the Engineer. Piping shall not interfere with day-to-day operation or maintenance of any building equipment.

b. Drains

The Contractor's piping shall be arranged with adequate slope, and with valved drains, so as to be completely drainable.

Sprinkler system main drains and inspector's test connections terminate outside the building. The main drain for the system shall terminate outside the building at the location shown on Sheet FP-04. Piping shall be turned down with a 45° elbow. The outlet of the main drain shall be arranged with a threaded fitting capable of accepting 1½ inch hose, to be used for directing flows to the street. Wall penetrations shall be sealed.

All low points shall be provided with drains and valves. The Contractor shall provide signs for inspectors test connection and all drains in accordance with NFPA 13.

A ball drip assembly shall be provided in the low point(s) of the Fire Department Connection and the Fire Pump Test Header piping.

c. Inspector's Test Connections

The attic sprinkler system shall be arranged with an inspector's test connection at the attic level piped to discharge on the west roof area. Wall penetrations shall be sealed. The piping shall be turned down with a 45° elbow. Final location is subject to the approval of the Engineer. The Contractor shall provide signs for all test connections in accordance with NFPA 13.

E. Piping, Fittings, and Materials

Materials and connection types for pipe and fittings shall be as described below.

1. Piping

Fire protection water supply piping within the building up to the system isolation valves shall be black steel, Schedule 10 minimum.

Sprinkler piping downstream of the isolation valves on wet pipe systems, 2½ inches and larger shall be black steel, Schedule 10 minimum. Piping under 2½ inches shall be Schedule 40 minimum.

Standpipe and hose station piping downstream of the isolation valve shall be black steel. Piping four (4) inches and larger shall be Schedule 10 minimum. Piping under four (4) inches shall be black steel Schedule 40 minimum. Drain risers shall be black steel, Schedule 10 minimum.

All piping shall also meet the requirements of NFPA 13. Schedule 10 piping shall be FM Approved for its intended use.

Threading of piping with a wall thickness less than that of Schedule 40 is prohibited.

As prescribed by NFPA 13, 2010 Edition, Section 6.5.1.1, all threaded fittings and pipe shall conform to ANSI Standard B1.20.1, Pipe Threads. The Contractor shall have a full set of taper threaded ring and plug gauges referenced by ANSI B1.20.1 and shall check every fifteenth thread cut in the fabrication shop. Threads found out of tolerance shall be rejected, and the tool dies shall be adjusted or replaced until within tolerances. Field threading shall be performed only if absolutely necessary. Standard threaded fittings purchased from an approved manufacturer and not cut by the Contractor or fabricator need not be checked by the Contractor.

The external surface of all exposed black steel piping, and all exposed components of shop fabricated piping supports shall be clean to allow priming and painting by others.

2. Fittings

Except as otherwise specified herein, fittings such as tees, couplings, crosses, elbows, caps, and reducers shall be used for all changes in direction, intersections, size changes, and end closures of piping.

Threaded, flanged, or mechanical fittings shall be cast or malleable iron, Class 125 minimum. Threaded fittings are not permitted on pipe with wall thicknesses less than Schedule 40.

Bushings shall not be used in place of standard fittings. If fittings are approved with a specific pipe manufacturer or grooving process, that pipe or grooving process shall be provided.

Plain end fittings (non-grooved) are prohibited.

3. Plugs

All sprinkler system plugs shall have square heads and shall be cast iron or brass and of a metal dissimilar to the pipe to which they are attached.

4. Gaskets

Gasket material shall be red rubber sheets, 1/16 inch (1.5 mm) thick, full face.

5. Thread Sealant

Pipe thread sealant shall be Teflon ribbon or approved joint compound.

F. Cleaning

The inside and outside of all pipe, valves, and fittings shall be free from dirt, sand, and loose mill scale before being erected. Before erection, all lines shall be thoroughly blown and/or flushed.

G. Piping Supports

The Contractor shall furnish and install all required supports for all piping erected under these specifications. The term "piping supports" includes all assemblies such as hangers, floorstands, anchors, brackets, bracing, and any supplementary steel required to attach piping supports. NFPA 13 minimum pipe supports are acceptable only when also in compliance with these specifications. Piping support systems shall be FM Approved.

The Contractor shall be responsible for location and design of all supports for all piping required under these specifications.

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All piping support spacing shall be designed in accordance with the requirements of NFPA 13.

1. <u>Contractor's Drawings</u>

Standard details shall be prepared for all piping support assemblies furnished under these specifications. Details for each system shall be illustrated on the Contractor's shop drawings or provided in the product submittals.

The details shall show method of attachment to the structure or slab; all components including rods, turn buckles, rod couplings, eye nuts, hanger; and pipe size range. Each component of the assembly shall be identified as to manufacturer and model number. Manufacturer's data sheets shall be provided for all components chosen.

Specific assembly sketches shall be provided for non-typical pipe supports or supports that require addition of supplementary steel. If all components are not specifically approved, design data and calculations are required to prove compliance with NFPA 13 requirements.

2. Code Requirements

All piping support design, construction, materials, and installation shall be in accordance with the provisions of NFPA 13, "Sprinkler Systems," unless otherwise specified herein; and in accordance with the applicable requirements of the Federal "Occupational Safety and Health Standards."

3. <u>Layout Requirements</u>

All supporting component layout shall be checked by the Contractor for interference and obstructions with new and existing (to remain) equipment and other building components.

Any supplementary structural steel members required for support attachment shall be furnished by the Contractor. Any reinforcing of building structure required for supports shall be furnished by the Contractor.

Net supporting effect at operating condition shall not induce forces or moments on the piping system terminals. Under conditions other than operating, supporting effect shall not induce excessive forces or moments on the piping, equipment, or supports.

a. Appearance

Piping supports shall be constructed and installed to provide an orderly and attractive appearance. Adjacent supports shall be of the same type and component assembly insofar as practicable. Corresponding parts of adjacent hangers shall be set at the same elevation. The use of trapeze type supports shall be avoided unless accepted by

supports attached to the same part of the building

the Engineer. Two or more supports attached to the same part of the building structure shall be in line, rather than staggered.

b. Materials

Material requirements for support components shall be as specified herein.

Support components shall be carbon steel material of an ASTM type having minimum yield strength of 35,000 psi and a minimum ultimate strength of 58,000 psi.

Malleable iron materials shall not be used.

Supplementary support beams required for attaching supports to the building structure shall conform to ASTM A36.

Pipestand support materials shall be sized to meet or exceed the minimum requirements as follows:

Ela anatan da

Inches	Inches
Nominal	Minimum Pipe
21/2	1½
3	2
4	3
8	3

c. Structure Attachments.

D:-- C:--

Structure attachment components shall be fastened by bolting.

Attachments to concrete (cast-in-place only) ceiling or, concrete or masonry walls shall be used only when attachment to building steel or added supplementary steel is impractical. Anchor bolts furnished loose with the supports shall be the cone expansion type which conforms with Federal Specification FF-S-325, Group II, Type 4, Class 1 and FM Approved. Powder driven studs are not permitted. Expansion anchor design shall meet the following criteria:

- 1) Minimum safety factor of five.
- 2) Use of expansion anchors attached directly to hanger rods in concrete decks

shall be limited to three inch and smaller diameter pipe. Pipe greater than three inches in diameter shall be attached using concrete attachment plates utilizing at least two expansion anchors.

- 3) Expansion anchors used in masonry walls shall not exceed a 3/4 inch nominal diameter.
- 4) Minimum edge and spacing distances in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

Special attention shall be given rigid floorstands, such as base elbows, so that excessive forces and stresses are not induced in piping, equipment, or building structure.

d. <u>Supplementary Support Beams</u>

Details of any supplementary support beams proposed shall be included on the Contractor Shop Drawings.

e. Rods

Hanger rods shall be constructed of solid, round, steel bars not less than 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) in diameter. Rod diameter shall match the rod holes in the hanger components and shall meet or exceed the hanger capacity.

Forged steel turnbuckles or rod couplings shall be provided in hanger assemblies unless the arrangement provides other means of vertical adjustment under load. Steel turnbuckles or rod couplings shall be used to couple long rods. Rod couplings shall be UL Listed or FM Approved for sprinkler piping. Turnbuckles, rod couplings and other threaded adjustment components shall be provided with locknuts.

4. Erection of Piping Supports

Hangers, supports, and anchors shall be installed as required to obtain a safe, reliable, and complete piping installation. All supports shall be properly leveled and anchored when installed.

Hanger assemblies shall not be used for the attachment of rigging to hoist the pipe into place. The piping shall be securely held in place by other means until the pipe support is completely assembled and attached to the pipe and structures. All rigging shall be removed in such a manner as to not impose a sudden load on the pipe support.

H. Electrical

All details of electrical work shall be in accordance with NFPA 70 and the general electrical specifications for the project. All field wiring shall be installed in rigid metallic conduit (ANSI C80.1 and UL 6).

All electrical work between each fire and pressure maintenance pump and its controller and to all pump accessories is included under this contract. Final connection from the power source to the panel and pump shall be made by the Contractor. All details of the work shall be in accordance with NFPA 70 and NFPA 20.

I. Cutting and Drilling of Structures

All necessary drilling, cutting, and patching of structures required for proper installation of piping or bolts shall be done, with the written consent of the General Contractor.

J. Firestopping

The Contractor shall be responsible to provide penetration seals where pipe penetrates floors and fire rated walls or all floors requiring opening protection. See the architectural drawings for locations and ratings of walls. Fire rated walls and walls in the area of sprinkler installation are as follows:

1. Elevator Shaft and East wall of Lower Level Boiler Room (new wall)

Firestopping will have a rating equivalent to the rating of the wall or floor being penetrated (2 hours unless noted otherwise). Firestopping materials and methods shall be in accordance with a specific Underwriters Laboratories Listed System for the materials being penetrated.

3.03 PIPE WELDING

A. All shop welding shall be in accordance with the ASME Code for Pressure Piping, ANSI/ASME B31.1, and Power Piping. Field welding is prohibited.

3.04 <u>EQUIPMENT LOCATIONS AND DETAILS OF INSTALLATION</u>

A. All equipment shall be located in accordance with NFPA and other referenced code requirements. Additional requirements are as follows:

1. Booster Fire Pump

The new electric booster fire pump and pressure maintenance pump shall utilize and be permanently attached to the pump foundation. The pump foundation shall be provided

under this section of this contract. The Contractor shall coordinate the required size. All wiring between the pump driver and the associated controller is the responsibility of the Contractor. The electrical raceway, wire and installation between the electric controller and the primary source, are the responsibility of others provided under another section of this contract. Final connection to the pump controller is the responsibility of the Fire Protection Contractor.

2. <u>Backflow Preventers</u>

Backflow preventers shall be located so that the top of the unit is no higher than 30 inches above the floor.

3. Fire Department Connections

The fire department connection shall be located as indicated on the Contract Drawings. The check valve and ball drip valve shall be located at the low point of the fire department connection piping.

4. Fire Pump Test Header

The pump test header shall be located as indicated on the Contract Drawings.

5. Sprinkler System Isolation Valves

Sprinkler system isolation valves including test and drain stations shall be located at the valve station as shown on the drawings. Permanent system identification signs shall be provided on these valves in accordance with NFPA 13.

6. <u>Valve Tamper Switches</u>

Switches shall be mounted so as not to interfere with normal operation of the valve and adjusted to operate within two revolutions toward the closed position or no more than one-fifth of the distance from its normal position. The minimum groove depth and width in valve stems shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's guidelines.

7. <u>Sprinklers</u>

Sprinklers installed less than eight (8) feet above the walking surface shall be provided with UL Listed guards to prevent mechanical damage.

8. Spare Sprinkler Cabinet

The spare sprinkler cabinet shall be located in the fire pump area.

3.05 TEMPORARY PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

A. All equipment, piping, valves, and fittings temporarily required in the course of erection, cleaning, and start-up shall be furnished and installed. This shall include blanking fixtures required to seal off piping terminals for hydrostatic tests. When no longer required, all temporary materials shall be dismantled and shall remain the property of the Contractor.

3.06 <u>DEMOLITION</u>

A. Where existing fire protection is removed from service, all components including pipe, hangers, rods, removable structure attachments, valves, valve tamper switches and flow switches shall be removed from the facility.

3.07 TRAINING

A. Training shall be provided for the operations and maintenance staff. Training shall be conducted in the building where the system is installed or as designated by the Owner. The training period shall be a minimum of one 2-hour session and shall start after the system is functionally completed but prior to final acceptance tests. The instructions shall cover all of the items contained in the operating and maintenance instructions.

3.08 SYSTEM TESTS

A. General

This sub-section covers testing of the fire protection system furnished, and installed under these specifications. All defects discovered by testing shall be corrected and the systems retested.

B. Pre-Tests

The Contractor shall notify the Owner's Representative and Engineer in writing of the proposed pre-test date at least two weeks in advance. Test date and time are subject to the approval of the Engineer and Owner's Representative. The Owner's Representative may witness the pre-test.

The Contractor shall completely pre-test the systems after installation is complete and prior to the final acceptance test. The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a "Contractor's Material and Test Certificate" (above ground) for the fire protection systems installed herein, in accordance with NFPA 13 at least 48 hours before the final acceptance test.

C. Final Tests

The Contractor shall notify the Owner's Representative and Engineer in writing of the proposed

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test date at least two weeks in advance. Test date and time are subject to the approval of the Engineer and Owner's Representative. The Engineer will witness all final acceptance testing.

D. <u>Test Requirements</u>

The following are the minimum tests to be performed for each type of system. All labor and equipment for testing shall be provided by the Contractor. Calibrated gauges shall be used for all testing. Pre-testing shall include all items listed below. Final testing will include all items except hydrostatic testing.

1. Fire Pumps

All details of pump testing shall be in accordance with the acceptance test procedures and requirements of NFPA 20. The Vendor shall provide all necessary tools, materials and instruments required for the test including hoses, playpipes, nozzle racks, voltmeter, ammeter and tachometer. A representative of the pump manufacturer and a representative of the controller manufacturer shall be present for the test. The pump manufacturer representative shall check the installation and alignment of the pump prior to acceptance testing. The acceptance test will be observed by the Engineer and Owner's Representative.

2. Wet Pipe Automatic Sprinkler System Testing

The following tests shall be performed for the wet pipe sprinkler system:

a. <u>Hydrostatic Test</u>

Each system shall be hydrostatically tested at not less than 200 psi for a minimum of two hours in accordance with NFPA 13. The test pressure shall be read from a gauge located at the lowest point of the system. There shall be no visible leakage during the test.

b. System Flow Test

The inspector's test shall be opened. The alarm shall be verified at the local Fire Alarm Panel.

c. Valve Tamper Switch Test

The valve shall be closed two turns or one-fifth of the travel distance to activate the valve tamper switch. The supervisory signal shall be verified at the local Fire Alarm Panel.

d. Main Drain Test

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The Contractor shall perform a main drain test in accordance with NFPA 25 and record the results on the Contractor's Material and Test Certificate.

END OF SECTION 15300

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SECTION 15410 - PLUMBING FIXTURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes plumbing fixtures and related components.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Piping Specialties" for specialty fixtures not in this Section.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Accessible Fixture: Plumbing fixture that can be approached, entered, and used by people with disabilities.
- B. Fitting: Device that controls flow of water into or out of plumbing fixture. Fittings specified in this Section include supplies and stops, faucets and spouts, drains and tailpieces, and traps and waste pipes. Piping and general-duty valves are included where indicated.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include selected fixture and trim, fittings, accessories, appliances, appurtenances, equipment, and supports and indicate materials and finishes, dimensions, construction details, and flow-control rates for each type of fixture indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: Diagram power, signal, and control wiring and differentiate between manufacturer-installed and field-installed wiring.
- C. Maintenance Data: For plumbing fixtures to include in maintenance manuals specified in Division 1.

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1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain plumbing fixtures, faucets, and other components of each category through one source from a single manufacturer.
 - 1. Exception: If fixtures, faucets, or other components are not available from a single manufacturer, obtain similar products from other manufacturers specified for that category.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- C. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with requirements in ICC A117.1, "Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities" and Public Law 101-336, "Americans with Disabilities Act"; about plumbing fixtures for people with disabilities.
- D. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with requirements in U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS), 1985-494-187" about plumbing fixtures for people with disabilities.
- E. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with requirements in Public Law 102-486, "Energy Policy Act," about water flow and consumption rates for plumbing fixtures.
- F. NSF Standard: Comply with NSF 61, "Drinking Water System Components--Health Effects," for fixture materials that will be in contact with potable water.
- G. Select combinations of fixtures and trim, faucets, fittings, and other components that are compatible.
- H. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for plumbing fixtures:
 - 1. Hand Sinks: NSF 2 construction.
 - 2. Vitreous-China Fixtures: ASME A112.19.2M.
 - 3. Water-Closet, Flush Valve, Tank Trim: ASME A112.19.5.
- I. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for lavatory and sink faucets:
 - 1. Faucets: ASME A112.18.1M.
 - 2. NSF Materials: NSF 61.
 - 3. Pipe Threads: ASME B1.20.1.
 - 4. Supply and Drain Fittings: ASME A112.18.1M.
- J. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for miscellaneous components:
 - 1. Off-floor fixture supports: ASME A112.6.1M

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- 2. Plastic toilet seats: ANSI Z124.5
- 3. Supply and drain protective shielding guards: ICC A 117.1.

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate roughing-in and final plumbing fixture locations, and verify that fixtures can be installed to comply with original design and referenced standards.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Fixtures, equipment and accessories are specified by manufacturer's numbers as to the type and quality required. Specified manufacturers and approved equal manufacturers are as follows:

FIXTURE, ITEM OR EQUIPMENT	SPECIFIED <u>MANUFACTURER</u>	APPROVED EQUAL MANUFACTURER
Vitreous China Fixtures	American Standard	
Supply Fittings & Faucets	Technical Concepts	Sloan Toto American Standard
Waste Fittings	McGuire	Dearborn
Stops & Supplies	Brasscraft	Proflo Dearborn
Flush Valves	Sloan	Zurn
Water Closet Seat	Beneke	Church Olsonite
Carriers	Wade	Zurn Smith Josam
Water Cooler	Halsey-Taylor	Elkay Haws
Stainless Steel Sinks	Elkay	Just

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2.2 PLUMBING FIXTURES

- 1. "L-1" Wall Hung Lavatory: (ADA Compliant) American-Standard 0436.008US "Missouri Wall Hung Lavatory" Vitreous china, 20" x 18", front overflow, integral back. Technical Concepts 401818. Grid drain. 1-1/4" x 1-1/2" 17 ga. semi-cast brass P-trap with cleanout, chrome-plated risers with loose key angle stops. "Sure-set" concealed arm lavatory support by J. R. Smith.
- 2. "WC-1" Water Closet (Floor Mounted Flush Valve ADA Compliant): American-Standard 2854.016 "Madera" Vitreous china, low consumption (1.6 gpf), direct-fed siphon jet action, fully glazed 2" ballpass trapway, elongated bowl, with 1-1/2" top spud. White, open front seat less cover. Bolt caps. Loose key angle stop and chrome-plated riser. Sloan 8111 Optima battery powered sensor operated flush valve.
- 3. "U-1" Urinal(ADA Compliant): American Standard 6541.511 "Allbrook" Vitreous china, wall hung, siphon jet, elongated bowl with 3/4" top spud and 3" outlet. Sloan Optima 8180 battery powered sensor operated flush valve. Lip height 17" AFF. Urinal support by J. R. Smith.
- 4. "U-2" Urinal: American Standard 6541.511 "Allbrook" Vitreous china, wall hung, siphon jet, elongated bowl with 3/4" top spud and 3" outlet. Sloan Optima 8180 battery powered sensor operated flush valve. Lip height 24" AFF. Urinal support by J. R. Smith.
- 5. "S-1" Sink: Elkay ELUHAD1916. Single compartment 18 gauge, type 304 undercounter mount sink with LK-35 duo strainer with 1-1/2" tailpiece. Chicago Faucet No. 786-GN2FC245VPCCP Hi-lite quaturn fitting with 4" wrist blade handles, rigid/swing convertible gooseneck spout with softflow aerator. 1-1/2" 17 ga. semi-cast brass p-trap with cleanout, chrome-plated risers with loose key angle stops. In-Sink-Erator Garbage disposal with plug in.
- 6. "S-2" Sink: Elkay ELUHAD1916. Single compartment 18 gauge, type 304 undercounter mount sink with LK-35 duo strainer with 1-1/2" tailpiece. Chicago Faucet No. 786-GN2FC245VPCCP Hi-lite quaturn fitting with 4" wrist blade handles, rigid/swing convertible gooseneck spout with softflow aerator. 1-1/2" 17 ga. semi-cast brass p-trap with cleanout, chrome-plated risers with loose key angle stops.
- 7. "DF-1" Drinking Fountain: Haws 1001MS Barrier-free wall mounted fountain. Front push bars, stainless steel. Provide 17 ga. semi-cast brass P-trap with clean out, chromeplated supply and shop.
- 8. "DF-2" Drinking Fountain (ADA Compliant): Haws H1001.8 Barrier-free recessed cooler, 8 G.P.H., 50 degrees F water with 90 degrees F air temperature. 120-1-60. Front push bars, stainless steel, Provide 17 ga. semi-cast brass P-trap with clean out, chromeplated supply and shop.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine roughing-in for water soil and for waste piping systems and supports to verify actual locations and sizes of piping connections and that locations and types of supports match those indicated, before plumbing fixture installation. Use manufacturer's roughing-in data if roughing-in data are not indicated.

B. Examine walls, floors, and cabinets for suitable conditions where fixtures are to be installed.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 FIXTURE INSTALLATION

- A. Assemble fixtures, trim, fittings, and other components according to manufacturers' written instructions.
- B. For wall-hanging fixtures, install off-floor supports affixed to building substrate.
 - 1. Use carrier supports with waste fitting and seal for back-outlet fixtures.
- C. Install back-outlet, wall-hanging fixtures onto waste fitting seals and attach to supports.
- D. Install wall-hanging fixtures with tubular waste piping attached to supports.
- E. Install fixtures level and plumb according to manufacturers' written instructions and roughing-in drawings.
- F. Install water-supply piping with stop on each supply to each fixture to be connected to water distribution piping. Attach supplies to supports or substrate within pipe spaces behind fixtures. Install stops in locations where they can be easily reached for operation.
 - 1. Exception: Use ball valve if stops are not specified with fixture. Refer to Division 15 Section "General Duty Valves for Plumbing Piping" for general-duty valves.
- G. Install trap and tubular waste piping on drain outlet of each fixture to be directly connected to sanitary drainage system.
- H. Install tubular waste piping on drain outlet of each fixture to be indirectly connected to drainage system.
- I. Install toilet seats on water closets.
- J. Install faucet-spout fittings with specified flow rates and patterns in faucet spouts if faucets are not available with required rates and patterns. Include adapters if required.
- K. Install water-supply, flow-control fittings with specified flow rates in fixture supplies at stop valves.
- L. Install faucet, flow-control fittings with specified flow rates and patterns in faucet spouts if faucets are not available with required rates and patterns. Include adapters if required.
- M. Install traps on fixture outlets.
 - 1. Exception: Omit trap on fixtures with integral traps.
 - 2. Exception: Omit trap on indirect wastes, unless otherwise indicated.

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- N. Install escutcheons at piping wall ceiling penetrations in exposed, finished locations and within cabinets and millwork. Use deep-pattern escutcheons if required to conceal protruding fittings. Refer to Division 15 Section "Common Work Results for Plumbing" for escutcheons.
- O. Seal joints between fixtures and walls, using sanitary-type, one-part, mildew-resistant, silicone sealant. Match sealant color to fixture color. Refer to Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants" for sealant and installation requirements.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Connect water supplies from water distribution piping to fixtures.
- C. Connect drain piping from fixtures to drainage piping.
- D. Supply and Waste Connections to Plumbing Fixtures: Connect fixtures with water supplies, stops, risers, traps, and waste piping. Use size fittings required to match fixtures. Connect to plumbing piping.
- E. Supply and Waste Connections to Fixtures and Equipment Specified in Other Sections: Connect fixtures and equipment with water supplies, stops, risers, traps, and waste piping specified. Use size fittings required to match fixtures and equipment. Connect to plumbing piping.

F. Ground equipment.

1. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torquetightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Verify that installed fixtures are categories and types specified for locations where installed.
- B. Check that fixtures are complete with trim, faucets, fittings, and other specified components.
- C. Inspect installed fixtures for damage. Replace damaged fixtures and components.
- D. Test installed fixtures after water systems are pressurized for proper operation. Replace malfunctioning fixtures and components, then retest. Repeat procedure until units operate properly.

3.5 ADJUSTING

A. Operate and adjust faucets and controls. Replace damaged and malfunctioning fixtures, fittings, and controls.

- B. Adjust water pressure at faucets and flushometer valves to produce proper flow and stream.
- C. Replace washers and seals of leaking and dripping faucets and stops.

3.6 CLEANING

- A. Clean fixtures, faucets, and other fittings with manufacturers' recommended cleaning methods and materials. Do the following:
 - 1. Remove faucet spouts and strainers, remove sediment and debris, and reinstall strainers and spouts.
 - 2. Remove sediment and debris from drains.

3.7 PROTECTION

- A. Provide protective covering for installed fixtures and fittings.
- B. Do not allow use of fixtures for temporary facilities unless approved in writing by Owner.

END OF SECTION 15410

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SECTION 15629 - SCROLL WATER CHILLERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Packaged, air-cooled, electric-motor-driven, scroll water chillers.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Seismic Performance: Scroll water chillers shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to SEI/ASCE 7.
 - 1. The term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts from the device when subjected to the seismic forces specified."

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include refrigerant, rated capacities, operating characteristics, furnished specialties, and accessories.
- B. Certificates: For certification required in "Quality Assurance" Article.
- C. Startup service reports.
- D. Operation and maintenance data.
- E. Warranty.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. ARI Certification: Certify chiller according to ARI 590 certification program.
- B. ARI Rating: Rate water chiller performance according to requirements in ARI 550/590, "Water Chilling Packages Using the Vapor Compression Cycle."
- C. ASHRAE Compliance: ASHRAE 15 for safety code for mechanical refrigeration.
- D. ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1-2004 Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1-2004, Section 6 "Heating, Ventilating, and Air-Conditioning."
- E. ASME Compliance: Fabricate and stamp water chiller heat exchangers to comply with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.
- F. Comply with NFPA 70.

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1.5 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of water chillers that fail in materials or workmanship within specified period.
 - 1. Compressor Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PACKAGED AIR-COOLED WATER CHILLERS

- A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the product indicated on Drawings or a comparable product or by available manufacturers meeting system and project requirements.
- B. Description: Factory-assembled and run-tested water chiller complete with base and frame, condenser casing, compressors, compressor motors and motor controllers, evaporator, condenser coils, condenser fans and motors, electrical power, controls, and accessories.
- C. Fabricate base, frame, and attachment to water chiller components strong enough to resist movement during a seismic event when water chiller base is anchored to field support structure.

D. Cabinet:

- 1. Base: Galvanized-steel base extending the perimeter of water chiller. Secure frame, compressors, and evaporator to base to provide a single-piece unit.
- 2. Frame: Rigid galvanized-steel frame secured to base and designed to support cabinet, condenser, control panel, and other chiller components not directly supported from base.
- 3. Casing: Galvanized steel.
- 4. Finish: Coat base, frame, and casing with a corrosion-resistant coating capable of withstanding a 500-hour salt-spray test according to ASTM B 117.
- 5. Sound-reduction package consisting of the following:
 - a. Acoustic enclosure around compressors.
 - b. Reduced-speed fans with acoustic treatment.
 - c. Designed to reduce sound level without affecting performance.
- 6. Security Package: Provide security grilles with fasteners for additional protection of compressors, evaporator, and condenser coils. Grilles shall be coated for corrosion resistance and shall be removable for service access.

E. Compressors:

- 1. Description: Positive-displacement direct drive with hermetically sealed casing.
- 2. Each compressor provided with suction and discharge service valves, crankcase oil heater, and suction strainer.
- 3. Operating Speed: Nominal 3600 rpm for 60-Hz applications.
- 4. Capacity Control: On-off compressor cycling, plus hot-gas bypass.

- 5. Oil Lubrication System: Automatic pump with strainer, sight glass, filling connection, filter with magnetic plug, and initial oil charge.
- 6. Vibration Isolation: Mount individual compressors on vibration isolators.

F. Compressor Motors:

- 1. Hermetically sealed and cooled by refrigerant suction gas.
- 2. High-torque, two-pole induction type with inherent thermal-overload protection on each phase.

G. Compressor Motor Controllers:

1. Across the Line: NEMA ICS 2, Class A, full voltage, nonreversing.

H. Refrigeration:

- 1. Refrigerant: R-410a. Classified as Safety Group A1 according to ASHRAE 34.
- 2. Refrigerant Compatibility: Parts exposed to refrigerants shall be fully compatible with refrigerants, and pressure components shall be rated for refrigerant pressures.
- 3. Refrigerant Circuit: Each circuit shall include a thermal-expansion valve, refrigerant charging connections, a hot-gas muffler, compressor suction and discharge shutoff valves, a liquid-line shutoff valve, a replaceable-core filter-dryer, a sight glass with moisture indicator, a liquid-line solenoid valve, and an insulated suction line.
- 4. Refrigerant Isolation: Factory install positive shutoff isolation valves in the compressor discharge line and the refrigerant liquid-line to allow the isolation and storage of the refrigerant charge in the chiller condenser.

I. Evaporator:

- 1. Brazed-plate, as indicated.
- 2. Shell and Tube:
 - a. Description: Direct-expansion, shell-and-tube design with fluid flowing through the shell and refrigerant flowing through the tubes within the shell.
 - b. Code Compliance: Tested and stamped according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.
 - c. Shell Material: Stainless steel.
 - d. Shell Heads: Removable stainless-steel heads with multipass baffles designed to ensure positive oil return and located at each end of the tube bundle.
 - e. Shell Nozzles: Fluid nozzles located along the side of the shell and terminated with mechanical-coupling end connections for connection to field piping.
 - f. Tube Construction: Individually replaceable copper tubes with enhanced fin design, expanded into tube sheets.

3. Brazed Plate:

- a. Direct-expansion, single-pass, brazed-plate design.
- b. Type 316 stainless-steel construction.
- c. Code Compliance: Tested and stamped according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

- d. Fluid Nozzles: Terminate with mechanical-coupling end connections for connection to field piping.
- 4. Heater: Factory-installed and -wired electric heater with integral controls designed to protect the evaporator to minus 20 deg F.
- 5. Remote Mounting: Designed for remote field mounting where indicated. Provide kit for field installation.

J. Air-Cooled Condenser:

- 1. Plate-fin coil with integral subcooling on each circuit, rated at 450 psig.
 - a. Construct coils of copper tubes mechanically bonded to aluminum fins.
 - b. Coat coils with a baked epoxy corrosion-resistant coating after fabrication.
 - c. Hail Protection: Provide condenser coils with louvers, baffles, or hoods to protect against hail damage.
- 2. Fans: Direct-drive propeller type with statically and dynamically balanced fan blades, arranged for vertical air discharge.
- 3. Fan Motors: Totally enclosed nonventilating (TENV) or totally enclosed air over (TEAO) enclosure, with permanently lubricated bearings, and having built-in overcurrent- and thermal-overload protection.
- 4. Fan Guards: Steel safety guards with corrosion-resistant coating.

K. Electrical Power:

- 1. Factory-installed and -wired switches, motor controllers, transformers, and other electrical devices necessary shall provide a single-point field power connection to water chiller.
- 2. House in a unit-mounted, NEMA 250, Type 3R enclosure with hinged access door with lock and key or padlock and key.
- 3. Wiring shall be numbered and color-coded to match wiring diagram.
- 4. Install factory wiring outside of an enclosure in a raceway.
- 5. Provide branch power circuit to each motor and to controls with one of the following disconnecting means:
 - a. NEMA KS 1, heavy-duty, fusible switch with rejection-type fuse clips rated for fuses. Select and size fuses to provide Type 2 protection according to IEC 60947-4-1.
 - b. NEMA KS 1, heavy-duty, nonfusible switch.
 - c. NEMA AB 1, motor-circuit protector (circuit breaker) with field-adjustable, short-circuit trip coordinated with motor locked-rotor amperes.
- 6. Provide each motor with overcurrent protection.
- 7. Overload relay sized according to UL 1995, or an integral component of water chiller control microprocessor.
- 8. Phase-Failure and Undervoltage: Solid-state sensing with adjustable settings.
- 9. Transformer: Unit-mounted transformer with primary and secondary fuses and sized with enough capacity to operate electrical load plus spare capacity.
 - a. Power unit-mounted controls where indicated.

- b. Power unit-mounted, ground fault interrupt (GFI) duplex receptacle.
- 10. Control Relays: Auxiliary and adjustable time-delay relays.
- 11. Indicate the following for water chiller electrical power supply:
 - a. Current, phase to phase, for all three phases.
 - b. Voltage, phase to phase and phase to neutral for all three phases.
 - c. Three-phase real power (kilowatts).
 - d. Three-phase reactive power (kilovolt amperes reactive).
 - e. Power factor.
 - f. Running log of total power versus time (kilowatt hours).
 - g. Fault log, with time and date of each.

L. Controls:

- 1. Stand-alone, microprocessor based.
- 2. Enclosure: Share enclosure with electrical power devices or provide a separate enclosure of matching construction.
- 3. Operator Interface: Keypad or pressure-sensitive touch screen. Multiple-character, backlit, liquid-crystal display or light-emitting diodes. Display the following:
 - a. Date and time.
 - b. Operating or alarm status.
 - c. Operating hours.
 - d. Outside-air temperature if required for chilled-water reset.
 - e. Temperature and pressure of operating set points.
 - f. Entering and leaving temperatures of chilled water.
 - g. Refrigerant pressures in evaporator and condenser.
 - h. Saturation temperature in evaporator and condenser.
 - i. No cooling load condition.
 - j. Elapsed time meter (compressor run status).
 - k. Pump status.
 - 1. Antirecycling timer status.
 - m. Percent of maximum motor amperage.
 - n. Current-limit set point.
 - o. Number of compressor starts.

4. Control Functions:

- a. Manual or automatic startup and shutdown time schedule.
- b. Entering and leaving chilled-water temperatures, control set points, and motor load limit. Chilled-water leaving temperature shall be reset based on return-water temperature.
- c. Current limit and demand limit.
- d. External water chiller emergency stop.
- e. Antirecycling timer.
- f. Automatic lead-lag switching.
- 5. Manual-Reset Safety Controls: The following conditions shall shut down water chiller and require manual reset:

- a. Low evaporator pressure or high condenser pressure.
- b. Low chilled-water temperature.
- c. Refrigerant high pressure.
- d. High or low oil pressure.
- e. High oil temperature.
- f. Loss of chilled-water flow.
- g. Control device failure.

M. Insulation:

- 1. Material: Closed-cell, flexible elastomeric, thermal insulation complying with ASTM C 534, Type I, for tubular materials and Type II, for sheet materials.
- 2. Thickness: 1-1/2 inches.
- 3. Factory-applied insulation over cold surfaces of water chiller components.
 - a. Adhesive: As recommended by insulation manufacturer and applied to 100 percent of insulation contact surface. Seal seams and joints.
- 4. Apply protective coating to exposed surfaces of insulation.

N. Accessories:

- 1. Factory-furnished, chilled- and condenser-water flow switches for field installation.
- 2. Individual compressor suction and discharge pressure gages with shutoff valves for each refrigeration circuit.
- 3. Factory-furnished neoprene or spring isolators for field installation.

2.2 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform functional test of water chillers before shipping.
- B. Factory test and inspect evaporator according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section VIII, Division 1. Stamp with ASME label.
- C. For water chillers located outdoors, rate sound power level according to ARI 370 procedure.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 WATER CHILLER INSTALLATION

- A. Install water chillers on support structure indicated.
- B. Equipment Mounting: Install water chiller on concrete bases using elastomeric mounts. Comply with requirements in Division 3
 - 1. Minimum Deflection: 1/4 inch.
 - 2. Install dowel rods to connect concrete base to concrete floor. Unless otherwise indicated, install dowel rods on 18-inch centers around the full perimeter of concrete base.

- 3. For supported equipment, install epoxy-coated anchor bolts that extend through concrete base and anchor into structural concrete floor.
- 4. Place and secure anchorage devices. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
- 5. Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.
- C. Maintain manufacturer's recommended clearances for service and maintenance.
- D. Charge water chiller with refrigerant if not factory charged and fill with oil if not factory installed.
- E. Install separate devices furnished by manufacturer and not factory installed.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Hydronic Piping." Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Install piping adjacent to chiller to allow service and maintenance.
- C. Evaporator Fluid Connections: Connect to evaporator inlet with shutoff valve, strainer, flexible connector, thermometer, and plugged tee with pressure gage. Connect to evaporator outlet with shutoff valve, balancing valve, flexible connector, flow switch, thermometer, plugged tee with pressure gage, and drain connection with valve. Make connections to water chiller with a union, flange, or mechanical coupling.
- D. Connect each drain connection with a union and drain pipe and extend pipe, full size of connection, to floor drain. Provide a shutoff valve at each connection if required.

3.3 STARTUP SERVICE

- A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to perform startup service.
- B. Inspect field-assembled components, equipment installation, and piping and electrical connections for proper assemblies, installations, and connections.
- C. Complete installation and startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions and perform the following:
 - 1. Verify that refrigerant charge is sufficient and water chiller has been leak tested.
 - 2. Verify that pumps are installed and functional.
 - 3. Verify that thermometers and gages are installed.
 - 4. Operate water chiller for run-in period.
 - 5. Check bearing lubrication and oil levels.
 - 6. Verify proper motor rotation.
 - 7. Verify static deflection of vibration isolators, including deflection during water chiller startup and shutdown.
 - 8. Verify and record performance of chilled-water flow and low-temperature interlocks.
 - 9. Verify and record performance of water chiller protection devices.

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102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012 10. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged or malfunctioning controls and

equipment.

D. Prepare a written startup report that records results of tests and inspections.

END OF SECTION 15629

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SECTION 15635 - REFRIGERANT DETECTION AND ALARM

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes refrigerant monitors and notification appliances.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data:

1. For each type of refrigerant monitor, include refrigerant sensing range in ppm, temperature and humidity range, alarm outputs, display range, furnished specialties, installation requirements, and electric power requirement.

B. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Air-Sampling Tubing: Size, routing, and termination including elevation above finished floor.
- 2. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Field quality-control test reports.
- D. Operation and maintenance data.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PIR REFRIGERANT MONITOR

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Chillgard Refrigerant Monitors; MSA; Instrument Division.
 - 2. Haloguard Monitors; Thermal Gas Systems, Inc.
- B. Description: Sensor shall be factory tested, calibrated, and certified to continuously measure and display the specific gas concentration and shall be capable of indicating, alarming, shutting down fuel-fired equipment, and automatically activating ventilation system.
- C. ASHRAE: Monitoring system shall comply with ASHRAE 15 and ASHRAE 147.

D. Performance:

- 1. Refrigerant to Be Monitored: R-410A.
- 2. Range: 0 to 1000 ppm.

- 3. Sensitivity:
 - a. Minimum Detectability: 1 ppm.
 - b. Accuracy: 0 to 50 ppm; plus or minus 1 ppm. 51 to 1000 ppm; plus or minus 10 percent of reading.
 - c. Repeatability: Plus or minus 1 percent of full scale.
 - d. Response: Maximum 10 seconds per sample.
- 4. Operating Temperature: 32 to 104 deg F.
- 5. Relative Humidity: 20 to 95 percent, noncondensing over the operating temperature range. Compensate sensor for relative humidity.
- 6. Site Elevation: Maximum 6560 feet.

E. Input/Output Features:

- 1. Maximum Power Input: 120-V ac, 60 Hz, 75 W.
- 2. Number of Air-Sampling Points: Four.
- 3. Air-Sampling Point Inlet Filter: 0.10-micron filter element for each sampling point.
- 4. Air-Sampling Point Analog Output: 0- to 10-V dc into 2k ohms, or 4- to 20-mA into 1k ohms matched to sensor output.
- 5. Alarm Relays: Minimum 4 relays at a minimum of 5-A resistive load each.
- 6. Alarm Set Points: Displayed and adjustable through keypad on front of meter.
- 7. Alarm Silence Switch: Mount in the front panel of the monitor to stop audible and visual notification appliances, but alarm LED remains illuminated.
- 8. Alarm Manual Reset: Momentary-contact push button in the front panel of the monitor stops audible and visual notification appliances, extinguishes alarm LED, and returns monitor to detection mode at current detection levels.
- 9. Display: Alphanumeric LCD, LED indicating lights for each detection level; acknowledge switch and test switch mounted on front panel; alarm status LEDs and service fault/trouble LEDs.
- 10. Audible Output: Minimum 75 dB at 10 feet.
- 11. Visible Output: Strobe light.
- 12. Sensor Analog Output: 0- to 10-V dc into 2k ohms, or 4- to 20-mA into 1k ohms.
- 13. Serial Output: RS-232 or RS-485 compatible with HVAC controls.

2.2 MONITOR ALARM SEQUENCE

- A. Detection Level 2: Notify the HVAC control workstation of the detection in the refrigeration equipment room on a rise or fall of refrigerant concentration to this level. Terminate operation of any combustion-process equipment located in the refrigeration equipment room. Provide manual reset for this detection level.
- B. Sensor Fault/Trouble: Notify HVAC control workstation of fault/trouble detection in monitor.

2.3 AIR-SAMPLING TUBING

A. Annealed-Temper Copper Tubing: ASTM B 88, Type L.

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with ASHRAE 15 and ASHRAE 147.
- B. Install air-sampling inlets, or diffusion type monitors in pits, tunnels, or trenches in machinery room that are accessible to personnel.
- C. Floor mount diffusion-type monitor, sensor/transmitters, or air-sampling inlets on slotted channel frame 12 to 18 inches above the floor in a location near the refrigerant source or between the refrigerant source and the ventilation duct inlet.
- D. Wall mount air-sampling multiple-point monitors with top of unit 60 inches above finished floor.
- E. Run air-sampling tubing from monitor to air-sampling point, in size as required by monitor manufacturer. Install tubing with maximum unsupported length of 36 inches, for tubing exposed to view. Terminate air-sampling tubing at sampling point with filter recommended by monitor manufacturer.
- F. Install air-sampling tubing with sufficient slack and flexible connections to allow for vibration of tubing and movement of equipment.
- G. Purge air-sampling tubing with dry, oil-free compressed air before connecting to monitor.
- H. Number-code or color-code air-sampling tubing for future identification and service of air-sampling multiple-point monitors.
- I. Extend air-sampling tubing from exhaust part of multiple-point monitors to outside.

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Inspect field-assembled components, equipment installation, and electrical connections for compliance with requirements.
 - 2. Test and adjust controls and safeties.
 - 3. Test Reports: Prepare a written report to record the following:
 - a. Test procedures used.
 - b. Test results that comply with requirements.
 - c. Test results that do not comply with requirements and corrective action taken to achieve compliance with requirements.
- B. Repair or replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.

END OF SECTION 15635

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SECTION 15672 - AIR-COOLED REFRIGERANT CONDENSERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes packaged, air-cooled refrigerant condensers for outdoor installation.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: For air-cooled refrigerant condensers. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - 1. Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
 - 2. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Operation and maintenance data.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1-2004 Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1-2004, Section 6 "Heating, Ventilating, and Air-Conditioning."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Carrier Corporation; Commercial HVAC Systems.
 - 2. McQuay International.
 - 3. Trane; a business of American Standard Companies.

2.2 MANUFACTURED UNITS

- A. Description: Factory assembled and tested; consisting of casing, condenser coils, condenser fans and motors, and unit controls.
- B. Refrigerant: R-410A.
- C. Condenser Coil: Factory tested at 425 psig.
 - 1. Tube: 1/2-inch- diameter seamless copper.
 - 2. Coil Fin: Aluminum.
 - 3. Circuit: To match compressors.
- D. Condenser Fans and Drives: Propeller fans with aluminum or galvanized-steel fan blades, for vertical air discharge; directly driven with permanently lubricated ball-bearing motors with integral current- and thermal-overload protection.
 - 1. Weather-proof motors with rain shield and shaft slinger.
 - 2. Extend grease lines to outside of casing.
- E. Operating and Safety Controls: Include condenser fan motor thermal and overload cutouts; 115-V control transformer, if required; magnetic contactors for condenser fan motors and a nonfused factory-mounted and -wired disconnect switch for single external electrical power connection.
- F. Casings: Galvanized or zinc-coated steel treated and finished with manufacturer's standard paint coating, designed for outdoor installation with weather protection for components and controls, and with the following:
 - 1. Removable panels for access to controls, condenser fans, motors, and drives.
 - 2. Plated-steel fan guards.
 - 3. Lifting eyes.

2.3 MOTORS

- A. Comply with NEMA designation, temperature rating, service factor, enclosure type, and efficiency requirements for motors specified in Division 15 Section "Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."
 - 1. Enclosure Type: Totally enclosed, fan cooled.
 - 2. Motor Sizes: Minimum size as indicated. If not indicated, large enough so driven load will not require motor to operate in service factor range above 1.0.
 - 3. Controllers, Electrical Devices, and Wiring: Comply with requirements for electrical devices and connections specified in Division 16 Sections.
 - 4. Mount unit-mounted disconnect switches on exterior of unit.

2.4 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing Requirements: Factory test sound-power-level ratings according to ARI 270.

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3.1 INSTALLATION

PART 3 - EXECUTION

- A. Install units level and plumb, firmly anchored in locations indicated; maintain manufacturer's recommended clearances.
- B. Maintain manufacturer's recommended clearances for service and maintenance.
- C. Loose Components: Install electrical components, devices, and accessories that are not factory mounted.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Install piping adjacent to machine to allow service and maintenance.
- C. Refrigerant Piping: Connect piping to unit with pressure relief, service valve, filter-dryer, and moisture indicator on each refrigerant-circuit liquid line. Refrigerant piping and specialties are specified in Division 15 Section "Refrigerant Piping."

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Perform electrical test and visual and mechanical inspection.
 - 2. Leak Test: After installation, charge system and test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
 - 3. Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation. Complete manufacturer's starting checklist.
 - 4. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
 - 5. Verify proper airflow over coils.
- C. Verify that vibration isolation and flexible connections properly dampen vibration transmission to structure.
- D. Air-cooled refrigerant condensers will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- E. Prepare test and inspection reports.

END OF SECTION 15672

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SECTION 15738 - SPLIT-SYSTEM AIR-CONDITIONING UNITS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes split-system air-conditioning and heat-pump units consisting of separate evaporator-fan and compressor-condenser components.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - 1. Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
- C. Operation and maintenance data.
- D. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. ASHRAE Compliance:
 - 1. Fabricate and label refrigeration system to comply with ASHRAE 15, "Safety Standard for Refrigeration Systems."
- C. ASHRAE/IESNA Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1-2004.

1.4 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of split-system air-conditioning units that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period:
 - a. For Compressor: 6 year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.
 - b. For Parts: One year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.
 - c. For Labor: One year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on Drawings or comparable product by one of the following:
 - 1. Carrier Corporation; Home Comfort and HVAC Building & Industrial Systems.
 - 2. Coleman Company Inc. (The).
 - 3. First Operations LP.
 - 4. Friedrich Air Conditioning Company.
 - 5. Koldwave, Inc.; a Mestek company.
 - 6. Lennox International Inc.
 - 7. Mitsubishi Electric & Electronics USA, Inc.; HVAC Advanced Products Division.
 - 8. Mitsubishi Electric Sales Canada Inc.
 - 9. Mitsubishi Heavy Industries America, Inc.
 - 10. SANYO North America Corporation; SANYO Fisher Company.
 - 11. Trane; a business of American Standard companies.
 - 12. YORK; a Johnson Controls company.

2.2 INDOOR UNITS 5 TONS OR LESS

- A. Wall-Mounted, Evaporator-Fan Components:
 - 1. Cabinet: Enameled steel with removable panels on front and ends in color selected by Architect, and discharge drain pans with drain connection.
 - 2. Refrigerant Coil: Copper tube, with mechanically bonded aluminum fins and thermal-expansion valve. Comply with ARI 210/240.
 - 3. Electric Coil: Helical, nickel-chrome, resistance-wire heating elements; with refractory ceramic support bushings, automatic-reset thermal cutout, built-in magnetic contactors, manual-reset thermal cutout, airflow proving device, and one-time fuses in terminal box for overcurrent protection.
 - 4. Fan: Direct drive, centrifugal.
 - 5. Fan Motors:
 - a. Comply with NEMA designation, temperature rating, service factor, enclosure type, and efficiency requirements specified in Division 15 Section "Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."
 - b. Multitapped, multispeed with internal thermal protection and permanent lubrication.
 - c. Enclosure Type: Totally enclosed, fan cooled.
 - d. NEMA Premium (TM) efficient motors as defined in NEMA MG 1.
 - e. Controllers, Electrical Devices, and Wiring: Comply with requirements for electrical devices and connections specified in Division 16 Sections.
 - f. Mount unit-mounted disconnect switches on exterior of unit.
 - 6. Airstream Surfaces: Surfaces in contact with the airstream shall comply with requirements in ASHRAE 62.1-2004.
 - 7. Condensate Drain Pans:

- a. Fabricated with two percent slope in at least two planes to collect condensate from cooling coils (including coil piping connections, coil headers, and return bends) and humidifiers, and to direct water toward drain connection.
 - 1) Depth: A minimum of 1 inch deep.
- b. Single-wall, stainless-steel sheet.
- c. Drain Connection: Located at lowest point of pan and sized to prevent overflow. Terminate with threaded nipple on both ends of pan.

8. Air Filtration Section:

- a. General Requirements for Air Filtration Section:
 - 1) Comply with NFPA 90A.
 - 2) Minimum Arrestance: According to ASHRAE 52.1 and MERV according to ASHRAE 52.2.
 - 3) Filter-Holding Frames: Arranged for flat or angular orientation, with access doors on both sides of unit. Filters shall be removable from one side or lifted out from access plenum.

b. Disposable Panel Filters:

- 1) Factory-fabricated, viscous-coated, flat-panel type.
- 2) Thickness: 1 inch.

2.3 OUTDOOR UNITS (5 TONS OR LESS)

A. Air-Cooled, Compressor-Condenser Components:

- 1. Casing: Steel, finished with baked enamel in color selected by Architect, with removable panels for access to controls, weep holes for water drainage, and mounting holes in base. Provide brass service valves, fittings, and gage ports on exterior of casing.
- 2. Compressor: Hermetically sealed with crankcase heater and mounted on vibration isolation device. Compressor motor shall have thermal- and current-sensitive overload devices, start capacitor, relay, and contactor.
 - a. Compressor Type: Scroll.
 - b. Two-speed compressor motor with manual-reset high-pressure switch and automatic-reset low-pressure switch.
 - c. Refrigerant Charge: R-410A.
 - d. Refrigerant Coil: Copper tube, with mechanically bonded aluminum fins and liquid subcooler. Comply with ARI 210/240.
- 3. Fan: Aluminum-propeller type, directly connected to motor.
- 4. Motor: Permanently lubricated, with integral thermal-overload protection.
- 5. Low Ambient Kit: Permits operation down to 45 deg F.
- 6. Mounting Base: Polyethylene.

2.4 ACCESSORIES

- A. Thermostat: Wireless infrared functioning to remotely control compressor and evaporator fan, with the following features:
 - 1. Compressor time delay.
 - 2. 24-hour time control of system stop and start.
 - 3. Liquid-crystal display indicating temperature, set-point temperature, time setting, operating mode, and fan speed.
 - 4. Fan-speed selection including auto setting.
- B. Automatic-reset timer to prevent rapid cycling of compressor.
- C. Drain Hose: For condensate.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install units level and plumb.
- B. Install evaporator-fan components using manufacturer's standard mounting devices securely fastened to building structure.
- C. Install roof-mounted, compressor-condenser components on equipment supports specified in Division 7 Section "Roof Accessories." Anchor units to supports with removable, cadmiumplated fasteners.
- D. Install and connect precharged refrigerant tubing to component's quick-connect fittings. Install tubing to allow access to unit.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Where piping is installed adjacent to unit, allow space for service and maintenance of unit.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Tests and Inspections:

- 1. Leak Test: After installation, charge system and test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
- 2. Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation.
- 3. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.

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- B. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.4 DEMONSTRATION

A. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain units.

END OF SECTION 15738

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SECTION 15785 - AIR-TO-AIR ENERGY RECOVERY EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Packaged energy recovery units.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Seismic Performance: Air-to-air energy recovery equipment shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to ASCE/SEI 7.
 - 1. The term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts from the device when subjected to the seismic forces specified."

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, furnished specialties, and accessories.
- B. Shop Drawings: For air-to-air energy recovery equipment. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - 1. Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
 - 2. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For air-to-air energy recovery equipment to include in maintenance manuals.

1.6 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Filters: One set(s) of each type of filter specified.
 - 2. Fan Belts: One set(s) of belts for each belt-driven fan in energy recovery units.
 - 3. Wheel Belts: One set(s) of belts for each heat wheel.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

B. ARI Compliance:

- 1. Capacity ratings for air-to-air energy recovery equipment shall comply with ARI 1060, "Performance Rating of Air-to-Air Heat Exchangers for Energy Recovery Ventilation Equipment."
- 2. Capacity ratings for air coils shall comply with ARI 410, "Forced-Circulation Air-Cooling and Air-Heating Coils."

C. ASHRAE Compliance:

- 1. Applicable requirements in ASHRAE 62.1, Section 5 "Systems and Equipment" and Section 7 "Construction and Startup."
- 2. Capacity ratings for air-to-air energy recovery equipment shall comply with ASHRAE 84, "Method of Testing Air-to-Air Heat Exchangers."
- D. NRCA Compliance: Roof curbs for roof-mounted equipment shall be constructed according to recommendations of NRCA.

E. UL Compliance:

- 1. Packaged heat recovery ventilators shall comply with requirements in UL 1812, "Ducted Heat Recovery Ventilators"; or UL 1815, "Nonducted Heat Recovery Ventilators."
- 2. Electric coils shall comply with requirements in UL 1995, "Heating and Cooling Equipment."

1.8 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of air-to-air energy recovery equipment and suspension system with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, fire-suppression system, and partition assemblies.
- B. Coordinate sizes and locations of concrete bases with actual equipment provided.

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C. Coordinate sizes and locations of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations with actual equipment provided.

1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of air-to-air energy recovery equipment that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period for Packaged Energy Recovery Units: Two years.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PACKAGED ENERGY RECOVERY UNITS

- A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on Drawings or comparable product by one of the following:
 - 1. Greenheck
 - 2. Des Champs Technologies.
 - 3. Trane; American Standard Companies, Inc.
- B. Surfaces in contact with the airstream shall comply with requirements in ASHRAE 62.1.
- C. Housing: Manufacturer's standard construction with corrosion-protection coating and exterior finish, gasketed and calked weathertight, hinged access doors with neoprene gaskets for inspection and access to internal parts, minimum 2-inch- thick thermal insulation, knockouts for electrical and piping connections, exterior drain connection, and lifting lugs.
 - 1. Inlet: Weatherproof louver, with damper for exhaust and supply.
 - a. Exhaust: Spring-return, two-position, motor-operated damper.
 - b. Supply: Spring-return, two-position, motor-operated damper.
- D. Heat Recovery Device: Heat wheel.
- E. Supply and Exhaust Fans: Forward-curved, centrifugal fan with spring isolators and flexible duct connections.
 - 1. Motor and Drive: Direct driven or Belt driven with adjustable sheaves, motor mounted on adjustable base.
 - 2. Comply with NEMA designation, temperature rating, service factor, enclosure type, and efficiency requirements for motors specified in Division 15 Section "Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."
 - 3. Motor Sizes: Minimum size as indicated. If not indicated, large enough so driven load will not require motor to operate in service factor range above 1.0.
 - 4. Spring isolators on each fan having 1-inch static deflection.

F. Extended-Surface, Disposable Panel Filters:

- 1. Comply with NFPA 90A.
- 2. Filter Holding Frames: Arranged for flat or angular orientation, with access doors on both sides of unit. Filters shall be removable from one side or lift out from access plenum.
- 3. Factory-fabricated, dry, extended-surface type.
- 4. Thickness: 2 inches.
- 5. Minimum Merv: 7, according to ASHRAE 52.2.
- 6. Media: Fibrous material formed into deep-V-shaped pleats and held by self-supporting wire grid.
- 7. Media-Grid Frame: Nonflammable cardboard.
- 8. Mounting Frames: Welded, galvanized steel with gaskets and fasteners, suitable for bolting together into built-up filter banks.
- G. Cooling Coils: Rated according to ARI 410 and ASHRAE 33, and bearing the ARI label.
 - 1. Access: Fabricate coil section to allow removal and replacement of coil and to allow inplace access for service and maintenance of coil(s).
 - 2. Casing: Manufacturer's standard material Stainless steel.
 - 3. Tubes: Copper.
 - 4. Tube Headers: Copper Carbon steel.
 - 5. Fins: Aluminum.
 - 6. Fin and Tube Joint: Mechanical bond.
 - 7. Leak Test: Coils shall be leak tested with air under water.

H. Cooling-Coil Condensate Drain Pans:

- 1. Fabricated from stainless-steel sheet and sloped in multiple planes to collect and drain condensate from cooling coils, coil piping connections, coil headers, and return bends.
- 2. Complying with requirements in ASHRAE 62.1.
- 3. Drain Connections: At low point of pan with minimum threaded nipple.
- 4. Units with stacked coils shall have an intermediate drain pan to collect and drain condensate from top coil.
- I. Hot-Water Coils: Rated according to ARI 410 and ASHRAE 33, and bearing the ARI label.
 - 1. Access: Fabricate coil section to allow removal and replacement of coil and to allow inplace access for service and maintenance of coil(s).
 - 2. Casing: Manufacturer's standard material.
 - 3. Tubes: Copper.
 - 4. Tube Headers: Copper.
 - 5. Fins: Aluminum.
 - 6. Fin and Tube Joint: Mechanical bond.
 - 7. Leak Test: Coils shall be leak tested with air under water.
 - 8. Coating: Phenolic epoxy corrosion-protection coating after assembly.
- J. Piping and Wiring: Fabricate units with space within housing for piping and electrical conduits. Wire motors and controls so only external connections are required during installation.

- 1. Indoor Enclosure: NEMA 250, Type 12 enclosure contains relays, starters, and terminal strip.
- 2. Outdoor Enclosure: NEMA 250, Type 3R enclosure contains relays, starters, and terminal strip.
- 3. Include nonfused disconnect switches.
- 4. Variable-speed controller to vary fan capacity from 100 to approximately 50 percent.

K. Accessories:

- 1. Isolation Dampers: Opposed-blade, aluminum dampers with cadmium-plated steel operating rods rotating in sintered bronze or nylon bearings mounted in a single aluminum frame with operating rods connected with a common linkage, and electric damper operator factory wired. Blades shall have gaskets and edge seals, and shall be mechanically fastened to operating rod.
- 2. Duct flanges.
- 3. Hinged access doors with quarter-turn latches.
- 4. Drain pans for condensate removal complying with ASHRAE 62.1.

2.2 CONTROLS

A. Chilled-Water-Cooling-Coils Controls:

1. Factory-mounted sensor in unit discharge with sensor adjustment located in control panel to modulate factory-mounted coil-control valve to maintain temperature.

B. Hot-Water-Coils Controls:

1. Factory-mounted sensor in unit discharge with sensor adjustment located in control panel to modulate factory-mounted coil-control valve to maintain temperature.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine casing insulation materials and filter media before air-to-air energy recovery equipment installation. Reject insulation materials and filter media that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
- C. Examine roughing-in for electrical services to verify actual locations of connections before installation.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install heat wheels so supply and exhaust airstreams flow in opposite directions and rotation is away from exhaust side to purge section to supply side.
 - 1. Install access doors in both supply and exhaust ducts, both upstream and downstream, for access to wheel surfaces, drive motor, and seals.
 - 2. Install removable panels or access doors between supply and exhaust ducts on building side for bypass during startup.
 - 3. Access doors and panels are specified in Division 15 Section "Air Duct Accessories."
- B. Install heat-pipe heat exchangers so supply and exhaust airstreams flow in opposite directions. Install flexible connectors on ducts to enable tilt control; make connections airtight and with slack to compensate for full tilt.
 - 1. Install heat exchanger with clearance space for heat-pipe coil removal.
 - 2. Install duct access doors in both supply and exhaust ducts, both upstream and downstream, for access to both sides of heat-pipe coil. Access doors and panels are specified in Division 15 Section "Air Duct Accessories."
 - 3. Install tilt-control components, including electronic controller, electric actuator and linkage, thermostats, and sensors.
- C. Install fixed-plate heat exchangers so supply and exhaust airstreams flow in opposite directions.
 - 1. Install duct access doors in both supply and exhaust ducts, both upstream and downstream, for access to heat exchanger. Access doors and panels are specified in Division 15 Section "Air Duct Accessories."
- D. Install floor-mounted units on 4-inch- high concrete base designed to withstand, without damage to equipment, seismic force required by code.
- E. Install units with clearances for service and maintenance.
- F. Install new filters at completion of equipment installation and before testing, adjusting, and balancing.
- G. Pipe drains from drain pans to nearest floor drain; use ASTM B 88, Type L, drawn-temper copper water tubing with soldered joints, same size as condensate drain connection.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

- A. Comply with requirements for piping specified in Division 15 Section "Hydronic Piping". Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Install piping adjacent to unit to allow service and maintenance.
- C. Connect piping to units mounted on vibration isolators with flexible connectors.

- D. Connect cooling condensate drain pans with air seal trap at connection to drain pan and install cleanouts at changes in pipe direction.
- E. Chilled and Hot Water Piping: Comply with applicable requirements in Division 15 Section "Hydronic Piping". Install shutoff valve and union or flange at each coil supply connection. Install balancing valve and union or flange at each coil return connection.
- F. Comply with requirements for ductwork specified in Division 15 Section "Metal Ducts."
- G. Install electrical devices furnished with units but not factory mounted.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, A. test, and adjust components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.
- B. Perform tests and inspections.
 - 1. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections, and to assist in testing.

C. Tests and Inspections:

- Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm 1. proper motor rotation and unit operation.
- 2. Adjust seals and purge.
- Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and 3. equipment.
- 4. Set initial temperature and humidity set points.
- Set field-adjustable switches and circuit-breaker trip ranges as indicated. 5.
- Air-to-air energy recovery equipment will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and D. inspections.
- E. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.5 **DEMONSTRATION**

Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to A. adjust, operate, and maintain air-to-air energy recovery units.

END OF SECTION 15785

SECTION 15815 - METAL DUCTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Rectangular ducts and fittings.
- 2. Round ducts and fittings.
- 3. Sheet metal materials.
- 4. Sealants and gaskets.
- 5. Hangers and supports.
- 6. Seismic-restraint devices.

B. Related Sections:

- 1. Division 15 Section "Duct Accessories" for dampers, sound-control devices, duct-mounting access doors and panels, turning vanes, and flexible ducts.
- 2. Division 15 Section "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing" for testing, adjusting, and balancing requirements for metal ducts.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Airstream Surfaces: Surfaces in contact with the airstream shall comply with requirements in ASHRAE 62.1.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings:
 - 1. Fabrication, assembly, and installation, including plans, elevations, sections, components, and attachments to other work.
 - 2. Factory- and shop-fabricated ducts and fittings.
 - 3. Duct layout indicating sizes, configuration, and static-pressure classes.
 - 4. Elevation of top of ducts.
 - 5. Dimensions of main duct runs from building grid lines.
 - 6. Fittings.
 - 7. Reinforcement and spacing.
 - 8. Seam and joint construction.
 - 9. Penetrations through fire-rated and other partitions.
 - 10. Equipment installation based on equipment being used on Project.
 - 11. Locations for duct accessories, including dampers, turning vanes, and access doors and panels.

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- 12. Hangers and supports, including methods for duct and building attachment, seismic restraints, and vibration isolation.
- C. Coordination Drawings: Plans, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of the items involved:
 - 1. Duct installation in congested spaces, indicating coordination with general construction, building components, and other building services. Indicate proposed changes to duct layout.
 - 2. Suspended ceiling components.
 - 3. Structural members to which duct will be attached.
 - 4. Size and location of initial access modules for acoustical tile.
 - 5. Penetrations of smoke barriers and fire-rated construction.
 - 6. Items penetrating finished ceiling including the following:
 - a. Lighting fixtures.
 - b. Air outlets and inlets.
 - c. Speakers.
 - d. Sprinklers.
 - e. Access panels.
 - f. Perimeter moldings.
- D. Welding certificates.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 RECTANGULAR DUCTS AND FITTINGS

- A. General Fabrication Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" based on indicated static-pressure class unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Transverse Joints: Select joint types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-1, "Rectangular Duct/Transverse Joints," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
- C. Longitudinal Seams: Select seam types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-2, "Rectangular Duct/Longitudinal Seams," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
- D. Elbows, Transitions, Offsets, Branch Connections, and Other Duct Construction: Select types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Chapter 4, "Fittings and Other Construction," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."

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2.2 ROUND DUCTS AND FITTINGS

- A. General Fabrication Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Chapter 3, "Round, Oval, and Flexible Duct," based on indicated static-pressure class unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. McGill AirFlow LLC.
 - b. Sheet Metal Connectors, Inc.
 - c. Spiral Manufacturing Co., Inc.
 - d. WESCO.
- B. Transverse Joints: Select joint types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-1, "Round Duct Transverse Joints," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
 - 1. Transverse Joints in Ducts Larger Than 60 Inches in Diameter: Flanged.
- C. Longitudinal Seams: Select seam types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-2, "Round Duct Longitudinal Seams," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
 - 1. Fabricate round ducts larger Than 90 inches in diameter with butt-welded longitudinal seams.
- D. Tees and Laterals: Select types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-5, "90 Degree Tees and Laterals," and Figure 3-6, "Conical Tees," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."

2.3 SHEET METAL MATERIALS

- A. General Material Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" for acceptable materials, material thicknesses, and duct construction methods unless otherwise indicated. Sheet metal materials shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, and other imperfections.
- B. Galvanized Sheet Steel: Comply with ASTM A 653/A 653M.
 - 1. Galvanized Coating Designation: G60.
 - 2. Finishes for Surfaces Exposed to View: Mill phosphatized.

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- C. Carbon-Steel Sheets: Comply with ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, with oiled, matte finish for exposed ducts.
- D. Stainless-Steel Sheets: Comply with ASTM A 480/A 480M, Type 304 or 316, as indicated in the "Duct Schedule" Article; cold rolled, annealed, sheet. Exposed surface finish shall be No. 2B, No. 2D, No. 3, or No. 4 as indicated in the "Duct Schedule" Article.
- E. Aluminum Sheets: Comply with ASTM B 209 Alloy 3003, H14 temper; with mill finish for concealed ducts, and standard, one-side bright finish for duct surfaces exposed to view.
- F. Reinforcement Shapes and Plates: ASTM A 36/A 36M, steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
 - 1. Where black- and galvanized-steel shapes and plates are used to reinforce aluminum ducts, isolate the different metals with butyl rubber, neoprene, or EPDM gasket materials.
- G. Tie Rods: Galvanized steel, 1/4-inch minimum diameter for lengths 36 inches or less; 3/8-inch minimum diameter for lengths longer than 36 inches.

2.4 SEALANT AND GASKETS

- A. General Sealant and Gasket Requirements: Surface-burning characteristics for sealants and gaskets shall be a maximum flame-spread index of 25 and a maximum smoke-developed index of 50 when tested according to UL 723; certified by an NRTL.
- B. Water-Based Joint and Seam Sealant:
 - 1. Application Method: Brush on.
 - 2. Solids Content: Minimum 65 percent.
 - 3. Shore A Hardness: Minimum 20.
 - 4. Water resistant.
 - 5. Mold and mildew resistant.
 - 6. VOC: Maximum 75 g/L (less water).
 - 7. Maximum Static-Pressure Class: 10-inch wg, positive and negative.
 - 8. Service: Indoor or outdoor.
 - 9. Substrate: Compatible with galvanized sheet steel (both PVC coated and bare), stainless steel, or aluminum sheets.
- C. Flanged Joint Sealant: Comply with ASTM C 920.
 - 1. General: Single-component, acid-curing, silicone, elastomeric.
 - 2. Type: S.
 - 3. Grade: NS.
 - 4. Class: 25.
 - 5. Use: O.
 - 6. For indoor applications, use sealant that has a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - 7. Sealant shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

- D. Flange Gaskets: Butyl rubber, neoprene, or EPDM polymer with polyisobutylene plasticizer.
- E. Round Duct Joint O-Ring Seals:
 - 1. Seal shall provide maximum leakage class of 3 cfm/100 sq. ft. at 1-inch wg and shall be rated for 10-inch wg static-pressure class, positive or negative.
 - 2. EPDM O-ring to seal in concave bead in coupling or fitting spigot.
 - 3. Double-lipped, EPDM O-ring seal, mechanically fastened to factory-fabricated couplings and fitting spigots.

2.5 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Hanger Rods for Noncorrosive Environments: Cadmium-plated steel rods and nuts.
- B. Hanger Rods for Corrosive Environments: Electrogalvanized, all-thread rods or galvanized rods with threads painted with zinc-chromate primer after installation.
- C. Strap and Rod Sizes: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Table 5-1, "Rectangular Duct Hangers Minimum Size," and Table 5-2, "Minimum Hanger Sizes for Round Duct."
- D. Steel Cables for Galvanized-Steel Ducts: Galvanized steel complying with ASTM A 603.
- E. Steel Cables for Stainless-Steel Ducts: Stainless steel complying with ASTM A 492.
- F. Steel Cable End Connections: Cadmium-plated steel assemblies with brackets, swivel, and bolts designed for duct hanger service; with an automatic-locking and clamping device.
- G. Duct Attachments: Sheet metal screws, blind rivets, or self-tapping metal screws; compatible with duct materials.
- H. Trapeze and Riser Supports:
 - 1. Supports for Galvanized-Steel Ducts: Galvanized-steel shapes and plates.
 - 2. Supports for Stainless-Steel Ducts: Stainless-steel shapes and plates.
 - 3. Supports for Aluminum Ducts: Aluminum or galvanized steel coated with zinc chromate.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 DUCT INSTALLATION

A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of duct system. Indicated duct locations, configurations, and arrangements were used to size ducts and calculate friction loss for air-handling equipment sizing and for other design considerations. Install duct systems as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Shop Drawings and Coordination Drawings.

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- B. Install ducts according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Install round ducts in maximum practical lengths.
- D. Install ducts with fewest possible joints.
- E. Install factory- or shop-fabricated fittings for changes in direction, size, and shape and for branch connections.
- F. Unless otherwise indicated, install ducts vertically and horizontally, and parallel and perpendicular to building lines.
- G. Install ducts close to walls, overhead construction, columns, and other structural and permanent enclosure elements of building.
- H. Install ducts with a clearance of 1 inch, plus allowance for insulation thickness.
- I. Route ducts to avoid passing through transformer vaults and electrical equipment rooms and enclosures.
- J. Where ducts pass through non-fire-rated interior partitions and exterior walls and are exposed to view, cover the opening between the partition and duct or duct insulation with sheet metal flanges of same metal thickness as the duct. Overlap openings on four sides by at least 1-1/2 inches.
- K. Where ducts pass through fire-rated interior partitions and exterior walls, install fire dampers. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Duct Accessories" for fire and smoke dampers.
- L. Protect duct interiors from moisture, construction debris and dust, and other foreign materials. Comply with SMACNA's "IAQ Guidelines for Occupied Buildings Under Construction," Appendix G, "Duct Cleanliness for New Construction Guidelines."

3.2 INSTALLATION OF EXPOSED DUCTWORK

- A. Protect ducts exposed in finished spaces from being dented, scratched, or damaged.
- B. Trim duct sealants flush with metal. Create a smooth and uniform exposed bead. Do not use two-part tape sealing system.
- C. Grind welds to provide smooth surface free of burrs, sharp edges, and weld splatter. When welding stainless steel with a No. 3 or 4 finish, grind the welds flush, polish the exposed welds, and treat the welds to remove discoloration caused by welding.
- D. Maintain consistency, symmetry, and uniformity in the arrangement and fabrication of fittings, hangers and supports, duct accessories, and air outlets.
- E. Repair or replace damaged sections and finished work that does not comply with these requirements.

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3.3 DUCT SEALING

- A. Seal ducts to the following seal classes according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible":
 - 1. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
 - 2. Outdoor, Supply-Air Ducts: Seal Class A.
 - 3. Outdoor, Exhaust Ducts: Seal Class C.
 - 4. Outdoor, Return-Air Ducts: Seal Class C.
 - 5. Unconditioned Space, Supply-Air Ducts in Pressure Classes 2-Inch wg and Lower: Seal Class B
 - 6. Unconditioned Space, Supply-Air Ducts in Pressure Classes Higher Than 2-Inch wg: Seal Class A.
 - 7. Unconditioned Space, Exhaust Ducts: Seal Class C.
 - 8. Unconditioned Space, Return-Air Ducts: Seal Class B.
 - 9. Conditioned Space, Supply-Air Ducts in Pressure Classes 2-Inch wg and Lower: Seal Class C.
 - 10. Conditioned Space, Supply-Air Ducts in Pressure Classes Higher Than 2-Inch wg: Seal Class B.
 - 11. Conditioned Space, Exhaust Ducts: Seal Class B.
 - 12. Conditioned Space, Return-Air Ducts: Seal Class C.

3.4 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Chapter 5, "Hangers and Supports."
- B. Building Attachments: Concrete inserts, powder-actuated fasteners, or structural-steel fasteners appropriate for construction materials to which hangers are being attached.
 - 1. Where practical, install concrete inserts before placing concrete.
 - 2. Install powder-actuated concrete fasteners after concrete is placed and completely cured.
 - 3. Use powder-actuated concrete fasteners for standard-weight aggregate concretes or for slabs more than 4 inches thick.
 - 4. Do not use powder-actuated concrete fasteners for lightweight-aggregate concretes or for slabs less than 4 inches thick.
 - 5. Do not use powder-actuated concrete fasteners for seismic restraints.
- C. Hanger Spacing: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Table 5-1, "Rectangular Duct Hangers Minimum Size," and Table 5-2, "Minimum Hanger Sizes for Round Duct," for maximum hanger spacing; install hangers and supports within 24 inches of each elbow and within 48 inches of each branch intersection.
- D. Hangers Exposed to View: Threaded rod and angle or channel supports.
- E. Support vertical ducts with steel angles or channel secured to the sides of the duct with welds, bolts, sheet metal screws, or blind rivets; support at each floor and at a maximum intervals of 16 feet.

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F. Install upper attachments to structures. Select and size upper attachments with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.

3.5 CONNECTIONS

- A. Make connections to equipment with flexible connectors complying with Division 15 Section "Duct Accessories."
- B. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" for branch, outlet and inlet, and terminal unit connections.

3.6 START UP

A. Air Balance: Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing."

END OF SECTION 15815

SECTION 15820 - DUCT ACCESSORIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Backdraft and pressure relief dampers.
- 2. Manual volume dampers.
- 3. Control dampers.
- 4. Fire dampers.
- 5. Smoke dampers.
- 6. Flange connectors.
- 7. Turning vanes.
- 8. Duct-mounted access doors.
- 9. Flexible connectors.
- 10. Flexible ducts.
- 11. Duct accessory hardware.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Operation and maintenance data.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with NFPA 90A, "Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems," and with NFPA 90B, "Installation of Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems."
- B. Comply with AMCA 500-D testing for damper rating.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" for acceptable materials, material thicknesses, and duct construction methods unless otherwise indicated. Sheet metal materials shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, and other imperfections.
- B. Galvanized Sheet Steel: Comply with ASTM A 653/A 653M.
 - 1. Galvanized Coating Designation: G90.

- 2. Exposed-Surface Finish: Mill phosphatized.
- C. Stainless-Steel Sheets: Comply with ASTM A 480/A 480M, Type 304, and having a finish for concealed ducts and finish for exposed ducts.
- D. Aluminum Sheets: Comply with ASTM B 209, Alloy 3003, Temper H14; with mill finish for concealed ducts and standard, 1-side bright finish for exposed ducts.
- E. Extruded Aluminum: Comply with ASTM B 221, Alloy 6063, Temper T6.
- F. Reinforcement Shapes and Plates: Galvanized-steel reinforcement where installed on galvanized sheet metal ducts; compatible materials for aluminum and stainless-steel ducts.
- G. Tie Rods: Galvanized steel, 1/4-inch minimum diameter for lengths 36 inches or less; 3/8-inch minimum diameter for lengths longer than 36 inches.

2.2 BACKDRAFT AND PRESSURE RELIEF DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Air Balance Inc.; a division of Mestek, Inc.
 - 2. Duro Dyne Inc.
 - 3. Greenheck Fan Corporation.
 - 4. Ruskin Company.
- B. Description: Gravity balanced.
- C. Maximum Air Velocity: 2000 fpm.
- D. Maximum System Pressure: 2-inch wg.
- E. Frame: 0.052-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel, with welded corners and mounting flange.
- F. Blades: Multiple single-piece blades, center-pivoted, maximum 6-inch width, 0.025-inch-thick, roll-formed aluminum with sealed edges.
- G. Blade Action: Parallel.
- H. Return Spring: Adjustable tension.
- I. Bearings: Steel ball or synthetic pivot bushings.
- J. Accessories:
 - 1. Adjustment device to permit setting for varying differential static pressure.
 - 2. Counterweights and spring-assist kits for vertical airflow installations.
 - 3. Electric actuators.

2.3 MANUAL VOLUME DAMPERS

A. Standard, Steel, Manual Volume Dampers:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Air Balance Inc.; a division of Mestek, Inc.
 - b. American Warming and Ventilating; a division of Mestek, Inc.
 - c. Flexmaster U.S.A., Inc.
 - d. McGill AirFlow LLC.
 - e. Ruskin Company.
- 2. Standard leakage rating, with linkage outside airstream.
- 3. Suitable for horizontal or vertical applications.

4. Blades:

- a. Multiple or single blade.
- b. Parallel- or opposed-blade design.
- c. Stiffen damper blades for stability.
- d. Galvanized-steel, 0.064 inch thick.

B. Jackshaft:

- 1. Size: 1-inch diameter.
- 2. Material: Galvanized-steel pipe rotating within pipe-bearing assembly mounted on supports at each mullion and at each end of multiple-damper assemblies.
- 3. Length and Number of Mountings: As required to connect linkage of each damper in multiple-damper assembly.

C. Damper Hardware:

- 1. Zinc-plated, die-cast core with dial and handle made of 3/32-inch- thick zinc-plated steel, and a 3/4-inch hexagon locking nut.
- 2. Include center hole to suit damper operating-rod size.
- 3. Include elevated platform for insulated duct mounting.

2.4 CONTROL DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. American Warming and Ventilating; a division of Mestek, Inc.
 - 2. Greenheck Fan Corporation.
 - 3. Ruskin Company.

B. Frames:

1. Galvanized-steel channels, 0.064 inch thick.

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2. Mitered and welded corners.

C. Blades:

- 1. Multiple blade with maximum blade width of 8 inches.
- 2. Parallel-blade design.
- 3. Galvanized steel.
- 4. 0.064 inch thick.
- 5. Blade Edging: Closed-cell neoprene edging.
- 6. Blade Edging: Inflatable seal blade edging, or replaceable rubber seals.
- D. Blade Axles: 1/2-inch- diameter; galvanized steel; blade-linkage hardware of zinc-plated steel and brass; ends sealed against blade bearings.
 - 1. Operating Temperature Range: From minus 40 to plus 200 deg F.

E. Bearings:

- 1. Oil-impregnated bronze.
- 2. Dampers in ducts with pressure classes of 3-inch wg or less shall have axles full length of damper blades and bearings at both ends of operating shaft.
- 3. Thrust bearings at each end of every blade.

2.5 FIRE DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Air Balance Inc.; a division of Mestek, Inc.
 - 2. Greenheck Fan Corporation.
 - 3. Ruskin Company.
- B. Type: Static and dynamic; rated and labeled according to UL 555 by an NRTL.
- C. Closing rating in ducts up to 4-inch wg static pressure class and minimum 4000-fpm velocity.
- D. Fire Rating: 1-1/2 hours.
- E. Frame: Curtain type with blades outside airstream except when located behind grille where blades may be inside airstream; fabricated with roll-formed, 0.034-inch- thick galvanized steel; with mitered and interlocking corners.
- F. Mounting Sleeve: Factory- or field-installed, galvanized sheet steel.
 - 1. Minimum Thickness: 0.052 or 0.138 inch thick, as indicated, and of length to suit application.
 - 2. Exception: Omit sleeve where damper-frame width permits direct attachment of perimeter mounting angles on each side of wall or floor; thickness of damper frame must comply with sleeve requirements.

- G. Mounting Orientation: Vertical or horizontal as indicated.
- H. Blades: Roll-formed, interlocking, 0.034-inch- thick, galvanized sheet steel. In place of interlocking blades, use full-length, 0.034-inch- thick, galvanized-steel blade connectors.
- I. Horizontal Dampers: Include blade lock and stainless-steel closure spring.
- J. Heat-Responsive Device: Replaceable, 212 deg F rated, fusible links.
- K. Heat-Responsive Device: Electric resettable link and switch package, factory installed, 165 deg F and 212 deg F rated.

2.6 SMOKE DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Air Balance Inc.; a division of Mestek, Inc.
 - 2. Greenheck Fan Corporation.
 - 3. Ruskin Company.
- B. General Requirements: Label according to UL 555S by an NRTL.
- C. Smoke Detector: Integral, factory wired for single-point connection.
- D. Frame: Curtain type with blades outside airstream except when located behind grille where blades may be inside airstream; fabricated with roll-formed, 0.034-inch- thick galvanized steel; with mitered and interlocking corners.
- E. Blades: Roll-formed, horizontal, interlocking, 0.034-inch- thick, galvanized sheet steel. In place of interlocking blades, use full-length, 0.034-inch- thick, galvanized-steel blade connectors.
- F. Leakage: Class I.
- G. Rated pressure and velocity to exceed design airflow conditions.
- H. Mounting Sleeve: Factory-installed, 0.052-inch- thick, galvanized sheet steel; length to suit wall or floor application with factory-furnished silicone calking.
- I. Damper Motors: two-position action.
- J. Comply with NEMA designation, temperature rating, service factor, enclosure type, and efficiency requirements for motors specified in Division 15 Section "Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."
 - 1. Motor Sizes: Minimum size as indicated. If not indicated, large enough so driven load will not require motor to operate in service factor range above 1.0.
 - 2. Controllers, Electrical Devices, and Wiring: Comply with requirements for electrical devices and connections specified in Division 16 Sections.

- 3. Permanent-Split-Capacitor or Shaded-Pole Motors: With oil-immersed and sealed gear trains.
- 4. Spring-Return Motors: Equip with an integral spiral-spring mechanism where indicated. Enclose entire spring mechanism in a removable housing designed for service or adjustments. Size for running torque rating of 150 in. x lbf and breakaway torque rating of 150 in. x lbf.
- 5. Outdoor Motors and Motors in Outdoor-Air Intakes: Equip with O-ring gaskets designed to make motors weatherproof. Equip motors with internal heaters to permit normal operation at minus 40 deg F.
- 6. Nonspring-Return Motors: For dampers larger than 25 sq. ft., size motor for running torque rating of 150 in. x lbf and breakaway torque rating of 300 in. x lbf.

2.7 DUCT-MOUNTED ACCESS DOORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. American Warming and Ventilating; a division of Mestek, Inc.
 - 2. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
 - 3. Greenheck Fan Corporation.
- B. Duct-Mounted Access Doors: Fabricate access panels according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible"; Figures 7-2, "Duct Access Doors and Panels," and 7-3, "Access Doors Round Duct."
 - 1. Door:
 - a. Double wall, rectangular.
 - b. Galvanized sheet metal with insulation fill and thickness as indicated for duct pressure class.
 - c. Hinges and Latches: 1-by-1-inch butt or piano hinge and cam latches.
 - d. Fabricate doors airtight and suitable for duct pressure class.
 - 2. Frame: Galvanized sheet steel, with bend-over tabs and foam gaskets.
 - 3. Number of Hinges and Locks:
 - a. Access Doors Less Than 12 Inches Square: No hinges and two sash locks.
 - b. Access Doors up to 18 Inches Square: Two hinges and two sash locks.
 - c. Access Doors up to 24 by 48 Inches: Three hinges and two compression latches.
 - d. Access Doors Larger Than 24 by 48 Inches: Four hinges and two compression latches with outside and inside handles.

2.8 FLEXIBLE CONNECTORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
 - 2. Duro Dyne Inc.

- 3. Ward Industries, Inc.; a division of Hart & Cooley, Inc.
- B. Materials: Flame-retardant or noncombustible fabrics.
- C. Coatings and Adhesives: Comply with UL 181, Class 1.
- D. Metal-Edged Connectors: Factory fabricated with a fabric strip 3-1/2 inches wide attached to 2 strips of 2-3/4-inch- wide, 0.028-inch- thick, galvanized sheet steel or 0.032-inch- thick aluminum sheets. Provide metal compatible with connected ducts.
- E. Indoor System, Flexible Connector Fabric: Glass fabric double coated with neoprene.
 - 1. Minimum Weight: 26 oz./sq. yd..
 - 2. Tensile Strength: 480 lbf/inch in the warp and 360 lbf/inch in the filling.
 - 3. Service Temperature: Minus 40 to plus 200 deg F.
- F. Outdoor System, Flexible Connector Fabric: Glass fabric double coated with weatherproof, synthetic rubber resistant to UV rays and ozone.
 - 1. Minimum Weight: 24 oz./sq. yd..
 - 2. Tensile Strength: 530 lbf/inch in the warp and 440 lbf/inch in the filling.
 - 3. Service Temperature: Minus 50 to plus 250 deg F.
- G. Thrust Limits: Combination coil spring and elastomeric insert with spring and insert in compression, and with a load stop. Include rod and angle-iron brackets for attaching to fan discharge and duct.
 - 1. Frame: Steel, fabricated for connection to threaded rods and to allow for a maximum of 30 degrees of angular rod misalignment without binding or reducing isolation efficiency.
 - 2. Outdoor Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of the compressed height of the spring at rated load.
 - 3. Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of the required deflection at rated load.
 - 4. Lateral Stiffness: More than 80 percent of rated vertical stiffness.
 - 5. Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent of rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.
 - 6. Elastomeric Element: Molded, oil-resistant rubber or neoprene.
 - 7. Coil Spring: Factory set and field adjustable for a maximum of 1/4-inch movement at start and stop.

2.9 FLEXIBLE DUCTS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Flexmaster U.S.A., Inc.
 - 2. McGill AirFlow LLC.
- B. Insulated, Flexible Duct: UL 181, Class 1, multiple layers of aluminum laminate supported by helically wound, spring-steel wire; fibrous-glass insulation; aluminized vapor-barrier film.

- 1. Pressure Rating: 10-inch wg positive and 1.0-inch wg negative.
- 2. Maximum Air Velocity: 4000 fpm.
- 3. Temperature Range: Minus 20 to plus 210 deg F.
- 4. Insulation R-value: Comply with ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1.

2.10 DUCT ACCESSORY HARDWARE

- A. Instrument Test Holes: Cast iron or cast aluminum to suit duct material, including screw cap and gasket. Size to allow insertion of pitot tube and other testing instruments and of length to suit duct-insulation thickness.
- B. Adhesives: High strength, quick setting, neoprene based, waterproof, and resistant to gasoline and grease.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install duct accessories according to applicable details in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" for metal ducts and in NAIMA AH116, "Fibrous Glass Duct Construction Standards," for fibrous-glass ducts.
- B. Install duct accessories of materials suited to duct materials; use galvanized-steel accessories in galvanized-steel and fibrous-glass ducts, stainless-steel accessories in stainless-steel ducts, and aluminum accessories in aluminum ducts.
- C. Install backdraft dampers at inlet of exhaust fans or exhaust ducts as close as possible to exhaust fan unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Install volume dampers at points on supply, return, and exhaust systems where branches extend from larger ducts. Where dampers are installed in ducts having duct liner, install dampers with hat channels of same depth as liner, and terminate liner with nosing at hat channel.
 - 1. Install steel volume dampers in steel ducts.
 - 2. Install aluminum volume dampers in aluminum ducts.
- E. Set dampers to fully open position before testing, adjusting, and balancing.
- F. Install test holes at fan inlets and outlets and elsewhere as indicated.
- G. Install fire and smoke dampers according to UL listing.
- H. Install duct access doors on sides of ducts to allow for inspecting, adjusting, and maintaining accessories and equipment at the following locations:
 - 1. On both sides of duct coils.
 - 2. Downstream from manual volume dampers, control dampers, backdraft dampers, and equipment.

- 3. Adjacent to and close enough to fire or smoke dampers, to reset or reinstall fusible links. Access doors for access to fire or smoke dampers having fusible links shall be pressure relief access doors; and shall be outward operation for access doors installed upstream from dampers and inward operation for access doors installed downstream from dampers.
- 4. Control devices requiring inspection.
- I. Install access doors with swing against duct static pressure.
- J. Access Door Sizes:
 - 1. One-Hand or Inspection Access: 8 by 5 inches.
 - 2. Two-Hand Access: 12 by 6 inches.
 - 3. Head and Hand Access: 18 by 10 inches.
 - 4. Head and Shoulders Access: 21 by 14 inches.
 - 5. Body Access: 25 by 14 inches.
 - 6. Body plus Ladder Access: 25 by 17 inches.
- K. Label access doors according to Division 15 Section "Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment" to indicate the purpose of access door.
- L. Install flexible connectors to connect ducts to equipment.
- M. For fans developing static pressures of 5-inch wg and more, cover flexible connectors with loaded vinyl sheet held in place with metal straps.
- N. Install duct test holes where required for testing and balancing purposes.

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Operate dampers to verify full range of movement.
 - 2. Inspect locations of access doors and verify that purpose of access door can be performed.
 - 3. Operate fire and smoke dampers to verify full range of movement and verify that proper heat-response device is installed.
 - 4. Inspect turning vanes for proper and secure installation.

END OF SECTION 15820

SECTION 15855 - DIFFUSERS, REGISTERS, AND GRILLES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Rectangular and square ceiling diffusers.
- 2. Perforated diffusers.
- 3. Louver face diffusers.
- 4. Adjustable bar registers and grilles.

B. Related Sections:

1. Division 15 Section "Duct Accessories" for fire and smoke dampers and volume-control dampers not integral to diffusers, registers, and grilles.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated, include the following:
 - 1. Data Sheet: Indicate materials of construction, finish, and mounting details; and performance data including throw and drop, static-pressure drop, and noise ratings.
 - 2. Diffuser, Register, and Grille Schedule: Indicate drawing designation, room location, quantity, model number, size, and accessories furnished.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CEILING DIFFUSERS

- A. Rectangular and Square Ceiling Diffusers:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Price Industries.
 - b. Titus.
 - 2. Material: Steel.
 - 3. Finish: Baked enamel, white Anodized aluminum.
 - 4. Face Style: Plaque.

B. Perforated Diffuser:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Price Industries.
 - b. Titus.
- 2. Material: Steel backpan and pattern controllers, with steel face.

2.2 REGISTERS AND GRILLES

- A. Adjustable Bar Register:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Price Industries.
 - b. Titus.
 - 2. Material: Steel.
 - 3. Finish: Baked enamel, white.
 - 4. Damper Type: Adjustable opposed blade.

2.3 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

A. Verification of Performance: Rate diffusers, registers, and grilles according to ASHRAE 70, "Method of Testing for Rating the Performance of Air Outlets and Inlets."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install diffusers, registers, and grilles level and plumb.
- B. Ceiling-Mounted Outlets and Inlets: Drawings indicate general arrangement of ducts, fittings, and accessories. Air outlet and inlet locations have been indicated to achieve design requirements for air volume, noise criteria, airflow pattern, throw, and pressure drop. Make final locations where indicated, as much as practical. For units installed in lay-in ceiling panels, locate units in the center of panel. Where architectural features or other items conflict with installation, notify Architect for a determination of final location.
- C. Install diffusers, registers, and grilles with airtight connections to ducts and to allow service and maintenance of dampers, air extractors, and fire dampers.

3.2 ADJUSTING

A. After installation, adjust diffusers, registers, and grilles to air patterns indicated, or as directed, before starting air balancing.

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SECTION 15900 - HVAC INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROLS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes control equipment for HVAC systems and components, including control components for terminal heating and cooling units not supplied with factory-wired controls.
- B. See Division 15 Section "Sequence of Operation" for requirements that relate to this Section.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each control device indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings:
 - 1. Schematic flow diagrams.
 - 2. Power, signal, and control wiring diagrams.
 - 3. Details of control panel faces.
 - 4. Damper schedule.
 - 5. Valve schedule.
 - 6. DDC System Hardware: Wiring diagrams, schematic floor plans, and schematic control diagrams.
 - 7. Control System Software: Schematic diagrams, written descriptions, and points list.
- C. Software and firmware operational documentation.
- D. Field quality-control test reports.
- E. Operation and maintenance data.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 CONTROL SYSTEM

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Automated Logic Corporation.
- 2. Johnson Controls, Inc.; Controls Group.
- 3. Siemens Building Technologies, Inc.
- B. Control system shall consist of sensors, indicators, actuators, final control elements, interface equipment, other apparatus, and accessories to control mechanical systems.
- C. Control system shall consist of sensors, indicators, actuators, final control elements, interface equipment, other apparatus, accessories, and software connected to distributed controllers operating in multiuser, multitasking environment on token-passing network and programmed to control mechanical systems. An operator workstation permits interface with the network via dynamic color graphics with each mechanical system, building floor plan, and control device depicted by point-and-click graphics.

2.3 DDC EQUIPMENT

- A. Operator Workstation: PC-based microcomputer with minimum configuration as follows:
 - 1. Motherboard: With 8 integrated USB 2.0 ports, integrated Intel Pro 10/100 (Ethernet), integrated audio, bios, and hardware monitoring.
 - 2. Processor: Dual or Quad Core Processor.
 - 3. Random-Access Memory: 6 GB.
 - 4. Graphics: Video adapter, minimum 1600 x 1200 pixels, 64-MB video memory, with TV out.
 - 5. Monitor: 19 inches, LCD color.
 - 6. Keyboard: QWERTY, 105 keys in ergonomic shape.
 - 7. Hard-Disk Drive: 500 GB.
 - 8. CD-ROM Read/Write Drive: 16 x DVD RW.
 - 9. Mouse: Three button, optical.
 - 10. Operating System: Microsoft Windows 7 or Vista with high-speed Internet access.
- B. Control Units: Modular, comprising processor board with programmable, nonvolatile, random-access memory; local operator access and display panel; integral interface equipment; and backup power source.
 - 1. Units monitor or control each I/O point; process information; execute commands from other control units, devices, and operator stations; and download from or upload to operator workstation.
 - 2. Stand-alone mode control functions operate regardless of network status. Functions include the following:
 - a. Global communications.

- b. Discrete/digital, analog, and pulse I/O.
- c. Monitoring, controlling, or addressing data points.
- d. Software applications, scheduling, and alarm processing.
- e. Testing and developing control algorithms without disrupting field hardware and controlled environment.
- C. Local Control Units: Modular, comprising processor board with electronically programmable, nonvolatile, read-only memory; and backup power source.
 - 1. Units monitor or control each I/O point, process information, and download from or upload to operator workstation or diagnostic terminal unit.
 - 2. Stand-alone mode control functions operate regardless of network status. Functions include the following:
 - a. Global communications.
 - b. Discrete/digital, analog, and pulse I/O.
 - c. Monitoring, controlling, or addressing data points.
 - 3. Local operator interface provides for download from or upload to operator workstation.
- D. I/O Interface: Hardwired inputs and outputs may tie into system through controllers. Protect points so that shorting will cause no damage to controllers.
 - 1. Binary Inputs: Allow monitoring of on-off signals without external power.
 - 2. Pulse Accumulation Inputs: Accept up to 10 pulses per second.
 - 3. Analog Inputs: Allow monitoring of low-voltage (0- to 10-V dc), current (4 to 20 mA), or resistance signals.
 - 4. Binary Outputs: Provide on-off or pulsed low-voltage signal, selectable for normally open or normally closed operation with three-position (on-off-auto) override switches and status lights.
 - 5. Analog Outputs: Provide modulating signal, either low voltage (0- to 10-V dc) or current (4 to 20 mA) with status lights, two-position (auto-manual) switch, and manually adjustable potentiometer.
 - 6. Tri-State Outputs: Provide two coordinated binary outputs for control of three-point, floating-type electronic actuators.
 - 7. Universal I/Os: Provide software selectable binary or analog outputs.
- E. Power Supplies: Transformers with Class 2 current-limiting type or overcurrent protection; limit connected loads to 80 percent of rated capacity. DC power supply shall match output current and voltage requirements and be full-wave rectifier type with the following:
 - 1. Output ripple of 5.0 mV maximum peak to peak.
 - 2. Combined 1 percent line and load regulation with 100-mic.sec. response time for 50 percent load changes.
 - 3. Built-in overvoltage and overcurrent protection and be able to withstand 150 percent overload for at least 3 seconds without failure.
- F. Power Line Filtering: Internal or external transient voltage and surge suppression for workstations or controllers with the following:
 - 1. Minimum dielectric strength of 1000 V.

- 2. Maximum response time of 10 nanoseconds.
- 3. Minimum transverse-mode noise attenuation of 65 dB.
- 4. Minimum common-mode noise attenuation of 150 dB at 40 to 100 Hz.

2.4 UNITARY CONTROLLERS

- A. Unitized, capable of stand-alone operation with sufficient memory to support its operating system, database, and programming requirements, and with sufficient I/O capacity for the application.
 - 1. Configuration: Local keypad and display; diagnostic LEDs for power, communication, and processor; wiring termination to terminal strip or card connected with ribbon cable; memory with bios; and 72-hour battery backup.
 - 2. Operating System: Manage I/O communication to allow distributed controllers to share real and virtual object information and allow central monitoring and alarms.Perform automatic system diagnostics; monitor system and report failures.
 - 3. Enclosure: Dustproof rated for operation at 32 to 120 deg F.

2.5 ANALOG CONTROLLERS

- A. Step Controllers: 6- or 10-stage type, with heavy-duty switching rated to handle loads and operated by electric motor.
- B. Electric, Outdoor-Reset Controllers: Remote-bulb or bimetal rod-and-tube type, proportioning action with adjustable throttling range, adjustable set point, scale range minus 10 to plus 70 deg F, and single- or double-pole contacts.
- C. Electronic Controllers: Wheatstone-bridge-amplifier type, in steel enclosure with provision for remote-resistance readjustment. Identify adjustments on controllers, including proportional band and authority.
 - 1. Single controllers can be integral with control motor if provided with accessible control readjustment potentiometer.
- D. Fan-Speed Controllers: Solid-state model providing field-adjustable proportional control of motor speed from maximum to minimum of 55 percent and on-off action below minimum fan speed. Controller shall briefly apply full voltage, when motor is started, to rapidly bring motor up to minimum speed. Equip with filtered circuit to eliminate radio interference.

2.6 ELECTRONIC SENSORS

- A. Description: Vibration and corrosion resistant; for wall, immersion, or duct mounting as required.
- B. Thermistor Temperature Sensors and Transmitters:
 - 1. Manufacturers:

- a. BEC Controls Corporation.
- b. Ebtron, Inc.
- c. Heat-Timer Corporation.
- d. I.T.M. Instruments Inc.
- e. MAMAC Systems, Inc.
- f. RDF Corporation.
- 2. Accuracy: Plus or minus 0.5 deg F at calibration point.
- 3. Wire: Twisted, shielded-pair cable.
- 4. Insertion Elements in Ducts: Single point, 8 inches long; use where not affected by temperature stratification or where ducts are smaller than 9 sq. ft..
- 5. Averaging Elements in Ducts: 36 inches long, flexible; use where prone to temperature stratification or where ducts are larger than 10 sq. ft..
- 6. Insertion Elements for Liquids: Brass or stainless-steel socket with minimum insertion length of 2-1/2 inches.
- 7. Room Sensor Cover Construction: Manufacturer's standard locking covers.
 - a. Set-Point Adjustment: Exposed.
 - b. Set-Point Indication: Exposed.
 - c. Thermometer: Exposed.
 - d. Orientation: Vertical.
- 8. Outside-Air Sensors: Watertight inlet fitting, shielded from direct sunlight.
- 9. Room Security Sensors: Stainless-steel cover plate with insulated back and security screws.

C. RTDs and Transmitters:

- 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. BEC Controls Corporation.
 - b. MAMAC Systems, Inc.
 - c. RDF Corporation.
- 2. Accuracy: Plus or minus 0.2 percent at calibration point.
- 3. Wire: Twisted, shielded-pair cable.
- 4. Insertion Elements in Ducts: Single point, 18 inches long; use where not affected by temperature stratification or where ducts are smaller than 9 sq. ft..
- 5. Averaging Elements in Ducts: 18 inches long, rigid; use where prone to temperature stratification or where ducts are larger than 9 sq. ft.; length as required.
- 6. Insertion Elements for Liquids: Brass socket with minimum insertion length of 2-1/2 inches.
- 7. Room Sensor Cover Construction: Manufacturer's standard locking covers.
 - a. Set-Point Adjustment: Exposed.
 - b. Set-Point Indication: Exposed.
 - c. Thermometer: Exposed.
 - d. Orientation: Vertical.
- 8. Outside-Air Sensors: Watertight inlet fitting, shielded from direct sunlight.

9. Room Security Sensors: Stainless-steel cover plate with insulated back and security screws.

D. Pressure Transmitters/Transducers:

- 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. BEC Controls Corporation.
 - b. General Eastern Instruments.
 - c. MAMAC Systems, Inc.
 - d. ROTRONIC Instrument Corp.
 - e. Vaisala.
- 2. Static-Pressure Transmitter: Nondirectional sensor with suitable range for expected input, and temperature compensated.
 - a. Accuracy: 2 percent of full scale with repeatability of 0.5 percent.
 - b. Output: 4 to 20 mA.
 - c. Building Static-Pressure Range: 0- to 0.25-inch wg.
 - d. Duct Static-Pressure Range: 0- to 5-inch wg.
- 3. Water Pressure Transducers: Stainless-steel diaphragm construction, suitable for service; minimum 150-psig operating pressure; linear output 4 to 20 mA.
- 4. Water Differential-Pressure Transducers: Stainless-steel diaphragm construction, suitable for service; minimum 150-psig operating pressure and tested to 300-psig; linear output 4 to 20 mA.
- 5. Differential-Pressure Switch (Air or Water): Snap acting, with pilot-duty rating and with suitable scale range and differential.
- 6. Pressure Transmitters: Direct acting for gas or liquid service; range suitable for system; linear output 4 to 20 mA.
- E. Room Sensor Cover Construction: Manufacturer's standard locking covers.
 - 1. Set-Point Adjustment: Exposed.
 - 2. Set-Point Indication: Exposed.
 - 3. Thermometer: Exposed.
 - 4. Orientation: Vertical.
- F. Room sensor accessories include the following:
 - 1. Insulating Bases: For sensors located on exterior walls.
 - 2. Adjusting Key: As required for calibration and cover screws.

2.7 STATUS SENSORS

- A. Status Inputs for Fans: Differential-pressure switch with pilot-duty rating and with adjustable range of 0- to 5-inch wg.
- B. Status Inputs for Pumps: Differential-pressure switch with pilot-duty rating and with adjustable pressure-differential range of 8 to 60 psig, piped across pump.

- C. Status Inputs for Electric Motors: Comply with ISA 50.00.01, current-sensing fixed- or split-core transformers with self-powered transmitter, adjustable and suitable for 175 percent of rated motor current.
- D. Voltage Transmitter (100- to 600-V ac): Comply with ISA 50.00.01, single-loop, self-powered transmitter, adjustable, with suitable range and 1 percent full-scale accuracy.
- E. Power Monitor: 3-phase type with disconnect/shorting switch assembly, listed voltage and current transformers, with pulse kilowatt hour output and 4- to 20-mA kW output, with maximum 2 percent error at 1.0 power factor and 2.5 percent error at 0.5 power factor.
- F. Current Switches: Self-powered, solid-state with adjustable trip current, selected to match current and system output requirements.
- G. Electronic Valve/Damper Position Indicator: Visual scale indicating percent of travel and 2- to 10-V dc, feedback signal.
- H. Water-Flow Switches: Bellows-actuated mercury or snap-acting type with pilot-duty rating, stainless-steel or bronze paddle, with appropriate range and differential adjustment, in NEMA 250, Type 1 enclosure.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. BEC Controls Corporation.
 - b. I.T.M. Instruments Inc.

2.8 ACTUATORS

- A. Electric Motors: Size to operate with sufficient reserve power to provide smooth modulating action or two-position action.
 - 1. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Motors."
 - 2. Permanent Split-Capacitor or Shaded-Pole Type: Gear trains completely oil immersed and sealed. Equip spring-return motors with integral spiral-spring mechanism in housings designed for easy removal for service or adjustment of limit switches, auxiliary switches, or feedback potentiometer.
 - 3. Nonspring-Return Motors for Valves Larger Than NPS 2-1/2: Size for running torque of 150 in. x lbf and breakaway torque of 300 in. x lbf.
 - 4. Spring-Return Motors for Valves Larger Than NPS 2-1/2: Size for running and breakaway torque of 150 in. x lbf.
 - 5. Nonspring-Return Motors for Dampers Larger Than 25 Sq. Ft.: Size for running torque of 150 in. x lbf and breakaway torque of 300 in. x lbf.
 - 6. Spring-Return Motors for Dampers Larger Than 25 Sq. Ft.: Size for running and breakaway torque of 150 in. x lbf.
- B. Electronic Actuators: Direct-coupled type designed for minimum 60,000 full-stroke cycles at rated torque.
 - 1. Manufacturers:

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- a. Belimo Aircontrols (USA), Inc.
- 2. Valves: Size for torque required for valve close off at maximum pump differential pressure.
- 3. Dampers: Size for running torque calculated as follows:
 - a. Parallel-Blade Damper with Edge Seals: 7 inch-lb/sq. ft. of damper.
 - b. Opposed-Blade Damper with Edge Seals: 5 inch-lb/sq. ft. of damper.
 - c. Parallel-Blade Damper without Edge Seals: 4 inch-lb/sq. ft of damper.
 - d. Opposed-Blade Damper without Edge Seals: 3 inch-lb/sq. ft. of damper.
 - e. Dampers with 2- to 3-Inch wg of Pressure Drop or Face Velocities of 1000 to 2500 fpm: Increase running torque by 1.5.
 - f. Dampers with 3- to 4-Inch wg of Pressure Drop or Face Velocities of 2500 to 3000 fpm: Increase running torque by 2.0.
- 4. Coupling: V-bolt and V-shaped, toothed cradle.
- 5. Overload Protection: Electronic overload or digital rotation-sensing circuitry.
- 6. Fail-Safe Operation: Mechanical, spring-return mechanism. Provide external, manual gear release on nonspring-return actuators.
- 7. Power Requirements (Two-Position Spring Return): 24 or 120-V ac.
- 8. Power Requirements (Modulating): Maximum 10 VA at 24-V ac or 8 W at 24-V dc.
- 9. Proportional Signal: 2- to 10-V dc or 4 to 20 mA, and 2- to 10-V dc position feedback signal.
- 10. Temperature Rating: 40 to 104 deg F.
- 11. Temperature Rating (Smoke Dampers): Minus 22 to plus 250 deg F.
- 12. Run Time: 12 seconds open, 5 seconds closed.

2.9 CONTROL VALVES

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Danfoss Inc.; Air Conditioning & Refrigeration Div.
- 2. Erie Controls.
- 3. Hayward Industrial Products, Inc.
- 4. Magnatrol Valve Corporation.
- 5. Neles-Jamesbury.
- 6. Parker Hannifin Corporation; Skinner Valve Division.
- 7. Pneuline Controls.
- 8. Sauter Controls Corporation.
- B. Control Valves: Factory fabricated, of type, body material, and pressure class based on maximum pressure and temperature rating of piping system, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Hydronic system globe valves shall have the following characteristics:
 - 1. NPS 2 and Smaller: Class 125 bronze body, bronze trim, rising stem, renewable composition disc, and screwed ends with backseating capacity repackable under pressure.
 - 2. NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Class 125 iron body, bronze trim, rising stem, plug-type disc, flanged ends, and renewable seat and disc.
 - 3. Internal Construction: Replaceable plugs and stainless-steel or brass seats.

- a. Single-Seated Valves: Cage trim provides seating and guiding surfaces for plug on top and bottom.
- b. Double-Seated Valves: Balanced plug; cage trim provides seating and guiding surfaces for plugs on top and bottom.
- 4. Sizing: 3-psig maximum pressure drop at design flow rate or the following:
 - a. Two Position: Line size.
 - b. Two-Way Modulating: Either the value specified above or twice the load pressure drop, whichever is more.
 - c. Three-Way Modulating: Twice the load pressure drop, but not more than value specified above.
- 5. Flow Characteristics: Two-way valves shall have equal percentage characteristics; three-way valves shall have linear characteristics.
- 6. Close-Off (Differential) Pressure Rating: Combination of actuator and trim shall provide minimum close-off pressure rating of 150 percent of total system (pump) head for two-way valves and 100 percent of pressure differential across valve or 100 percent of total system (pump) head.
- D. Butterfly Valves: 200-psig, 150-psig maximum pressure differential, ASTM A 126 cast-iron or ASTM A 536 ductile-iron body and bonnet, extended neck, stainless-steel stem, field-replaceable EPDM or Buna N sleeve and stem seals.
 - 1. Body Style: Wafer or Lug or Grooved.
 - 2. Disc Type: Nickel-plated ductile iron.
 - 3. Sizing: 1-psig maximum pressure drop at design flow rate.
- E. Terminal Unit Control Valves: Bronze body, bronze trim, two or three ports as indicated, replaceable plugs and seats, and union and threaded ends.
 - 1. Rating: Class 125 for service at 125 psig and 250 deg F operating conditions.
 - 2. Sizing: 3-psig maximum pressure drop at design flow rate, to close against pump shutoff head.
 - 3. Flow Characteristics: Two-way valves shall have equal percentage characteristics; three-way valves shall have linear characteristics.
- F. Self-Contained Control Valves: Bronze body, bronze trim, two or three ports as indicated, replaceable plugs and seats, and union and threaded ends.
 - 1. Rating: Class 125 for service at 125 psig and 250 deg F operating conditions.

2.10 CONTROL CABLE

A. Electronic and fiber-optic cables for control wiring are specified in Division 16 Section "Voice and Data Communication Cabling."

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Verify location of thermostats, humidistats, and other exposed control sensors with Drawings and room details before installation. Install devices 48 inches above the floor.
 - 1. Install averaging elements in ducts and plenums in crossing or zigzag pattern.
- B. Install automatic dampers according to Division 15 Section "Duct Accessories."
- C. Install damper motors on outside of duct in warm areas, not in locations exposed to outdoor temperatures.
- D. Install labels and nameplates to identify control components according to Division 15 Section "Mechanical Identification."
- E. Install hydronic instrument wells, valves, and other accessories according to Division 15 Section "Hydronic Piping."
- F. Install refrigerant instrument wells, valves, and other accessories according to Division 15 Section "Refrigerant Piping."
- G. Install duct volume-control dampers according to Division 15 Sections specifying air ducts.
- H. Install electronic and fiber-optic cables according to Division 16 Section "Voice and Data Communication Cabling."

3.2 ELECTRICAL WIRING AND CONNECTION INSTALLATION

- A. Install raceways, boxes, and cabinets according to Division 16 Section "Raceways and Boxes."
- B. Install building wire and cable according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."
- C. Install signal and communication cable according to Division 16 Section "Voice and Data Communication Cabling."
 - 1. Conceal cable, except in mechanical rooms and areas where other conduit and piping are exposed.
 - 2. Install exposed cable in raceway.
 - 3. Install concealed cable in raceway.
 - 4. Bundle and harness multiconductor instrument cable in place of single cables where several cables follow a common path.
 - 5. Fasten flexible conductors, bridging cabinets and doors, along hinge side; protect against abrasion. Tie and support conductors.
 - 6. Number-code or color-code conductors for future identification and service of control system, except local individual room control cables.
 - 7. Install wire and cable with sufficient slack and flexible connections to allow for vibration of piping and equipment.

- D. Connect manual-reset limit controls independent of manual-control switch positions. Automatic duct heater resets may be connected in interlock circuit of power controllers.
- E. Connect hand-off-auto selector switches to override automatic interlock controls when switch is in hand position.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test, and adjust field-assembled components and equipment installation, including connections. Report results in writing.
- B. Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:
 - 1. Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper unit operation. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest.
 - 2. Test and adjust controls and safeties.
 - 3. Test calibration of controllers by disconnecting input sensors and stimulating operation with compatible signal generator.
 - 4. Test each point through its full operating range to verify that safety and operating control set points are as required.
 - 5. Test each control loop to verify stable mode of operation and compliance with sequence of operation. Adjust PID actions.
 - 6. Test each system for compliance with sequence of operation.
 - 7. Test software and hardware interlocks.

C. DDC Verification:

- 1. Verify that instruments are installed before calibration, testing, and loop or leak checks.
- 2. Check instruments for proper location and accessibility.
- 3. Check instrument installation for direction of flow, elevation, orientation, insertion depth, and other applicable considerations.
- 4. Check instrument tubing for proper fittings, slope, material, and support.
- 5. Check pressure instruments, piping slope, installation of valve manifold, and self-contained pressure regulators.
- 6. Check temperature instruments and material and length of sensing elements.
- 7. Check control valves. Verify that they are in correct direction.
- 8. Check air-operated dampers. Verify that pressure gages are provided and that proper blade alignment, either parallel or opposed, has been provided.
- 9. Check DDC system as follows:
 - a. Verify that DDC controller power supply is from emergency power supply, if applicable.
 - b. Verify that wires at control panels are tagged with their service designation and approved tagging system.
 - c. Verify that spare I/O capacity has been provided.
 - d. Verify that DDC controllers are protected from power supply surges.
- D. Replace damaged or malfunctioning controls and equipment and repeat testing procedures.

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3.4 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain HVAC instrumentation and controls. Refer to Division 1 Section "Demonstration and Training."

END OF SECTION 15900

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SECTION 15940 - SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes control sequences for HVAC systems, subsystems, and equipment.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 15 Section "HVAC Instrumentation and Controls" for control equipment and devices and for submittal requirements.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. DDC: Direct digital control.
- B. VAV: Variable air volume.

1.4 HEATING CONTROL SEQUENCES

- A. Heating-Water Supply Temperature Control:
 - 1. Input Device: Thermistor temperature sensor.
 - 2. Output Device: Control valve.
 - 3. Action: Modulate control valve to maintain heating-water supply temperature.
 - 4. Display:
 - a. Heating-water supply temperature.
 - b. Heating-water supply temperature set point.
 - c. Control-valve position.

B. Control Primary Circulating Pump(s):

1. Input Device: DDC system.

2. Output Device: DDC system command to starter relay.

Hardware Points

Point Name	AI	AO	ВІ	во	ΑV	в۷	Loop	Sched	Trend	Alarm	Show On Graphic
Hot Water Differential Pressure	х								Х		х
Hot Water Supply Temp	х								х		x
Hot Water Return Temp	Х								х		х
Hot Water Pump 1 VFD Speed		Х							Х		х
Hot Water Pump 2 VFD Speed		Х							х		х
Steam Valve		Х							х		х
Hot Water Pump 1 VFD Fault			Х							Х	х
Hot Water Pump 2 VFD Fault			Х							х	х
Hot Water Pump 1 Status			Х						Х		х
Hot Water Pump 2 Status			Х						х		х
Hot Water Pump 1 Start/Stop				х							х
Hot Water Pump 2 Start/Stop				х							х
Outside Air Temp					Х						х
Hot Water Differential Pressure Setpoint					х						х
Hot Water Supply Temp Setpoint					х				х		х
Hot Water Pump 2 Runtime Exceeded										х	
High Hot Water Differential Pressure										Х	
Low Hot Water Differential Pressure										Х	
Hot Water Pump 1 Failure										Х	
Hot Water Pump 1 Running in Hand										х	
Hot Water Pump 1 Runtime Exceeded										х	
Hot Water Pump 2 Failure										х	
Hot Water Pump 2 Running in Hand										х	
High Hot Water Supply Temp										х	
Low Hot Water Supply Temp										х	
Totals	3	3	4	2	3	0	0	0	9	12	15

Total Hardware (12)

Total Software (24)

1.5 CENTRAL REFRIGERATION EQUIPMENT SEQUENCES

Start and Stop Chilled-Water Pump(s): A.

- 1. Input Device: Flow switch in DDC system command-water circuit.
- 2. Output Device: DDC system command to starter relay.
- Action: Energize pump(s). 3.
- 4. Display:

- a. Chilled-water flow indication.
- b. Chilled-water pump(s) on-off status.
- c. Chilled-water pump(s) on-off indication.

B. Start and Stop Refrigeration Machine(s):

- 1. Input Device: Flow switch in chilled-water circuit.
- 2. Output Device: DDC system command to refrigeration machine terminal strip.
- 3. Action: Energize refrigeration machine(s) internal control circuit.
- 4. Display:
 - a. Chilled-water flow indication.
 - b. Refrigeration machine on-off indication.
 - c. Chilled-water supply and return temperature.
 - d. Chilled-water temperature control-point adjustment.

C. Start and Stop Chiller(s):

- 1. Input Device: Flow switches in chilled-water circuit.
- 2. Output Device: DDC system command to chiller terminal strip.
- 3. Action: Energize chiller internal control circuit.
- 4. Display:
 - a. Chilled-water flow indication.
 - b. Chiller(s) on-off status.
 - c. Chiller(s) on-off indication.
 - d. Chilled-water supply and return temperature.
 - e. Chilled-water temperature control-point adjustment.

D. Alarm Chiller(s) Start Failure:

- 1. Input Device: Chiller software signal.
- 2. Output Device: DDC system alarm.
- 3. Action: Signal alarm.
- 4. Display: Chiller "failure-to-start" indication.

E. Chilled-Water Supply Temperature:

- 1. Input Device: Temperature transmitter in common chilled-water supply piping.
- 2. Output Device: DDC system signal to chiller control panel.
- 3. Action: Maintain constant leaving chilled-water temperature.
 - a. Display: Chilled-water supply temperature.

F. Operator Station Display: Indicate the following on operator workstation display terminal:

- 1. DDC system graphic.
- 2. DDC system status, on-off.
- 3. Outdoor-air temperature.
- 4. Cooling (software) demand indication.
- 5. Time and time schedule.

- 6. Chilled-water pump(s) on-off status.
- 7. Chilled-water pump(s) on-off indication.
- 8. Chilled-water flow indication.
- 9. Refrigeration machine on-off indication.
- 10. Chilled-water supply temperature.
- 11. Chilled-water return temperature.
- 12. Chilled-water temperature control-point adjustment.
- 13. Chiller(s) on-off status.
- 14. Chiller(s) on-off indication.
- 15. Chiller "failure-to-start" indication.
- 16. Chilled-water pressure drop through chiller.
- 17. Chiller chilled-water supply and return temperature.
- 18. System capacity in tons.

	На	e Poi	nts			Softw					
Point Name	Al	AO	ВІ	во	ΑV	BV	Loop	Sched	Trend	Alarm	Show On Graphic
Chilled Water Differential Pressure	Х								х		х
Chilled Water Return Temp	Х								х		х
Chilled Water Supply Temp	Х								х		х
Chilled Water Bypass Valve		х							х		х
Chilled Water Supply Temp Setpoint Reset		х							х		х
Emergency Shutdown			Х						х	х	х
Refrigerant Leak Shutdown			Х						х	х	х
Chilled Water Isolation Valve Status			х						Х		х
Chilled Water Pump 1 Status			Х						х		х
Chilled Water Pump 2 Status			х						Х		х
Chiller Status			Х						х		х
Chilled Water Isolation Valve				х							х
Chilled Water Pump 1 Start/Stop				х							х
Chilled Water Pump 2 Start/Stop				х							х
Chiller Enable				х							х
Outside Air Temp					Х						х
Chilled Water Differential Pressure Setpoint					х				х		х
Chilled Water Isolation Valve Failure										х	
Chilled Water Isolation Valve in Hand										х	
Chilled Water Isolation Valve Runtime Exceeded										х	
Chilled Water Pump 1 Failure										Х	
Chilled Water Pump 1 Running in										Х	

	На	rdwar	e Poi	nts			Softw	are Poi	nts				
Point Name	Al	АО	ВІ	во	ΑV	BV	Loop	Sched	Trend	Alarm	Show On Graphic		
Hand													
Chilled Water Pump 1 Runtime Exceeded										х			
Chilled Water Pump 2 Failure										Х			
Chilled Water Pump 2 Running in Hand										х			
Chilled Water Pump 2 Runtime Exceeded										х			
High Chilled Water Differential Pressure										х			
Low Chilled Water Differential Pressure										х			
Chiller Failure										х			
Chiller Running in Hand										Х			
Chiller Runtime Exceeded										х			
High Chilled Water Supply Temp										х			
Low Chilled Water Supply Temp										Х			
Totals	3	2	6	4	2	0	0	0	12	18	17		

Total Hardware (15)

Total Software (32)

1.6 AIR-HANDLING-UNIT CONTROL SEQUENCES

A. Start and Stop Supply Fan(s):

- 1. Enable: Freeze Protection:
 - a. Input Device: Duct-mounted averaging element thermostat, located before supply fan.
 - b. Output Device: Hard wired through motor starter; DDC system alarm.
 - c. Action: Allow start if duct temperature is above 37 deg F; signal alarm if fan fails to start as commanded.
- 2. Enable: Smoke Control:
 - a. Input Device: Duct-mounted smoke detector, located in return air.
 - b. Output Device: Hard wired through motor starter; DDC system alarm.
 - c. Action: Allow start if duct is free of products of combustion.
- 3. Initiate: Occupied Time Schedule:
 - a. Input Device: DDC system time schedule.

- b. Output Device: Binary output to motor starter.
- c. Action: Energize fan(s).
- 4. Initiate: Unoccupied Time Schedule:
 - a. Input Device: DDC system demand.
 - b. Output Device: Binary output to motor starter.
 - c. Action: Energize fan(s).
- 5. Unoccupied Ventilation:
 - a. Input Device: DDC system time schedule and output.
 - b. Output Device: DDC system binary output to motor starter.
- 6. Display: Supply-fan on-off indication.
- B. Hydronic or Steam Heating Coil:
 - 1. Occupied Time Schedule:
 - a. Input Device: DDC system time schedule.
 - b. Output Device: Binary output.
 - c. Action: Enable control.
 - 2. Discharge-Air Temperature:
 - a. Input Device: Electronic temperature sensor.
 - b. Output Device: Normally open modulating control valve.
 - 3. Display:
 - a. Fan-discharge air-temperature indication.
 - b. Fan-discharge air-temperature set point.
 - c. Heating-coil air-temperature indication.
 - d. Heating-coil air-temperature set point.
 - e. Heating-coil control-valve position.
- C. Hydronic Cooling Coil:
 - 1. Occupied Time Schedule:
 - a. Input Device: DDC system time schedule.
 - b. Output Device: Binary output.
 - c. Action: Enable control.
 - 2. Discharge-Air Temperature:
 - a. Input Device: Electronic temperature sensor.
 - b. Output Device: Normally closed modulating control valve.
 - 3. Unoccupied Time Schedule:

- a. Input Device: DDC system time schedule.
- b. Output Device: Binary output.
- c. Action: Disable control.

4. Display:

- a. Fan-discharge air-temperature indication.
- b. Fan-discharge air-temperature set point.
- c. Cooling-coil air-temperature indication.
- d. Cooling-coil air-temperature set point.
- e. Cooling-coil control-valve position.
- f. Cold-deck air-temperature indication.
- g. Cold-deck air-temperature set point.
- D. Coordination of Air-Handling Unit Sequences: Ensure that preheat, mixed-air, heating-coil, and cooling-coil controls have common inputs and do not overlap in function.
- E. Operator Station Display: Indicate the following on operator workstation display terminal:
 - 1. DDC system graphic.
 - 2. DDC system on-off indication.
 - 3. DDC system occupied/unoccupied mode.
 - 4. Outdoor-air-temperature indication.
 - 5. Supply-fan on-off indication.
 - 6. Supply-fan speed.
 - 7. Return-fan on-off indication.
 - 8. Return-fan airflow rate.
 - 9. Return-fan speed.
 - 10. Building static-pressure indication.
 - 11. Building static-pressure set point.
 - 12. Fan-discharge air-temperature indication.
 - 13. Fan-discharge air-temperature set point.
 - 14. Room temperature indication.
 - 15. Room temperature set point.

	Ha	rdwar	re Poi	nts			Softw				
Point Name	Al	АО	ВІ	во	AV	BV	Loop	Sched	Trend	Alarm	Show On Graphic
Zone Temp	х								х		х
Zone Setpoint Adjust	х										х
Cooling Valve		х							х		х
Heating Valve		х							х		х
Zone Override			Х						Х		х

	Ha	rdwar	e Poi	nts	Software Points						
Point Name	Al	АО	ВІ	во	ΑV	в۷	Loop	Sched	Trend	Alarm	Show On Graphic
Fan Status			х								х
Fan Low Speed				х					х		х
Fan Medium Speed				х					Х		х
Fan High Speed				Х					х		х
Schedule								Х			
Heating Setpoint									Х		х
Cooling Setpoint									х		х
High Zone Temp										х	
Low Zone Temp										х	
Fan Failure										х	
Fan in Hand										Х	
Fan Runtime Exceeded										х	
Totals	2	2	2	3	0	0	0	1	9	5	11

Total Hardware (9)

Total Software (15)

1.7 TERMINAL UNIT OPERATING SEQUENCE

- A. Cabinet Unit Heater, Hydronic:
 - 1. Room Temperature:
 - a. Input Device: Electronic temperature sensor.
 - b. Output Device: DDC system binary output.
 - c. Action: Cycle fan to maintain temperature.
 - 2. Display:
 - a. Room temperature indication.
 - b. Room temperature set point.
- B. Four-Pipe, Hydronic Fan-Coil Unit:
 - 1. Occupied Time Schedule:
 - a. Input Device: DDC system time schedule.
 - b. Output Device: Binary output.
 - c. Action: Start and stop fan, and enable control.
 - 2. Room Temperature:

- a. Input Device: Electronic temperature sensor.
- b. Output Device: Electronic control-valve operators.
- c. Action: Modulate multiport control valves to maintain temperature.

3. Display:

- a. DDC system graphic.
- b. DDC system on-off indication.
- c. DDC system occupied/unoccupied mode.
- d. Room temperature indication.
- e. Room temperature set point.
- f. Control-valve position.

	Hardware Points						Softw				
Point Name	AI	АО	ВІ	во	ΑV	BV	Loop	Sched	Trend	Alarm	Show On Graphic
Zone Temp	х								Х		х
Zone Setpoint Adjust	х										х
Cooling Valve		Х							х		х
Heating Valve		Х							Х		х
Zone Override			Х						х		х
Fan Status			х								х
Fan Low Speed				х					Х		х
Fan Medium Speed				х					Х		х
Fan High Speed				х					Х		х
Schedule								Х			
Heating Setpoint									Х		х
Cooling Setpoint									Х		х
High Zone Temp										Х	
Low Zone Temp										Х	
Fan Failure										х	
Fan in Hand										х	
Fan Runtime Exceeded										х	
Totals	2	2	2	3	0	0	0	1	9	5	11

Total Hardware (9)

Total Software (15)

1.8 Exhaust Fan Operating Sequence

- 1. Run Conditions Scheduled:
 - a. The fan shall run according to a user definable schedule.

- 2. Fan:
 - a. The fan shall have a user definable (adj.) minimum runtime.
- 3. Fan Status:
 - a. The controller shall monitor the fan status.
- 4. Alarms shall be provided as follows:
 - a. Fan Failure: Commanded on, but the status is off.
 - b. Fan in Hand: Commanded off, but the status is on.
 - c. Fan Runtime Exceeded: Fan status runtime exceeds a user definable limit (adj.).

	Hardware Points				Software Points						
Point Name	Al	АО	ВІ	во	ΑV	в۷	Loop	Sched	Trend	Alarm	Show On Graphic
Fan Status			Х						Х		х
Fan Start/Stop				Х					х		х
Schedule								Х			
Fan Failure										Х	
Fan in Hand										Х	
Fan Runtime Exceeded										Х	
Totals	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	2	3	2

Total Hardware (2)

Total Software (6)

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION 15940

102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012 SECTION 15950 - TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Balancing Air Systems:
 - a. Constant-volume air systems.
- 2. Balancing Hydronic Piping Systems:
 - a. Constant-flow hydronic systems.
 - b. Variable-flow hydronic systems.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. AABC: Associated Air Balance Council.
- B. NEBB: National Environmental Balancing Bureau.
- C. TAB: Testing, adjusting, and balancing.
- D. TABB: Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing Bureau.
- E. TAB Specialist: An entity engaged to perform TAB Work.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Strategies and Procedures Plan: Within 30 days of Contractor's Notice to Proceed, submit TAB strategies and step-by-step procedures as specified in "Preparation" Article.
- B. Certified TAB reports.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. TAB Contractor Qualifications: Engage a TAB entity certified by AABC or NEBB.
 - 1. TAB Field Supervisor: Employee of the TAB contractor and certified by AABC or NEBB.
 - 2. TAB Technician: Employee of the TAB contractor and who is certified by AABC or NEBB as a TAB technician.
- B. Certify TAB field data reports and perform the following:

- 1. Review field data reports to validate accuracy of data and to prepare certified TAB reports.
- 2. Certify that the TAB team complied with the approved TAB plan and the procedures specified and referenced in this Specification.
- C. Instrumentation Type, Quantity, Accuracy, and Calibration: As described in ASHRAE 111, Section 5, "Instrumentation."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine the Contract Documents to become familiar with Project requirements and to discover conditions in systems' designs that may preclude proper TAB of systems and equipment.
- B. Examine systems for installed balancing devices, such as test ports, gage cocks, thermometer wells, flow-control devices, balancing valves and fittings, and manual volume dampers. Verify that locations of these balancing devices are accessible.
- C. Examine the approved submittals for HVAC systems and equipment.
- D. Examine design data including HVAC system descriptions, statements of design assumptions for environmental conditions and systems' output, and statements of philosophies and assumptions about HVAC system and equipment controls.
- E. Examine ceiling plenums and underfloor air plenums used for supply, return, or relief air to verify that they meet the leakage class of connected ducts as specified in Division 15 Section "Metal Ducts" and are properly separated from adjacent areas. Verify that penetrations in plenum walls are sealed and fire-stopped if required.
- F. Examine equipment performance data including fan and pump curves.
 - 1. Relate performance data to Project conditions and requirements, including system effects that can create undesired or unpredicted conditions that cause reduced capacities in all or part of a system.
 - 2. Calculate system-effect factors to reduce performance ratings of HVAC equipment when installed under conditions different from the conditions used to rate equipment performance. To calculate system effects for air systems, use tables and charts found in AMCA 201, "Fans and Systems," or in SMACNA's "HVAC Systems Duct Design." Compare results with the design data and installed conditions.
- G. Examine system and equipment installations and verify that field quality-control testing, cleaning, and adjusting specified in individual Sections have been performed.
- H. Examine test reports specified in individual system and equipment Sections.

- I. Examine HVAC equipment and filters and verify that bearings are greased, belts are aligned and tight, and equipment with functioning controls is ready for operation.
- J. Examine terminal units, such as variable-air-volume boxes, and verify that they are accessible and their controls are connected and functioning.
- K. Examine strainers. Verify that startup screens are replaced by permanent screens with indicated perforations.
- L. Examine three-way valves for proper installation for their intended function of diverting or mixing fluid flows.
- M. Examine heat-transfer coils for correct piping connections and for clean and straight fins.
- N. Examine system pumps to ensure absence of entrained air in the suction piping.
- O. Examine operating safety interlocks and controls on HVAC equipment.
- P. Report deficiencies discovered before and during performance of TAB procedures. Observe and record system reactions to changes in conditions. Record default set points if different from indicated values.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare a TAB plan that includes strategies and step-by-step procedures.
- B. Complete system-readiness checks and prepare reports. Verify the following:
 - 1. Permanent electrical-power wiring is complete.
 - 2. Hydronic systems are filled, clean, and free of air.
 - 3. Automatic temperature-control systems are operational.
 - 4. Equipment and duct access doors are securely closed.
 - 5. Balance, smoke, and fire dampers are open.
 - 6. Isolating and balancing valves are open and control valves are operational.
 - 7. Ceilings are installed in critical areas where air-pattern adjustments are required and access to balancing devices is provided.
 - 8. Windows and doors can be closed so indicated conditions for system operations can be met.

3.3 GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR TESTING AND BALANCING

- A. Perform testing and balancing procedures on each system according to the procedures contained in AABC's "National Standards for Total System Balance" or NEBB's "Procedural Standards for Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing of Environmental Systems" and in this Section.
 - 1. Comply with requirements in ASHRAE 62.1-2004, Section 7.2.2, "Air Balancing."
- B. Cut insulation, ducts, pipes, and equipment cabinets for installation of test probes to the minimum extent necessary for TAB procedures.

- 1. After testing and balancing, patch probe holes in ducts with same material and thickness as used to construct ducts.
- 2. Install and join new insulation that matches removed materials. Restore insulation, coverings, vapor barrier, and finish according to Division 15 Section "HVAC Insulation."
- C. Mark equipment and balancing devices, including damper-control positions, valve position indicators, fan-speed-control levers, and similar controls and devices, with paint or other suitable, permanent identification material to show final settings.
- D. Take and report testing and balancing measurements in inch-pound (IP) units.

3.4 GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR BALANCING AIR SYSTEMS

- A. Prepare test reports for both fans and outlets. Obtain manufacturer's outlet factors and recommended testing procedures. Crosscheck the summation of required outlet volumes with required fan volumes.
- B. Prepare schematic diagrams of systems' "as-built" duct layouts.
- C. For variable-air-volume systems, develop a plan to simulate diversity.
- D. Determine the best locations in main and branch ducts for accurate duct-airflow measurements.
- E. Check airflow patterns from the outdoor-air louvers and dampers and the return- and exhaust-air dampers through the supply-fan discharge and mixing dampers.
- F. Locate start-stop and disconnect switches, electrical interlocks, and motor starters.
- G. Verify that motor starters are equipped with properly sized thermal protection.
- H. Check dampers for proper position to achieve desired airflow path.
- I. Check for airflow blockages.
- J. Check condensate drains for proper connections and functioning.
- K. Check for proper sealing of air-handling-unit components.
- L. Verify that air duct system is sealed as specified in Division 15 Section "Metal Ducts."

3.5 PROCEDURES FOR CONSTANT-VOLUME AIR SYSTEMS

- A. Adjust fans to deliver total indicated airflows within the maximum allowable fan speed listed by fan manufacturer.
 - 1. Measure total airflow.
 - a. Where sufficient space in ducts is unavailable for Pitot-tube traverse measurements, measure airflow at terminal outlets and inlets and calculate the total airflow.

- 2. Measure fan static pressures as follows to determine actual static pressure:
 - a. Measure outlet static pressure as far downstream from the fan as practical and upstream from restrictions in ducts such as elbows and transitions.
 - b. Measure static pressure directly at the fan outlet or through the flexible connection.
 - c. Measure inlet static pressure of single-inlet fans in the inlet duct as near the fan as possible, upstream from the flexible connection, and downstream from duct restrictions.
 - d. Measure inlet static pressure of double-inlet fans through the wall of the plenum that houses the fan.
- 3. Measure static pressure across each component that makes up an air-handling unit, rooftop unit, and other air-handling and -treating equipment.
 - a. Report the cleanliness status of filters and the time static pressures are measured.
- 4. Measure static pressures entering and leaving other devices, such as sound traps, heat-recovery equipment, and air washers, under final balanced conditions.
- 5. Review Record Documents to determine variations in design static pressures versus actual static pressures. Calculate actual system-effect factors. Recommend adjustments to accommodate actual conditions.
- 6. Do not make fan-speed adjustments that result in motor overload. Consult equipment manufacturers about fan-speed safety factors. Modulate dampers and measure fan-motor amperage to ensure that no overload will occur. Measure amperage in full-cooling, full-heating, economizer, and any other operating mode to determine the maximum required brake horsepower.
- B. Adjust volume dampers for main duct, submain ducts, and major branch ducts to indicated airflows within specified tolerances.
 - 1. Measure airflow of submain and branch ducts.
 - a. Where sufficient space in submain and branch ducts is unavailable for Pitot-tube traverse measurements, measure airflow at terminal outlets and inlets and calculate the total airflow for that zone.
 - 2. Measure static pressure at a point downstream from the balancing damper, and adjust volume dampers until the proper static pressure is achieved.
 - 3. Remeasure each submain and branch duct after all have been adjusted. Continue to adjust submain and branch ducts to indicated airflows within specified tolerances.
- C. Measure air outlets and inlets without making adjustments.
 - 1. Measure terminal outlets using a direct-reading hood or outlet manufacturer's written instructions and calculating factors.
- D. Adjust air outlets and inlets for each space to indicated airflows within specified tolerances of indicated values. Make adjustments using branch volume dampers rather than extractors and the dampers at air terminals.

- 1. Adjust each outlet in same room or space to within specified tolerances of indicated quantities without generating noise levels above the limitations prescribed by the Contract Documents.
- 2. Adjust patterns of adjustable outlets for proper distribution without drafts.

3.6 GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR HYDRONIC SYSTEMS

- A. Prepare test reports with pertinent design data, and number in sequence starting at pump to end of system. Check the sum of branch-circuit flows against the approved pump flow rate. Correct variations that exceed plus or minus 5 percent.
- B. Prepare schematic diagrams of systems' "as-built" piping layouts.
- C. Prepare hydronic systems for testing and balancing according to the following, in addition to the general preparation procedures specified above:
 - 1. Open all manual valves for maximum flow.
 - 2. Check liquid level in expansion tank.
 - 3. Check makeup water-station pressure gage for adequate pressure for highest vent.
 - 4. Check flow-control valves for specified sequence of operation, and set at indicated flow.
 - 5. Set differential-pressure control valves at the specified differential pressure. Do not set at fully closed position when pump is positive-displacement type unless several terminal valves are kept open.
 - 6. Set system controls so automatic valves are wide open to heat exchangers.
 - 7. Check pump-motor load. If motor is overloaded, throttle main flow-balancing device so motor nameplate rating is not exceeded.
 - 8. Check air vents for a forceful liquid flow exiting from vents when manually operated.

3.7 PROCEDURES FOR CONSTANT-FLOW HYDRONIC SYSTEMS

- A. Measure water flow at pumps. Use the following procedures except for positive-displacement pumps:
 - 1. Verify impeller size by operating the pump with the discharge valve closed. Read pressure differential across the pump. Convert pressure to head and correct for differences in gage heights. Note the point on manufacturer's pump curve at zero flow and verify that the pump has the intended impeller size.
 - 2. Check system resistance. With all valves open, read pressure differential across the pump and mark pump manufacturer's head-capacity curve. Adjust pump discharge valve until indicated water flow is achieved.
 - a. Monitor motor performance during procedures and do not operate motors in overload conditions.
 - 3. Verify pump-motor brake horsepower. Calculate the intended brake horsepower for the system based on pump manufacturer's performance data. Compare calculated brake horsepower with nameplate data on the pump motor. Report conditions where actual amperage exceeds motor nameplate amperage.

- 4. Report flow rates that are not within plus or minus 10 percent of design.
- B. Measure flow at all automatic flow control valves to verify that valves are functioning as designed.
- C. Measure flow at all pressure-independent characterized control valves, with valves in fully open position, to verify that valves are functioning as designed.
- D. Set calibrated balancing valves, if installed, at calculated presettings.
- E. Measure flow at all stations and adjust, where necessary, to obtain first balance.
 - 1. System components that have Cv rating or an accurately cataloged flow-pressure-drop relationship may be used as a flow-indicating device.
- F. Measure flow at main balancing station and set main balancing device to achieve flow that is 5 percent greater than indicated flow.
- G. Adjust balancing stations to within specified tolerances of indicated flow rate as follows:
 - 1. Determine the balancing station with the highest percentage over indicated flow.
 - 2. Adjust each station in turn, beginning with the station with the highest percentage over indicated flow and proceeding to the station with the lowest percentage over indicated flow.
 - 3. Record settings and mark balancing devices.
- H. Measure pump flow rate and make final measurements of pump amperage, voltage, rpm, pump heads, and systems' pressures and temperatures including outdoor-air temperature.
- I. Measure the differential-pressure-control-valve settings existing at the conclusion of balancing.
- J. Check settings and operation of each safety valve. Record settings.

3.8 PROCEDURES FOR VARIABLE-FLOW HYDRONIC SYSTEMS

A. Balance systems with automatic two- and three-way control valves by setting systems at maximum flow through heat-exchange terminals and proceed as specified above for hydronic systems.

3.9 PROCEDURES FOR MOTORS

- A. Motors, 1/2 HP and Larger: Test at final balanced conditions and record the following data:
 - 1. Manufacturer's name, model number, and serial number.
 - 2. Motor horsepower rating.
 - 3. Motor rpm.
 - 4. Efficiency rating.
 - 5. Nameplate and measured voltage, each phase.
 - 6. Nameplate and measured amperage, each phase.

- 7. Starter thermal-protection-element rating.
- B. Motors Driven by Variable-Frequency Controllers: Test for proper operation at speeds varying from minimum to maximum. Test the manual bypass of the controller to prove proper operation. Record observations including name of controller manufacturer, model number, serial number, and nameplate data.

3.10 PROCEDURES FOR CHILLERS

- A. Balance water flow through each evaporator to within specified tolerances of indicated flow with all pumps operating. With only one chiller operating in a multiple chiller installation, do not exceed the flow for the maximum tube velocity recommended by the chiller manufacturer. Measure and record the following data with each chiller operating at design conditions:
 - 1. Evaporator-water entering and leaving temperatures, pressure drop, and water flow.
 - 2. For water-cooled chillers, condenser-water entering and leaving temperatures, pressure drop, and water flow.
 - 3. Evaporator and condenser refrigerant temperatures and pressures, using instruments furnished by chiller manufacturer.
 - 4. Power factor if factory-installed instrumentation is furnished for measuring kilowatts.
 - 5. Kilowatt input if factory-installed instrumentation is furnished for measuring kilowatts.
 - 6. Capacity: Calculate in tons of cooling.
 - 7. For air-cooled chillers, verify condenser-fan rotation and record fan and motor data including number of fans and entering- and leaving-air temperatures.

3.11 PROCEDURES FOR CONDENSING UNITS

- A. Verify proper rotation of fans.
- B. Measure entering- and leaving-air temperatures.
- C. Record compressor data.

3.12 PROCEDURES FOR BOILERS

A. Steam Boilers: Measure and record entering-water temperature and flow and leaving-steam pressure, temperature, and flow.

3.13 PROCEDURES FOR HEAT-TRANSFER COILS

- A. Measure, adjust, and record the following data for each water coil:
 - 1. Entering- and leaving-water temperature.
 - 2. Water flow rate.
 - 3. Water pressure drop.
 - 4. Dry-bulb temperature of entering and leaving air.
 - 5. Wet-bulb temperature of entering and leaving air for cooling coils.

- 6. Airflow.
- 7. Air pressure drop.
- B. Measure, adjust, and record the following data for each electric heating coil:
 - 1. Nameplate data.
 - 2. Airflow.
 - 3. Entering- and leaving-air temperature at full load.
 - 4. Voltage and amperage input of each phase at full load and at each incremental stage.
 - 5. Calculated kilowatt at full load.
 - 6. Fuse or circuit-breaker rating for overload protection.
- C. Measure, adjust, and record the following data for each steam coil:
 - 1. Dry-bulb temperature of entering and leaving air.
 - 2. Airflow.
 - 3. Air pressure drop.
 - 4. Inlet steam pressure.
- D. Measure, adjust, and record the following data for each refrigerant coil:
 - 1. Dry-bulb temperature of entering and leaving air.
 - 2. Wet-bulb temperature of entering and leaving air.
 - 3. Airflow.
 - 4. Air pressure drop.
 - 5. Refrigerant suction pressure and temperature.

3.14 PROCEDURES FOR TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING EXISTING SYSTEMS

- A. Perform a preconstruction inspection of existing equipment that is to remain and be reused.
 - 1. Measure and record the operating speed, airflow, and static pressure of each fan.
 - 2. Measure motor voltage and amperage. Compare the values to motor nameplate information.
 - 3. Check the refrigerant charge.
 - 4. Check the condition of filters.
 - 5. Check the condition of coils.
 - 6. Check the operation of the drain pan and condensate-drain trap.
 - 7. Check bearings and other lubricated parts for proper lubrication.
 - 8. Report on the operating condition of the equipment and the results of the measurements taken. Report deficiencies.
- B. Before performing testing and balancing of existing systems, inspect existing equipment that is to remain and be reused to verify that existing equipment has been cleaned and refurbished. Verify the following:
 - 1. New filters are installed.
 - 2. Coils are clean and fins combed.
 - 3. Drain pans are clean.
 - 4. Fans are clean.

- 5. Bearings and other parts are properly lubricated.
- 6. Deficiencies noted in the preconstruction report are corrected.
- C. Perform testing and balancing of existing systems to the extent that existing systems are affected by the renovation work.
 - 1. Compare the indicated airflow of the renovated work to the measured fan airflows, and determine the new fan speed and the face velocity of filters and coils.
 - 2. Verify that the indicated airflows of the renovated work result in filter and coil face velocities and fan speeds that are within the acceptable limits defined by equipment manufacturer.
 - 3. If calculations increase or decrease the air flow rates and water flow rates by more than 5 percent, make equipment adjustments to achieve the calculated rates. If increase or decrease is 5 percent or less, equipment adjustments are not required.
 - 4. Balance each air outlet.

3.15 TOLERANCES

- A. Set HVAC system's air flow rates and water flow rates within the following tolerances:
 - 1. Supply, Return, and Exhaust Fans and Equipment with Fans: Plus or minus 10 percent.
 - 2. Air Outlets and Inlets: Plus or minus 10 percent.
 - 3. Heating-Water Flow Rate: Plus or minus 10 percent.
 - 4. Cooling-Water Flow Rate: Plus or minus 10 percent.

3.16 REPORTING

- A. Initial Construction-Phase Report: Based on examination of the Contract Documents as specified in "Examination" Article, prepare a report on the adequacy of design for systems' balancing devices. Recommend changes and additions to systems' balancing devices to facilitate proper performance measuring and balancing. Recommend changes and additions to HVAC systems and general construction to allow access for performance measuring and balancing devices.
- B. Status Reports: Prepare biweekly progress reports to describe completed procedures, procedures in progress, and scheduled procedures. Include a list of deficiencies and problems found in systems being tested and balanced. Prepare a separate report for each system and each building floor for systems serving multiple floors.

3.17 FINAL REPORT

- A. General: Prepare a certified written report; tabulate and divide the report into separate sections for tested systems and balanced systems.
 - 1. Include a certification sheet at the front of the report's binder, signed and sealed by the certified testing and balancing engineer.
 - 2. Include a list of instruments used for procedures, along with proof of calibration.

- B. Final Report Contents: In addition to certified field-report data, include the following:
 - 1. Pump curves.
 - 2. Fan curves.
 - 3. Manufacturers' test data.
 - 4. Field test reports prepared by system and equipment installers.
 - 5. Other information relative to equipment performance; do not include Shop Drawings and product data.
- C. General Report Data: In addition to form titles and entries, include the following data:
 - 1. Title page.
 - 2. Name and address of the TAB contractor.
 - 3. Project name.
 - 4. Project location.
 - 5. Architect's name and address.
 - 6. Engineer's name and address.
 - 7. Contractor's name and address.
 - 8. Report date.
 - 9. Signature of TAB supervisor who certifies the report.
 - 10. Table of Contents with the total number of pages defined for each section of the report. Number each page in the report.
 - 11. Summary of contents including the following:
 - a. Indicated versus final performance.
 - b. Notable characteristics of systems.
 - c. Description of system operation sequence if it varies from the Contract Documents.
 - 12. Nomenclature sheets for each item of equipment.
 - 13. Data for terminal units, including manufacturer's name, type, size, and fittings.
 - 14. Notes to explain why certain final data in the body of reports vary from indicated values.
 - 15. Test conditions for fans and pump performance forms including the following:
 - a. Settings for outdoor-, return-, and exhaust-air dampers.
 - b. Conditions of filters.
 - c. Cooling coil, wet- and dry-bulb conditions.
 - d. Face and bypass damper settings at coils.
 - e. Fan drive settings including settings and percentage of maximum pitch diameter.
 - f. Inlet vane settings for variable-air-volume systems.
 - g. Settings for supply-air, static-pressure controller.
 - h. Other system operating conditions that affect performance.
- D. System Diagrams: Include schematic layouts of air and hydronic distribution systems. Present each system with single-line diagram and include the following:
 - 1. Quantities of outdoor, supply, return, and exhaust airflows.
 - 2. Water and steam flow rates.
 - 3. Duct, outlet, and inlet sizes.
 - 4. Pipe and valve sizes and locations.
 - 5. Terminal units.

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- 6. Balancing stations.
- 7. Position of balancing devices.

3.18 ADDITIONAL TESTS

- A. Within 90 days of completing TAB, perform additional TAB to verify that balanced conditions are being maintained throughout and to correct unusual conditions.
- B. Seasonal Periods: If initial TAB procedures were not performed during near-peak summer and winter conditions, perform additional TAB during near-peak summer and winter conditions.

END OF SECTION 15950

SECTION 16051 - COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR ELECTRICAL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Electrical equipment coordination and installation.
- 2. Sleeves for raceways and cables.
- 3. Sleeve seals.
- 4. Grout.
- 5. Common electrical installation requirements.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. EPDM: Ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymer rubber.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For sleeve seals.

1.5 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate arrangement, mounting, and support of electrical equipment:
 - 1. To allow maximum possible headroom unless specific mounting heights that reduce headroom are indicated.
 - 2. To provide for ease of disconnecting the equipment with minimum interference to other installations.
 - 3. To allow right of way for piping and conduit installed at required slope.
 - 4. So connecting raceways, cables, wireways, cable trays, and busways will be clear of obstructions and of the working and access space of other equipment.
- B. Coordinate installation of required supporting devices and set sleeves in cast-in-place concrete, masonry walls, and other structural components as they are constructed.
- C. Coordinate sleeve selection and application with selection and application of firestopping specified on drawings.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

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2.1 SLEEVES FOR RACEWAYS AND CABLES

- A. Steel Pipe Sleeves: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Type E, Grade B, Schedule 40, galvanized steel, plain ends.
- B. Cast-Iron Pipe Sleeves: Cast or fabricated "wall pipe," equivalent to ductile-iron pressure pipe, with plain ends and integral waterstop, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Sleeves for Rectangular Openings: Galvanized sheet steel.
 - 1. Minimum Metal Thickness:
 - a. For sleeve cross-section rectangle perimeter less than 50 inches and no side more than 16 inches, thickness shall be 0.052 inch.
 - b. For sleeve cross-section rectangle perimeter equal to, or more than, 50 inches and 1 or more sides equal to, or more than, 16 inches, thickness shall be 0.138 inch.

2.2 SLEEVE SEALS

- A. Description: Modular sealing device, designed for field assembly, to fill annular space between sleeve and raceway or cable.
 - 1. Sealing Elements: EPDM interlocking links shaped to fit surface of cable or conduit. Include type and number required for material and size of raceway or cable.
 - 2. Pressure Plates: Plastic. Include two for each sealing element.
 - 3. Connecting Bolts and Nuts: Carbon steel with corrosion-resistant coating of length required to secure pressure plates to sealing elements. Include one for each sealing element.

2.3 GROUT

A. Nonmetallic, Shrinkage-Resistant Grout: ASTM C 1107, factory-packaged, nonmetallic aggregate grout, noncorrosive, nonstaining, mixed with water to consistency suitable for application and a 30-minute working time.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 COMMON REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. Measure indicated mounting heights to bottom of unit for suspended items and to center of unit for wall-mounting items.

- C. Headroom Maintenance: If mounting heights or other location criteria are not indicated, arrange and install components and equipment to provide maximum possible headroom consistent with these requirements.
- D. Equipment: Install to facilitate service, maintenance, and repair or replacement of components of both electrical equipment and other nearby installations. Connect in such a way as to facilitate future disconnecting with minimum interference with other items in the vicinity.
- E. Right of Way: Give to piping systems installed at a required slope.

3.2 SLEEVE INSTALLATION FOR ELECTRICAL PENETRATIONS

- A. Electrical penetrations occur when raceways, cables, wireways, cable trays, or busways penetrate concrete slabs, concrete or masonry walls, or fire-rated floor and wall assemblies.
- B. Concrete Slabs and Walls: Install sleeves for penetrations unless core-drilled holes or formed openings are used. Install sleeves during erection of slabs and walls.
- C. Use pipe sleeves unless penetration arrangement requires rectangular sleeved opening.
- D. Fire-Rated Assemblies: Install sleeves for penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies unless openings compatible with firestop system used are fabricated during construction of floor or wall.
- E. Cut sleeves to length for mounting flush with both surfaces of walls.
- F. Extend sleeves installed in floors 2 inches above finished floor level.
- G. Size pipe sleeves to provide 1/4-inch annular clear space between sleeve and raceway or cable, unless indicated otherwise.
- H. Seal space outside of sleeves with grout for penetrations of concrete and masonry
 - 1. Promptly pack grout solidly between sleeve and wall so no voids remain. Tool exposed surfaces smooth; protect grout while curing.
- I. Interior Penetrations of Non-Fire-Rated Walls and Floors: Seal annular space between sleeve and raceway or cable, using joint sealant appropriate for size, depth, and location of joint. Comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."
- J. Fire-Rated-Assembly Penetrations: Maintain indicated fire rating of walls, partitions, ceilings, and floors at raceway and cable penetrations. Install sleeves and seal raceway and cable penetration sleeves with firestop materials. Comply with requirements on drawings.
- K. Roof-Penetration Sleeves: Seal penetration of individual raceways and cables with flexible boot-type flashing units applied in coordination with roofing work.
- L. Aboveground, Exterior-Wall Penetrations: Seal penetrations using steel pipe sleeves and mechanical sleeve seals. Select sleeve size to allow for 1-inch annular clear space between pipe and sleeve for installing mechanical sleeve seals.

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M. Underground, Exterior-Wall Penetrations: Install cast-iron pipe sleeves. Size sleeves to allow for 1-inch annular clear space between raceway or cable and sleeve for installing mechanical sleeve seals.

3.3 SLEEVE-SEAL INSTALLATION

- A. Install to seal exterior wall penetrations.
- B. Use type and number of sealing elements recommended by manufacturer for raceway or cable material and size. Position raceway or cable in center of sleeve. Assemble mechanical sleeve seals and install in annular space between raceway or cable and sleeve. Tighten bolts against pressure plates that cause sealing elements to expand and make watertight seal.

3.4 FIRESTOPPING

A. Apply firestopping to penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies for electrical installations to restore original fire-resistance rating of assembly. Firestopping materials and installation requirements are specified on drawings.

END OF SECTION 16051

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SECTION 16060 - GROUNDING AND BONDING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Grounding systems and equipment.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Informational Submittals: Plans showing dimensioned as-built locations of grounding features specified in "Field Quality Control" Article, including the following:
 - 1. Test wells.
 - 2. Ground rods.
 - 3. Ground rings.
 - 4. Grounding arrangements and connections for separately derived systems.
 - 5. Grounding for sensitive electronic equipment.
- C. Qualification Data: For qualified testing agency and testing agency's field supervisor.
- D. Field quality-control reports.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Comply with UL 467 for grounding and bonding materials and equipment.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CONDUCTORS

A. Insulated Conductors: Copper wire or cable insulated for 600 V unless otherwise required by applicable Code or authorities having jurisdiction.

- B. Bare Copper Conductors:
 - 1. Solid Conductors: ASTM B 3.
 - 2. Stranded Conductors: ASTM B 8.
 - 3. Bonding Cable: 28 kcmil, 14 strands of No. 17 AWG conductor, 1/4 inch in diameter.
 - 4. Bonding Conductor: No. 4 or No. 6 AWG, stranded conductor.
 - 5. Bonding Jumper: Copper tape, braided conductors terminated with copper ferrules; 1-5/8 inches wide and 1/16 inch thick.
- C. Grounding Bus: Predrilled rectangular bars of annealed copper, 1/4 by 4 inches in cross section, with 9/32-inch holes spaced 1-1/8 inches apart. Stand-off insulators for mounting shall comply with UL 891 for use in switchboards, 600 V. Lexan or PVC, impulse tested at 5000 V.

2.2 CONNECTORS

- A. Listed and labeled by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction for applications in which used and for specific types, sizes, and combinations of conductors and other items connected.
- B. Bolted Connectors for Conductors and Pipes: Copper or copper alloy, pressure type with at least two bolts.
 - 1. Pipe Connectors: Clamp type, sized for pipe.
- C. Welded Connectors: Exothermic-welding kits of types recommended by kit manufacturer for materials being joined and installation conditions.
- D. Bus-bar Connectors: Mechanical type, cast silicon bronze, solderless compression-type wire terminals, and long-barrel, two-bolt connection to ground bus bar.

2.3 GROUNDING ELECTRODES

A. Ground Rods: Copper-clad steel; 3/4 inch by 10 feet in diameter.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATIONS

- A. Conductors: Install solid conductor for No. 8 AWG and smaller, and stranded conductors for No. 6 AWG and larger unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Underground Grounding Conductors: Install bare tinned-copper conductor, No. 2/0 AWG minimum.
 - 1. Bury at least 24 inches below grade.
- C. Grounding Bus: Install in electrical and telephone equipment rooms, in rooms housing service equipment, and elsewhere as indicated.

1. Install bus on insulated spacers 2 inches minimum from wall, 6 inches above finished floor unless otherwise indicated.

D. Conductor Terminations and Connections:

- 1. Pipe and Equipment Grounding Conductor Terminations: Bolted connectors.
- 2. Underground Connections: Welded connectors except at test wells and as otherwise indicated.
- 3. Connections to Ground Rods at Test Wells: Bolted connectors.
- 4. Connections to Structural Steel: Welded connectors.

3.2 EQUIPMENT GROUNDING

- A. Install insulated equipment grounding conductors with all feeders and branch circuits.
- B. Install insulated equipment grounding conductors with the following items, in addition to those required by NFPA 70:
 - 1. Feeders and branch circuits.
 - 2. Lighting circuits.
 - 3. Receptacle circuits.
 - 4. Single-phase motor and appliance branch circuits.
 - 5. Three-phase motor and appliance branch circuits.
 - 6. Flexible raceway runs.
 - 7. Armored and metal-clad cable runs.
- C. Signal and Communication Equipment: In addition to grounding and bonding required by NFPA 70, provide a separate grounding system complying with requirements in TIA/ATIS J-STD-607-A.
 - 1. For telephone, alarm, voice and data, and other communication equipment, provide No. 4 AWG minimum insulated grounding conductor in raceway from grounding electrode system to each service location, terminal cabinet, wiring closet, and central equipment location.
 - 2. Service and Central Equipment Locations and Wiring Closets: Terminate grounding conductor on a 1/4-by-12-inch grounding bus.
 - 3. Terminal Cabinets: Terminate grounding conductor on cabinet grounding terminal.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Grounding Conductors: Route along shortest and straightest paths possible unless otherwise indicated or required by Code. Avoid obstructing access or placing conductors where they may be subjected to strain, impact, or damage.
- B. Ground Rods: Drive rods until tops are 2 inches below finished floor or final grade unless otherwise indicated.

- Interconnect ground rods with grounding electrode conductor below grade and as
 otherwise indicated. Make connections without exposing steel or damaging coating if
 any.
- 2. For grounding electrode system, install at least three rods spaced at least one-rod length from each other and located at least the same distance from other grounding electrodes, and connect to the service grounding electrode conductor.
- C. Bonding Straps and Jumpers: Install in locations accessible for inspection and maintenance except where routed through short lengths of conduit.
 - 1. Bonding to Structure: Bond straps directly to basic structure, taking care not to penetrate any adjacent parts.
 - 2. Bonding to Equipment Mounted on Vibration Isolation Hangers and Supports: Install bonding so vibration is not transmitted to rigidly mounted equipment.
 - 3. Use exothermic-welded connectors for outdoor locations; if a disconnect-type connection is required, use a bolted clamp.

D. Grounding and Bonding for Piping:

- 1. Metal Water Service Pipe: Install insulated copper grounding conductors, in conduit, from building's main service equipment, or grounding bus, to main metal water service entrances to building. Connect grounding conductors to main metal water service pipes; use a bolted clamp connector or bolt a lug-type connector to a pipe flange by using one of the lug bolts of the flange. Where a dielectric main water fitting is installed, connect grounding conductor on street side of fitting. Bond metal grounding conductor conduit or sleeve to conductor at each end.
- E. Ufer Ground (Concrete-Encased Grounding Electrode): Fabricate according to NFPA 70; use a minimum of 20 feet of bare copper conductor not smaller than No. 4 AWG.
 - 1. If concrete foundation is less than 20 feet long, coil excess conductor within base of foundation.

3.4 LABELING

A. Comply with requirements in Division16 Section "Electrical Identification" Article for instruction signs. The label or its text shall be green.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Tests and Inspections:

- 1. After installing grounding system but before permanent electrical circuits have been energized, test for compliance with requirements.
- 2. Inspect physical and mechanical condition. Verify tightness of accessible, bolted, electrical connections with a calibrated torque wrench according to manufacturer's written instructions.

- 3. Test completed grounding system at each location where a maximum ground-resistance level is specified, at service disconnect enclosure grounding terminal, and at individual ground rods. Make tests at ground rods before any conductors are connected.
 - a. Measure ground resistance no fewer than two full days after last trace of precipitation and without soil being moistened by any means other than natural drainage or seepage and without chemical treatment or other artificial means of reducing natural ground resistance.
 - b. Perform tests by fall-of-potential method according to IEEE 81.
- B. Grounding system will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.
- D. Report measured ground resistances that exceed the following values:
 - 1. Power and Lighting Equipment or System with Capacity of 500 kVA and Less: 10 ohms.
 - 2. Power and Lighting Equipment or System with Capacity of 500 to 1000 kVA: 5 ohms.
 - 3. Power and Lighting Equipment or System with Capacity More Than 1000 kVA: 3 ohms.
- E. Excessive Ground Resistance: If resistance to ground exceeds specified values, notify Architect promptly and include recommendations to reduce ground resistance.

END OF SECTION 16060

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SECTION 16073 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems.
 - 2. Construction requirements for concrete bases.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. EMT: Electrical metallic tubing.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Design supports for multiple raceways capable of supporting combined weight of supported systems and its contents.
- B. Design equipment supports capable of supporting combined operating weight of supported equipment and connected systems and components.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 3.

2.1 SUPPORT, ANCHORAGE, AND ATTACHMENT COMPONENTS

- A. Steel Slotted Support Systems: Comply with MFMA-4, factory-fabricated components for field assembly.
 - 1. Metallic Coatings: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and applied according to MFMA-4.
 - 2. Channel Dimensions: Selected for applicable load criteria.
- B. Raceway and Cable Supports: As described in NECA 1 and NECA 101.
- C. Conduit and Cable Support Devices: Steel hangers, clamps, and associated fittings, designed for types and sizes of raceway or cable to be supported.
- D. Structural Steel for Fabricated Supports and Restraints: ASTM A 36/A 36M, steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
- E. Mounting, Anchoring, and Attachment Components: Items for fastening electrical items or their supports to building surfaces include the following:
 - 1. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Threaded-steel stud, for use in hardened portland cement concrete, steel, or wood, with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
 - 2. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type, zinc-coated steel, for use in hardened portland cement concrete with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials in which used.
 - 3. Concrete Inserts: Steel or malleable-iron, slotted support system units similar to MSS Type 18; complying with MFMA-4 or MSS SP-58.
 - 4. Through Bolts: Structural type, hex head, and high strength. Comply with ASTM A 325.
 - 5. Toggle Bolts: All-steel springhead type.
 - 6. Hanger Rods: Threaded steel.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for application of hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems except if requirements in this Section are stricter.
- B. Maximum Support Spacing and Minimum Hanger Rod Size for Raceway: Space supports for EMT, IMC, and RMC as required by NFPA 70. Minimum rod size shall be 1/4 inch in diameter.

- C. Multiple Raceways or Cables: Install trapeze-type supports fabricated with steel slotted or other support system, sized so capacity can be increased by at least 25 percent in future without exceeding specified design load limits.
 - 1. Secure raceways and cables to these supports with two-bolt conduit clamps.
- D. Spring-steel clamps designed for supporting single conduits without bolts may be used for 1-1/2-inch and smaller raceways serving branch circuits and communication systems above suspended ceilings and for fastening raceways to trapeze supports.

3.2 SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for installation requirements except as specified in this Article.
- B. Raceway Support Methods: In addition to methods described in NECA 1, EMT may be supported by openings through structure members, as permitted in NFPA 70.
- C. Strength of Support Assemblies: Where not indicated, select sizes of components so strength will be adequate to carry present and future static loads within specified loading limits. Minimum static design load used for strength determination shall be weight of supported components plus 200 lb.
- D. Mounting and Anchorage of Surface-Mounted Equipment and Components: Anchor and fasten electrical items and their supports to building structural elements by the following methods unless otherwise indicated by code:
 - 1. To Wood: Fasten with lag screws or through bolts.
 - 2. To Masonry: Approved toggle-type bolts on hollow masonry units and expansion anchor fasteners on solid masonry units.
 - 3. To Existing Concrete: Expansion anchor fasteners.
 - 4. Instead of expansion anchors, powder-actuated driven threaded studs provided with lock washers and nuts may be used in existing standard-weight concrete 4 inches thick or greater. Do not use for anchorage to lightweight-aggregate concrete or for slabs less than 4 inches thick.
 - 5. Items Mounted on Hollow Walls and Nonstructural Building Surfaces: Mount cabinets, panelboards, disconnect switches, control enclosures, pull and junction boxes, transformers, and other devices on slotted-channel racks attached to substrate.

3.3 CONCRETE BASES

- A. Construct concrete bases of dimensions indicated but not less than 4 inches larger in both directions than supported unit, and so anchors will be a minimum of 10 bolt diameters from edge of the base.
- B. Use 3000-psi, 28-day compressive-strength concrete. Concrete materials, reinforcement, and placement requirements are specified in Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
- C. Anchor equipment to concrete base.

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 1. Place and secure anchorage devices. Use supported equipment manufacturer's setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
 - 2. Install anchor bolts according to anchor-bolt manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 16073

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SECTION 16075 - ELECTRICAL IDENTIFICATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Identification for raceways.
- 2. Identification for conductors.
- 3. Equipment identification labels.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with ANSI A13.1 and IEEE C2.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.
- C. Comply with 29 CFR 1910.144 and 29 CFR 1910.145.
- D. Comply with ANSI Z535.4 for safety signs and labels.
- E. Adhesive-attached labeling materials, including label stocks, laminating adhesives, and inks used by label printers, shall comply with UL 969.

1.4 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate identification names, abbreviations, colors, and other features with requirements in other Sections requiring identification applications, Drawings, Shop Drawings, manufacturer's wiring diagrams, and the Operation and Maintenance Manual; and with those required by codes, standards, and 29 CFR 1910.145. Use consistent designations throughout Project.
- B. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with completion of covering and painting of surfaces where devices are to be applied.
- C. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with location of access panels and doors.
- D. Install identifying devices before installing acoustical ceilings and similar concealment.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

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2.1 POWER RACEWAY IDENTIFICATION MATERIALS

- A. Comply with ANSI A13.1 for minimum size of letters for legend and for minimum length of color field for each raceway size.
- B. Colors for Raceways Carrying Circuits at 600 V or Less:
 - 1. Black letters on an orange field.
 - 2. Legend: Indicate voltage and system or service type.
- C. Self-Adhesive Vinyl Labels for Raceways Carrying Circuits at 600 V or Less: Preprinted, flexible label laminated with a clear, weather- and chemical-resistant coating and matching wraparound adhesive tape for securing ends of legend label.

2.2 CONDUCTOR IDENTIFICATION MATERIALS

A. Color-Coding Conductor Tape: Colored, self-adhesive vinyl tape not less than 3 mils thick by 1 to 2 inches wide.

2.3 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION LABELS

A. Self-Adhesive, Engraved, Laminated Acrylic or Melamine Label: Adhesive backed, with white letters on a dark-gray background. Minimum letter height shall be 3/8 inch.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Verify identity of each item before installing identification products.
- B. Location: Install identification materials and devices at locations for most convenient viewing without interference with operation and maintenance of equipment.
- C. Apply identification devices to surfaces that require finish after completing finish work.
- D. Self-Adhesive Identification Products: Clean surfaces before application, using materials and methods recommended by manufacturer of identification device.
- E. System Identification Color-Coding Bands for Raceways and Cables: Each color-coding band shall completely encircle cable or conduit. Place adjacent bands of two-color markings in contact, side by side. Locate bands at changes in direction, at penetrations of walls and floors, at 50-foot maximum intervals in straight runs, and at 25-foot maximum intervals in congested areas.

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3.2 IDENTIFICATION SCHEDULE

- A. Accessible Raceways and Metal-Clad Cables, 600 V or Less, for Service, Feeder, and Branch Circuits More Than 30 A, and 120 V to ground: Identify with self-adhesive vinyl label. Install labels at 10-foot maximum intervals.
- B. Power-Circuit Conductor Identification, 600 V or Less: For conductors in vaults, pull and junction boxes, manholes, and handholes, use color-coding conductor tape to identify the phase.
 - 1. Color-Coding for Phase and Voltage Level Identification, 600 V or Less: Use colors listed below for ungrounded service feeder and branch-circuit conductors.
 - a. Color shall be factory applied.
 - b. Colors for 208/120-V Circuits:
 - 1) Phase A: Black.
 - 2) Phase B: Red.
 - 3) Phase C: Blue.
 - c. Field-Applied, Color-Coding Conductor Tape: Apply in half-lapped turns for a minimum distance of 6 inches from terminal points and in boxes where splices or taps are made. Apply last two turns of tape with no tension to prevent possible unwinding. Locate bands to avoid obscuring factory cable markings.
- C. Equipment Identification Labels: On each unit of equipment, install unique designation label that is consistent with wiring diagrams, schedules, and the Operation and Maintenance Manual. Apply labels to disconnect switches and protection equipment, central or master units, control panels, control stations, terminal cabinets, and racks of each system. Systems include power, lighting, control, communication, signal, monitoring, and alarm systems unless equipment is provided with its own identification.
 - 1. Labeling Instructions:
 - a. Indoor Equipment: Self-adhesive, engraved, laminated acrylic or melamine label. Unless otherwise indicated, provide a single line of text with 1/2-inch- high letters on 1-1/2-inch- high label; where two lines of text are required, use labels 2 inches high.
 - b. Outdoor Equipment: Engraved, laminated acrylic or melamine label.
 - 2. Equipment to Be Labeled:
 - a. Panelboards: Typewritten directory of circuits in the location provided by panelboard manufacturer. Panelboard identification shall be self-adhesive, engraved, laminated acrylic or melamine label.
 - b. Enclosures and electrical cabinets.
 - c. Switchboards.
 - d. Enclosed switches.
 - e. Enclosed circuit breakers.
 - f. Contactors.

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SECTION 16120 - CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Building wires and cables rated 600 V and less.
 - 2. Connectors, splices, and terminations rated 600 V and less.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Alcan Products Corporation; Alcan Cable Division.
 - 2. American Insulated Wire Corp.; a Leviton Company.
 - 3. General Cable Corporation.
 - 4. Senator Wire & Cable Company.
 - 5. Southwire Company.
- B. Copper Conductors: Comply with NEMA WC 70.
- C. Conductor Insulation: Comply with NEMA WC 70 for Types THHN-THWN.

2.2 CONNECTORS AND SPLICES

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc.
 - 2. Hubbell Power Systems, Inc.
 - 3. O-Z/Gedney; EGS Electrical Group LLC.
 - 4. 3M; Electrical Products Division.
 - 5. Tyco Electronics Corp.
- B. Description: Factory-fabricated connectors and splices of size, ampacity rating, material, type, and class for application and service indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONDUCTOR MATERIAL APPLICATIONS

- A. Feeders: Copper. Solid for No. 10 AWG and smaller; stranded for No. 8 AWG and larger.
- B. Branch Circuits: Copper. Solid for No. 10 AWG and smaller; stranded for No. 8 AWG and larger.

3.2 CONDUCTOR INSULATION AND MULTICONDUCTOR CABLE APPLICATIONS AND WIRING METHODS

- A. Service Entrance: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.
- B. Feeders: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.
- C. Branch Circuits: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- A. Conceal cables in finished walls, ceilings, and floors, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Use manufacturer-approved pulling compound or lubricant where necessary; compound used must not deteriorate conductor or insulation. Do not exceed manufacturer's recommended maximum pulling tensions and sidewall pressure values.
- C. Use pulling means, including fish tape, cable, rope, and basket-weave wire/cable grips, that will not damage cables or raceway.
- D. Install exposed cables parallel and perpendicular to surfaces of exposed structural members, and follow surface contours where possible.
- E. Identify and color-code conductors and cables according to Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."

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3.4 CONNECTIONS

- A. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torquetightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.
- B. Make splices and taps that are compatible with conductor material and that possess equivalent or better mechanical strength and insulation ratings than unspliced conductors.
 - 1. Use oxide inhibitor in each splice and tap conductor for aluminum conductors.
- C. Wiring at Outlets: Install conductor at each outlet, with at least 6 inches of slack.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
- B. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. After installing conductors and cables and before electrical circuitry has been energized, test service entrance and feeder conductors, and conductors feeding the following critical equipment and services for compliance with requirements.
 - 2. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test stated in NETA Acceptance Testing Specification. Certify compliance with test parameters.
- C. Test Reports: Prepare a written report to record the following:
 - 1. Test procedures used.
 - 2. Test results that comply with requirements.
 - 3. Test results that do not comply with requirements and corrective action taken to achieve compliance with requirements.
- D. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.

END OF SECTION 16120

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SECTION 16130 - RACEWAYS AND BOXES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes raceways, fittings, boxes, enclosures, and cabinets for electrical wiring.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. EMT: Electrical metallic tubing.
- B. ENT: Electrical nonmetallic tubing.
- C. FMC: Flexible metal conduit.
- D. LFMC: Liquidtight flexible metal conduit.
- E. LFNC: Liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 METAL CONDUIT AND TUBING

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc.
 - 2. Alflex Inc.
 - 3. Allied Tube & Conduit; a Tyco International Ltd. Co.
 - 4. Anamet Electrical, Inc.; Anaconda Metal Hose.

- 5. Electri-Flex Co.
- 6. Manhattan/CDT/Cole-Flex.
- 7. Maverick Tube Corporation.
- 8. O-Z Gedney; a unit of General Signal.
- 9. Wheatland Tube Company.
- B. EMT: ANSI C80.3.
- C. FMC: Zinc-coated steel.
- D. LFMC: Flexible steel conduit with PVC jacket.
- E. Fittings for Conduit (Including all Types and Flexible and Liquidtight), EMT, and Cable: NEMA FB 1; listed for type and size raceway with which used, and for application and environment in which installed.
 - 1. Fittings for EMT: Steel, set-screw type.

2.2 NONMETALLIC CONDUIT AND TUBING

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc.
 - 2. Anamet Electrical, Inc.; Anaconda Metal Hose.
 - 3. Arnco Corporation.
 - 4. CANTEX Inc.
 - 5. CertainTeed Corp.; Pipe & Plastics Group.
 - 6. Condux International, Inc.
 - 7. ElecSYS, Inc.
 - 8. Electri-Flex Co.
 - 9. Lamson & Sessions; Carlon Electrical Products.
 - 10. Manhattan/CDT/Cole-Flex.
 - 11. RACO; a Hubbell Company.
 - 12. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
- B. ENT: NEMA TC 13.
- C. RNC: NEMA TC 2, Type EPC-40-PVC, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. LFNC: UL 1660.
- E. Fittings for ENT and RNC: NEMA TC 3; match to conduit or tubing type and material.
- F. Fittings for LFNC: UL 514B.

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2.3 BOXES, ENCLOSURES, AND CABINETS

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Cooper Crouse-Hinds; Div. of Cooper Industries, Inc.
 - 2. EGS/Appleton Electric.
 - 3. Erickson Electrical Equipment Company.
 - 4. Hoffman.
 - 5. Hubbell Incorporated; Killark Electric Manufacturing Co. Division.
 - 6. O-Z/Gedney: a unit of General Signal.
 - 7. RACO; a Hubbell Company.
 - 8. Robroy Industries, Inc.; Enclosure Division.
 - 9. Scott Fetzer Co.; Adalet Division.
 - 10. Spring City Electrical Manufacturing Company.
 - 11. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
 - 12. Walker Systems, Inc.; Wiremold Company (The).
 - 13. Woodhead, Daniel Company; Woodhead Industries, Inc. Subsidiary.
- B. Sheet Metal Outlet and Device Boxes: NEMA OS 1.
- C. Small Sheet Metal Pull and Junction Boxes: NEMA OS 1.
- D. Hinged-Cover Enclosures: NEMA 250, Type 1, with continuous-hinge cover with flush latch, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Metal Enclosures: Steel, finished inside and out with manufacturer's standard enamel.

E. Cabinets:

- 1. NEMA 250, Type 1, galvanized-steel box with removable interior panel and removable front, finished inside and out with manufacturer's standard enamel.
- 2. Hinged door in front cover with flush latch and concealed hinge.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 RACEWAY APPLICATION

- A. Outdoors: Apply raceway products as specified below, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Exposed Conduit: RNC, Type EPC-40-PVC.
 - 2. Underground Conduit: RNC, Type EPC-40-PVC, direct buried.
 - 3. Connection to Vibrating Equipment (Including Transformers and Hydraulic, Pneumatic, Electric Solenoid, or Motor-Driven Equipment): LFMC.
 - 4. Boxes and Enclosures, Aboveground: NEMA 250, Type 3R.
- B. Comply with the following indoor applications, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Exposed: EMT.

- 2. Concealed in Ceilings and Interior Walls and Partitions: EMT.
- 3. Connection to Vibrating Equipment (Including Transformers and Hydraulic, Pneumatic, Electric Solenoid, or Motor-Driven Equipment): FMC, except use LFMC in damp or wet locations.
- 4. Boxes and Enclosures: NEMA 250, Type 1, except use NEMA 250, Type 4, stainless steel in damp or wet locations.
- C. Minimum Raceway Size: 3/4-inch trade size.
- D. Raceway Fittings: Compatible with raceways and suitable for use and location.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 for installation requirements applicable to products specified in Part 2 except where requirements on Drawings or in this Article are stricter.
- B. Keep raceways at least 6 inches away from parallel runs of flues and steam or hot-water pipes. Install horizontal raceway runs above water and steam piping.
- C. Complete raceway installation before starting conductor installation.
- D. Arrange stub-ups so curved portions of bends are not visible above the finished slab.
- E. Install no more than the equivalent of three 90-degree bends in any conduit run except for communications conduits, for which fewer bends are allowed.
- F. Conceal conduit and EMT within finished walls, ceilings, and floors, unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Install pull wires in empty raceways. Use polypropylene or monofilament plastic line with not less than 200-lb tensile strength. Leave at least 12 inches of slack at each end of pull wire.
- H. Flexible Conduit Connections: Use maximum of 72 inches of flexible conduit for recessed and semirecessed lighting fixtures, equipment subject to vibration, noise transmission, or movement: and for transformers and motors.
 - 1. Use LFMC in damp or wet locations subject to severe physical damage.
 - 2. Use LFMC or LFNC in damp or wet locations not subject to severe physical damage.

3.3 PROTECTION

- A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure coatings, finishes, and cabinets are without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
 - 1. Repair damage to galvanized finishes with zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer.
 - 2. Repair damage to PVC or paint finishes with matching touchup coating recommended by manufacturer.

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SECTION 16140 - WIRING DEVICES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Receptacles, receptacles with integral GFCI, and associated device plates.
 - 2. Wall-box motion sensors.
 - 3. Snap switches and wall-box dimmers.
 - 4. Floor service outlets, poke-through assemblies, service poles, and multioutlet assemblies.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. EMI: Electromagnetic interference.
- B. GFCI: Ground-fault circuit interrupter.
- C. Pigtail: Short lead used to connect a device to a branch-circuit conductor.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: List of legends and description of materials and process used for premarking wall plates.
- C. Field quality-control test reports.
- D. Operation and Maintenance Data: For wiring devices to include in all manufacturers' packing label warnings and instruction manuals that include labeling conditions.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of wiring device and associated wall plate through one source from a single manufacturer. Insofar as they are available, obtain all wiring devices and associated wall plates from a single manufacturer and one source.

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- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- C. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Receptacles for Owner-Furnished Equipment: Match plug configurations.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers' Names: Shortened versions (shown in parentheses) of the following manufacturers' names are used in other Part 2 articles:
 - 1. Cooper Wiring Devices; a division of Cooper Industries, Inc. (Cooper).
 - 2. Hubbell Incorporated; Wiring Device-Kellems (Hubbell).
 - 3. Leviton Mfg. Company Inc. (Leviton).
 - 4. Pass & Seymour/Legrand; Wiring Devices & Accessories (Pass & Seymour).

2.2 STRAIGHT BLADE RECEPTACLES

A. Convenience Receptacles, 125 V, 20 A: Comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6 configuration 5-20R, and UL 498.

2.3 GFCI RECEPTACLES

A. General Description: Straight blade, non-feed-through type. Comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6, UL 498, and UL 943, Class A, and include indicator light that is lighted when device is tripped.

2.4 SNAP SWITCHES

- A. Comply with NEMA WD 1 and UL 20.
- B. Switches, 120/277 V, 20 A.

2.5 WALL-BOX DIMMERS

A. Dimmer Switches: Modular, full-wave, solid-state units with integral, quiet on-off switches, with audible frequency and EMI/RFI suppression filters.

B. Control: Continuously adjustable slider; with single-pole or three-way switching. Comply with UL 1472.

2.6 OCCUPANCY SENSORS

A. Wall-Switch Sensors: Reference Drawings.

2.7 WALL PLATES

- A. Single and combination types to match corresponding wiring devices.
 - 1. Plate-Securing Screws: Metal with head color to match plate finish.
 - 2. Material: 0.035-inch-thick, satin-finished stainless steel.

2.8 POKE-THROUGH ASSEMBLIES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Hubbell Incorporated; Wiring Device-Kellems.
 - 2. Wiremold Company (The).

2.9 FINISHES

- A. Color: Wiring device catalog numbers in Section Text do not designate device color.
 - 1. Wiring Devices Connected to Normal Power System: Gray, unless otherwise indicated or required by NFPA 70 or device listing.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1, including the mounting heights listed in that standard, unless otherwise noted.
- B. Coordination with Other Trades:
 - 1. Take steps to insure that devices and their boxes are protected. Do not place wall finish materials over device boxes and do not cut holes for boxes with routers that are guided by riding against outside of the boxes.
 - 2. Keep outlet boxes free of plaster, drywall joint compound, mortar, cement, concrete, dust, paint, and other material that may contaminate the raceway system, conductors, and cables.
 - 3. Install device boxes in brick or block walls so that the cover plate does not cross a joint unless the joint is troweled flush with the face of the wall.

4. Install wiring devices after all wall preparation, including painting, is complete.

C. Conductors:

- 1. Do not strip insulation from conductors until just before they are spliced or terminated on devices.
- 2. Strip insulation evenly around the conductor using tools designed for the purpose. Avoid scoring or nicking of solid wire or cutting strands from stranded wire.
- 3. The length of free conductors at outlets for devices shall meet provisions of NFPA 70, Article 300, without pigtails.
- 4. Existing Conductors:
 - a. Cut back and pigtail, or replace all damaged conductors.
 - b. Straighten conductors that remain and remove corrosion and foreign matter.
 - c. Pigtailing existing conductors is permitted provided the outlet box is large enough.

D. Device Installation:

- 1. Replace all devices that have been in temporary use during construction or that show signs that they were installed before building finishing operations were complete.
- 2. Keep each wiring device in its package or otherwise protected until it is time to connect conductors.
- 3. Do not remove surface protection, such as plastic film and smudge covers, until the last possible moment.
- 4. Connect devices to branch circuits using pigtails that are not less than 6 inches in length.
- 5. When there is a choice, use side wiring with binding-head screw terminals. Wrap solid conductor tightly clockwise, 2/3 to 3/4 of the way around terminal screw.
- 6. Use a torque screwdriver when a torque is recommended or required by the manufacturer.
- 7. When conductors larger than No. 12 AWG are installed on 15- or 20-A circuits, splice No. 12 AWG pigtails for device connections.
- 8. Tighten unused terminal screws on the device.
- 9. When mounting into metal boxes, remove the fiber or plastic washers used to hold device mounting screws in yokes, allowing metal-to-metal contact.

E. Receptacle Orientation:

- 1. Install ground pin of vertically mounted receptacles up, and on horizontally mounted receptacles to the right.
- F. Device Plates: Do not use oversized or extra-deep plates. Repair wall finishes and remount outlet boxes when standard device plates do not fit flush or do not cover rough wall opening.

G. Dimmers:

- 1. Install dimmers within terms of their listing.
- H. Arrangement of Devices: Unless otherwise indicated, mount flush, with long dimension vertical and with grounding terminal of receptacles on top. Group adjacent switches under single, multigang wall plates.

I. Adjust locations of floor service outlets and service poles to suit arrangement of partitions and furnishings.

3.2 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Comply with Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."
 - 1. Receptacles: Identify panelboard and circuit number from which served. Use clear, self-adhesive tape with black lettering, and durable wire markers or tags inside outlet boxes.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
 - 1. Test Instruments: Use instruments that comply with UL 1436.
 - 2. Test Instrument for Convenience Receptacles: Digital wiring analyzer with digital readout or illuminated LED indicators of measurement.
- B. Tests for Convenience Receptacles:
 - 1. Line Voltage: Acceptable range is 105 to 132 V.
 - 2. Percent Voltage Drop under 15-A Load: A value of 6 percent or higher is not acceptable.
 - 3. Ground Impedance: Values of up to 2 ohms are acceptable.
 - 4. GFCI Trip: Test for tripping values specified in UL 1436 and UL 943.
 - 5. Using the test plug, verify that the device and its outlet box are securely mounted.
 - 6. The tests shall be diagnostic, indicating damaged conductors, high resistance at the circuit breaker, poor connections, inadequate fault current path, defective devices, or similar problems. Correct circuit conditions, remove malfunctioning units and replace with new ones, and retest as specified above.

END OF SECTION 16140

SECTION 16231 - PACKAGED ENGINE GENERATOR

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes packaged engine-generator sets for standby power supply with the following features:
 - 1. Gas engine.
 - 2. Unit-mounted cooling system.
 - 3. Unit-mounted control and monitoring.
 - 4. Performance requirements for sensitive loads.
 - 5. Outdoor enclosure.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 16 Section "Transfer Switches" for transfer switches including sensors and relays to initiate automatic-starting and -stopping signals for engine-generator sets.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Operational Bandwidth: The total variation from the lowest to highest value of a parameter over the range of conditions indicated, expressed as a percentage of the nominal value of the parameter.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of packaged engine generator indicated. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories. In addition, include the following:
 - 1. Thermal damage curve for generator.
 - 2. Time-current characteristic curves for generator protective device.
- B. Shop Drawings: Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
 - 1. Dimensioned outline plan and elevation drawings of engine-generator set and other components specified.

- 2. Design Calculations: Signed and sealed by a qualified professional engineer. Calculate requirements for selecting vibration isolators and seismic restraints and for designing vibration isolation bases.
- 3. Vibration Isolation Base Details: Signed and sealed by a qualified professional engineer. Detail fabrication, including anchorages and attachments to structure and to supported equipment. Include base weights.
- 4. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Manufacturer Seismic Qualification Certification: Submit certification thatengine-generator set, batteries, battery racks, accessories, and components will withstand seismic forces defined in Division 16 Section "Electrical Supports and Seismic Restraints." Include the following:
 - 1. Basis for Certification: Indicate whether withstand certification is based on actual test of assembled components or on calculation.
 - a. The term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts from the device when subjected to the seismic forces specified."
 - b. The term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts from the device when subjected to the seismic forces specified and the unit will be fully operational after the seismic event."
 - 2. Dimensioned Outline Drawings of Equipment Unit: Identify center of gravity and locate and describe mounting and anchorage provisions.
 - 3. Detailed description of equipment anchorage devices on which the certification is based and their installation requirements.
- D. Qualification Data: Provide for installer, manufacturer, and testing agency.
- E. Source quality-control test reports.
 - 1. Certified summary of prototype-unit test report.
 - 2. Certified Test Reports: For components and accessories that are equivalent, but not identical, to those tested on prototype unit.
 - 3. Certified Summary of Performance Tests: Certify compliance with specified requirement to meet performance criteria for sensitive loads.
 - 4. Report of factory test on units to be shipped for this Project, showing evidence of compliance with specified requirements.
 - 5. Report of sound generation.
 - 6. Report of exhaust emissions showing compliance with applicable regulations.
 - 7. Certified Torsional Vibration Compatibility: Comply with NFPA 110.
- F. Field quality-control test reports.
- G. Operation and Maintenance Data: For packaged engine generators to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Division 1 Section "Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:
 - 1. List of tools and replacement items recommended to be stored at Project for ready access. Include part and drawing numbers, current unit prices, and source of supply.
- H. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for installation of units required for this Project.
 - 1. Maintenance Proximity: Not more than four hours' normal travel time from Installer's place of business to Project site.
 - 2. Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of data for vibration isolators and seismic restraints of engine skid mounts, including Shop Drawings, based on testing and engineering analysis of manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: A qualified manufacturer. Maintain, within 200 miles of Project site, a service center capable of providing training, parts, and emergency maintenance repairs.
- C. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, that is a member company of the InterNational Electrical Testing Association or is a nationally recognized testing laboratory (NRTL), and that is acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Testing Agency's Field Supervisor: Person currently certified by the InterNational Electrical Testing Association or the National Institute for Certification in Engineering Technologies to supervise on-site testing specified in Part 3.
- D. Source Limitations: Obtain packaged generator sets and auxiliary components through one source from a single manufacturer.
- E. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- F. Comply with ASME B15.1.
- G. Comply with NFPA 37.
- H. Comply with NFPA 70.
- I. Comply with NFPA 99.
- J. Comply with NFPA 110 requirements for Level 1 emergency power supply system.
- K. Comply with UL 2200.
- L. Engine Exhaust Emissions: Comply with applicable state and local government requirements.
- M. Noise Emission: Comply with applicable state and local government requirements for maximum noise level at adjacent property boundaries due to sound emitted by generator set including engine, engine exhaust, engine cooling-air intake and discharge, and other components of installation.

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1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Interruption of Existing Electrical Service: Do not interrupt electrical service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary electrical service according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Notify Architect Owner no fewer than four days in advance of proposed interruption of electrical service.
 - 2. Do not proceed with interruption of electrical service without Architect's written permission.
- B. Environmental Conditions: Engine-generator system shall withstand the following environmental conditions without mechanical or electrical damage or degradation of performance capability:
 - 1. Ambient Temperature: 5 to 40 deg C.
 - 2. Relative Humidity: 0 to 95 percent.
 - 3. Altitude: Sea level to 1000 feet

1.7 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate size and location of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations. These items are specified in Division 7 Section "Roof Accessories."

1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of packaged engine generators and associated auxiliary components that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.

1.9 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

A. Initial Maintenance Service: Beginning at Substantial Completion, provide 12 months' full maintenance by skilled employees of manufacturer's designated service organization. Include quarterly exercising to check for proper starting, load transfer, and running under load. Include routine preventive maintenance as recommended by manufacturer and adjusting as required for proper operation. Provide parts and supplies same as those used in the manufacture and installation of original equipment.

1.10 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Fuses: One for every 10 of each type and rating, but no fewer than one of each.

- 2. Indicator Lamps: Two for every six of each type used, but no fewer than two of each.
- 3. Filters: One set each of lubricating oil, fuel, and combustion-air filters.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Caterpillar; Engine Div.
 - 2. Generac Power Systems, Inc.
 - 3. Kohler Co.; Generator Division.
 - 4. Magnetek, Inc.
 - 5. Onan/Cummins Power Generation; Industrial Business Group.
 - 6. Spectrum Detroit Diesel.

2.2 ENGINE-GENERATOR SET

- A. Factory-assembled and -tested, engine-generator set.
- B. Mounting Frame: Maintain alignment of mounted components without depending on concrete foundation; and have lifting attachments.
 - 1. Rigging Diagram: Inscribed on metal plate permanently attached to mounting frame to indicate location and lifting capacity of each lifting attachment and generator-set center of gravity.

C. Capacities and Characteristics:

- 1. Power Output Ratings: Nominal ratings as indicated with capacity as required to operate as a unit as evidenced by records of prototype testing.
- 2. Output Connections: Three-phase, four wire.
- 3. Nameplates: For each major system component to identify manufacturer's name and address, and model and serial number of component.

D. Generator-Set Performance:

- 1. Steady-State Voltage Operational Bandwidth: 3 percent of rated output voltage from no load to full load.
- 2. Transient Voltage Performance: Not more than 20 percent variation for 50 percent step-load increase or decrease. Voltage shall recover and remain within the steady-state operating band within three seconds.
- 3. Steady-State Frequency Operational Bandwidth: 0.5 percent of rated frequency from no load to full load.
- 4. Steady-State Frequency Stability: When system is operating at any constant load within the rated load, there shall be no random speed variations outside the steady-state operational band and no hunting or surging of speed.

- 5. Transient Frequency Performance: Less than 5 percent variation for 50 percent step-load increase or decrease. Frequency shall recover and remain within the steady-state operating band within five seconds.
- 6. Output Waveform: At no load, harmonic content measured line to line or line to neutral shall not exceed 5 percent total and 3 percent for single harmonics. Telephone influence factor, determined according to NEMA MG 1, shall not exceed 50 percent.
- 7. Sustained Short-Circuit Current: For a 3-phase, bolted short circuit at system output terminals, system shall supply a minimum of 250 percent of rated full-load current for not less than 10 seconds and then clear the fault automatically, without damage to generator system components.
- 8. Start Time: Comply with NFPA 110, Type 10, system requirements.

E. Generator-Set Performance for Sensitive Loads:

- 1. Oversizing generator compared with the rated power output of the engine is permissible to meet specified performance.
 - a. Nameplate Data for Oversized Generator: Show ratings required by the Contract Documents rather than ratings that would normally be applied to generator size installed.
- 2. Steady-State Voltage Operational Bandwidth: 1 percent of rated output voltage from no load to full load.
- 3. Transient Voltage Performance: Not more than 10 percent variation for 50 percent step-load increase or decrease. Voltage shall recover and remain within the steady-state operating band within 0.5 second.
- 4. Steady-State Frequency Operational Bandwidth: Plus or minus 0.25 percent of rated frequency from no load to full load.
- 5. Steady-State Frequency Stability: When system is operating at any constant load within the rated load, there shall be no random speed variations outside the steady-state operational band and no hunting or surging of speed.
- 6. Transient Frequency Performance: Less than 2-Hz variation for 50 percent step-load increase or decrease. Frequency shall recover and remain within the steady-state operating band within three seconds.
- 7. Output Waveform: At no load, harmonic content measured line to neutral shall not exceed 2 percent total with no slot ripple. Telephone influence factor, determined according to NEMA MG 1, shall not exceed 50 percent.
- 8. Sustained Short-Circuit Current: For a 3-phase, bolted short circuit at system output terminals, system shall supply a minimum of 300 percent of rated full-load current for not less than 10 seconds and then clear the fault automatically, without damage to winding insulation or other generator system components.
- 9. Excitation System: Performance shall be unaffected by voltage distortion caused by nonlinear load.
 - a. Provide permanent magnet excitation for power source to voltage regulator.
- 10. Start Time: Comply with NFPA 110, Type 10, system requirements.

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ENGINE
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- A. Fuel: Natural gas.
- B. Rated Engine Speed: 1800 rpm.
- C. Maximum Piston Speed for Four-Cycle Engines: 2250 fpm.
- D. Lubrication System: The following items are mounted on engine or skid:
 - 1. Filter and Strainer: Rated to remove 90 percent of particles 5 micrometers and smaller while passing full flow.
 - 2. Thermostatic Control Valve: Control flow in system to maintain optimum oil temperature. Unit shall be capable of full flow and is designed to be fail-safe.
 - 3. Crankcase Drain: Arranged for complete gravity drainage to an easily removable container with no disassembly and without use of pumps, siphons, special tools, or appliances.

E. Engine Fuel System:

- 1. Main Fuel Pump: Mounted on engine. Pump ensures adequate primary fuel flow under starting and load conditions.
- 2. Relief-Bypass Valve: Automatically regulates pressure in fuel line and returns excess fuel to source.
- 3. Dual Natural Gas with LP-Gas Backup (Vapor-Withdrawal) System:
 - a. Carburetor.
 - b. Secondary Gas Regulators: One for each fuel type.
 - c. Fuel-Shutoff Solenoid Valves: One for each fuel source.
 - d. Flexible Fuel Connectors: One for each fuel source.
- F. Coolant Jacket Heater: Electric-immersion type, factory installed in coolant jacket system. Comply with NFPA 110 requirements for Level 1 equipment for heater capacity.
- G. Governor: Adjustable isochronous, with speed sensing.
- H. Cooling System: Closed loop, liquid cooled, with radiator factory mounted on engine-generator-set mounting frame and integral engine-driven coolant pump.
 - 1. Coolant: Solution of 50 percent ethylene-glycol-based antifreeze and 50 percent water, with anticorrosion additives as recommended by engine manufacturer.
 - 2. Size of Radiator: Adequate to contain expansion of total system coolant from cold start to 110 percent load condition.
 - 3. Expansion Tank: Constructed of welded steel plate and rated to withstand maximum closed-loop coolant system pressure for engine used. Equip with gage glass and petcock.
 - 4. Temperature Control: Self-contained, thermostatic-control valve modulates coolant flow automatically to maintain optimum constant coolant temperature as recommended by engine manufacturer.
 - 5. Coolant Hose: Flexible assembly with inside surface of nonporous rubber and outer covering of aging-, ultraviolet-, and abrasion-resistant fabric.

- a. Rating: 50-psig maximum working pressure with coolant at 180 deg F, and noncollapsible under vacuum.
- b. End Fittings: Flanges or steel pipe nipples with clamps to suit piping and equipment connections.
- I. Muffler/Silencer: Critical type, sized as recommended by engine manufacturer and selected with exhaust piping system to not exceed engine manufacturer's engine backpressure requirements.
 - 1. Minimum sound attenuation of 25 dB at 500 Hz.
 - 2. Sound level measured at a distance of 10 feet from exhaust discharge after installation is complete shall be 85 dBA or less.
- J. Air-Intake Filter: Heavy-duty, engine-mounted air cleaner with replaceable dry-filter element and "blocked filter" indicator.
- K. Starting System: 12 V electric, with negative ground.
 - 1. Components: Sized so they will not be damaged during a full engine-cranking cycle with ambient temperature at maximum specified in Part 1 "Project Conditions" Article.
 - 2. Cranking Motor: Heavy-duty unit that automatically engages and releases from engine flywheel without binding.
 - 3. Cranking Cycle: As required by NFPA 110 for system level specified.
 - 4. Battery: Adequate capacity within ambient temperature range specified in Part 1 "Project Conditions" Article to provide specified cranking cycle at least twice without recharging.
 - 5. Battery Cable: Size as recommended by engine manufacturer for cable length indicated. Include required interconnecting conductors and connection accessories.
 - 6. Battery Compartment: Factory fabricated of metal with acid-resistant finish and thermal insulation. Thermostatically controlled heater shall be arranged to maintain battery above 10 deg C regardless of external ambient temperature within range specified in Part 1 "Project Conditions" Article. Include accessories required to support and fasten batteries in place.
 - 7. Battery-Charging Alternator: Factory mounted on engine with solid-state voltage regulation and 35-A minimum continuous rating.
 - 8. Battery Charger: Current-limiting, automatic-equalizing and float-charging type. Unit shall comply with UL 1236 and include the following features:
 - a. Operation: Equalizing-charging rate of 10 A shall be initiated automatically after battery has lost charge until an adjustable equalizing voltage is achieved at battery terminals. Unit shall then be automatically switched to a lower float-charging mode and shall continue to operate in that mode until battery is discharged again.
 - b. Automatic Temperature Compensation: Adjust float and equalize voltages for variations in ambient temperature from minus 40 deg C to plus 60 deg C to prevent overcharging at high temperatures and undercharging at low temperatures.
 - c. Automatic Voltage Regulation: Maintain constant output voltage regardless of input voltage variations up to plus or minus 10 percent.
 - d. Ammeter and Voltmeter: Flush mounted in door. Meters shall indicate charging rates.
 - e. Safety Functions: Sense abnormally low battery voltage and close contacts providing low battery voltage indication on control and monitoring panel. Sense high battery voltage and loss of ac input or dc output of battery charger. Either

102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012 condition shall close contacts that provide a battery-charger malfunction indication at system control and monitoring panel.

f. Enclosure and Mounting: NEMA 250, Type 1, wall-mounted cabinet.

2.4 CONTROL AND MONITORING

- A. Automatic Starting System Sequence of Operation: When mode-selector switch on the control and monitoring panel is in the automatic position, remote-control contacts in one or more separate automatic transfer switches initiate starting and stopping of generator set. When mode-selector switch is switched to the on position, generator set starts. The off position of same switch initiates generator-set shutdown. When generator set is running, specified system or equipment failures or derangements automatically shut down generator set and initiate alarms. Operation of a remote emergency-stop switch also shuts down generator set.
- B. Configuration: Operating and safety indications, protective devices, basic system controls, and engine gages shall be grouped in a common control and monitoring panel mounted on the generator set. Mounting method shall isolate the control panel from generator-set vibration.
- C. Indicating and Protective Devices and Controls:
 - 1. AC voltmeter.
 - 2. AC ammeter.
 - 3. AC frequency meter.
 - 4. DC voltmeter (alternator battery charging).
 - 5. Engine-coolant temperature gage.
 - 6. Engine lubricating-oil pressure gage.
 - 7. Running-time meter.
 - 8. Ammeter-voltmeter, phase-selector switch(es).
 - 9. Generator-voltage adjusting rheostat.
 - 10. Start-stop switch.
 - 11. Overspeed shutdown device.
 - 12. Coolant high-temperature shutdown device.
 - 13. Coolant low-level shutdown device.
 - 14. Oil low-pressure shutdown device.
 - 15. Fuel tank derangement alarm.
 - 16. Fuel tank high-level shutdown of fuel supply alarm.
 - 17. Generator overload.
- D. Supporting Items: Include sensors, transducers, terminals, relays, and other devices and include wiring required to support specified items. Locate sensors and other supporting items on engine or generator, unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Connection to Data Link: A separate terminal block, factory wired to Form C dry contacts, for each alarm and status indication is reserved for connections for data-link transmission of indications to remote data terminals. Data system connections to terminals are covered in Division 16 Section "Electrical Power Monitoring and Control."
- F. Common Remote Audible Alarm: Comply with NFPA 110 requirements for Level 1 systems. Include necessary contacts and terminals in control and monitoring panel.

- 1. Overcrank shutdown.
- 2. Coolant low-temperature alarm.
- 3. Control switch not in auto position.
- 4. Battery-charger malfunction alarm.
- 5. Battery low-voltage alarm.
- G. Common Remote Audible Alarm: Signal the occurrence of any events listed below without differentiating between event types. Connect so that after an alarm is silenced, clearing of initiating condition will reactivate alarm until silencing switch is reset.
 - 1. Engine high-temperature shutdown.
 - 2. Lube-oil, low-pressure shutdown.
 - 3. Overspeed shutdown.
 - 4. Remote emergency-stop shutdown.
 - 5. Engine high-temperature prealarm.
 - 6. Lube-oil, low-pressure prealarm.
 - 7. Fuel tank, low-fuel level.
 - 8. Low coolant level.
- H. Remote Alarm Annunciator: Comply with NFPA 99. An LED labeled with proper alarm conditions shall identify each alarm event and a common audible signal shall sound for each alarm condition. Silencing switch in face of panel shall silence signal without altering visual indication. Connect so that after an alarm is silenced, clearing of initiating condition will reactivate alarm until silencing switch is reset. Cabinet and faceplate are surface- or flush-mounting type to suit mounting conditions indicated.
- I. Remote Emergency-Stop Switch: Surface weatherproof; wall mounted, unless otherwise indicated; and labeled. Push button shall be protected from accidental operation.

2.5 GENERATOR OVERCURRENT AND FAULT PROTECTION

- A. Generator Circuit Breaker: Molded-case, thermal-magnetic type; 100 percent rated; complying with NEMA AB 1 and UL 489.
 - 1. Tripping Characteristic: Designed specifically for generator protection.
 - 2. Trip Rating: Matched to generator rating.
 - 3. Shunt Trip: Connected to trip breaker when generator set is shut down by other protective devices.
 - 4. Mounting: Adjacent to or integrated with control and monitoring panel.
- B. Generator Protector: Microprocessor-based unit shall continuously monitor current level in each phase of generator output, integrate generator heating effect over time, and predict when thermal damage of alternator will occur. When signaled by generator protector or other generator-set protective devices, a shunt-trip device in the generator disconnect switch shall open the switch to disconnect the generator from load circuits. Protector shall perform the following functions:
 - 1. Initiates a generator overload alarm when generator has operated at an overload equivalent to 110 percent of full-rated load for 60 seconds. Indication for this alarm is integrated with other generator-set malfunction alarms.

- 2. Under single or three-phase fault conditions, regulates generator to 300 percent of rated full-load current for up to 10 seconds.
- 3. As overcurrent heating effect on the generator approaches the thermal damage point of the unit, protector switches the excitation system off, opens the generator disconnect device, and shuts down the generator set.
- 4. Senses clearing of a fault by other overcurrent devices and controls recovery of rated voltage to avoid overshoot.
- C. Ground-Fault Indication: Comply with NFPA 70, "Emergency System" signals for ground-fault. Integrate ground-fault alarm indication with other generator-set alarm indications.

2.6 GENERATOR, EXCITER, AND VOLTAGE REGULATOR

- A. Comply with NEMA MG 1.
- B. Drive: Generator shaft shall be directly connected to engine shaft. Exciter shall be rotated integrally with generator rotor.
- C. Electrical Insulation: Class H or Class F.
- D. Stator-Winding Leads: Brought out to terminal box to permit future reconnection for other voltages if required.
- E. Construction shall prevent mechanical, electrical, and thermal damage due to vibration, overspeed up to 125 percent of rating, and heat during operation at 110 percent of rated capacity.
- F. Enclosure: Dripproof.
- G. Instrument Transformers: Mounted within generator enclosure.
- H. Voltage Regulator: Solid-state type, separate from exciter, providing performance as specified.
 - 1. Adjusting rheostat on control and monitoring panel shall provide plus or minus 5 percent adjustment of output-voltage operating band.
- I. Strip Heater: Thermostatically controlled unit arranged to maintain stator windings above dew point.
- J. Windings: Two-thirds pitch stator winding and fully linked amortisseur winding.
- K. Subtransient Reactance: 12 percent, maximum.

2.7 OUTDOOR GENERATOR-SET ENCLOSURE

A. Description: Vandal-resistant, weatherproof steel housing, wind resistant up to 100 mph. Multiple panels shall be lockable and provide adequate access to components requiring maintenance. Panels shall be removable by one person without tools. Instruments and control shall be mounted within enclosure.

- B. Description: Prefabricated or preengineered walk-in enclosure with the following features:
 - 1. Construction: Galvanized-steel, metal-clad, integral structural-steel-framed building erected on concrete foundation.
 - 2. Structural Design and Anchorage: Comply with ASCE 7 for wind loads.
 - 3. Space Heater: Thermostatically controlled and sized to prevent condensation.
 - 4. Louvers: Equipped with bird screen and filter arranged to permit air circulation when engine is not running while excluding exterior dust, birds, and rodents.
 - 5. Hinged Doors: With padlocking provisions.
 - 6. Ventilation: Louvers equipped with bird screen and filter arranged to permit air circulation while excluding exterior dust, birds, and rodents.
 - 7. Thermal Insulation: Manufacturer's standard materials and thickness selected in coordination with space heater to maintain winter interior temperature within operating limits required by engine-generator-set components.
 - 8. Muffler Location: Within enclosure.
- C. Engine Cooling Airflow through Enclosure: Maintain temperature rise of system components within required limits when unit operates at 110 percent of rated load for 2 hours with ambient temperature at top of range specified in system service conditions.
 - 1. Louvers: Fixed-engine, cooling-air inlet and discharge. Storm-proof and drainable louvers prevent entry of rain and snow.
 - 2. Automatic Dampers: At engine cooling-air inlet and discharge. Dampers shall be closed to reduce enclosure heat loss in cold weather when unit is not operating.

2.8 MOTORS

- A. General requirements for motors are specified in Division 15 Section "Motors."
 - 1. Motor Sizes: Minimum size as indicated. If not indicated, large enough so driven load will not require motor to operate in service factor range above 1.0.
 - 2. Controllers, Electrical Devices, and Wiring: Electrical devices and connections are specified in Division 16 Sections.

2.9 VIBRATION ISOLATION DEVICES

- A. Restrained Spring Isolators: Freestanding, steel, open-spring isolators with seismic restraint.
 - 1. Housing: Steel with resilient vertical-limit stops to prevent spring extension due to wind loads or if weight is removed; factory-drilled baseplate bonded to 1/4-inch- thick, elastomeric isolator pad attached to baseplate underside; and adjustable equipment mounting and leveling bolt that acts as blocking during installation.
 - 2. Outside Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of compressed height of the spring at rated load.
 - 3. Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of required deflection at rated load.
 - 4. Lateral Stiffness: More than 80 percent of rated vertical stiffness.
 - 5. Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent of rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.

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2.10 FINISHES

A. Indoor and Outdoor Enclosures and Components: Manufacturer's standard finish over corrosion-resistant pretreatment and compatible primer.

2.11 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Prototype Testing: Factory test engine-generator set using same engine model, constructed of identical or equivalent components and equipped with identical or equivalent accessories.
 - 1. Tests: Comply with NFPA 110, Level 1 Energy Converters and with IEEE 115.
- B. Project-Specific Equipment Tests: Before shipment, factory test engine-generator set and other system components and accessories manufactured specifically for this Project. Perform tests at rated load and power factor. Include the following tests:
 - 1. Test components and accessories furnished with installed unit that are not identical to those on tested prototype to demonstrate compatibility and reliability.
 - 2. Full load run.
 - 3. Maximum power.
 - 4. Voltage regulation.
 - 5. Transient and steady-state governing.
 - 6. Single-step load pickup.
 - 7. Safety shutdown.
 - 8. Provide 14 days' advance notice of tests and opportunity for observation of tests by Owner's representative.
 - 9. Report factory test results within 10 days of completion of test.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas, equipment bases, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation and other conditions affecting packaged engine-generator performance.
- B. Examine roughing-in of piping systems and electrical connections. Verify actual locations of connections before packaged engine-generator installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Comply with packaged engine-generator manufacturers' written installation and alignment instructions and with NFPA 110.

- B. Install packaged engine generator to provide access, without removing connections or accessories, for periodic maintenance.
- C. Install packaged engine generator with restrained spring isolators having a minimum deflection of 1 inch
- D. Install Schedule 40, black steel piping with welded joints for cooling water piping between engine-generator set and heat exchanger. Piping materials and installation requirements are specified in Division 15 Section "Hydronic Piping."
- E. Install Schedule 40, black steel piping with welded joints and connect to engine muffler. Install thimble at wall. Piping shall be same diameter as muffler outlet. Flexible connectors and steel piping materials and installation requirements are specified in Division 15 Section "Hydronic Piping."
 - 1. Install condensate drain piping to muffler drain outlet full size of drain connection with a shutoff valve, stainless-steel flexible connector, and Schedule 40, black steel pipe with welded joints. Flexible connectors and piping materials and installation requirements are specified in Division 15 Section "Hydronic Piping."
- F. Electrical Wiring: Install electrical devices furnished by equipment manufacturers but not specified to be factory mounted.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping and specialties.
- B. Connect fuel, cooling-system, and exhaust-system piping adjacent to packaged engine generator to allow service and maintenance.
- C. Connect cooling-system water piping to engine-generator set and heat exchanger with flexible connectors.
- D. Connect engine exhaust pipe to engine with flexible connector.
- E. Connect fuel piping to engines with a gate valve and union and flexible connector.
 - 1. Natural- and LP-gas piping, valves, and specialties for gas piping inside the building are specified in Division 15 Section "Fuel Gas Piping."
- F. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
- G. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

3.4 IDENTIFICATION

A. Identify system components according to Division 15 Section "Mechanical Identification" and Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."

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3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
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- A. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
- B. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test, and adjust components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections. Report results in writing.
- C. Perform tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
 - 1. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections, and to assist in testing.

D. Tests and Inspections:

- 1. Perform tests recommended by manufacturer and each electrical test and visual and mechanical inspection for "AC Generators and for Emergency Systems" specified in NETA Acceptance Testing Specification. Certify compliance with test parameters.
- 2. NFPA 110 Acceptance Tests: Perform tests required by NFPA 110 that are additional to those specified here including, but not limited to, single-step full-load pickup test.
- 3. Battery Tests: Equalize charging of battery cells according to manufacturer's written instructions. Record individual cell voltages.
 - a. Measure charging voltage and voltages between available battery terminals for full-charging and float-charging conditions. Check electrolyte level and specific gravity under both conditions.
 - b. Test for contact integrity of all connectors. Perform an integrity load test and a capacity load test for the battery.
 - c. Verify acceptance of charge for each element of the battery after discharge.
 - d. Verify that measurements are within manufacturer's specifications.
- 4. Battery-Charger Tests: Verify specified rates of charge for both equalizing and float-charging conditions.
- 5. System Integrity Tests: Methodically verify proper installation, connection, and integrity of each element of engine-generator system before and during system operation. Check for air, exhaust, and fluid leaks.
- 6. Exhaust-System Back-Pressure Test: Use a manometer with a scale exceeding 40-inch wg. Connect to exhaust line close to engine exhaust manifold. Verify that back pressure at full-rated load is within manufacturer's written allowable limits for the engine.
- 7. Exhaust Emissions Test: Comply with applicable government test criteria.
- 8. Voltage and Frequency Transient Stability Tests: Use recording oscilloscope to measure voltage and frequency transients for 50 and 100 percent step-load increases and decreases, and verify that performance is as specified.
- 9. Harmonic-Content Tests: Measure harmonic content of output voltage under 25 percent and at 100 percent of rated linear load. Verify that harmonic content is within specified limits.
- 10. Noise Level Tests: Measure A-weighted level of noise emanating from generator-set installation, including engine exhaust and cooling-air intake and discharge, at four locations on the property line, and compare measured levels with required values.

- E. Coordinate tests with tests for transfer switches and run them concurrently.
- F. Test instruments shall have been calibrated within the last 12 months, traceable to standards of NIST, and adequate for making positive observation of test results. Make calibration records available for examination on request.
- G. Leak Test: After installation, charge system and test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
- H. Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation.
- I. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- J. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.
- K. Retest: Correct deficiencies identified by tests and observations and retest until specified requirements are met.
- L. Report results of tests and inspections in writing. Record adjustable relay settings and measured insulation resistances, time delays, and other values and observations. Attach a label or tag to each tested component indicating satisfactory completion of tests.
- M. Infrared Scanning: After Substantial Completion, but not more than 60 days after Final Acceptance, perform an infrared scan of each power wiring termination and each bus connection. Remove all access panels so terminations and connections are accessible to portable scanner.
 - 1. Follow-up Infrared Scanning: Perform an additional follow-up infrared scan 11 months after date of Substantial Completion.
 - 2. Instrument: Use an infrared scanning device designed to measure temperature or to detect significant deviations from normal values. Provide calibration record for device.
 - 3. Record of Infrared Scanning: Prepare a certified report that identifies terminations and connections checked and that describes scanning results. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.

3.6 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain packaged engine generators. Refer to Division 1 Section "Demonstration and Training."

END OF SECTION 16231

SECTION 16410 - ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Fusible switches.
- 2. Nonfusible switches.
- 3. Enclosures.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of enclosed switch, circuit breaker, accessory, and component indicated. Include dimensioned elevations, sections, weights, and manufacturers' technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, ratings, accessories, and finishes.
 - 1. Enclosure types and details for types other than NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - 2. Current and voltage ratings.
 - 3. Short-circuit current ratings (interrupting and withstand, as appropriate).
- B. Shop Drawings: For enclosed switches and circuit breakers. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
- C. Operation and Maintenance Data: For enclosed switches and circuit breakers to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Division 1 Section "Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:
 - 1. Manufacturer's written instructions for testing and adjusting enclosed switches and circuit breakers.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain enclosed switches and circuit breakers, overcurrent protective devices, components, and accessories, within same product category, from single source from single manufacturer.
- B. Product Selection for Restricted Space: Drawings indicate maximum dimensions for enclosed switches and circuit breakers, including clearances between enclosures, and adjacent surfaces and other items. Comply with indicated maximum dimensions.

- C. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- D. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.5 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of switches, circuit breakers, and components with equipment served and adjacent surfaces. Maintain required workspace clearances and required clearances for equipment access doors and panels.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 FUSIBLE SWITCHES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Eaton Electrical Inc.; Cutler-Hammer Business Unit.
 - 2. General Electric Company; GE Consumer & Industrial Electrical Distribution.
 - 3. Siemens Energy & Automation, Inc.
 - 4. Square D; a brand of Schneider Electric.
- B. Type HD, Heavy Duty, Single Throw, 240-V ac, 1200 A and Smaller: UL 98 and NEMA KS 1, horsepower rated, with clips or bolt pads to accommodate specified indicated fuses, lockable handle with capability to accept three padlocks, and interlocked with cover in closed position.

C. Accessories:

- 1. Equipment Ground Kit: Internally mounted and labeled for copper and aluminum ground conductors.
- 2. Neutral Kit: Internally mounted; insulated, capable of being grounded and bonded; labeled for copper and aluminum neutral conductors.
- 3. Lugs: Mechanical type, suitable for number, size, and conductor material.

2.2 NONFUSIBLE SWITCHES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Eaton Electrical Inc.; Cutler-Hammer Business Unit.
 - 2. General Electric Company; GE Consumer & Industrial Electrical Distribution.
 - 3. Siemens Energy & Automation, Inc.
 - 4. Square D; a brand of Schneider Electric.

B. Type HD, Heavy Duty, Single Throw, 240-V ac, 1200 A and Smaller: UL 98 and NEMA KS 1, horsepower rated, lockable handle with capability to accept three padlocks, and interlocked with cover in closed position.

C. Accessories:

- 1. Equipment Ground Kit: Internally mounted and labeled for copper and aluminum ground conductors.
- 2. Neutral Kit: Internally mounted; insulated, capable of being grounded and bonded; labeled for copper and aluminum neutral conductors.

2.3 ENCLOSURES

- A. Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers: NEMA AB 1, NEMA KS 1, NEMA 250, and UL 50, to comply with environmental conditions at installed location.
 - 1. Indoor, Dry and Clean Locations: NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - 2. Outdoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 3R.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine elements and surfaces to receive enclosed switches and circuit breakers for compliance with installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install individual wall-mounted switches and circuit breakers with tops at uniform height unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Install fuses in fusible devices.
- C. Comply with NECA 1.

3.3 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Comply with requirements in Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."
 - 1. Identify field-installed conductors, interconnecting wiring, and components; provide warning signs.
 - 2. Label each enclosure with engraved metal or laminated-plastic nameplate.

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2.4 EIELD OLLALITY CONTROL

- 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
 - A. Perform tests and inspections.
 - B. Acceptance Testing Preparation:
 - 1. Test insulation resistance for each enclosed switch and circuit breaker, component, connecting supply, feeder, and control circuit.
 - 2. Test continuity of each circuit.
 - C. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test stated in NETA Acceptance Testing Specification. Certify compliance with test parameters.
 - 2. Correct malfunctioning units on-site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and retest.
 - D. Enclosed switches and circuit breakers will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
 - E. Prepare test and inspection reports, including a certified report that identifies enclosed switches and circuit breakers and that describes scanning results. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.

END OF SECTION 16410

SECTION 16415 - TRANSFER SWITCHES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes transfer switches rated 600 V and less, including the following:
 - 1. Automatic transfer switches.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include rated capacities, weights, operating characteristics, furnished specialties, and accessories.
- B. Shop Drawings: Dimensioned plans, elevations, sections, and details showing minimum clearances, conductor entry provisions, gutter space, installed features and devices, and material lists for each switch specified.
 - 1. Single-Line Diagram: Show connections between transfer switch, bypass/isolation switch, power sources, and load; and show interlocking provisions for each combined transfer switch and bypass/isolation switch.
- C. Manufacturer Seismic Qualification Certification: Submit certification that transfer switches accessories, and components will withstand seismic forces defined in Division 16 Section "Electrical Supports and Seismic Restraints." Include the following:
 - 1. Basis for Certification: Indicate whether withstand certification is based on actual test of assembled components or on calculation.
 - a. The term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts from the device when subjected to the seismic forces specified."
 - b. The term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts from the device when subjected to the seismic forces specified and the unit will be fully operational after the seismic event."
 - 2. Dimensioned Outline Drawings of Equipment Unit: Identify center of gravity and locate and describe mounting and anchorage provisions.
 - 3. Detailed description of equipment anchorage devices on which the certification is based and their installation requirements.
- D. Qualification Data: For manufacturer and testing agency.

- E. Field quality-control test reports.
- F. Operation and Maintenance Data: For each type of product to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Division 1 Section "Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:
 - 1. Features and operating sequences, both automatic and manual.
 - 2. List of all factory settings of relays; provide relay-setting and calibration instructions, including software, where applicable.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Maintain a service center capable of providing training, parts, and emergency maintenance repairs within a response period of less than eight hours from time of notification.
- B. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, that is a member company of the InterNational Electrical Testing Association or is a nationally recognized testing laboratory (NRTL) as defined by OSHA in 29 CFR 1910.7, and that is acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Testing Agency's Field Supervisor: Person currently certified by the InterNational Electrical Testing Association or the National Institute for Certification in Engineering Technologies to supervise on-site testing specified in Part 3.
- C. Source Limitations: Obtain automatic transfer switches remote annunciators through one source from a single manufacturer.
- D. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- E. Comply with NEMA ICS 1.
- F. Comply with NFPA 70.
- G. Comply with NFPA 99.
- H. Comply with NFPA 110.
- I. Comply with UL 1008 unless requirements of these Specifications are stricter.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Interruption of Existing Electrical Service: Do not interrupt electrical service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary electrical service:

- 1. Notify Architect no fewer than four days in advance of proposed interruption of electrical service.
- 2. Do not proceed with interruption of electrical service without Architect's written permission.

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 3.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
- B. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Contactor Transfer Switches:
 - a. AC Data Systems, Inc.
 - b. Caterpillar; Engine Div.
 - c. Emerson; ASCO Power Technologies, LP.
 - d. Generac Power Systems, Inc.
 - e. GE Zenith Controls.
 - f. Kohler Power Systems; Generator Division.
 - g. Onan/Cummins Power Generation; Industrial Business Group.
 - h. Russelectric, Inc.
 - i. Spectrum Detroit Diesel.
 - 2. Transfer Switches Using Molded-Case Switches or Circuit Breakers:
 - a. AC Data Systems, Inc.
 - b. Eaton Electrical Inc.; Cutler-Hammer.
 - c. GE Zenith Controls.
 - d. Hubbell Industrial Controls, Inc.
 - e. Lake Shore Electric Corporation.

2.2 GENERAL TRANSFER-SWITCH PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS

A. Indicated Current Ratings: Apply as defined in UL 1008 for continuous loading and total system transfer, including tungsten filament lamp loads not exceeding 30 percent of switch ampere rating, unless otherwise indicated.

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- B. Tested Fault-Current Closing and Withstand Ratings: Adequate for duty imposed by protective devices at installation locations in Project under the fault conditions indicated, based on testing according to UL 1008.
 - 1. Where transfer switch includes internal fault-current protection, rating of switch and trip unit combination shall exceed indicated fault-current value at installation location.
- C. Solid-State Controls: Repetitive accuracy of all settings shall be plus or minus 2 percent or better over an operating temperature range of minus 20 to plus 70 deg C.
- D. Resistance to Damage by Voltage Transients: Components shall meet or exceed voltage-surge withstand capability requirements when tested according to IEEE C62.41. Components shall meet or exceed voltage-impulse withstand test of NEMA ICS 1.
- E. Electrical Operation: Accomplish by a nonfused, momentarily energized solenoid or electric-motor-operated mechanism, mechanically and electrically interlocked in both directions.
- F. Switch Characteristics: Designed for continuous-duty repetitive transfer of full-rated current between active power sources.
 - 1. Limitation: Switches using molded-case switches or circuit breakers or insulated-case circuit-breaker components are not acceptable.
 - 2. Switch Action: Double throw; mechanically held in both directions.
 - 3. Contacts: Silver composition or silver alloy for load-current switching. Conventional automatic transfer-switch units, rated 225 A and higher, shall have separate arcing contacts.
- G. Neutral Switching. Where four-pole switches are indicated, provide neutral pole switched simultaneously with phase poles.
- H. Neutral Terminal: Solid and fully rated, unless otherwise indicated.
- I. Battery Charger: For generator starting batteries.
 - 1. Float type rated 10 A.
 - 2. Ammeter to display charging current.
 - 3. Fused ac inputs and dc outputs.
- J. Annunciation, Control, and Programming Interface Components: Devices at transfer switches for communicating with remote programming devices, annunciators, or annunciator and control panels shall have communication capability matched with remote device.
- K. Factory Wiring: Train and bundle factory wiring and label, consistent with Shop Drawings, either by color-code or by numbered or lettered wire and cable tape markers at terminations. Color-coding and wire and cable tape markers are specified in Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."
 - 1. Designated Terminals: Pressure type, suitable for types and sizes of field wiring indicated.
 - 2. Power-Terminal Arrangement and Field-Wiring Space: Suitable for top, side, or bottom entrance of feeder conductors as indicated.

- 3. Control Wiring: Equipped with lugs suitable for connection to terminal strips.
- L. Enclosures: General-purpose NEMA 250, Type 1, complying with NEMA ICS 6 and UL 508, unless otherwise indicated.

2.3 AUTOMATIC TRANSFER SWITCHES

- A. Comply with Level 1 equipment according to NFPA 110.
- B. Switching Arrangement: Double-throw type, incapable of pauses or intermediate position stops during normal functioning, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Manual Switch Operation: Under load, with door closed and with either or both sources energized. Transfer time is same as for electrical operation. Control circuit automatically disconnects from electrical operator during manual operation.
- D. Manual Switch Operation: Unloaded. Control circuit automatically disconnects from electrical operator during manual operation.
- E. Signal-Before-Transfer Contacts: A set of normally open/normally closed dry contacts operates in advance of retransfer to normal source. Interval is adjustable from 1 to 30 seconds.
- F. Digital Communication Interface: Matched to capability of remote annunciator or annunciator and control panel.
- G. Transfer Switches Based on Molded-Case-Switch Components: Comply with NEMA AB 1, UL 489, and UL 869A.
- H. Automatic Closed-Transition Transfer Switches: Include the following functions and characteristics:
 - 1. Fully automatic make-before-break operation.
 - 2. Load transfer without interruption, through momentary interconnection of both power sources not exceeding 100 ms.
 - 3. Initiation of No-Interruption Transfer: Controlled by in-phase monitor and sensors confirming both sources are present and acceptable.
 - a. Initiation occurs without active control of generator.
 - b. Controls ensure that closed-transition load transfer closure occurs only when the 2 sources are within plus or minus 5 electrical degrees maximum, and plus or minus 5 percent maximum voltage difference.
 - 4. Failure of power source serving load initiates automatic break-before-make transfer.
- In-Phase Monitor: Factory-wired, internal relay controls transfer so it occurs only when the two sources are synchronized in phase. Relay compares phase relationship and frequency difference between normal and emergency sources and initiates transfer when both sources are within 15 electrical degrees, and only if transfer can be completed within 60 electrical degrees. Transfer is initiated only if both sources are within 2 Hz of nominal frequency and 70 percent or more of nominal voltage.

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- J. Motor Disconnect and Timing Relay: Controls designate starters so they disconnect motors before transfer and reconnect them selectively at an adjustable time interval after transfer. Control connection to motor starters is through wiring external to automatic transfer switch. Time delay for reconnecting individual motor loads is adjustable between 1 and 60 seconds, and settings are as indicated. Relay contacts handling motor-control circuit inrush and seal currents are rated for actual currents to be encountered.
- K. Programmed Neutral Switch Position: Switch operator has a programmed neutral position arranged to provide a midpoint between the two working switch positions, with an intentional, time-controlled pause at midpoint during transfer. Pause is adjustable from 0.5 to 30 seconds minimum and factory set for 0.5 second, unless otherwise indicated. Time delay occurs for both transfer directions. Pause is disabled unless both sources are live.

L. Automatic Transfer-Switch Features:

- 1. Undervoltage Sensing for Each Phase of Normal Source: Sense low phase-to-ground voltage on each phase. Pickup voltage shall be adjustable from 85 to 100 percent of nominal, and dropout voltage is adjustable from 75 to 98 percent of pickup value. Factory set for pickup at 90 percent and dropout at 85 percent.
- 2. Adjustable Time Delay: For override of normal-source voltage sensing to delay transfer and engine start signals. Adjustable from zero to six seconds, and factory set for one second.
- 3. Voltage/Frequency Lockout Relay: Prevent premature transfer to generator. Pickup voltage shall be adjustable from 85 to 100 percent of nominal. Factory set for pickup at 90 percent. Pickup frequency shall be adjustable from 90 to 100 percent of nominal. Factory set for pickup at 95 percent.
- 4. Time Delay for Retransfer to Normal Source: Adjustable from 0 to 30 minutes, and factory set for 10 minutes to automatically defeat delay on loss of voltage or sustained undervoltage of emergency source, provided normal supply has been restored.
- 5. Test Switch: Simulate normal-source failure.
- 6. Switch-Position Pilot Lights: Indicate source to which load is connected.
- 7. Source-Available Indicating Lights: Supervise sources via transfer-switch normal- and emergency-source sensing circuits.
 - a. Normal Power Supervision: Green light with nameplate engraved "Normal Source Available."
 - b. Emergency Power Supervision: Red light with nameplate engraved "Emergency Source Available."
- 8. Unassigned Auxiliary Contacts: Two normally open, single-pole, double-throw contacts for each switch position, rated 10 A at 240-V ac.
- 9. Transfer Override Switch: Overrides automatic retransfer control so automatic transfer switch will remain connected to emergency power source regardless of condition of normal source. Pilot light indicates override status.
- 10. Engine Starting Contacts: One isolated and normally closed, and one isolated and normally open; rated 10 A at 32-V dc minimum.
- 11. Engine Shutdown Contacts: Instantaneous; shall initiate shutdown sequence at remote engine-generator controls after retransfer of load to normal source.
- 12. Engine Shutdown Contacts: Time delay adjustable from zero to five minutes, and factory set for five minutes. Contacts shall initiate shutdown at remote engine-generator controls after retransfer of load to normal source.

- 13. Engine-Generator Exerciser: Solid-state, programmable-time switch starts engine generator and transfers load to it from normal source for a preset time, then retransfers and shuts down engine after a preset cool-down period. Initiates exercise cycle at preset intervals adjustable from 7 to 30 days. Running periods are adjustable from 10 to 30 minutes. Factory settings are for 7-day exercise cycle, 20-minute running period, and 5-minute cool-down period. Exerciser features include the following:
 - a. Exerciser Transfer Selector Switch: Permits selection of exercise with and without load transfer.
 - b. Push-button programming control with digital display of settings.
 - c. Integral battery operation of time switch when normal control power is not available.

2.4 REMOTE ANNUNCIATOR SYSTEM

- A. Functional Description: Remote annunciator panel shall annunciate conditions for indicated transfer switches. Annunciation shall include the following:
 - 1. Sources available, as defined by actual pickup and dropout settings of transfer-switch controls.
 - 2. Switch position.
 - 3. Switch in test mode.
 - 4. Failure of communication link.
- B. Annunciator Panel: LED-lamp type with audible signal and silencing switch.
 - 1. Indicating Lights: Grouped for each transfer switch monitored.
 - 2. Label each group, indicating transfer switch it monitors, location of switch, and identity of load it serves.
 - 3. Mounting: Flush, modular, steel cabinet, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 4. Lamp Test: Push-to-test or lamp-test switch on front panel.

2.5 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

A. Factory test and inspect components, assembled switches, and associated equipment. Ensure proper operation. Check transfer time and voltage, frequency, and time-delay settings for compliance with specified requirements. Perform dielectric strength test complying with NEMA ICS 1.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Design each fastener and support to carry load indicated by seismic requirements and according to seismic-restraint details. See Division 16 Section "Electrical Supports and Seismic Restraints."

- B. Annunciator and Control Panel Mounting: Flush in wall, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Identify components according to Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."
- D. Set field-adjustable intervals and delays, relays, and engine exerciser clock.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. Wiring to Remote Components: Match type and number of cables and conductors to control and communication requirements of transfer switches as recommended by manufacturer. Increase raceway sizes at no additional cost to Owner if necessary to accommodate required wiring.
- B. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
- C. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to perform tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
- B. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test, and adjust components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections. Report results in writing.
- C. Perform tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
 - 1. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installation, including connections, and to assist in testing.
 - 2. After installing equipment and after electrical circuitry has been energized, test for compliance with requirements.
 - 3. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test stated in NETA Acceptance Testing Specification. Certify compliance with test parameters.
 - 4. Measure insulation resistance phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground with insulation-resistance tester. Include external annunciation and control circuits. Use test voltages and procedure recommended by manufacturer. Comply with manufacturer's specified minimum resistance.
 - a. Check for electrical continuity of circuits and for short circuits.
 - b. Inspect for physical damage, proper installation and connection, and integrity of barriers, covers, and safety features.
 - c. Verify that manual transfer warnings are properly placed.
 - d. Perform manual transfer operation.
 - 5. After energizing circuits, demonstrate interlocking sequence and operational function for each switch at least three times.

- a. Simulate power failures of normal source to automatic transfer switches and of emergency source with normal source available.
- b. Simulate loss of phase-to-ground voltage for each phase of normal source.
- c. Verify time-delay settings.
- d. Verify pickup and dropout voltages by data readout or inspection of control settings.
- e. Test bypass/isolation unit functional modes and related automatic transfer-switch operations.
- f. Perform contact-resistance test across main contacts and correct values exceeding 500 microhms and values for 1 pole deviating by more than 50 percent from other poles.
- g. Verify proper sequence and correct timing of automatic engine starting, transfer time delay, retransfer time delay on restoration of normal power, and engine cooldown and shutdown.
- 6. Ground-Fault Tests: Coordinate with testing of ground-fault protective devices for power delivery from both sources.
 - a. Verify grounding connections and locations and ratings of sensors.
- D. Testing Agency's Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. After installing equipment and after electrical circuitry has been energized, test for compliance with requirements.
 - 2. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test stated in NETA Acceptance Testing Specification. Certify compliance with test parameters.
 - 3. Measure insulation resistance phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground with insulation-resistance tester. Include external annunciation and control circuits. Use test voltages and procedure recommended by manufacturer. Comply with manufacturer's specified minimum resistance.
 - a. Check for electrical continuity of circuits and for short circuits.
 - b. Inspect for physical damage, proper installation and connection, and integrity of barriers, covers, and safety features.
 - c. Verify that manual transfer warnings are properly placed.
 - d. Perform manual transfer operation.
 - 4. After energizing circuits, demonstrate interlocking sequence and operational function for each switch at least three times.
 - a. Simulate power failures of normal source to automatic transfer switches and of emergency source with normal source available.
 - b. Simulate loss of phase-to-ground voltage for each phase of normal source.
 - c. Verify time-delay settings.
 - d. Verify pickup and dropout voltages by data readout or inspection of control settings.
 - e. Test bypass/isolation unit functional modes and related automatic transfer-switch operations.
 - f. Perform contact-resistance test across main contacts and correct values exceeding 500 microhms and values for 1 pole deviating by more than 50 percent from other poles.

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- Verify proper sequence and correct timing of automatic engine starting, transfer time delay, retransfer time delay on restoration of normal power, and engine cooldown and shutdown.
- 5. Ground-Fault Tests: Coordinate with testing of ground-fault protective devices for power delivery from both sources.
 - a. Verify grounding connections and locations and ratings of sensors.
- E. Coordinate tests with tests of generator and run them concurrently.
- F. Report results of tests and inspections in writing. Record adjustable relay settings and measured insulation and contact resistances and time delays. Attach a label or tag to each tested component indicating satisfactory completion of tests.
- G. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.
- H. Infrared Scanning: After Substantial Completion, but not more than 60 days after Final Acceptance, perform an infrared scan of each switch. Remove all access panels so joints and connections are accessible to portable scanner.
 - 1. Follow-up Infrared Scanning: Perform an additional follow-up infrared scan of each switch 11 months after date of Substantial Completion.
 - 2. Instrument: Use an infrared scanning device designed to measure temperature or to detect significant deviations from normal values. Provide calibration record for device.
 - 3. Record of Infrared Scanning: Prepare a certified report that identifies switches checked and that describes scanning results. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.

3.4 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain transfer switches and related equipment as specified below. Refer to Division 1 Section "Demonstration and Training."
- B. Coordinate this training with that for generator equipment.

END OF SECTION 16415

TRANSFER SWITCHES

SECTION 16441 - SWITCHBOARDS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Service and distribution switchboards rated 600 V and less.
- 2. Transient voltage suppression devices.
- 3. Disconnecting and overcurrent protective devices.
- 4. Identification.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of switchboard, overcurrent protective device, transient voltage suppression device, ground-fault protector, accessory, and component indicated. Include dimensions and manufacturers' technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, ratings, accessories, and finishes.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each switchboard and related equipment.
 - 1. Include dimensioned plans, elevations, sections, and details, including required clearances and service space around equipment. Show tabulations of installed devices, equipment features, and ratings.
 - 2. Detail enclosure types for types other than NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - 3. Detail bus configuration, current, and voltage ratings.
 - 4. Detail short-circuit current rating of switchboards and overcurrent protective devices.
 - 5. Detail utility company's metering provisions with indication of approval by utility company.
 - 6. Include evidence of NRTL listing for series rating of installed devices.
 - 7. Detail features, characteristics, ratings, and factory settings of individual overcurrent protective devices and auxiliary components.
- C. Operation and Maintenance Data: For switchboards and components to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Division 1 Section "Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:
 - 1. Routine maintenance requirements for switchboards and all installed components.
 - 2. Manufacturer's written instructions for testing and adjusting overcurrent protective devices.

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1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An employer of workers qualified as defined in NEMA PB 2.1 and trained in electrical safety as required by NFPA 70E.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain switchboards, overcurrent protective devices, components, and accessories from single source from single manufacturer.
- C. Product Selection for Restricted Space: Drawings indicate maximum dimensions for switchboards including clearances between switchboards and adjacent surfaces and other items. Comply with indicated maximum dimensions.
- D. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- E. Comply with NEMA PB 2.
- F. Comply with NFPA 70.
- G. Comply with UL 891.

1.5 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of switchboards and components with other construction that penetrates walls or is supported by them, including electrical and other types of equipment, raceways, piping, encumbrances to workspace clearance requirements, and adjacent surfaces. Maintain required workspace clearances and required clearances for equipment access doors and panels.
- B. Coordinate sizes and locations of concrete bases with actual equipment provided. Cast anchorbolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 3.

1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace transient voltage suppression devices that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURED UNITS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

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- 1. Eaton Electrical Inc.; Cutler-Hammer Business Unit.
- 2. General Electric Company; GE Consumer & Industrial Electrical Distribution.
- 3. Siemens Energy & Automation, Inc.
- 4. Square D; a brand of Schneider Electric.
- B. Front-Connected, Front-Accessible Switchboards:
 - 1. Main Devices: Panel mounted.
 - 2. Branch Devices: Panel mounted.
 - 3. Sections front and rear aligned.
- C. Nominal System Voltage: 208Y/120 V.
- D. Main-Bus Continuous: See drawings.
- E. Indoor Enclosures: Steel, NEMA 250, Type 1.
- F. Barriers: Between adjacent switchboard sections.
- G. Insulation and isolation for main bus of main section and main and vertical buses of feeder sections.
- H. Utility Metering Compartment: Fabricated, barrier compartment and section complying with utility company's requirements; hinged sealed door; buses provisioned for mounting utility company's current transformers and potential transformers or potential taps as required by utility company. If separate vertical section is required for utility metering, match and align with basic switchboard. Provide service entrance label and necessary applicable service entrance features.
- I. Hinged Front Panels: Allow access to circuit breaker, metering, accessory, and blank compartments.
- J. Buses and Connections: Three phase, four wire unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Phase- and Neutral-Bus Material: Tin-plated, high-strength, electrical-grade aluminum alloy with tin-plated aluminum circuit-breaker line connections.
 - Load Terminals: Insulated, rigidly braced, runback bus extensions, of same material as
 through buses, equipped with mechanical connectors for outgoing circuit conductors.
 Provide load terminals for future circuit-breaker positions at full-ampere rating of circuitbreaker position.
 - 3. Ground Bus: Minimum-size required by UL 891, hard-drawn copper of 98 percent conductivity, equipped with mechanical connectors for feeder and branch-circuit ground conductors. For busway feeders, extend insulated equipment grounding cable to busway ground connection and support cable at intervals in vertical run.
 - 4. Main Phase Buses and Equipment Ground Buses: Uniform capacity for entire length of switchboard's main and distribution sections. Provide for future extensions from both ends.
 - 5. Neutral Buses: 100 percent of the ampacity of phase buses unless otherwise indicated, equipped with mechanical connectors for outgoing circuit neutral cables. Brace bus extensions for busway feeder neutral bus.
 - 6. Isolation Barrier Access Provisions: Permit checking of bus-bolt tightness.

K. Future Devices: Equip compartments with mounting brackets, supports, bus connections, and appurtenances at full rating of circuit-breaker compartment.

2.2 TRANSIENT VOLTAGE SUPPRESSION DEVICES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Eaton Electrical Inc.; Cutler-Hammer Business Unit.
 - 2. General Electric Company; GE Consumer & Industrial Electrical Distribution.
 - 3. Siemens Energy & Automation, Inc.
 - 4. Square D; a brand of Schneider Electric.
- B. Surge Protection Device Description: IEEE C62.41-compliant, integrally mounted, wired-in, solid-state, parallel-connected, modular (with field-replaceable modules) type, with sine-wave tracking suppression and filtering modules, UL 1449, second edition, short-circuit current rating matching or exceeding the switchboard short-circuit rating, and with the following features and accessories:
 - 1. Fuses, rated at 200-kA interrupting capacity.
 - 2. Fabrication using bolted compression lugs for internal wiring.
 - 3. Integral disconnect switch.
 - 4. Redundant suppression circuits.
 - 5. Redundant replaceable modules.
 - 6. Arrangement with wire connections to phase buses, neutral bus, and ground bus.
 - 7. LED indicator lights for power and protection status.
 - 8. Audible alarm, with silencing switch, to indicate when protection has failed.
- C. Peak Single-Impulse Surge Current Rating: 120 kA per mode/240 kA per phase.
- D. Withstand Capabilities: 12,000 IEEE C62.41, Category C3 (10 kA), 8-by-20-mic.sec. surges with less than 5 percent change in clamping voltage.
- E. Protection modes and UL 1449 SVR for grounded wye circuits with 208Y/120-V, three-phase, four-wire circuits shall be as follows:
 - 1. Line to Neutral: 400 V for 208Y/120.
 - 2. Line to Ground: 400 V for 208Y/120.
 - 3. Neutral to Ground: 400 V for 208Y/120.

2.3 DISCONNECTING AND OVERCURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICES

- A. Molded-Case Circuit Breaker (MCCB): Comply with UL 489, with interrupting capacity to meet available fault currents.
 - 1. Thermal-Magnetic Circuit Breakers: Inverse time-current element for low-level overloads, and instantaneous magnetic trip element for short circuits. Adjustable magnetic trip setting for circuit-breaker frame sizes 250 A and larger.

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- 2. GFCI Circuit Breakers: Single- and two-pole configurations with Class A ground-fault protection (6-mA trip).
- 3. Ground-Fault Equipment Protection (GFEP) Circuit Breakers: Class B ground-fault protection (30-mA trip).
- 4. Molded-Case Circuit-Breaker (MCCB) Features and Accessories:
 - a. Standard frame sizes, trip ratings, and number of poles.
 - b. Lugs: Mechanical style, suitable for number, size, trip ratings, and conductor material.
 - c. Application Listing: Appropriate for application; Type SWD for switching fluorescent lighting loads; Type HID for feeding fluorescent and high-intensity discharge (HID) lighting circuits.
 - d. Shunt Trip: 120-V trip coil energized from separate circuit, set to trip at 55 percent of rated voltage.

2.4 IDENTIFICATION

A. Service Equipment Label: NRTL labeled for use as service equipment for switchboards with one or more service disconnecting and overcurrent protective devices.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Receive, inspect, handle, and store switchboards according to NECA 400.
- B. Examine switchboards before installation. Reject switchboards that are moisture damaged or physically damaged.
- C. Examine elements and surfaces to receive switchboards for compliance with installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install switchboards and accessories according to NECA 400.
- B. Equipment Mounting: Install switchboards on concrete base, 4-inch nominal thickness. Comply with requirements for concrete base specified in Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
 - 1. Install dowel rods to connect concrete base to concrete floor. Unless otherwise indicated, install dowel rods on 18-inch centers around the full perimeter of concrete base.
 - 2. For supported equipment, install epoxy-coated anchor bolts that extend through concrete base and anchor into structural concrete floor.

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- 3. Place and secure anchorage devices. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
- 4. Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to switchboards.
- C. Install filler plates in unused spaces of panel-mounted sections.
- D. Install overcurrent protective devices, transient voltage suppression devices, and instrumentation.
- E. Comply with NECA 1.

3.3 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify field-installed conductors, interconnecting wiring, and components; provide warning signs complying with requirements for identification specified in Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."
- B. Switchboard Nameplates: Label each switchboard compartment with a nameplate complying with requirements for identification specified in Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."
- C. Device Nameplates: Label each disconnecting and overcurrent protective device and each meter and control device mounted in compartment doors with a nameplate complying with requirements for identification specified in Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test stated in NETA Acceptance Testing Specification. Certify compliance with test parameters.
 - 2. Correct malfunctioning units on-site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and retest.
- C. Switchboard will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports, including a certified report that identifies switchboards included and that describes scanning results. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.

END OF SECTION 16441

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SECTION 16442 - PANELBOARDS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Lighting and appliance branch-circuit panelboards.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of panelboard, switching and overcurrent protective device, transient voltage suppression device, accessory, and component indicated. Include dimensions and manufacturers' technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, ratings, and finishes.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each panelboard and related equipment.
 - 1. Include dimensioned plans, elevations, sections, and details. Show tabulations of installed devices, equipment features, and ratings.
 - 2. Detail enclosure types and details for types other than NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - 3. Detail bus configuration, current, and voltage ratings.
 - 4. Short-circuit current rating of panelboards and overcurrent protective devices.
 - 5. Include evidence of NRTL listing for series rating of installed devices.
 - 6. Detail features, characteristics, ratings, and factory settings of individual overcurrent protective devices and auxiliary components.
 - 7. Include wiring diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.
 - 8. Include time-current coordination curves for each type and rating of overcurrent protective device included in panelboards. Submit on translucent log-log graft paper; include selectable ranges for each type of overcurrent protective device.
- C. Operation and Maintenance Data: For panelboards and components to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Division 1 Section "Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Source Limitations: Obtain panelboards, overcurrent protective devices, components, and accessories from single source from single manufacturer.

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- B. Product Selection for Restricted Space: Drawings indicate maximum dimensions for panelboards including clearances between panelboards and adjacent surfaces and other items. Comply with indicated maximum dimensions.
- C. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- D. Comply with NEMA PB 1.
- E. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.5 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of panelboards and components with other construction that penetrates walls or is supported by them, including electrical and other types of equipment, raceways, piping, encumbrances to workspace clearance requirements, and adjacent surfaces. Maintain required workspace clearances and required clearances for equipment access doors and panels.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR PANELBOARDS

- A. Enclosures: Surface-mounted cabinets.
 - 1. Rated for environmental conditions at installed location.
 - a. Indoor Dry and Clean Locations: NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - 2. Hinged Front Cover: Entire front trim hinged to box and with standard door within hinged trim cover.
 - 3. Directory Card: Inside panelboard door, mounted in transparent card holder.
- B. Phase, Neutral, and Ground Buses:
 - 1. Material: Tin-plated aluminum.
 - 2. Equipment Ground Bus: Adequate for feeder and branch-circuit equipment grounding conductors; bonded to box.
- C. Conductor Connectors: Suitable for use with conductor material and sizes.
 - 1. Material: Tin-plated aluminum.
 - 2. Main and Neutral Lugs: Mechanical type.
 - 3. Ground Lugs and Bus-Configured Terminators: Mechanical type.
 - 4. Feed-Through Lugs: Mechanical type, suitable for use with conductor material. Locate at opposite end of bus from incoming lugs or main device.
 - 5. Subfeed (Double) Lugs: Mechanical type suitable for use with conductor material. Locate at same end of bus as incoming lugs or main device.

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- D. Future Devices: Mounting brackets, bus connections, filler plates, and necessary appurtenances required for future installation of devices.
- E. Panelboard Short-Circuit Current Rating: Rated for series-connected system with integral or remote upstream overcurrent protective devices and labeled by an NRTL. Include size and type of allowable upstream and branch devices, listed and labeled for series-connected short-circuit rating by an NRTL.

2.2 LIGHTING AND APPLIANCE BRANCH-CIRCUIT PANELBOARDS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Eaton Electrical Inc.; Cutler-Hammer Business Unit.
 - 2. General Electric Company; GE Consumer & Industrial Electrical Distribution.
 - 3. Siemens Energy & Automation, Inc.
 - 4. Square D; a brand of Schneider Electric.
- B. Panelboards: NEMA PB 1, lighting and appliance branch-circuit type.
- C. Mains: Circuit breaker or lugs only.
- D. Branch Overcurrent Protective Devices: Bolt-on circuit breakers, replaceable without disturbing adjacent units.
- E. Doors: Concealed hinges; secured with flush latch with tumbler lock; keyed alike.

2.3 DISCONNECTING AND OVERCURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Eaton Electrical Inc.; Cutler-Hammer Business Unit.
 - 2. General Electric Company; GE Consumer & Industrial Electrical Distribution.
 - 3. Siemens Energy & Automation, Inc.
 - 4. Square D; a brand of Schneider Electric.
- B. Molded-Case Circuit Breaker (MCCB): Comply with UL 489, with series-connected rating to meet available fault currents.
 - 1. Thermal-Magnetic Circuit Breakers: Inverse time-current element for low-level overloads, and instantaneous magnetic trip element for short circuits. Adjustable magnetic trip setting for circuit-breaker frame sizes 250 A and larger.
 - 2. Molded-Case Circuit-Breaker (MCCB) Features and Accessories:
 - a. Standard frame sizes, trip ratings, and number of poles.
 - b. Lugs: Mechanical style, suitable for number, size, trip ratings, and conductor materials.

- c. Application Listing: Appropriate for application; Type SWD for switching fluorescent lighting loads; Type HID for feeding fluorescent and high-intensity discharge (HID) lighting circuits.
- d. Shunt Trip: 120-V trip coil energized from separate circuit, set to trip at 55 percent of rated voltage.

2.4 PANELBOARD SUPPRESSORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Current Technology; a subsidiary of Danahar Corporation.
 - 2. Eaton Electrical Inc.; Cutler-Hammer Business Unit.
 - 3. General Electric Company; GE Consumer & Industrial Electrical Distribution.
 - 4. Liebert Corporation.
 - 5. Siemens Energy & Automation, Inc.
 - 6. Square D; a brand of Schneider Electric.
- B. Surge Protection Device: IEEE C62.41-compliant, integrally mounted,bolt-on, solid-state, parallel-connected, modular (with field-replaceable modules) type, with sine-wave tracking suppression and filtering modules, UL 1449, second edition, short-circuit current rating matching or exceeding the panelboard short-circuit rating, and with the following features and accessories:
 - 1. Accessories:
 - a. Fuses rated at 200-kA interrupting capacity.
 - b. Fabrication using bolted compression lugs for internal wiring.
 - c. Integral disconnect switch.
 - d. Redundant suppression circuits.
 - e. Redundant replaceable modules.
 - f. Arrangement with wire connections to phase buses, neutral bus, and ground bus.
 - g. LED indicator lights for power and protection status.
 - h. Audible alarm, with silencing switch, to indicate when protection has failed.
 - 2. Peak Single-Impulse Surge Current Rating: 120 kA per mode/240 kA per phase.
 - 3. Minimum single-impulse current ratings, using 8-by-20-mic.sec. waveform described in IEEE C62.41.2.

a. Line to Neutral: 70,000 A.

- b. Line to Ground: 70,000 A.
- c. Neutral to Ground: 50,000 A.
- 4. Withstand Capabilities: 12,000 IEEE C62.41, Category C3 (10 kA), 8-by-20-mic.sec. surges with less than 5 percent change in clamping voltage.
- 5. Protection modes and UL 1449 SVR for grounded wye circuits with 208Y/120-V, three-phase, four-wire circuits shall be as follows:

a. Line to Neutral: 400 V for 208Y/120.

b. Line to Ground: 400 V for 208Y/120.

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Receive, inspect, handle, and store panelboards according to NECA 407.
- B. Examine panelboards before installation. Reject panelboards that are damaged or rusted or have been subjected to water saturation.
- C. Examine elements and surfaces to receive panelboards for compliance with installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install panelboards and accessories according to NECA 407.
- B. Mount top of trim 90 inches above finished floor unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Mount panelboard cabinet plumb and rigid without distortion of box. Mount recessed panelboards with fronts uniformly flush with wall finish and mating with back box.
- D. Install overcurrent protective devices and controllers not already factory installed.
- E. Install filler plates in unused spaces.
- F. Comply with NECA 1.

3.3 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify field-installed conductors, interconnecting wiring, and components; provide warning signs complying with Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."
- B. Create a directory to indicate installed circuit loads; incorporate Owner's final room designations. Obtain approval before installing. Use a computer or typewriter to create directory; handwritten directories are not acceptable.
- C. Panelboard Nameplates: Label each panelboard with a nameplate complying with requirements for identification specified in Division 16 Section" Electrical Identification."
- D. Device Nameplates: Label each branch circuit device in distribution panelboards with a nameplate complying with requirements for identification specified in Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."

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3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
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- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test stated in NETA Acceptance Testing Specification. Certify compliance with test parameters.
 - 2. Correct malfunctioning units on-site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and retest.
- C. Panelboards will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports, including a certified report that identifies panelboards included and that describes scanning results. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.

END OF SECTION 16442

SECTION 16511 - INTERIOR LIGHTING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Interior lighting fixtures, lamps, and ballasts.
 - 2. Exit signs.
 - 3. Lighting fixture supports.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. BF: Ballast factor.
- B. CCT: Correlated color temperature.
- C. CRI: Color-rendering index.
- D. LER: Luminaire efficacy rating.
- E. Lumen: Measured output of lamp and luminaire, or both.
- F. Luminaire: Complete lighting fixture, including ballast housing if provided.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of lighting fixture, arranged in order of fixture designation. Include data on features, accessories, finishes, and the following:
 - 1. Physical description of lighting fixture including dimensions.
 - 2. Emergency lighting units including battery and charger.
 - 3. Ballast, including BF.
 - 4. Energy-efficiency data.
 - 5. Life, output (lumens, CCT, and CRI), and energy-efficiency data for lamps.
 - 6. Photometric data and adjustment factors based on laboratory tests, complying with IESNA Lighting Measurements Testing & Calculation Guides, of each lighting fixture type. The adjustment factors shall be for lamps, ballasts, and accessories identical to those indicated for the lighting fixture as applied in this Project.

- B. Shop Drawings: For nonstandard or custom lighting fixtures. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - 1. Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection
 - 2. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Operation and Maintenance Data: For lighting equipment and fixtures to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.
- D. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of lighting fixtures and suspension system with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them, including HVAC equipment, fire-suppression system, and partition assemblies.

1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty for Emergency Lighting Batteries: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer of battery-powered emergency lighting unit agrees to repair or replace components of rechargeable batteries that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period for Emergency Fluorescent Ballast and Self-Powered Exit Sign Batteries: Seven years from date of Substantial Completion. Full warranty shall apply for first year, and prorated warranty for the remaining six years.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on Drawings.

2.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR LIGHTING FIXTURES AND COMPONENTS

A. Recessed Fixtures: Comply with NEMA LE 4 for ceiling compatibility for recessed fixtures.

- B. Fluorescent Fixtures: Comply with UL 1598. Where LER is specified, test according to NEMA LE 5 and NEMA LE 5A as applicable.
- C. Metal Parts: Free of burrs and sharp corners and edges.
- D. Sheet Metal Components: Steel unless otherwise indicated. Form and support to prevent warping and sagging.
- E. Doors, Frames, and Other Internal Access: Smooth operating, free of light leakage under operating conditions, and designed to permit relamping without use of tools. Designed to prevent doors, frames, lenses, diffusers, and other components from falling accidentally during relamping and when secured in operating position.

F. Diffusers and Globes:

- 1. Acrylic Lighting Diffusers: 100 percent virgin acrylic plastic. High resistance to yellowing and other changes due to aging, exposure to heat, and UV radiation.
 - a. UV stabilized.
- 2. Glass: Annealed crystal glass unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Factory-Applied Labels: Comply with UL 1598. Include recommended lamps and ballasts. Labels shall be located where they will be readily visible to service personnel, but not seen from normal viewing angles when lamps are in place.
 - 1. Label shall include the following lamp and ballast characteristics:
 - a. "USE ONLY" and include specific lamp type.
 - b. Lamp diameter code (T-4, T-5, T-8, T-12, etc.), tube configuration (twin, quad, triple, etc.), base type, and nominal wattage for fluorescent and compact fluorescent luminaires.
 - c. Start type (preheat, rapid start, instant start, etc.) for fluorescent and compact fluorescent luminaires.
 - d. ANSI ballast type (M98, M57, etc.) for HID luminaires.
 - e. CCT and CRI for all luminaires.

2.3 BALLASTS FOR LINEAR FLUORESCENT LAMPS

- A. General Requirements for Electronic Ballasts:
 - 1. Comply with UL 935 and with ANSI C82.11.
 - 2. Designed for type and quantity of lamps served.
 - 3. Ballasts shall be designed for full light output unless another BF, dimmer, or bi-level control is indicated.
 - 4. Sound Rating: Class A.
 - 5. Total Harmonic Distortion Rating: Less than 20 percent.
 - 6. BF: 0.88 or higher.
- B. Luminaires controlled by occupancy sensors shall have programmed-start ballasts.

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- C. Electronic Programmed-Start Ballasts for T5, T8 and T5HO Lamps: Comply with ANSI C82.11 and the following:
 - 1. Lamp end-of-life detection and shutdown circuit for T5 diameter lamps.
 - 2. Automatic lamp starting after lamp replacement.

2.4 BALLASTS FOR COMPACT FLUORESCENT LAMPS

- A. Description: Electronic-programmed rapid-start type, complying with UL 935 and with ANSI C 82.11, designed for type and quantity of lamps indicated. Ballast shall be designed for full light output unless dimmer or bi-level control is indicated:
 - 1. Lamp end-of-life detection and shutdown circuit.
 - 2. Automatic lamp starting after lamp replacement.
 - 3. Sound Rating: Class A.
 - 4. Total Harmonic Distortion Rating: Less than 20 percent.
 - 5. BF: 0.95 or higher unless otherwise indicated.
 - 6. Interference: Comply with 47 CFR 18, Ch. 1, Subpart C, for limitations on electromagnetic and radio-frequency interference for nonconsumer equipment.

2.5 EMERGENCY FLUORESCENT POWER UNIT

- A. Internal Type: Self-contained, modular, battery-inverter unit, factory mounted within lighting fixture body and compatible with ballast. Comply with UL 924.
 - 1. Emergency Connection: Operate two fluorescent lamp(s) continuously at an output of 1100 lumens each. Connect unswitched circuit to battery-inverter unit and switched circuit to fixture ballast.
 - 2. Nightlight Connection: Operate one fluorescent lamp continuously.
 - 3. Test Push Button and Indicator Light: Visible and accessible without opening fixture or entering ceiling space.
 - a. Push Button: Push-to-test type, in unit housing, simulates loss of normal power and demonstrates unit operability.
 - b. Indicator Light: LED indicates normal power on. Normal glow indicates trickle charge; bright glow indicates charging at end of discharge cycle.
 - 4. Battery: Sealed, maintenance-free, nickel-cadmium type.
 - 5. Charger: Fully automatic, solid-state, constant-current type with sealed power transfer relay.
 - 6. Integral Self-Test: Factory-installed electronic device automatically initiates coderequired test of unit emergency operation at required intervals. Test failure is annunciated by an integral audible alarm and a flashing red LED.

2.6 EXIT SIGNS

A. General Requirements for Exit Signs: Comply with UL 924; for sign colors, visibility, luminance, and lettering size, comply with authorities having jurisdiction.

- B. Internally Lighted Signs:
 - 1. Lamps for AC Operation: LEDs, 50,000 hours minimum rated lamp life.
 - 2. Self-Powered Exit Signs (Battery Type): Integral automatic charger in a self-contained power pack.
 - a. Battery: Sealed, maintenance-free, nickel-cadmium type.
 - b. Charger: Fully automatic, solid-state type with sealed transfer relay.
 - c. Operation: Relay automatically energizes lamp from battery when circuit voltage drops to 80 percent of nominal voltage or below. When normal voltage is restored, relay disconnects lamps from battery, and battery is automatically recharged and floated on charger.
 - d. Test Push Button: Push-to-test type, in unit housing, simulates loss of normal power and demonstrates unit operability.
 - e. LED Indicator Light: Indicates normal power on. Normal glow indicates trickle charge; bright glow indicates charging at end of discharge cycle.
 - f. Integral Self-Test: Factory-installed electronic device automatically initiates coderequired test of unit emergency operation at required intervals. Test failure is annunciated by an integral audible alarm and a flashing red LED.

2.7 LIGHTING FIXTURE SUPPORT COMPONENTS

- A. Comply with Division 16 Section "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems" for channel-and angle-iron supports and nonmetallic channel and angle supports.
- B. Single-Stem Hangers: 1/2-inch steel tubing with swivel ball fittings and ceiling canopy. Finish same as fixture.
- C. Twin-Stem Hangers: Two, 1/2-inch steel tubes with single canopy designed to mount a single fixture. Finish same as fixture.
- D. Wires: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 3, soft temper, zinc-coated steel, 12 gage.
- E. Wires for Humid Spaces: ASTM A 580/A 580M, Composition 302 or 304, annealed stainless steel, 12 gage.
- F. Rod Hangers: 3/16-inch minimum diameter, cadmium-plated, threaded steel rod.
- G. Hook Hangers: Integrated assembly matched to fixture and line voltage and equipped with threaded attachment, cord, and locking-type plug.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Lighting fixtures:
 - 1. Set level, plumb, and square with ceilings and walls unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Install lamps in each luminaire.

B. Temporary Lighting: If it is necessary, and approved by Architect, to use permanent luminaires for temporary lighting, install and energize the minimum number of luminaires necessary. When construction is sufficiently complete, remove the temporary luminaires, disassemble, clean thoroughly, install new lamps, and reinstall.

C. Suspended Lighting Fixture Support:

- 1. Pendants and Rods: Where longer than 48 inches, brace to limit swinging.
- 2. Stem-Mounted, Single-Unit Fixtures: Suspend with twin-stem hangers.
- 3. Continuous Rows: Use tubing or stem for wiring at one point and tubing or rod for suspension for each unit length of fixture chassis, including one at each end.
- 4. Do not use grid as support for pendant luminaires. Connect support wires or rods to building structure.
- D. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

3.2 IDENTIFICATION

A. Install labels with panel and circuit numbers on concealed junction and outlet boxes. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Test for Emergency Lighting: Interrupt power supply to demonstrate proper operation. Verify transfer from normal power to battery and retransfer to normal.
- B. Prepare a written report of tests, inspections, observations, and verifications indicating and interpreting results. If adjustments are made to lighting system, retest to demonstrate compliance with standards.

3.4 STARTUP SERVICE

A. Burn-in all lamps that require specific aging period to operate properly, prior to occupancy by Owner. Burn-in fluorescent and compact fluorescent lamps intended to be dimmed, for at least 100 hours at full voltage.

3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months of date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting aimable luminaires to suit actual occupied conditions. Provide up to two visits to Project during other-than-normal occupancy hours for this purpose. Some of this work may be required after dark.
 - 1. Adjust aimable luminaires in the presence of Architect.

END OF SECTION 16511

SECTION 16714 - COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT ROOM FITTINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Telecommunications mounting elements.
- 2. Backboards.
- 3. Telecommunications equipment racks.
- 4. Grounding.

B. Related Sections:

1. Division 16 Section "Communications Cabling" for voice and data cabling associated with system panels and devices.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Basket Cable Tray: A fabricated structure consisting of wire mesh bottom and side rails.
- B. BICSI: Building Industry Consulting Service International.
- C. Channel Cable Tray: A fabricated structure consisting of a one-piece, ventilated-bottom or solid-bottom channel not exceeding 6 inches in width.
- D. Ladder Cable Tray: A fabricated structure consisting of two longitudinal side rails connected by individual transverse members (rungs).
- E. LAN: Local area network.
- F. RCDD: Registered Communications Distribution Designer.
- G. Solid-Bottom or Nonventilated Cable Tray: A fabricated structure consisting of a bottom without ventilation openings within integral or separate longitudinal side rails.
- H. Trough or Ventilated Cable Tray: A fabricated structure consisting of integral or separate longitudinal rails and a bottom having openings sufficient for the passage of air and using 75 percent or less of the plan area of the surface to support cables.

Jackson County Historic Truman Courthouse Interior Renovations

Issued For Construction October 19, 2012

102 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64050 County Project No. 3147, Bid No. PW-05-2012

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for equipment racks and cabinets. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.
- B. Shop Drawings: For communications equipment room fittings. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - 1. Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection
 - 2. Equipment Racks: Include workspace requirements and access for cable connections.
 - 3. Grounding: Indicate location of grounding bus bar and its mounting detail showing standoff insulators and wall mounting brackets.
 - 4. Provide copy of RCDD certification paper.
 - 5. Provide copy of BiSCi membership papers.
 - 6. Installer shall submit installer certification papers from the listed approved manufacturer. The must be a AMP Certified Installer. All Technicians working on site must have completed AMP Copper Cabling Installation Courses and be individually certified to install AMP Structured cabling.

C. Qualification Data: :

- (1) Telecommunications Contractor (TC) Qualifications: The TC must have on staff personnel certified by BICSI and be RCDD certified. This staff member shall be a full time employee.
- (2) The TC must have five years of experience with this type of work.
- (3) Specified: the following drawings and specifications where written around AMP (TE Connectivity) / Hoffman products, contractor shall not provide products by another manufacturers unless prior approval has been given.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Cabling Installer must have personnel certified by BICSI on staff.
 - 1. Layout Responsibility: Preparation of Shop Drawings shall be under the direct supervision of RCDD.
 - 2. Installation Supervision: Installation shall be under the direct supervision of Registered Technician, who shall be present at all times when Work of this Section is performed at Project site.
 - 3. Field Inspector: Currently registered by BICSI as RCDD to perform the on-site inspection.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

- C. Telecommunications Pathways and Spaces: Comply with TIA/EIA-569-A.
- D. Grounding: Comply with ANSI-J-STD-607-A.
- E. Source Limitations: Obtain all products through one source from a single manufacturer, unless noted otherwise.
- F. Installer qualifications: Engage an experienced Contractor who is a Registered Building Industry Consulting Service international (BiCSi) Member. Use installation practices that comply with BiCSi guidelines

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install equipment frames and cable trays until spaces are enclosed and weathertight, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, and work above ceilings is complete.

1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of communications equipment with Owner's telecommunications and LAN equipment and service suppliers. Coordinate service entrance arrangement with local exchange carrier.
 - 1. Meet jointly with telecommunications and LAN equipment suppliers, local exchange carrier representatives, and Owner to exchange information and agree on details of equipment arrangements and installation interfaces.
 - 2. Record agreements reached in meetings and distribute them to other participants.
 - 3. Adjust arrangements and locations of distribution frames, cross-connects, and patch panels in equipment rooms to accommodate and optimize arrangement and space requirements of telephone switch and LAN equipment.
 - 4. Adjust arrangements and locations of equipment with distribution frames, cross-connects, and patch panels of cabling systems of other communications, electronic safety and security, and related systems that share space in the equipment room.
- B. Coordinate location of power raceways and receptacles with locations of communications equipment requiring electrical power to operate.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PATHWAYS

- A. General Requirements: Comply with TIA/EIA-569-A.
- B. Cable Support: NRTL labeled. Cable support brackets shall be designed to prevent degradation of cable performance and pinch points that could damage cable. Cable tie slots fasten cable ties to brackets.

- 1. Comply with NFPA 70 and UL 2043 for fire-resistant and low-smoke-producing characteristics.
- 2. Support brackets with cable tie slots for fastening cable ties to brackets.
- 3. Lacing bars, spools, J-hooks, and D-rings.
- 4. Straps and other devices.

C. Cable Trays:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Cablofil Inc.
 - b. Cooper B-Line, Inc.
 - c. Hoffman Pentair
 - d. Chatsworth Products, Inc.
- 2. Cable Tray Materials: Metal, suitable for indoors and protected against corrosion by electroplated zinc galvanizing, complying with ASTM B 633, Type 1, not less than 0.000472 inch thick.
 - a. Basket Cable Trays: 8 inches wide and 2 inches deep. Wire mesh spacing shall not exceed 2 by 4 inches.
 - b. Ladder Cable Trays: Nominally 24 inches wide, and a rung spacing of 12 inches.
- D. Conduit and Boxes: Comply with requirements in Division 16 Section "Raceways and Boxes." Flexible metal conduit shall not be used.
 - 1. Outlet boxes shall be no smaller than 2 inches wide, 3 inches high, and 2-1/2 inches deep.
- 2.2 BACKBOARDS (Provided and installed by others)
 - A. Backboards: Plywood, fire-retardant treated, 3/4 by 48 by 96 inches. Comply with requirements for plywood backing panels specified in Division 6 Section "Rough Carpentry."

2.3 EQUIPMENT FRAMES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Hoffman Pentair
- B. General Frame Requirements:
 - 1. Distribution Frames: Freestanding and wall-mounting, modular-steel units designed for telecommunications terminal support and coordinated with dimensions of units to be supported.
 - 2. Module Dimension: Width compatible with EIA 310 standard, 19-inch panel mounting.
 - 3. Finish: Manufacturer's standard, baked-polyester powder coat.
 - 4. 45 RU rack units, rack dimensions 86.13x24x26.26.

- 5. Maxrack No.M8416B45.
- C. Floor-Mounted Racks: Modular-type, steel or aluminum construction.
 - 1. Vertical and horizontal cable management channels, top and bottom cable troughs, grounding lug, and a power strip.
 - 2. Baked-polyester powder coat finish.

D. Cable Management for Equipment Frames:

- 1. Metal, with integral wire retaining fingers.
- 2. Baked-polyester powder coat finish.
- 3. Vertical cable management panels shall be provided on both sides have front and rear channels, Hoffman No. DV6D7. Where two racks are side by side provide only one vertical cable manager between each rack Hoffman No.DV12D7. Vertical cable management shall be provided with Post and Gate kits.
- 4. Provide horizontal crossover cable manager Hoffman No.ECM19DR2U.
- 5. Provide cable tie down rack mounts behind each Patch panel Hoffman No.DCHB1.

2.4 POWER STRIPS

- A. Power Strips: Comply with UL 1363.
 - 1. Rack mounted power strip.
 - 2. Tripp-lite Model No. PDUMH20.
 - 3. Metered single phase, 20A, 120V.
 - 4. NEMA 5-20P with 12 NEMA 5-15/20R outlets.
 - 5. LED indicator lights for power and protection status.
 - 6. Circuit Breaker and Thermal Fusing: When protection is lost, circuit opens and cannot be reset.
 - 7. Circuit Breaker and Thermal Fusing: Unit continues to supply power if protection is lost.
 - 8. Rocker-type on-off switch, illuminated when in on position.

2.5 GROUNDING

- A. Comply with requirements in Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding" for grounding conductors and connectors.
- B. Telecommunications Main Bus Bar (installed by others):
 - 1. Connectors: Mechanical type, cast silicon bronze, solderless compression-type wire terminals, and long-barrel, two-bolt connection to ground bus bar.
 - 2. Ground Bus Bar: Copper, minimum 1/4 inch thick by 4 inches wide with 9/32-inch holes spaced 1-1/8 inches apart.
 - 3. Stand-Off Insulators: Comply with UL 891 for use in switchboards, 600 V. Lexan or PVC, impulse tested at 5000 V.
- C. Comply with ANSI-J-STD-607-A.

2.6 LABELING

A. Comply with TIA/EIA-606-A and UL 969 for a system of labeling materials, including label stocks, laminating adhesives, and inks used by label printers.

2.7 FIRESTOPPING

- A. Comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."
- B. Comply with TIA/EIA-569-A, Annex A, "Firestopping."
- C. Comply with BICSI TDMM, "Firestopping Systems" Article.

2.8 GROUNDING

- A. Install grounding according to BICSI TDMM, "Grounding, Bonding, and Electrical Protection" Chapter.
- B. Comply with ANSI-J-STD-607-A.
- C. Locate grounding bus bar to minimize the length of bonding conductors. Fasten to wall allowing at least 2-inch clearance behind the grounding bus bar. Connect grounding bus bar with a minimum No. 4 AWG grounding electrode conductor from grounding bus bar to suitable electrical building ground.
- D. Bond metallic equipment to the grounding bus bar, using not smaller than No. 6 AWG equipment grounding conductor.
 - 1. Bond the shield of shielded cable to the grounding bus bar in communications rooms and spaces.

2.9 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify system components, wiring, and cabling complying with TIA/EIA-606-A. Comply with requirements in Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."
- B. Labels shall be preprinted or computer-printed type.
 - 1. Labels on Grounding busbars, laser/ink jet desktop printer label Panduit C200X100FJJ series.
 - 2. Labels on Grounding and Bonding conductors provide Panduit LTYK. Provide label on each grounding conductor.
 - 3. Install Self-adhesive vinyl decal (non-reflective) on all equipment, EMT conduit, PCV, grounding conductor, etc... used for telecommunications usage

END OF SECTION 16714

SECTION 16717 - COMMUNICATIONS HORIZONTAL CABLING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Pathways.
- 2. UTP cabling.
- 3. Coaxial cable.
- 4. Cable connecting hardware, patch panels, and cross-connects.
- 5. Telecommunications outlet/connectors.
- 6. Cabling system identification products.
- 7. Cable management system.

B. Related Sections:

1. Division 16 Section "Communications equipment room fittings" for voice and data cabling associated with system panels and devices.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Basket Cable Tray: A fabricated structure consisting of wire mesh bottom and side rails.
- B. BICSI: Building Industry Consulting Service International.
- C. Channel Cable Tray: A fabricated structure consisting of a one-piece, ventilated-bottom or solid-bottom channel.
- D. Consolidation Point: A location for interconnection between horizontal cables extending from building pathways and horizontal cables extending into furniture pathways.
- E. Cross-Connect: A facility enabling the termination of cable elements and their interconnection or cross-connection.
- F. EMI: Electromagnetic interference.
- G. IDC: Insulation displacement connector.
- H. Ladder Cable Tray: A fabricated structure consisting of two longitudinal side rails connected by individual transverse members (rungs).

- I. LAN: Local area network.
- J. Outlet/Connectors: A connecting device in the work area on which horizontal cable or outlet cable terminates.
- K. RCDD: Registered Communications Distribution Designer.
- L. Solid-Bottom or Nonventilated Cable Tray: A fabricated structure consisting of longitudinal side rails and a bottom without ventilation openings.
- M. Trough or Ventilated Cable Tray: A fabricated structure consisting of longitudinal side rails and a bottom having openings for the passage of air.
- N. UTP: Unshielded twisted pair.

1.4 HORIZONTAL CABLING DESCRIPTION

- A. Horizontal cable and its connecting hardware provide the means of transporting signals between the telecommunications outlet/connector and the horizontal cross-connect located in the communications equipment room. This cabling and its connecting hardware are called "permanent link," a term that is used in the testing protocols.
 - 1. TIA/EIA-568-B.1 requires that a minimum of two telecommunications outlet/connectors be installed for each work area.
 - 2. Bridged taps and splices shall not be installed in the horizontal cabling.
- B. The maximum allowable horizontal cable length is 295 feet. This maximum allowable length does not include an allowance for the length of 16 feet to the workstation equipment. The maximum allowable length does not include an allowance for the length of 16 feet in the horizontal cross-connect.

1.5 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. General Performance: Horizontal cabling system shall comply with transmission standards in TIA/EIA-568-B.1, when tested according to test procedures of this standard.

1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
 - 1. For coaxial cable, include the following installation data for each type used:
 - a. Nominal OD.
 - b. Minimum bending radius.
 - c. Maximum pulling tension.
- B. Shop Drawings:

- 1. System Labeling Schedules: Electronic copy of labeling schedules, in software and format selected by Owner.
- 2. System Labeling Schedules: Electronic copy of labeling schedules that are part of the cabling and asset identification system of the software.
- 3. Cabling administration drawings and printouts.
- 4. Wiring diagrams to show typical wiring schematics, including the following:
 - a. Cross-connects.
 - b. Patch panels.
 - c. Patch cords.
- 5. Cross-connects and patch panels. Detail mounting assemblies, and show elevations and physical relationship between the installed components.
- 6. Cable tray layout, showing cable tray route to scale, with relationship between the tray and adjacent structural, electrical, and mechanical elements. Include the following:
 - a. Vertical and horizontal offsets and transitions.
 - b. Clearances for access above and to side of cable trays.
 - c. Vertical elevation of cable trays above the floor or bottom of ceiling structure.
 - d. Load calculations to show dead and live loads as not exceeding manufacturer's rating for tray and its support elements.
- C. Samples: For workstation outlets, jacks, jack assemblies, and faceplates for color selection and evaluation of technical features.
- D. Qualification Data: For Installer, qualified layout technician, installation supervisor, and field inspector.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Cabling Installer must have personnel certified by BICSI on staff.
 - 1. Layout Responsibility: Preparation of Shop Drawings and Cabling Administration Drawings by an RCDD.
 - 2. Installation Supervision: Installation shall be under the direct supervision of Registered Technician, who shall be present at all times when Work of this Section is performed at Project site.
 - 3. Testing Supervisor: Currently certified by BICSI as an RCDD to supervise on-site testing.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- C. Telecommunications Pathways and Spaces: Comply with TIA/EIA-569-A.
- D. Grounding: Comply with ANSI-J-STD-607-A.

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- 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
 - A. Test cables upon receipt at Project site.
 - 1. Test each pair of UTP cable for open and short circuits.

1.9 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install cables and connecting materials until wet work in spaces is complete and dry, and temporary HVAC system is operating and maintaining ambient temperature and humidity conditions at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.

1.10 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of telecommunications pathways and cabling with Owner's telecommunications and LAN equipment and service suppliers.
- B. Coordinate telecommunications outlet/connector locations with location of power receptacles at each work area.

1.11 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Patch-Panel Units: One of each type.
 - 2. Horizontal Wire Manager: Two
 - 3. Faceplate: Two of each type.
 - 4. Modular Jacks: Twelve of each type.
 - 5. Device Plates: One of each type.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PATHWAYS

- A. General Requirements: Comply with TIA/EIA-569-A.
- B. Cable Support: NRTL labeled for support of Category 6 cabling, designed to prevent degradation of cable performance and pinch points that could damage cable.
 - 1. Support brackets with cable tie slots for fastening cable ties to brackets.
 - 2. Lacing bars, spools, J-hooks, and D-rings. J-Hook similar to Erico Cat Links. White in color.
 - 3. Straps and other devices.

2.2 UTP CABLE

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Tyco Electronics/AMP Netconnect; Tyco International Ltd. 610 Series.

B. UTP Cable Characteristic:

- 1. Comply with UL 444
- 2. Category 6, Unshielded Twisted Pair 24-Awg copper conductor, twisted into pairs.
- 3. Plenum rated.
- 4. Color White
- C. Description: 100-ohm, 4-pair UTP, formed into 25-pair, binder groups covered with a blue thermoplastic jacket.
 - 1. Comply with ICEA S-90-661 for mechanical properties.
 - 2. Comply with TIA/EIA-568-B.1 for performance specifications.
 - 3. Comply with TIA/EIA-568-B.2, Category 6.
 - 4. Listed and labeled by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction as complying with UL 444 and NFPA 70 for the following types:
 - a. Communications, Plenum Rated: Type CMP, complying with NFPA 262.

2.3 UTP CABLE HARDWARE

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Tyco Electronics/AMP Netconnect; Tyco International Ltd.
- B. General Requirements for Cable Connecting Hardware: Comply with TIA/EIA-568-B.2, IDC type, with modules designed for punch-down caps or tools. Cables shall be terminated with connecting hardware of same category or higher.
- C. Connecting Blocks: 110-style IDC for Category 6. Provide blocks for the number of cables terminated on the block. Integral with connector bodies, including plugs and jacks where indicated.
- D. Cross-Connect: Modular array of connecting blocks arranged to terminate building cables and permit interconnection between cables.
 - 1. Number of Terminals per Field: One for each conductor in assigned cables.

E. Faceplate:

- 1. Wall mounted Single Gang: Typical No.2111010-X with partition furniture faceplates No. 558106-X.
- 2. Color TBD provide sample color so architectural selections.
- 3. Install blank covers where jacks are not being used. Color to match faceplate color.

- 4. Wall mounted phone faceplates: Semtron, Inc No. WP505-Phone-DRIP or an approved equal.
- F. Patch Panel: Modular panels housing multiple-numbered jack units with IDC-type connectors at each jack for permanent termination of pair groups of installed cables.
 - 1. Number of Jacks per Field: One for each conductor in assigned cable indicated.
 - 2. Horizontal Station cable patch panel Cat 6, 48-port No. 6653-1-677-48. As indicated on drawings if required 24-port patch panel No. 6653-1-679-24.
- G. Jacks and Jack Assemblies: Modular, color-coded, eight-position modular receptacle units with integral IDC-type terminals. AMP Cat.6 Modular style.
 - 1. Jack Blue (Data)
 - 2. Jack Black (Analog)
 - 3. 8-position / 8 conductor
 - 4. TIE/EIA 568B wiring
- H. Patch Cords: Factory-made, four-pair cables; terminated with eight-position modular plug at each end.
 - 1. Patch cords shall have bend-relief-compliant boots and color-coded icons to ensure Category 6 performance. Patch cords shall have latch guards to protect against snagging.
 - 2. Patch cords shall have color-coded boots for circuit identification.
 - 3. Provided one (1) 10'-0" patch cord per workstation and private office.
 - 4. Provide one (1) 5'-0" patch cord per non-working station such as: printers, fax and copiers
- I. For or the communications closet, the contractor should provide one (1) patch cord for each wired telecommunications outlet. The contractor shall be required to do take-offs of the elevations to determine the quantity and sizes (lengths) of the patch cords required. It is Important that different length cords be supplied so that excess cable slack is eliminated
- J. Contractor shall provide unit pricing for patch cords in numerous lengths

2.4 COAXIAL CABLE

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. CommScope, Inc. No.2279
 - 2. General Cable / Carol Brand No.495025
- B. Cable Characteristics: Broadband type, recommended by cable manufacturer specifically for broadband data transmission applications. Coaxial cable and accessories shall have 75-ohm nominal impedance with a return loss of 20 dB maximum from 1 to 3000 MHz.
- C. RG-6/U: NFPA 70, Type CATV or CM.
 - 1. No. 18 AWG, solid, copper-covered steel conductor; gas-injected, foam-PE insulation.

- 2. Double shielded with 100 percent aluminum-foil shield and 60 percent aluminum braid.
- 3. Jacketed color white
- 4. Plenum rated.
- 5. Suitable for indoor installations.
- 6. Terminate in 19" standard Coaxial Patch Panel. Patch panel shall be installed manufacture shall match data/voice manufacture. Provide quantity per drawing.
- 7. Coaxial-Cable Connectors: Thomas & Betts Snap-N-Seal Type F Series connectors, 75 ohms, No. SNS6TB.
- 8. Faceplate mounted adapters shall be "F" type, modular style, snapping into single-gang outlet faceplates to match manufacturer of data/voice faceplates and modules. Provide quantity per drawing. Install blank modular plates as required.
- 9. Provide computer generated and printed labels with clear plastic labels covers.
- D. NFPA and UL compliance, listed and labeled by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction as complying with UL 1655 and with NFPA 70 "Radio and Television Equipment" and "Community Antenna Television and Radio Distribution" Articles. Types are as follows:
 - 1. CATV Plenum Rated: Type CATVP, complying with NFPA 262.

2.5 GROUNDING

- A. Comply with requirements in Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding" for grounding conductors and connectors.
- B. Comply with ANSI-J-STD-607-A.

2.6 IDENTIFICATION PRODUCTS

- A. Comply with TIA/EIA-606-A and UL 969 for labeling materials, including label stocks, laminating adhesives, and inks used by label printers.
- B. Comply with requirements in Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."

2.7 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing agency to evaluate cables.
- B. Factory test UTP and optical fiber cables on reels according to TIA/EIA-568-B.1.
- C. Factory test UTP cables according to TIA/EIA-568-B.2.
- D. Factory test multimode optical fiber cables according to TIA/EIA-526-14-A and TIA/EIA-568-B.3.
- E. Factory-sweep test coaxial cables at frequencies from 5 MHz to 1 GHz. Sweep test shall test the frequency response, or attenuation over frequency, of a cable by generating a voltage whose frequency is varied through the specified frequency range and graphing the results.

- F. Cable will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- G. Prepare test and inspection reports.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION OF PATHWAYS

- A. Cable Trays: Comply with NEMA VE 2 and TIA/EIA-569-A-7.
- B. Comply with requirements for demarcation point, pathways, cabinets, and racks specified in Division 16 Section "Communications Equipment Room Fittings." Drawings indicate general arrangement of pathways and fittings.
- C. Comply with TIA/EIA-569-A for pull-box sizing and length of conduit and number of bends between pull points.
- D. Comply with requirements in Division 16 Section "Raceways and Boxes" for installation of conduits and wireways.
- E. Install manufactured conduit sweeps and long-radius elbows whenever possible.
- F. Pathway Installation in Communications Equipment Rooms:
 - 1. Position conduit ends adjacent to a corner on backboard where a single piece of plywood is installed, or in the corner of room where multiple sheets of plywood are installed around perimeter walls of room.
 - 2. Install cable trays to route cables if conduits cannot be located in these positions.
 - 3. Secure conduits to backboard when entering room from overhead.
 - 4. Extend conduits 3 inches above finished floor.
 - 5. Install metal conduits with grounding bushings and connect with grounding conductor to grounding system.
- G. Backboards: Install backboards with 96-inch dimension vertical. Butt adjacent sheets tightly, and form smooth gap-free corners and joints.

3.2 INSTALLATION OF CABLES

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. General Requirements for Cabling:
 - 1. Comply with TIA/EIA-568-B.1.
 - 2. Comply with BICSI ITSIM, Ch. 6, "Cable Termination Practices."
 - 3. Install 110-style IDC termination hardware unless otherwise indicated.
 - 4. Terminate conductors; no cable shall contain unterminated elements. Make terminations only at indicated outlets, terminals, cross-connects, and patch panels.

- 5. Cables may not be spliced. Secure and support cables at intervals not exceeding 30 inches and not more than 6 inches from cabinets, boxes, fittings, outlets, racks, frames, and terminals.
- 6. Install lacing bars to restrain cables, to prevent straining connections, and to prevent bending cables to smaller radii than minimums recommended by manufacturer.
- 7. Bundle, lace, and train conductors to terminal points without exceeding manufacturer's limitations on bending radii, but not less than radii specified in BICSI ITSIM, "Cabling Termination Practices" Chapter. Install lacing bars and distribution spools.
- 8. Do not install bruised, kinked, scored, deformed, or abraded cable. Do not splice cable between termination, tap, or junction points. Remove and discard cable if damaged during installation and replace it with new cable.
- 9. Cold-Weather Installation: Bring cable to room temperature before dereeling. Heat lamps shall not be used for heating.
- 10. In the communications equipment room, install a 10-foot- long service loop on each end of cable.
- 11. Pulling Cable: Comply with BICSI ITSIM, Ch. 4, "Pulling Cable." Monitor cable pull tensions.
- 12. Support riser cables on every floor and at top of run with cable grips.

C. UTP Cable Installation:

- 1. Comply with TIA/EIA-568-B.2.
- 2. Do not untwist UTP cables more than 1/2 inch from the point of termination to maintain cable geometry.

D. Open-Cable Installation:

- 1. Install cabling with horizontal and vertical cable guides in telecommunications spaces with terminating hardware and interconnection equipment.
- 2. Suspend UTP cable not in a wireway or pathway a minimum of 8 inches above ceilings by cable supports not more than 60 inches apart.
- 3. Cable shall not be run through structural members or in contact with pipes, ducts, or other potentially damaging items.
- E. Group connecting hardware for cables into separate logical fields.

F. Separation from EMI Sources:

- 1. Comply with BICSI TDMM and TIA/EIA-569-A for separating unshielded copper voice and data communication cable from potential EMI sources, including electrical power lines and equipment.
- 2. Separation between open communications cables or cables in nonmetallic raceways and unshielded power conductors and electrical equipment shall be as follows:
 - a. Electrical Equipment Rating Less Than 2 kVA: A minimum of 5 inches.
 - b. Electrical Equipment Rating between 2 and 5 kVA: A minimum of 12 inches.
 - c. Electrical Equipment Rating More Than 5 kVA: A minimum of 24 inches.
- 3. Separation between communications cables in grounded metallic raceways and unshielded power lines or electrical equipment shall be as follows:

- a. Electrical Equipment Rating Less Than 2 kVA: A minimum of 2-1/2 inches.
- b. Electrical Equipment Rating between 2 and 5 kVA: A minimum of 6 inches.
- c. Electrical Equipment Rating More Than 5 kVA: A minimum of 12 inches.
- 4. Separation between communications cables in grounded metallic raceways and power lines and electrical equipment located in grounded metallic conduits or enclosures shall be as follows:
 - a. Electrical Equipment Rating Less Than 2 kVA: No requirement.
 - b. Electrical Equipment Rating between 2 and 5 kVA: A minimum of 3 inches.
 - c. Electrical Equipment Rating More Than 5 kVA: A minimum of 6 inches.
- 5. Separation between Communications Cables and Electrical Motors and Transformers, 5 kVA or HP and Larger: A minimum of 48 inches.
- 6. Separation between Communications Cables and Fluorescent Fixtures: A minimum of 5 inches.

3.3 FIRESTOPPING

- A. Comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."
- B. Comply with TIA/EIA-569-A, Annex A, "Firestopping."
- C. Comply with BICSI TDMM, "Firestopping Systems" Article.

3.4 GROUNDING

- A. Install grounding according to BICSI TDMM, "Grounding, Bonding, and Electrical Protection" Chapter.
- B. Comply with ANSI-J-STD-607-A.
- C. Locate grounding bus bar to minimize the length of bonding conductors. Fasten to wall allowing at least 2-inch clearance behind the grounding bus bar. Connect grounding bus bar with a minimum No. 4 AWG grounding electrode conductor from grounding bus bar to suitable electrical building ground.
- D. Bond metallic equipment to the grounding bus bar, using not smaller than No. 6 AWG equipment grounding conductor.

3.5 IDENTIFICATION

A. Identify system components, wiring, and cabling complying with TIA/EIA-606-A. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."

B. Manufacturers:

1. Panduit Corp. Or an approved equal.

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- C. Comply with TIA/EIA-606-A and with applicable requirements in Division 26 Section "Electrical Identification."
- D. Install label on UTP cable, conduit, feeders, inner duct, risers and equipment visible in closets and above accessible ceilings.
 - 1. Labels on conduit, feeders, inner duct shall be installed min. 10'-0" on center and within 12" of any termination point.
 - 2. Labels on UTP cable, Panduit No.PUR6X or S100X225YAJ.
 - 3. Label on Jack Module, Panduit No.C138X019FJJ.
 - 4. Labels on patch panels, Panduit No.C379X030FJJ.
 - 5. Labels on Grounding busbars, laser/ink jet desktop printer label Panduit C200X100FJJ series.
 - 6. Labels on Grounding and Bonding conductors provide Panduit LTYK. Provide label on each grounding conductor.
 - 7. Install Self-adhesive vinyl decal (non-reflective) on all equipment, EMT conduit, PCV, grounding conductor, etc... used for telecommunications usage.
 - 8. Install wrap around markers on all fiber optic cables not installed in inner-duct.
 - 9. Install cable tag markers on all fiber optic inner-duct. Panduit No.SLCT-WH.
- E. Cable Labels: Self-adhesive vinyl or vinyl-cloth wraparound tape markers, machine printed with alphanumeric cable designations.

F. Cable and Wire Identification:

- 1. Label each cable within 4 inches of each termination and tap, where it is accessible in a cabinet or junction or outlet box, and elsewhere as indicated.
- 2. Each wire connected to building-mounted devices is not required to be numbered at device if color of wire is consistent with associated wire connected and numbered within panel or cabinet.

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Visually inspect UTP and optical fiber cable jacket materials for NRTL certification markings. Inspect cabling terminations in communications equipment rooms for compliance with color-coding for pin assignments, and inspect cabling connections for compliance with TIA/EIA-568-B.1.
 - 2. Visually confirm Category 6, marking of outlets, cover plates, outlet/connectors, and patch panels.
 - 3. Visually inspect cable placement, cable termination, grounding and bonding, equipment and patch cords, and labeling of all components.
 - 4. UTP Performance Tests:
 - a. Test for each outlet and MUTOA. Perform the following tests according to TIA/EIA-568-B.1 and TIA/EIA-568-B.2:

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- 1) Wire map.
- 2) Length (physical vs. electrical, and length requirements).
- 3) Insertion loss.
- 4) Near-end crosstalk (NEXT) loss.
- 5) Power sum near-end crosstalk (PSNEXT) loss.
- 6) Equal-level far-end crosstalk (ELFEXT).
- 7) Power sum equal-level far-end crosstalk (PSELFEXT).
- 8) Return loss.
- 9) Propagation delay.
- 10) Delay skew.
- 5. Coaxial Cable Tests: Conduct tests according to Division 16 Section "Master Antenna Television System."
- 6. Final Verification Tests: Perform verification tests for UTP systems after the complete communications cabling and workstation outlet/connectors are installed.
 - a. Data Tests: These tests assume the Information Technology Staff has a network installed and is available to assist with testing. Connect to the network interface device at the demarcation point. Log onto the network to ensure proper connection to the network.
- C. Document data for each measurement. Data for submittals shall be printed in a summary report that is formatted similar to Table 10.1 in BICSI TDMM, or transferred from the instrument to the computer, saved as text files, and printed and submitted.
- D. End-to-end cabling will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- E. Prepare test and inspection reports.

END OF SECTION 16717

<u>SECTION 16721 – FIRE ALARM SYSTEM</u>

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division – 1 Specification Sections, apply to work specified in this section.

1.02 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF WORK

- A. The Contractor shall layout, install, program, and test all equipment, devices, and components for the fire alarm system. The system shall be addressable employing one main fire alarm control panel
- B. The fire alarm system layout and installation shall include, but not be limited to the following work:
 - 1. Provide and install an addressable Fire Alarm Control Panel (FACP).
 - 2. Provide and install a Digital Alarm Communicator Transmitter (DACT).
 - 3. Provide and install addressable manual pull stations at locations as shown on the drawings.
 - 4. Provide and install addressable smoke detectors where shown on the drawings.
 - 5. Provide and install addressable monitoring modules where shown on the drawings
 - 6. Supervise sprinkler system waterflow and supervisory devices provided by others under SECTION 153000.
 - 7. Supervise fire pump controller zones provided by others under SECTION 15300.
 - 8. Provide and install addressable control relay modules and monitor modules for fire safety functions for a new passenger elevator.
 - 9. Provide and install addressable duct detection and addressable control relays for new air handler installations.
 - 10. Provide and install notification appliances at locations shown on the drawings.
 - 11. Provide and install new raceway and wire as required for all circuitry external to the panel. Existing raceway may be reused. Specific direction is provided in Part 3 of this specification for concealing raceway in architecturally sensitive areas.

- 12. Provide and install interconnecting and control circuits.
- 13. Remove existing fire alarm control panel and fire alarm components where shown.
- 14. Provide maintenance and testing of the new and existing fire alarm systems starting at the notice to proceed.

Details concerning all work required for the project follow in the specifications and are shown on the Contract Drawings.

1.03 CONTRACT DRAWINGS

- A. The Fire Alarm Arrangement drawings (FA-00 thru FA-05) included with these specifications are utilized to illustrate the general locations of the new and existing major components of the fire alarm system.
- B. The Fire Alarm Riser diagram FA-05 is included to illustrate the general requirements for the system layout. The Contractor's Arrangement and Schematic drawings are required to show the detailed circuit arrangements, in compliance with the riser diagram, detailed to the specific equipment provided.
- C. See Paragraph 1.09 (System Arrangement) for information regarding supplemental drawings.

1.04 CODE REQUIREMENTS

A. Fire alarm system layout, materials, manufacture, examination, testing, inspection, stamping, certifications, and documentation shall conform to applicable portions of the latest issue of the following adopted codes and all addenda thereto, standards, and tentative specifications as applicable.

BUILDING/FIRE CODES

International Building Code (IBC), 2009 Edition International Fire Code (IFC), 2009 Edition

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION

No. 70 – National Electrical Code (2008) No. 72 – National Fire Alarm Code (2007)

No. 90A – Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilation Systems

AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS INSTITUTE

ANSI/ASME A17.1 Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators (2007)

B. These specifications are based upon the latest standards and codes in force at the time of issue of these specifications. Any conflict between referenced standards shall be referred to the Owner's Representative who will determine which standard shall govern. The Owner's Representative shall be the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) over interpretation of the Codes, Standards or laws referenced above. All correspondence requiring decision by the AHJ shall be directed through the Engineer for resolution. The requirements of these specifications and associated drawings take precedence over the minimum requirements of the Codes and Standards listed above.

1.05 LISTINGS AND APPROVALS

A. All equipment, devices, and appliances furnished under these specifications shall be Factory Mutual (FM) approved or Underwriters Laboratories (UL) listed unless specifically noted otherwise. Approved or Listed equipment shall be so noted in the latest edition of the FM Approval Guide (P7825a) or the UL Fire Protection Equipment Directory.

1.06 CONTRACTOR'S QUALIFICATIONS

A. This section covers the technical qualifications required for the Contractor's Technical and Installation personnel. Proposed personnel shall be subject to the Owner's Representative approval.

1. <u>Contractor</u>

Installation shall be performed by a Fire Alarm Contractor who is experienced in the layout and installation of fire alarm systems (minimum 5 years). Additionally, the Contractor shall have successfully installed fire alarm systems of the same type and layout as specified herein. The Contractor shall submit the names and locations of at least two installations where the Contractor, installed such systems. The Contractor shall certify that each system has performed satisfactorily for a period of not less than two years.

B. Technician

Detailed layout shall be by a NICET Level III or IV Technician (Fire Alarm Systems Subfield of Fire Protection Engineering Technology), Registered Fire Protection Engineer, or a Registered Professional Engineer with at least 2 years experience in fire protection layout.

C. Installation Supervisor

Contractor's installation supervisor(s) shall have at least five years of experience in fire alarm installation, be technically competent, trained, and experienced in the installation and operation of the equipment under their jurisdiction, and authorized by the equipment manufacturer to perform the work stipulated. The supervisor shall be on the job site during the entire installation.

1.07 <u>DOCUMENT SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. The Contractor shall submit the documents electronically, for review, prior to the start of fabrication or installation. The Contractor shall upload the submittal to the Engineer's FTP site and send an email notification of the upload to the Engineer and Owner's Representative. The submittal shall include required information for <u>all</u> work included in this section. Documents shall be fully completed and certified by the Contractor as to the compliance of the information contained thereon with the requirements of the contract documents. Incomplete submittals will not be reviewed. Complete submittals will be reviewed by the Engineer and processed as specified in Division 1. The Engineer's review will be for general conformity to the specified requirements and is not intended to constitute detailed review or approval of content. Documents stamped ACCEPTED do not relieve the Contractor from any contract requirements.
- B. All drawings shall be prepared on AutoCAD (Version 2004 or later). Drawings and data shall be in sufficient detail to indicate the kind, size, arrangement, and operation of component devices; the external connections, anchorages, and supports required; and dimensions needed for installation and correlation with other equipment. All drawings shall be to a standard architectural scale which shall be noted on the drawings (Graphic Representation). Drawing size shall not be less than 30 inches by 42 inches (B1) or greater than 34 inches by 44 inches (A0).
- C. All Equipment and Material Data Sheets and Calculations shall be submitted as a single PDF document. The document shall include bookmarks for each product submittal. Drawings shall be submitted as individual full size PDF files. A separate transmittal PDF file shall be included. The drawings and calculations shall have a certifications sheet bearing the seal of the Contractor's registered professional engineer or the NICET Designer Certification. The transmittal shall also include the specification title, the specification number, and the Contractor's name.

D. Documents Required

The following documents shall be submitted for this project.

1. Equipment and Material Data Sheets

Equipment and material data sheets shall be submitted for all equipment and devices used in the systems. If options are listed on the data sheets, the specific option for the project shall be clearly marked. The data sheet submittal shall include but not be limited to the following:

- a. Fire Alarm Panels and Components Documents shall include product data sheets, installation instructions and programming manuals.
- b. Batteries and Enclosures
- c. Notification Appliances (Data sheets and installation instructions)
- d. Initiating Devices (Data sheets and installation instructions)
- e. Filters or Surge Suppression Devices (Data sheets and installation instructions)
- f. Other field devices such as addressable interfaces, etc. (Data sheets and installation instructions)
- g. Wire (including color code schedule)
- h. Conductor Markers
- i. Conduit and Supports
- j. Conduit fill schedule. The schedule shall identify the diameters of all wire chosen, and the number of conductors allowed in each conduit size.
- k. Junction Box Labels
- 1. Firestopping Materials and Systems

2. <u>Arrangement Drawings</u>

Arrangement drawings shall be submitted showing the exact location of all equipment including, but not limited to, the following:

- a. Fire Alarm Panels and Enclosures
- b. Initiating Devices
- c. Notification Appliances
- d. Relays
- e. New and Existing (to be re-used) Raceway
- f. Addressable Interfaces and Control Modules
- g. Filters or Surge Suppression Devices

Raceway layout shall be shown on the drawings for all new and existing (to be re-used) circuitry associated with the fire alarm system. This includes the 120 volt ac circuitry to the panel. Identification of all circuits within conduit shall be provided. This identification shall be of sufficient detail to confirm redundant paths.

The arrangement drawings shall include a scaled elevation detail of the wall with the fire alarm panel and battery enclosure.

Interconnection diagrams shall be submitted, showing the details of field wiring terminations on all devices, appliances and other field components. Interconnection diagrams shall be provided for all building interfaced equipment including but not limited to elevators, air handlers, dampers and security systems.

3. <u>Schematic Drawings</u>

Schematic type drawings shall be submitted that show <u>all</u> external circuits associated with the fire alarm system. Drawings shall show the arrangement of all devices on each circuit. Circuit and device numbers shall be chosen to correlate with the specific panel layout and programming including general contract requirements.

4. Fire Alarm Control Panel Documents

The following documents shall be submitted for the new panel. Separate drawings are not required for each item listed below; however, the documents shall include all required information.

- a. <u>Outline Drawings</u>. Drawings shall be submitted of the panel showing dimensions and arrangement of all lights, switches, and labels. Information shall be provided such as weight, mounting details, and wording of all labels. A second drawing shall be provided to show the arrangement of all circuit boards and modules in the panel.
- b. <u>Logic Diagrams</u>. Logic diagrams shall be submitted that show complete operation of all alarm and control functions of the panels. A well written sequence of operations document or matrix may be substituted for these drawings.
- c. <u>Interconnection Diagrams</u>. Interconnection diagrams shall be submitted which show all external connections required for complete operation of the system as specified. Circuit numbers shall be shown on all connections to the terminal blocks and shall correlate with other drawings.
- d. <u>Calculations</u>. The following calculations shall be submitted for the panel.
 - 1) <u>Battery Calculations</u>. Battery calculations shall be submitted for the Fire Alarm Control Panel. If standard manufacturer forms are used, the manufacturer's instructions shall also be included.
 - 2) <u>Power Supply Calculations</u>. Calculations shall be provided for each power supply to confirm spare capacity requirements.

- 3) <u>Circuit Calculations</u>. Notification appliance circuit power requirements (amperage) shall be calculated for each circuit to confirm circuit spare capacity.
- 4) <u>Conductor Sizing Calculations</u>. Calculations shall be provided for each external signaling line, notification, and control circuit to prove that wire sizes chosen have voltage losses and current draws within the acceptable limits as stated by the manufacturer. Manufacturer data indicating maximum acceptable current draw and voltage loss shall be included with calculations.

7. Certifications

- a. The certification from the major equipment (control panel) manufacturer indicating that the Contractor is an authorized representative of the major equipment manufacturer. Include name and address in the certification. The Contractor shall also provide certification from the manufacturer for the proposed supervisor of installation.
- b. The record of completion as required by NFPA 72. The form shall be filled in as described in the standard. All information shall be typewritten. Provide the preliminary copy after completion of all pre-tests but before the final test. Provide the final copy after the completion of the final acceptance tests.

G. <u>Document Disposition</u>

- 1. The reviewed documents will be returned, in one of the following ways:
 - a. ACCEPTED
 - b. ACCEPTED WITH COMMENTS NOTED
 - c. ACCEPTED WITH COMMENTS NOTED RESUBMITTAL REQUIRED
 - d. REJECTED
- 2. When the documents are returned marked ACCEPTED, the Contractor is released to begin fabrication and installation.
- 3. When the documents are returned marked ACCEPTED WITH COMMENTS NOTED, the Contractor shall make the noted changes and is released to begin fabrication and installation. The changes do not need to be resubmitted until the Record markups (redlines) are submitted unless noted otherwise.
- 4. When the documents are returned ACCEPTED WITH COMMENTS NOTED RESUBMITTAL REQUIRED, the basic layout is approved; however, the Contractor is not released to fabricate or begin installation. A complete resubmittal is required (all documents) unless specifically noted otherwise. All revisions shall be backcircled.

- 5. When the documents are returned REJECTED, the Contractor shall revise the layout and calculations based on the review comments and resubmit. All revisions shall be backcircled. The NICET Certification, Contractor's, or Engineer's seal is required on the resubmittal.
- 6. Resubmittals will not be reviewed without a correction or response for each review comment.

1.08 FINAL DOCUMENTATION

- A. The Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual shall be submitted for review with the red line drawings. Final copies of the Installation, Operations and Maintenance Manual (with all drawings) are required within three (3) weeks after the final acceptance test.
- B. Marked up shop drawings (red-lines) shall be submitted. Red-lines shall be submitted prior to the acceptance test. Record Drawings are required to be submitted to the Engineer within two weeks after the acceptance test.
- C. All submittals shall be electronic, in the form and arrangement of the original document submittals. After acceptance of all documents, one hard copy shall be distributed to the Owner (drawings shall be rolled). A CD or DVD shall accompany the hard copy. The electronic copy shall include a single PDF file of the Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual (except the NFPA Document). The file shall be bookmarked for each item. Drawings shall be included as individual full size PDF files and individual bound AutoCAD files. A copy of the CD or DVD shall be forwarded to the Engineer.

1. <u>Installation, Operations and Maintenance Manual</u>

A complete Installation, Operations and Maintenance Manual (with all drawings) shall be furnished for the Fire Alarm System. The hard copy of the manual shall be assembled and bound in a durable binder. The manuals shall be permanently labeled with at least the project name, project number and date of completion. The following items shall be included in the manual:

- a. Table of Contents.
- b. Index tabs for each section.
- c. Contractor's name, address, telephone number, 24 hour emergency number, service and manager's name.
- d. Description of the equipment (Equipment data sheets for all panel components, initiating devices, notification appliances and all other components of the system (see specific requirements below).
- e. The panel's manufacturer, model number, revision, serial number.
- f. Model numbers and revision numbers, for each component of the panel(s).
- g. Revision dates of all software, firmware or chips required to be updated for panel updates.

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- h. Installation instructions for each component of the panel, each device, each appliance, and each other component of the fire alarm system.
- i. Complete and detailed operating instructions including philosophy of operation. Generic panel instruction manuals are not acceptable unless marked up to address the specific configuration and features of the panel at this facility.
- j. Maintenance instructions for each component of the panel, each device, each appliance, and each other component of the fire alarm system.
- k. Programming Manuals for all programmable components of the system.
- 1. The panel's final printout of programming.
- m. Acceptance test data Measured current draw data, battery voltages, etc. from the acceptance test.
- n. Record of Completion.
- o. Certifications (See specific requirements below).
- p. Recommended test methods, test frequencies, visual inspection frequencies.
- q. A copy of NFPA Pamphlet 72 National Fire Alarm Code (2010 Edition)
- r. List of maintenance tools furnished with the equipment.
- s. Record Drawings (See specific requirements below)
- t. Calculations (See specific requirements below)
- u. Contractor's Warranty Document

The above listed requirements are the minimum. Additional information, which is necessary for proper operation and care of the equipment, shall be included. Requirements which are clearly not applicable to the equipment may be deleted.

2. Record Drawings

The record drawings shall be prepared on AutoCAD Version 2004 or later. Record drawings and calculations shall be certified by the NICET Technician or sealed by the Contractor's Professional Engineer.

The record drawings shall include all required shop drawings noted in Paragraph 1.07. The information on the shop drawings shall be modified to show the final condition of the fire alarm system. Modifications shall include, but not be limited to, the following items:

- a. All devices and appliances and other components shall be shown in their actual locations. Device numbers shall be updated where necessary to show final conditions. Notations regarding re-use or relocation of devices or appliances shall be removed.
- b. Conduit routing and circuit identification shall be updated to reflect actual routing.
- c. Devices, appliances and components removed during construction shall be removed from drawings.
- d. General notes, keyed notes and other notations on drawings explaining work to be

performed during construction shall be removed.

- e. Detail drawings shall be modified to reflect final conditions.
- f. The revision block shall show a revised date and indicate that the revision is the "Record Drawings".

Additional drawings shall be developed where needed to accurately document final conditions.

3. Equipment Data Sheets and Calculations

Equipment data sheets shall be updated, if necessary, due to any approved equipment substitutions or review comments. Actual voltage, amperage, and wattage readings taken during pre-testing and final testing shall also be included.

Calculations, as outlined in the submittal section, shall be revised due to any modified conditions or review comments.

4. <u>Certifications</u>

a. The certification from the major equipment (control panel) manufacturer indicating that the supervisor of installation and the performer of contract maintenance is an authorized representative of the major equipment manufacturer. Include name and address in the certification.

1.09 SYSTEM ARRANGEMENT

A. Reference and Background Drawings

The Contractor shall be responsible to determine the accuracy of the contract documents and perform detailed design based on actual conditions. Electronic files of drawings are available upon request. Upon request for electronic files, Contractor shall fill out, sign and return electronic media release form from the Architect and provide payment for fees stipulated on media release form. Upon payment of completed release form and payment, electronic files will be released.

1. Panel Design and Circuitry

The Fire Alarm System Control Panel shall be located as shown on the Fire Alarm Arrangement Drawings. The exact location shall be coordinated with the Owner. The control panel shall be of the addressable type. All power for the system shall be derived from the panel.

Signaling line circuits shall be Class B (Style 4). All alarm and supervisory initiating device circuits shall be Class B. Notification appliance circuits shall be Class B.

A dedicated 120 volt ac circuit shall be provided for the panel. The Contractor shall coordinate the panel and circuit number with the General Contractor.

3. Raceway

All circuitry shall be in metal raceway. Raceway for all new circuitry shall be metallic conduit. Existing dedicated fire alarm system conduit may be re-used if in good condition and meeting all size and routing requirements of this contract. Materials and routing requirements are noted in Parts 2 and 3.

All wiring, including wiring to new devices, appliances, field components and interfaced building equipment shall be new.

4. Initiating Devices

- The general locations and types of the fire alarm initiating devices are shown on the Fire Alarm Arrangement Drawings. These drawings show general locations of devices.
- b. Exact placement of all initiating devices is the responsibility of the Contractor and subject to the review of the Engineer and Architect.

5. <u>Notification Appliances</u>

a. Fire alarm notification appliances shall be horn/strobes in all areas of the building. The Fire Alarm Arrangement Drawings show locations for notification appliances. Exact placement of appliances is the responsibility of the Contractor and subject to the review and acceptance of the Engineer and Architect. Exact placement shall be in accordance with Part 3 of these specifications. Strobes shall be synchronized by floor.

6. Other Building Systems

- a. Elevator Detectors –The elevator recall, in car notification and power shunt functions shall be accomplished by using control modules. Supervision of the 120 volt ac power for the shunt trip breakers activation shall be provided. This supervision shall be accomplished as outlined in NFPA 72.
- b. HVAC Systems The HVAC shutdown function shall be accomplished by using control relay module on the signaling line circuit.
- c. Door Lock Systems The door lock releasing function shall be accomplished by using control relay modules on the signaling line circuit.

1.10 SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

- A. The sequence of operation of the fire alarm system is outlined on the Fire Alarm Matrix, on the Fire Alarm Riser Drawings.
- B. In general, the alarm system shall operate as follows:

1. Alarm Signals

Any of the fire alarm initiating devices, except the HVAC smoke detectors, shall actuate all notification appliances. Duct detectors and elevator lobby detectors shall activate the supervisory horn identified below. All alarm initiating devices shall annunciate at the Fire Alarm Control Panel.

2. Supervisory Signals

Supervisory devices shall annunciate on the Fire Alarm Control Panel.

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3. Trouble Signals

Trouble signals shall cause the activation of a buzzer integral with the Fire Alarm Control Panel.

4. Other Building Systems

a. <u>Elevators</u>

Elevator recall shall be initiated by elevator lobby and elevator controller room smoke detectors. Elevator power shutdown shall be initiated by the elevator equipment room heat detector. Elevator recall is programmed into the elevator controller as follows:

Designated Level Alternate Level First Floor Second Floor

b. Air Handlers

Air handler shutdowns shall be on a unit-by-unit basis based on the activation of that unit's duct detectors.

c. Door Lock Systems

Door lock systems shall release upon activation of any fire alarm condition.

d. Remote Monitoring

Any alarm, supervisory or trouble condition will cause the activation of a distinct signal on the digital communicator (DACT) for remote monitoring of the system.

1.11 MAINTENANCE AND TESTING SERVICES

A. Complete maintenance and testing services for the new fire alarm system shall be provided, by a factory trained authorized representative of the manufacturer of the major equipment, starting at the notice to proceed and for a period of one year after acceptance of the installation.

1. Maintenance Service

Maintenance service shall include adjustments, cleaning, calibration and repair or replacement of any equipment or components of the fire alarm system to keep the system in reliable condition and proper working order. The Contractor shall furnish all tools, test instruments, cleaning materials, parts and labor required. Battery replacement (when necessary) shall be included.

2. Response

Service calls (normal) shall require response within six (6) hours of notification of system trouble. Emergency service call response time shall be two (2) hours and shall be limited to panels or other major components that affect the integrity of the system. Repairs shall be completed within 48 hours of notification.

3. <u>Testing</u>

Fire alarm system testing shall include all visual inspection and testing items identified in NFPA 72 for all components of the system installed under this contract. Items requiring daily, weekly or monthly inspection in NFPA 72 are required quarterly under this contract. Specific items requiring daily, weekly or monthly testing or visual inspection shall be identified and documented in writing to the Owner so that Owner's personnel can perform the inspections between the scheduled quarterly inspections.

The Contractor shall prepare a detailed list, identifying all devices and components required for testing in a check sheet type format. The Contractor shall submit the form, showing work completed to the Owner.

1.12 WARRANTY

- A. Complete warranty services for the new fire alarm system (new components and installation) shall be provided, by a factory trained authorized representative of the manufacturer of the major equipment, during construction and for a period of one year beginning at the conclusion of the acceptance test.
- B. All equipment and materials shall be warranted to be free of mechanical and electrical defects by the Contractor/Manufacturer. Labor for replacement of failed equipment and materials shall be included. All software and programming shall be warranted to operate without disruption. All details of the installation shall be included in the warranty.
- C. Service calls (normal) shall require response within six (6) hours of notification of system trouble. Emergency service call response time shall be two (2) hours and shall be limited to panels or other major components that affect the integrity of the system. Repairs shall be completed within 48 hours of notification.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

A. General

- Equipment shall be furnished as outlined in the following subsections. Unless specifically
 provided otherwise, all materials and equipment furnished for permanent installation in the
 work shall conform to applicable standard specifications and shall be new, unused, and
 undamaged.
- 2. Individual parts shall be manufactured to standard sizes and gauges so that repair parts, furnished at any time, can be installed in the field. Like parts of duplicate units shall be of the same manufacturer and interchangeable.
- 3. All electronics shall be rated to withstand the temperature and humidity expected in the different areas of the building.
- 4. All alarm initiating devices shall be of the addressable type unless specifically noted otherwise.

B. Listing and Approvals

1. All equipment and devices furnished under these specifications shall be Factory Mutual (FM) approved or Underwriters Laboratories (UL) listed unless specifically noted otherwise.

2.02 <u>SMOKE DETECTORS</u>

- A. Smoke detectors shall be of the solid state photoelectric type. Detector housing design shall be a low profile type.
- C. The detector shall contain an alarm indicating LED which shall change state upon activation of the detector.
- D. Detectors shall be listed by UL as "Smoke-Automatic Fire Detectors" tested in accordance with UL 268. Detector sensitivity shall be set at the factory as required by UL 268. The Contractor shall be responsible for determining the correct sensitivity range for the particular applications.
- E. For ease of maintenance and installation, detectors shall be designed for twist-lock mounting to a separate base assembly having screw terminals for external wire connections.
- F. The detector shall either be equipped with a calibrated test feature which will test detector sensitivity and operation, or equipment shall be provided as a part of the contract to test the sensitivity in accordance with NFPA 72.

2.03 **DUCT SMOKE DETECTORS**

Duct smoke detectors shall be of the photoelectric type and listed for use with the control panel A. provided under this contract. The detector shall operate on Fire Alarm Control Panel power. The Contractor shall be responsible for determining the proper factory set sensitivities for each unit. A remote test station and alarm indicator shall be provided for each unit where the detector is more than 6 feet above the floor or where activation cannot be achieved without disassembly of the unit. The remote test station indicator shall be suitable for wall mounting and shall be an LED type. The unit shall have a key switch for testing.

2.04 **HEAT DETECTORS**

A. Heat detectors shall be of the restorable, addressable type.

Heat detectors for use in elevator controller room shall be of the restorable fixed temperature, rate of rise type. Heat detectors shall be rated in the ordinary temperature range with a temperature rating less than the automatic sprinklers in the controller room. The heat detectors shall have a Response Time Index (RTI) of less than 60 ft²-sec² or 10 ft²-sec² less than the adjacent automatic sprinklers, whichever is less.

Heat detectors for use on the attic level shall be of the restorable, fixed temperature type. Heat detectors shall be rated in the high temperature range. The heat detectors shall be rated for an operating temperature range of at least -4°F and 150°F.

MANUAL PULL STATIONS 2.05

A. Manual pull stations shall be addressable, double action type and require a key to reset. Factory mounted terminals shall be provided for external wiring terminations.

2.06 FIRE ALARM NOTIFICATION APPLIANCES

- Fire alarm notification appliances shall be horn/strobes. Appliance housing design shall be a low A. profile type.
- B. Fire alarm appliances shall operate on 24 volts dc. The minimum sound output shall exceed 80 dBA at 10 feet and not exceed 120 dBA at the minimum hearing distance from the appliance.
- C. The strobes shall have a clear lens with the word "Fire" in one inch minimum height letters.
- D. Wall mounted and ceiling mounted appliances shall be white. These appliances shall be factory polarized if polarization is required to operate with the fire alarm system. Factory mounted terminals shall be provided for external wiring connections.
- E. The appliance and its backbox shall be watertight (NEMA 4) where the appliance is located

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outdoors.

2.07 ADDRESSABLE INTERFACES, CONTROL MODULES, AND RELAY MODULES

A. Addressable interfaces, control modules, and relay modules, where used, shall be UL Listed for operation with the new fire alarm panel. Each interface module shall supervise the conventional (hard wired) circuitry to the device or component supervised. Minimum conventional circuit style shall be Class B. Interfaces, control and relay modules shall have LEDs (visible without opening boxes) to differentiate between normal operation and alarm state. Factory mounted terminals shall be provided for all external wiring connections.

2.08 SURGE PROTECTION

A. In line surge protection shall be provided for all 120 volt ac interfaces with fire alarm equipment. These devices shall be listed in accordance with UL Standard 1449.

2.09 FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL

- A. The Fire Alarm Control Panel (FACP) shall be UL Listed and/or FM Approved, and designed in accordance with NFPA 72 for Protected Premises Fire Alarm Systems. The panel shall be mounted (surface) as noted on the drawings. The panel shall have the following features:
- B. The panel shall be of the addressable type. Occupant notification shall be automatically activated horn/strobes.
- C. The panel shall be UL Listed for operation with the proposed initiating devices and notification appliances.
- D. Primary power for the panel shall be from the building's 120 volt ac power and be provided with a battery backup. The panel shall be provided with surge protection on the 120 volt ac incoming power. Equipment shall meet the requirements of ANSI C62.4.1. Upon failure of the normal power, the system shall automatically revert to the battery power without any interruption or loss of alarm, control, status, or supervisory function. Operation of the system on secondary power shall be annunciated separately on the panel. All power for the entire system shall be derived from the panel.
- E. The battery system shall include a charger in compliance with NFPA 72. If the charger has a fast charge mode, a visual indicator shall be provided to annunciate this condition.
- F. The batteries shall be located in a separate enclosure immediately adjacent to the FACP. The batteries shall be sized to operate the system under the maximum normal load for 24 hours and then be capable of operating the system for five minutes in the alarm condition (50% of the initiating devices in alarm mode and all notification appliances operating). The system loads used to size the batteries (alarm and normal conditions) shall be a minimum of 20% above actual calculated loads. Batteries shall be sealed Lead-Acid.

- G. The load connected to any one power supply shall not exceed 80% of its rated capacity (amperes).
- H. Upon change of state in any circuit, there shall be a visual display and audible signal at the Fire Alarm Control Panel reporting the change in state.
- I. An alarm acknowledge switch shall be provided so that the operator may silence the control panel audible signal. Activation of an initiating device after the acknowledge switch has silenced the alarms shall cause alarms to resound.
- J. A "lamp test" switch shall be provided for periodic testing of all lamps in the control panel.

Notification appliance circuits (zones) shall not be loaded beyond 75% of their rated capacity (amperage). A minimum of one additional zone shall be provided for future use.

Annunciation within the panel shall include all devices. The panel shall have an integral LCD annunciator. The label or wording shall be outlined as follows and subject to the final review by the Engineer. Annunciation on the LCD display shall include the following information:

- 1) Signal Level (Alarm, Supervisory or Trouble)
- 2) Zone/Device Number
- 3) Device Type
- 4) Area Served
- K. Each initiating device zone and notification appliance zone shall be capable of being individually disabled.
- L. If the panel is provided with an integral Digital Alarm Communicator/Transmitter (DACT), the DACT shall be capable of transmitting common alarm, common supervisory and common trouble signals to an Off Premises Fire Alarm Monitoring Agency.
- M. The panel door shall be provided with a permanent nameplate.

2.10 DIGITAL ALARM COMMUNICATOR TRANSMITTER (DACT)

- A. The DACT shall be UL Listed and compatible with the new fire alarm system. The communicator shall use a protocol or protocols acceptable to the majority of alarm receiving services in the area. The communicator shall be capable of sending at least three distinct signals to a Digital Alarm Communicator Receiver (DACR). If the DACT is a standalone panel, the following additional requirements apply:
 - 1. Primary power for the panel shall be from the building's 120 volt ac power and be provided with a battery backup. The panel shall be provided with surge protection on the 120 volt ac incoming power. Equipment shall meet the requirements of ANSI C62.4.1. Upon failure of the normal power, the system shall automatically revert to the battery power without any

interruption or loss of alarm, control, status or supervisory function. Operation of the system on secondary power shall be annunciated separately on the panel and transmitted to the central station.

- 2. The battery system shall include a charger in compliance with NFPA 72. The batteries shall be sized to operate the system under the maximum load for 24 hours. The system loads used to size the batteries shall be a minimum of 10% above actual calculated loads. Batteries shall be sealed Lead-Acid.
- 3. The panel lock shall be keyed to match the fire alarm panel.

2.11 LOW BUILDING TEMPERATURE SENSOR

A. Low building temperature sensors shall be suitable for use in spaces with a temperature range from 0-200°F and subject to moisture (such as the Potter, RTS-O). Each device shall indicate an off-normal condition for a temperature of 40°F or less. The device shall be provided with factory mounted terminals for external wiring.

2.12 CABLE AND WIRE

- A. The type of cable or wire chosen should be based on fire alarm system requirements, specification requirements, and applicable code requirements. Consideration should also be given to the length of cable runs and potential interference.
- B. All wiring provided on this project shall be in accordance with NFPA 70, Article 760, for the intended wire use.

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1. Metallic Cable/Wire

All electrical wires shall be selected for the electrical and environmental conditions of the installations and shall be of the best construction for the service where unusual service conditions are encountered. Proper temperature application wire shall be used throughout. Except where required to be otherwise to perform satisfactorily in the service, all electrical conductors shall be solid copper, minimum 16 AWG for initiating device, signaling line, and control circuits and minimum 14 AWG for notification appliance circuits. Wire and cable shall be twisted and shielded if recommended by the system manufacturer. Notification appliance circuits shall be sized (above minimums noted based on 50% additional appliances on a 30% longer circuit. The number of additional power consuming devices required per circuit shall be rounded up and the additional power consuming devices shall be equal to the largest power consuming device on the circuit.

- 2. General service power cables, for the equipment furnished but not internal wiring of control cabinets or panels, shall be rated for the maximum service voltage but not less than 600 volts.
- 3. Wire chosen shall be color coded to indicate the type of circuit. The color coding schedule shall be as follows:

Type of Circuit Wire Color

Signaling Line Circuits (cable is acceptable) Red with tracer

Control Circuits

Notification Appliance Circuits

Black

Yellow

The neutral side of the circuit shall have the circuit color as a tracer on a white wire for any circuit where the devices or appliances require polarization. Alternate colors may be proposed by the Contractor due to wire availability; however, are subject to Engineer acceptance.

2.13 RACEWAY

- A. Unless specified otherwise, all raceway, interconnections between devices, panels, boxes, and fittings shall conform to ANSI C80.1 and UL 6. (Rigid Conduit) or ANSI C80.3 and UL 797 (EMT). Flexible conduit (not pre-wired) may be used as specifically allowed in Part 3 of these specifications. Existing dedicated fire alarm raceway may be used if meeting all requirements listed below.
- B. The electrical conduit system shall be furnished and installed by the Contractor. Conduit shall include all fittings and supports and all flexible conduit and fittings. Electrical conduit and associated materials shall be metallic and conform to the requirements of the codes and standards listed in this section.

C. The raceway system provided for all interconnecting wiring shall be acceptable to the Engineer.

1. Minimum Conduit Size

The minimum allowable conduit size shall be 3/4 inch for new conduit.

2. <u>Conduit Supports</u>

Conduit supports shall be furnished in accordance with these specifications. Support material shall comply with the requirements which follow.

- a. <u>Hanger Rods</u>: Hanger rods shall be electro-galvanized all-thread steel rods.
- b. <u>Conduit Clamps</u>: Supports for conduits in single runs or groups of two shall be one-hole cast metal clamps and clamp-backs. They shall be galvanized malleable iron or acceptable equal cast ferrous metal for steel conduit.

Supports for banks of three or more conduits shall be constructed of support channels (Unistrut, Kindorf, or acceptable equal) with associated conduits clips. Support channels shall be steel, hot-dip galvanized after fabrication with galvanized steel conduit clips for steel conduit.

3. <u>Fittings</u>

Compression type fittings shall be used throughout the raceway system.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

This section covers the installation and installation material requirements for the fire alarm system.

3.01 GENERAL

A. Personnel

As noted in Part 1, the Installation Supervisor shall be on the job site during the entire installation. The supervisor shall have all contract documents on site at all times. The supervisor shall also have a copy of all submittals (shop drawings and all other documentation). The supervisor shall be responsible for daily updating of the shop drawings and other data to reflect the actual installation (red-lines). These drawings shall be made available to the Owner's Representative or Engineer for review at any time.

B. Working Hours

Working hours shall be coordinated with the Owner and the General Contractor.

C. <u>Construction Phasing</u>

Construction phasing shall be coordinated with the General Contractor.

D. <u>Impairment of Existing Alarm System</u>

Demolition of the existing fire alarm system shall be coordinated through the General Contractor.

3.02 WIRING

- A. The Contractor shall furnish and install all required conduit and all associated hardware and shall install (pull), connect, and test all cable for a complete fire alarm system. All wiring shall be installed in accordance with the guidelines of these specifications and documents as well as the NFPA codes and standards listed in these specifications.
 - 1. Wiring and/or raceway installation not included as a part of this section is as follows:
 - a) Wiring between duct detector, dry contacts and the HVAC controllers.
 - b) 120 volt ac wiring and raceway to the panel location.
 - c) Telephone circuitry to the DACT.
 - 2. Wiring and terminations specifically included under this section includes, but is not limited to the following:

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- a) Installation of the surge suppressor and termination of the 120 volt ac circuitry at the fire alarm.
- b) Between all initiating devices, notification appliances, and components supplied under this section and the Fire Alarm Control Panels.
- c) Between the three output contacts of the fire pump controller and the Fire Alarm monitoring devices.
- d) Between the FACP and Distributed Power Supplies (if installed).
- e) Between the waterflow switches and valve tamper switches on the fire suppression systems and the Fire Alarm Devices.
- f) Between the electromagnetic door holder power circuits and the Fire Alarm Devices.
- g) From elevator safety function control modules to the elevator controllers. The Contractor shall leave sufficient wire to connect to the most remote elevator contacts without splicing. Termination of the circuitry within the elevator controllers will be performed by the Elevator Contractor in the Fire Alarm Contractor's presence. Pretesting of this circuit shall be performed at this time.
- h) From the addressable relay modules to the HVAC controller shutdown contacts.
- i) Termination of the designated phone lines to the DACT.
- j) All additional wiring required, not specifically excluded above, for a complete operational system.

The Contractor shall furnish and install a complete electrical wiring, cable and conduit system as outlined in these specifications for a complete operating system.

3.03 RACEWAY SYSTEM

A. General

All wire and cable shall be installed in conduit. Conduit installation shall be as required by the Contractor's layout and as described in these specifications. All conduit field routing is subject to acceptance of the Engineer. Routing not acceptable shall be rerouted and replaced without expense to the Owner.

B. Concealing

All wire, cable, conduit and raceways shall be concealed in walls, ceiling spaces, electrical shafts or closets in finished areas except as specifically noted otherwise. Conduit and raceways may be

exposed in unfinished areas or where specifically approved by the Engineer and Architect.

The following approaches to concealment by floor level are described below:

Lower Level – Fire alarm raceway may be exposed throughout the Lower Level except for open office 002.

First Floor – Fire alarm raceway shall be concealed. New raceway required for ceiling mounted devices and appliances shall be concealed in ceilings by trenching the existing plaster ceilings in office areas. Ceiling trenches and raceway will be concealed with a new architectural gypsum board ceiling attached to the existing plaster ceilings. All work requiring ceiling trenching shall be coordinated with the General Contractor, Mechanical Contractor and Electrical Contractor. New raceway at the ceiling level in the public corridors is prohibited

Second Floor – Fire alarm raceway shall be concealed. New raceway required for ceiling mounted devices and appliances shall be installed in the concealed space above the existing plaster ceilings.

Attic – Fire alarm raceway may be installed exposed.

C. Sizing

Minimum allowable conduit size shall be ¾ inch. The conduit shall be sized so that conduit fill does not exceed 75% of NFPA 70 maximum fill requirements. Cables in vertical risers shall not exceed 50% of NFPA 70 maximum fill requirements.

D. Routing

Except as otherwise specified or indicated on the drawings, all conduit shall be installed parallel or perpendicular to dominant surfaces with right angle turns made of symmetrical bends or fittings. Raceway shall be routed as close to the structure as possible. Except where prevented by the location of other work, a single conduit or a conduit group shall be centered on structural members.

Conduit shall be located at least six inches from hot water or steam pipes, and from other hot surfaces. Conduit shall not block access to any existing equipment or fixtures.

F. Moisture Pockets

Moisture pockets shall be eliminated from conduits. If water cannot drain to a natural opening in the conduit system, a breather fitting shall be installed in the bottom of a pull box or a "C-type" conduit fitting provided in the low point of the conduit run.

G. Bends and Offsets

A run of conduit shall not contain more than the equivalent of four quarter bends, including those immediately at outlets or fittings. Bends in conduit shall be made without reducing the internal diameter of the conduit. The use of a pipe tee or vise for bending conduit is prohibited. The inside radius of conduit bends shall be not less than six times the inside diameter of the conduit. Conduits deformed or crushed in any way shall be removed from the job site.

H. Connections to Boxes and Cabinets

Conduit shall be securely fastened to all boxes and cabinets. Threads on metallic conduit shall project through the wall of the box to allow the bushing to butt against the end of the conduit. The locknuts both inside and outside shall then be tightened sufficiently to bond the conduit securely to the box. Conduit shall enter cabinets or boxes with terminations or electronic equipment from the bottom and sides only.

I. Cleaning

Precautions shall be taken to prevent the accumulation of water, dirt, or concrete in the conduit. Conduit in which water or other foreign materials have been permitted to accumulate shall be thoroughly cleaned or, where such accumulation cannot be removed by methods acceptable to the Engineer, the conduit shall be replaced.

J. Flexible Conduit

Flexible conduit inserts shall be installed in all conduit runs which are supported by both building steel and by structures subject to vibration or thermal expansion.

Flexible conduit shall be limited to eight feet in length. Field conditions which require longer lengths shall be referred to the Engineer.

K. Spacing and Attachment of Supports

All conduit runs shall be rigidly supported. Each conduit shall be supported within one foot of junction boxes and fittings. Support spacing along conduit runs shall be as outlined in NFPA 70.

3.04 CABLE

A. General

The type of cable chosen shall be based on fire alarm system manufacturer requirements, Part 2 requirements and applicable code requirements. Consideration should also be given to the length of cable runs and potential interference

Splices are not permitted in field wiring.

B. Terminations

All field wiring shall terminate on terminal blocks in fire alarm panels and at field devices and appliances.

Connections using wire nuts are not permitted.

C. Identification

The Contractor shall identify the ends of all circuits. The Contractor shall also identify all circuits in pull and junction boxes. A conductor identification sleeve shall be provided on each end of each internal conductor. Conductor identification shall be permanent, unaffected by heat, solvents, or steam, and not easily dislodged. Each marker shall bear the number of the circuit according to the drawings. One end of each marker shall remain free of the fastening tail, and the entire marker shall be so attached that it is readily visible for circuit identification. Sample conductor markers shall be submitted for review and acceptance.

3.05 EQUIPMENT LOCATIONS AND INSTALLATION

A. General

All equipment shall be installed in accordance with these specifications, the codes and standards listed as well as the manufacturers guidelines. All initiating devices, notification appliances and any other equipment or devices located external to the fire alarm panel, shall be provided with typed, self adhesive labels (permanent) indicating device and/or circuit numbers. All field equipment, including interface devices, initiating devices and notification appliances shall be located in compartments, enclosures or junction boxes, in such arrangement that a serviceman will have direct access to the equipment without disturbing other building equipment or utilities.

B. Fire Alarm Panel/Battery Enclosure

The fire alarm panel and battery enclosure shall be surface mounted and located as noted on the fire alarm arrangement drawings. Exact locations are subject to the approval of the Engineer and Architect. The panel components shall be assembled and burned in for at least 24 hours prior to attaching field circuits.

D. Smoke Detectors and Heat Detectors

Smoke detectors and heat detectors shall be mounted in flush mounted boxes in areas with finished ceilings or on wall, as noted on the drawings. Smoke detectors and heat detectors may be surface mounted on the structure in unfinished areas. Locations shall be in accordance with these specifications, contract drawings, applicable codes and the manufacturer's guidelines and are subject to approval by the Engineer and Architect.

Heat detectors shall be installed within two feet laterally of each automatic sprinkler in the elevator equipment room.

E. Duct Smoke Detectors

Duct smoke detectors shall be located in accordance with IBC and NFPA 72, and manufacturer's requirements. The IBC requires that duct smoke detectors be placed on the return side of the air handler.

Duct air velocity, humidity and temperature shall be measured at intended duct detector locations prior to installation. Room temperature and humidity shall be also measured at the selected location. The Contractor shall verify that the environment measured complies with Manufacturer's recommendations and the listing for the equipment selected. A new location shall be selected if the environment measured falls outside the allowed limits. Required parameters and measurements for each duct detector shall be submitted with the Contractor's preliminary test results.

After installation of the duct detector enclosures, sampling tube and exhaust tube, the Contractor shall verify air flow through duct detector by measuring the static pressure difference between the inlet and outlet tubes using a manometer or other method approved by the Manufacturer. Duct detectors shall be relocated if the pressure differential specified by the Manufacturer cannot be attained at the selected location. Required parameters and measurements for each duct detector shall be submitted with the Contractor's preliminary test results.

The remote alarm indicators and test stations, where required, shall be located on columns or walls (four feet above the floor) as near the air handler as possible (flush mounted in finished areas) unless specifically noted otherwise on the fire alarm arrangement drawings.

F. Manual Pull Stations

Manual pull stations shall be flush mounted in all finished spaces and in other spaces where possible. Mounting height shall be 48 inches to the top of the fixture. Exact location shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer.

G. Addressable Interface and Control Devices

Addressable interface devices shall be installed in surface mounted boxes within four (4) feet of their associated initiating device. Indicators displaying normal or abnormal conditions shall be visible from the floor.

Addressable control or relay modules shall be located within three (3) feet of the device being controlled.

J. Surge Protectors

The 120 volt ac surge protector for the fire alarm panel shall be located immediately outside the panel and per manufacturer's recommendations

K. <u>Notification Appliances</u>

The locations of notification appliances are shown on the contract drawings. The appliances' exact location shall be proposed by the Contractor and are subject to the acceptance of the Engineer and Architect. The appliances shall be flush mounted in all finished spaces and in other spaces where possible.

3.06 FIRESTOPPING

A. Firestopping shall be provided where conduit penetrates walls, where tight fitting construction occurs.

3.07 DEMOLITION

- A. The existing fire alarm system shall be removed per direction of the General Contractor.
- B. Where any fire alarm initiating device or notification appliance is marked for deletion, the device or appliance and all wiring shall be removed. Existing conduit, including hangers, etc., shall be removed where not being reused for the new system.
- C. Where devices or appliances are removed from walls or painted ceilings and not replaced, holes shall be patched with matching materials.
- D. Wall and floor openings created by the Contractor or removed component noted above shall be sealed with materials matching the existing element's construction.

- E. All components of the existing system noted to be removed or replaced shall become the property of the Contractor and removed from the premises.
- F. The Contractor shall comply with all cutting and patching details specified in the Architectural cutting & patching specifications.

3.08 TRAINING

A. Training shall be provided for the operations and maintenance staff. Training shall be conducted in the building where the system is installed or as designated by the Owner. The training period shall be a minimum of one 2-hour session and shall start after the system is functionally completed but prior to the final acceptance tests. The training session shall cover all of the items contained in the operating and maintenance instructions.

3.09 SPARE PARTS

A. Equipment and Devices

The following spare equipment and device parts shall be provided as a part of this contract:

<u>ltem</u>	Quantity
Smoke Detectors	5
Notification Appliances (ceiling mounted Horn/Strobes)	3

Spare parts shall be packaged in boxes with shipping type packing and anti-static bags as applicable to the particular item. The boxes shall be labeled to note the device(s) within. Identification includes name, model number, serial number and revision number (where applicable).

B. Keys

Six (6) copies of panel and component keys shall be provided to the Owner.

3.10 SYSTEM TESTS

A. General

This sub-section covers testing of the fire alarm systems furnished or installed under these specifications.

All labor and equipment for testing shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. A sufficient number of Contractor personnel shall be available to monitor the panel as well as test the field devices. All personnel shall have radios or telephones that operate within the building for

communication.

B. Pre-Tests

The Contractor shall completely pre-test each component of the system after installation is complete and prior to the final acceptance test. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer and Owner's Representative in writing of the proposed test date at least two weeks in advance. All defects discovered by pre-testing shall be corrected and the systems retested. The Contractor shall provide written confirmation of the results of the pre-test, including the duct smoke detector manometer reading, to the Engineer and Owner's Representative at least 48 hours before the acceptance test. The test date and time is subject to the approval of the Engineer and Owner's Representative.

The pre-test shall include but not be limited to the following tests:

1. <u>Field Wiring Tests</u>:

Each circuit shall be tested as follows:

- a. <u>Stray Voltages</u>. Verify that stray (unwanted) voltages that could constitute a hazard or prevent proper system operation do not exist between the installation conductors and ground or between installation conductors.
- b. <u>Ground Faults</u>. All installation conductors other than those intentionally and permanently grounded should be tested for isolation from ground using an insulation testing device that will not damage connected equipment.
- c. <u>Short Circuit Faults</u>. All installation conductors other than those intentionally connected together should be tested for conductor-to-conductor isolation using an insulation testing device. These same circuits should be tested conductor-to-ground, also.
- d. <u>Loop Resistance</u>. With each signaling line circuit and notification appliance circuit conductor pair short-circuited at the far end, measure and record the resistance of each circuit. Verify that the loop resistance, voltage drop and current do not exceed the manufacturer's specified limits. Records of reading from these tests shall be submitted to the Engineer with a copy of the manufacturer's requirements on all external circuitry.
- e. Normal and Alarm Mode Current Draw. The system current shall be measured in the normal mode and alarm mode, with 100% of the notification devices in alarm, to confirm numbers used in battery and power supply calculations. Actual readings shall be submitted to the Engineer.

2. Component Test

- a. Each device and appliance shall be functionally tested. New duct smoke detectors shall be tested for proper air flow.
- b. Signaling notification and control device circuits shall be tested to confirm their integrity underground and short circuit conditions as required by their class.

C. Final Testing

The completed system shall be tested by the Contractor and witnessed by the Engineer. The Engineer and the Owner's Representative shall be notified of the proposed test date at least 96 hours in advance. The request for final testing shall be accompanied by the pre-test results and a copy of the red-lines. The date and time for the test is subject to the approval of the Engineer and the Owner's Representative. Testing shall be in accordance with all applicable city building and fire codes, and the referenced NFPA codes, as well as the following specific requirements:

- 1. The 120 volt ac power to the Fire Alarm Control Panel shall be turned off 24 hours prior to the test time. The first test will put each system into alarm for five minutes. Battery voltage and current readings shall be taken by the Contractor to verify calculations and power supply capacities.
- 2. Engineer selected circuits shall be tested for shorts, grounds and open conditions. Appropriate fire alarm panel reaction, based on the circuit's style shall be verified.
- 3. Each initiating device and notification appliance on each circuit shall be tested.
- 4. Sound level readings shall be taken throughout the building.
- 5. Transmission of all signals to the Fire Alarm Control Panel and Off Premises Monitoring Agency shall be verified.
- 6. Supervisory functions of all circuits and transmission of all fault signals to the Fire Alarm Control Panel shall be verified.
- 7. The Contractor shall supply the Engineer with a written report certifying that all equipment has been inspected and tested by a manufacturer's certified representative.

The Engineer may terminate the acceptance test at any time based on an unacceptable number or magnitude of deficiencies.

If the system fails the final test, the Contractor shall be responsible for the costs for the Owner and the Engineer for additional testing.

Final acceptance of the alarm system shall be based on satisfactory completion of all items listed above and trouble free operation for a period of 30 days after completion of the acceptance test.

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END OF SECTION 16721